Project Development & Environment Study

I-75 (SR 93A)

From South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough County







Work Program Item Segment Number: 419235-3

Cultural Resources Assessment Survey

Prepared for Florida Department of Transportation District Seven



Manuel Santos, E.I. FDOT Project Manager

October 2009

INTERSTATE 75

-

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Prepared by Archaeological Consultants, Inc.

In association with **PB Americas, Inc.**

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INTERSTATE 75

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT), District Seven, is conducting a Project Development and Environment (PD&E) Study to evaluate capacity improvements along 15.5 miles of Interstate 75 (I-75) (State Road (SR) 93A) from south of US 301 (SR 43) to north of Fletcher Avenue (CR 582A) in Hillsborough County, Florida. The design year for the improvements is 2035.

This PD&E Study is being conducted concurrently with the PD&E Study for the portion of I-75 that extends from Moccasin Wallow Road in Manatee County to south of US 301 (SR 43) in Hillsborough County (WPI Segment No. 419235-2).

The objective of this PD&E Study is to help the FDOT and the Federal Highway Administration reach a decision on the type, location, and conceptual design of the necessary improvements for I-75 to safely and efficiently accommodate future travel demand. This study will document the need for the improvements as well as the procedures utilized to develop and evaluate various improvements including elements such as proposed typical sections, preliminary horizontal alignments, and interchange enhancement alternatives. The social, physical and natural environmental effects and costs of these improvements will be identified. The alternatives will be evaluated and compared based on a variety of parameters utilizing a matrix format. This process will identify the alternative that will best balance the benefits (such as improved traffic operations and safety) with the impacts (such as environmental effects and construction costs).

The PD&E Study satisfies all applicable requirements, including the National Environmental Policy Act, in order for this project to qualify for federal-aid funding of subsequent development phases (design, right of way acquisition, and construction).

This Cultural Resource Assessment Survey (CRAS) report has been prepared as part of this PD&E Study. The purpose of the survey was to locate and identify any cultural resources within the Area of Potential Effect (APE) and to assess their significance in terms of eligibility for listing in the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP). This CRAS was conducted in accordance with the requirements set forth in the *National Historic Preservation Act of 1966*, as amended, and Chapter 267, *Florida Statutes (F.S.)*. The investigations were carried out in conformity with Part 2, Chapter 12 ("Archaeological and Historical Resources") of the FDOT *Project Development and Environment Manual* and the standards contained in the Florida Division of Historical Resources' (FDHR) *Cultural Resource Management Standards and Operations Manual* (FDHR 2003; FDOT 1999). In addition, this survey meets the specifications set forth in Chapter 1A-46, *Florida Administrative Code*.

Research methods included preliminary background research; the preparation of a research design (including both WPI Segment Numbers 419235-2 and 419235-3) for the review and approval by the FHWA, Florida State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO), and Native American tribes; archaeological and historical/architectural field surveys; artifact analysis; and preparation of draft and final reports. The fieldwork was conducted between June and November 2008. A probability analysis for proposed stormwater management ponds/sites was not a part of this effort, and will be prepared at a later time

The initial review of the Florida Master Site File (FMSF), NRHP, and the Efficient Transportation Decision Making (ETDM) Summary Report (Project #8002) for this project (FDOT 2007) indicated that 22 previously recorded archaeological sites are located within or adjacent to the APE, and another 36 are recorded within 0.5 mile. Most of the recorded sites are lithic and artifact scatters originally recorded in the 1970s during archaeological survey of the proposed I-75 corridor. As a result of archaeological field survey within the existing right of way, cultural materials were recovered from seven previously recorded sites (8HI99, 8HI472, 8HI476, 8HI507, 8HI510, HI5434, and 8HI5926), and two archaeological occurrences (AO) were documented. No new archaeological sites were found. No evidence of the other 15 previously recorded archaeological sites was discovered within the I-75 PD&E Study project APE.

The original draft CRAS report was submitted for FDOT review in December 2008. Subsequently, for typical section and geometry transitioning reasons, the northern limits of the study area were extended north of the Hillsborough River, and the southern limits were adjusted to the south. As a result, this revised CRAS report contains updated background information and field survey results for the new corridor limits. The data for the revised southern and northern limits derives from the concurrent CRAS of the South Segment of I-75 (WPI Segment Number 419235-2) and the 2003 CRAS for the I-75 PD&E Study from south of Fowler Avenue to south of CR 54 (ACI 2003), respectively.

Updated background research resulted in the identification of 28 archaeological sites located within or adjacent to the revised project APE. Of these, 12 sites (8HI99, 8HI450, 8HI472, 8HI473, 8HI476A, 8HI476B, 8HI483, 8HI485, 8HI507, 8HI509, 8HI510, and 8HI11479) were evaluated by the SHPO as eligible for listing in the NRHP. As a result of field survey, cultural materials associated with 10 of the previously recorded sites were recovered, and two AOs were newly discovered. Three of the 10 sites (8HI476A, 8HI476B, and 8HI510), plus AO #1 are located within Segment 2 (from north of SR 60 to north of I-4), and seven sites (8HI99, 8HI472, 8HI507, 8HI507, 8HI5431, 8HI5432, 8HI5434, and 8HI5926), plus AO #2, are located within Segment 3 (from north of I-4 to north of Fletcher Avenue). No archaeological sites are associated with Segment 1 (south of US 301 to north of SR 60). No evidence of the other 19 previously recorded sites was found.

Of the 10 previously recorded sites discovered within the I-75 project APE, six sites (8HI99, 8HI472, 8HI476A, 8HI476B, 8HI507, 8HI510) were determined NRHP-eligible. However, based on the limited cultural materials recovered, the lack of additional information of significance to our understanding of regional prehistory, and the extensive amount of disturbance to most of these sites within the project APE, the portion of each NRHP eligible site located within the I-75 project APE is not considered contributing to the significance of the resource. Thus, project development will have no involvement with any archaeological sites which are listed, determined eligible, or considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP, and no further archaeological survey is recommended.

Background research and historical/architectural field survey of the project APE resulted in the identification of eight previously recorded historic resources (8HI5085, 8HI5086, 8HI6900, 8HI6901, 8HI7839, 8HI7840, 8HI8742, and 8HI8743) and 15 (8HI11460-11472, and 8HI11481-11482) newly identified resources, including two resource groups (historic railroad corridors). The APE for historic resources was defined as the property extending 300 feet from the edges of the existing right of way. With one exception (8HI7840), all the previously recorded historic resources were evaluated by the SHPO as ineligible for the

NRHP; 8HI7840 was not evaluated. None of the 15 newly recorded historic resources is considered potentially eligible for the NRHP, either individually or as part of a historic district. The 13 Frame and Masonry Vernacular style residential and commercial buildings, constructed between 1930 and 1959, represent unexceptional examples of their respective kind; the integrity of most has been compromised by unsympathetic alterations and additions. The two newly recorded railroad corridors (8HI11481 and 8HI11482), once historically part of the Seaboard Air Line and Atlantic Coast Line, respectively, have been altered by modern upgrades. While insufficient information exists to assess the significance of each railroad corridor, as located within the I-75 project APE, both 8HI11481 and 8HI11481 and 8HI11482 are considered ineligible for listing in the NRHP.

Originally recorded and evaluated in 2003 as ineligible for listing in the NRHP, updated historical research, including informant information, suggests that 8HI8742, a Frame Vernacular style residence located at 10426 Tanner Road, is potentially NRHP eligible. Constructed ca. 1891, the Tanner Residence is considered significant at the local level under Criterion A for its association with the early settlement of this portion of Hillsborough County, and under Criterion C as a fine example of early 20th century rural vernacular architecture. In addition to the residence, the boundary of this historic resource includes the surrounding 1.28-acre parcel and the adjacent 1.42-acre property which contain a barn structure and historic orange grove, respectively. In accordance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended, and its implementing regulations, a Section 106 Consultation Case Study will be prepared to evaluate the effects of the proposed undertaking (preferred alternative) on the potentially eligible property.

With the exception of 8HI8742, project development will have no involvement with any other archaeological sites or historic resources which are listed, determined eligible, or considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 **PROJECT DESCRIPTION**

The Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT), District Seven, is conducting a Project Development and Environment (PD&E) Study to evaluate improvements along 15.5 miles of Interstate 75 (I-75) (State Road (SR) 93A), from south of US 301 (SR 43) to north of Fletcher Avenue (County Road (CR) 582A) in Hillsborough County, Florida. The design year for the improvements is 2035. A project location map is shown in Figure 1-1. A study area aerial map is shown in Figure 1-2.

The objective of this PD&E study is to help the FDOT and the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) reach a decision on the type, location, and conceptual design of the necessary improvements for I-75 to safely and efficiently accommodate future travel demand. This study will document the need for the improvements as well as the procedures utilized to develop and evaluate various improvements including elements such as proposed typical sections, preliminary horizontal alignments, and interchange enhancement alternatives. The social, physical and natural environmental effects and costs of these improvements will be identified. The alternatives will be evaluated and compared based on a variety of parameters utilizing a matrix format. This process will identify the alternative that will best balance the benefits (such as improved traffic operations and safety) with the impacts (such as environmental effects and costs).

The PD&E Study satisfies all applicable requirements, including the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), in order for this project to qualify for federal-aid funding of subsequent development phases (design, right of way acquisition, and construction).

The sections, townships and ranges where the project is located are summarized in Table 1-1.

Sections	Townships	Ranges
1, 12, 13	28 S	19 E
18, 19, 29, 30, 32	28 S	20 E
5, 8, 17, 20, 29, 31, 32	29 S	20 E
6	30 S	20 E

 Table 1-1 Study Area Sections, Townships and Ranges

This PD&E Study is being conducted concurrently with the PD&E Study for the section of I-75 that extends from Moccasin Wallow Road in Manatee County to south of US 301 (SR 43) in Hillsborough County (WPI Segment No. 419235-2).

I-75 PD&E STUDY CULTURAL RESOURCE ASSESSMENT SURVEY

6ª End Project 8.4 Bruce Exit 266 Gulf of Mexico E Fletcher Ave THONOTOSASSA 10 Project Locatio Exit 265 E Fowler Ave 582 301 43 TEMPLE ango Rd E Busch Blvd Bullard Parkway 580 Harney Rd 56th St 301 Z Vandenberg Alipon Exit 261 4 [92] E Hillsborough Ave 41 Exit 260 WDr Martin Luther King Jr Blvd MANGO Parsons Ave 4 Broadway Ave TAMPA Rd Falkenburg Valrico Rd Lee Roy Selmon ERANDON 60 02 Exit 257 McKay Bay W Brandon Blvd Exit 256 618 1 E Lumsden Di 676) Causeway Blvd Portiof Tampa 301 Port-41 Exit 254 Madison Ave 13,0 Bloomingdale Ave 45 Hillsborough WEINGENIA RIVERVIEW Begin Project 75 **Riverview Dr** NEOFFLO I-75 (SR 93A) PD&E Study South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue **Project Location Map** Figure 1-1 WPI Segment No.: 419235-3 OFTRANS Hillsborough County

INTRODUCTION

I-75 PD&E STUDY CULTURAL RESOURCE ASSESSMENT SURVEY

INTRODUCTION



1.2 EXISTING FACILITY

I-75 is a limited access, 1,786-mile-long freeway that travels in a generally north/south direction from a southern terminus at SR 826 (Palmetto Expressway) in Hialeah, Florida, to a northern terminus in Sault Sainte Marie, Michigan, near the border with Canada.

In Florida, I-75 is included in the State Highway System (SHS), designated as SR 93A; the Florida Intrastate Highway System (FIHS); the Strategic Intermodal System (SIS); and the Federal Aid Interstate System. I-75 serves as a major evacuation route throughout the state.

Within the project limits, I-75 is classified as an Urban Principal Arterial – Interstate. Its mainline generally provides a six-lane, divided, limited access, rural typical section with the exception of the following sections:

- Between US 301 and the Selmon Expressway (SR 618), I-75 provides eight travel lanes (three northbound lanes and five southbound).
- Between Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. Boulevard (MLK Boulevard SR 574) and I-4 (SR 400), I-75 provides three travel lanes and an auxiliary lane in each direction.
- Between Fowler Avenue (SR 582) and Fletcher Avenue, I-75 provides two travel lanes and an auxiliary lane between the entrance and exit ramps in each direction.

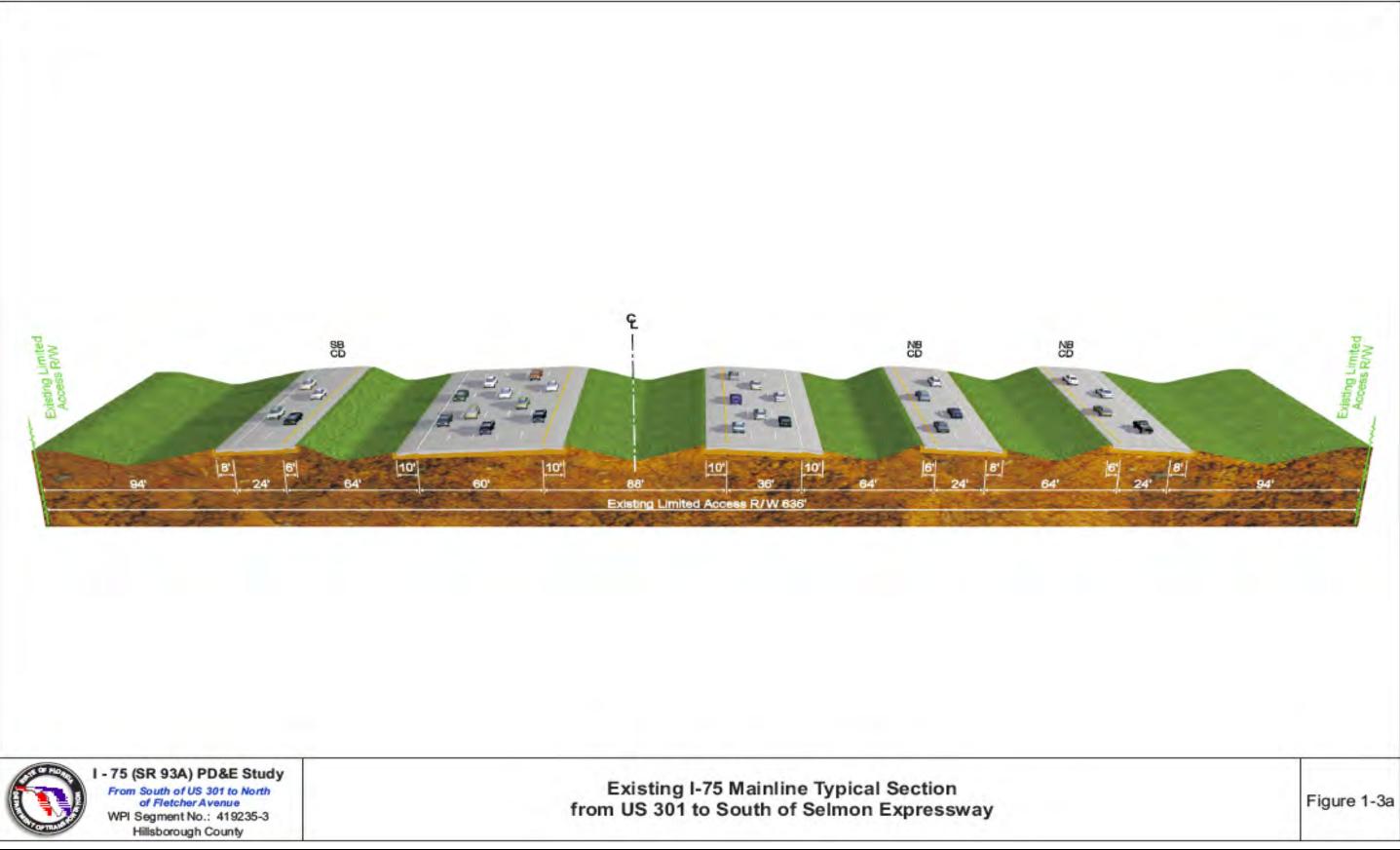
Between US 301 and SR 60, I-75 widens to include collector/distributor (CD) roads in both directions. The existing typical sections are shown in Figure 1-3 (a through f).

The (limited access) right of way along I-75 ranges from a minimum of 348 feet between SR 60 and Fowler Avenue to a maximum of 636 feet between US 301 and the Selmon Expressway.

There are seven interchanges along I-75 within the project limits. They are located at US 301, Selmon Expressway, SR 60, MLK Boulevard, I-4, Fowler Avenue, and Fletcher Avenue.

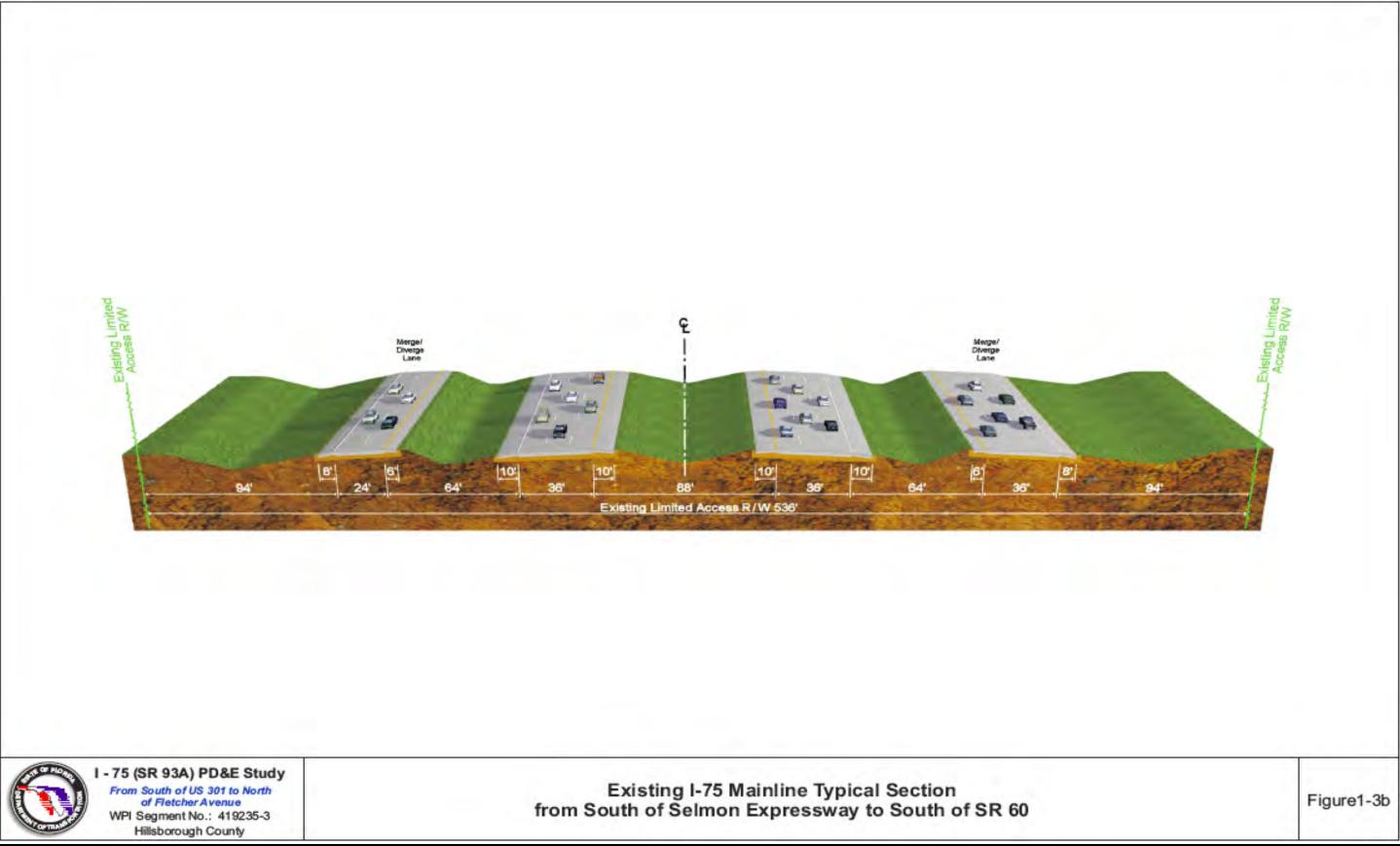
The study area includes 66 bridges, including crossings over the Hillsborough River, Memorial Gardens Slough, Mango Lake Drainage Canal, Harney Flats Canal, Tampa Bypass Canal, and Cowhouse Creek.

I-75 has not had capacity improvements from south of US 301 to north of Fletcher Avenue since its original construction.



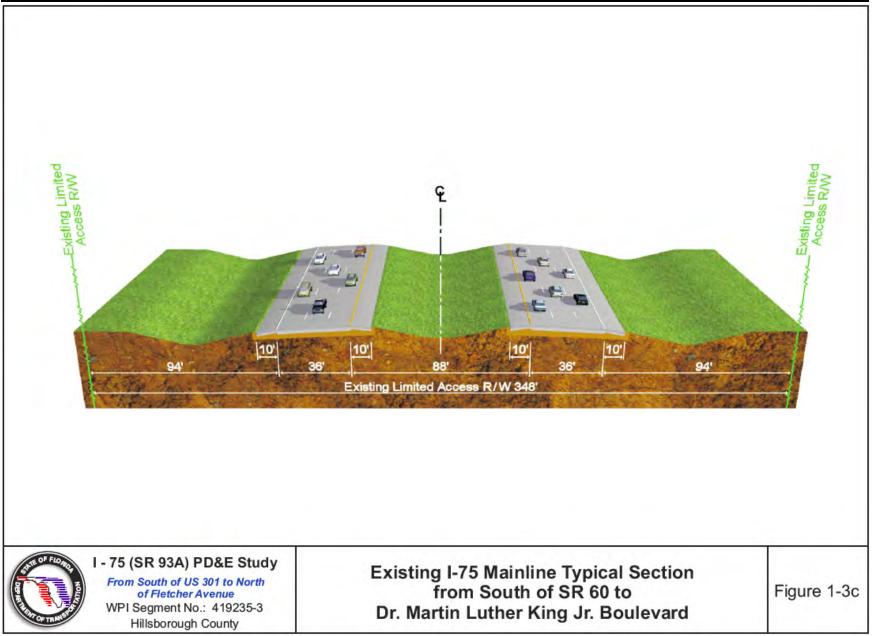
I-75 PD&E STUDY CULTURAL RESOURCE ASSESSMENT SURVEY

WPI Segment Number: 419235-3

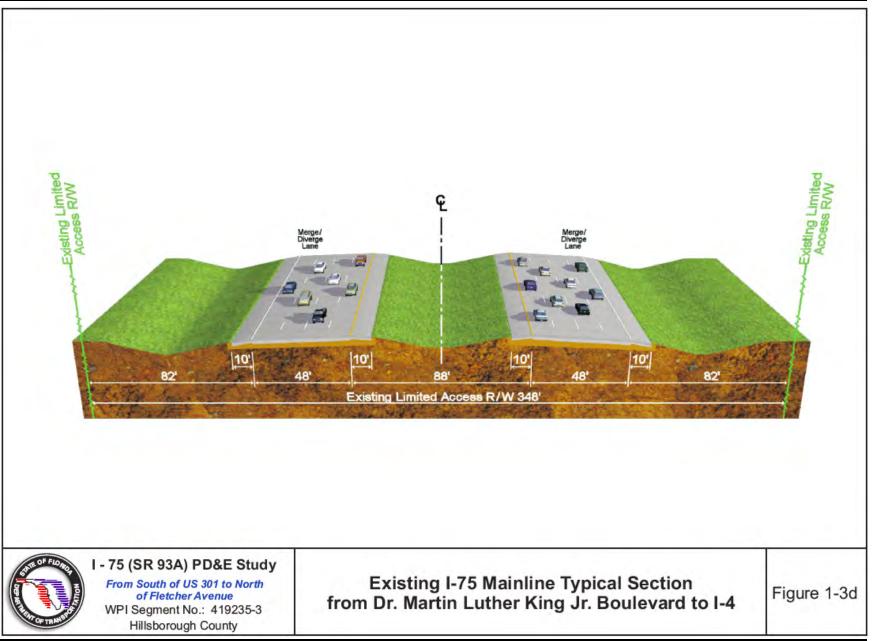


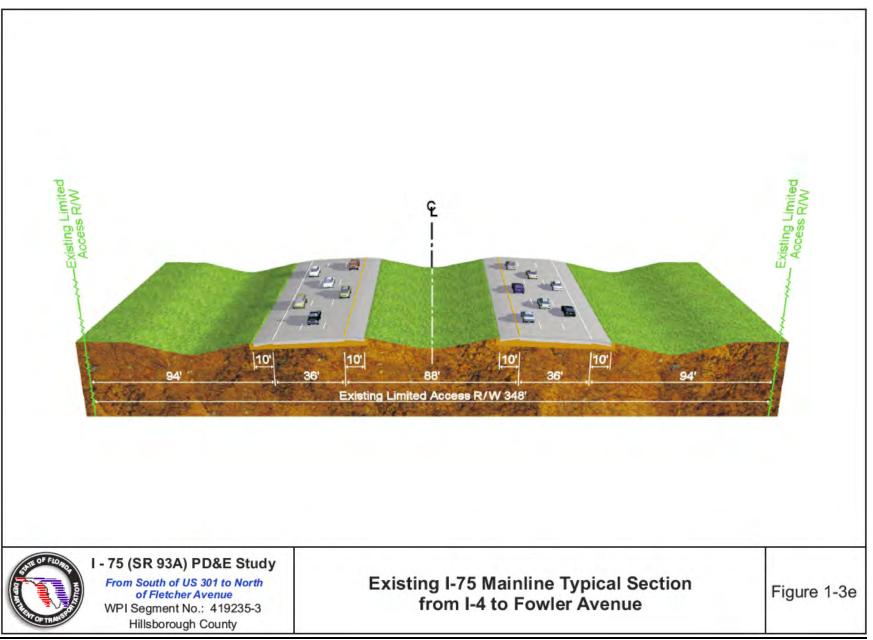
I-75 PD&E STUDY CULTURAL RESOURCE ASSESSMENT SURVEY

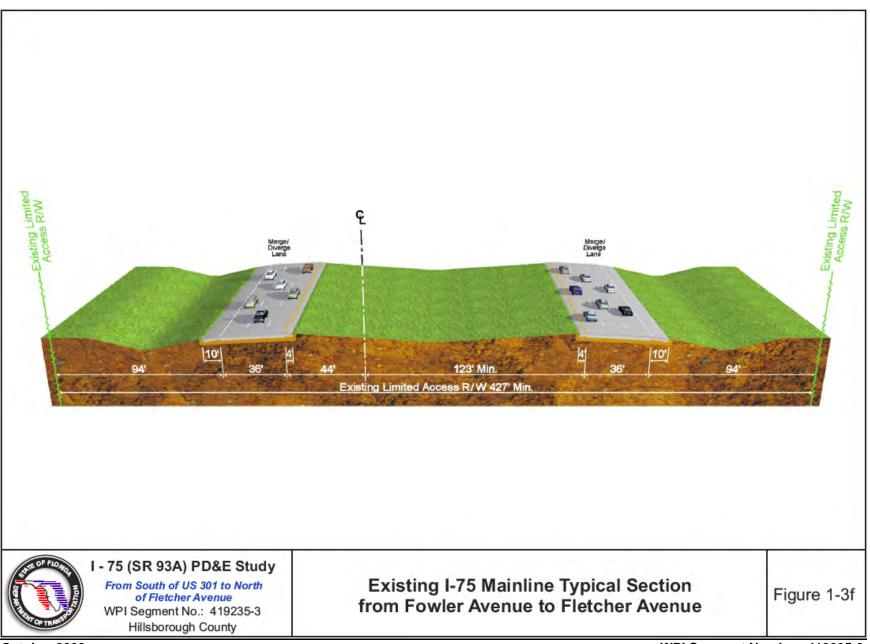
I-75 PD&E STUDY CULTURAL RESOURCE ASSESSMENT SURVEY



October 2009







1.3 **PROJECT NEED**

I-75 is a vital link in the local and regional transportation network as well as a critical evacuation route as shown on the Florida Division of Emergency Management's evacuation route network. As a major north/south corridor, I-75 links the Tampa Bay region with the remainder of the state and the nation, supporting commerce, trade and tourism. I-75 is part of the FIHS, a statewide transportation network that provides for the movement of goods and people at high speeds and high traffic volumes. The FIHS is comprised of interconnected limited and controlled access roadways, such as Florida's Turnpike, selected urban expressways, and major arterial highways. The FIHS is the Highway Component of the SIS, which is a statewide network of highways, railways, waterways, and transportation hubs that handle the bulk of Florida's passenger and freight traffic. As an SIS/FIHS facility and part of the regional roadway network, I-75 is included in the 2025 Regional Long-Range Transportation Plan (LRTP) developed by the West Central Florida Metropolitan Planning Organization's (MPO) Chairs Coordinating Committee (CCC). Preserving the operational integrity and regional functionality of I-75 is critical to mobility and economy, as it is a vital link in the transportation network that connects the Tampa Bay region to the remainder of the state and the nation.

A portion of the study corridor, from SR 60 to I-4, is included in the FIHS 2025 Cost Feasible Plan Update, August 2003. Due to the intense traffic growth and high levels of congestion, the remaining portions of the study corridor are proposed to be included in the next update of the FIHS 2025 Cost Feasible Plan. The project is identified in the SIS Multimodal Unfunded Needs Plan (May 2006) and in the earlier SIS 2030 Highway Component Unfunded Needs Plan (April 2004). This project is consistent with the Transportation Element of the Hillsborough County Comprehensive Plan, adopted in March 2001 and last amended in January 2005 and is included in the Hillsborough County MPO's 2025 LRTP, adopted on November 10, 2004.

This project is consistent with other similar projects planned along the I-75 corridor throughout the state and provides continuity with these projects. This study is being conducted concurrently with the PD&E Study for the section of I-75 that extends from Moccasin Wallow Road in Manatee County to south of US 301 in Hillsborough County (WPI Segment No. 419235-2). Also, FDOT's District One is currently completing two PD&E Studies for the widening of two continuous portions of I-75, which when combined extend from SR 681 in Sarasota County to Moccasin Wallow Road in Manatee County. FDOT, District Seven is currently designing capacity improvements to I-75 from Fowler Avenue in Hillsborough County to SR 52 in Pasco County.

In 2007, the traffic volumes along I-75 in the study area ranged from 73,300 vehicles per day (vpd) south of the Selmon Expressway to 144,800 vpd south of I-4. These volumes included truck traffic that varied from 8.9 to 11.0 percent of the daily volumes. As a result of this high travel demand, several sections of I-75 already operate at congested conditions and levels of service (LOS) worse than the FIHS minimum level of service standard for "urban areas," which is LOS "D". Without improvements, the operating conditions along I-75 and connecting roadways will continue to deteriorate, resulting in unacceptable levels of service throughout the entire study corridor. Capacity improvements could also enhance travel safety by reducing congestion, thereby decreasing vehicle conflicts.

According to the crash records for the years 2005 through 2007, obtained from the FDOT's crash database, a total of 1,973 crashes were reported along I-75 within the project limits. Ten crashes resulted in one or more fatalities, 637 crashes resulted in personal injuries, and 1,326 crashes resulted in property damage only. The total economic loss from these crashes is estimated to be approximately \$58.0 million.

A *Programming Screen Summary Report* was published as part of the FDOT's Efficient Transportation Decision Making (ETDM) process on March 29, 2007. This project is designated as ETDM Project #8002. The FHWA has determined that the project qualifies as a Type 2 Categorical Exclusion.

1.4 IMPROVEMENT ALTERNATIVES

A detailed Design Traffic Technical Memorandum (DTTM) was prepared as part of this PD&E Study. The DTTM documented the existing travel conditions along I-75, presented forecasts of the design year travel demand along I-75 and the crossing corridors, and summarized level of service evaluations of several improvement alternatives for the mainline of I-75. This document concluded that adding three special use lanes (SULs) to the existing general use lanes (GULs) would be the most advantageous alternative for the mainline of I-75 because it would provide mobility options and preserve acceptable levels of service for the regional travelers.

1.4.1 No-Build Alternative

For the No-Build Alternative it was assumed that no capacity improvements, other than those already planned and funded, would be made to the I-75 corridor. The advantages to the No-Build Alternative include no new costs for design and construction, no effects to existing land uses and natural resources, and no disruption to the public during construction. However, the No-Build Alternative would not address the travelers' needs and would result in increased congestion and user costs. This alternative will remain under consideration as a viable alternative throughout the PD&E Study process.

1.4.2 Build Alternatives

Improvement alternatives were developed for the I-75 mainline and the interchanges of I-75 in the study area. For the I-75 mainline, two build alternative alignments were developed and evaluated based on two alternate typical sections. Both typical sections generally consisted of 12 travel lanes with six GULs (three in each direction) and six SULs (three in each direction). The main differences between the typical sections were the type of separation provided between the SULs and the GULs and whether widening would take place mainly within the median or to the outside.

The widening of I-75, under both mainline alternatives, can be constructed within the existing right of way. Additional right of way may be required, however, for interchange enhancements, slip ramps, stormwater management facilities, and floodplain compensation sites.

INTRODUCTION

Figure 1-4 depicts the proposed typical section for Mainline Alternative 1. Under this alternative, the proposed widening of I-75 would mainly occur to the outside. The 12-lane typical section would provide a minimum 88-foot median (for potential future use as a multi-modal envelope), which would include 12-foot inside shoulders (10 feet paved). A 2-foot concrete barrier wall and 10-foot paved shoulders on both sides of the wall would separate the SULs from the GULs.

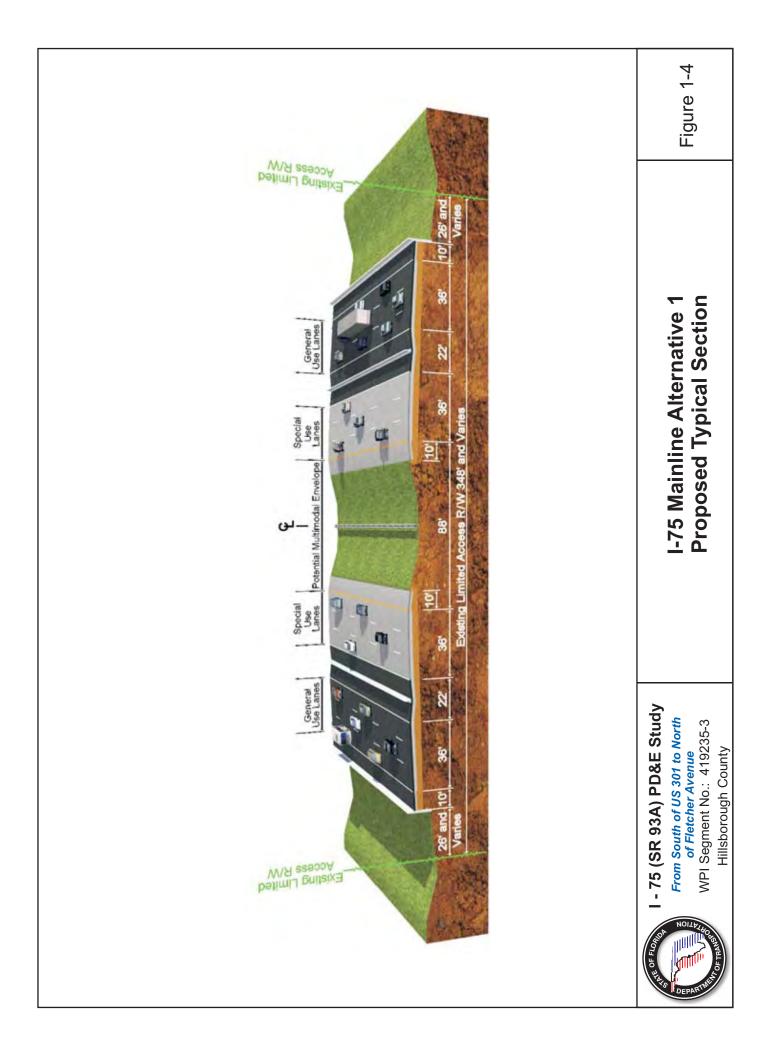
Figure 1-5 depicts the proposed typical section for Mainline Alternative 2. Under Mainline Alternative 2, the proposed widening of I-75 would mainly occur to the inside, within the existing median. A 9-foot widening to the outside would also be typically required on both sides of I-75. The proposed typical section would provide a minimum 22-foot median that would include a 2-foot concrete barrier wall and 10-foot paved shoulders on both sides of the wall. A 6-foot buffer, consisting of paint and/or plastic pylons, would separate the SULs from the GULs. Should a multi-modal envelope be desired to be added to the typical section, this envelope would be placed to the outside on either side of I-75.

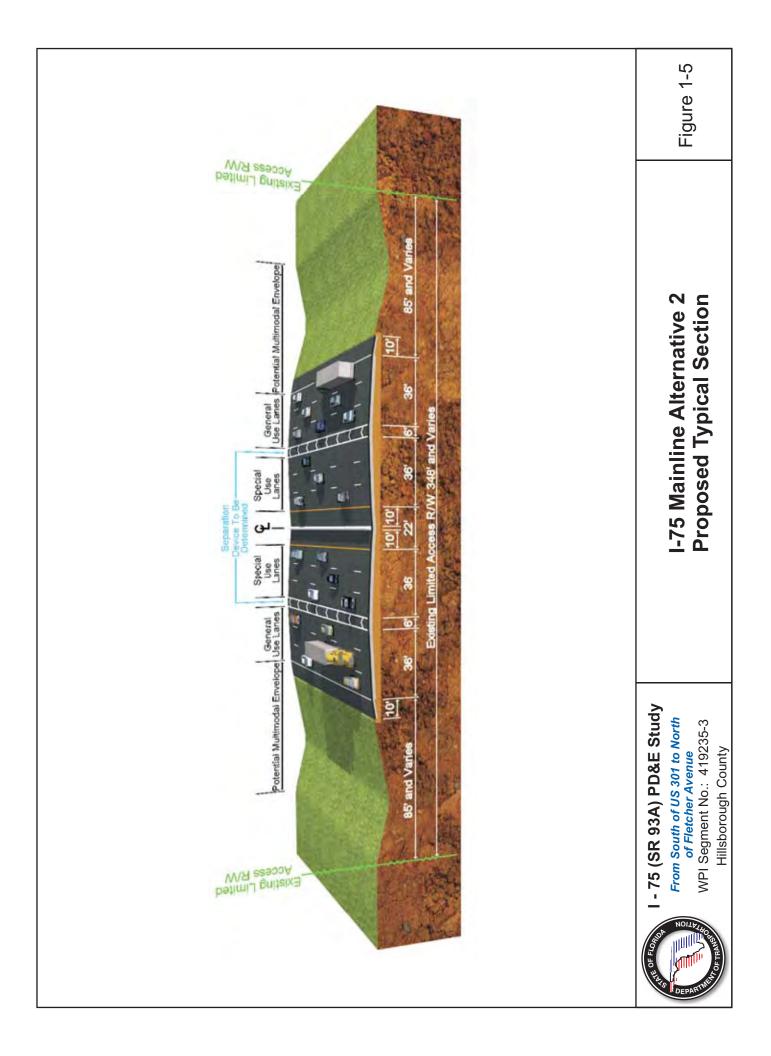
There are seven interchanges along I-75 within the project limits located at US 301, the Selmon Expressway, SR 60, MLK Boulevard, I-4, Fowler Avenue, and Fletcher Avenue. Due to the close spacing between the seven interchanges, improvements proposed at each interchange would affect the operations at adjacent interchanges. For this reason, instead of developing separate improvement concepts for each interchange, the study area was divided into three segments and alternative improvement conceptual design plans were developed for each segment. The three segments, depicted in Figure 1-6, are described below:

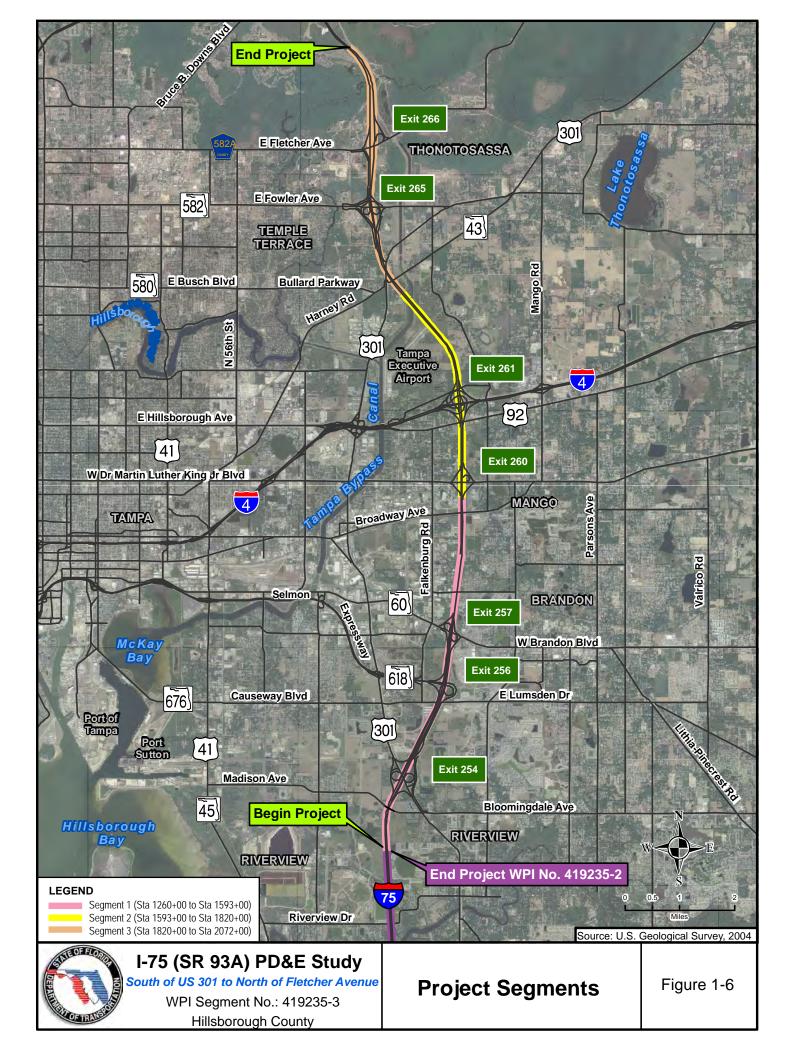
- Segment 1 from south of US 301 to north of SR 60. This segment includes improvements for the interchanges at US 301, Selmon Expressway, and SR 60.
- Segment 2 from north of SR 60 to north of I-4. This segment includes improvements for the interchanges at MLK Boulevard and I-4.
- Segment 3 from north of I-4 to north of Fletcher Avenue. This segment includes improvements for the interchanges at Fowler Avenue and Fletcher Avenue.

For each segment and each of the mainline (typical section) alternatives, several improvement concepts, called options, were considered.

- Three improvement options Option A, Option B, and Option C were evaluated for Segment 1. Table 2-1 summarizes the key features of each option.
- Two improvement options Option A and Option B were evaluated for Segment 2. Table 2-2 summarizes the key features of each option.
- Two improvement options Option A and Option B were evaluated for Segment 3. Table 2-3 summarizes the key features of each option.







Location	Option A	Option B	Option C
US 301 Interchange	 No major improvements Realign some ramps to match I-75 mainline improvements 	 No major improvements Realign some ramps to match I-75 mainline improvements 	 No major improvements Realign some ramps to match I-75 mainline improvements
US 301 to Selmon Expressway	 Expand/extend NB and SB C/D roads Combine NB exit slip ramps to C/D road accessing Selmon Expressway and SR 60 Eliminate existing slip ramp connecting NB US 301 with Selmon Expressway and SR 60 	 Eliminate NB and SB C/D roads Eliminate existing slip ramp connecting NB US 301 with Selmon Expressway Allow access to SR 60 from NB US 301 	 Expand/extend NB and SB C/D roads Combine three NB exits from the I-75 GULs to US 301, Selmon Expressway and SR 60 into one Maintain connection from NB US 301 to Selmon Expressway and SR 60
Selmon Expressway Interchange	 Direct access to/from the I- 75 GULs and SULs in both directions No access from NB US 301 	 Direct access only to/from the I-75 GULs I-75 SULs access Selmon Expressway by shifting to the GULs through slip ramps away from the interchange No access from NB US 301 	 Direct access only to/from the I-75 GULs I-75 SUL traffic south of the interchange connects with Selmon Expressway by shifting to the GULs through slip ramps away from the interchange I-75 SUL traffic north of the interchange connects with Selmon Expressway through braided ramps to the C/D roads placed north of SR 60, thus avoiding weaving with GUL traffic Allows access to Brandon Town Center Drive and Causeway Boulevard from/to NB I-75
Selmon Expressway to SR 60	 Extend/expand NB and SB C/D roads to north of SR 60 	Eliminate NB and SB C/D roads	 Extend/expand NB and SB C/D roads to north of SR 60 Combines entry points for NB traffic from Selmon Expressway and SR 60
SR 60 Interchange	 Maintain existing partial cloverleaf configuration Expand/extend SB and NB exit ramps to provide more storage Expand ramp termini intersections to add turn lanes 	 Replace existing interchange with a SPUI Extend NB and SB exit ramps to provide more storage 	 Modify west half of existing partial cloverleaf interchange to a diamond configuration I-75 SUL traffic north of the interchange connects with SR 60 through braided ramps to the C/D roads, thus avoiding weaving with GUL traffic

Location	Option A	Option B
MLK Boulevard Interchange	 Replace existing partial cloverleaf interchange with a SPUI Begin NB C/D road at interchange End SB C/D road at interchange 	 Replace existing partial cloverleaf interchange with a SPUI Begin NB C/D road at interchange End SB C/D road at interchange
MLK Boulevard to I-4	 Provide NB and SB C/D roads from north of I-4 to MLK Boulevard; MLK Boulevard traffic to/from I-4 never enters I-75 	 Provide NB and SB C/D roads from north of I-4 to MLK Boulevard; MLK Boulevard traffic to/from I-4 never enters I-75
I-4 Interchange	 Upgrade existing "turbine" configuration by adding directional ramps to connect the I-75 SULs with I-4 	 Replace existing interchange with a combined directional "turbine/stack" configuration SUL ramps touchdown in the median of I-4 to allow connection with the I-4 SULs to be constructed in the future Requires reconstruction of I-4 at the interchange

 Table 1-3 Segment 2 – Main Features of Improvement Options

Table 1-4 Segment 3 – Main Features of Improvement Options

Location	Option A	Option B
Fowler Avenue Interchange	 Maintain existing configuration with slight adjustments of some ramps to match C/D roads and mainline alignments 	 Replace existing flyover ramp carrying the NB I-75 to WB Fowler Avenue traffic with a two-lane loop ramp in NE quadrant Eliminate loop ramp in SE quadrant carrying EB Fowler Avenue to NB I- 75 traffic; accommodate this movement by allowing left turns from EB Fowler Avenue and connecting with the WB Fowler Avenue to NB I- 75 ramp
South of Fowler Avenue to north of Fletcher Avenue	 NB and SB C/D roads remove diverge areas at the interchanges from the mainline of I-75 onto the C/D roads in both directions Eliminate short trips between Fletcher Avenue and Fowler Avenue in both directions 	 NB and SB C/D roads remove merge and diverge areas from the mainline of I-75 onto the C/D roads in both directions Eliminate short trips between Fletcher Avenue and Fowler Avenue in both directions
Fletcher Avenue Interchange	 Maintain existing configuration with enhancements proposed by current design project (FPID No. 408456-2- 52-01, Section No. 10075) 	Maintain existing configuration with enhancements proposed by current design project (FPID No. 408456-2- 52-01, Section No. 10075)

1.4.3 Recommended Improvements

All alternatives were evaluated with regards to costs, operational factors, and environmental impacts. Based on these evaluations, preferred alternatives were identified and recommended for the I-75 mainline and the interchanges within the study area. These recommendations are listed below:

- I-75 Mainline: Mainline Alternative 2
- Segment 1: Option C except for the SR 60 interchange where Option A was recommended
- Segment 2: Option A
- Segment 3: Option A

1.5 **REPORT PURPOSE**

This Cultural Resource Assessment Survey (CRAS) is one of several documents that will be prepared as part of this PD&E Study. This report documents the methods and results of background research and archaeological and historical/architectural field surveys. The purpose of the CRAS was to locate and identify any archaeological sites and historic resources located within the project Area of Potential Effect (APE) and to assess, to the extent possible, their significance as to eligibility for listing in the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP). The archaeological APE was defined as the existing right of way (ROW) and included the footprint of all seven interchange areas. The historical APE extended approximately 300 feet from the edge of the existing ROW. The archaeological and historical components of the survey were conducted between June and November 2008. Background research preceded field survey. Such research provides an informed set of expectations concerning the kinds of cultural resources that might be anticipated to occur within the project APE, as well as a basis for evaluating any newly discovered sites. A research design was prepared for review and approval by the FHWA, Florida State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO), and Native American tribes. A probability analysis for proposed stormwater management ponds/sites was not a part of this effort, and will be prepared at a later time

This CRAS was conducted to comply with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), as amended, and the implementing regulations 36 CFR Part 800 (revised January 2001), as well as the provisions contained in the revised Chapter 267, *Florida Statutes* (*F.S.*). All work was carried out in conformity with Part 2, Chapter 12 (Archaeological and Historical Resources) of the FDOT's *Project Development and Environment Manual* (FDOT 1999), and the standards contained in the Florida Division of Historical Resources' (FDHR) *Cultural Resource Management Standards and Operations Manual* (FDHR 2003). In addition, the survey report meets the specifications set forth in Chapter 1A-46, *Florida Administrative Code*.

2.0 ENVIRONMENTAL OVERVIEW

Environmental factors such as geology, topography, relative elevation, soils, vegetation, and water resources are important in determining where archaeological and historical sites are likely to be located. These variables influenced what types of resources were available, which in turn influenced decisions regarding settlement location and land-use patterns. Due to the influence of these environmental factors upon the local inhabitants, a discussion of the effective environment is included.

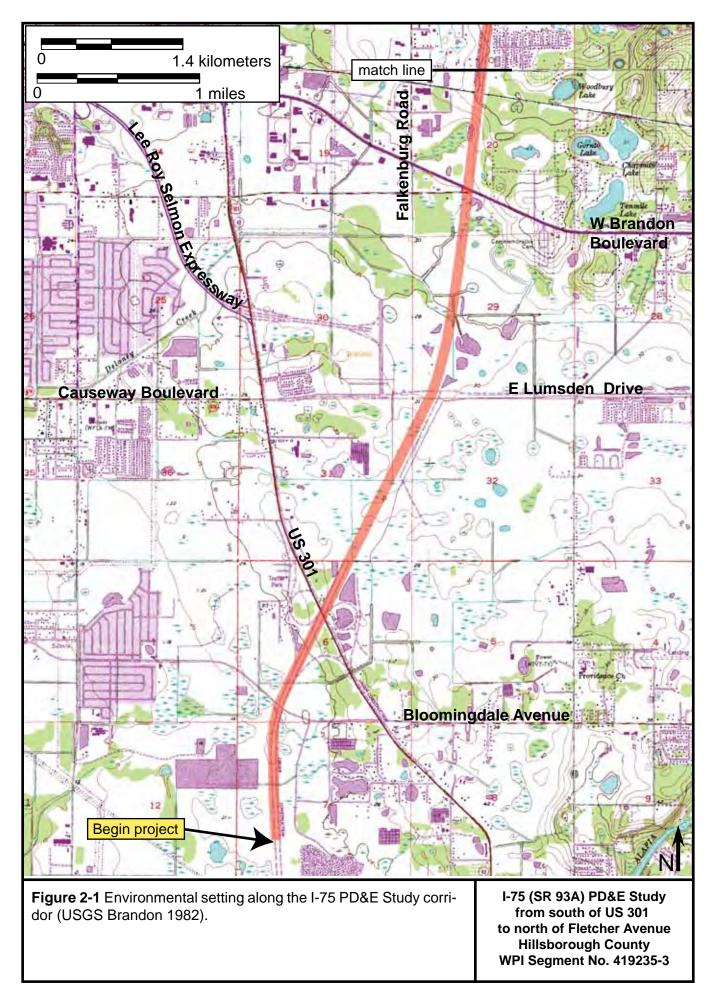
2.1 PHYSIOGRAPHY AND GEOLOGY

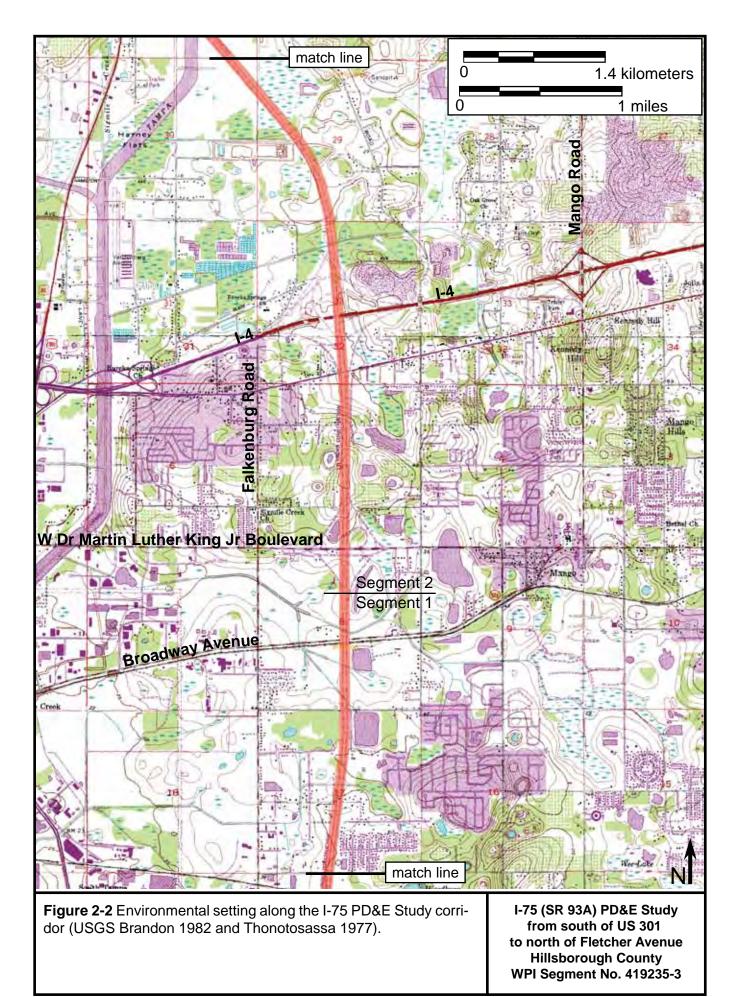
The I-75 PD&E Study corridor (Figures 2-1 through 2-4) is located within the Central or Midpeninsular physiographic zone (White 1970). The topography is gently rolling with a series of low hills and valleys paralleling the coast. The corridor ranges in elevation from 15 to 75 feet above mean sea level (amsl) and transects three physiographic provinces. The northern and southern ends of the corridor are contained within the Gulf Coastal Lowlands. These are characterized by surficial streams with little to no down cutting. Low sand ridges, formed by ocean waters during the Pleistocene, form slight, rolling hills within the zone. The lack of elevation in the Gulf Coastal Lowlands creates the near surficial to exposed water table throughout the region. This high water table results in the poor natural drainage and abundance of wetlands in the region (Davis 1943; McNab and Avers 1996). Roughly six miles of the corridor are situated within the Polk Uplands, which were formed by the uplifting of Miocene limestones and subsequently shaped by Pleistocene seas that occupied lowland. About two miles of the corridor passes through the Zephyrhills Gap. This break in the Western Valley wall allows for the egress of the Hillsborough River to the Gulf.

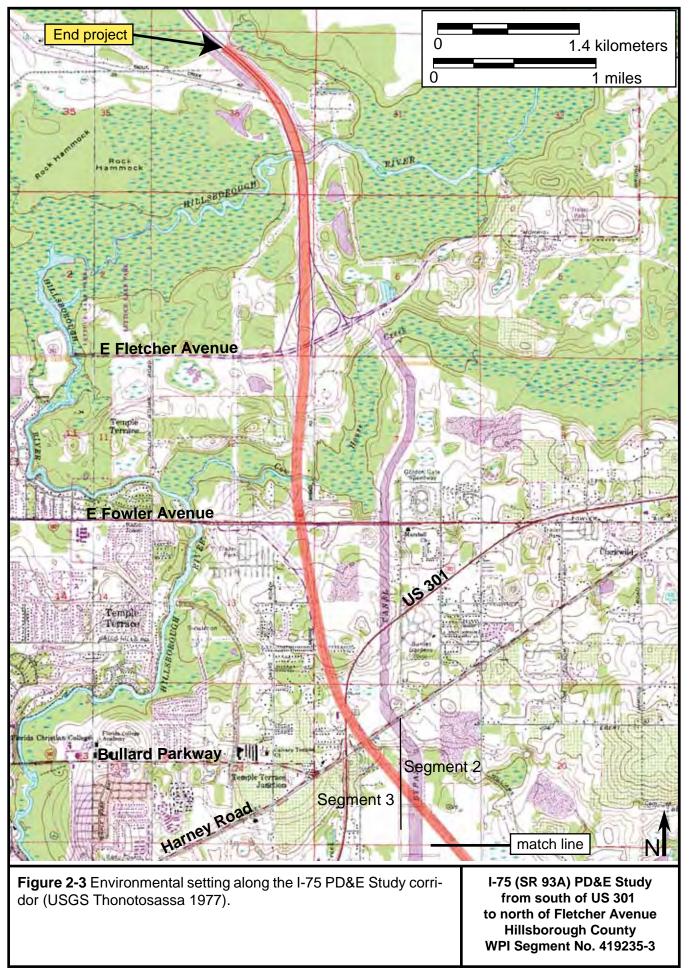
The area is underlain by limestone in the northern area, medium fine sands and silts throughout the majority of the I-75 PD&E Study corridor, and a very small area of sandy clay and clay at the southern end (Knapp 1980). The area contains undifferentiated surficial sands, clayey sands, clays, marls, and peats. Other portions of the corridor are underlain by the Tampa Member of the Arcadia Formation of the Hawthorne Group which consists of limestone with dolostone, quartz sands, and clay (Campbell and Arthur 1993; Scott 2001; Scott et al. 2001).

2.2 LITHIC RESOURCES

Stone played an important role in the lifeways of the prehistoric people. Moreover, due to highly acidic soils in which preservation of organic cultural material is quite poor, stone tools and the debris from their manufacture are by far the most common archaeological material present at inland sites. Two kinds of lithic raw material were utilized by prehistoric populations in this part of Florida, namely silicified limestone, known by geologists and archaeologists as chert, and silicified coral. Chert and silicified coral are the result of silicification of two host materials, i.e., Miocene limestones and coral, respectively (Upchurch et al. 1982).







Silicified coral is the product of the replacement of the original coral aragonite skeletal material with silicates. Such replacement often preserved the fabric of the coral resulting in the distinctive "star" pattern found in the stone if it is broken perpendicular to the plant's axis. The genus most common in the Tampa Bay area is Siderastrea, a fossil found in Miocene and Oligocene formations of Florida and southern Georgia (Upchurch et al. 1982).

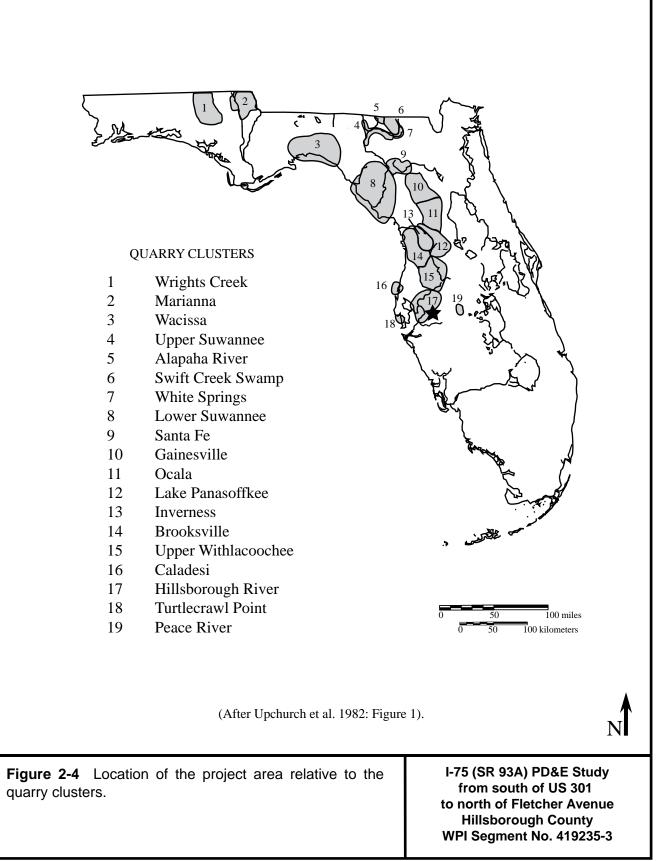
The I-75 PD&E Study corridor is located within the Hillsborough River Quarry Cluster which extends along the Hillsborough River and its tributaries to Hillsborough Bay (Figure 2-4). This quarry cluster provided a significant source of Tampa Formation silicified limestone. Cherts from this cluster vary widely in color and fabric and contain few diagnostic fossils, though several subareas within this cluster have been identified, based primarily on fossil content and rock fabric (Goodyear et al. 1983; Upchurch et al. 1982). Some cherts contain large macrofossils including gastropods, pelecypods, and coral fragments. These are generally preserved as chalcedony casts. Charophyte oogonia are diagnostic of the locale near Cow House Creek. Coral outcrops are located north of Fletcher Avenue, extending north to Zephyrhills, as well as along several small knolls in the Hillsborough River swamp (Upchurch et al. 1982:155).

2.3 SOILS AND VEGETATION

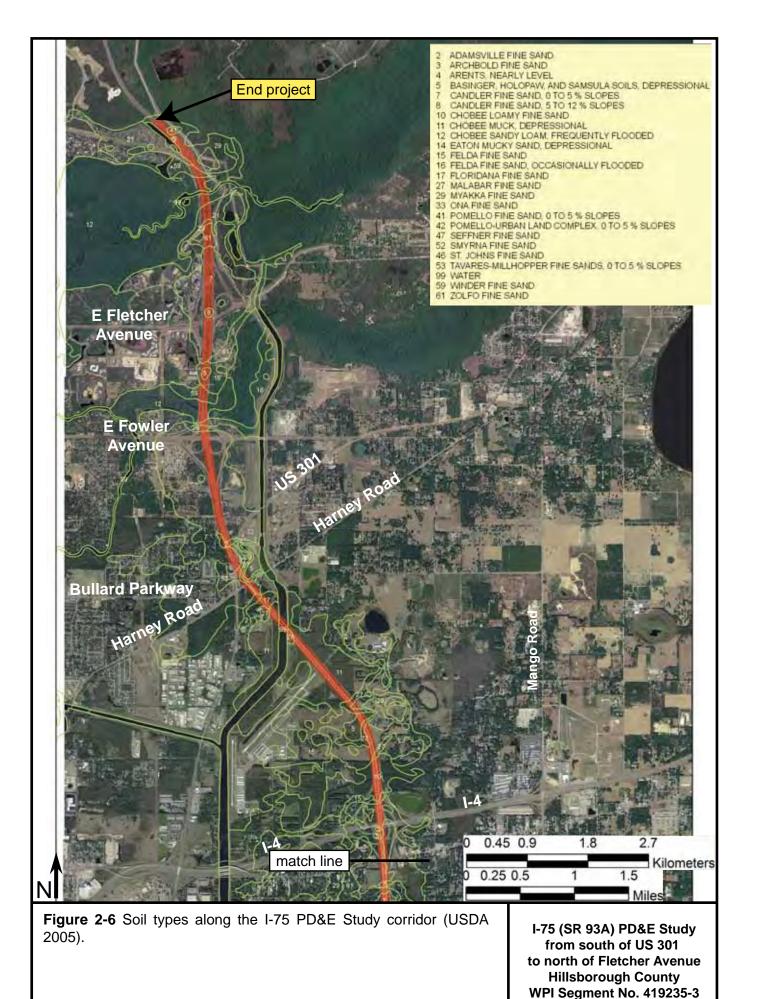
The I-75 PD&E Study corridor transects the Candler-Lake, Myakka-Basinger-Holopaw and Winder-Chobee-St. Johns soil associations (USDA 1989). The Candler-Lake association is characterized by nearly level to strongly sloping, excessively drained soils that are sandy throughout. These are associated with the uplands and low ridges. The Myakka-Basinger-Holopaw association consists of nearly level, poorly and very poorly drained soils of the flatwoods. The Winder-Chobee-St. Johns association consists of nearly level, poorly and very poorly drained soils that have a loamy or a sandy subsoil. These are located in wetland and coastal areas. Specifically, the corridor is underlain by 24 soil types (Figures 2-5 and 2-6; Table 2-1) (USDA 2005).

The I-75 PD&E Study corridor crosses through pine flatwoods and areas of longleaf pine and xerophytic oak (Davis 1980) although each of the soil types along the corridor supports a specific vegetative regime (USDA 1989, 2005). Adamsville fine sand, which occurs on broad ridges on the flatwoods, supports bluejack oak, turkey oak, longleaf pine, and slash pine with an understory of broomsedge bluestem, lopsided indiangrass, saw palmetto, and pineland threeawn. Archbold fine sand occurs on low ridges on the flatwoods. The natural vegetation consists of sand pine with an understory of pineland threeawn, pricklypear cactus, and saw palmetto. The depressional Basinger, Holopaw, and Samsula soils are situated within swamps and depressions on the flatwoods. The natural vegetation consists of cypress with an understory of bluestem, maidencane, panicum, Jamaica sawgrass, and cutgrass. The Candler soils occur on the uplands and support bluejack, Chapman, scrub live, and turkey oak. The understory consists of indiangrass, hairy panicum, panicum, pineland threeawn, and running oak.

Chobee loamy fine sand occurs on low-lying flats on the flatwoods. The natural vegetation consists of cypress, cabbage palm, slash pine, and Coastal Plain willow, with an understory of buttonbush, maidencane, and Jamaica sawgrass. Chobee muck, depressional soils







2-8

predominantly occur within Harney Flats. These soils support cypress, sweetgum, and Coastal Plain willow with an understory of buttonbush, maidencane, and Jamaica sawgrass.

Name	Drainage	Setting
Adamsville fine sand	Somewhat poor	Broad ridges on the flatwoods
Archbold fine sand	Moderately well	Low ridges on the flatwoods
Arents, nearly level	Somewhat poor	Excavated, reworked, reshaped
Basinger, Holopaw, and Samsula soils, depressional	Very poor	Swamps and depressions on the flatwoods
Candler fine sand, 0 to 5 % slopes	Excessive	Uplands
Candler fine sand, 5 to 12 % slopes	Excessive	Uplands
Chobee loamy fine sand	Very poor	Low lying flats on the flatwoods
Chobee muck, depressional	Very poor	Broad depressions; Harney Flats
Chobee sandy loam, frequently flooded	Very poor	Bottom lands mainly along Hillsborough River and Blackwater Creek
Eaton mucky sand, depressional	Very poor	Depressions on flatwoods
Felda fine sand	Poor	Broad sloughs on flatwoods
Felda fine sand, occasionally flooded	Poor	Low terraces of major rivers and streams
Floridana fine sand	Very poor	Sloughs and swales on the flatwoods
Malabar fine sand	Poor	Low-lying sloughs and shallow depressions on the flatwoods
Myakka fine sand	Poor	Broad plains on the flatwoods
Ona fine sand	Poor	Broad plains on flatwoods
Pomello fine sand, 0 to 5 % slopes	Moderately well	Low ridges on the flatwoods
Pomello-Urban Land Complex, 0 to 5 % slopes	Moderately well	Low ridges on the flatwoods
St. Johns fine sand	Poor	Low-lying plains on the flatwoods
Seffner fine sand	Somewhat poor	Rims of depressions and on broad, low ridges on the flatwoods
Smyrna fine sand	Poor	Broad, low-lying, convex swells on the flatwoods
Tavares-Millhopper fine sands, 0 to 5 % slopes	Moderately well	Low-lying areas on the uplands and on low ridges on the flatwoods
Winder fine sand	Poor	Broad, low-lying sloughs on the flatwoods
Zolfo fine sand	Somewhat poor	Broad, low ridges on the flatwoods

Table 2-1 Soil types located along the I-75 corridor

The frequently flooded Chobee soils occur along the bottomlands of the Hillsborough River. The natural vegetation consists of baldcypress, Coastal Plain willow, red maple, cabbage palm, and sweetgum. The understory included buttonbush, maidencane, sawgrass, smartweed, and sedges. The depressional Eaton mucky sand occurs on depressions on the flatwoods. The natural vegetation consists of cypress and sweetgum with an understory of sand cordgrass, bluestem, maidencane, and waxmyrtle. The Felda sands occur on broad sloughs on the flatwoods and on low terraces of major rivers and streams. These support cabbage palm, slash pine, swamp maple, and sweetgum with an understory of saw palmetto, pineland threeawn, and waxmyrtle. Floridana fine sand occurs in swales and sloughs on the flatwoods and has a similar vegetative regime as the Felda soils with the addition of bluestem, maidencane, and panicum in the understory.

Malabar fine sand occurs on low-lying sloughs and shallow depressions on the flatwoods. The natural vegetation consists of cabbage palm, longleaf pine, and slash pine with an understory of broomsedge, bluestem, inkberry, maidencane, saw palmetto, and waxmyrtle. Myakka and Ona sands occur on broad plains on the flatwoods. The associated vegetation consists of longleaf and slash pine with an understory of gallberry, running oak, saw palmetto, pineland threeawn, and waxmyrtle.

The Pomello sands occur on low ridges on the flatwoods and have natural vegetation consisting of longleaf, sand, and slash pine with an understory of creeping bluestem, lopsided indiangrass, running oak, saw palmetto, and pineland threeawn. The Urban land part of the complex is covered by concrete, asphalt, buildings, or other impervious surfaces that obscure or alter the soils so that their identification is not feasible.

Seffner fine sand occurs on the rims of depressions and on broad, low ridges on the flatwoods. The natural vegetation consists of longleaf pine, slash pine, and laurel oak with an understory of creeping bluestem, grassleaf goldaster, lopsided indiangrass, saw palmetto, and pineland threeawn. Smyrna sand occurs on broad, low-lying, convex swells on the flatwoods. The natural vegetation consists of longleaf and slash pine. The understory includes gallberry, running oak, saw palmetto, pineland threeawn, and waxmyrtle. St. Johns fine sand occurs on low-lying plains on the flatwoods and supports the same vegetative regime as Smyrna fine sand.

Tavares-Millhopper fine sands occur on low-lying areas of the uplands and on low ridges on the flatwoods. The natural vegetation consists of bluejack oak, turkey oak, live oak, and longleaf pine with an understory of creeping bluestem, lopsided indiangrass, panicum, and pineland threeawn. Winder fine sand occurs on broad, low-lying sloughs on the flatwoods. The natural vegetation includes live oak, cabbage palm, and slash pine with an understory of saw palmetto, pineland threeawn, and waxmyrtle. Zolfo fine sand occurs on broad, low ridges on the flatwoods. It supports live oak, turkey oak, longleaf pine, and slash pine. The understory includes broomsedge, bluestem, lopsided indiangrass, saw palmetto, and pineland threeawn.

The faunal resources that would have been available for exploitation by the aboriginal inhabitants are tied to the botanical resources. Soil types can be divided into three general habitat locales or areas suitable for openland wildlife, woodland wildlife, and wetland wildlife (USDA 1989: Table 8). The openland habitat includes prairie, pastures, meadows, and areas overgrown with grasses, herbs, vines, and shrubs. The wildlife associated with these areas includes bobwhite quail, meadowlarks, doves, field sparrows, cottontail rabbit, and red fox. The Felda, Myakka, Ona, Seffner, Smyrna, St. Johns, Tavares-Millhopper, and Winder soils are rated fair in terms of supporting this habitat. The other soils are poorly or very poorly suited to openland habitats. Woodland habitats require areas of deciduous and/or coniferous plants associated with legumes, grasses and herbaceous plants, which support animals such as turkey, woodcock, thrushes, woodpeckers, squirrels, gray fox, raccoon, deer, and bear. Seffner fine sand is well suited to woodland habitats. The Adamsville, Ona, Smyrna, St. Johns, Tavares-Millhopper, Winder, and Zolfo soils are rated fair and the rest are poorly or very poorly suited to woodland habitats. Wetland habitats consist of open,

marshy, or swampy shallow water areas. Wildlife associated with these locales includes ducks, geese, egrets, herons, shorebirds, otters, mink, beaver, alligator, and turtles. The Basinger, Chobee, Eaton, Floridana, Holopaw, and Samsula soils are well suited for wetland habitats. The Felda, Malabar, Ona, Smyrna, St. Johns, and Winder soils are rated fair and the others are either very poorly or poorly suited to such habitats.

2.4 LOCAL HYDROLOGY

Water resources along the I-75 PD&E Study corridor include the Hillsborough River and Cow House Slough, with a number of other lakes, ponds, wetlands, and swamps, including Harney Flats. Geologist Sam Upchurch has hypothesized that Cow House Creek was the original route of the Hillsborough River, and that stream piracy has caused the present river channel to develop (Upchurch in Gagel 1981:297). The Hillsborough River flows southwestward to Hillsborough Bay at Tampa. Designed as part of a federal flood-control project to divert floodwater from the Hillsborough River above Tampa, construction of the 14-mile long Tampa Bypass Canal was begun in 1976 by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. "The canal has had marked effects upon the hydrology of the area by causing a drawdown of the potentiometric surface of the Floridan aquifer and a diversion of flow from other parts of the hydrologic system" (Daniel and Wisenbaker 1987:13).

2.5 PALEOENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS

The early environment of the region was different from that of today. Sea levels were lower, the climate was arid, and fresh water was scarce. An understanding of human ecology during the earliest periods of human occupation in Florida cannot be based on observations of the modern environment because of changes in water availability, botanical communities, and faunal resources. Aboriginal inhabitants would have developed cultural adaptations in response to the environmental changes taking place which were then reflected in settlement patterns, site types, artifact forms, and subsistence economies.

Due to the arid conditions between 16,500 and 12,500 years ago, the perched water aquifer and potable water supplies were absent (Dunbar 1981:95). Palynological studies conducted in Florida and Georgia suggests that between 13,000 and 5000 years ago, this area was covered with an upland vegetation community of scrub oak and prairie (Watts 1969, 1971, 1975). The rise of sea level reduced xeric habitats over the next several millennia. Intermittent flow in the Hillsborough River some 8500 years ago was likely due to precipitation and surface runoff, and by 6000 years ago the river probably began flowing as a result of spring discharge from the Floridan aquifer (Dunbar 1981:99).

By 5000 years ago, a climatic event marking a brief return to Pleistocene climatic conditions induced a change toward more open vegetation. Southern pine forests replaced the oak savannahs. Extensive marshes and swamps developed along the coasts and subtropical hardwood forests became established along the southern tip of Florida (Delcourt and Delcourt 1981). Northern Florida saw an increase in oak species, grasses, and sedges (Carbone 1983). At Lake Annie, in south central Florida, pollen cores were dominated by wax myrtle and pine. The assemblage suggests that by this time, a forest dominated by longleaf pine along with cypress swamps and bayheads existed in the area (Watts 1971, 1975). By about 3500 B.C.E (Before Common Era), surface water was plentiful in karst

terrains and the level of the Floridan aquifer rose to 5 feet above present levels. After this time, modern floral, climatic, and environmental conditions began to be established.

2.6 EXISTING CONDITIONS

Representative views along the corridor, moving south to north, are provided in Photos 2-1 through 2-6.



Photo 2-1 Southernmost portion of the I-75 corridor to the south of US 301, looking south-southeast.



Photo 2-2 Approach to the MLK Boulevard interchange, looking south.



Photo 2-3 Approach to the I-4 interchange, looking northwest.



Photo 2-4 I-75 overpass at Harney Road, looking northeast.



Photo 2-5 I-75 at Fowler Avenue, looking northeast.



Photo 2-6 Median of I-75 in vicinity of Fletcher Avenue, looking northwest.

3.0 CULTURAL CHRONOLOGY

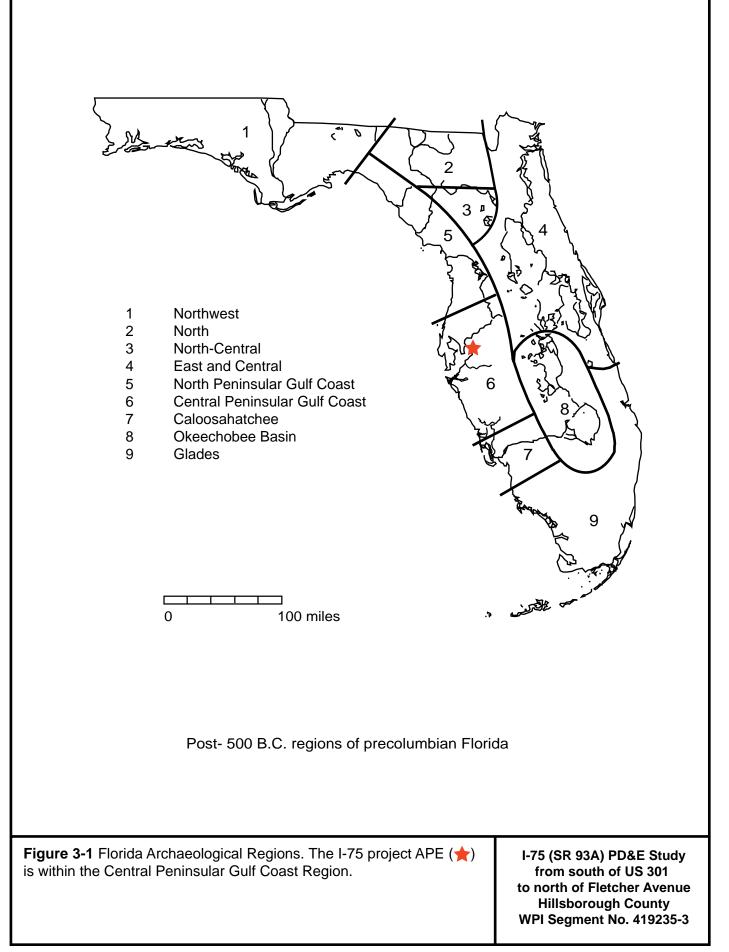
A discussion of the regional culture history of a given area is included in CRAS reports to provide a framework within which the local archaeological and historical record can be examined. Archaeological sites are not individual entities, but rather are part of once dynamic cultural systems. As a result, individual sites cannot be adequately examined or interpreted without reference to other sites and resources in the general area.

In general, archaeologists summarize the culture history of a given area (i.e., an archaeological region) by outlining the sequence of archaeological cultures through time. These are defined largely in geographical terms but also reflect shared environmental and cultural factors. The I-75 PD&E Study corridor is located in the Central Peninsular Gulf Coast archaeological region (Milanich 1994; Milanich and Fairbanks 1980). This region extends from just north of Tampa Bay southward to the northern portion of Charlotte Harbor (Figure 3-1). Within this zone, the Paleo-Indian, Archaic, Formative, and Mississippian/Acculturative stages have been defined based on unique sets of material culture traits such as stone tool forms and ceramics as well as subsistence, settlement, and burial patterns. These broad temporal units are further subdivided into culture phases or periods: Paleo-Indian (Clovis, Suwannee, Dalton), Archaic (Early, Middle, and Late), Formative (Manasota/Weeden Island-related), and Mississippian/Acculturative (Safety Harbor).

The local history of the region is divided into four broad periods based initially upon the major governmental powers. The first period, Colonialism, occurred during the exploration and control of Florida by the Spanish and British from around 1513 until 1821. At that time, Florida became a territory of the United States and 21 years later became a State (Territorial and Statehood). The Civil War and Aftermath (1861-1899) period deals with the Civil War, the period of Reconstruction following the war, and the late 1800s, when the transportation systems were dramatically increased and development throughout the state expanded. The Twentieth Century period includes subperiods defined on the basis of important historic events such as the World Wars, the Boom of the 1920s, and the Depression. Each of these periods evidenced differential development and utilization of the region, thus effecting the historic site distribution across the land.

3.1 PALEO-INDIAN

The Paleo-Indian period is the earliest known cultural manifestation in Florida, dating from roughly 12,000 to 7500 B.C.E. (Milanich 1994). Archaeological evidence for Paleo-Indians consists primarily of scattered finds of diagnostic lanceolate-shaped projectile points. The Florida peninsula at this time was quite different than today. The climate was cooler and drier. Vegetation was typified by xerophytic species with scrub oak, pine, open grassy prairies, and savannas (Milanich 1994:40). When Florida was fist populated, sea levels were as much as 115 feet below present levels and the coast extended miles beyond the present-day shorelines (Milliman and Emery 1968). Thus, many of these sites have been inundated. Evidence of this includes sites that were discovered as a result of dredging activities in the Gulf (Karklins 1970) while other research has shown that some of the shell deposits bordering submerged river channels in Tampa Bay may have been Paleo-Indian midden deposits (Goodyear et al. 1983; Goodyear and Warren 1972).



The Paleo-Indian period has been sub-divided into three horizons based upon characteristic tool forms (Austin 2001). The Clovis Horizon (11,000-10,000 B.C.E.) represents the initial occupation of Florida. It is defined based upon the presence of the fluted Clovis points. These are somewhat more common in north Florida, although Robinson (1979) does illustrate a few points from the central Gulf Coast area. The Suwannee Horizon (10,000-9000 B.C.E.) is the most well known of the three Paleo-Indian horizons. The lanceolateshaped, unfluted Simpson and Suwannee projectile points are diagnostic of this time period (Bullen 1975; Daniel and Wisenbaker 1987; Purdy 1981). The Suwannee tool kit includes a variety of scrapers, adzes, spokeshaves, unifacially retouched flakes, flakes with beaked projections, and blade-like flakes as well as bone and ivory foreshafts, pins, awls, daggers, anvils, and abraders (Austin 2001:23). Following the Suwannee Horizon is the Late Paleo-Indian (Dalton?) Horizon (9000-8000 B.C.E.). The smaller Tallahassee, Santa Fe, and Beaver Lake projectile points have traditionally been attributed to this horizon (Milanich 1994). However, many of these points have been recovered stratigraphically from late Archaic and early Woodland period components and thus, may not date to this time period at all (Austin 2001; Farr 2006).

Archaeologists hypothesize that Paleo-Indians lived in migratory bands and subsisted by gathering and hunting, including the now-extinct Pleistocene megafauna. Since it was cooler and much drier, it is likely that these nomadic hunters traveled between permanent and semi-permanent sources of water, such as artesian springs, exploiting the available resources. These watering holes would have attracted the animals that the Indians hunted, thus providing both food and drink. In addition to being "tethered" to water sources, most of the Paleo-Indian sites are also proximate to sources of good quality lithic resources. This settlement pattern is considered to logistical, i.e., the establishment of semi-permanent habitation areas and the movement of the resources from their sources of procurement to the residential locale by specialized task groups (Austin 2001:25).

Some of the information about this period has been derived from the underwater excavations at two inland spring sites in Sarasota County: Little Salt Spring and Warm Mineral Springs (Clausen et al. 1979). Excavation at the Harney Flats Site in Hillsborough County has provided a rich body of data concerning Paleo-Indian life ways. Analysis indicates that this site was used as a quarry-related base camp with special use activity areas (Daniel and Wisenbaker 1987). It has been suggested that Paleo-Indian settlement may "not have been related as much to seasonal changes as generally postulated for the succeeding Archaic period," but instead movement was perhaps related to the scheduling of "tool-kit replacement, social needs, and the availability of water," among other factors (Daniel and Wisenbaker 1987:175).

3.2 ARCHAIC

As the Paleo-Indian period gradually came to a close, climatic changes occurred and the Pleistocene megafauna died out. Archaeological evidence suggests a slow cultural change that led toward an increasingly intensive exploitation of localized food resources. These changes may reflect a transition from the late Pleistocene to a more seasonal, modern climate when the pine-dominated forests began to cover the landscape. With loss of the Ice Age mammals, Archaic populations turned to the hunting of smaller game like deer, raccoon, and opossum as well as a reliance on wild plants and shellfish, where available.

The Early Archaic period, ca. 6500 to 5000 B.C.E., is well documented in Florida and is generally recognized by changes in the artifact assemblages from the Paleo-Indian period. However, because of a lack of excavated collections, our knowledge of the full range of the Early Archaic lithic tool assemblages is uncertain (Milanich 1994:64). According to Bullen's typology of Florida projectile points, diagnostic types include Kirk, Hamilton, Arredondo, Wacissa, Thonotosassa, Hardee Beveled, and Sumter (Bullen 1975). Discoveries at Little Salt Spring in Sarasota County and the Windover Site in Brevard County indicate that bone and wood tools were also used (Doran 2002). The archaeological record suggests a diffuse, yet well-scheduled, pattern of exploiting both coastal and interior resources. Because water sources were much more numerous and larger than in earlier times, the Early Archaic peoples could sustain larger populations, occupy sites for longer periods, and perform activities that required longer occupation at a specific locale (Milanich 1994:67). However, most Early Archaic sites that have been found are small, seasonal campsites.

During the Middle Archaic period, ca. 5000 to 3000 B.C.E., a shift from the dispersed settlement pattern of the preceding period to a system of base camps with numerous, smaller satellite camps has been hypothesized. The changes in settlement pattern resulted in maximizing the use of forest resources and may indicate that larger bands of people were living together part of the year. Artifacts associated with this period include broad-bladed, stemmed projectile points such as the Newnan, Marion, and Putnam types. In addition, specialized tools such as microliths and burins, large chopping implements, as well as an array of expedient tools, have been found at archaeological sites. A few regional cemetery sites, such as Republic Groves in Hardee County and the Bay West Nursery Site in Collier County, with interments in bogs, springs, and other wetlands, provide some of the first evidence for mortuary ceremonialism during this time (Beriault et al. 1981; Wharton et al. 1981).

During the Late Archaic, ca. 3000 to 1200 B.C.E., populations increased and became more sedentary. Broad bladed, stemmed projectile points of the Middle Archaic continued with the addition of the Clay, Culbreath, and Lafayette stemmed and corner notched varieties (Bullen 1975). The abundant wetland resources allowed larger settlements to be maintained. It is likely that the change in settlement patterns is related to environmental changes. By the end of the Middle Archaic, the climate closely resembled that of today; vegetation changed from those species which preferred moist conditions to pines and mixed forests (Watts and Hansen 1988). The adaptation to this environment allowed for a greater variety of resources to be exploited and increased variation in settlement patterns. An increased reliance on marine resources is evident in the coastal areas and it is during this period that coastal and riverine shell middens began to accumulate. One of the best-known and preserved sites of this type is the Palmer Site (Historic Spanish Point) in Sarasota County. Here, a horseshoe-shaped shell midden encircles a freshwater spring adjacent to Sarasota Bay (Bullen and Bullen 1976).

By about 2000 B.C.E., there is evidence of fired clay pottery in Florida. The first ceramic types were tempered with fibers (Spanish moss or palmetto) and are referred to as the Orange series. The ceramics were plain or decorated with geometric designs and punctations. Initially it was thought that the plain ceramics preceded the decorated ones, however, research has called the Orange chronology into question (Sassaman 2003). Based on a series of AMS dates on soot from Orange Incised sherds from the middle St. Johns River Valley and from radiocarbon dates on oyster and charcoal in association with Orange ceramics near the mouth of the river, all the various Orange ceramic types occur

within the time span of roughly 2150-1650 B.C.E. In addition, research by Cordell (2004) has documented the presence of sponge spicules in the Orange ceramic paste (the diagnostic trait of St. Johns wares) which suggest that the St. Johns ceramic tradition extends back to the beginning of the ceramic technology in the region.

Bridging the close of the Archaic stage and the beginning of the Formative is the Florida Transitional period, ca. 1200 to 500 B.C.E. (Bullen 1959). This time is characterized by a continued exploitation of shellfish, fish, and wild plants as well as a continued reliance on hunting. Additionally, the diffusion of culture traits resulting from the movements of small groups of people led to the spread of several ceramic and tool traditions (Bullen 1959, 1965; Bullen et al. 1978).

Research at the Canton Street Site suggests that the admixture of three projectile point traditions (basally notched, side and corner notched, and Archaic stemmed) and three ceramic traditions (limestone-tempered, sand-tempered, and temperless chalky ware) was representative of this dynamic period (Bullen et al. 1978). There is evidence that the fiber-tempered ceramics of the preceding Late Archaic were being gradually replaced by pottery of these three different traditions. By the end of the Transitional period, ceramic traditions were clearly regionalized throughout Florida. In the Central Peninsular Gulf Coast region, sand-tempered plain pottery became the dominant ceramic type. In addition, there is evidence of regional interaction with other cultures such as the Poverty Point complex of the lower Mississippi Valley.

3.3 FORMATIVE

The Formative is comprised of the Manasota and Weeden Island-related cultures (ca. 500 B.C.E. to 800 C.E. [Common Era]). Settlement patterns consisted of permanent villages located along the coast with seasonal forays into the interior to hunt, gather, and collect those resources unavailable along the coast. Most Manasota sites are shell middens found on or near the shore where aboriginal villagers had easiest access to fish and shellfish (Milanich 1994). Subsistence patterns were focused on the coastal exploitation of fish and shellfish, supplemented by hunting and gathering inland resources (Luer and Almy 1982). Investigations at Shaw's Point, Fort Brook Midden, Yat Kitischee, and Myakkahatchee sites have provided a wealth of information on site formation, subsistence economies, and technology and their changes over time (Austin 1995; Austin et al. 1992; Luer et al. 1987; Schwadron 2002). The major villages were located along the shores with smaller sites being located up to 12-18 miles inland. These inland sites, which probably served as seasonal villages or special-use campsites, were often located in the pine flatwoods on elevated lands proximate to a source of freshwater where a variety of resources could be exploited (Austin and Russo 1989; Luer and Almy 1982). Hardin and Piper (1984) suggest that some of the larger inland sites may actually be permanent or semi-permanent settlements as opposed to seasonal campsites.

Manasota is characterized by a wide range of material cultural traits such as a welldeveloped shell and bone tool technology, sand tempered plain ceramics, and burials within shell middens (Luer and Almy 1982). Much of the shell and bone technology evolved out of the preceding Archaic period. Through time, the burial patterns became more elaborate, with burials being placed within sand burial mounds located near the villages and middens. The early burial patterns consisted of primary flexed burials in the shell middens, while later sites contained secondary burials within sand mounds. Temporal placement within the Manasota period can be determined based upon diagnostic ceramic rim and vessel forms (Luer and Almy 1982). The early forms (ca. 500 B.C.E. – 400 C.E.) are characterized as flattened globular bowls with incurving rims and chamfered lips. Pot forms with rounded lips and inward curving rims were utilized from about 200 B.C.E. until 700 C.E. Deeper pot forms with straight sides and rounded lips were developed around 400 C.E. and continued into the Safety Harbor period. Simple bowls with outward curving rims and flattened lips were used from the end of the Late Weeden Island period (ca. 800 C.E.) into the Safety Harbor period. Vessel wall thickness decreased over time.

The lithic assemblage of the Manasota culture was scarce along the coast especially in the more southern portions of the region where stone suitable for tool manufacture was absent. Projectile point types associated with the Manasota period include the Sarasota, Hernando, and Westo varieties (Luer and Almy 1982).

Influences from the Weeden Island "heartland," located in north-central Florida, probably resulted in the changes in burial practices. These influences can also be seen in the increased variety of ceremonial ceramic types through time. The secular, sand tempered ware continued to be the dominant ceramic type. Manasota evolved into what is referred to as a Weeden Island-related culture. The subsistence and settlement patterns remained fairly consistent. Hunting and gathering of the inland and coastal resources continued. Evidence of a widespread trade network is seen by the ceramic types (Wakulla Check Stamped, St. Johns Check Stamped, and Weeden Island varieties) and other exotic artifacts present within the burial mounds.

Ceremonialism and its expressions, such as the construction of complex burial mounds containing exotic and elaborate grave offerings, reached their greatest development during this time period. Similarly, the subsistence economy, divided between maritime and terrestrial animals and perhaps horticultural products, represents the maximum effective adjustment to the environment. In general, Weeden Island-related period sites are found along the coast, on bay shores, or on streams, and nearly all are marked by shell refuse with burial mounds of sand situated near the middens (Willey 1949).

Many Weeden Island-related sites consist of villages with associated mounds, as well as ceremonial/burial mound sites. The artifact assemblage is distinguished by the presence of Weeden Island ceramic types. These are among some of the finest ceramics in the southeast; they are often thin, well-fired, burnished, and decorated with incising, punctation, complicated stamping, and animal effigies (Milanich 1994:211). Coastal sites are marked by the presence of shell middens, indicating a continued pattern of exploitation of marine and estuarine resources. Interaction between the inland farmer-gatherers and coastal hunter-gatherers may have developed into mutually beneficial exchange systems (Kohler 1991:98). This could account for the presence of non-locally made ceramics at some of the Weeden Island-related period sites. There is no definitive evidence for horticulture (e.g., charred cobs, kernels, or beans) in the coastal area (Milanich 1994:215).

3.4 MISSISSIPPIAN/ACCULTURATIVE

The final aboriginal cultural manifestation in the Central Peninsular Gulf Coast region is Safety Harbor, named for the type-site in Pinellas County. The presence of datable European artifacts (largely Spanish) in sites, along with radiocarbon dates from early Safety Harbor contexts associated with Englewood ceramics, provide the basis for dividing the October 2009 WPI Segment Number: 419235-3 Safety Harbor period into two pre-Columbian phases: Englewood (900-1000 C.E.) and Pinellas (1000-1500 C.E.) and two colonial period phases: Tatham (1500-1567 C.E.) and Bayview (1567-1725 C.E.) (Mitchem 1989). The Safety Harbor variant in Hillsborough, northern Manatee, Pinellas and southern Pasco counties is identified as the Circum-Tampa Bay regional variant.

In general, further influences from the north led to the incorporation of many features of the Mississippian culture by the late Weeden Island-related peoples, which became the Safety Harbor culture. Often, Safety Harbor components are located on top of the earlier Weeden Island deposits. South of Tampa Bay there is evidence of significant continuity from Weeden Island-related sites into the Mississippian culture of the area. Major Safety Harbor sites remained primarily along the shore with many situated at the same locations as late Manasota sites (Luer and Almy 1981). The Portavant Mound complex (8MA919), in Manatee County, is an excellent example of continued occupation (Weisman et al. 1994).

Large towns or villages often had a temple mound, plaza, midden, and a burial mound associated with them. Research supports earlier suggestions that some maize agriculture may have been practiced by the Safety Harbor peoples as they continued marine and terrestrial exploitation of the region's food resources (Luer and Almy 1981). Although most Safety Harbor sites are located along coastal bays and rivers, inland sites are also known (Willey 1949).

3.5 COLONIALISM

The Timucuan Indians are the historic counterparts of the Safety Harbor people. In the Tampa Bay area they are referred to as the Tocobaga. The cultural traditions of the native Floridians ended with the advent of European expeditions to the New World. The initial events, authorized by the Spanish crown in the 1500s, ushered in devastating European contact. After Ponce de Leon's landing near St. Augustine in 1513, Spanish explorations were confined to the west coast of Florida; Narvaéz is thought to have made shore in 1528 in St. Petersburg and de Soto's 1539 landing is commemorated at De Soto Point on the south bank of the Manatee River. When the first Europeans arrived in coastal southwest Florida in the 16th century, they encountered the Calusa, a powerful, complex society ruled by a paramount chief. The principal town of the Calusa is thought to be Mound Key near Fort Myers Beach. Historic documents suggest that the Calusa chief ruled over fifty towns, from which he exacted tribute (Widmer 1988). By the middle of the 18th century, the Calusa population had been almost totally decimated and dispersed as a result of conflicts with the Europeans and exposure to their diseases.

As the Calusa disappeared, fishing communities, or "ranchos," were established by Cuban and Spanish fisherfolk on various islands and along the coast between Charlotte Harbor and Tampa Bay. The earliest recorded ranchos may have been at Useppa Island and San Carlos Bay in Charlotte Harbor around 1765 (Hammond 1973). However, there is some evidence that remnants of the once powerful Calusa joined the Cuban-Spanish fisherfolk at the ranchos in Charlotte Harbor during the early 18th century (Almy 2001). The ranchos supplied dried fish to Cuban and northern markets until the mid-1830s, when onset of the Seminole Indian Wars and customs control ruined the industry.

By the mid-1700s, the native populations had all but vanished from the Tampa Bay area, and Creek Indians from Georgia and Alabama began moving into the Florida peninsula as October 2009 WPI Segment Number: 419235-3 settlers pushed south. These new arrivals became known as the Seminoles. They did not exploit the maritime and riverine resources on which the original Floridians had relied. Instead, they focused on hunting, horticulture, and cattle ranching.

The area that now constitutes the State of Florida was ceded to England in 1763 after two centuries of Spanish possession. England governed Florida until 1783 when the Treaty of Paris returned Florida to Spain; however, Spanish influence was nominal during this second period of ownership. Prior to the American colonial settlement of Florida, portions of the Muskogean Creek, Yamassee and Oconee Native American populations moved into Florida and repopulated the demographic vacuum created by the decimation of the original aboriginal inhabitants. These migrating groups of Native Americans became known to English speakers as Seminoles. They had an agriculturally based society, focusing upon cultivation of crops and the raising of horses and cattle. The material culture of the Seminoles remained similar to the Creeks, the dominant aboriginal pottery type being Chattahoochee Brushed. European trade goods, especially British, were common. The Creek settlement pattern included large villages located near rich agricultural fields and grazing lands for cattle.

Their early history can be divided into two basic periods: *colonization* (1716-1767) when the initial movement of Creek towns into Florida occurred and *enterprise* (1767-1821) which was an era of prosperity under the British and Spanish rule prior to the American presence (Mahon and Weisman 1996). The Seminoles formed at various times loose confederacies for mutual protection against the new American Nation to the north (Tebeau 1980:72). The Seminoles crossed back and forth into Georgia and Alabama conducting raids and welcoming escaped slaves. This resulted in General Andrew Jackson's invasion of Spanish Florida in 1818, which became known as the First Seminole War.

3.6 TERRITORIAL AND STATEHOOD

The bloody conflict between the Americans and the Seminoles over Florida first came to a head in 1818, and was subsequently known as the First Seminole War. As a result of the war and the Adams-Onis Treaty of 1819, Florida became a United States territory in 1821, but settlement was slow and scattered during the early years. Andrew Jackson, named provisional governor, divided the territory into St. Johns and Escambia Counties. At that time, St. Johns County encompassed all of Florida lying east of the Suwannee River, and Escambia County included the land lying to the west. In the first territorial census in 1825, some 317 persons reportedly lived in South Florida; by 1830 that number had risen to 517 (Tebeau 1980:134).

Even though the First Seminole War was fought in north Florida, the Treaty of Moultrie Creek in 1823, at the end of the war, was to affect the settlement of all of south Florida. The Seminoles relinquished their claim to the whole peninsula in return for an approximately four million acre reservation south of Ocala and north of Charlotte Harbor (Covington 1958; Mahon 1985:50). The eastern half of what is Pasco County and the northeastern corner of Hillsborough County were included within the new reservation boundary. The treaty satisfied neither the Indians nor the settlers. The inadequacy of the reservation and desperate situation of the Seminoles living there, plus the mounting demand of the settlers for their removal, soon produced another conflict.

Also in 1823, Gadsden County was created from St. John's County, and the following year Mosquito County was created out of Gadsden. This new county included all of the Tampa Bay area and reached south to Charlotte Harbor (Historic Tampa/Hillsborough County Historic Preservation Board [HT/HCPB] 1980:7). In 1824, Cantonment (later Fort) Brooke was established on the south side of the mouth of the Hillsborough River in what is now downtown Tampa by Colonel George Mercer Brooke for overseeing the angered Seminoles. Frontier families followed the soldiers and the settlement of the Tampa Bay area began. This caused some problems for the military as civilian settlements were not in accord with the Camp Moultrie agreement of 1823 (Guthrie 1974:10). By 1830, the United States War Department found it necessary to establish a military reserve around Fort Brooke with boundaries extending 16 miles to the north, west, and east of the fort (Chamberlin 1968:43). Within the 256 square mile military reservation were a guardhouse, barracks, storehouse, powder magazine, and stables.

By the early 1830s, governmental policy shifted in terms of relocating the Seminoles to lands west of the Mississippi River. Outrage at this policy of forced relocation resulted in the Second Seminole War (1835-1842). Following this conflict, the Seminoles who remained in Florida were driven further south, clearing the way for homesteaders. Archaeological evidence of the Seminole presence at Fort Brooke has been documented (Piper and Piper 1982).

Hillsborough County was established in 1834 by the Territorial Legislature of Florida as a result of the instrumental efforts of Augustus Steele, who arrived in 1832 (Piper and Piper 1982). At that time, the county covered an area that today comprises Pasco, Polk, Manatee, Sarasota, DeSoto, Charlotte, Highlands, Hardee, Pinellas, and Hillsborough counties--most of southwestern Florida. The county was named for the "river which ran through it and the bay into which the river flowed" (Bruton and Bailey 1984:18; Robinson 1928:22). Due to its isolated location, Hillsborough County was slow to develop. The Tampa Bay post office was closed at this time and reestablished as "Tampa" on September 13, 1834 (Bradbury and Hallock 1962). As settlement in the area increased, so did hostilities with Native Americans. The growing threat of Seminole invasion to the civilians near the fort propelled them to sign a petition asking for military protection. Only 25 men signed the petition showing the meager settlement in the area.

By 1835, the Second Seminole War was underway, triggered by an attack on Major Francis Langhorne Dade as he lead a company of soldiers from Fort Brooke to Fort King (now Ocala). As part of the effort to subdue Indian hostilities in Florida, military patrols moved into the wilderness in search of any Seminole concentrations. As the Second Seminole War escalated, attacks on isolated settlers and communities became more common. To combat this, the combined service units of the U.S. Army and Navy converged on southwest Florida. This joint effort attempted to seal off the southern portion of the Florida peninsula from the estimated 300 Seminoles remaining in the Big Cypress Swamp and Everglades (Covington 1958; Tebeau and Carson 1965).

In 1837, Fort Brooke became the headquarters for the Army of the South and the main garrison for the Seminole wars. The fort also served as a haven for settlers who had to leave their farms and seek protection from the warring Seminoles. Several other forts were established around the area during the Seminole War years. Their uses varied from military garrisons to military supply depots; others were built to protect the nearby settlers during

Indian uprisings. These included Fort Alabama (later Fort Foster), Fort Thonotosassa, and Fort Simmons (Bruton and Bailey 1984).

The Second Seminole War ended in 1842 when the federal government withdrew troops from Florida. Some of the battle-weary Seminoles were persuaded to emigrate to the Oklahoma Indian Reservation where the federal government had set aside land for Native American occupation. However, those who wished to remain were allowed to do so, but were pushed further south into the Everglades and Big Cypress Swamp. This area became the last stronghold for the Seminoles (Mahon 1985:321).

In 1840, the population of Hillsborough County was 452, with 360 of those residing at Fort Brooke (HT/HCPB 1980:7). Encouraged by the passage of the Armed Occupation Act in 1842, designed to promote settlement and protect the Florida frontier, settlers moved south through Florida. The Act made available 200,000 acres outside the already developed regions south of Gainesville to the Peace River, barring coastal lands and those within a two-mile radius of a fort. The Armed Occupation Act stipulated that any family or single man over 18 able to bear arms could earn title to 160 acres by erecting a habitable dwelling, cultivating at least five acres of land, and living on it for five years. During the nine-month period the law was in effect, 1184 permits were issued totaling some 189,440 acres (Covington 1961:48).

Tampa became a center of distribution for settlements springing up along the Alafia River and in South Florida. In 1843, William G. Ferris established a general merchandising business at Fort Brooke becoming the first of several merchandising firms. Washington Street was the business center of the village. The Tampa area had first been a military center and now was developing into a commercial center for the Gulf Coast region of Florida (Robinson 1928).

In 1845, the State of Florida was admitted to the Union, and Tallahassee was selected as the capital. The land in Tampa, surrounding Fort Brooke, continued to belong to the U.S. Government until 1846; therefore, there were few permanent structures beyond the immediate vicinity of the fort. After the military reservation was reduced from sixteen square miles to four square miles, John Jackson was hired to survey and plat the town in 1847 (Piper and Piper 1982; Robinson 1928:26). By the early 1850s, the first public buildings in Tampa, the courthouse and the Masonic Lodge, were complete; also, the Tampa Herald, Tampa's first newspaper, began distribution in 1853 (Robinson 1928:34-5).

The resulting increase in settlement of the region precipitated the need for cadastral cartographic surveys. The I-75 PD&E Study corridor was surveyed by A. M. Randolph in 1843 and Charles F. Hopkins in 1852. In their notes, they describe the area as 3rd rate pine with bay gall, prairie, swamp, and sawgrass with hammock located along the Hillsborough River (State of Florida 1843b, 1852a). Examination of the surveyor's plat and the field notes revealed that the corridor crosses over the Road to Fort King, Road to Fort Mellon, and a trail leading to the ford of the Alafia with a branch to Peace Creek (State of Florida 1843a, 1852a, 1852b, 1852c, 1852c, 1852e).

On December 15, 1855, the City of Tampa was incorporated by an act of the state legislature. Also in December of 1855, the Third Seminole War, or the Billy Bowlegs War, started as a result of pressure placed on Native Americans remaining in Florida to migrate west. The war started when Seminole Chief Billy Bowlegs and 30 warriors attacked an army

camp killing four soldiers and wounding four others. The attack was in retaliation for damage done by several artillerymen to property belonging to Billy Bowlegs. This hostile action renewed state and federal interest in the final elimination of the Seminoles from Florida.

However, military action was not decisive during the war; therefore, in 1858 the U.S. government resorted to monetary persuasion to induce the remaining Seminoles to migrate west. Chief Billy Bowlegs accepted \$5000 for himself and \$2500 for his lost cattle, each warrior received \$500, and \$100 was given to each woman and child. On May 4, 1858, the ship Grey Cloud set sail from Fort Myers with 123 Seminoles. Stopping at Egmont Key, 41 captives and a Seminole woman guide were added to the group. On May 8, 1858, the Third Seminole War was declared officially over (Covington 1982:78-80).

Residents turned to citrus, tobacco, vegetables, and lumber to make their living. Cattle ranching served as one of the first important economic activities reported in Manatee County. Mavericks left by the early Spanish explorers provided the source for the herds raised by the mid-eighteenth century "Cowkeeper" Seminoles. As the Seminoles were pushed further south during the wars, their cattle were either sold or left to roam. Settlers captured or bought the cattle and branded them for their own. By the late 1850s, the cattle industry of southwest Florida was developing on a significant scale. Hillsborough and Manatee Counties constituted Florida's leading cattle production region. By 1860, Fort Brooke and Punta Rassa (south of Ft. Myers) were major cattle shipping points for southwest Florida.

3.7 CIVIL WAR AND AFTERMATH

In 1861, Florida followed South Carolina's lead and seceded from the Union in a prelude to the American Civil War. Florida had much at stake in this war as evidenced in a report released from Tallahassee in June of 1861. It listed the value of land in Florida's 35 counties as \$35,127,721 and the value of the slaves in the state at \$29,024,513 (Dunn 1989:59). Even though the coast of Florida, including the port of Tampa, experienced a naval blockade during the war, the interior of the state saw very little military action (Robinson 1928:43). Many male residents abandoned their farms and settlements to join the Union army at one of the coastal areas retained by the United States government or joined the Confederate cow cavalry. The cow cavalry provided one of the major contributions of the state to the Confederate war effort by supplying and protecting the transportation of beef to the government (Akerman 1976:93-95). Salt works along the Gulf Coast also functioned as a major contributor to the efforts of the Confederacy (Lonn 1965). The war lasted until 1865 when General Robert E. Lee surrendered to General Ulysses S. Grant at Appomattox Courthouse in Virginia.

Immediately following the war, the South underwent a period of "Reconstruction" to prepare the Confederate states for readmission to the Union. The program was administered by the U.S. Congress, and on July 25, 1868, Florida officially returned to the Union (Tebeau 1980:251). Civilian activity slowly resumed a normal pace after recovery from wartime depressions, and the population continued to expand. The 1866 Homestead Act was passed to encourage settlement. The act allowed freedmen and loyal United States citizens to receive 80-acre tracts in Florida and the other four public land states of the south. Former Confederates were not eligible to receive homesteads under the Act until 1876 when the

lands were open to unrestricted sale (Tebeau 1980:266, 294). The Homestead Act encouraged growth and settlement throughout the Reconstruction era.

The State of Florida faced a financial crisis involving title to public lands in the early 1880s. By Act of Congress in 1850, the federal government turned over to the states for drainage and reclamation all "swamp and overflow land." Florida received approximately ten million acres. To manage that land and the five million acres the state had received on entering the Union, the state legislature created the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Fund in 1851. In 1855, the legislature set up a trust fund, the Florida Internal Improvement Fund, in which state lands were to be held. The Fund became mired in debt after the Civil War, and under state law, no land could be sold until the debt was cleared. In 1881, the Trustees started searching for someone to buy enough state land to pay off the Fund's debt to permit sale of the remaining millions of acres that it controlled.

By 1881, Hamilton Disston, a member of a prominent Pennsylvania saw manufacturing family and friend of then Governor William Bloxham, had entered into agreement with the State of Florida to purchase four million acres of swamp and overflowed land for one million dollars. In exchange for this, he promised to drain and improve the land. Disston's land holding company was the Florida Land and Improvement Company. He and his associates also formed the Atlantic and Gulf Coast Canal and Okeechobee Land Company in 1881 (Davis 1939:205). This company was established as part of the drainage contract established with the State. This contract provided one-half of the acreage that they could drain, reclaim, and make fit for cultivation south of Township 23 South (later changed to Township 24 South) and east of the Peace River. This transaction, which became known as the Disston Purchase, enabled the distribution of large land subsidies to railroad companies, inducing them to begin extensive construction programs for new lines throughout the state. Disston and the railroad companies in turn sold smaller parcels of land to developers and private investors (Tebeau and Carson 1965:252). He sold half of this contract to the British Florida Land and Mortgage Company, headed by Sir Edward James Reed, in 1882 (Tischendorf 1954). This was done to cover the second payment on the Purchase since Disston's assets had been tied up in the drainage contract.

However, the first real influence on the growth of Hillsborough County as a whole was the investment of capital in railroad construction during the 1880s. Such activity was encouraged by the State of Florida, which granted sizeable amounts of land to the railroad companies. In general, railroad development increased access, stimulated commerce and promoted tourism, thus resulting in population growth and economic prosperity. Portions of the corridor were purchased by the Central and Peninsular Railroad Company and the Plant Investment company in the early 1890s (State of Florida n.d.-a: 165; n.d.-b). Other portions of the corridor were purchased some ten years earlier by individuals (Table 3-1).

Twp/Rng	Twp/Rng Section & Part To Whom Deed		Year
	1 - E of NE	Florida Central & Peninsular Railroad Co. (FC&P)	1893
	1 – NE of SE	FC&P	1893
	1 – SE of SE	Henry H. Miley	1885
000/405	12 – NE of NE	Henry H. Miley	1885
28S/19E	12 – SE of NE	Martin Knudson	1892
	12 – N of SE	Hamilton Disston	1881
	12 – S of SE	Thomas Seely	1893
	13 – NE of NE	Andrew Giddings	1884
	13 – SE of NE, E of SE	Antony Goins	1884
	18 - W of SW	Sarah E. Phelps	1885
	19 – all but NE of NE	FC&P	1890, 1893
28S/20E	29 – all	FC&P	1890
203/20E	30 – all	Plant Investment Co.	1884
	32 – NW	Plant Investment Co.	1884
	32 – E of SW, W of SE	FC&P	1893
	5 – N of NE, NE of NW, SE of SE	FC&P	1890
	5 – S of NE, N of SE	Hammond M. Bryan	1884
	5 – SE of NW	J. J. Grantham	1884
	5 – NE of SW, S of SW	James F. Rogers	1884
29S/20E	8 – all	Plant Investment Co.	1884
293/20E	17 – NW, W of NE, SW	FC&P	1896
	20 – W	Plant Investment Co.	1884
	29 – all but NE of NE	FC&P	1890
	31 – all	FC&P	1890
	32 – all	Plant Investment Co.	1884
30S/20E	6 – all	Plant Investment Co.	1884
	7 - W	Hamilton Disston	1881

Table 3-1 Original property owners	along the I-75 PD&E Study corridor
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Agriculture expanded in the rural areas as locally grown fruits and vegetables could now be shipped to northern markets by rail. The phosphate industry also boomed during the 1880s with initial discoveries along the Peace River, and across Florida in areas through which the Peace River flowed. The industry radiated out across regions of Hillsborough, Manatee, Polk, Hardee, and DeSoto Counties, into the deposit regions of the Alafia, Little Manatee, and Manatee, as well as the Peace Rivers (HT/HCPB 1980:16, 18).

The Spanish American War, in 1898, brought millions of dollars and many troops to Tampa. Tampa was the United States' nearest shipping point for the war effort in Cuba. Consequently, it was the designated shipping out point for the troops. Henry Plant's Tampa Bay Hotel became the headquarters of the Army (Evans 1972). Troops began arriving in April of 1898 and by May of that year, they outnumbered residents two to one (Friedel 1985; Grismer 1950). By early June, an estimated 20,000 troops had shipped out to Cuba with thousands more waiting. However, the war ended on July 5th, and by the end of August, the troops were gone and Tampa returned to normal.

3.8 TWENTIETH CENTURY

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The great Florida Land Boom of the 1920s saw widespread development of highways and towns, including Temple Terrace. The land that is now the City of Temple Terrace was acquired by the Potter Palmer family in 1911 as part of their 6,000-acre winter hunting preserve. After the death of Mrs. Palmer in 1918, the land was sold to two development corporations. Temple Terrace Estates, Inc. developed a golf course and residential areas; Temple Terraces, Inc. developed 5,000 acres of orange groves, which included a new kind of orange, the "Temple, for which the City was named. The new development, platted in 1922, was originally targeted to be a golf course community for wealthy northerners. Between 1923 and 1925, streets were paved and storm sewers installed. On May 25, 1925, the City was incorporated. D. Collins Gillette, one of the founding developers, served as the first mayor, and Maude C. Fowler, also a developer and one of the major promoters of Temple Terrace as a resort community, and for whom Fowler Avenue is named, served as vice mayor. As a result of the stock market crash of 1929 and the Great Depression, the original plan for the City was never fully realized, most of the orange groves were wiped out by freezes in 1927 and 1928, and the area remained stagnant until the housing boom after World War II (Bregar n.d.: City of Temple Terrace n.d.).

The community of Mango developed during the 1850s as homesteaders claimed tracts of land. The Goff, Holder, Deshang, and Booley families were among the first settlers in the area. E.A. Hewitt officially platted Mango in 1884. This small agricultural community supported several stores, a hotel, a saw mill, and two churches, but only had a population of roughly 30 in 1888 and 45 in 1893 (Hillsborough County Planning & Growth Management 1998:80). Continuing into the early decades of the twentieth century, Mango's population was sparse, with no more than 12 houses in a two-mile radius by 1912 when Hugh M. Sampson, Sr. settled on 60 acres (Hillsborough County Planning & Growth Management 1998:80). Mango's growth, in large part, was related to the Plant railroad line, which enabled farmers to sell their produce in nearby town markets. The population climbed to around 821 persons during the 1930s, although shortly afterwards its identity had been largely absorbed by the growing town of Brandon located directly to the south (TBHC 2003).

In the mid-1930s, the New Deal programs of Franklin D. Roosevelt's administration were aimed at pulling the nation out of the Depression, and Hillsborough County did benefit from these with the Public Works Administration's projects. However, it was not until World War II that the local economy recovered, along with the rest of the state (Lowry 1974). Federal roads, channel building, and airfield construction for the wartime defense effort brought numerous Americans into Florida and Tampa.

As World War II ended, Hillsborough County, like most of Florida, experienced a population boom in the 1950s. Florida's population increased from 1,897,414 to 2,771,305 from 1940 to 1950 (United States Census Bureau [USCB] 1995). The late 1950s saw the end of the cigar industry in Tampa due to the Cuban Revolution and an American embargo on Cuban tobacco. After the war, car ownership increased, making the American public more mobile. Tourism, along with corporate investments, developed as one of the major industries for the Tampa Bay area. Many who had served at Florida's military bases during World War II also returned with their families to live. As veterans returned, the trend in new housing focused on the development of small tract homes in new subdivisions. In the early 1960s, the Lower Hillsborough River Flood Detention Area (FDA) and the Tampa Bypass Canal were created as part of a federal flood control project. The nearly 16,000-acre FDA, which abuts the northern limit of the I-75 study corridor, provides space for floodwater storage. When not needed for flood control purposes, about 7,000 acres of the FDA are used by Hillsborough County as a park (SWFWMD n.d.). The Tampa Bypass Canal and six concrete flood control structures were built mostly in the 1960s and 1970s. The canal redirects rising waters along the Hillsborough River into the constructed canal and down to McKay Bay. The northernmost dam, S-155, is located near where the Hillsborough River intersects I-75 just north of Fletcher Avenue.

Completion of Interstate 275 provided convenient access within the metropolitan Tampa area. I-75, completed through eastern Hillsborough County in the early 1980s, provided access allowing continued growth in the counties. Throughout the last twenty years, commercial development, including tourist attractions such as Busch Gardens, restaurants, and hotels, have exploded along the interstate systems, keeping tourism as one of the primary revenue sources in Florida.

With the population explosion in Hillsborough County, the character of the area has changed dramatically. By 1970, development of residential communities, mobile home parks, and villages was well underway throughout the region. By 2000, the population of Hillsborough County totaled 998,948, making the county the fourth largest in the state. The largest employers are in the retail trade, services, and government sectors. Hillsborough, Pasco, Hernando, and Pinellas Counties were designated as the Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater Metropolitan Area by the United States Census Bureau (USCB). Although most of Hillsborough County's population is centered around Tampa Bay, the project area, although still somewhat rural in nature, is increasingly becoming developed.

4.0 RESEARCH CONSIDERATIONS AND METHODS

4.1 BACKGROUND RESEARCH AND LITERATURE REVIEW

A review of archaeological and historical literature, records, and other documents and data pertaining to the project area, including the ETDM Summary Report (Project #8002; FDOT 2007) was conducted. The focus of this research was to ascertain the types of cultural resources known in the I-75 PD&E Study APE, their temporal/cultural affiliations, site location information, and other relevant data. This included a review of the sites listed in the NRHP, the FMSF, published books and articles, and cultural resource survey reports. In addition to the FMSF, other data relative to the background research were obtained from the files of ACI. The data resulting from the background research, including an archaeological site location predictive model, plus proposed survey methods, were summarized in a research design which was prepared for both I-75 study areas (ACI 2008b). The research design was submitted for review to the FHWA, SHPO, and Native American Tribes in 2008. The SHPO concurred with the research design in a letter dated September 5, 2008; the Miccosukee Tribe of Indians of Florida approved it in a letter dated August 14, 2008, and requested consultation if the project results in impacts to cultural resources (Appendix A). No individuals with specific knowledge concerning the archaeology of the APE were indentified during this project. ACI Architectural Historians Desiree Estabrook and Marielle Lumang interviewed available resident property owners, including Mr. Frederick LaVerne Patrick, resident of 12424 Tanner Road (personal communication with F. V. Patrick, 2008).

4.1.1 Archaeological Considerations

Typically, for CRAS projects of this kind, specific research designs are formulated prior to initiating fieldwork to delineate project goals and strategies. Primarily, an attempt is made to understand, based on prior investigations, the spatial distribution of known resources. Such knowledge serves not only to generate an informed set of expectations concerning the kinds of sites which might be anticipated to occur within the project area, but also provides a valuable regional perspective and, thus, a basis for evaluating any new sites discovered.

Sixty-four previously recorded archaeological sites are located within one-half mile of the project corridor (Figures 4-1 through 4-3; Table 4-1). The 29 sites denoted by green shading in Table 4-1 are located within the project APE. Summary data for each are presented in the Results chapter which follows. Many of these sites are among the 31 lithic and/or artifact scatters originally recorded by B. Calvin Jones in 1978 during Phase I archaeological survey of the proposed I-75 ROW. Of these 29 archaeological sites, nine (8HI99, -450, -472, -473, -476, -483, -507, -510, and -521) were the focus of Phase II evaluative site testing; five (8HI472, -473, -476A, -476B, and -507) were also subjected to Phase III mitigative salvage excavation as part of the original I-75 study. Today, roughly 25

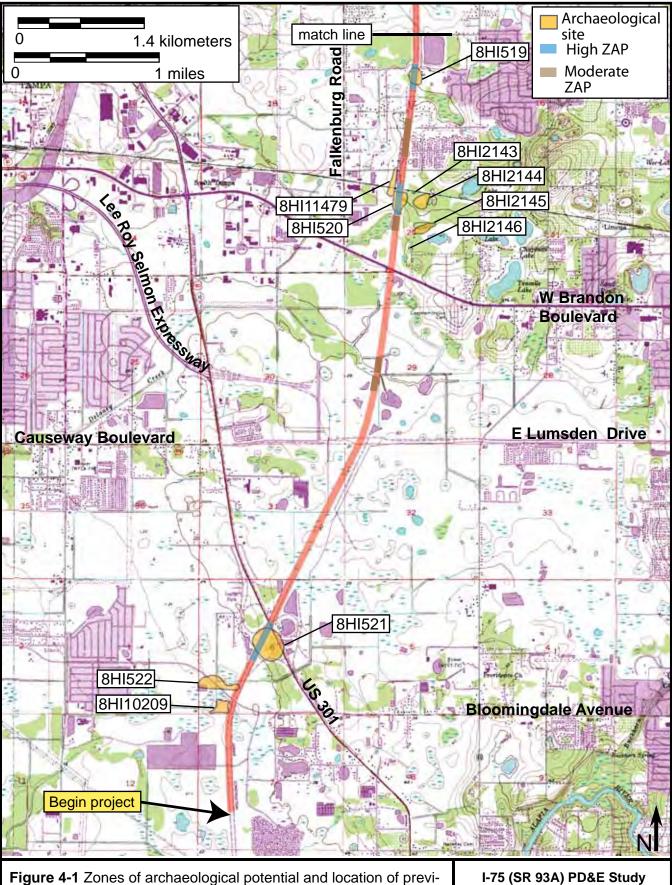
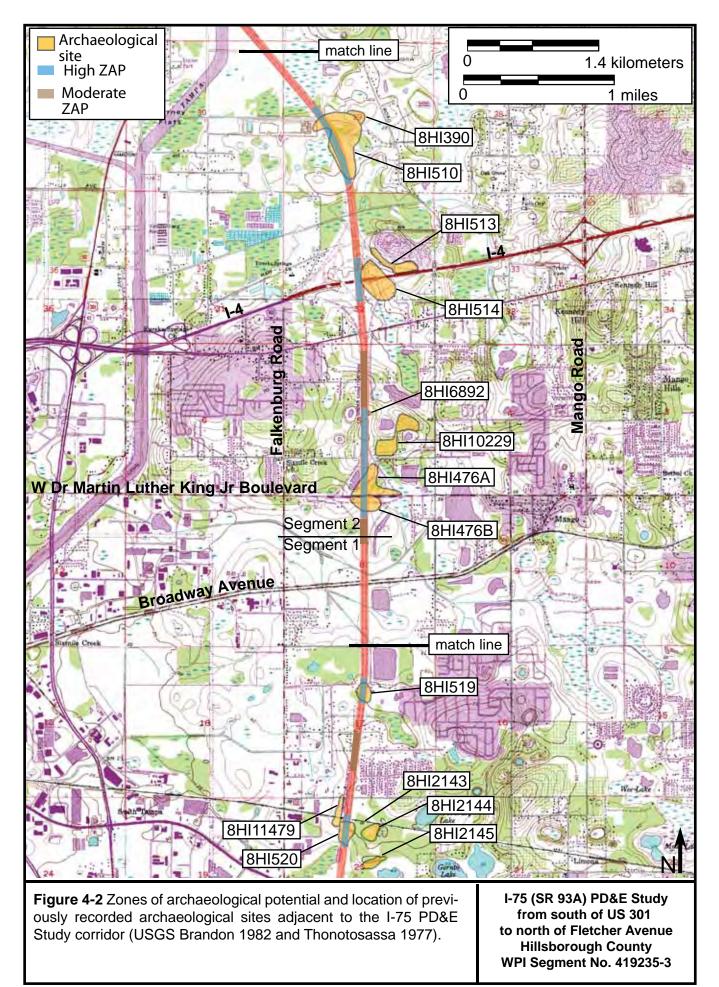
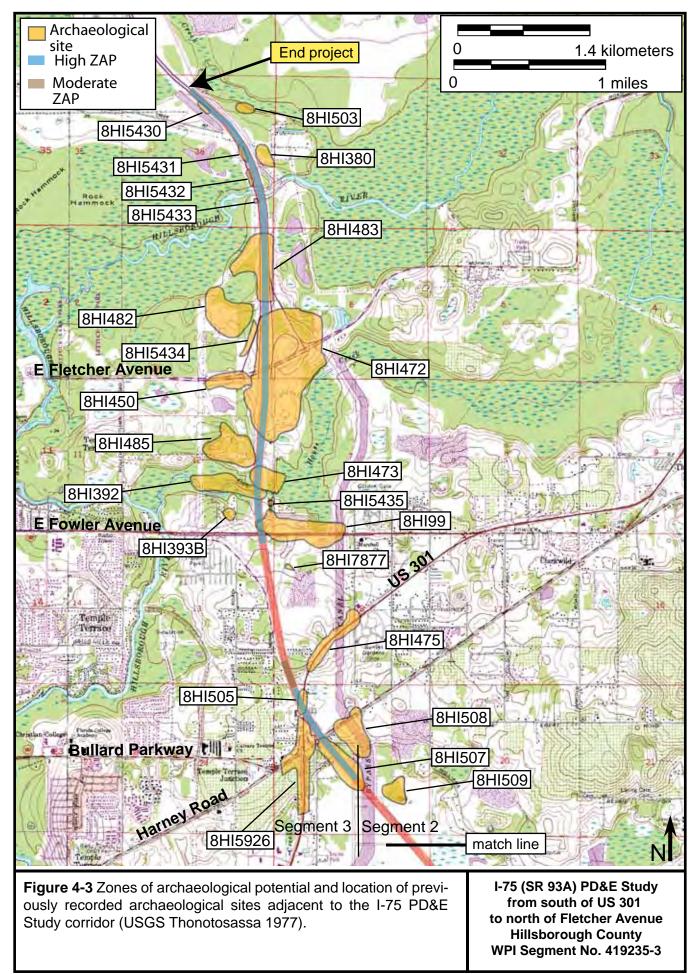


Figure 4-1 Zones of archaeological potential and location of previously recorded archaeological sites adjacent to the I-75 PD&E Study corridor (USGS Brandon 1982).

I-75 (SR 93A) PD&E Study from south of US 301 to north of Fletcher Avenue Hillsborough County WPI Segment No. 419235-3





Site #	Site Name	Site Type	Culture	SHPO Eval*	
HI00099	Landfill	fill Lithic scatter/quarry, artifact scatter Archaic, Weeden Island, 19th century, 20th century		PE	
HI00381	Fish Pond	Campsite, subsurface features, lithic scatter/quarry	Paleo-Indian, Archaic, Transitional	PE	
HI00390	Bartolotti	Lithic scatter/quarry	Aboriginal lacking pottery	No	
HI00391	Bennet	Artifact scatter	Archaic, post-Archaic, 20th century	NE	
HI00392	Cow House Slough	Lithic scatter/quarry	Post-Archaic	No	
HI00393B	Thompson	Lithic scatter/quarry	Archaic	No	
HI00450	Power Line A	Artifact scatter, lithic scatter/quarry	Early & Middle Archaic	PE	
HI00472	Wetherington Ridge	Campsite, raw material procurement; quarry	Paleo-Indian, Early, Middle & Late Archaic, Manasota	PE	
HI00473	Wetherington Island	Raw material procurement, subsurface features, quarry, artifact scatter	Paleo-Indian, Early, Middle & Late Archaic, post-Archaic	PE	
HI00475	301 Crossing	Artifact scatter, lithic scatter/quarry	Archaic	NE	
HI00476A	Diamond Dairy: A	Habitation Middle Archaic		PE	
HI00476B	Diamond Dairy: B	Habitation Middle Archaic		PE	
HI00482	Power Line B	Lithic scatter/quarry	Aboriginal	PE	
HI00483	Deerstand Site	Raw material procurement, lithic scatter/quarry	Early, Middle & Late Archaic	PE	
HI00485	Deputy Smith	Lithic scatter/quarry	Archaic	PE	
HI00503	North Trout Creek	Lithic scatter	Archaic	No	
HI00504	Navajo Davis	Lithic scatter/quarry	Archaic	No	
HI00505	Fruit Stand	Lithic scatter/quarry	Archaic	NE	
HI00506	Oak Pond	Artifact scatter	Archaic, Weeden Island	No	
HI00507	Harney Flats	Artifact scatter	Paleo-Indian, Early and Middle Archaic, post-Archaic	PE	
HI00508	Black Chert	Artifact scatter	Paleo-Indian, Archaic, Weeden Island	No	
HI00509	West Williams	Subsurface features, midden, lithic scatter	Early, Middle & Late Archaic	PE	
HI00510	Bartolotti	Lithic scatter/quarry	Paleo-Indian, Early and Middle Archaic, post-Archaic	PE	
HI00511	Bartolotti SW	Lithic scatter/quarry	Archaic	No	

Providually reported archaeological sites within 0.5 mile of the 1.75 PD2E Study corridor **T** = 1, 1 = 1 . .

I-75 PD&E STUDY CULTURAL RESOURCE ASSESSMENT SURVEY

Site #	Site Name	Site Type	Culture	SHPO Eval*	
HI00513	Red Hill	Lithic scatter/quarry, artifact scatter	Archaic	NE	
HI00514	Road End	Lithic scatter/quarry, artifact scatter Archaic		NE	
HI00519	Graves Road	Historic refuse / Dump, lithic scatter/quarry Archaic, 20th century		NE	
HI00520	South Railroad	Lithic scatter/quarry	Aboriginal	No	
100521	Titus Church	Lithic scatter/quarry	Archaic	No	
100522	Two Horse	Lithic scatter/quarry	Archaic	NE	
HI00539	Dam	Lithic scatter/quarry Paleo-Indian, Middle Archaic		I	
HI02123	Hidden River 4	Lithic scatter/quarry Indeterminate		No	
102125	Hidden River 5	Artifact scatter Middle Archaic, Manasota		No	
HI02126	Hidden River 7	Artifact scatter	Transitional, Deptford, Weeden Island	No	
H02142	Nasty Knoll	Lithic scatter/quarry	Indeterminate	No	
HI02143	Regency NW	Lithic scatter/quarry	Middle Archaic	No	
HI02144	NN	Lithic scatter/quarry Indeterminate		No	
HI02145	Stuck Car	Lithic scatter/quarry	Indeterminate	No	
102146	Regency SW	Lithic scatter/quarry	Indeterminate	No	
HI03293	Darsey	Artifact scatter, lithic scatter	Early, Middle & Late Archaic	NE	
HI03395	State Street Bank 2	Historic refuse / Dump	20th century	No	
HI03397	State Street Bank 4	Lithic scatter/quarry Aboriginal		No	
HI05051	Baptist Church Road	Historic refuse / Dump20th centuryLithic scatter/quarryAboriginalLithic scatterAboriginal lacking potteryCampsite, habitation, artifact scatterArchaic		NE	
HI05429	Vandenberg Airport	Lithic scatter Aboriginal lacking pottery		PE	
1105430	WLR 11-1 Site	Campsite, habitation, artifact scatter Archaic Lithic scatter Indeterminate		No	
HI05431	WLR 12-1 Site	Artifact scatter	Indeterminate	No	
1105432	WLR 12-2 Site	Lithic scatter	Indeterminate	No	
105433	WLR 12-3 Site	Single artifact	Indeterminate	No	
105434	NN	Artifact scatter	Aboriginal lacking pottery, 20 th century	NE	
105435	NN	Artifact scatter	Aboriginal lacking pottery, 20th century	NE	
105438	X137AWI-1	Artifact scatter	Aboriginal lacking pottery, 20 th century	NE	
HI05926	Vera's Thrift Shop	Artifact scatter	Early Archaic	NE	
HI06704	Two Crane Tortoise	Campsite	Aboriginal lacking pottery	NE	
1106892	Bayside #11	Historic refuse / Dump, lithic scatter/quarry	Aboriginal lacking pottery, 20th century	NE	

Table 4-1 Proviously recorded archaeological sites within 0.5 mile of the L75 PD&E Study corridor

Site #	Site Name	Site Type	Culture	SHPO Eval*	
HI06898	Bayside #12	Ceramic scatter, lithic scatter/quarry Post-Archaic		NE	
HI07877	Raulerson Road Pond	Lithic scatter			
HI07878	Cow Wallow	Campsite, raw material procurement	Paleo-Indian, Transitional, Weeden Island, St. Johns, 20th century	NE	
HI08368	LL School "J"	Campsite, raw material procurement	Paleo-Indian, Late Archaic, Orange, Transitional, Weeden Island	PE	
HI09692	Barak Site	Unspecified Aboriginal lacking pottery		No	
HI09956	Freedom Ridge	Lithic scatter	Aboriginal lacking pottery	NE	
HI09987	Claymore	Campsite	Aboriginal lacking pottery	PE	
HI10209	Progress	Campsite, raw material procurement	Aboriginal lacking pottery	NE	
HI10229	Sampson Grove	Habitation	Aboriginal		
HI11479	Regency NW (SEARCH)	Lithic scatter	Aboriginal lacking pottery	PE	

* PE=Potentially Eligible for NRHP, NE= Not Eligible for NRHP, II=Insufficient Information to make a determination, No= Not Evaluated by SHPO. Green shading denotes site located within the I-75 project APE.

years later, most of these sites, as located within the I-75 project APE, have lost their contextual integrity due to road construction and improvements, the placement of utility lines, and other developments. Thus, they no longer meet the criteria of eligibility for listing in the NRHP, at least in part, even though the FMSF lists them as "potentially eligible."

In addition to the 1978 survey of I-75, over 50 CRASs have been conducted within one-half mile of the I-75 PD&E Study corridor. These include 1970s surveys of recreation areas within the Lower Hillsborough River Flood Detention Area (Daniel et al. 1979), the Tampa Bypass Canal (Seabury et al. 1975), and the Lake Thonotosassa By-Pass Canal (Deming 1976). Transportation project-related survey, conducted between the 1970s and recently, include the Vandenberg Airport expansion (Janus Research 1996a), the Crosstown Expressway (Baker and McGuire 1978; HDR Engineering 1991; Janus Research 1998, 2000), I-4 (Janus Research 1992b), US 92/SR 660 (ACI 1993), US 301 (Deming 1997; Janus Research 1996b, 1999), I-75 (ACI 2003, 2006b), SR 60 (Adamo Drive) (ACI 2004), and the Florida High Speed Rail (ACI/Janus 2003). Several other surveys were conducted for water and sewage conveyance (Austin 1999, 2000a; Miller 1979; SEARCH 2000a; Wharton 1988).

Several of the sites discovered during the original I-75 survey were relocated and investigated by R. Christopher Goodwin and Associates, Inc. during Phase I survey along the Florida Gas Transmission Company corridor, plus access roads, and work spaces in the general vicinity of the I-75 corridor (Athens et al. 1994; Athens and Weisman 1994; Austin 2000b; Pochurek 2000; SEARCH 2000b; Stokes 2002a, 2002b, 2002c). Further testing and data recovery at several sites (e.g., 8HI472 and 8HI473) were recommended, and Phase II testing and Phase III mitigative excavations were carried out (Brown et al. 1996; Goodwin et al. 1994).

Since the mid-1970s, other surveys have been conducted incident to Developments of Regional Impact (DRIs) and various other developments. These include an 80-acre parcel (Miller 1974), Deltona (Grange et al. 1979), Brandon Town Center (Piper et al. 1982), Hidden River (Almy and Deming 1982), Sabal Center (Brooks and Ballo 1984), Temple Terrace 2 (Deming et al. 1984), Regency Park North (Deming 1985), the Florida Corporate Center (ACI 1998), LL Middle School (Ambrosino 2002), Joe Ebert Road (Ambrosino 2003), Williams Crossing (Austin and Mohlman 2003), Lakeview Village (Quinn 2004), Freedom Ridge (Austin and Mohlman 2005), Claymore Crossings (Janus Research 2005), Gray Pines (Austin 2005), Harvest Creek (Hughes 2006), and Sampson Grove (Carty 2006) project areas. In addition, several surveys have been conducted for cellular communication towers (Deming 2000; Johnson 2001; Pracht 2001a, 2001b).

Based on these data, and other regional site location predictive models and studies (e.g., Austin et al. 1991; de Montmollin 1983; Deming 1980; Janus Research 1992a, 2004; Weisman and Collins 2004), informed expectations concerning the types of sites expected to occur within the project APE, as well as their likely environmental settings, was generated. As archaeologists have long realized, aboriginal populations did not select their habitation sites and activity areas in a random fashion. Rather, many environmental factors had a direct influence upon site location selection. Among these variables are soil drainage, distance to freshwater, relative topography, and proximity to food and other resources including stone and clay. Based on the aforementioned projects, plus more general regional studies, it has been repeatedly demonstrated that non-coastal archaeological sites are most often located near a permanent or semi-permanent source of potable water. In addition,

aboriginal sites are found, more often than not, on better-drained soils, and at the betterdrained upland margins of wetland features such as swamps, sinkholes, lakes, and ponds.

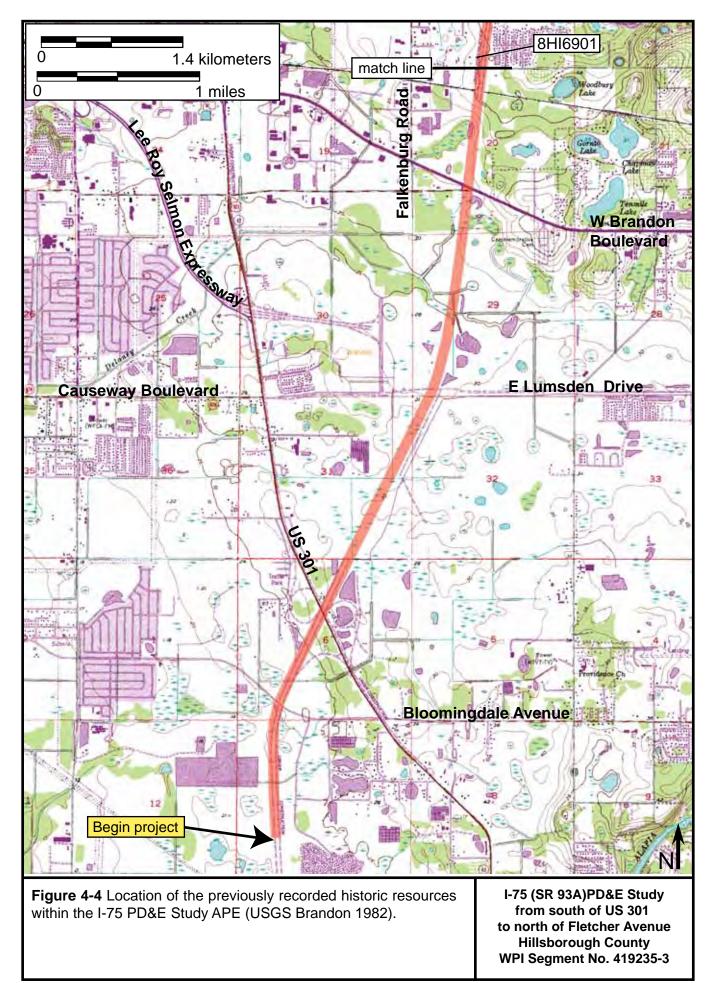
In general, comparative site location data for Hillsborough County indicate a pattern of site distribution favoring the relatively better-drained terrain proximate to rivers, creeks, ponds, freshwater marshes, lakes, and other wetland features. In spite of the numerous sites along I-75, the recent predictive model for Hillsborough County indicates that the corridor has a low to moderate potential for archaeological site occurrence (Janus Research 2004). Upland sites well removed from potable water are rare. In the pine flatwoods, sites tend to be situated on ridges and knolls near a freshwater source. It should be noted that this settlement pattern could not be applied to sites of the Paleo-Indian and Early Archaic periods, which precede the onset of modern environmental conditions. Those sites were "tethered" to water and lithic resources much more so than is evident during the later periods.

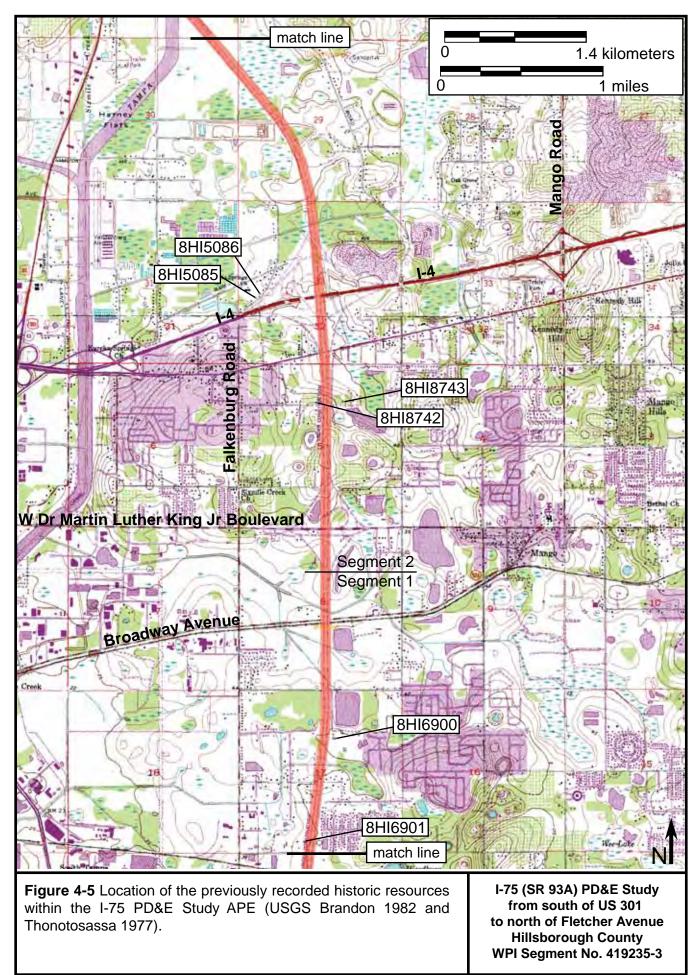
In summary, most of the previously recorded archaeological sites in the general vicinity of the project area can be described as lithic/artifact scatters. Many of these are characterized by small areal extent and low artifact density. These sites are believed to represent limited activity sites and short-term residential or hunting camps. The debris from stone tool manufacture and/or modification with or without a small quantity of ceramics comprises the site assemblages. Several of the sites in the area are large, suggesting longer periods of occupation or more intensive use of the general area.

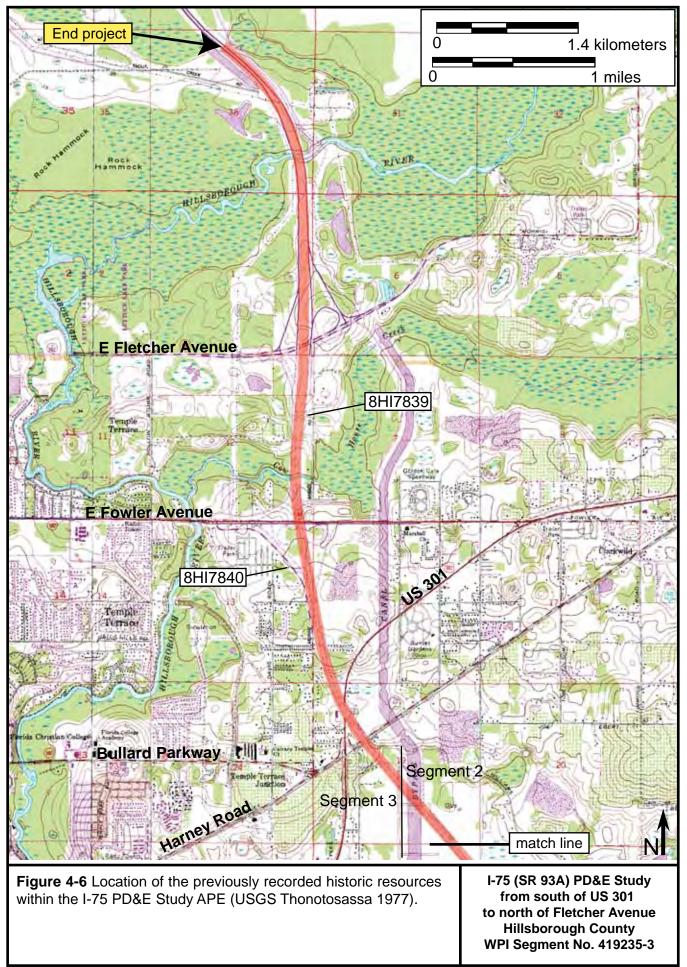
Given these known patterns of aboriginal settlement, it was anticipated that additional data on the previously recorded sites would be obtained and several areas were considered to have moderate potential for archaeological sites based on soils and distance to water. Given the results of the historic research, as detailed in the Historical Overview, no historic period archaeological sites, including nineteenth century homesteads, forts, or Indian encampments were expected. However, three historic trails leading to Peace Creek/Alafia ford, Fort Mellon, and Fort King are crossed by the I-75 corridor (State of Florida 1843c, 1852b, 1852d, 1852e). The potential for discovery of cultural materials associated with these historic trails was considered low.

4.1.2 Historical Considerations

Background research indicated that 25 previously recorded historic resources are located within one-half mile of the I-75 project ROW. Of these, eight are situated within the project APE (Figures 4-4, 4-5 and 4-6; Table 4-2). These resources were recorded as a result of a number of CRASs, including: A Cultural Resource Assessment Survey of the Interstate 4 Improvements Project Right-of-Way from 50th Street to the Hillsborough/Polk County Line, Hillsborough County, Florida (Janus Research 1992b), Survey Report for the FGT Company Proposed Bayside Lateral Reroute, Hillsborough County, Florida (SEARCH 2000c), Cultural Resource Assessment Survey I-75 (SR 93A) Project Development and Environment (PD&E) Study and Reevaluation from South of Fowler Avenue to South of CR 54 Hillsborough and Pasco Counties, Florida (ACI 2003) and the Florida High Speed Rail Authority PD&E Study (ACI/Janus 2003). The eight resources include seven Frame Vernacular style and one Bungalow style buildings constructed between ca. 1910 and 1947. All but 8HI7840 were evaluated as ineligible for the NRHP by the Florida SHPO; 8HI7840 was not evaluated.







Site #	Address	Year	Style*	Recorder/Year	SHPO Eval.
HI05085	6022 Faulkenburg Rd	ca. 1945	FV	Janus Research 1992b	Ineligible
HI05086	6034 Faulkenburg Rd	ca. 1945	FV	Janus Research 1992b	Ineligible
HI06900	2408 Graves Road	ca. 1939	FV	SEARCH 2000c	Ineligible
HI06901	10314 Woodberry Road	ca. 1930	FV	SEARCH 2000c	Ineligible
HI07839	12230 Old Morris Bridge Rd	1940	FV	ACI 2003	Ineligible
HI07840	8709 Seahawk Lane	1947	FV	ACI 2003	Not Eval.
HI08742	10426 Tanner Rd	1910	FV	ACI/Janus 2003	Ineligible
HI08743	10608 Tanner Rd	1940	BUNG	ACI/Janus 2003	Ineligible

Table 4-2 Previously recorded historic resources located within theI-75 PD&E Study APE

* LEGEND: FV = Frame Vernacular; BUNG = Bungalow

Initial visual reconnaissance of the project study APE indicated an additional 15 historic resources which appeared to be 50 years of age or older. The majority are Frame Vernacular style residences that appear to date from the 1910s through 1950s. Additionally, two historic railroad grades intersect the I-75 corridor area between I-4 and SR 60, with the former Atlantic Coast Line to the north and the former Seaboard Air Line to the south.

4.2 FIELD METHODOLOGY

Archaeological field methods consisted of an initial ground surface reconnaissance, followed by systematic subsurface shovel testing which was carried out to locate sites not exposed on the ground, as well as to test for the presence of buried cultural deposits in areas yielding surface artifacts. Shovel testing was conducted at 25 meter (m) (82 ft) intervals in the high probability areas, at 50 m (164 ft) intervals in the moderate probability areas, and at 100 m (328 ft) intervals or judgmentally within a sample of the low probability areas. Smaller scale interval testing was conducted to delimit site boundaries. Shovel tests were circular and measured approximately 50 centimeter (cm) (20 inches [in]) in diameter by at least 1 m (3.3 ft) in depth unless impeded by water or impenetrable substrate. All soil removed was screened through a 6.4 mm (0.25 in) mesh hardware cloth to maximize the recovery of artifacts. The locations of all shovel tests were plotted on the aerial map, and following the recording of relevant data such as stratigraphic profile and artifact finds, all test pits were refilled.

Historical/architectural field methodology consisted of a preliminary reconnaissance of the I-75 project APE to determine the location of all historic properties believed to have been constructed ca. 1959 or earlier, and to ascertain if any such resources could be eligible for listing in the NRHP. This was followed by an in-depth study of each identified historic resource. Photographs were taken and information needed for the completion of FMSF forms was gathered. In addition to architectural descriptions, each historic property was reviewed to assess style, historic context, and potential NRHP eligibility. Pertinent records housed at the FMSF, State Library of Florida, and the Hillsborough County Property Appraiser's Office via the internet, were examined. The railroad segments were recorded as they relate to the project APE. Former railroad stations that existed historically were used to define the logical termini in recording the length of these linear resources (SHPO 2008). A visual reconnaissance survey of the project vicinity was also conducted to ascertain whether any potential historic district existed within or adjacent to the project corridor. In addition, ACI Architectural Historians Desiree Estabrook and Marielle Lumang interviewed available resident property owners, including Mr. Frederick LaVerne Patrick, resident of 10426 Tanner Road (8HI8742) (Patrick 2008).

4.3 UNEXPECTED DISCOVERIES

It was anticipated that if human burial sites such as Indian mounds, lost historic and prehistoric cemeteries, or other unmarked burials or associated artifacts were found, then the provisions and guidelines set forth in Chapter 872.05 *F.S.* (Florida's Unmarked Burial Law) would be followed. Such sites were not expected within the proposed development property.

4.4 LABORATORY METHODS AND CURATION

All recovered cultural materials were initially cleaned and sorted by artifact class. All recovered artifacts were lithic tools and debitage. Lithics were divided into tools and debitage based on gross morphology. Tools were measured, and the edges examined with a 7-45x stereo-zoom microscope for traces of edge damage and classified using standard references (Bullen 1975; Purdy 1981). Lithic debitage was subjected to a limited technological analysis focused on ascertaining the stages of stone tool production. Flakes and non-flake production debris cores and tested cobbles) were measured, and examined for raw material types and presence or absence of thermal alteration (referred to as TA in the artifact tables). Flakes were classified into four types (primary decortication, secondary decortication, non-decortication, and shatter) based on the amount of cortex on the dorsal surface and the shape (White 1963). Flake size was divided into one centimeter (0.4 in) size categories: small (s) = 0.1 cm (0.4 in), medium (m) = 1.2 cm (0.4 - 0.8 in), large (l) = 2.3 incm (0.8-1.2 in), X4=3-4 cm (1.2-1.6 in), X5 = 4-5 cm (1.6-2.0 in), and X7 = 6-7 cm (2.4-2.8 in).

In addition, flake categories were utilized to determine site function based on the lithic debitage (Sullivan and Rozen 1985). The Sullivan and Rozen attribute analysis utilizes four mutually exclusive flake categories based on the presence or absence of a single interior surface, point of applied force, and margins. Complete flakes have a single interior surface, an identifiable point of applied force, and intact lateral and distal margins. Proximal flake fragments have an identifiable point of applied force, but one or more of the margins are missing, and the other attributes are the same. Distal/marginal flake fragments do not have an identifiable point of applied force and debris is classified based on the lack of a single interior surface (Sullivan and Rozen 1985:758-759). Based on the distribution of the flake categories, presence of cores, and retouch pieces technological groupings can be determined. A very high percentage of cores and complete flakes with a very low percentage of proximal flake fragments and distal/marginal flake fragments are indicative of unintensive core reduction. Assemblages with a focus on core reduction would have a high

percentage of debris. Assemblages from core reduction and tool manufacture would have a similar distribution to that of the intensive core reduction with a decrease in debris and an increase in proximal flakes. Tool manufacture, with little or no core reduction, is evidenced by a high percentage (ca. 50%) of distal flake fragments and a low occurrence of cores.

All recovered artifacts and project-related records, including maps and field notes, will be curated at ACI in Sarasota, until arrangements can be made for curation by the FDOT.

5.0 SURVEY RESULTS

5.1 OVERVIEW

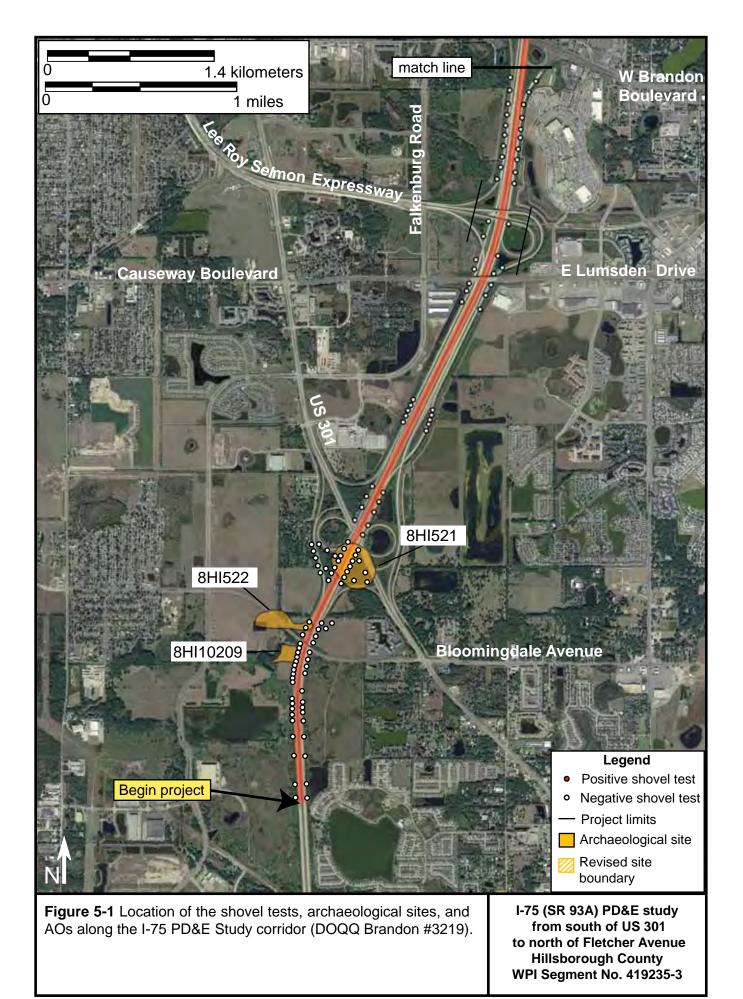
Cultural resource assessment survey of the I-75 PD&E Study project APE resulted in the identification and evaluation of 10 previously recorded archaeological sites, two archaeological occurrences (AOs), and 23 historic resources, of which eight were recorded previously and 15 were newly identified. A summary of survey results, organized by study segment, is provided in Table 5-1. The portion of each NRHP eligible archaeological site located within the I-75 project APE is not considered contributing to the significance of the resource. One historic resource, 8HI8742, was evaluated as potentially eligible for the NRHP.

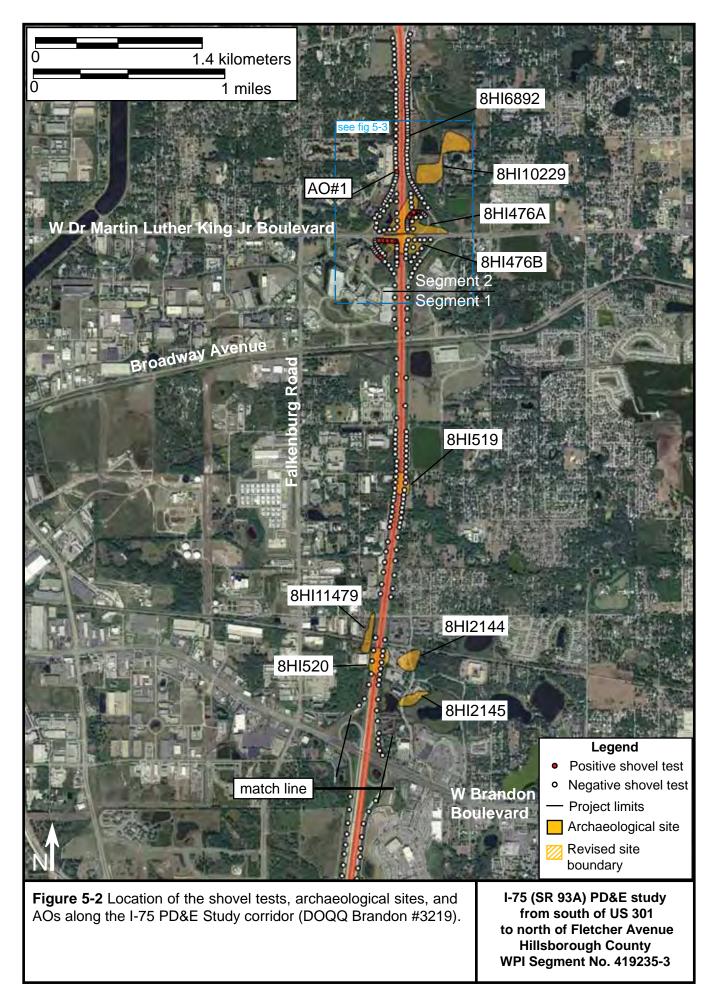
Study	Total	Historic	Archaeological					
Segment	STs	Resources	Sites					
1	212	6: 8HI6900, 8HI6901, 8HI11471,	None					
		8HI11472, 8HI11481, and						
		8HI11482						
2	302	9: 8HI5085, 8HI5086, 8HI11466,	3: 8HI476A, 8HI476B, and					
		8HI11467, 8HI11468, 8HI11469,	8HI510; AO #1					
		8HI11470, 8HI8742 , and						
		8HI8743						
3	297	8: 8HI7839,8HI7840, 8HI11460,	7: 8HI99, 8HI472, 8HI507,					
		8HI11461, 8HI11462, 8HI11463,	8HI5431, 8HI5432, 8HI5434,					
		8HI11464, and 8HI11465	and 8HI5926; AO #2					
Totals	811	23	10					
Boldface de	Boldface denotes potentially NRHP-eligible							

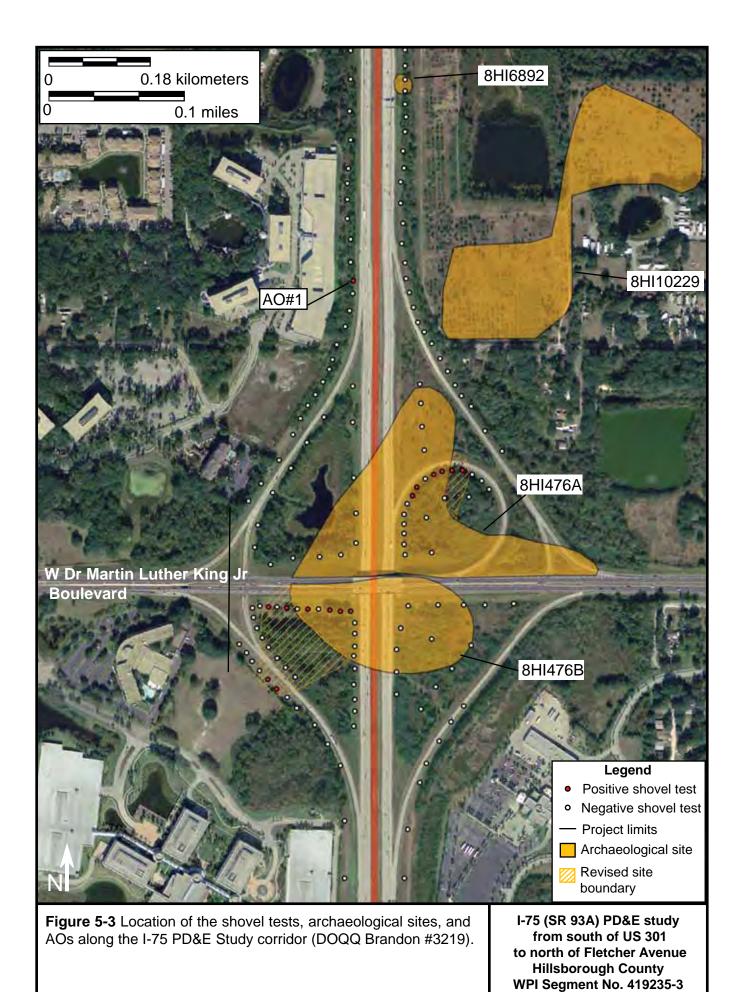
Table 5-1 Summary of survey results within the I-75 PD&E Study Project APE

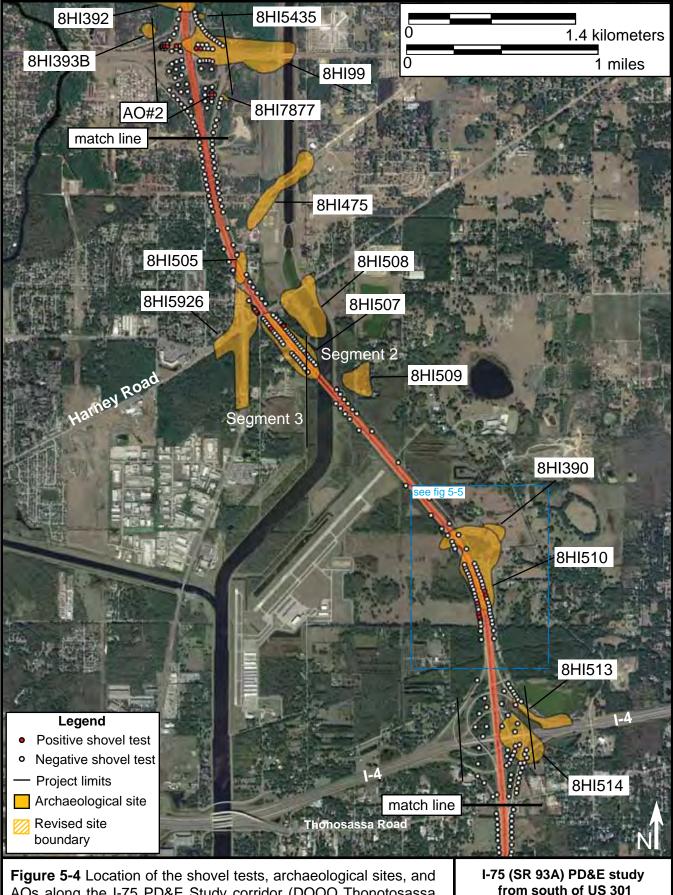
5.2 ARCHAEOLOGICAL SURVEY RESULTS

Background research indicated that 28 previously recorded archaeological sites are located within the I-75 PD&E Study project APE. Archaeological field survey entailed both ground surface reconnaissance and the excavation of a total 811 subsurface shovel tests (STs) (Figures 5-1 through 5-8; Table 5-2). Of these, 212 shovel tests were excavated within Segment 1, 302 within Segment 2, and 297 within Segment 3 (Table 5-1). Of the 811 shovel tests, 552 were excavated within or proximate to 24 of the previously recorded sites (Table 5-2) in order to assess site significance and integrity. The other STs were excavated in areas considered to have a high or moderate potential for archaeological sites (Figures 4-1 through 4-3); the low probability zone was archaeologically sampled. An additional 14 shovel tests had been excavated within four site areas (8HI5430, 8HI5431, 8HI5432, and 8HI5433) located in the northernmost part of the project APE during the 2003 CRAS of I-75 (ACI 2003).









AOs along the I-75 PD&E Study corridor (DOQQ Thonotosassa #3319).

I-75 (SR 93A) PD&E study from south of US 301 to north of Fletcher Avenue Hillsborough County WPI Segment No. 419235-3

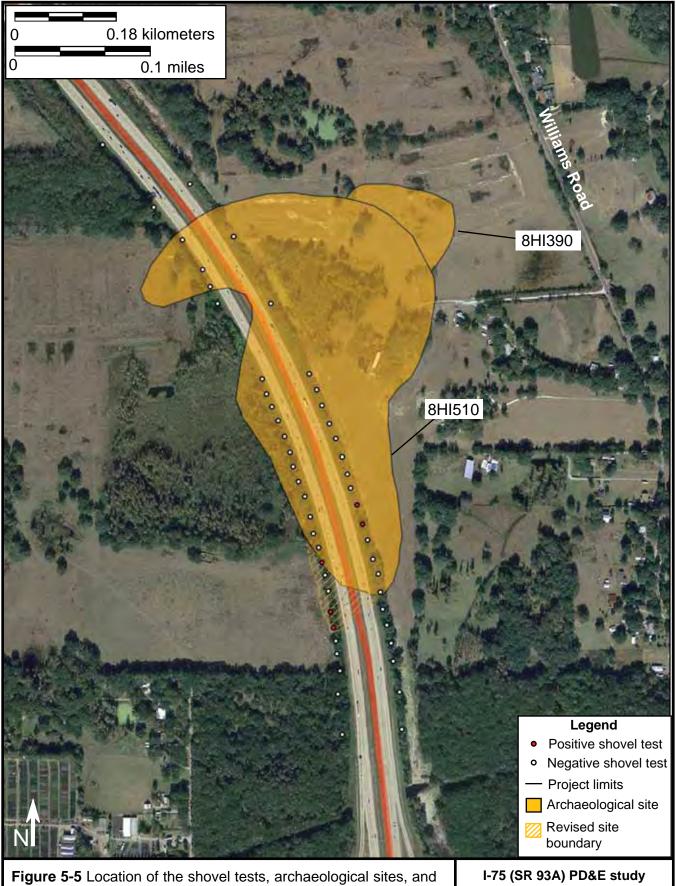
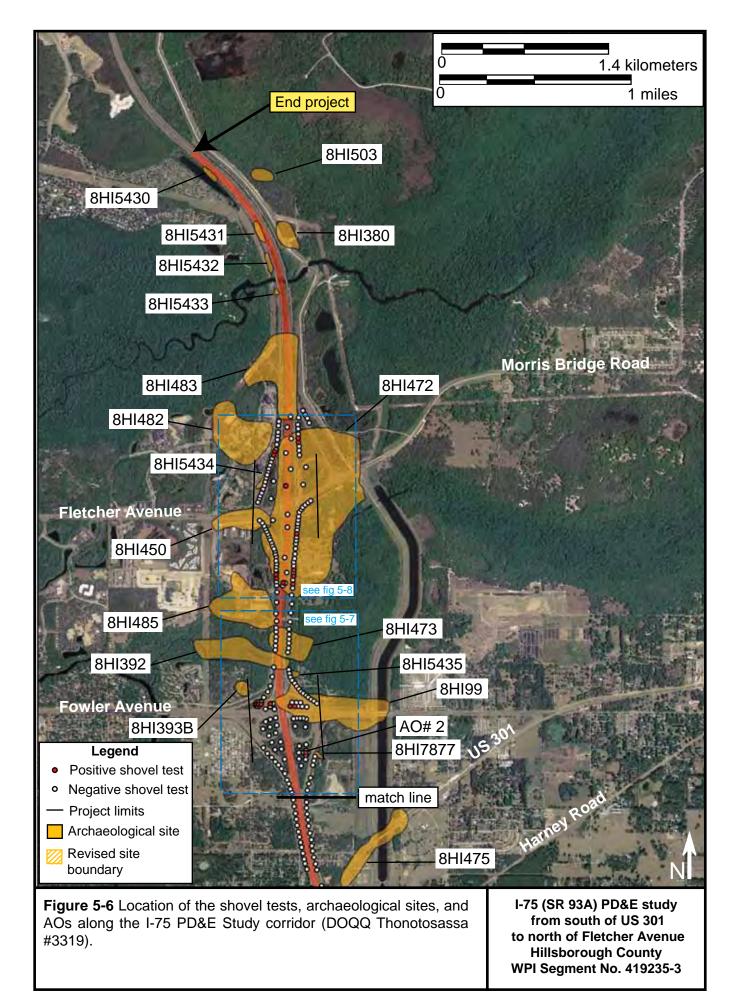


Figure 5-5 Location of the shovel tests, archaeological sites, and AOs along the I-75 PD&E Study corridor (DOQQ Thonotosassa #3319).

I-75 (SR 93A) PD&E study from south of US 301 to north of Fletcher Avenue Hillsborough County WPI Segment No. 419235-3



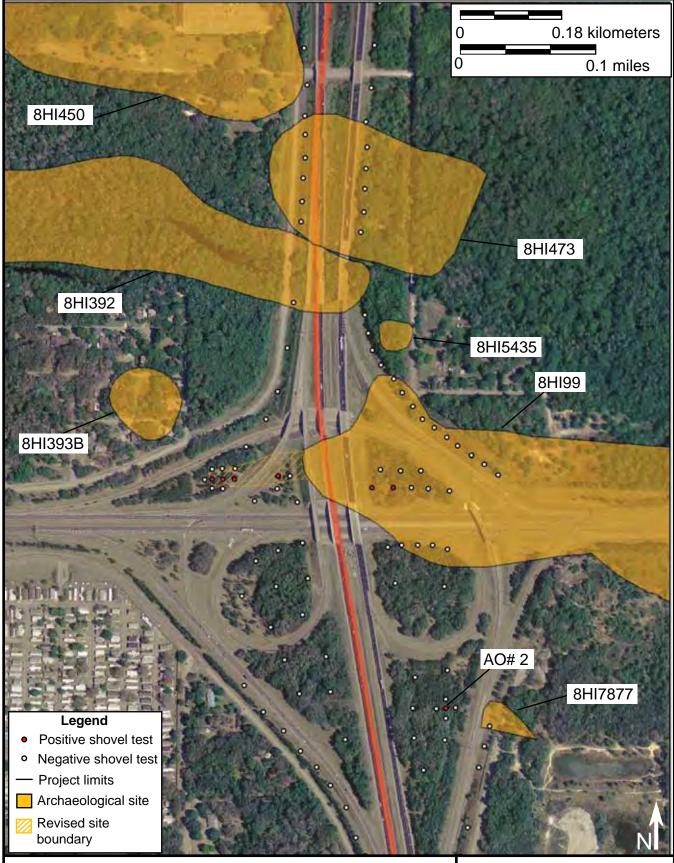
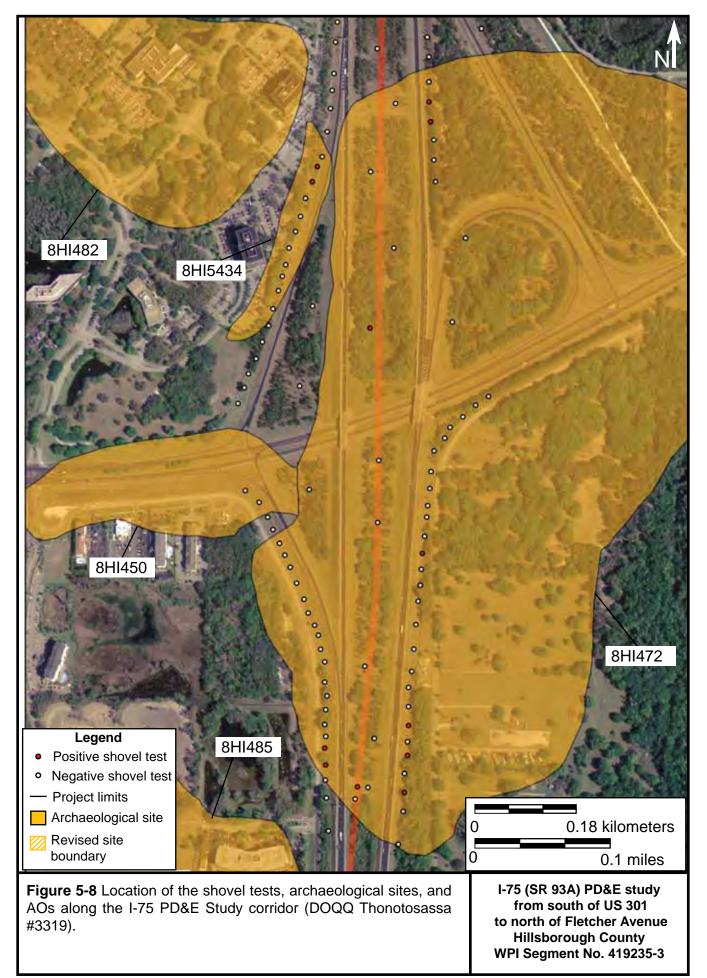


Figure 5-7 Location of the shovel tests, archaeological sites, and AOs along the I-75 PD&E Study corridor (DOQQ Thonotosassa #3319).

I-75 (SR 93A) PD&E study from south of US 301 to north of Fletcher Avenue Hillsborough County WPI Segment No. 419235-3



Site #	Site Name	Site	SHPO	No.	Results/					
Sile #	Site Name	Туре	Eval.	STs	Evaluation					
			GMENT 1							
HI10209	Progress Energy	LS	NE	14	Negative/Ineligible in APE					
HI00522	Two Horse	LS	NE	9	Negative/Ineligible in APE					
HI00521	Titus Church	LS/Q	NE	27	Negative/Ineligible in APE					
HI00520	South Railroad	LS/Q	NE	13	Negative/Ineligible in APE					
HI11479	Regency NW (SEARCH)	LS	Е	4	Negative/Ineligible in APE					
HI00519	Graves Road	HR, LS/Q	No	14	Negative/Ineligible in APE					
		SEC	<u>GMENT 2</u>		-					
HI00476	Diamond Dairy (includes A and B)	LS/Q, HAB	Е	114	14 productive, site boundary expanded/Ineligible in APE					
HI06892	Bayside #11	HR, LS/Q	No	6	Negative/Ineligible in APE					
HI00514	Road End	LS/Q, AS	No	33	Negative/Ineligible in APE					
HI00513	Red Hill	LS/Q, AS	No	9	Negative/Ineligible in APE					
HI00510	Bartolotti	LS/Q	E	47	5 productive/Ineligible in APE					
HI00509	West Williams	LS, MID	E	10	Negative/Ineligible in APE					
		SEG	GMENT 3							
HI00507	Harney Flats	AS	Е	43	2 productive/Ineligible in APE					
HI05926	Vera's Thrift Shop	AS	No	9	2 productive/Ineligible in APE					
HI00505	Fruit Stand	LS/Q	No	6	Negative, presumed destroyed/Ineligible in APE					
HI07877	Raulerson Road Pond	LS	NE	2	Negative/Ineligible in APE					
HI00099	Landfill	LS/Q, AS	Е	52	6 productive, site boundary expanded/Ineligible in APE					
HI00392	Cow House Slough	LS/Q	NE	2	Negative/Ineligible in APE					
HI00473	Wetherington Island	Q, AS	E	12	Negative, presumed destroyed/Ineligible in APE					
HI00485	Deputy Smith	LS/Q	Е	5	Negative/Ineligible in APE					
HI00472	Wetherington Ridge	CAMP, Q	E	85	11 productive/Ineligible in APE					
HI00450	Power Line A	AS, LS/Q	E	5	Negative, presumed destroyed /Ineligible in APE					
HI05434	NN	AS	No	26	2 productive/Ineligible in APE					
HI00483	Deerstand Site	LS/Q	E	5	Negative/Ineligible in APE					
HI5433	WLR 12-3	LS	NE	0 (3 in 2003)	Negative/Ineligible in APE					
HI5432	WLR 12-2	LS	NE	0 (4 in 2003)	2 productive/ Ineligible in APE					
HI5431	WLR 12-1	LS	NE	0 (4 in 2003)	2 productive/ Ineligible in APE					
HI5430	WLR 11-1	LS	NE	0 (3 in 2003)	Negative/Ineligible in APE					
Legend: S		Legend: Shading indicates sites identified within the project APE.								

Table 5-2 Results of archaeological survey

Legend: Shading indicates sites identified within the project APE. Site Type – AS= Artifact Scatter; CAMP=Campsite; HAB=Habitation; LS=Lithic Scatter; MID=Midden; Q=Quarry; SHPO Evaluation – E=Eligible; NE=Not Eligible; No=Not Evaluated As a result of these efforts, no new archaeological sites were discovered. Ten of the 28 previously recorded archaeological sites (8HI99, 8HI472, 8HI476A, 8HI476B, 8HI507, 8HI510, 8HI5431, 8HI5432, 8HI5434, and 8HI5926) were found within the project APE, and two AOs were newly discovered. An archaeological occurrence is defined as "one or two non-diagnostic artifacts, not known to be distant from the original context, which fit within a hypothetical cylinder of thirty meters diameter, regardless of depth below surface" (FMSF 1999:10). Three of the archaeological sites (8HI476A, 8HI476B, and 8HI510), plus AO #1 are located within Segment 2; seven sites (8HI99, 8HI472, 8HI507, 8HI5431, 8HI5432, 8HI5434, and 8HI5926), plus AO #2 are located within Segment 3. No evidence for the other 19 previously recorded archaeological sites was discovered within the project APE, including NRHP-eligible sites 8HI450, 8HI473, 8HI483, 8HI485, 8HI509, and 8HI11479 (Table 5-2).

Six of the 10 sites identified within the project APE, 8HI99, 8HI472, 8HI476A, 8HI476B, 8HI507, and 8HI510, previously were evaluated by the SHPO as NRHP-eligible (Table 5-2). However, given the limited and common nature of the artifact assemblages, the portion of each NRHP eligible site located within the I-75 project APE is not considered contributing to the significance of the resource. Similarly, the four other archaeological sites are considered ineligible for NRHP listing. Of these, 8HI5431 and 8HI5432 previously were determined not eligible by the SHPO, and both 8HI5434 and 8HI5926 were not previously evaluated (Table 5-2). The two AOs are not considered significant.

Summary descriptions and evaluations of the archaeological sites and AOs located within the project APE, including original and updated information, are provided below. Table 5-2 and the descriptions are organized by project study segment, proceeding from south to north. The locations of the previously recorded archaeological sites are depicted in Figures 5-1 through 5-8, and updated FMSF forms are contained in Appendix B. All measurements in this section contain metric equivalents, consistent with the standard convention for the recording of archaeological information.

Segment 1: Background information indicated that six (8HI10209, 8HI522, 8HI521, 8HI520, 8HI11479, and 8HI519) of the total 29 previously recorded sites are located, at least in part, within Segment 1. As the result of field survey, no evidence of any of these resources was discovered, and no new archaeological sites or AOs were found. Site locations are depicted in Figures 5-1 and 5-2, and brief site descriptions and evaluations follow.

8HI10209: The Progress Site is located in the southwest quarter of Section 6, Township 30 South, Range 20 East (USGS 1982e) (Figure 5-1). It occurs on Myakka fine sand, a poorly drained soil of the flatwoods (USDA 1989). Site elevation is 5 to 6 m (15-20 ft) amsl. The site is adjacent to a large wetland to the north and west.

8HI10209 was discovered during the survey of the Harvest Creek project area. It was described as a culturally indeterminate lithic scatter and was not considered a significant resource (Hughes 2006). Seventeen pieces of lithic debitage were recovered from 12 shovel tests.

The current investigation entailed the excavation of 14 shovel tests, none of which was positive. Testing was conducted at 25, 50, and 100 m (82, 164, and 328 ft) intervals. The general stratigraphy consists of 0-60 cm (0-24 in) gray brown sand and 60-100 cm (24-39

in) orange brown wet sand. Based upon the current testing, the Progress Site does not extend into the I-75 project APE. No additional investigations are warranted.

8HI522: The Two Horse Site is located in the southwest quarter of Section 6, Township 30 South, Range 20 East (USGS 1982a) (Figure 5-1). The local soil types include Myakka fine sand, a poorly drained soil of the flatwoods, as well as very poorly drained, depressional Basinger, Holopaw, and Samsula soils in the eastern portion of the site (USDA 2005). Site elevation is roughly 5 to 6 m (15-20 ft) amsl. Wetlands are located adjacent to the north and south.

8HI522 was recorded by Jones during the I-75 survey, and, based upon his assessment and recommendation, subsequently was subjected to Phase II test excavations (Gagel and Daniel 1985). As a result, the site was described as a seasonal encampment occupied during the spring to early fall, and dated from the Middle Archaic period, with ephemeral Safety Harbor and possible Paleo-Indian/Early Archaic components. 8HI522 also was archaeologically tested in 2006 during survey of the Harvest Creek project area. Lithic debitage and a flake tool were recovered, and the site was not considered significant (Hughes 2006). The testing also revealed that 8HI523 was part of 8HI522 based upon the recovery of cultural materials between the previously recorded site boundaries. The two sites have subsequently been combined into 8HI522. Jones' initial investigations at 8HI523 noted "numerous lithics in deep light colored and chocolate brown sand" (FMSF).

The current investigation consisted of the excavation of nine shovel tests at 50 m (164 ft) intervals. As a result, none yielded artifacts. The area has been heavily impacted by utility line installation. The general stratigraphy of the area consists of 0-30 cm (0-12 in) gray brown sand, 30-80 cm (12-32 in) light gray sand, and 80-100 cm (32-29 in) black hardpan. Based upon the current testing, it is believed that the Two Horse Site, as contained within the I-75 APE, has been destroyed. No additional investigations are warranted.

8HI521: The Titus Church Site is located in the center of Section 6, Township 30 South, Range 20 East (USGS 1982), directly south of US 301 (Figure 5-1). The site occurs on the moderately well drained Archbold fine sand and the poorly drained Myakka, Smyrna, and St. Johns fine sands (USDA 2005). Site elevation is between 8 and 9 m (25-30 ft) amsl. A small wetland is located about 100 m (328 ft) to the south.

8HI521 was recorded during the I-75 investigations (FMSF). Jones recovered lithic debitage and a broken projectile point. He considered the site potentially significant, and as such, Phase II test excavations were conducted (Gagel and Daniel 1985). The Phase II testing confirmed the Archaic period of occupation through the recovery of two Archaic Stemmed points (Gagel and Daniel 1985). The site was considered to be a seasonal encampment occupied during the spring to early fall.

This site is located at the junction of two PD&E study segments, and thus, was archaeologically surveyed by ACI as part of the CRAS of I-75 from Moccasin Wallow Road to US 301 (ACI 2008a). This effort entailed the excavation of 27 shovel tests at 50 m (164 ft) intervals, and judgmentally. As a result, no cultural materials were recovered. The general stratigraphy of the site area consists of 0-60 cm (0-24 in) gray brown sand, 60-90 cm (24-36 in) light gray sand, and 90-100 cm (36-39 in) brown hardpan. Given the negative survey results, there is no evidence for the Titus Church Site within the I-75 project APE. No additional investigation is warranted.

8HI520: The South Railroad Site is located in the northwest quarter of Section 20, Township 29 South, Range 20 East (USGS 1982) (Figure 5-2). The site occurs on Pomello and Archbold fine sands which are moderately well drained soils that occur on low ridges in the flatwoods (USDA 2005). Elevation of the site is between 11 and 17 m (35-55 ft) amsl). A wetland is located 50 m (164 ft) to the southwest.

Jones recorded 8HI520 during the 1978 survey of I-75. He recovered a broken Archaic projectile point, several biface fragments, and lithic debitage, and recommended excavation for this Archaic period lithic scatter. Such additional work was not conducted. Subsequent survey for the Bayside Lateral project resulted in the recovery of additional lithic debitage. However the site was not considered significant (SEARCH 2000c).

The current investigation consisted of the excavation of 13 shovel tests placed at 50 and 100 m (164 and 328 ft) intervals. A deep ditch had been excavated along the eastern ROW and dense fill was also located along the western ROW. No cultural materials were recovered. The general stratigraphy consists of 0-15 cm (0-6 in) dark brownish gray sand and 15-40 cm (6-16 in) light brown clayey sand, which was underlain by brown clay marl. There is no evidence of 8HI520 within the I-75 project APE, and no additional investigations are warranted.

8HI11479: The Regency NW (SEARCH) Site is located in the northwest quarter of Section 20, Township 29 South, Range 20 East (USGS 1982) (Figure 5-2). The site occurs on Pomello and Archbold fine sands which are moderately well drained soils that occur on low ridges in the flatwoods (USDA 2005). Elevation of the site is between 14 and 17 m (45-55 ft) amsl). A wetland is located 200 m (656 ft) to the southwest.

Originally, the Regency NW Site was recorded as 8HI2143 during the survey of the Regency Park North DRI project (Deming 1985). This low-density lithic scatter site was dated to the Middle Archaic period, based on the recovery of an Alachua point. The site was not considered significant. The site was further investigated during the Florida Gas Transmission Line Bayside Lateral project (SEARCH 2000c). Because of the high artifact density, lack of disturbance, and possible association with 8HI520, the site was considered to have the potential to provide additional data regarding the local prehistory. Avoidance of the site was recommended, or Phase II testing if avoidance was not possible (SEARCH 2000c:17). Background research as part of the I-75 PD&E Study CRAS revealed that the Regency NW Site was actually misplotted in the FMSF. As a result, the site is located outside of the I-75 PD&E Study project APE. As such, the portion of the site that was investigated by SEARCH, on the west side of I-75, has been assigned the number 8HI11479 and named Regency NW (SEARCH) (Branham 2008).

The current investigation consisted of the excavation of four shovel tests placed at 100 m (328 ft) intervals within the general site vicinity. All four tests revealed that the I-75 project APE has been extensively disturbed. No cultural materials were recovered. The general stratigraphy consists of 0-10 cm (0-4 in) black muck, 10-45 cm (4-18 in) dark gray brown shell/clay fill, below which was heavy clay fill. Thus, there is no evidence for 8HI11479 within the I-75 project APE, and no additional work is recommended.

8HI519: The Graves Road Site is located in the north-central portion of Section 17, Township 29 South, Range 20 East (USGS 1982) (Figure 5-2). The site occurs on the somewhat poorly drained Zolfo sand and the poorly drained Myakka fine sand. Both soil

types occur in the flatwoods, with the Zolfo sand located along low ridges (USDA 2005). Elevation of the site is 14 to 15 m (45-50 ft) amsl. A pond and two wetlands are located within about 200 m (656 ft) of the site.

8HI519 was recorded as an Archaic period lithic scatter during the 1978 survey of I-75. Although Jones recommended Phase II test excavations, such work was never conducted (FMSF). The site was transected by the Bayside Lateral; additional lithic debris and 20th century historic artifacts were recovered. As a result, the site was not considered significant (SEARCH 2000c).

The current investigation consisted of the excavation of 14 shovel tests placed at 50 m (164 ft) intervals. None of these produced cultural materials. The general stratigraphy consists of 0-30 cm (0-12 in) dark gray sand underlain by 70 cm (28 in) gray sand. There is no evidence of the Graves Road Site within the I-75 project APE, and no additional investigation is recommended.

Segment 2: Background information indicated that seven (8HI476A, 8HI476B, 8HI6892, 8HI514, 8HI513, 8HI510, and 8HI509) of the total 28 previously recorded sites are located, at least in part, within Segment 2. As the result of field survey, evidence of three resources (8HI476A, 8HI476B, and 8HI510) was discovered within the project APE, in addition to one new AO (AO #1). No new archaeological sites were found. Site locations are depicted in Figures 5-2 through 5-5, and brief site descriptions and evaluations follow.

8HI476 (A and B): The Diamond Dairy Site is located in Sections 5 and 8, Township 29 South, Range 20 East (USGS 1982) (Figures 5-2 and 5-3). The site occurs on somewhat poorly drained Arents, which are soils that have been excavated, reworked, and reshaped by earthmoving equipment (USDA 1989, 2005). This is not surprising given the location of the site at the major interchange of I-75 and Martin Luther King Boulevard/Buffalo Avenue. Much of the area between the on-off ramps and the interstate consist of water retention areas. Site elevation is between 12 and 17 m (40-55 ft). The site is 650 m (2132 ft) north of the channelized Six Mile Creek and west of a wetland.

8HI476 was recorded by Jones during the I-75 survey. Two distinct activity areas (A and B) were identified, and the site was dated to the Archaic period with a possible Safety Harbor period component. Evaluated as a potentially significant site, 8HI476 was the focus of both Phase II and Phase III excavations (Chance 1983; Wharton 1983). Several years later, the site was revisited during the survey of the Sabal Center project area, and assessed as not significant because of the relatively low artifact density and diversity (Brooks and Ballo 1984). The site was also investigated during the Florida Gas Transmission surveys for the Bayside Lateral. Additional lithic debitage was recovered as well as one biface fragment. The site, as contained in the APE, was not considered significant (Austin 2000b; SEARCH 2000c).

The current investigation consisted of the excavation of 114 shovel tests placed at 25 and 50 m (82 and 164 ft) intervals, as well as judgmentally. Of these, 14 produced cultural materials between 60 and 80 cmbs (24-32 in). In addition to 16 pieces of lithic debitage and two flake tools (Table 5-3), one piece of historic whiteware was recovered at 30 cmbs (12 in). The general stratigraphy consists of 0-50 cm (0-20 in) gray brown sand underlain by light brown sand. The piece of whiteware is considered an isolated find as no other historic material has been recovered. Undecorated whiteware is not a particularly good temporal

marker since it has been manufactured since the early 1820s and continues to be manufactured today (des Fontaines 1990). The debitage assemblage contained 13 pieces of chert, 10 of which had been thermally altered, and three pieces of heat treated coral. This prevalence of thermal alteration in the assemblage is indicative of a Middle to Late Archaic period component (cf., Ste. Claire 1987). The use of coral is also most common during the Middle to Late Archaic. All three pieces of coral were medium-sized non-decortication flakes. The chert debitage assemblage contained two large secondary decortication flakes. Based on the flake size and type, the mid to late stages of stone tool manufacture are suggested.

Based on the Sullivan and Rozen analysis, the coral assemblage contained one each of the complete, proximal, and medial/distal categories while the chert assemblages contained four complete, seven proximal, and two medial/distal fragments. This limited assemblage suggest tool manufacture as opposed to core reduction based upon the relatively high percentage of proximal and medial/distal flakes fragments as compared to complete flakes, debris, and cores.

						Size				
Item	Material	TA	Туре	Category	S	m	I	X4	x5	Total
ceramic			whiteware							1
			non-	proximal		1				1
		no	decortication	complete					1	1
			secondary	proximal			1			1
		Total				1	1		1	3
	chert		non- decortication	proximal	1	2	1	1		5
debitage		yes		complete	1				1	2
				medial/distal		1	1			2
_			secondary	complete			1			1
		Total	otal			3	3	1	1	10
	chert total		2	4	4	1	2	13		
			non-	proximal		1				1
	coral	yes	decortication	complete		1				1
			uecontication	medial/distal		1				1
	coral total					3				3
debitage t	otal			•	2	7	4	1	2	16
flake tool	chart	no	non- decortication	complete				1		1
nake tool	chert		non-							
		yes	decortication	complete				1		1
Total	Total						4	3	2	19

Table 5-3 Artifacts r	ecovered from 8HI476
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Both of the flake tools were manufactured from chert non-decortication flakes, one of which had been thermally altered. The first tool is 31.5 mm long, 15.0 mm wide, and 2.9 mm thick with a weight of 1.8 g ($1.18 \times 0.6 \times .12 \text{ in} / 0.6 \text{ oz}$). The flake had been unifacially retouched

along one lateral margin producing an edge angle of 47° which would have been suitable for cutting as well as scraping activities. The other flake tool is 29.0 mm long, 29.2 mm wide, and 5.2 mm thick with a weight of 4.0 g (1.14 x 1.15 x 0.21 in / 0.14 oz). Steep scalar scarring is located along the distal margin. The curvature of the flake prevents measuring the edge angle, but the tool was likely used for scraping activities.

The Diamond Dairy Site has been extensively disturbed by the construction of I-75. The recovery of cultural materials on the west side of the southern on-ramp suggests that the site may extend further west. As the results of testing, site boundaries were expanded about 130 m (426 ft) to the southwest and 40 m (131 ft) to the east. The data recovered from the current testing provides little new information on the site, and the potential for additional significant data within the APE is considered very low. As such, 8HI476, as contained within the I-75 PD&E Study APE is not considered eligible for listing in the NRHP and no additional investigations are warranted.

8HI6892: The Bayside #11 Site is located in the northeast quarter of Section 5, Township 29 South, Range 20 East (USGS 1982) (Figures 5-2 and 5-3). The site occurs on Candler fine sand, 0-5% slopes, an excessively drained soil of the uplands (USDA 1989). Site elevation is between 21 and 23 m (70-75 ft) amsl. A wetland is located about 100 m (328 ft) to the west.

8HI6892 was recorded during the survey for the Bayside Lateral. This multi-component site includes a low-density lithic scatter and a historic artifact scatter that dates from the early 20th century. The aboriginal component may have been associated with the nearby Diamond Dairy (8HI476) or Sampson Grove (8HI10299) Sites. The site was not considered eligible for listing in the NRHP (Austin 2000b).

The current investigation included the excavation of six shovel tests placed at 25 m (82 ft) intervals. None of the tests produced cultural materials. The general stratigraphy consists of 0-20 cm (0-8 in) gray brown sand and 20-100 cm (8-39 in) light brown sand. As a result, there is no evidence for the Bayside #11 Site within the I-75 project APE, and no additional work is warranted.

8HI514: The Road End Site is located in the center of Section 32, Township 28 South, Range 20 East (USGS 1977) (Figure 5-4). The site occurs on the poorly drained Myakka fine sand, the very poorly drained, depressional, Eaton mucky sand, and the somewhat poorly drained Zolfo fine sand (USDA 2005). Most of the areas between the on-off ramps and the interstate are used for water retention areas. Elevation of the site is between 8 and 11 m (25-35 ft) amsl. A large wetland is located directly south of the site.

B. Calvin Jones recorded 8HI514 in 1978 during the survey of I-75. He did not consider this low density lithic scatter to be significant (FMSF). The Road End Site was re-examined during the I-4 improvements survey, and again was considered ineligible for listing in the NRHP (Janus Research 1992b). The site was also revisited during survey of the Bayside Lateral, which transected it. The resulting report concluded that 8HI514 was not considered significant or worthy of additional testing due to extensive disturbance (Austin 2000b; SEARCH 2000c).

The current investigation consisted of the excavation of 33 shovel tests placed at 50 m (164 ft) intervals, as well as judgmentally. None of these produced cultural materials. The

general stratigraphy consists of brown sandy clay fill. Thus, there is no evidence of 8HI514 within the I-75 project APE, and no additional investigations are warranted.

8HI513: The Red Hill Site is located is in the eastern half of Section 32, Township 28 South, Range 20 East (USGS 1977) (Figure 5-4). The site occurs on the moderately well drained Tavares-Millhopper fine sand, the poorly drained Myakka fine sand, and the very poorly drained Basinger, Holopaw, and Samsula soils, depressional (USDA 2005). The eastern portion of the ROW has been ditched, and west of the entrance ramp is a water retention area. Elevation of the site is 8 to 9 m (25-30 ft) amsl. A large wetland is located about 200 m (656 ft) north of the site.

B. Calvin Jones recorded 8HI513, an Archaic period lithic scatter, during the 1978 survey of I-75. He did not consider it significant. Additional site testing was conducted during the surveys for the Bayside Lateral and the I-4 improvements. Additional lithic debitage was recovered, but the site was not considered significant; the SHPO concurred (Austin 2000b; Janus Research 1992b; SEARCH 2000c).

The current investigation included the excavation of nine shovel tests placed at 25 m (82 ft) intervals, and judgmentally. No cultural materials were recovered. Many of the shovel tests evidenced fill deposits. Thus, there is no evidence of the Red Hill Site within the I-75 PD&E study project APE, and no further work is recommended.

8HI510: The Bartolotti Site is located in the southwest quarter of Section 29, Township 28 South, Range 20 East (USGS 1977) (Figures 5-4 and 5-5). The site occurs on the excessively drained Candler fine sand, 0-5% slopes, the somewhat poorly drained Zolfo fine sand, the poorly drained Myakka and Malabar fine sands, and the very poorly drained, depressional, Basinger, Holopaw, and Samsula soils (USDA 2005). Elevation of the site is between 5 and 12 m (15-40 ft) amsl. A large wetland is located just west of the site.

8HI510 was reported to Jones by Mr. Bartolotti during the 1978 I-75 survey project. Jones evaluated the site as potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP, and Phase II test excavations were conducted (Gagel 1984). The site was subjected to additional testing during the Florida Gas Transmission Bayside Lateral project (Austin 2000b; Stokes 2002a). Although 8HI510 was considered significant, additional archaeological investigations were not recommended. Rather, a synthesis of the I-75 projects was conducted as a mitigation measure (Austin 2006a). In 2006, survey of the East Side Dairy tract, which encompasses much of the site area, resulted only in the recovery of one piece of lithic debitage and a broken projectile point (ACI 2006a). As such, the site, as contained within the project area was not considered significant.

The current investigation consisted of the excavation of 47 shovel tests placed at 25 and 50 m (82 and 164 ft) intervals, as well as judgmentally in the poorly drained areas. As a result, five produced cultural materials between 30 and 80 cmbs (12-32 in). The general stratigraphy consists of 0-20 cm (0-8 in) dark gray sand, 20-70 cm (8-28 in) light gray sand, and 70-100 cm (28-39 in) brown hardpan.

The artifact assemblage consists of one core, one tested cobble, and nine pieces of lithic debitage (Table 5-4). All of the material was chert and only one of the flakes had been thermally altered. There are four non-decortication flakes (one each small, medium, large, and X5) and five secondary decortication flakes (2 medium, 2 large, and 1 X5). This limited

assemblage suggests the earlier stages of the lithic reduction continuum based on the prevalence of secondary decortication flakes and the core and tested cobble. This is also suggested by the Sullivan and Rozen analysis which revealed eight complete and one proximal flake in addition to the core and cobble. Sites containing a high percentage of complete flakes, debris, and cores represent areas of intensive core reduction. Thus, based on this minimal assemblage, core reduction and tool manufacture were occurring on site.

Item	Material	TA	Туре	Category	S	m		x5	Total				
core	chert	no							1				
		20	non- decortication	complete	1	1			2				
						no	a a a a a da mu	proximal			1		1
debitage	chert		secondary	complete		2	1	1	4				
		total	total			3	2	1	7				
		yes	non- decortication	complete			1	1	2				
debitage total						3	3	2	9				
tested cobble	chert	no							1				
Total	1	3	3	2	11								

The Bartolotti Site has been extensively disturbed by the construction of I-75. While cultural materials were found within the project APE, they provide little new data concerning the function of the site or its temporal placement. Although 8HI510 is recorded as potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP, the portion located within the I-75 ROW is not considered significant. No additional investigation is warranted.

8HI509: The West Williams Site is located in the southeast quarter of Section 19, Township 28 South, Range 20 East (USGS 1977) (Figure 5-5). The site occurs on the somewhat poorly drained Adamsville fine sand, the poorly drained Malabar fine sand, and the very poorly drained, depressional, Chobee muck (USDA 2005). Elevation of the site is between 5 and 6 m (15-20 ft) amsl. The small knoll on which the site is located is within Harney Flats, which was a large freshwater marsh prior to modern drainage improvements.

8HI509 is an important Archaic period site that has evidenced subsurface features. It was recorded by Jones in 1978 during the I-75 survey but had been discovered by Sol Anderson, a local collector, a few years earlier. The site was investigated during the survey for the Florida Gas Transmission Line and was considered potentially significant, and the SHPO concurred (Austin 2000b; Stokes 2002a). As a result, Phase II testing was conducted (Austin et al. 2001a). This testing revealed post molds suggesting large structures were in use during the Archaic period, perhaps serving as an annual meeting place (Austin et al. 2001b). Based on these results, Phase III mitigative excavations were undertaken, including a variety of multidisciplinary studies (Austin et al. 2004). A portion of the West Williams Site was also investigated during the 2005 survey of the Freedom Ridge Development tract (Austin and Mohlman 2005). Survey was followed by test and mitigative excavations (Austin 2006b).

The current investigation entailed the excavation of 10 shovel tests placed at 50 m (164 ft) intervals. All yielded negative results. The ROW within the site area consists of fill for the Tampa Bypass Canal overpass or spoil from the canal. The general stratigraphy consists of and upper 40 cm (16 in) of dark brown sandy clay fill underlain by mottled gray brown clay. No evidence of the West Williams Site was discovered within the I-75 project APE, and it appears that the site does not extend this far west. No additional investigation is recommended.

AO # 1: This AO is located in the southeast quarter of Section 5, Township 29 South, Range 20 East (USGS 1982) (Figure 5-3). It consists of two chert non-decortication flakes recovered between 70 and 100 cmbs (28-39 in). Both complete flakes had been thermally altered; one is medium-sized and the other is large. The local stratigraphy consists of 0-25 cm (0-10 in) dark brown sand, 25-60 cm (10-24 in) brown sand, and 60-110 cm (24-43 in) light brown sand. This AO may be associated with 8HI6892, which is located about 350 m (1150 ft) to the north, or to 8HI476, which is located 225 m (738 ft) to the south-southeast. This AO is not considered significant due to its low research potential.

Segment 3: Background information indicated that 16 (Table 5-2) of the total 28 previously recorded sites are located, at least in part, within Segment 3. As the result of field survey, evidence of seven resources (8HI99, 8HI472, 8HI507, 8HI5434, 8HI5926, 8HI5431 and 8HI5432) was found within the project APE. Sites 8HI5431 and 8HI5432 were identified during the 2003 CRAS. In addition, one new AO (AO #2) was discovered. No new archaeological sites were found. Site locations are depicted in Figures 5-4 through 5-8, and brief site descriptions and evaluations follow.

8HI507: The Harney Flats Site is located in the center of Section 19, Township 28 South, Range 20 East (USGS 1977) (Figure 5-4). The site occurs on excessively drained Candler fine sand, 0-5% slopes, somewhat poorly drained Adamsville fine sand, poorly drained Malabar fine sand, and very poorly drained Floridana fine sand and Chobee muck, depressional (USDA 2005). Elevation of the site ranges between 6 and 12 m (20-40 ft) amsl. Prior to construction of the Tampa By-Pass Canal, and the resulting alterations to the local hydrologic conditions, 8HI507 would have been situated adjacent to the extensive Harney Flats freshwater marsh.

8HI507 is an important Paleo-Indian and Archaic period site that was recorded by Sol Anderson in 1972. Jones investigated the site as part of the I-75 project in 1978, and recommended test and mitigative excavations (Jones 1980). This work was conducted by Randy Daniel and Michael Wisenbaker who published a monograph on the site (Daniel and Wisenbaker 1987). A master's thesis was also produced on use-wear analysis of the stone tools (Ballo 1985). The artifacts recovered indicated that the site was occupied during the Paleo-Indian (Suwannee phase), Early Archaic (Kirk and Bolen phases), Middle Archaic (Newnan phase), and Manasota periods (Austin 2006a). Most of the site was destroyed during construction of I-75.

The current investigation consisted of the excavation of 43 shovel tests placed at 25 m (82 ft) intervals, except where precluded by drainage ditches and areas of fill proximate to the Tampa Bypass Canal. Two tests produced cultural materials between 90 and 100 cmbs (35-39 in). The general stratigraphy consists of 0-70 cm (0-28 in) gray/brown/black mottled

sand, 70-80 cm (28-32 in) black humic sand, and 80-100 cm (32-39 in) gray/brown orange clay.

The limited artifact assemblage from the site consists of six pieces of chert debitage, half of which had been thermally altered (Table 5-5). One primary decortication flake and five non-decortication flakes were recovered. All but one of the flakes were medium-sized, the other was small. The recovery of the primary decortication flakes suggests the early stages of stone tool manufacture. The relatively small size of the flakes may be more suggestive of the continued removal of cortical material from a blank. The high percentage of complete flakes suggests core reduction based on the Sullivan and Rozen analysis. It should be noted, however, that this is a very small sample size from which to make any conclusions regarding site function.

Item	Material	TA	Туре	Category	S	m	Total
		No	non-decortication	broken	1		1
		NO	non-deconication	complete		2	2
		total			1	2	3
debitage	chert		non-decortication	fragment		1	1
		Yes	primon/	complete		1	1
			primary	fragment		1	1
		total				3	3
Total	Total						6

Table 5-5 Artifacts recovered from 8HI507

The Harney Flats Site has been extensively disturbed by the construction of I-75. Although the recent investigation yielded limited cultural materials within the APE, they provide little new data. Although the site is recorded as potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP, no significant cultural deposits are contained within the I-75 project APE. No additional work is recommended.

8HI5926: The Vera's Thrift Shop Site is located in the west half and southeast quarter of Section 19, Township 28 South, Range 19 East (USGS 1977) (Figure 5-4). It occurs primarily on the moderately well drained Tavares-Millhopper fine sand and the excessively drained Candler fine sand. The southern end of the site is underlain by the poorly drained Malabar and Myakka fine sands (USDA 2005). Site elevation ranges between 6 and 15 m (20-50 ft) amsl. Harney Flats and the headwaters of Six Mile Creek are located to the south.

8HI5926 was recorded during the CRAS of US 301 (Janus Research 1999). The site contained evidence of a possible Paleo-Indian component as well as Early and Middle Archaic components. In addition, post-Archaic occupation was evidenced by the recovery of a number of ceramic sherds. The researchers considered the site to be potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP. Additional testing of the site occurred during the survey for the ponds associated with the US 301 improvements (Deming 1997). Additional debitage was recovered and the testing expanded the site boundaries east and west. However, the site was not considered significant as contained within that project APE. Janus Research conducted further research on the site as part of the Harney Road/US 301 intersection improvements (Janus Research 1999). The data from this portion of the site indicated a

Weeden Island occupation, with the potential for a Paleo-Indian component. However, they considered the site ineligible for listing in the NRHP.

The current investigation consisted of the excavation of nine shovel tests placed at 10, 25, and 50 m (33, 82, and 164 ft) intervals. Of these, two produced cultural materials between 90 and 100 cmbs (35-39 in). The general stratigraphy consists of 0-80 cm (0-32 in) gray/brown mottled sand underlain by light brown sand. All of the shovel tests along the eastern ROW revealed fill deposits associated with the overpass construction. The northern limits of the site were not tested because of the overpass fill. The limited artifact assemblage consists of five piece of chert debitage (Table 5-6), three of which had been thermally altered. Four of the flakes are non-decortication and the other is a secondary decortication flake. In terms of size, there are two medium and three large. There are four proximal and one medial/distal flake fragments. Sites containing a high percentage of proximal and medial/distal flake fragments are generally indicative of tool manufacture.

					Siz	ze	
Item	Material	ТА	Туре	Category	m	_	Total
		No	non- decortication	proximal	1	1	2
			secondary	proximal		1	1
debitage	chert	Total			1	2	3
		Yes	non-	proximal		1	1
			decortication	medial/distal	1		1
		total			1	1	2
Total					2	3	5

Table 5-6 Artifacts recovered from 8HI5926

The Vera's Thrift Shop Site has been extensively disturbed by the modifications to US 301 and Harney Road as well as other development in the area. Although cultural materials were found within the I-75 project APE, they provide little new data concerning the function of the site or its temporal placement. While 8HI5926 is recorded as potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP, no significant deposits are located within the project APE. No additional work is recommended.

8HI505: The Fruit Stand Site is located in the northwest quarter of Section 19, Township 28 South, Range 20 East (USGS 1977) (Figure 5-4). The site occurs on Candler fine sand, 0-5% slopes, an excessively drained soil of the uplands (USDA 2005). Elevation of the site is between 9 and 12 m (30-40 ft) amsl. A wetland is located approximately 100 m (328 ft) to the northeast.

8HI505, an Archaic period lithic scatter, was recorded by Jones in 1978 during the I-75 survey. The site area was revisited during survey of US 301 from I-4 to Fowler Avenue, and assessed as not significant (Janus Research 1996b). Only a few additional pieces of lithic debitage were recovered.

The current investigations consisted of the excavation of six shovel tests placed at 50 m (164 ft) intervals. No cultural materials were recovered. That portion of the site recorded within the I-75 project APE was covered by fill associated with the overpass of US 301. The general stratigraphy consists of 0-60 cm (0-24 in) gray brown mottled sandy clay underlain

by gray/brown clay. The Fruit Stand Site is presumed destroyed, as located within the I-75 ROW, and no further work is recommended.

8HI7877: The Raulerson Road Pond Site is located in the northwest quarter of Section 18, Township 28 South, Range 20 East (USGS 1977) (Figures 5-6 and 5-7). The site occurs on the moderately well drained Tavares-Millhopper fine sand (USDA 2005). Site elevation is between 15 and 17 m (50-55 ft) amsl. Cow House Creek is located about 650 m (2130 ft) to the north.

This small lithic scatter was recorded during the 2003 CRAS of the I-75 PD&E Study segment, from Fowler Avenue to south of CR 64. Three of four shovel tests excavated within a proposed pond site yielded four pieces of lithic debitage. 8HI7877 was not considered significant due to the low artifact density and diversity; the SHPO concurred (ACI 2003). The current GIS plot at the FMSF depicts the site as extending into the off-ramp for Fowler Avenue. However, the written description indicates that it is located east of Raulerson Road, actually placing the western boundary of 8HI7877 approximately 40 m (131 ft) to the east, and outside of the I-75 PD&E Study project APE.

Two shovel tests were excavated proximate to the site between the exit ramp and Raulerson Ranch Road. Both yielded negative results. The stratigraphy consists of 0-40 cm (0-16 in) dark brown sand underlain by light brown sand. As a result, there is no evidence for the Raulerson Road Pond Site within the I-75 project APE, and no further work is recommended.

8HI99: The Landfill Site is located in Sections 12 and 13 of Township 28 South, Range 19 East and Sections 7 and 18 of Township 28 South, Range 20 East (USGS 1977) (Figure 5-5). The site occurs on Candler fine sand, 0-5% slopes and Tavares-Millhopper fine sand, 0-5% slopes. Candler sand is an excessively drained soil of the uplands. The Tavares-Millhopper soils are moderately well drained and located on low-lying areas on the uplands and on low ridges in the flatwoods (USDA 2005). Elevation of the site ranges from 8 to 15 m (25-50 ft). The site is located approximately 150 m (492 ft) south of Cow House Slough.

8HI99 was recorded by Frank Bushnell in 1963 as a lithic workshop yielding stone tools (FMSF). In 1978, B. Calvin Jones, at that time an archaeologist with the FDHR, conducted additional testing prior to the construction of I-75. At that time, he subdivided this Middle Archaic period site into four subareas (A-D). He considered Areas B and C potentially significant and Phase II testing was conducted (Hardin 1982; Jones 1980). Jones also noted that the site was severely disturbed by the construction of the Tampa By-Pass Canal (Jones 1978). The survey of the Florida Gas Transmission Line concluded that modern disturbance had destroyed the integrity Areas B and C and thus lacked research potential (Athens et al. 1994:195). Additional testing was conducted in Areas A and D. The materials recovered included a Newnan point, a piece of Pasco Plain ceramic, lithic debitage, and some historic materials. This portion of the site was not considered eligible for inclusion in the NRHP and the SHPO concurred. In 2003, archaeological survey as part of the I-75 PD&E Study resulted in the collection of an additional three pieces of lithic debitage from the site. Based on the subsurface testing within the proposed ROW and pond sites, the Landfill Site, as contained within the APE, was not considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP (ACI 2003). Subsequent testing within the site, incident to an I-75 pond siting study in 2006, vielded negative results (ACI 2006b).

The current investigation entailed the excavation of 52 shovel tests at 10, 25, and 50 m (33, 82, and 164 ft) intervals, as well as judgmentally. As a result, six shovel tests produced cultural materials from between 20 and 100 cm below surface (cmbs) (8-39 in). The general stratigraphy consisted of 0-40 cm (0-16 in) dark gray sand underlain by light brown sand.

The artifact assemblage consists entirely of chert debitage (Table 5-7). Of the 17 flakes recovered, eight were thermally altered, suggesting a Middle to Late Archaic component (cf., Ste. Claire 1987). Thirteen of the flakes are non-decortication, three are shatter, and one is a secondary decortication flake. In terms of size, there are three small, 11 medium, and three large. Based on this limited assemblage, the middle to later stages of the lithic tool manufacture were being undertaken based on the high percentage of non-decortication flakes and the relatively small flake sizes. There are four complete seven proximal, three medial/distal flake fragments and three pieces of debris. A mixture of core reduction and tool manufacture is suggested by the Sullivan and Rozen analysis.

Item	Material	TA	Туре	Category	S	m	_	Total
				proximal	1	4		5
		no	non-decortication	complete	1	2		3
				medial/distal			1	1
		Total			2	6	1	9
debitage	chert	rt -		proximal			1	1
uebilage	chert		non-decortication	complete	1			1
		yes		medial/distal		2		2
			secondary	proximal		1		1
		-	shatter debris		2	1	3	
		Tota			1	5	2	8
Total	Total						3	17

Table 5-7 Artifacts recovered from 8HI99

Many of the shovel tests evidenced extensive disturbance up to a 1 m (3.3 ft) in depth, and many of the artifacts recovered were from a disturbed context. Only limited information was gained, and the boundary of 8HI99 was extended roughly 170 m (557 ft) to the west. Although recorded in the FMSF as potentially NRHP eligible site, as contained within the I-75 PD&E Study project APE, the Landfill Site has low research potential and is in very poor condition. Thus, it is considered ineligible, and further investigation is not warranted.

8HI392: The Cow House Slough Site is located in the southern half of Section 12, Township 28 South, Range 19 East (USGS 1977) (Figure 5-6). The site occurs on the very poorly drained, frequently flooded, Chobee sandy loam (USDA 2005). This soil type occurs along the bottomlands of rivers and major streams. The site is located within the floodplain of Cow House Creek at an elevation between 6 and 8 m (20-25 ft) amsl.

The site was recorded in 1972 by J. Raymond Williams, based on informant information (FMSF). The site reportedly contained aboriginal lithics, ceramics, and projectile points. In 2003, archaeological survey as part of the I-75 PD&E Study yielded no evidence of the site, which was presumed destroyed as the result of highway construction (ACI 2003).

The current investigations consisted of the excavation of two shovel tests in the site vicinity. Each test revealed fill deposits and an absence of cultural materials. The area has been extensively disturbed by construction of the highway and bridges over Cow House Creek. Given the extensive disturbance and absence of cultural materials recovered during this survey, combined with the 2003 results, 8HI392, as contained within the I-75 ROW, is presumed destroyed. No additional investigations are warranted.

8HI473: The Wetherington Island Site is located in Section 12, Township 28 South, Range 19 East and Section 7, Range 20 East (USGS 1977) (Figures 5-6 and 5-7). The site occurs on the poorly drained Winder fine sand, and the very poorly drained, frequently flooded, Chobee sandy loam (USDA 2005). These soils occur within the floodplain of Cow House Creek. Site elevation is between 6 and 9 m (20-30 ft) amsl.

8HI473 was recorded by Jones in 1978 during survey of the proposed I-75 corridor (Jones 1980). He considered the site potentially significant, and Phase II testing was conducted (Chance 1982). Based upon the results of this investigation, 8HI473 was identified as an Archaic lithic procurement and quarry site (Chance 1981; Chance and Misner 1984). In the mid-1990s, Goodwin and Associates reinvestigated portions of the site area incident to the Florida Gas Transmission Line project. Following Phase I survey, Phase II and Phase III archaeological excavations were conducted, resulting in the recovery of over 100,000 artifacts (Athens et al. 1994; Brown et al. 1996; Goodwin et al. 1994). The SHPO concurred with the assessment that the site was eligible for listing in the NRHP. In 2003, archaeological survey as part of the I-75 PD&E Study resulted in the recovery of only one piece of lithic debitage (ACI 2003). Due to the paucity of cultural materials, and the extensive disturbance caused by the construction of I-75, the site, as contained within the I-75 APE, was evaluated as not significant.

The current investigations consisted of the excavation of 12 shovel tests placed at 50 and 100 m (164 and 328 ft) intervals. No cultural materials were recovered. The shovel tests revealed extensive disturbance and fill deposits. In general, there was an upper 60 cm (24 in) of gray/brown mottled sandy clay underlain by clay. This findings, consistent with the 2003 survey results, suggest that 8HI473, as located within the I-75 ROW, has been largely destroyed. No additional work is recommended.

8HI485: The Deputy Smith Site is located in the east half of Section 12, Township 28 South, Range 19 East (USGS 1977) (Figure 5-6). The site occurs on the excessively drained Candler fine sand 0-5% and 5-12% slopes, the moderately well drained Tavares-Millhopper fine sand, 0-5% slopes, and the poorly drained Winder fine sand (USDA 2005). Elevation of the site is between 8 and 15 m (25-50 ft). Cow House Creek is located 200 m (656 ft) to the south.

Jones recorded 8HI485 during the I-75 survey (Jones 1980). Additional testing was recommended for this lithic scatter site, but Phase II testing was never performed as part of the I-75 project. The site was revisited during surveys of the GTE/Collier 64 and State Street Bank properties. These investigations resulted in the collection of additional debitage, but the site was not considered significant (Burger 1984; Hardin and Estabrook 1988). In 2003, survey within the I-75 right-of-way yielded negative results, suggesting that the Deputy Smith Site had been destroyed by construction of the highway (ACI 2003).

The current investigation entailed the excavation of five shovel tests placed at 50 m (164 ft) intervals. None of the tests produced cultural materials. The western ROW has been heavily disturbed, and all of the shovel tests revealed fill deposits. These findings are consistent with the results of the 2003 survey. No additional work is recommended.

8HI472: The Wetherington Ridge Site is located in Sections 1 and 12 of Township 28 South, Range 19 East and Sections 6 and 7 in Range 20 East (USGS 1977) (Figure 5-6). The site occurs primarily on the excessively drained Candler fine sand, 0-5% slopes but extends into areas of somewhat poorly drained Zolfo fine sand, poorly drained Felda fine sand, occasionally flooded, and excessively drained Candler fine sand, 5-12% slopes (USDA 1989). The poorest drained soils occur along the margins of Cow House Creek which is located about 100 m (328 ft) east of the site.

8HI472 was recorded in 1978 by Jones during the I-75 survey. He delineated eight subareas (A-H), and recommended that four (A, B, C and G) receive additional testing (Jones 1980). The Phase II testing, which resulted in the recovery of over 100,000 artifacts, provided a site date ranging from the Paleo-Indian through Transitional periods (Haviser 1983). Phase III testing and data recovery was conducted within Area B (Johnson 1985). Portions of this site have been reinvestigated during subsequent projects, resulting in the discovery of additional lithic debitage (Burger 1984; Hardin and Estabrook 1988). As the result of Phase I survey of the Florida Gas Transmission Line, which transected the site, Phase III mitigative excavations were recommended and later conducted (Athens et al. 1994; Brown et al. 1996). In 2003, survey incident to the I-75 PD&E survey resulted in the collection of additional lithic artifacts. However, the site, as contained within the I-75 ROW, was not considered significant (ACI 2003). Later survey of the Gray Pines tract, located proximate to I-75, vielded cultural materials from a maximum depth of 170 cmbs (67 in) (Austin 2005). To mitigate the adverse effects of site destruction resulting from proposed development, the SHPO approved a plan which consisted of publishing a synthesis of all the I-75 archaeological investigations conducted by the State (Austin 2006a).

The current investigations of the I-75 project APE included the excavation of 85 shovel tests placed at 25 and 50 m (82 and 164 ft) intervals, as well as judgmentally. Of these, 11 produced cultural materials between 20 and 80 cmbs (8-32 in). The areas around the off-on ramps have been extensively disturbed and portions of the area are used for water retention facilities. In areas devoid of intensive alteration, the general stratigraphy consists of 0-30 cm (0-12 in) gray brown sand underlain by light brown sand.

The artifact assemblage recovered consists of a chert core and 27 pieces of lithic debitage (Table 5-8). The core, which weighs 565.1 g (19.9 oz), is of non-heat treated chert. Ten of the 26 chert flakes had been heat treated. Nineteen are non-decortication, two are primary decortication, four are secondary decortication, and one is a piece of shatter. There are 11 complete flakes, seven proximal flakes, seven medial/distal flakes, and one piece of debris. In terms of size, two are small, 18 medium, four large, one X5, and one X7. One large, thermally altered coral medial/distal non-decortication flake was also recovered. Based on the Sullivan and Rozen analysis, the high percentage of complete flakes along with the core and debris suggest that core reduction was one of the major site activities. The predominance of non-decortication flakes, paucity of primary decortication flakes, and the relatively small flake size suggest that tool manufacture and/or maintenance was also being conducted on site.

							Size			
ltem	Material	ТА	Туре	Category	s	m	I	x5	x7	Tota I
core	chert	no								1
				proximal		4	1			5
			non-	complete	1	1	1			3
		no	decortication	medial/dista I		6				6
			primary	proximal			1			1
			secondary	complete		2				2
		total			1	13	3			17
	chert		non-	proximal		1				1
debitage				decortication	complete	1	3			
_			primary	complete					1	1
		yes		complete				1		1
			secondary	medial/dista I			1			1
			shatter	debris		1				1
		total			1	5	1	1	1	10
	total				2	18	4	1	1	26
	coral	yes	secondary	complete				1		1
debitage total					2	18	4	2	1	27
Total							4	2	1	28

Table 5-8	Artifacts	recovered	from	8HI472
	/			••••

Portions of the Wetherington Ridge Site have been extensively disturbed by the construction of I-75. Although cultural materials were found within the APE, they provide little new data concerning the function of the site or its temporal placement. Although the site is recorded as potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP, the portion of 8HI472 situated within the I-75 project APE is not considered significant as per the NRHP eligibility criteria. No additional work is warranted.

8HI450: The Powerline A/Monster Site is located in Sections 1 and 12 of Township 28 South, Range 19 East (USGS 1977) (Figures 5-6, 5-7, and 5-8). The site occurs on the somewhat poorly drained Zolfo fine sand and the excessively drained Candler fine sand, 0-5% slope (USDA 2005). Zolfo sand occurs on broad low ridges in the flatwoods and Candler fine sand occurs in the uplands. The site is located about 600 m (1968 ft) west of Cow House Creek; several isolated wetlands are proximate.

8HI450 was recorded as a lithic scatter by John Fiorini in 1972. In 1978, B. Calvin Jones conducted additional testing prior to the construction of I-75. At that time, he subdivided the site into four subareas (A-D). He considered Areas C and D potentially significant and Phase II testing was conducted (Daniel and Wisenbaker 1981; Jones 1980). Over 500 artifacts were recovered, and Area D was dated to the Early and Middle Archaic periods. In 1984, additional testing was conducted at 8HI450D in association with the survey of the Hidden River tract (Deming et al. 1984). An additional 66 pieces of lithic debitage, a hammerstone, a utilized flake, a biface, and two sand tempered plain sherds was recovered. About 10 years later, survey of the Florida Gas Transmission Line resulted in the conclusion

that the portion of the site within the proposed pipeline impact zone (Area D) did not warrant further investigation (Athens et al. 1994:191). No evidence of the site was discovered during the 2003 I-75 PD&E Study (ACI 2003).

The current investigation consisted of the excavation of five shovel tests placed at 25 m (82 ft) intervals, and judgmentally. No cultural material was recovered. Much of the area has been covered with fill, and disturbed through the construction of the I-75 and Fletcher Avenue interchange. The general stratigraphy in areas that have not been impacted consists of an upper zone of 0-30 cm (0-12 in) gray sand underlain by light brown sand. Given the extensive disturbance and absence of cultural materials recovered during this survey, as well as the 2003 results (ACI 2003), the Powerline A Site, as contained within the I-75 project APE, has likely been destroyed. No additional investigations are warranted.

8HI5434: This unnamed site is located in the southeast quarter of Section 1, Township 28 South, Range 19 East (USGS 1977) (Figure 5-6). It occurs on Candler fine sand, 0-5% slopes, an excessively drained soil of the uplands (USDA 1989, 2005). Elevation of the site is between 11 to 15 m (35-50 ft) amsl, and it is located between the floodplains of the Hillsborough River and Cow House Creek, 600-700 m (1,968-2,296 ft) to the northwest and southeast, respectively.

This site was recorded during the survey for a natural gas pipeline and was evidenced by a scatter of lithic debitage and some 20th century materials. It was not considered significant, and the SHPO concurred (Athens et al. 1994). The site was revisited during the 2003 CRAS of I-75, but no cultural materials were discovered (ACI 2003).

The current investigation included excavation of 26 shovel tests placed at 25 m (82 ft) intervals, and judgmentally. As a result, two produced cultural materials at 80 cmbs (32 in). The general stratigraphy consists of 0-30 cm (0-12 in) gray brown sand and 30-100 cm (12-39 in) light brown sand. The artifact assemblage consists of two pieces of lithic debitage. One is a thermally altered coral non-decortication flake. It is large and categorized as a medial/distal flake fragment. The other is a thermally altered chert non-decortication flake. This complete flake is medium-sized. Other than the use of thermal alteration, which suggests an Archaic component, little can be said about this limited assemblage.

8HI5434 does not meet the eligibility requirements for listing in the NRHP based upon the low artifact density and diversity, lack of subsurface features, and absence of diagnostic artifacts. Although of interest in terms of regional settlement and land use pattern analysis, the site has a low research potential. No additional investigation is warranted.

8HI483: The Deerstand Site is located in the northeast quarter of Section 1, Township 28 South, Range 19 East (USGS 1977) (Figure 5-6). The site occurs on the excessively drained Candler fine sand, 0-5% slopes, the somewhat poorly drained Zolfo fine sand, and the poorly drained Myakka, Immokalee, and Malabar fine sands (USDA 2005). Site elevation is between 8 and 15 m (25-50 ft) amsl. The Hillsborough River floodplain is adjacent to the site, and the river is about 300 m (984 ft) northwest of the site.

8HI483 was recorded by Jones in 1978 during the I-75 survey (Jones 1980). Three distinct activity areas (A-C) were defined, and the site was evaluated as potentially significant. Phase II and Phase III excavations of Areas A and B (Daniel 1982; Gagel 1981) revealed Early Archaic through Safety Harbor period components. Additional testing within Areas A

and B was conducted by ACI as part of the Hidden River project (Deming et al. 1984). As a result, a variety of lithic artifacts, including debitage, unifaces, core fragments, flake tools, and blanks were recovered. The Florida Gas Transmission Line also transected the site. Survey yielded additional lithic debitage and tools, and additional testing was recommended, but apparently not undertaken (Athens et al. 1994). In 2003, survey of the I-75 ROW proposed pond areas resulted in the recovery of debitage, a core, and flake tools. While it was concluded that much of the site had been destroyed by construction of I-75, intact portions of the site were still extant discovered (ACI 2003).

The current investigation consisted of the excavation of five shovel tests placed at 25 m (82 ft) intervals, as well as judgmentally. The general stratigraphy consists of 0-40 cm (0-16 in) dark gray sand and 40-100 cm (16-39 in) light brown sand. All shovel tests yielded negative results. This is consistent with ACI's 2003 survey results, which indicated that the densest portion of the site was located to the north of the current project APE. Although 8HI483 was determined NRHP-eligible in 1979, that portion of the site contained within the I-75 project APE does not have the potential to yield archaeological data of significance to regional prehistory. Thus, it is not considered significant as per the NRHP criteria of eligibility, and no further work is warranted.

8HI5433: The WLR 12-3 Site, a lithic scatter, is located to the west of I-75 in the southeast quarter of Section 36, Township 27 South, Range 19 East (USGS 1977) (Figure 5-6). It occurs on poorly drained Winder fine sand. Elevation of the site is approximately 12 m (40 ft) amsl, and the Hillsborough River is approximately 50 m (164 ft) to the south.

This site was originally discovered in 1993 by R. Christopher Goodwin and Associates during a survey of the Florida Gas Transmission Company Phase III Expansion project. As a result, a limited amount of lithic debitage was found, and 8HI5433 was evaluated as not NRHP-eligible (Athens et al. 1994). The SHPO concurred with this evaluation. The site was revisited during the 2003 CRAS of I-75 (ACI 2003). Three shovel tests were excavated at 25 m (82 ft) intervals, and all yielded negative results. On the basis of these negative findings, the location of WLR 12-3 cannot be verified within the I-75 project APE (ACI 2003:6-24). No additional testing was conducted during the current investigation.

8HI5432: The WLR 12-2 Site, a lithic scatter, is located to the west of I-75 in the southeast quarter of Section 36, Township 27 South, Range 19 East (USGS 1977) (Figure 5-6). It occurs on poorly drained Winder fine sand (USDA 1989, 2005). Elevation of the site is approximately 8 m (25 ft) amsl, and the Hillsborough River is approximately 90 m (295 ft) to the south.

This site was originally discovered in 1993 by R. Christopher Goodwin and Associates during a survey of the Florida Gas Transmission Company Phase III Expansion project. As a result, 91 pieces of lithic debitage were recovered, and more work was recommended. While additional testing yielded 437 pieces of lithic debitage, it was concluded that the site lacked integrity, and no further archaeological investigation was recommended (FMSF in ACI 2003:6-24). The SHPO concurred, and in 1994 determined the site to be ineligible for listing in the NRHP.

The site was revisited during the 2003 CRAS of I-75 (ACI 2003). Four shovel tests were excavated at 25 m (82 ft) intervals within the project APE, and two produced a total of two of lithic artifacts from between 20-60 cm (8-24 in) below surface. ACI's work did not result in a

change to the original site limits of 100 m (328 ft) north/south by 20 m (65 ft) east/west. ACI agreed that 8HI5432, as located within the I-75 project APE, is not eligible for listing in the NRHP (ACI 2003:6-25). No additional testing was conducted during the current investigation.

8HI5431: The WLR 12-1 Site, a lithic scatter, is located to the west of I-75 in the southeast quarter of Section 36, Township 27 South, Range 19 East (USGS 1977) (Figure 5-6). It occurs on Myakka and Winder fine sands (USDA 1989, 2005). Elevation of the site is approximately 12-18 m (40-60 ft) amsl. A freshwater swamp is adjacent to the west.

This site was originally discovered in 1993 by R. Christopher Goodwin and Associates during a survey of the Florida Gas Transmission Company Phase III Expansion project. They discovered 12 pieces of lithic debitage, and evaluated the site as ineligible for listing in the NRHP (Athens et al. 1994). The SHPO concurred, and in 1994 determined the site to be ineligible for listing in the NRHP.

The site was revisited during the 2003 CRAS of I-75 (ACI 2003). Four shovel tests were excavated at 25 m (82 ft) intervals within the project APE, and two produced a total of four chert waste flakes from between 25-100 cm (10-40 in) below surface. ACI's work did not result in a change to the original site limits of 100 m (328 ft) north/south by 20 m (65 ft) east/west. ACI agreed that 8HI5431, as located within the I-75 project APE, is not eligible for listing in the NRHP. (ACI 2003:6-25). No additional testing was conducted during the current investigation.

8HI5430: The WLR 11-1 Site, a lithic scatter, is located to the west of I-75 in the northeast quarter of Section 36, Township 27 South, Range 19 East (USGS 1977) (Figure 5-6). The local soil type is Myakka fine sand (USDA 1989, 2005). Elevation of the site is about 11 m (35 ft) amsl. Trout Creek is to the east.

This site was originally discovered in 1993 by R. Christopher Goodwin and Associates during a survey of the Florida Gas Transmission Company Phase III Expansion project. They discovered a limited amount of lithic debitage, and evaluated the site as ineligible for listing in the NRHP (Athens et al. 1994). In 1994, the SHPO determined the site to be ineligible for listing in the NRHP.

The site was revisited during the 2003 CRAS of I-75 (ACI 2003). Three shovel tests were excavated at 50 m (164 ft) intervals within the project APE, and all yielded negative results. ACI's work did not result in a change to the original site size of 100 m (328 ft) north/south by 115 m (377 ft) east/west. ACI concluded that on the basis of the negative findings, the location of WLR 11-1 could not be verified within the existing I-75 right-of-way (ACI 2003:6-26). No additional testing was conducted during the current investigation.

AO # 2: This AO is located in the northwest quarter of Section 18 in Township 28 South, Range 20 East (USGS 1977) (Figure 5-5). It consists of a chert non-decortication flake recovered at 40 cmbs (16 in). This large, proximal flake fragment had been thermally altered. The local stratigraphy consists of 0-10 cm (0-4 in) gray sand, 10-35 cm (4-14 in dark brown sand, and 35-100 cm (14-39 in) light brown sand. The four surrounding shovel tests were negative. This AO may be associated with 8HI7877, which is located about 100 m to the east. AO #2 is not considered significant due to its low research potential.

5.3 HISTORICAL/ARCHITECTURAL SURVEY RESULTS

Background research and historical/architectural field survey resulted in the identification of 23 historic resources within the I-75 PD&E Study project APE (Table 5-9). Six are located within Segment 1, from south of US 301 to north of SR 60; nine are located within Segment 2, from north of SR 60 to north of I-4; and eight are located within Segment 3, from north of I-4 to north of Fletcher Avenue (Figures 5-9, 5-10 and 5-11). Of the total 23 historic resources, eight (8HI5085, 8HI5086, 8HI6900, 8HI6901, 8HI7839, 8HI7840, 8HI8742, and 8HI8743) were previously recorded and 15 (8HI11460-11472 and 8HI11481-11482) were newly identified. Field survey indicated that four resources, 8HI6900, 8HI6901, 8HI7839, and 8HI8743, have not undergone significant alterations or additions since the time they were originally recorded. As a result, the recorded descriptions and evaluations (ACI 2003; ACI/Janus Research 2003; SEARCH 2000c), summarized below, continue to accurately represent these resources. A copy of each original FMSF form is contained in Appendix B; updated forms were not prepared. The other four previously recorded historic resources (8HI5085, 8HI5086, 8HI7840, and 8HI8742) have been significantly altered since they were recorded. Therefore, descriptions of their current conditions follow, and updated FMSF forms are contained in Appendix B. An expanded FMSF form was prepared for 8HI8742. which was reevaluated as potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP.

Site #	Address	Year	Style ¹	NRHP Eligibility
Segment ?	1: S of US 301 to N of SR 60	<u> </u>	<u>.</u>	
HI6900*	2408 Graves Road	ca. 1939	FV	Ineligible
HI6901*	10314 Woodberry Road	ca. 1930	FV	Ineligible
HI11471	10345 Fisher Road	ca. 1935	FV	Ineligible
HI11472	10308 Woodberry Road	ca. 1955	FV/MV	Ineligible
HI11481	CSX Railroad (formerly ACL)	ca. 1884	-	Ineligible
HI11482	CSX Railroad (formerly SAL)	ca. 1890	-	Ineligible
Segment 2	2: N of SR 60 to N of I-4			
HI5085*	6022 Falkenburg Road	ca. 1945	FV	Ineligible
HI5086*	6034 Falkenburg Road	ca. 1940	FV	Ineligible
HI11466	10301 E Sligh Avenue	ca. 1956	MV	Ineligible
HI11467	6104 Falkenburg Road	ca. 1959	FV/MV	Ineligible
HI11470	2306 Graves Road	ca. 1951	FV	Ineligible
HI11469	3911 McCartney Lane	ca. 1951	MV	Ineligible
HI11468	3917 McCartney Lane	ca. 1951	MV	Ineligible
HI8742*	10426 Tanner Road	ca. 1891	FV	Potentially eligible
HI8743*	10608 Tanner Road	ca. 1940	BUNG	Ineligible
Segment 3	3: N of I-4 to N of Fletcher Ave.			
HI11465	9204 U.S. Highway 301	ca. 1955	MV	Ineligible
HI11464	9016 Copeland Road	ca. 1957	MV	Ineligible
HI11463	10212 Morris Bridge Road	ca. 1958	MV	Ineligible
HI11462	8903 McRae Road	ca. 1959	FV/MV	Ineligible
HI7840*	8709 Seahawk Lane	ca. 1947	FV	Ineligible
HI11460	8707 127 th Avenue	ca. 1930	FV	Ineligible
HI11461	12324 Old Morris Bridge Road	ca. 1952	MV	Ineligible
HI7839*	12330 Old Morris Bridge Road	ca. 1940	FV	Ineligible

Table 5-9 Previously and newly recorded historic resources located within the I-75PD&E Study project APE

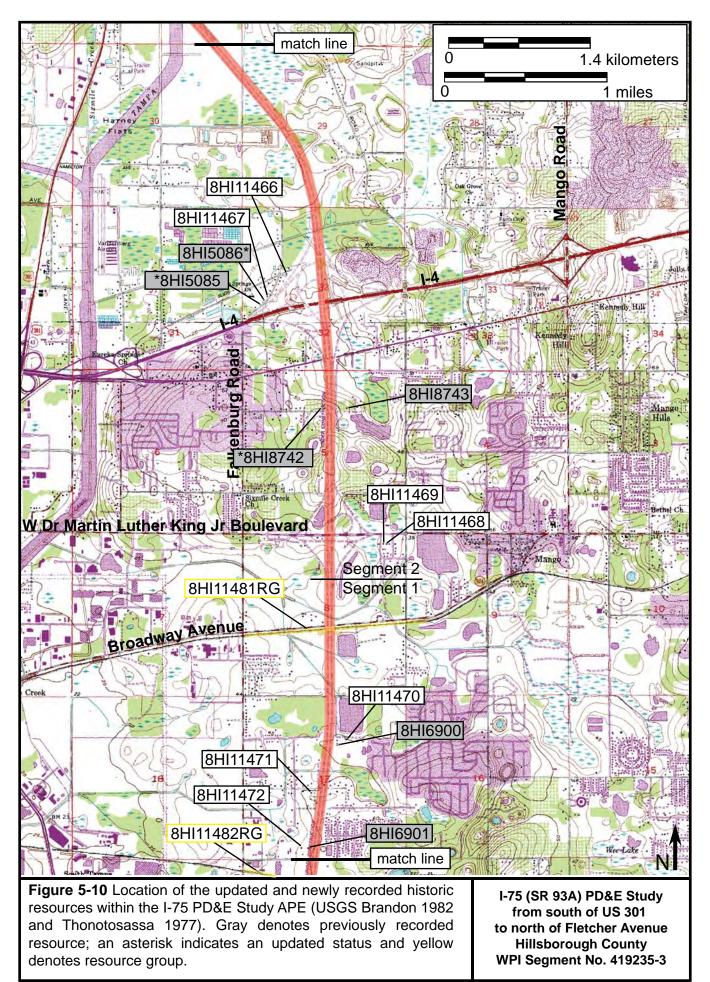
¹LEGEND: *Style*- FV = Frame Vernacular; MV = Masonry Vernacular; FV/MV = composite of both; BUNG=Bungalow

* Previously recorded resources



Figure 5-9 Location of the updated and newly recorded historic resources within the I-75 PD&E Study APE (USGS Brandon 1982). Gray denotes previously recorded resource; an asterisk indicates an updated status and yellow denotes resource group.

I-75 (SR 93A) PD&E Study from south of US 301 to north of Fletcher Avenue Hillsborough County WPI Segment No. 419235-3





Segment 1: Two previously recorded (8HI6900 and 8HI6901) and four newly identified historic resources (8HI11471, 8HI11472, 8HI11481 and 8HI11482) are located within study Segment 1. These include two historic railroad segments and four residential buildings constructed in the Frame and Masonry Vernacular styles. The construction dates for the Buildings range from ca. 1884 to ca. 1955. None of these resources are considered eligible for listing in the NRHP. Descriptions follow.

8HI6900: This ca. 1939 Frame Vernacular style residence, located at 2408 Graves Road (Figure 5-7), was originally recorded by SEARCH in 2000 during survey of the proposed Bayside Lateral Reroute (SEARCH 2000c). The SHPO concurred with the recorder that 8HI6900 is ineligible for listing in the NRHP. SEARCH described the historic residence as a one-story wood frame structure with a continuous foundation, a 5V crimp sheet metal-covered gable roof, and one-over-one double-hung sash windows. A ca. 1961 concrete block addition diminished the architectural integrity of the building. This non-sympathetic alteration, along with a lack of significant historical associations and architectural distinction, limited its importance.

8HI6901: This ca. 1930 Frame Vernacular style residence, located at 10314 Woodberry Road, also was originally recorded by SEARCH in 2000 during survey of the proposed Bayside Lateral Reroute (SEARCH 2000c).The SHPO concurred with the recorder that 8HI6901 is ineligible for listing in the NRHP. SEARCH described the historic residence as a one-story wood frame structure with a concrete block pier foundation, and a gable roof sheathed in composition shingles. The residence featured both wood double-hung sash and metal awning windows, as well as two closed porches. Alterations to the building included an addition to the north façade, enclosure of the porch, and replacement of windows. Given these alterations, and a lack of significant historical associations, 8HI6901 was evaluated as ineligible for listing in the NRHP.



Photo 5-1 8HI11471 at 10345 Fisher Road, looking west.

8HI11471: This Frame/Masonry Vernacular style residence at 10345 Fisher Road was constructed ca. 1935. The wood frame walls, as well as the masonry wall additions on the

east, west, and north elevations, appear to be set on a continuous foundation. The crossgable roof is sheathed in a mix of composition roll, composition shingles, and corrugated metal. Fenestration consists of two-, three-, and four-light awning windows. The exterior walls are clad in stucco, brick, and vertical board. The main entrance, on the north elevation, is obscured behind an aluminum screen door. No formal porches were observed, but the two-bay carport on the west elevation seems to function as one. This structure evidences numerous 1950, 1960, and 1970-era modifications that obscure the true form of the building. Of the original features, only the horizontal wood siding in the gable ends remain. These unsympathetic alterations and additions to much of its exterior diminish its historic integrity. This, coupled with a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of the building. Therefore, 8HI11471 is not considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP.



Photo 5-2 8HI11472 at 10308 Woodberry Road, looking north.

8HI11472: This Frame and Masonry Vernacular composition residence at 10308 Woodberry Road was constructed ca. 1955. The wood frame structural system is set on a continuous foundation of concrete block, whereas the concrete block west addition is set on a poured slab foundation. The side-gable roof is sheathed in composition shingles. Fenestration consists of three- and four-light awning replacement windows. The exterior wall on the original portion is wood drop siding, whereas the addition features painted concrete block. The main entrance, on the south elevation, is placed between the original structure and a later wood frame west addition. This door is protected by a small shed roof projection. Other architectural characteristics include rafter tails and partial wood surrounds on the windows. Moderate changes, as described, compromise its historic integrity, and coupled with a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of the building. Therefore, 8HI11472 is not considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP.

8HI11481: The northern railroad corridor in the project APE, which crosses under I-75 just south of Broadway Avenue, measures approximately 20 miles in length from Uceta Station to east of Plant City, where it connects to Lakeland. Modern in composition, the single

standard gauge track is constructed on gravel ballast. Recent improvements to the rail bed within the project APE include the replacement of railroad ties, as evidenced by the removal of worn ties piled beside the track. Originally, this rail line was part of the Henry B. Plant system constructed in 1884. Financed by Henry Plant, the Tampa & Key West Railway Co. completed the railway expansion from Sanford to Tampa in one year, with crews working from both coasts and eventually meeting east of Lakeland. Henry Plant himself would take charge some years later, as the company reformed to create the Florida Southern Railroad The Atlantic Coast Line later purchased it in 1902, after Plant's death, and in 1890. continued to compete with its southern competitor, the Seaboard Air Line (Turner 1999). Background research revealed that 8HI11481, the northern railroad corridor, was once part of Henry Plant's extension railway holdings in Florida that at the turn of the century encompassed 2,200 miles (Turner 2003). Many such lines exist and evaluation of the entire line through Hillsborough County was outside the scope of this project. However, while insufficient information exists to assess the significance of the entire railroad corridor, as located within the I-75 project APE, 8HI11481 is considered ineligible for listing in the NRHP. Improvements to I-75 will occur above the railroad grades, thus voiding direct impacts to this resource.

8HI11482: The southern railroad corridor in the project APE, which crosses I-75 700 ft south of Woodberry Road, measures approximately 20 miles in length from Uceta Station to east of Plant City. Modern in composition, the single standard gauge track is constructed on gravel ballast. Recent improvements to the rail-bed within the project area include the replacement of railroad ties, as evidenced by the removal of worn ties piled beside the track. Historically it began as a development of the Florida Central Peninsular (FC&P) Company. Around 22 miles of track were placed from Plant City westward to Tampa on May 1, 1890, connecting Turkey Creek, Valrico, and Brandon (Turner 2003). This connection between Tampa and Plant City allowed FC&P direct access to the Gulf without having to rely on competitor Henry Plant's South Florida Railroad. Ten years following, the Seaboard Air Line Railway would operate the FC&P line from 1900 to 1903, when they eventually purchased the railroad. The Seaboard Air Line Railway would continue to operate and compete against its northern neighbor, the Atlantic Coast Line.

Although vigorous competitors for many years, the Atlantic Coast Line and Seaboard Air Line merged to form the Seaboard Coast Line in 1967 to improve profitability. By 1980, the Seaboard Coast Line Industries had officially merged with the "Chessie System" railroads, creating the CSX Corporation railroad system.

The railway was historically important in connecting the city and ports of Tampa to outlying towns and communities east and north of the metropolitan area. Although it appears to retain its historic function and association, many such lines exist and evaluation of the entire line through Hillsborough County was outside the scope of this project. However, while insufficient information exists to assess the significance of the entire railroad corridor, as located within the I-75 project APE, 8HI11482 is considered ineligible for listing in the NRHP. Improvements to I-75 will occur above the railroad grades, thus voiding direct impacts to this resource.

Segment 2: Four previously recorded (8HI5085, 8HI5086, 8HI8742, and 8HI8743) and five newly identified historic resources (8HI11466, 8HI11467, 8HI11468, 8HI11469 and 8HI11470) are located within study Segment 2. All are residential buildings constructed in the Frame Vernacular, Masonry Vernacular, and Bungalow styles. The construction dates

for the buildings range from ca. 1891 to ca. 1959. Of these nine historic resources, 8HI8742, the Tanner Residence, is considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP. The other eight resources are considered ineligible. Descriptions follow.



Photo 5-3 8HI5085 at 6022 Falkenburg Road, looking northwest.

8HI5085: The previously recorded Frame Vernacular style residence at 6022 Falkenburg Road was constructed ca. 1945. This building was originally recorded by Piper/Janus Research in 1992 during the *A Cultural Resource Assessment Survey of the Interstate 4 Improvements Project Right-of-Way from 50th Street to the Hillsborough/Polk County Line, <i>Hillsborough County, Florida.* The building features a wood frame structural system set on a pier foundation. The side-gable roof is sheathed in corrugated metal. Fenestration consists of ca. 1970 two-light awning, one-over-one single-hung sash windows. The windows have wood window surrounds and some have fixed window shutters. The exterior fabric consists of wood drop siding. The main entrance is located on the south and is accessed via an open porch with a gable roof. An addition was built onto the rear (north) of the house ca. 1990.

This mid-century building reflects moderate changes in its massing and stylistic elements that compromise its historic integrity. Since the time it was recorded, additions have been made to the rear (north) and side (south), and a chimney feature was removed. These modifications, in addition to a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of the building. Therefore, 8HI5085 is not considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP.



Photo 5-4 8HI5086 at 6034 Falkenburg Road, looking west.

8HI5086: The previously recorded Frame Vernacular style residence at 6034 Falkenburg Road was constructed ca. 1940. This building was originally recorded by Piper/Janus Research in 1992 during the *A Cultural Resource Assessment Survey of the Interstate 4 Improvements Project Right-of-Way from 50th Street to the Hillsborough/Polk County Line, <i>Hillsborough County, Florida.* The building features a wood frame structural system set on pier foundation. The side-gable roof is sheathed with composition shingles. Fenestration consists of ca. 2005 one-over-one single-hung sash, some of which are six-over-six simulated divided light. The exterior wall fabric features vinyl siding and application of fieldstone. The entrance is located on the southeast elevation and is protected by an open porch with shed roof. The additions on the northeast and southeast elevations, as well as the attached carport, reflect ca. 2000 additions.

This mid-century building reflects significant changes in its massing and stylistic elements that compromise its historic integrity. Since 1992, this building has a rear addition to the west, a change in fenestration on the north elevation, an open front porch to the east, and a change of exterior cladding with vinyl siding and fieldstone veneer. These modifications, in addition to a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of the building. Therefore, 8HI5086 is not considered eligible for listing in the NRHP.



Photo 5-5 8HI8742 at 10426 Tanner Road, south elevation of the main residence looking north.

8HI8742: This previously recorded Frame Vernacular style residence at 10426 Tanner Road was constructed ca. 1891. The two-story building was originally recorded by ACI in 2003 during the Survey of the Florida High Speed Rail Authority PD&E Study project corridor (ACI/Janus 2003). At that time, it was recorded as a ca. 1910 residence, and considered not potentially eligible for the NRHP. Since the previous survey, an interview with the current and long-time occupant of the residence, Frederick L. Patrick, provided new details regarding the significance of this property (Patrick 2008). Frederick LaVerne Patrick is the grandson of John Tanner, who built this house. Tanner, as a child, lived in a small one-story Frame Vernacular style residence situated south of this address (and outside the project APE), presumably built by his father John W. Tanner, Sr. and mother Sarah Jane. According to 1880 census records, his father was an Alabama native and his mother came from nearby Georgia, but records did not list their date of settlement within Florida. The onestory house, was the original homestead site until John Tanner reached sixteen years of age. Although this one-story house is still extant, it remains in a ruinous condition and the parcel on which it sits is not owned by Mr. Patrick. Thus, it is not included as part of this property as a contributing resource. At that time, around 1891, he built the two-story residence to the north of Tanner Road for his new wife.

The wood frame structure at 10426 Tanner Road rests on a pier foundation and reflects an I-House design with a cross-gable roof. The partial front porch enclosure on the west elevation is original to the design of the house. This residence retains its drop siding exterior fabric, 1/1 and 2/2 DHS windows, 6-pane fixed windows, and brick chimney on the west elevation. A shed addition to the rear was built ca. 1960. A detached one-and-one-half-story kitchen was located to the rear, until the 1930s, when it was moved 0.2 miles west to its current location (Sylvia Place and Tanner Road) for a family member. A non-historic shed is located to the west of the residence and is not considered to be a contributing resource.



Photo 5-6 8HI8742 at 10426 Tanner Road, remaining orange groves to the west of the main residence.

Mr. Patrick stated that his family traditionally has been involved in agriculture, primarily focusing on cattle and orange production. This fact is also reflected in the U.S. Census records dating back to 1880. Mr. Patrick still grazes cattle on the remainder of his property, although the construction of I-75 removed many of his farm-related buildings and pasture. The family's orange groves, according to 1939 aerials, once covered a quarter mile stretch of his property fronting Tanner Road to the west and north of the residence: only a concentrated portion immediately west of the house remains. Additional groves south of his property once surrounded the original homestead of John Tanner, and more are currently found east of I-75. These orange groves are most likely northern extensions planted by Hugh Sampson, a relative of the Tanner family, whose ca. 1912 two-story residence still remains on the east side of I-75, roughly one mile southeast of 8HI8742. As described in the 1998 Hillsborough County Historic Resources Survey Report (Hillsborough County Planning and Growth Management Office), by 1912 there were only 12 houses within a twomile radius of the Hugh Sampson house. By current estimates, the Sampson house and this property may be part of the few remaining resources representing the Mango community from the early 20th century.

According to the *Hillsborough County Historic Resources Survey Report,* 14 Frame Vernacular style structures built prior to 1900 were extant throughout the county, and only eight of these are two-stories in height. By current estimates, the FMSF records and aerials suggest only 13 Frame Vernacular style buildings which pre-date 1900 still exist in Hillsborough County. Only one, the Stanaland House (8HI1001) bears a similar context, massing, and setting to the property recorded at 10426 Tanner Road. The Stanaland House is a two-story I-House with wood frame construction clad in drop siding; but reflects diminished integrity with the enclosure of the front porch and two shed additions to the rear. Both properties are similar in that they are located adjacent to extant, but deteriorated, orange groves, thus indicating a historic tie to agriculture. However, the property (8HI8742) located at 10426 Tanner Road has maintained its continuity of form and function for over a



Photo 5-7 8HI8742 at 10426 Tanner Road, south elevation of the barn to the northeast of the main residence.

century, and reflects the Tanner family's historic ties to the early settlement and agricultural use of Hillsborough County, and more specifically, to the nearby early community of Mango. Therefore, 8HI8742 appears potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP at the local level under Criterion A, for its association with early settlement and agriculture in Hillsborough County, and under Criterion C as a fine example of late 19th to early 20th century rural vernacular architecture. It retains sufficient integrity in that it conveys a historic sense of the long established Tanner family homestead connected with the broad trends and patterns of the farming and citrus industries that once characterized 20th century Florida. The potential historic property includes the residence and the associated historic landscape, specifically the 1.28-acre parcel with the residence and an associated barn structure and the adjacent (west side) 1.42-acre parcel containing a historic orange grove. An expanded FMSF form is contained in Appendix B which includes a map showing the potential NRHP boundaries and contributing resources.

8HI8743: This ca. 1940 Bungalow style residence, located at 10608 Tanner Road, was originally recorded by ACI and Janus Research in 2003 during survey of the Florida High Speed Rail Authority PD&E Study (ACI/Janus 2003). It was described as a one-story wood frame structure with a concrete pier foundation, a gable roof sheathed in composition shingle, and an incised porch on the south elevation. It was altered ca. 1980 with replacement windows. The recorders evaluated this bungalow as typical for Hillsborough County, and limited information available did not indicate any significant historical associations.



Photo 5-8 8HI11466 at 10301 E. Sligh Avenue, looking northeast.

8HI11466: This one-story Masonry Vernacular style residence at 10301 E. Sligh Avenue was constructed ca. 1956. This building features a concrete block wall system set on a poured slab foundation. The side-gable roof is covered in modern crimp metal. Fenestration consists of one-over-one, four-over-four, and six-over-six single-hung sash replacement windows ca. 1981. The exterior walls are clad in stucco with fieldstone veneer at the building corners. The main entrance is within the front porch on the north elevation, and is sheltered by a gable roof. Numerous additions to the east and south elevations greatly enlarge the size of this building. Enlargements to this mid-century building reflect significant changes in its massing and stylistic elements that compromise its historic integrity. These modifications, in addition to a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of the building. Therefore, 8HI11466 is not considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP.



Photo 5-9 8HI11467 at 6104 Falkenburg Road, looking west.

8HI11467: This Frame and Masonry Vernacular composition residence at 6104 Falkenburg Road was constructed ca. 1959. This building features wood frame walls set on a pier foundation, and a concrete block wall addition set on a poured slab foundation. The side-gable roof is sheathed in composition shingles. Fenestration consists of two-over-two single-hung sash and four-light awning windows. The exterior wall fabric is a mix of vinyl/aluminum siding and unpainted concrete block. Two wood paneled doors exist on the south elevation, unprotected. No porch was observed. An open carport was added to the south ca. 2008. This mid-century building reflects significant changes in its massing and stylistic elements that compromise its historic integrity. These modifications, in addition to a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of the building. Therefore, 8HI11467 is not considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP.



Photo 5-10 8HI11468 at 3917 McCartney Lane, looking southwest.

8HI11468: This Masonry Vernacular residence at 3917 McCartney Lane was built ca. 1951, and now is vacant. The concrete block structural system is set on a poured slab foundation. The deteriorated side-gable roof is sheathed in composition shingles, with some gaps in roofing material. Fenestration consists of four-light replacement awning windows, and at the time of survey most were obscured by plywood. The exterior wall fabric is painted concrete block. An open porch with shed roof on the north elevation provides access to the main entrance. A carport was observed on the west elevation, and ca.1970 addition is situated behind it. This masonry vernacular building is an unexceptional example of its kind. A lack of maintenance is reflected by the deteriorating roof and overgrown appearance of the yard. These changes, in addition to a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of the building. Therefore, 8HI11468 is not considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP.



Photo 5-11 8HI11469 at 3911 McCartney Lane, looking south.

8HI11469: This Masonry Vernacular style residence at 3911 McCartney Lane was constructed ca. 1951. The concrete block structural system is set on a poured slab foundation. The side-gable roof is sheathed in composition shingles. Fenestration consists of three-light awning windows ca. 1975. The exterior wall fabric is clad in brick veneer. Architectural details include flat arches above window openings and faux shutter surrounding windows. The main entrance on the northeast elevation is sheltered by an inset porch and covered by the main roof. Judging by the lowered rooflines, it appears that the west and east elevations are additions made to the original building. This masonry vernacular building is an unexceptional example of its kind that has experienced alterations that diminish its historic integrity. These changes, in addition to a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of the building. Therefore, 8HI11469 is not considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP.



Photo 5-12 8HI11470 at 2306 Graves Road, looking south.

8HI11470: This Frame Vernacular style residence at 2306 Graves Road was constructed ca. 1951. This building features a wood frame structural system set on a continuous foundation. The front-gable roof is sheathed with composition shingles. Fenestration consists of one-over-one single-hung sash replacement windows with projecting window sills. The exterior walls are faced in stucco. The main entrance on the front (north) elevation consists of a wood swing door protected within the enclosed porch. Of the original features, only the horizontal wood siding and vents within the gable ends remain. Given the extensive unsympathetic alterations to much of its exterior, the historic integrity of the building has been diminished. These changes, in addition to a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of the building. Therefore, 8HI11470 is not considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP.

Segment 3: Two previously recorded (8HI7839 and 8HI7840) and six newly identified historic resources (8HI11460, 8HI11461, 8HI11462, 8HI11463, 8HI11464 and 8HI11465) are located within study Segment 3. These include three commercial (two were formally residences and are now used commercially) and five residential buildings constructed in the Masonry and Frame Vernacular styles. The construction dates for the buildings range from ca. 1930 to ca. 1959. None is considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP. Descriptions follow.

8HI7839: This ca. 1940 Frame Vernacular style residence, located at 12230 Old Morris Bridge Road, was originally recorded by ACI in 2003 during survey of the I-75 project corridor (from south of Fowler Avenue to south of CR 54) (ACI 2003). It was described as a one-story wood frame structure clad in asbestos shingles, with a continuous concrete foundation, a front gable roof finished with corrugated metal panels, and a closed porch on the main (east) façade. Alterations included ca. 1965 window replacements, enclosure of the porch, and additions on the east and south elevations. Given these alterations, and a lack of significant historical associations, 8HI7839 was evaluated as ineligible for listing in the NRHP.



Photo 5-13 8HI7840 at 8709 Seahawk Lane, looking southwest.

8HI7840: This previously recorded Frame Vernacular style residence at 8709 Seahawk Lane was constructed ca. 1947. This building was originally recorded by ACI in 2003 during the *Cultural Resource Assessment Survey I-75 (SR 93A) Project Development and Environment (PD&E) Study and Reevaluation from South of Fowler Avenue to South of CR 54 Hillsborough and Pasco Counties, Florida, and has not been evaluated by SHPO. This building features a wood frame structural system set on a precast pyramidal concrete pier foundation. The gable roof is sheathed in composition shingles. Fenestration consists of two-over-two single-hung sash (ca. 1980) and original one-over-one double-hung sash. The exterior walls are faced with wood drop siding. A closed porch with gable roof is on the northeast elevation and protects the main entrance. Other architectural features include wood window surrounds, projecting window sills, and gable vents.*

8HI7840 evidences no apparent changes since 2003. This is a typical example of the Frame Vernacular style commonly found throughout Hillsborough County and research did not reveal any significant historic associations. Therefore, ACI continues to consider the historic building ineligible for listing in the NRHP.



Photo 5-14 8HI11460 at 8707 127th Avenue, looking north.

8HI11460: This Frame Vernacular style residence at 8707 127th Avenue was constructed ca. 1930. The building features a wood frame structural system set on a continuous foundation of fieldstone. The side-gable roof is covered in 3V crimp metal sheeting. Fenestration consists of ca.1960 two-over-two single-hung sash aluminum windows. The exterior fabric is a combination of horizontal board and fieldstone veneer. The main entrance, not observed during survey, is most likely found on the rear (north) elevation. Two additions on the east and west elevations, ca. 1970, appear to be enclosures of side porches. Other architectural features include gable vents, knee braces under the eaves, and metal awning window covers on the west elevation. This historic building reflects moderate changes in its massing and stylistic elements that compromise its historic integrity. These modifications, in addition to a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of the building. Therefore, 8HI11460 is not considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP.



Photo 5-15 8HI11461 at 12324 Old Morris Bridge Road, looking west.

8HI11461: This Masonry Vernacular style building at 12324 Old Morris Bridge Road was constructed ca. 1952. Formerly a residence, it is now used for commercial operations. The frame and masonry walls are now covered in vinyl, and rest upon a poured slab foundation. The side-gable roof is covered in 5V crimp metal sheeting. Fenestration consists of replacement windows (ca. 2000), including a four-light bay window and one-light fixed. Other architectural features include gable vents and an attached carport on the north elevation. At the time of survey, the main entrance and southern portion of the building were obscured by equipment. This mid-century building reflects significant changes in its massing and stylistic elements that compromise its historic integrity. These modifications, in addition to a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of the building. Therefore, 8HI11461 is not considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP.



Photo 5-16 8HI11462 at 8903 McRae Road, looking southeast.

8HI11462: This Frame and Masonry Vernacular composition residence at 8903 McRae Road was constructed ca. 1959. The building features a wood and masonry structural system set on a poured slab foundation. The cross-gable roof is sheathed in composition shingles. Fenestration consists of one-light sliding and one-over-one single-hung sash replacement windows (ca. 2000). The exterior walls are clad in vertical board and batten, ca. 1965. An unprotected deck addition was constructed on the east elevation ca. 2000. An open side porch covered by a gable roof is accessed from this deck. The southern portion of the house appears to be an addition as well, and this dramatically changes the massing of the house. This mid-century building reflects significant changes in its massing and stylistic elements that compromise its historic integrity. The noted modifications, in addition to a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of the building. Therefore, 8HI11462 is not considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP.



Photo 5-17 8HI11463 at 10212 Morris Bridge Road, looking west.

8HI11463: This Masonry Vernacular style residence at 10212 Morris Bridge Road was built ca. 1958. The concrete block and brick walls are set on a continuous pierced concrete block foundation. The hip roof is sheathed in composition shingles. Fenestration consists of two-light paired awning, 3-light ribbon awning, one-over-one single-hung sash, and one picture window. The main entrance, a nine-panel wood swing door, is accessed via an open porch with a flat roof on the east elevation. Other architectural features include projecting window sills and scroll porch posts. A ca. 1998 two-car garage is to the south. Although this masonry vernacular building reflects minimal alterations to the exterior, it remains an unexceptional example of the style. Additionally, a lack of historical associations or architectural merit limits the importance of the building. Therefore, 8HI11463 is not considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP.



Photo 5-18 8HI11464 at 9016 Copeland Road, looking northwest.

8HI11464: This Masonry Vernacular style building at 9016 Copeland Road was constructed ca. 1957. Formerly a residence, it is now used for commercial operations. The concrete block walls are set on a poured slab foundation. At the building corners, these concrete blocks have rounded edges. The side-gable roof is sheathed in composition shingles. Fenestration consists of six-light and twelve-light casement, and four-light awning windows. The exterior walls are partially clad in stucco. Other architectural features include wood vertical board in the gable ends, projecting concrete window sills, and a concrete chimney on the northwest side. An ancillary garage structure is located to the rear (north) of the property. Enlargements to this mid-century building reflect moderate changes in its massing and stylistic elements that compromise its historic integrity. These modifications, in addition to a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of the building. Therefore, 8HI11464 is not considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP.



Photo 5-19 8HI11465 at 9204 U.S. Highway 301, looking south.

8HI11465: This Masonry Vernacular style commercial building at 9204 U.S. Highway 301 was constructed ca. 1955. The concrete block structural system is set on a poured slab foundation. The flat roof is of built-up composition. Fenestration consists of one-light fixed and two-over-two single-hung sash windows, ca.1980. The exterior fabric is stucco. The attached canopy on the east elevation and filled-in gas pump concrete foundations suggest that this was once used as a gas station. Security bars protect the windows openings on the east elevation. A ca.1990 garage is attached to the south. This mid-century building reflects moderate changes in its massing and stylistic elements that compromise its historic integrity. These modifications, in addition to a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of the building. Therefore, 8HI11465 is not considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP.

6.0 CONCLUSIONS AND SITE EVALUATIONS

All cultural resources identified as a result of this survey were evaluated for their significance, as per the criteria of eligibility for listing in the NRHP. A discussion of site evaluations follows.

6.1 ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITES

Background research indicated that 29 previously recorded archaeological sites are located within or adjacent to the APE. Most of these are lithic or artifact scatters originally identified and evaluated by B. Calvin Jones in 1978 during survey of the proposed I-75 corridor. As a result of field survey, evidence for 10 of the recorded sites (8HI99, 8HI472, 8HI476A, 8HI476B, 8HI507, 8HI510, 8HI5431, 8HI5432, 8HI5434, and 8HI5926) was recovered within the current I-75 project APE. While six of these sites (boldfaced) were previously determined NRHP-eligible by the SHPO, none was found to contain significant cultural deposits within the I-75 ROW. No cultural materials associated with the other 19 previously recorded sites (8HI392, 8HI450, 8HI473, 8HI483, 8HI485, 8HI505, 8HI509, 8HI513, 8HI514, 8HI519, 8HI520, 8HI521, 8HI522, 8HI5430, 8HI5433, 8HI6892, 8HI7877, 8HI10209, and 8HI11479) were discovered, and the portions of the sites located within the I-75 ROW presumably have been destroyed. No new archaeological sites were discovered. However, two AOs, each evidenced by lithic debitage, were identified. Neither is considered significant. Thus, as the result of background research and field survey, no archaeological sites, or significant portions of sites, which are listed, determined eligible, or considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP, or otherwise of historical or archaeological value, are located within the I-75 project APE. No further archaeological survey is recommended.

6.2 HISTORIC RESOURCES

The background research and historical/architectural field survey resulted in the identification of 23 historic resources located within the I-75 PD&E Study project APE. Of these, eight were previously recorded (8HI5085, 8HI5086, 8HI6900, 8HI6901, 8HI7839, 8HI7840, 8HI8742, and 8HI8743) and 15 (8HI11460-11472, and 8HI11481-11482) were newly identified and evaluated. With the exception of 8HI7840, all the previously recorded historic resources were evaluated by the SHPO as ineligible for the NRHP. Because new information was gathered and physical changes have occurred, updated FMSF forms were prepared for four of the previously recorded historic buildings (8HI5085, 8HI5086, 8HI7840, and 8HI8742). The other four recorded historic resources (8HI6900, 8HI6901, 8HI7839, and 8HI8743) have not been significantly altered since they were recorded in 2003, and therefore, updated FMSF forms were not prepared.

8HI8742, a Frame Vernacular style residence located at 10426 Tanner Road, was originally evaluated by the recorder as ineligible for listing in the NRHP. The SHPO concurred with this assessment. However, on the basis of more intensive historical research, including informant information, 8HI8742 has been reevaluated as potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP. Originally recorded as a ca. 1910 house of common form, information provided by the current owner, the grandson of the original builder and occupant, places the construction

date around 1891 (Patrick 2008). Maintaining its continuity of form and function for over a century, this residence reflects the pioneer Tanner family's historic ties to the early settlement of Hillsborough County and the community of Mango. It is considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP at the local level both for its significant historical associations (Criterion A) as well as for representing a fine example of late 19th century rural vernacular architecture (Criterion C). The historic residence maintains its integrity of location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling, and associated historic landscape. Specifically, the potential historic property includes the 1.28-acre parcel with the residence and an associated barn structure and the adjacent (west side) 1.42-acre parcel containing a historic orange grove.

None of the 15 newly recorded historic resources, including 13 buildings and two railroad segments, is considered potentially eligible for the NRHP, either individually or as part of a historic district. The Frame and Masonry Vernacular style residential and commercial buildings, constructed between 1930 and 1959, represent unexceptional examples of their respective types. In addition, the integrity of most of these resources has been compromised by unsympathetic alterations and additions. The two newly recorded railroad corridors (8HI11481 and 8HI11482), once historically part of the Seaboard Air Line and Atlantic Coast Line, respectively, have been altered by modern upgrades. While insufficient information exists to assess the significance of each railroad corridor, as located within the I-75 project APE, both 8HI11481 and 8HI11482 are considered ineligible for listing in the NRHP.

6.3 CONCLUSIONS

Background research and archaeological and historical/architectural field surveys resulted in the identification and evaluation of 10 archaeological sites and 23 historic resources within the I-75 PD&E Study project APE. Of these, only one previously recorded historic resource, the Tanner Residence at 10426 Tanner Road (8HI8742), meets NRHP eligibility Criteria A and C for listing in the NRHP. In addition to the residence, the boundary of this historic resource includes the surrounding 1.28-acre parcel and the adjacent 1.42-acre property which contain a barn structure and historic orange grove, respectively. 8HI8742 is located within the APE for the I-75 PD&E Study project. In accordance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended, and its implementing regulations, a Section 106 Consultation Case Study will be prepared to evaluate the effects of the proposed undertaking (preferred alternative) on the potentially eligible property.

With the exception of 8HI8742, project development will have no involvement with any other archaeological sites or historic resources which are listed, determined eligible, or considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP.

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APPENDIX A Relevant Correspondence



FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF STATE Kurt S. Browning Secretary of State DIVISION OF HISTORICAL RESOURCES

January 19, 2010

Linda Anderson Federal Highway Department 545 John Knox Road, Suite 200 Tallahassee, Florida 32303

 RE: DHR Project File No.: 2009-7635 and 2009-7642
 WPI Segment No.: 419235-2 and 419235-3
 Project: I-75 from Moccasin Wallow Road to South of US 301 PD&E Study and I-75 South of US 301 to North Fletcher Avenue PD&E Study
 County: Manatee and Hillsborough

Dear Ms. Anderson:

This office received and reviewed the above referenced project in accordance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 as amended, 36 CFR Part 800: Protection of Historic Properties, and Chapter 267, Florida Statutes. It is the responsibility of the State Historic Preservation Officer to advise and assist, as appropriate, Federal and State agencies in carrying out their historic preservation responsibilities; to cooperate with agencies to ensure that historic properties are taken into consideration at all levels of planning and development; and to consult with the appropriate agencies in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 as amended, on undertakings that may affect historic properties.

The current submittal includes two Project and Development and Environmental (PD&E) studies for the portion of I-75 that extends from Moccasin Wallow Road to US 301(WPI Segment No.: 419235-2) and from US 301 to North Fletcher Avenue (WPI Segment No.: 419235-3). The project includes the widening of I-75 in both directions within the above-stated limits in addition to the modification of existing interchanges.

Background research for the portion of the project that extends along I-75 between Moccasin Wallow Road and US 301 (WPI Segment No.: 419235-2) noted that there were 10 previouslyidentified archaeological sites (8HI409, 8HI478, 8HI479, 8HI480, 8HI524, 8HI525, 8HI526, 8HI527, 8HI532, and 8MA136) one previously-identified historic structure (8HI11302), and one previously-identified resource group (8MA1337) within the project's area of potential effects (APE). One of the previously-identified archaeological sites, 8HI480, was determined to eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) by this office in 1979, while the remaining nine archaeological sites have yet to be evaluated by the SHPO. The previously-recorded resource group and historic structure were determined to be ineligible for the NRHP by

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Ms. Linda Anderson DHR Project File No.: 2009-7635 and 2009-7642 January 19, 2010 Page 2

this office. As a result of the field survey, evidence of only three of the previously-recorded archaeological sites (8HI478, 8HI524, and 8HI532) was located within the project's APE. The field survey also determined that 8HI11302, the previously-identified historic structure within the APE, was no longer extant. Newly-identified resources documented within the APE as a result of the fieldwork included eight buildings (8HI11295-8HI11302), one archaeological site (8HI11359), and two archaeological occurrences (AOs). The report concluded that none of the historic-age architectural resources within the APE were eligible for listing in the NRHP because each lacked architectural and historic import. Similarly, the portion of the three previously-recorded archaeological site 8HI11359, and the two AO's were evaluated and considered to be insignificant and thus ineligible for inclusion in the NRHP. A table in the report noted that the portions of archaeological sites 8HI409, 8HI479, 8HI480, 8HI525, 8HI526, 8HI527, and 8MA136 were ineligible for listing in the NRHP because no evidence of these previously-identified sites was found during the field study.

Background research for the portion of the project that extends along I-75 between US 301 and North Fletcher Avenue (WPI Segment No.: 419235-3) noted that there were 28 previouslyidentified archaeological sites and eight previously-identified historic structures within the project APE. Of the 36 previously-identified cultural resources, twelve (archaeological sites numbers 8HI99, 8HI450, 8HI472, 8HI473, 8HI476A, 8HI476B, 8HI483, 8HI485, 8HI507, 8HI509, 8HI510, and 8HI1479) were determined to eligible for listing in the NRHP by this office. As a result of the field survey, evidence of only ten of the 28 previously-recorded archaeological sites (8HI99, 8HI472, 8HI476A, 8HI476B, 8HI507, 8HI510, and 8HI5431, 8HI5432, 8HI5434, and 8HI5926) and all of the eight previously-recorded historic structures were located within the project's APE and reevaluated. Newly-identified resources documented within the APE as a result of the fieldwork include 15 buildings and two resource groups (8HI11460-11472 and 8HI11481-11482) as well as two AOs. The report found that only one of the documented historic structures, the Tanner Residence (8HI8742), was eligible for listing in the NRHP. The report also concluded that the newly-recorded AOs and the portions of the 10 previously-recorded archaeological sites found within the APE were ineligible for listing in the NRHP. A table in the report noted that the portions of the remaining 18 previously-identified archaeological sites were ineligible for listing in the NRHP because no evidence of these sites was found during the field study.

After a review of the submitted reports, this office concurs with the Florida Department of Transportation's determination that the *Tanner Residence (8HI8742)* is eligible for listing in the NRHP and looks forward to continuing coordination regarding the affects, if any, that the proposed undertaking will have on this historic property.

The reports noted that the Florida Master Site Files indicated the presence of 13 archaeological sites within the project's APE that had been previously determined to be NRHP eligible by this

Ms. Linda Anderson DHR Project File No.: 2009-7635 and 2009-7642 January 19, 2010 Page 3

office (sites 8HI99, 8HI450, 8HI472, 8HI473, 8HI476A, 8HI476B, 8HI480, 8HI483, 8HI485, 8HI507, 8HI509, 8HI510, and 8HI1479). After the field study, the reports concluded that the portion of each of these sites within the APE was ineligible because very little or no cultural material was located as a result of subsurface testing. Please note, for the sake of clarification, that this office seldom confers a dual eligibility designation to a single site (i.e., a site is either *eligible* or *not eligible* for the NRHP). This office therefore finds that sites 8HI99, 8HI450, 8HI472, 8HI473, 8HI476A, 8HI476B, 8HI480, 8HI483, 8HI485, 8HI507, 8HI509, 8HI510, and 8HI1479 should maintain their status as NRHP eligible, but finds that the project will have *no adverse affect* [as per 36 C.F.R. Part 800, § 800.5(b)] on the sites due to the location of the proposed project and the lack of cultural material present within the project's APE.

If there are any questions concerning our comments or recommendations, please contact Jennifer Ross, Architectural Historian, by phone at 850.245.6333, or via electronic mail at <u>jrross@dos.state.fl.us</u>.

Sincerely,

Lama h. Kammerer

Laura A. Kammerer Deputy State Historic Preservation Officer For Review and Compliance

PC: Bob Gleason, FDOT District 5, Deland Roy Jackson, FDOT CEMO, Tallahassee/#5500



FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF STATE Kurt S. Browning Secretary of State DIVISION OF HISTORICAL RESOURCES

Mr. David C. Gibbs Federal Highway Administration 545 John Knox Road, Suite 200 Tallahassee, FL 32303 September 5, 2008

RE: DHR Project File Number: 2008-5661
Received by DHR: July 25, 2008
Project: *I-75 from Moccasin Wallow Road to South of US 301* and *I-75 from South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue*Financial Management Number: 419235-2 and 419235 3
County: Manatee and Hillsborough

Dear Mr. Gibbs:

Our office received and reviewed the above referenced project in accordance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 as amended, 36 CFR Part 800: Protection of Historic Properties, and Chapter 267, Florida Statutes. It is the responsibility of the State Historic Preservation Officer to advise and assist, as appropriate, Federal and State agencies in carrying out their historic preservation responsibilities; to cooperate with Federal and State agencies to ensure that historic properties are taken into consideration at all levels of planning and development; and to consult with the appropriate Federal agencies in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 as amended, on Federal undertakings that may affect historic properties and the content and sufficiency of any plans developed to protect, manage, or to reduce or mitigate harm to such properties.

Based on the information provided, we concur with the Research Design submitted to our office for the above referenced project. If you have any questions, please contact Sherry Anderson, Transportation Compliance Review Program, by email *sanderson@dos.state.fl.us*, or at 850-245-6432.

Sincerely,

wind P. Gashe

Frederick P. Gaske, Director, and State Historic Preservation Officer

500 S. Bronough Street • Tallahassee, FL 32399-0250 • http://www.flheritage.com

Director's Office (850) 245-6300 • FAX: 245-6436 **Archaeological Research** (850) 245-6444 • FAX: 245-6452

Historic Preservation (850) 245-6333 • FAX: 245-6437



Miccosukee Tribe of Indians of Florida

UNDIC 00 2:246K

Business Council Members Billy Cypress, Chairman

Jasper Nelson, Ass't. Chairman Max Billie, Treasurer Andrew Bert Sr., Secretary William M. Osceola, Lawmaker

August 14, 2008

Mr. David Gibbs, Acting Division Administrator USDOT - FHWA Florida Division 545 John Knox Road, Suite 200 Tallahassee, FL 32303

RE: HPO-FL I-75 Research Design

Dear Mr. Gibbs:

The Miccosukee Tribe of Indians of Florida received your letter concerning preliminary engineering and environmental studies of 2 segments of I-75 between Moccasin Wallow Road and North of Fletcher Avenue. We have reviewed the Research design for the Cultural Resource Assessment Survey ("CRAS") and find no fault with it. If the CRAS shows that no Cultural Resources will be impacted by this project, then no further consultation with the Tribe is necessary, and we will not need a copy of the CRAS. If the CRAS shows that there will be impacts to cultural resources by this project, then further consultation with the Tribe is necessary, and we will want to review the CRAS.

Thank you for consulting with the Miccosukee Tribe. Please contact me at the below number or via e-mail at <u>Stevet@miccosukeetribe.com</u> if you require additional information.

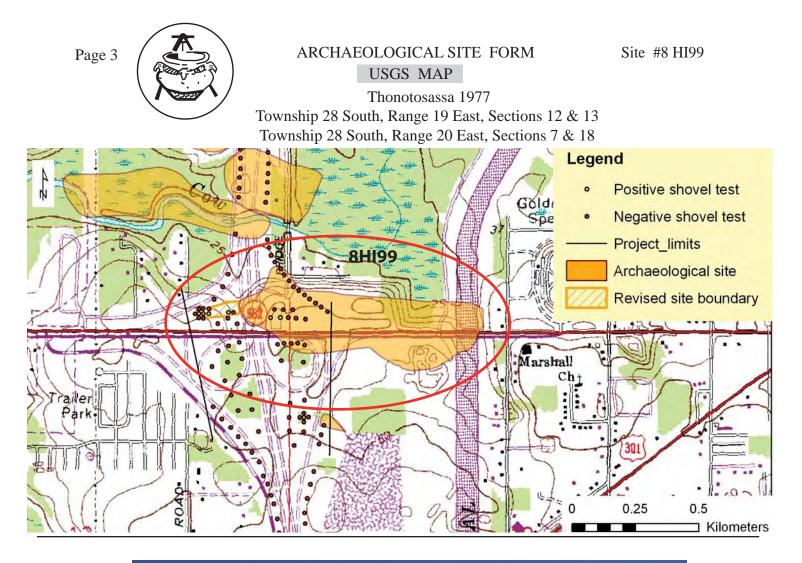
Sincerely,

Steve Terry NAGPRA & Section 106 Representative

APPENDIX B FMSF Forms

Page 1 □ Original Ø Update			EOLOGICA RIDA MASTEF Version 4.0	R SITE FILE	Fie Fo	e #8 <u>HI99</u> eld Date <u>11 / 10 / 08</u> rm Date <u>12 / 10 / 08</u> ecorder #		
Ownership: □private-p USGS 7.5 Map Nam City/Town (within 3 mile Township 28S Landgrant UTM Coordinates: Z Other Coordinates: Address / Vicinity / F	PD&E US 301 to profit □private-nonprofit e & Date Thonotos es) Temple Terrac Range_19E Se one □16 □17 E X: Route to	D Fletcher □private-individual L(assa 1977 eI ction _12&13 fasting Y:		□city □county ☑sta IAPPING _ Plat or Other Ma s □no ☑unknow □SW □SE □la arcel # nate System & Dat	Multiple Li Survey # (ate ☐federal ☐Native p 	sting (DHR only) (DHR only) American		
Name of Public Trac	t (e.g., park)							
 ✓ Land (terrestrial) □ Lake/Pond (lacustrine) □ River/Stream/Creek (ri □ Tidal (estuarine) □ Saltwater (marine) □ Other settings, structure 		nlustrine) flooded dry subterranean) ial	OF SITE (che <u>STRU</u> aboriginal boat agric/farm building burial mound building remains cemetery/grave dump/refuse earthworks	CTURES OR FEA		FUNCTION * © campsite extractive site habitation (prehistoric) homestead (historic) farmstead village (prehistoric) town (historic) quarry		
			E PERIODS	-				
ABORIGINAL *	 Englewood Fort Walton Glades (nonspecific) Glades I Glades II Glades III Hickory Pond Leon-Jefferson Malabar I Malabar II 	 Manasota Mississippian Mount Taylor Norwood Orange Paleoindian Pensacola Perico Island Safety Harbor St. Augustine 	□ St. Johns (nonsp □ St. Johns I □ St. Johns II □ Santa Rosa □ Santa Rosa-Swif □ Seminole (nonsp □ Seminole: Colon □ Seminole: 1st Wi □ Seminole: 2nd W □ Seminole: 3rd W	t Creek Swift t Creek Weed vecific) Weed var To 2nd Prehis /ar To 3rd Prehis	Creek (nonspecific) Creek, Early Creek, Late itional en Island (nonspecific) en Island I en Island II storic (nonspecific) storic non-ceramic storic ceramic	MON-ABORIGINAL * First Spanish 1513-99 First Spanish 1600-99 First Spanish 1700-1763 First Spanish (nonspecific) British 1763-1783 Second Spanish 1783-1821 American Territorial 1821-45 American Civil War 1861-65 American 19th Century American 20th Century		
□ Other (List less commo	on phases or specific sub-	hases. For historic	sites, give specific dates	if known.)		 American (nonspecific) African-American 		
*	Consult Guide to Arc	haeological Site	Form for preferred d	escriptions not liste	ed above (data are o	coded fields).		
		OPI <u>NION (</u>	DF RESOURC	E SI <u>GNIFIC</u>	ANCE			
OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE Potentially eligible individually for National Register of Historic Places? Dyes Dino Zinsufficient information Potentially eligible as contributor to a National Register district? Dyes Zino Dinsufficient information Explanation of Evaluation (required if evaluated; use separate sheet if needed) 1imited artifact density & diversity, site extensively disturbed within the APE; low research potential within the APE Disturbed within the APE;								
Recommendations for	or Owner or SHPO A	ction <u>no additi</u>	ional investigation	ons within the A	PE			
	USE ONLY		OFFICIAL EVAL		<u>—</u> —ПН	R USE ONLY		
NR List Date / □ Owner Objection		meet criteria for N ned eligible:	R listing: □yes □n □yes □n □ □c □d (see	o □insufficient inf o	o Date/ Date/	_/ Init		
	HR6E045R0107 Florida N		f Historical Resources / R. 6440 / Fax (850)-245-6439 /			. 32399-0250		

Page 2	ARCHAEOLO	GICAL SITE FORM	Site #8 HI99
	FIELD METHODS	S (check all that apply)	
□ no field check □ exposed gro □ literature search □ posthole dig □ informant report □ augersize: □ remote sensing □ unscreened Other methods; number, size, depth, p as well as judgmentally placed; many of the shovel tests revealed	und ☑ screened shovel ger shovel attern of units; screen size (attac 50 cm diameter, 1 m deep ed disturbance to a meter in	□ bounds unknown □ remote s □ none by recorder ☑ insp exp ☑ literature search □ posthole □ informant report □ augers ch site plan) <u>52 ST, 6 positive;</u> b, 6.4 mm mesh screen	osed ground ☑ screened shovel tests □ block excavations
Extent Size (m ²) Depth/stratig 0-40 cm dark gray sand, 40-100	raphy of cultural deposit artifa	acts @ 20-100 cmbs	
Temporal Interpretation - Components Describe each occupation in plan (refer to a			
Integrity - Overall disturbance*: D no Disturbances / threats / protective mea	one seen	ntial I major redeposited road construction / none	destroyed-document! unknown
Surface collection: area collected	m ² # collection units	Excavation: # nor	ncontiguous blocks
COLLECTION SELECTIVITY * □ unknown ☑ unselective (all artif □ selective (some arti □ mixed selectivity SPATIAL CONTROL* □ uncollected ☑ general (not by sub □ unknown □ controlled (by subal □ variable spatial con □ Other Artifact Comments 17 chert flakes DIAGNOSTICS (type or mode, and free 2. 1	C)ount or (E)stimate? Surface acts) ARTIFACT CATEG pick exactly one code bone-animal bone-human bone-unspecifie area) bone-worked rea) brick/building de trol ceramic-nonabe daub equency: e.g., Suwanee ppk, hea N=6. ENVIE relict source)	CORIES* and DISPOSITIONS * e from Disposition List ⇒ ⇒ ⇒ glass ed Alithics-aboriginal glass ed Alithics-aboriginal metal-nonprecious ebris metal-nonprecious/coin inal shell-unworked original shell-worked Others: at-treated chert, Deptford Check-sta N=	
Present land use			
SCS soil series	\$	oil association	
Accessible Documentation Not Filed w each separately maintained collection, describe project documentation on file A artifacts and copy of notes to be Manuscripts or Publications on the site Survey PD&E Study I-75 from Informant Information (name / address / ph	ith the Site File - including field & an (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining or CI P08030 e turned over to FDOT for (use separate sheet if needed, give FM South of US 301 to North RECORDER & INFO	rganization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4 <u>curation</u> ISF# if relevant) <u>ACI (2009) Cultu</u>	ral Resource Assessment
Recorder Information (name / address / ph Archaeological Consultants, Inc	one / affiliation) <u>Horvath, Elizab</u> c., 850-926-9285, acinorth	eth A., 98 Hickorywood Dr., @comcast.net	Crawfordville, FL 32327
•			RIES MARKED and SITE PLAN collection units, landmarks and date.





ARCHAEOLOGICAL CONSULTANTS, INCORPORATED

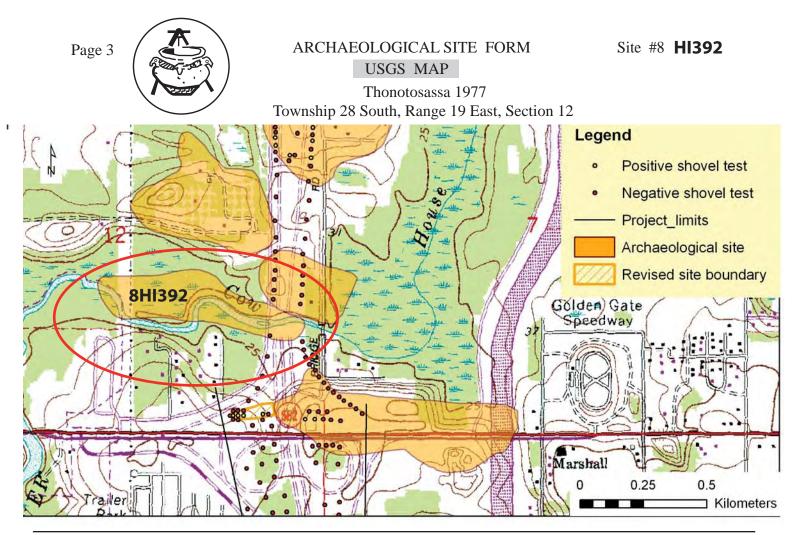
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		Consult Guide t	to Archaeological Site For	<i>m</i> for detaile	d instructions	s.	
Site Name(s) Cow Project Name I-75	House Slough PD&E US 301 to	Fletcher					Listing (DHR only) # (DHR only)
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City/Town (within 3 mile	s) Temple Terrace	<u> </u>	n City Limits? Dyes	i 🗆 no 🗹	lunknown	County Hillst	oorough
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	SETTING *				n apply) DR FEATU	IRES *	FUNCTION *
Land (terrestrial)	Wetland (pa		□ aboriginal boat	□ fort		□ road segment	Campsite
Lake/Pond (<i>lacustrine</i>)			agric/farm building burial mound	□ midden □ mill		☐ shell midden ☐ shell mound	 extractive site habitation (prehistoric)
□ Tidal (<i>estuarine</i>) □ Saltwater (<i>marine</i>)	Cave/Sink (s		☐ building remains ☐ cemetery/grave			□ shipwreck □ subsurface feat	□ homestead (historic) □ farmstead
			□ dump/refuse	plantatio	n	\square surface scatter	□ village (prehistoric)
□ Other settings, structure	es, features or functions		□ earthworks	□ platform	mound	□ well	□ town (historic) □ quarry
. .			E DEDIADO /			1 \	
ABORIGINAL *	Englewood	□ Manasota	E PERIODS (ek (nonspecific)	NON-ABORIGINAL *
Alachua	Fort Walton	Mississippian	St. Johns I	00)	Swift Cre	ek, Early	☐ First Spanish 1513-99
□ Archaic (nonspecific) □ Archaic, Early	□ Glades (nonspecific) □ Glades I	Mount Taylor Norwood	□ St. Johns II □ Santa Rosa		□ Swift Cre □ Transitio	,	 ☐ First Spanish 1600-99 ☐ First Spanish 1700-1763
Archaic, Middle	□ Glades II □ Glades III	☐ Orange ☐ Paleoindian	□ Santa Rosa-Swift □ Seminole (nonspe		□ Weeden □ Weeden	Island (nonspecific)	□ First Spanish (nonspecific) □ British 1763-1783
Belle Glade	Hickory Pond	Pensacola	Seminole: Coloniz	zation	U Weeden		Second Spanish 1783-1821
□ Cades Pond □ Caloosahatchee	Leon-Jefferson Malabar I	Perico Island Safety Harbor	□ Seminole: 1st Wa □ Seminole: 2nd Wa			ric (nonspecific) ric non-ceramic	American Territorial 1821-45
Deptford	Malabar II	□ St. Augustine	□ Seminole: 3rd Wa		□ Prehistor		American 19th Century
Conter (List less commo	n phases or specific sub-p	hases. For historic s	sites, give specific dates if	known.)			 ☐ American 20th Century _ ☐ American (nonspecific) ☐ African-American
*(Consult Guide to Arch	aeological Site I	Form for preferred de	escriptions	not listed	above (data are	
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D otontially aligible in							
Potentially eligible inc Potentially eligible as	contributor to a Natio					insufficient informat insufficient informat	
Explanation of Evalua	ation (required if evaluate	d; use separate she	et if needed) <u>no evide</u>				
Recommendations for	or Owner or SHPO Ac	tion <u>no additi</u>	onal investigation	ns within	n the AP	E	
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NR List Date			R listing: □yes □no		ficient info	Date/	/ Init
// □ Owner Objection	KEEPER – Determin NR Criteria for Evalu		□yes □nc □c □d (see /		aister Bullet	Date/ tin 15. p. 2)	/
			(0007		Julion Dunot		
	HR6E045R0107 Florida Ma		f Historical Resources / R. A 6440 / Fax (850)-245-6439 /				FL 32399-0250

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ARCHAEOLOGICAL SI	TE FORM
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Site #8 HI392

		FIELD METHODS	S (check all	l that ap				
	SITE DETECTION *					INDARIES *		
□ no field check	exposed ground	screened shovel	🗆 bounds u				unscreened shovel	
Iiterature search	posthole digger		□ none by			osed ground	screened shovel	
informant report	□ augersize:		☑ literature	search	□ posthole	tests	block excavations	
remote sensing	unscreened shovel		□ informan	it report	□ augersi	ze:	estimate or guess	
Other methods; nun	nber, size, depth, pattern of	units; screen size (attac	ch site plan) 2	2 ST, 0 p	ositive; ju	dgmentally	placed	
50 cm diameter	r, 1 m deep, 6.4 mm me	sh screen	. ,					
all shovel tests	revealed fill deposits							
		SITE DE	SCRIPTIO	N				
Extent Size (m ²)	Depth/stratigraphy of							
Temporal Interpreta	tion - Components (check o	ne): 🗆 single com	ponent	🗆 multir	ole compone	nt 🗆 u	Incertain	
	ation in plan (refer to attached la							
	r (J	5 1 5	···· ·				
Integrity - Overall di	sturbance*: D none seen	minor substa	ntial 🛛 🖾 maj	jor □ re	deposited	destroyed-	document! unknown	
Disturbances / threa	ats / protective measures <u>r</u>	oad construction / r	oad constru	iction / r	none			
Surface collection:	area collected m ²	# collection units		Excav	ration: # non	contiguous blo	ocks	
			TIFACTS			Ū.		
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	unselective (all artifacts)	Pick exactly one code				Disposition	<u>n List*</u>	
	selective (some artifacts)	bone-animal			niocal	A - category a	always collected	
	mixed selectivity	bone-human	. —	glass		S - some item	ns in category collected	
SPATIAL CONTRO		bone-unspecifie	ed	lithics-ab		O - observed	first hand, but not collected	
	general (not by subarea)	bone-worked			nprecious		and subsequently left at site	
	controlled (by subarea)	brick/building de			ecious/coin		reported category present	
	variable spatial control	ceramic-aborigi	nal	shell-unw	/orked	U - unknown	reported outegory present	
Other	-	ceramic-nonabo	original	shell-wor	ked			
		daub		Others: _				
	no artifacts recovered							
DIAGNOSTICS (ty	pe or mode, and frequency:	e.g., Suwanee ppk, he	at-treated cher	rt, Deptfor	rd Check-sta	mped, ironstor	ne/whiteware)	
1	N=	4		N=	7		N=	
2	N=	5		N=	8		N=	
3	N=	6		N=	9		N=	
			RONMENT					
Nearest fresh water	• type* & name (incl. relict source				Die	tance (m)/bear	ring	
	(FNAI category* or leave blank)				D IS		ing	
•								
				Min E	lovation	motoro M	av Flovation motoro	
					levation	_meters M	ax Elevationmeters	
SCS soil series		S	oil association	า				
			IENTATIO					
Accessible Docume	entation Not Filed with the Si	ite File - including field & an	alysis notes, phot	tos, plans, o	ther important d	locuments that are	e permanently accessible: For	
each separately maintair	ned collection, describe (1) docume	ent type(s),* (2) maintaining or	ganization,* (3) fil	le or access	ion nos., and (4) descriptive inform	nation	
	ntation on file ACI P08							
artifacts and cop	py of notes to be turned	l over to FDOT for	curation					
Manuscripts or Publ	lications on the site (use sepa	rate sheet if needed, give FM	SF# if relevant)	ACI (20	009) Cultu	ral Resource	e Assessment	
Manuscripts or Publications on the site (use separate sheet if needed, give FMSF# if relevant) <u>ACI (2009) Cultural Resource Assessment</u> Survey PD&E Study I-75 from South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough County, Florida								
	RI	ECORDER & INFO	RMANT IN	FORM	ATION			
Informant Information	on (name / address / phone / affilia							
	(·							
Recorder Informatio	ON (name / address / phone / affilia	tion) Horvath. Elizal	oeth A., 98 F	Hickorv	wood Dr.	Crawfordvi	lle, FL 32327	
Archaeological	Consultants, Inc., 850-	926-9285 acinorth	$a_{\rm comcast r}$	net				
			weeniedst.1					
Require	ed ① PHOTOCO	PY OF 7.5' USGS QU	JAD MAP W	ITH SITE	BOUNDA	RIES MARK	ED and SITE PLAN	
Attachme		600 or larger. Show b	oundaries, sca	ale, north	arrow, test/c	ollection units.	landmarks and date.	





ARCHAEOLOGICAL CONSULTANTS, INCORPORATED

Page 1 □ Original Ø Update			EOLOGICA RIDA MASTEI Version 4.0	R SITE I		IVI F F	ite #8HI450 iteld Date11 / 17 / 08 form Date12 / 10 / 08 Recorder #			
Project Name 1-/5 Ownership: private-p	Consult Guide to Archaeological Site Form for detailed instructions. Site Name(s) Powerline A Project Name I-75 PD&E US 301 to Fletcher Ownership: private-profit private-profit private-individual private-nonprofit private-individual private-profit private-individual private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonprofit private-individual Plat or Other Map									
USGS 7.5 Map Name & Date Thonotosassa 1977 Plat or Other Map City/Town (within 3 miles) Temple Terrace In City Limits? Uyes □no ☑unknown County Hillsborough Township 28S Range 19E Section 1&12 ¼ section: □NW □SW □SE □NE □Irregular-name: Landgrant Tax Parcel # UTM Coordinates: Zone □16 □17 Easting0 Northing0 Other Coordinates: X: Y: Coordinate System & Datum Address / Vicinity / Route to										
	(e.g., park)									
		alustrine) flooded dry isubterranean) ial	OF SITE (che STRU aboriginal boat agric/farm building building remains cemetery/grave dump/refuse earthworks	CTURES (fort midden mill mission	DR FEATU	RES * road segment shell midden shell mound shipwreck subsurface featu well	Jures			
Other settings, structure	res, features or functions _						D quarry			
		CULTUR	E PERIODS	(check al	l that app	ly)				
ABORIGINAL * Alachua Archaic (nonspecific) Archaic, Early Archaic, Early Archaic, Middle Archaic, Late Belle Glade Cades Pond Caloosahatchee Deptford Other (List less commo	Englewood Fort Walton Glades (nonspecific) Glades I Glades II Glades III Glades III Hickory Pond Leon-Jefferson Malabar I Malabar II	 Norwood Orange Paleoindian Pensacola Perico Island Safety Harbor St. Augustine 	□ St. Johns (nons □ St. Johns I □ St. Johns II □ Santa Rosa □ Santa Rosa-Swi □ Seminole (nons □ Seminole: Colon □ Seminole: 1st W □ Seminole: 2nd V □ Seminole: 3rd W stites, give specific dates	ft Creek becific) iization lar To 2nd Var To 3rd /ar & After	 Swift Cre Swift Cre Transitior Weeden Weeden Weeden Prehistor 	ek, Late nal Island (nonspecific) Island I Island II ic (nonspecific) ic non-ceramic	NON-ABORIGINAL First Spanish 1513-99 First Spanish 1600-99 First Spanish 1700-1763 First Spanish (nonspecific) British 1763-1783 Second Spanish 1783-1821 American Territorial 1821-45 American 19th Century American 20th Century American (nonspecific) African-American			
*	Consult Guide to Arc	haeological Site	Form for preferred of	lescriptions	s not listed	above (data are	- e coded fields).			
		OPINION (OF RESOURC	E SIGN	NIFICA	NCE				
Potentially eligible as	dividually for Nationa s contributor to a Nati ation (required if evaluat	l Register of Hist onal Register dis	oric Places? □ trict? □	yes □ yes ☑]no 1⊄i Íno ⊡i	nsufficient informati nsufficient informati	on			
Recommendations for Owner or SHPO Action <u>no additional investigations within the APE</u>										
DHR	USE ONLY		OFFICIAL EVAI	UATION		D	HR USE ONLY			
NR List Date // □ Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to KEEPER – Determi NR Criteria for Evalu	ned eligible:	R listing: □yes □r □yes □r □ □c □d (see	10	fficient info egister Bullet	Date/ Date/ in 15, p. 2)	/ Init			
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Page 2	Α	RCHAEOLO	GICAL SI	ITE I	FORM	S	lite #8 <u>HI450</u>	
		FIELD METHODS	S (check all	that ap	ply)			
 no field check literature search informant report remote sensing Other methods; number 50 cm diameter, 	SITE DETECTION * ☑ exposed ground □ posthole digger □ augersize: □ unscreened shovel ber, size, depth, pattern of 1 m deep, 6.4 mm me	☑ screened shovel f units; screen size (attac esh screen	□ bounds un □ none by re □ literature s □ informant ach site plan) 5	ecorder search	□ remote s ☑ insp exp □ posthole	oosed ground e tests	□ unscreened □ screened □ block exc	shovel avations
Extent Size (m ²)	Depth/stratigraphy of	SITE DE f cultural deposit	ESCRIPTION					
	ion - Components (check c ion in plan (refer to attached l] uncertain ations:	
Integrity - Overall dist Disturbances / threat	turbance*: □ none seen s / protective measures <u>1</u>	n in minor is substaroad construction / 1	antial	r □re tion/1	deposited none	□ destroye	d-document!] unknown
Surface collection: a	rea collected m ²	# collection units		Excav	vation: # no	ncontiguous l	blocks	
Total Artifacts #_0c		ART or (E)stimate? Surfac	TIFACTS			ubsurface # (_ (C) or (E)
SPATIAL CONTROL Uncollected ge Unknown CC Va Other	nselective (all artifacts) elective (some artifacts) nixed selectivity <u>L</u> * eneral (not by subarea) ontrolled (by subarea) ariable spatial control	ARTIFACT CATEG Pick exactly one code bone-animal bone-human bone-unspecifie bone-worked brick/building de ceramic-aborigie ceramic-nonabe daub	de from Disposition general e ied general e ied general e debris general e jinal general e poriginal general s	ion List ⊏ exotic-no glass ithics-ab metal-no metal-pre shell-unw shell-wor	⇒ ⇔ ⇔ ⇔ onlocal onprecious ecious/coin worked rked	Dispositi A - categor S - some it O - observe R - collecte I - informar U - unknow	ry always collected tems in category colle ed first hand, but not ed and subsequently int reported category	collected left at site present
	no artifacts recovered e or mode, and frequency: N=			N=	7	amped, ironst		_ N=
23.	N= N=	5		N= N=	ð			_ N= _ N=
o		6	RONMENT		ੁ ੱਹ			_ IN
Natural community (F	type* & name (incl. relict sourd FNAI category* or leave blank)	rce)			Dis	stance (m)/be	earing	
Topography* Present land use				·	levation	meters	Max Elevation	meters
SCS soil series			Soil association _					
each separately maintaine project document	ntation Not Filed with the S ad collection, describe (1) docume tation on file ACI P08	Site File - including field & an nent type(s),* (2) maintaining of 8030	organization,* (3) file	s, plans, o	ther important sion nos., and (documents that 4) descriptive inf	are permanently according to the second s	essible: For
Manuscripts or Public	y of notes to be turned cations on the site (use sepa tudy I-75 from South	arate sheet if needed, give FM	MSF# if relevant) <u>A</u> <u>n of Fletcher A</u>	Avenue	e, Hillsbor			<u>it</u>
Informant Information	ר (name / address / phone / affilia							
Recorder Information Archaeological (n (name / address / phone / affilia Consultants, Inc., 850-	ation) <u>Horvath, Elizat</u> -926-9285, acinorth	beth A., 98 H 1@comcast.nc	ickory et	wood Dr	, Crawford	ville, FL 3232	.7
Required Attachmer		DPY OF 7.5' USGS QI 6,600 or larger. Show b						

ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM

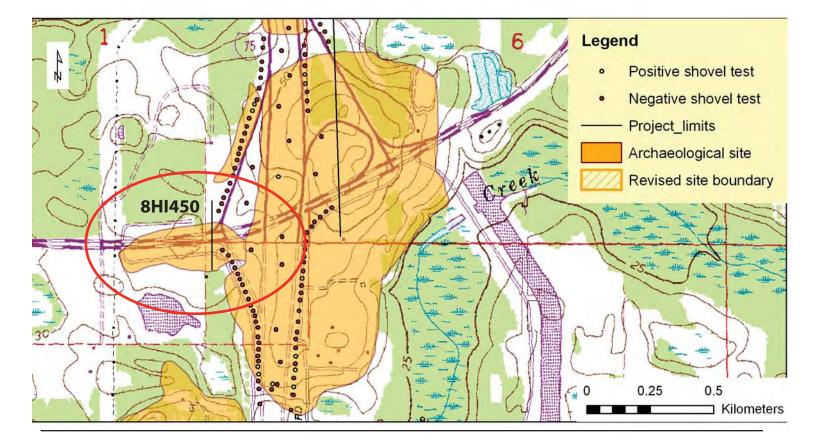




ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM USGS MAP

Thonotosassa 1977

Township 28 South, Range 19 East, Sections 1 & 12



Page 1	*	ARCHA	EOLOGICA	L SITE	FORM	Site #	HI472
Original			RIDA MASTEI			Field	Date <u>11 / 12 / 08</u> Date <u>12 / 10 / 08</u>
☑ Update			Version 4.0	1/07			rder #
		Consult Guide	to Archaeological Site Fo	orm for detailed in	nstructions.		
Site Name(s) Weth	nerington Ridge		-			Multiple Listi	ng (DHP only)
Project Name I-75	PD&E US 301 to	Fletcher				Williple Listi Survev # (DH	ng (DHR only) IR only)
							nerican □foreign □unknown
• • •		LC	DCATION & I	MAPPIN	G		-
USGS 7 5 Man Nam	e & Date Thonotosa	issa 1977		Plat or Oth	er Man		
City/Town (within 3 mile	es) Temple Terrace		n City Limits? Dye	s ⊡no ⊠ur	nknown C o	unty Hillsbord	ough
Township 28S	Range_19E Sec	tion <u>1&12</u>	¼ section: □NW	□SW □SE	E 🗆 NE 🗆	Irregular-name:	ugh also T28S, R20E, 6&7
Landgrant		ating	Tax Pa	arcel #	0		
Other Coordinates: 20	опе што шт/ Еа Х·	asting	U Northing Coordi	nate System	0 & Datum		
Address / Vicinity / R	oute to	''		nate bystern			
Name of Public Tract	t (e.g., park)						
		TYP <u>E</u>	OF SITE (che	ck all that :	apply)		
	<u>SETTING</u> *		STRU	CTURES OR	FEATURES		FUNCTION *
✓ Land (terrestrial) □ Lake/Pond (lacustrine)	□ Wetland (<i>pal</i> □ usually	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	 aboriginal boat agric/farm building 	☐ fort ☐ midden	□ rc □ sł	oad segment hell midden	□ campsite □ extractive site
River/Stream/Creek (riv	verine) 🗆 usually	dry	□ burial mound	🗆 mill	□ sł	hell mound	☐ habitation (prehistoric)
□ Tidal (<i>estuarine</i>) □ Saltwater (<i>marine</i>)	Cave/Sink (s terrestria		☐ building remains ☐ cemetery/grave	mission mound nor		hipwreck ubsurface features	 ☐ homestead (historic) ☐ farmstead
	□ aquatic		□ dump/refuse	plantation	🗆 si	urface scatter	□ village (prehistoric)
□ Other settings, structur	es, features or functions		□ earthworks	□ platform mo	ound 🗆 w	ell	□ town (historic) □ quarry
5.	·						
ABORIGINAL *	Englewood	CULTUR Manasota	E PERIODS		hat apply)] Swift Creek (n	onsposific)	NON-ABORIGINAL *
Alachua	Fort Walton	Mississippian	St. Johns I	,	Swift Creek, E		□ First Spanish 1513-99
□ Archaic (nonspecific) □ Archaic, Early	□ Glades (nonspecific) □ Glades I	Mount Taylor Norwood	□ St. Johns II □ Santa Rosa		Swift Creek, L Transitional		□ First Spanish 1600-99 □ First Spanish 1700-1763
Archaic, Middle	Glades II	Orange	Santa Rosa-Swit	ft Creek 🛛 🗆	Weeden Islan	d (nonspecific)	□ First Spanish (nonspecific)
□ Archaic, Late □ Belle Glade	□ Glades III □ Hickory Pond	Paleoindian Pensacola	Seminole (nonsp Seminole: Colon		Weeden Islan Weeden Islan		□ British 1763-1783 □ Second Spanish 1783-1821
Cades Pond	Leon-Jefferson	Perico Island	□ Seminole: 1st W	ar To 2nd 🛛 🗆	Prehistoric (no	onspecific)	American Territorial 1821-45
Caloosahatchee Deptford	□ Malabar I □ Malabar II	Safety Harbor St. Augustine	□ Seminole: 2nd W □ Seminole: 3rd W		Prehistoric no Prehistoric cer		□ American Civil War 1861-65 □ American 19th Century
·		0					American 20th Century
U Other (List less commo	n phases or specific sub-pl	hases. For historic	sites, give specific dates	If known.)			 American (nonspecific) African-American
*(Consult Guide to Arch	apological Site	Form for preferred d	lescriptions n	nt listed abo	ve (data are cod	led fields)
		-					
	(OPINION (OF RESOURC	E SIGNI	FICANC	E	
Potentially eligible ind	dividually for National	Register of Hist	oric Places?	yes □no	o ⊠ insuff	ficient information	
	contributor to a Natio			yes ⊠no		ficient information	1 / 1
Explanation of Evaluation contained within	ation (required if evaluate	d; use separate she	et if needed) <u>IOW art</u>	itact densit	ty & divers	sity, low resea	arch potential as
<u>contained within</u>							
Recommendations for	or Owner or SHPO Ac	tion <u>no addıtı</u>	onal investigation	ons within t	the APE		
DHR	USE ONLY		OFFICIAL EVAL	UATION		DHR	USE ONLY
NR List Date	SHPO – Appears to	meet criteria for N	R listing: □yes □n	io □insuffici	ient info	Date//	/ Init
//	KEEPER – Determin	ed eligible:	⊡yes ⊡n	10		Date /	·
Owner Objection	NR Criteria for Evalu	ation: □a □b	o □c □d (see	National Regis	ster Bulletin 15	b, p. 2)	
	HR6E045R0107 Florida Ma					t., Tallahassee, FL 32	399-0250
		Prione (850) 245-	6440 / Fax (850)-245-6439	. ⊏-mail SiteFile@	yuos.state.fl.us		

•					-			
			FIELD METHODS (cl	eck all that ap	oply)			
	SITE D	ETECTION *			SITE BOU	INDARIES *		
□ no field check		sed ground		ounds unknown			□ unscree	ned shovel
☑ literature sea	•	hole digger		none by recorder		osed ground	⊠ screene	
□ informant rep	ort ⊡auge	ersize:	ØI	iterature search	□ posthole	tests	block ex	
□ remote sensir	ng ⊐unsc	reened shovel	f units; screen size (attach site diameter, 1 m deen, 6,4	nformant report	□ augersi	ze:	estimate	or guess
Other methods:	number size c	lenth nattern of	f units: screen size (attach site	nlan) 85 ST. 1	1 positive;	25 & 50 m	intervals	Ū
as well as in	damontally r	laced: 50 cm	n diameter, 1 m deep, 6.4	mm mech ser				
as well as ju	uginemany p	naceu, 50 cm		mini mesn ser	cen			
			SITE DESCE	IDTION				
			SITE DESCR	IPTION				
Extent Size (m ²) Depth	n/stratigraphy of	f cultural deposit artifacts (<i>b</i> 20-80 cmbs				
0-30 cm gray	y brown sand	l, 30-100 cm	light brown sand					
Temporal Interp	rotation Comr	onents (check	one): 🛛 single componer	nt ∏ multi	inle componer	nt 🗖 u	ncertain	
Describe each oc	cupation in plan (refer to attached I	large scale map) and stratigraphic	ally. Discuss temp	oral and function	onal interpretatio	ins:	
Integrity - Overa	all disturbance*		n 🛛 minor 🗹 substantial		edenosited		locument	
D' 1			road construction / road		nono			
Disturbances / t	nreats / protecti	ve measures _	road construction / road		none			
Surface collection	on: area collect	ied m ²	# collection units	Exca	vation: # non	contiguous blo	cks	
							••	
			ARTIFA	CTS				
Total Artifacts #	± 28c	(C)ount c	or (E)stimate? Surface # <u>0</u>	c (/	C) or (E) Sul	bsurface # 28	c	(C) or (E)
COLLECTION			ARTIFACT CATEGORIE	C* and DISDOSI				
						(example: <u>A</u>	bone-numan)	
	☑ unselective		Pick exactly one code from			Disposition	List*	
	□ selective (so	ome artifacts)	bone-animal	exotic-no	onlocal			
	□ mixed selec		bone-human	glass		A - category al		
		uvity				S - some items	s in category col	llected
SPATIAL CON			bone-unspecified			O - observed f	irst hand, but no	ot collected
uncollected	☑ general (not	(by subarea)	bone-worked	metal-nc	onprecious			
	Controlled (b		brick/building debris	metal-pro			nd subsequently	
							reported categoi	ry present
	variable spa		ceramic-aboriginal	shell-unv		U - unknown		
Other			ceramic-nonaborigina	al shell-wo	rked			
			daub	Others:				
Artifact Commo	nte 1 chert co	re 1 coral fl	ake, 26 chert flakes					
							1 1 1	
DIAGNOSTICS	(type or mode		: e.g., Suwanee ppk, heat-trea					
1. thermal al	teration	N= <u>11</u>	4	N=	_ 7			N=
2.		N=	5	N=	8.			N=
3.			6		9			N=
0		IN=	0	IN	_ 0			
			ENVIRON	MENT				
Nearest fresh w	ater type* & nar	me (incl. relict sour	rce)		Dist	tance (m)/beari	ina	
							ing	
Local vegetation	າ							
Topography*				M in F	Elevation	meters Ma	ax Elevation	meters
SCS soil series			Soil as	sociation				
			DOCUMENT	ATION				
			DOCUMENT					
Accessible Doc	umentation Not	Filed with the S	Site File - including field & analysis r	otes, photos, plans, c	other important de	ocuments that are	permanently ac	cessible: For
each separately mail	intained collection,	describe (1) docum	ent type(s),* (2) maintaining organiza	ion,* (3) file or access	sion nos., and (4)) descriptive inform	nation.	
project docu					,	, ,		
artifacts and	copy of note	s to be turned	d over to FDOT for cura	<u>10n</u>				
Manuscripts or I	Publications on	the site (use separate	arate sheet if needed, give FMSF# if i	elevant) <u>ACI (2</u>	<u>009) Cultur</u>	ral Resource	Assessme	ent
			of US 301 to North of F					
<u></u>	<u></u>						, 1 101100	
			ECORDER & INFORMA	INT INFORM	ATION			
Informant Inform	nation (name / ad	dress / phone / affili	ation)					
	·							
Dooordor Inform	notion (dana lahara la mu	ation) Horvath, Elizabeth	A 98 Hickory	wood Dr	Crawfordvil	le FI 323	27
	auon (name / add	aress / phone / affilia	$\frac{1000}{000} = 1000000000000000000000000000000000000$	i, jo mekory	Uu D1.,			
Archaeologi	cal Consultai	nts, Inc., 850	-926-9285, acinorth@co	ncast.net				
D .	ulue d							
Requ	lirea	PHOTOCC	DPY OF 7.5' USGS QUAD	MAP WITH SIT	E BOUNDAI	RIES MARKE	D and SIT	E PLAN
Attach	ments	Plan at 1:3	,600 or larger. Show bounda	ries, scale, north	arrow. test/co	ollection units.	landmarks a	nd date.

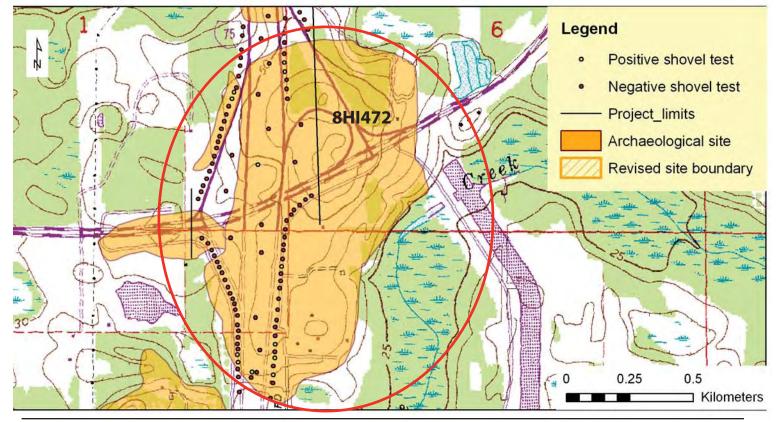
ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM

Site #8 HI472



ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM USGS MAP

Thonotosassa 1977 Township 28 South, Range 19 East, Sections 1 & 12 Township 28 South, Range 20 East, Sections 6 & 7

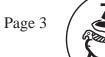




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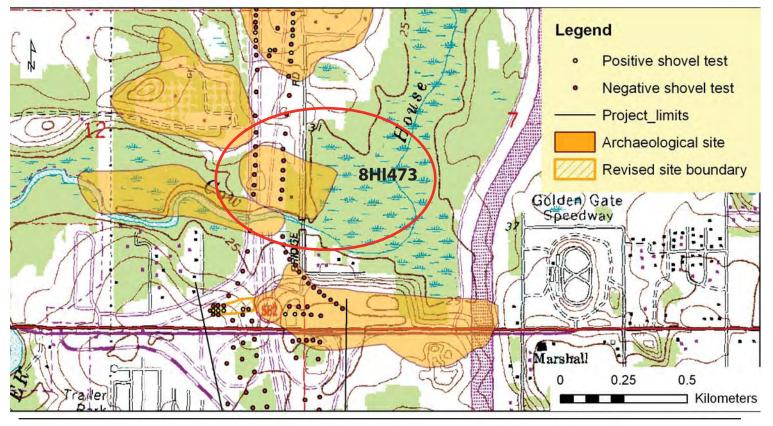
Page 1			EOLOGICAL rida master s		NIVI Fie	e #8 _HI473 eld Date _ <u>11 / 17 / 8</u> rm Date _ <u>12 / 10 / 08</u>		
☑ Update		-	Version 4.0 1/0			corder #		
Project Name 1-7	etherington Island 5 PD&E US 301 to e-profit	Fletcher	Dprivate-nonspecific Dcit	y ⊡county ⊠stat	Multiple L Survey #	sting (DHR only) (DHR only) American □foreign □unknown		
	771 4		DCATION & MA					
JSGS 7.5 Map Name & Date Thonotosassa 1977 Plat or Other Map City/Town (within 3 miles) Temple Terrace In City Limits? Uyes Do Zunknown County Hillsborough Township 28S Range_19E Section 12 1/4 section: DNW DSW ZSE DNE Inregular-name: also 28S, R20E, 7 andgrant								
Name of Public Tr					·····			
		TYPE	OF SITE (check	all th <u>at apply</u>)			
		nlustrine) flooded dry subterranean) ial	STRUCTU aboriginal boat agric/farm building burial mound building remains cemetery/grave dump/refuse	JRES OR FEAT fort midden mill mission		FUNCTION campsite extractive site habitation (prehistoric) homestead (historic) farmstead village (prehistoric) town (historic)		
□ Other settings, struc	tures, features or functions _					\square quarry		
		CULTUR	E PERIODS (ch	eck all that ap	oply)			
ABORIGINAL *	☐ Glades I ☐ Glades II ☐ Glades III ☐ Hickory Pond ☐ Leon-Jefferson ☐ Malabar I ☐ Malabar II	Manasota Mississippian Mount Taylor Norwood Orange Paleoindian Pensacola Perico Island Safety Harbor St. Augustine	□ St. Johns (nonspecifi □ St. Johns I □ St. Johns II □ Santa Rosa □ Santa Rosa-Swift Cree □ Seminole (nonspecifi □ Seminole: Colonizati □ Seminole: 1st War To □ Seminole: 2nd War T □ Seminole: 3rd War & Stees, give specific dates if know	Swift C Swift C Transiti rek Weede c) Weede con Weede o 2nd Prehist o 3rd Prehist	ional n Island (nonspecific)	MON-ABORIGINAL * First Spanish 1513-99 First Spanish 1600-99 First Spanish 1700-1763 First Spanish (nonspecific) British 1763-1783 Second Spanish 1783-1821 American Territorial 1821-45 American Civil War 1861-65 American 19th Century American 20th Century American (nonspecific) African-American		
:	Consult Guide to Arci	haeological Site	Form for preferred desc	riptions not listed	d above (data are o	coded fields).		
		OPINION C	DF RESOURCE	SIGNIFICA	ANCE			
Potentially eligible Explanation of Eva		onal Register dis ed; use separate she		□no E ce of site disc		1		
DH	R USE ONLY		OFFICIAL EVALUA	ATION	DH	R USE ONLY		
NR List Date // D Owner Objection	KEEPER – Determin	ned eligible:	R listing: □yes □no □yes □no □ □c □d (see Nati	□insufficient info	Date/	_/ Init _/		
	HR6E045R0107 Florida N		f Historical Resources / R. A. G 6440 / Fax (850)-245-6439 / E-m			. 32399-0250		

Page 2	Α	RCHAEOLO	GICAL S	ITE FORM	A Site	e #8 <u>HI473</u>	
		FIELD METHOD	S (check all	that apply)			
Jo cill diameter,	SITE DETECTION * ☑ exposed ground □ posthole digger □ augersize: □ unscreened shovel per, size, depth, pattern of 1 m deep where possi- evealed fill deposits	☑ screened shovel units; screen size (atta ble; 6.4 mm mesh s	□ bounds u □ none by r □ literature □ informant ch site plan) <u>1</u>	SITE I Inknown □ remo recorder ☑ insp search □ post t report □ auge 2 ST, 0 positiv	BOUNDARIES * ote sensing exposed ground hole tests ersize: re; 50 & 100 m	□ unscreened sho ☑ screened shove □ block excavation □ estimate or guesintervals	el ns
Extent Size (m ²)	Depth/stratigraphy of						
Describe each occupati	on - Components (check o on in plan (refer to attached la urbance*: □ none seen	arge scale map) and strati	graphically. Disc		unctional interpretati		
Disturbances / threat	s / protective measures $\underline{\mathbf{r}}$	oad construction / 1	road constru	ction / none			
	rea collected m ²	# collection units		_ Excavation: #	noncontiguous blo	ocks	
COLLECTION SELE unknown ur se m SPATIAL CONTROL uncollected ge unknown cc unknown cc va va Other Artifact Comments _n DIAGNOSTICS (type 1. 2. 3. Nearest fresh water to Natural community (F	selective (all artifacts) elective (some artifacts) ixed selectivity eneral (not by subarea) ontrolled (by subarea) uriable spatial control <u>o artifact recovery</u> e or mode, and frequency: <u>N=</u> N=	ARTIFACT CATEG Pick exactly one cod bone-animal bone-unspecific bone-worked brick/building d ceramic-aborig ceramic-nonab daub e.g., Suwanee ppk, he 4. 5. 6. ENVII se)	SORIES* and L le from Disposit ed inal original pat-treated cher	DISPOSITIONS * tion List ⇔ ⇔ ⇔ exotic-nonlocal glass lithics-aboriginal metal-nonprecious metal-precious/cc shell-unworked others: t, Deptford Check N= 7 N= 8 N= 9	(example: <u>A</u> ⇒ Disposition A - category a S - some item O - observed R - collected I - informant U - unknown A-category a S - some item O - observed R - collected I - informant	_ bone-human) n List* always collected as in category collected first hand, but not collecte and subsequently left at si reported category present ne/whiteware) N=N=N=	ed ite t
Topography*				Min Elevation_	meters M	ax Elevationm	eters
SCS soil series							
each separately maintaine project document artifacts and copy Manuscripts or Public Survey PD&E St	tation Not Filed with the Si d collection, describe (1) docume tation on file ACI POS y of notes to be turned ations on the site (use sepa tudy I-75 from South RI (name / address / phone / affilia	te File - including field & ar ant type(s),* (2) maintaining o 3030 1 over to FDOT for rate sheet if needed, give FM of US 301 to North CORDER & INFO	rganization,* (3) fil curation /ISF# if relevant)	os, plans, other import e or accession nos., a ACI (2009) Cu Avenue, Hills	nd (4) descriptive infor Iltural Resource borough Count	e Assessment	For
Recorder Information Archaeological C	(name / address / phone / affilia Consultants, Inc., 850-	_{tion)} <u>Horvath, Elizal</u> 926-9285, acinorth	beth A., 98 H @comcast.r	Hickorywood I 1et	Dr., Crawfordvi	ille, FL 32327	
Required Attachmer		PY OF 7.5' USGS Q 600 or larger. Show b					



ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM USGS MAP

Thonotosassa 1977 Township 28 South, Range 19 East, Section 12 Township 28 South, Range 20 East, Section 7





ARCHAEOLOGICAL CONSULTANTS, INCORPORATED

Page 1 □ Original ☑ Update		-	OLOGICAL S IDA MASTER SI Version 4.0 1/07	TE FILE	F	Site #8 HI476 "ield Date 07 / 10 / 08 "orm Date 12 / 10 / 08 Recorder #
	rofit □private-nonprofit	Fletcher Dprivate-individual C LOO	□private-nonspecific □city CATION & MA	□county Østate PPING	Multiple Survey # e □federal □Nativ	Listing (DHR only) t (DHR only) ve American □foreign □unknown
Landgrant UTM Coordinates: Zc Other Coordinates: > Address / Vicinity / R	one	asting Y:	Pla City Limits? Uyes U section: UNW US Tax Parcel 0 Northing Coordinate	#(System & Datu	County <u>Hillsk</u> E □Irregular-na 0 m	borough ame:
Name of Fublic Tract	(e.g., park)					
 ☑ Land (terrestrial) □ Lake/Pond (lacustrine) □ River/Stream/Creek (riv □ Tidal (estuarine) □ Saltwater (marine) □ Other settings, structure 	rerine) □ usuallý (□ Cave/Sink (s □ terrestria □ aquatic	ustrine) I looded I dry I ubterranean) I al I	aboriginal boat ft agric/farm building n burial mound n building remains n cemetery/grave n dump/refuse p	RES OR FEAT ort nidden nill nission		FUNCTION * Image: Composite □ Image: Composite □
		CULTURE	PERIODS (che	ck all that an	nly)	
ABORIGINAL * Alachua Archaic (nonspecific) Archaic, Early Archaic, Karly Archaic, Middle Archaic, Late Belle Glade Cades Pond Caloosahatchee Deptford	 Englewood Fort Walton Glades (nonspecific) Glades I Glades II Glades III Hickory Pond Leon-Jefferson Malabar I Malabar II 	 ☐ Manasota ☐ Mississippian ☐ Mount Taylor ☐ Norwood ☐ Orange ☐ Paleoindian ☐ Pensacola ☐ Perico Island ☐ Safety Harbor ☐ St. Augustine 	 St. Johns (nonspecific) St. Johns I St. Johns II Santa Rosa Santa Rosa-Swift Cree Seminole (nonspecific) Seminole: Colonization Seminole: 1st War To 2 Seminole: 2nd War To Seminole: 3rd War & A 	Swift Ci Swift Ci Swift Ci Swift Ci Swift Ci Transiti Weedel Weedel Weedel Weedel Over the stores of the stores	reek (nonspecific) reek, Early reek, Late onal n Island (nonspecific) n Island I	□ British 1763-1783 □ Second Spanish 1783-1821 □ American Territorial 1821-45 □ American Civil War 1861-65 □ American 19th Century
Other (List less commo	n phases or specific sub-pl	nases. For historic site	es, give specific dates if know	vn.)		☑ American 20th Century □ American (nonspecific)
*(Consult Guide to Arch	aeological Site Fo	orm for preferred descri	ptions not listed	d above (data are	_ □ African-American coded fields).
	(PINION OI	F RESOURCE S	IGNIFICA	NCE	
Potentially eligible inc Potentially eligible as Explanation of Evalua the APE	lividually for National contributor to a Natic	Register of Histor nal Register distri	ic Places? □yes ct? □yes	⊡no 🔽 IZÍno D	Źinsufficient informati ⊐insufficient informati	
Recommendations fo	r Owner or SHPO Ac	tion <u>no additio</u>	nal investigations v	vithin the AI	PE	
DHB	USE ONLY		FFICIAL EVALUA	ΤΙΟΝ	וח	
NR List Date // D Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to r KEEPER – Determin	neet criteria for NR ed eligible:		⊐insufficient info	Date/ Date/	/ Init
	HR6E045R0107 Florida Ma	ster Site File / Div. of H	istorical Resources / R. A. Gra	y Bldg / 500 S Brond	ough St., Tallahassee, I	FL 32399-0250

Page 2	Α	RCHAEOLOG	GICAL SITI	E FORM	Site	#8 <u>HI476</u>			
		FIELD METHODS	6 (check all that	apply)					
 □ no field check ☑ literature search □ informant report □ remote sensing Other methods; number 	SITE DETECTION *	☑ screened shovel	□ bounds unkno □ none by record □ literature seard □ informant repo ch site plan) <u>114 S</u> m mesh screen	wn □ remote s der ☑ insp exp ch □ posthole	oosed ground e tests	□ unscreene ☑ screened □ block exca □ estimate c 1 intervals a	shovel avations		
Extent Size (m ²) 0-50 cm gray brow	Depth/stratigraphy of n sand, 50-100 cm	cultural deposit cerar	SCRIPTION nic @ 30 cm, lit	hics @ 60-8(0 cm				
Temporal Interpretation - Components (check one): Single component Interpretation in plan (refer to attached large scale map) and stratigraphically. Discuss temporal and functional interpretations:									
Disturbances / threats /	protective measures _1		oad construction	n / none					
Surface collection: area collected m ² # collection units Excavation: # noncontiguous blocks									
□ select □ mixe <u>SPATIAL CONTROL</u> * □ uncollected □ gene □ unknown □ contr □ varia □ Other Artifact Comments <u>1 h</u>	TIVITY * elective (all artifacts) ctive (some artifacts) ed selectivity eral (not by subarea) rolled (by subarea) able spatial control istoric ceramic, 2 c	r (E)stimate? Surface ARTIFACT CATEG Pick exactly one code bone-animal bone-human bone-unspecifie bone-worked ceramic-aborigi A ceramic-nonabo daub hert flake tools, 13 of	e # <u>0c</u> ORIES* and DISPO from Disposition L exotic glass d Alithics metal ebrismetal poriginalshell- Other chert flakes, 3 cc	DSITIONS * ist ⇒ ⇒ ⇒ ⇒ c-nonlocal s-aboriginal I-nonprecious I-precious/coin -unworked worked rs: pral flakes	S - some item O - observed R - collected a I - informant U - unknown	bone-human) List* Iways collected s in category colle first hand, but not and subsequently I reported category	collected left at site		
<u>DIAGNOSTICS</u> (type o <u>1.</u> whiteware 2. thermal alteration	N= 1	4.	N=	7					
3		6.		0 : 9			N=		
Nearest fresh water type Natural community (FNA Local vegetation	I category* or leave blank) _	ce)			stance (m)/bear				
Topography* Present land use			Mi	in Elevation	meters Ma	ax Elevation	meters		
SCS soil series			oil association						
project documentat artifacts and copy of Manuscripts or Publicati	ollection, describe (1) docum tion on file ACI PO of notes to be turned tons on the site (use separated to the site)))))))))	ite File - including field & an ent type(s),* (2) maintaining or 8030 d over to FDOT for arate sheet if needed, give FM of US 301 to North ECORDER & INFO	ganization,* (3) file or ac curation SF# if relevant) <u>ACI</u> of Fletcher Ave RMANT INFOR	ccession nos., and ((2009) Cultu nue, Hillsbor RMATION	4) descriptive inform 1ral Resource rough County	nation			
Recorder Information (n Archaeological Cor	ame / address / phone / affiliansultants, Inc., 850	_{ation)} <u>Horvath, Elizab</u> -926-9285, acinorth	eth A., 98 Hicko @comcast.net	orywood Dr.,	, Crawfordvi	lle, FL 3232	7		
Required Attachments		PY OF 7.5' USGS QU ,600 or larger. Show b							





ARCHAEOLOGICAL CONSULTANTS, INCORPORATED

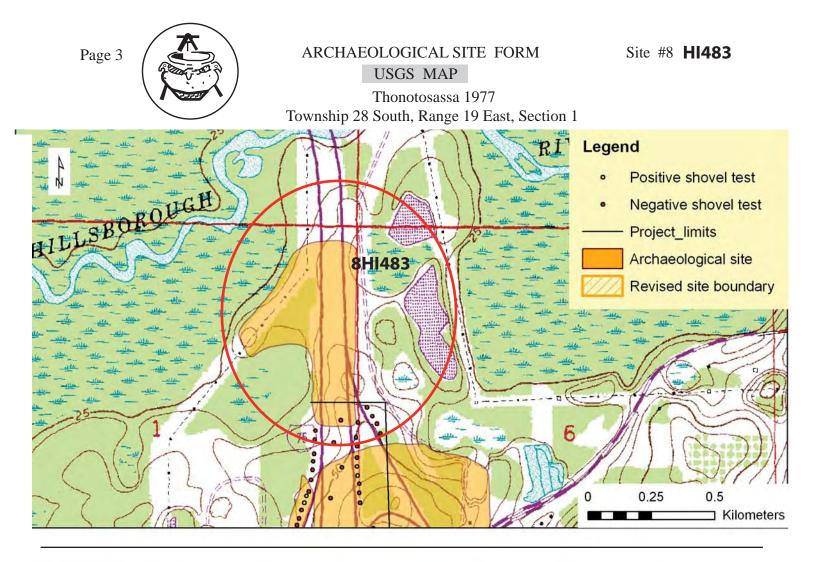
Page 1		-	IDA MASTEF		F	Site #8 HI483 Field Date 11 / 17 / 08 Form Date 12 / 10 / 08		
Dipdate		Consult Quide to	Version 4.0			lecorder #		
	PD&E US 301 to	Fletcher ⊐private-individual		⊐city ⊡county ⊠sta	M ultiple S urvey #	Listing (DHR only) (DHR only) re American □foreign □unknown		
USCS 7 5 Map Name	A Data Thonotosa				<u>^</u>			
JSGS 7.5 Map Name & Date Thonotosassa 1977 Plat or Other Map City/Town (within 3 miles) Temple Terrace In City Limits? Uyes In O Zunknown County Hillsborough Fownship 28S Range_19E Section 1 1/4 section: INW USW USE ZINE Inregular-name:								
Name of Public Tract	(e.g., park)							
		ТҮРЕ (ck all that apply				
☐ Land (terrestrial) ☐ Lake/Pond (lacustrine) ☐ River/Stream/Creek (riv ☐ Tidal (estuarine) ☐ Saltwater (marine)		looded Iry <i>ubterranean</i>) al	STRUE aboriginal boat agric/farm building building remains cemetery/grave dump/refuse earthworks	CTURES OR FEAT	☐ road segment ☐ shell midden ☐ shell mound ☐ shipwreck	res FUNCTION * campsite extractive site habitation (prehistoric) homestead (historic) farmstead village (prehistoric) town (historic)		
□ Other settings, structure	es, features or functions			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		quarry		
		CULTUR	E PERIODS (check all that a	pply)			
ABORIGINAL * Alachua Archaic (nonspecific) Archaic, Early Archaic, Middle Archaic, Late Belle Glade Cades Pond Caloosahatchee Deptford	 Englewood Fort Walton Glades (nonspecific) Glades I Glades III Glades III Hickory Pond Leon-Jefferson Malabar I Malabar II 	 Manasota Mississippian Mount Taylor Norwood Orange Paleoindian Pensacola Perico Island Safety Harbor St. Augustine 	 St. Johns (nonsp St. Johns I St. Johns II Santa Rosa Santa Rosa-Swif Seminole (nonsp Seminole: Coloni Seminole: 1st Wa Seminole: 2nd Wa Seminole: 3rd Wa 	Swift C Swift C Swift C Transit t Creek Weede ecific) Weede zation Weede ar To 2nd Prehist ar To 3rd Prehist ar & After Prehist	Creek (nonspecific) Creek, Early Creek, Late tional en Island (nonspecific) en Island I en Island II toric (nonspecific) toric non-ceramic toric ceramic	NON-ABORIGINALFirst Spanish 1513-99First Spanish 1600-99First Spanish 1700-1763First Spanish (nonspecific)British 1763-1783Second Spanish 1783-1821American Territorial 1821-45American Civil War 1861-65American 19th CenturyAmerican 20th Century		
Other (List less common	n phases or specific sub-ph	nases. For historic si	tes, give specific dates i	f known.)		_ ☐ American (nonspecific) _ ☐ African-American		
*(Consult Guide to Arch	aeological Site F	orm for preferred d	escriptions not liste	ed above (data are	coded fields).		
	(PINION O	F RESOURC	E SIGNIFICA	ANCE			
Potentially eligible inc Potentially eligible as Explanation of Evalua	contributor to a Natio	nal Register distr	rict? □	ves ⊠ no I	Øinsufficient informati □insufficient informati hin the APE			
Recommendations fo	r Owner or SHPO Ac	tion <u>no additio</u>	onal investigatio	ns within the A	PE			
	USE ONLY		OFFICIAL EVAL		ا م			
NR List Date	SHPO – Appears to r					/ Init.		
□ Owner Objection	KEEPER – Determin NR Criteria for Evalua	ed eligible:	□yes □n	0	Date/			
	HR6E045R0107 Florida Ma			A. Gray Bldg / 500 S Bron E-mail SiteFile@dos.stat		FL 32399-0250		

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i age z						••	; #0 <u>111105</u>	
		FI	ELD METHODS (cl	eck all that a	oply)			
	SITE DETEC		(JNDARIES *		
□ no field check			creened shovel	ounds unknown			□ unscree	ned shovel
☑ literature sear				one by recorder			☑ screene	
informant report	ort □ augersize	:		terature search	posthole	tests	block ex	cavations
□ remote sensir	na 🗆 unscreened	t shovel	s; screen size (attach site	nformant report	□ augers	ize:	□ estimate	or auess
Other methods:	number size denth	nattern of unit	s: screen size (attach site	nlan) 5 ST: 0	positive: 2	5 m interval	and judgm	ental
50 cm diama	eter, 1 m deep, 6.4	mm mosh						
50 cm diame	eter, 1 in deep, 0.4	min mesn s	screen					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			SITE DESCR	IPTION				
Extent Size (m ²	2) Depth/strati	graphy of culti	ural deposit					
	· ·							
Temporal Interp	retation - Component	s (check one):	□ single compone	nt 🗆 mult	iple compone	ent 🗆 u	incertain	
Describe each occ	cupation in plan (refer to	attached large	scale map) and stratigraphic	ally. Discuss tem	ooral and funct	ional interpretati	ons:	
Integrity Overe	II diaturbanaatu 🗖 r		I minor II substantial		adapasitad		deeumenti	
Disturbances / th	hraata / protective me	one seen L	I minor Z substantial construction / road	onstruction /	none	L destroyed-	aocument!	
	nieals / protective me	asules <u>10aa</u>	construction / roud			·····		
Surface collection	on: area collected	m ² # co	llection units	Exca	vation # nor	ncontiquous blo	ocks	
						looninguodo bio		
Total Artifacts #	t Op	(C) ount or (C)	ARTIFA			haurfaaa # Oc	, ,	(C) or (E)
	<u>+ UC</u>	(C)ount or (E)	stimate? Surface # <u>0</u>	<u> </u>	C) OF (E) SU			_ (C) or (E)
COLLECTION S	<u>SELECTIVITY</u> *	<u> </u>	ARTIFACT CATEGORIE	<u>S* and DISPOSI</u>	TIONS *	(example: <u>A</u>	bone-human)	
🗖 unknown	□ unselective (all art	ifacts) Pi	ck exactly one code from	Disposition List	$\Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow$	Disposition	a Liet*	
	□ selective (some ar		bone-animal	exotic-n				
					omocar	A - category a	always collected	
	mixed selectivity		bone-human	glass		S - some item	ns in category col	lected
SPATIAL CONT	<u>TROL</u> *	_	bone-unspecified	lithics-al	ooriginal		first hand, but no	
uncollected	general (not by su	barea)	bone-worked	metal-no	onprecious	_		
	Controlled (by sub		brick/building debris	metal-pr	ecious/coin		and subsequently	
						I - informant	reported categor	y present
	variable spatial co	ntroi	ceramic-aboriginal	shell-un		U - unknown		
Other		_	ceramic-nonaborigina					
			daub	Others:				
Artifact Commer	nts no artifact reco	overy						
			, Suwanee ppk, heat-trea	ted chert Dentfo	ord Check-sta	mned ironstor	ne/whiteware	
1		N 4						
2		N= 5			_ 8			N=
3	·····	N= 6		N=	9			N=
			ENVIRON	MENT				
Nearest fresh wa	ater type* & name (inc	I. relict source) _			Dis	tance (m)/bea	ring	
Natural commun	nity (FNAI category* or lea	ve blank)						
Local vegetation	າ							
Topography*				Min E	Elevation	meters M	ax Elevation	meters
	e							
	·	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		sociation		·····		
SCS soil series								
			DOCUMENT					
Accessible Docu	umentation Not Filed	with the Site F	ile - including field & analysis r	otes, photos, plans,	other important of	documents that are	e permanently ac	cessible: For
each separately mai	intained collection, describe	e (1) document typ	be(s),* (2) maintaining organiza	ion,* (3) file or acces	sion nos., and (4	 descriptive information 	mation.	
project docu	mentation on file	ACI P08030)					
			er to FDOT for cura	ion				
					000) C 1/	1 D	•	
			sheet if needed, give FMSF# if					nt
Survey PD&	<u>E Study I-75 fron</u>		<u>JS 301 to North of F</u>			<u>ough Count</u>	<u>y, Florida</u>	
		RECO	ORDER & INFORMA	NT INFORM	ATION			
Informant Inform	nation (name / address / p							
		,						
Recorder Inform	nation (name / address / r	hone / affiliation)	Horvath, Elizabeth	A., 98 Hickory	wood Dr.,	Crawfordvi	Ile, FL 323	27
Archaeologia	cal Consultants. In	1c., 850-926	-9285, acinorth@co	ncast.net	,			
Requ	uired 🛛 🛈 PH	IOTOCOPY	OF 7.5' USGS QUAD	MAP WITH SIT	E BOUNDA	RIES MARK	ED and SIT	E PLAN
Attach	ments Pla	an at 1.3 600	or larger. Show bounda	ries scale north	arrow test/	collection units	landmarks a	nd date

ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM

Site #8 HI483



Page 1			EOLOGICAL SIT rida master site		Site #8 HI485 Field Date 11 / 12 / 08 Form Date 12 / 10 / 08		
🛛 Update	~~ /		Version 4.0 1/07		Recorder #		
	PD&E US 301 to	Fletcher		Multipl Survey	e Listing (DHR only) / # (DHR only) ative American ⊡foreign ⊡unknown		
		-	DCATION & MAPPI				
Landgrant UTM Coordinates: Zo Other Coordinates: X Address / Vicinity / R	one □16 □17 E X: oute to	assa 1977 e I ction <u>12</u> asting Y:	Plat or 0 n City Limits? □yes □no 6 ¼ section: □NW □SW 6 Tax Parcel # 0 Northing Coordinate Syste	Other Map Zunknown County <u>Hill:</u> ZSE ⊠NE ⊡Irregular- 0 em & Datum0	sborough name:		
Name of Public Trac	t (e.g., park)						
		TYPE	OF SITE (check all th				
 ✓ Land (terrestrial) □ Lake/Pond (lacustrine) □ River/Stream/Creek (ri □ Tidal (estuarine) □ Saltwater (marine) 		flooded dry subterranean) ial	□ aboriginal boat □ fort □ agric/farm building □ midden □ burial mound □ mill □ building remains □ missior	□ shell mound □ shipwreck , nonspecific □ subsurface fea ion □ surface scatte	atures		
□ Other settings, structur	es, features or functions _	•			quarry		
		CULTUR	E PERIODS (check al	ll that apply)			
ABORIGINAL *	Englewood Fort Walton Glades (nonspecific) Glades I Glades II Glades III Hickory Pond Leon-Jefferson Malabar I Malabar II	 Norwood Orange Paleoindian Pensacola Perico Island Safety Harbor St. Augustine 	 St. Johns (nonspecific) St. Johns I St. Johns II Santa Rosa Santa Rosa-Swift Creek Seminole (nonspecific) Seminole: Colonization Seminole: 1st War To 2nd Seminole: 2nd War To 3rd Seminole: 3rd War & After 	 Swift Creek (nonspecific) Swift Creek, Early Swift Creek, Late Transitional Weeden Island (nonspecific) Weeden Island I Weeden Island II Prehistoric (nonspecific) Prehistoric non-ceramic Prehistoric ceramic 	NON-ABORIGINAL * □ First Spanish 1513-99 □ First Spanish 1600-99 □ First Spanish 1700-1763 ic) □ □ First Spanish 1700-1763 □ First Spanish (nonspecific) □ British 1763-1783 □ Second Spanish 1783-1821 □ American Territorial 1821-45 □ American Civil War 1861-65 □ American 19th Century □ American 20th Century □ American (nonspecific) □ African-American		
*	Consult Guide to Arci	naeological Site	Form for preferred description	is not listed above (data a	re coded fields).		
		OPINION_(DF RESOURCE SIG	NIFICANCE			
Potentially eligible in Potentially eligible as Explanation of Evalu	dividually for Nationa contributor to a Nati	Register of Hist onal Register dis	oric Places? □yes [□no Øinsufficient inform Øno □insufficient inform	ation		
Recommendations fo	or Owner or SHPO A	ction <u>no additi</u>	onal investigations with	in the APE			
DHR	USE ONLY		OFFICIAL EVALUATIO	N	OHR USE ONLY		
NR List Date // □ Owner Objection		meet criteria for N ned eligible:		ufficient info Date Date	// Init //		
	HR6E045R0107 Florida N		f Historical Resources / R. A. Gray Bldg 6440 / Fax (850)-245-6439 / E-mail SiteF		e, FL 32399-0250		

Page 2

Site #8 HI485

		FIELD METHODS	6 (check all that a			
	<u>SITE DETECTION</u> *			<u>SITE BOU</u>	<u>NDARIES</u> *	
no field check	exposed ground	screened shovel	bounds unknowr	n 🗆 remote se	ensina	unscreened shovel
☑ literature search	□ posthole digger		□ none by recorde			☑ screened shovel
□ informant report	□ augersize:		☑ literature search			□ block excavations
					10313	
	\Box unscreened shovel ber, size, depth, pattern o	<u> </u>			<u>e.</u>	□ estimate or guess
Other methods; num	per, size, depth, pattern o	f units; screen size (attac	in site plan) $\frac{5.51,0}{5.51,0}$	positive, 50	III IIItel vals	<u>,</u>
50 cm diameter,	1 m deep, 0.4 mm m	esh screen				
all shovel tests re	evealed fill deposits					
		SITE DE	SCRIPTION			
Extont Size (m ²)	Depth/stratigraphy o					
Extent Size (Π^{-})						
-			·			
	on - Components (check					ncertain
Describe each occupation	ion in plan (refer to attached	large scale map) and stratig	graphically. Discuss tem	poral and function	onal interpretatio	ns:
Integrity - Overall dis	turbance*: 🛛 none seer	n 🛛 minor 🗖 substa	ntial 🛛 major 🛛	redeposited I	destroyed-d	ocument! 🛛 unknown
Disturbances / threat	s / protective measures _	road construction / r	oad construction /	none		
Surface collection: a	rea collected m ²	# collection units	Exca	avation: # none	contiauous bloc	cks
					Jernigue de Bret	
		ART				
Total Artifacts # <u>0c</u>	(C)ount of	or (E)stimate? Surfac	e #_0c	(C) or (E) Sub		(C) or (E)
COLLECTION SELE		ARTIFACT CATEG	ORIES* and DISPOS	ITIONS *	(example: <u>A</u> b	oone-human)
🗆 unknown 🛛 u	nselective (all artifacts)	Pick exactly one code	e from Disposition List	$\Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow$	Disposition	liet*
🗆 se	elective (some artifacts)	bone-animal	exotic-r	onlocal		
	ixed selectivity	bone-human	glass		A - category al	
SPATIAL CONTROL		bone-unspecifie	ed lithics-a	horiginal		in category collected
	= eneral (not by subarea)	bone-worked	metal-n			rst hand, but not collected
	ontrolled (by subarea)				R - collected ar	nd subsequently left at site
		brick/building d			I - informant re	eported category present
	ariable spatial control	ceramic-aborigi			U - unknown	
Other			original shell-w			
		daub	Others:			
	o artifact recovery					
DIAGNOSTICS (typ	e or mode, and frequency	r: e.g., Suwanee ppk, he	at-treated chert, Deptf	ord Check-star	nped, ironstone	ə/whiteware)
1	N=	4	N=	7		N=
2.	N=	5.	N=	8.		N=
3.	N= N=	4 5 6	N=	9.		N=
	<u> </u>		RONMENT		() (1)	
	sype* & name (incl. relict sour			Dist	ance (m)/bearii	ng
	NAI category* or leave blank)_					
Local vegetation						
Topography*			M in	Elevation	_meters Ma	x Elevationmeters
Present land use						
SCS soil series		S	oil association			
			IENTATION			
Accessible Documer	tation Not Filed with the S	Site File - including field & an	alysis notes, photos, plans,	other important do	ocuments that are	permanently accessible: For
	d collection, describe (1) docum		ganization,* (3) file or acce	ssion nos., and (4)	descriptive inform	ation.
	tation on file ACI P0					
artifacts and cop	y of notes to be turne	d over to FDOT for	curation			
Manuscripts or Public	cations on the site (use sep	arate sheet if needed, give FM	SF# if relevant) ACI (2	2009) Cultur	al Resource	Assessment
	tudy I-75 from South					
		ECORDER & INFO				<u>,</u>
Informant Information	ר (name / address / phone / affil					
	r (name / address / phone / ann	iauon)				
		Unwroth Eli1	oth A OO II: 1.	muach Dr	Cross-ford'1	10 EL 20207
Recorder Information	(name / address / phone / affili	ation) Horvath, Elizat	ein A., 98 Hickor	ywood Dr.,	Crawfordvil	IE, FL 3232/
Archaeological (Consultants, Inc., 850	-926-9285, acinorth	a)comcast.net	<u></u>		
Require						D and SITE DI AN
		OPY OF 7.5' USGS Q				
Attachme	nts Plan at 1:3	600 or larger. Show b	oundaries, scale, nort	h arrow. test/co	ollection units.	andmarks and date.

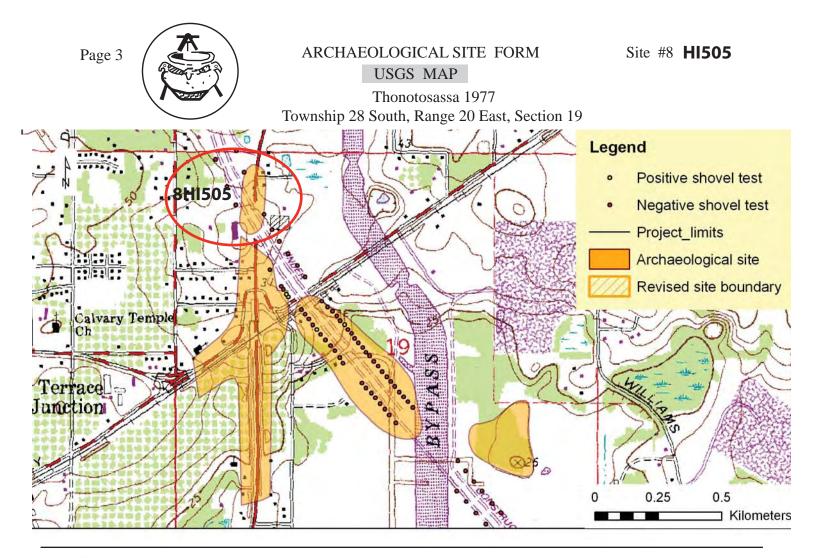


ARCHAEOLOGICAL CONSULTANTS, INCORPORATED

Page 1	Site #8 HI505								
Original			IDA MASTER	L SITE FOI 8 site file		Field Date <u>11 / 04 / 08</u> Form Date <u>12 / 10 / 08</u>			
☑ Update			Version 4.0			Corm Date <u>12 / 10 / 08</u>			
		Consult Guido to	Archaoological Sito Eo	rm for datailed instruction					
- Fruit	Stand	Consult Guide to	-	rm for detailed instruction					
Site Name(s) Fruit	PD&F US 301 to	Fletcher			Multiple	Listing (DHR only) # (DHR only)			
						+ (D⊓R O∏y) ve American □foreign □unknown			
			CATION & N						
	a D . Thonatage								
USGS 7.5 Map Name	Temple Terrace			Plat or Other Map)	orough			
USGS 7.5 Map Name & Date Thonotosassa 1977 Plat or Other Map City/Town (within 3 miles) Temple Terrace In City Limits? Dyes Dno Zunknown County Hillsborough Township 28S Range 20E Section 19 ¼ section: DNW DSW DSE DNE DIrregular-name:									
Landgrant		//	Tax Pa	arcel #					
UTM Coordinates: Zc	one 🗆 16 🗆 17 🛛 Ea	asting	0 Northing		0				
Other Coordinates: >	<:	Y:	Coordii	nate System & Datu	um				
Address / Vicinity / Ro									
Name of Public Tract									
	(0.g., park)								
		TYPE (ck all that apply)					
☑ Land (terrestrial)	<u>SETTING</u> * □ Wetland (<i>pal</i>	ustrine)	<u>STRU(</u> ⊐ aboriginal boat	CTURES OR FEAT	URES * □ road segment	<i>FUNCTION</i> * □ campsite			
Lake/Pond (<i>lacustrine</i>)	□ usually	flooded	agric/farm building	□ midden	□ shell midden	□ extractive site			
□ River/Stream/Creek (<i>riv</i> □ Tidal (<i>estuarine</i>)	rerine)	dry	burial mound building remains	□ mill □ mission	shell mound shipwreck	 habitation (prehistoric) homestead (historic) 			
□ Saltwater (<i>marine</i>)			□ cemetery/grave	mound, nonspecific					
	□ aquatic		dump/refuse	□ plantation	□ surface scatter	□ village (prehistoric)			
□ Other settings, structure	es, features or functions		□ earthworks	□ platform mound	□ well	□ town (historic) □ quarry			
					• `				
ABORIGINAL *			St. Johns (nonsp	check all that ap	ply) reek (nonspecific)	NON-ABORIGINAL *			
Aborronnal Alachua	Englewood Fort Walton	□ Mississippian	St. Johns I	,	reek, Early	□ First Spanish 1513-99			
Archaic (nonspecific)	Glades (nonspecific)	☐ Mount Taylor	□ St. Johns II	□ Swift C	,	□ First Spanish 1600-99			
□ Archaic, Early □ Archaic, Middle	□ Glades I □ Glades II	Norwood Orange	Santa Rosa Santa Rosa-Swift	Creek Deede	ionai in Island (nonspecific)	□ First Spanish 1700-1763 □ First Spanish (nonspecific)			
Archaic, Late	Glades III		Seminole (nonsp	ecific) D Weede	n Island I	□ British 1763-1783			
 Belle Glade Cades Pond 	Hickory Pond Leon-Jefferson	Pensacola Perico Island	Seminole: Coloni		n Island II oric (nonspecific)	 Second Spanish 1783-1821 American Territorial 1821-45 			
Caloosahatchee	Malabar I	Safety Harbor	□ Seminole: 2nd W	ar To 3rd D Prehist	oric non-ceramic	American Civil War 1861-65			
Deptford	□ Malabar II	□ St. Augustine	□ Seminole: 3rd Wa	ar & After D Prehist	oric ceramic	 American 19th Century American 20th Century 			
Conter (List less common	n phases or specific sub-pl	nases. For historic sit	es, give specific dates i	f known.)		_ American (nonspecific)			
						_ African-American			
*(Consult Guide to Arch	aeological Site Fo	orm for preferred d	escriptions not listed	d above (data are	e coded fields).			
	(DPINION O	FRESOURC	E SIGNIFICA	NCE				
Detentially aligible inc									
Potentially eligible inc Potentially eligible as					Źinsufficient informat ⊐insufficient informat				
Explanation of Evalua	ation (required if evaluate	d: use separate sheet	if needed) no evid						
·	· ·	· ·	,						
Recommendations fo		tion no additio	nal investigatio	ns within the AI	PE				
		lon <u>no udditio</u>	nur mvestigutio						
DHR	USE ONLY	0	FFICIAL EVAL	UATION	D	HR USE ONLY			
NR List Date	SHPO – Appears to r		listing: Dyes Dn	o □insufficient info	Date/	/ Init			
	KEEPER – Determin				Date/	/			
Owner Objection	INK Criteria for Evalu	auon: La Lb		National Register Bull	eun 15, p. 2)				
	HR6E045R0107 Florida Ma	aster Site File / Div. of H	listorical Resources / R.	A. Gray Bldg / 500 S Brond	ough St., Tallahassee,	FL 32399-0250			
		Phone (850) 245-64	40/Fax (850)-245-6439/	E-mail SiteFile@dos.state	e.fl.us				

Site #8 HI505

		FIELD METHOD	S (check all that a		
	SITE DETECTION *		1	<u>SITE BOUNDARI</u>	
no field check	1 0	screened shovel	□ bounds unknowr	•	unscreened shovel
Iiterature search	posthole digger		□ none by recorde	 insp exposed gr 	ound 🛛 screened shovel
informant report	□ augersize:		☑ literature search	□ posthole tests	block excavations
□ remote sensina	□ unscreened shovel		☐ informant report	_ □ augersize:	estimate or guess
Other methods: numb	\Box unscreened shovel ber, size, depth, pattern of 1 m deep. 6.4 mm me	units: screen size (atta	ch site plan) 6 ST, 0	positive; 50 m int	terval
50 cm diameter.	1 m deep, 6.4 mm me	sh screen		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	evealed fill deposits				
		SITE DI	ESCRIPTION		
Extent Size (m ²)	Depth/stratigraphy of	cultural deposit			
	on - Components (check o		nponent 🛛 🗖 mul		
Describe each occupati	on in plan (refer to attached la	arge scale map) and strat	igraphically. Discuss tem	poral and functional inte	pretations:
Integrity - Overall dist	urbance*: D none seen	🗆 minor 🛛 substa	antial 🛛 major 🗆	redeposited D dest	troyed- document! unknown
Disturbances / threats	s / protective measures <u>r</u>	oad construction /	road construction /	none	
	· -				
Surface collection: a	rea collected m ²	# collection units	Exca	vation: # noncontigu	ous blocks
	(0)		FIFACTS		" (0) (5)
Total Artifacts # <u>0c</u>		r (E)stimate? Surfac	xe # <u>UC</u>		e # <u>0c</u> (C) or (E)
COLLECTION SELE			GORIES* and DISPOS		<i>le</i> : <u>A</u> bone-human)
	nselective (all artifacts)	Pick exactly one cod	le from Disposition List	$\Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow$ Disp	osition List*
🗆 se	elective (some artifacts)	bone-animal	exotic-r		ategory always collected
🗆 m	ixed selectivity	bone-human	glass		ome items in category collected
SPATIAL CONTROL		bone-unspecifi		horiginal I.	
	eneral (not by subarea)	bone-worked	metal-n	onprecious	bserved first hand, but not collected
	ontrolled (by subarea)	brick/building c			ollected and subsequently left at site
			•		formant reported category present
	ariable spatial control	ceramic-aborig		10-0	nknown
			original shell-wo		
		daub	Others:		
	o artifact recovery				
	e or mode, and frequency:				
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	NAI category* or leave blank)				
•	, .				
5			N	- 1	Mary Elevention management
			W IN	Elevationmeter	s Max Elevationmeters
SCS soil series			Soil association		
		DOCUN	IENTATION		
Accessible Documen	tation Not Filed with the S			other important documents	s that are permanently accessible: For
each senarately maintaine	d collection describe (1) docume	10 - 1 = 100 - 1000000000000000000000000	inalysis holes, pholos, plans,	sion nos and (4) descript	tive information.
	tation on file ACI P08				
			aunation		
artifacts and cop	y of notes to be turned	I OVER 10 FDOT 10		(0.00) C 14 1 D	A
	cations on the site (use sepa				
Survey PD&E St	tudy I-75 from South				<u>County, Florida</u>
		ECORDER & INFO	ORMANT INFORM	IATION	
Informant Information	۱ (name / address / phone / affilia	ition)			
Recorder Information	(name / address / phone / affilia	tion) Horvath, Eliza	beth A., 98 Hickor	ywood Dr., Craw	fordville, FL 32327
Archaeological (Consultants, Inc., 850-	926-9285, acinorth	@comcast.net		
Required	d 🛈 РНОТОСО	PY OF 7.5' USGS Q	UAD MAP WITH SIT	E BOUNDARIES M	MARKED and SITE PLAN
Attachmer		600 or larger. Show I	ooundaries, scale, nort	h arrow, test/collection	n units, landmarks and date.
		0	, ,	,	,





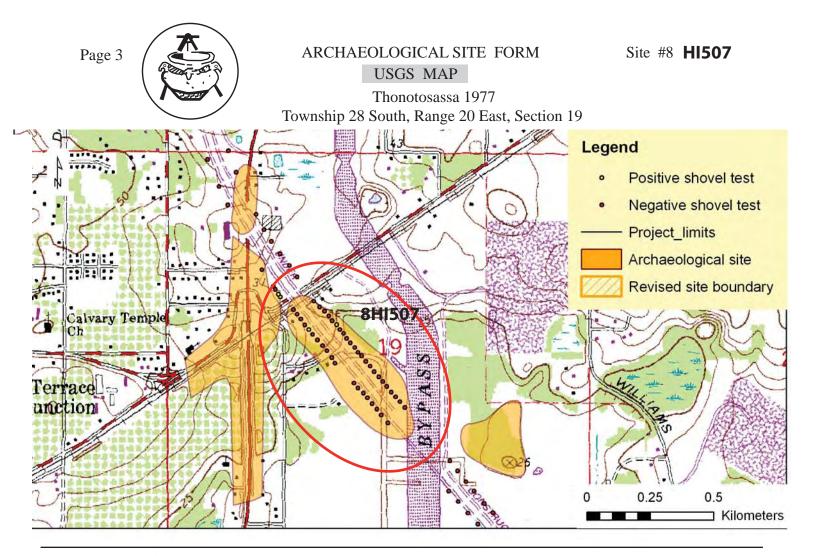
ARCHAEOLOGICAL CONSULTANTS, INCORPORATED

Page 1 □ Original ☑ Update		ARCHAE FLOR	Site #8HI507 Field Date11 /_04 /_08 Form Date _12 /_10 /_08 Recorder #		
	PD&E US 301 to	Fletcher □private-individual [Multip Surve punty ⊠state □federal □N	le Listing (DHR only) y # (DHR only) ative American □foreign □unknown
Landgrant UTM Coordinates: Zo Other Coordinates: > Address / Vicinity / R	one	ssa 1977 	Plat or City Limits? □yes □no l section: ☑NW ☑SW I Tax Parcel # 0 Northing	Other Map ☑unknown County <u>Hill</u> ☑SE ☑NE □Irregular 0 tem & Datum	lsborough -name:
		TYPE C	OF SITE (check all th	at apply)	
	verine)	looded dry ubterranean) al 	aboriginal boat	□ shell mound n □ shipwreck d, nonspecific □ subsurface fe	extractive site habitation (prehistoric) homestead (historic) farmstead
		CULTURE	PERIODS (check a	ll that annly)	
ABORIGINAL * Alachua Archaic (nonspecific) Archaic, Early Archaic, Early Archaic, Middle Archaic, Late Belle Glade Cades Pond Caloosahatchee Deptford	 Englewood Fort Walton Glades (nonspecific) Glades I Glades III Glades III Hickory Pond Leon-Jefferson Malabar I Malabar II 	 Manasota Mississippian Mount Taylor Norwood Orange Paleoindian Pensacola Perico Island Safety Harbor St. Augustine 	 St. Johns (nonspecific) St. Johns I St. Johns II Santa Rosa Santa Rosa-Swift Creek Seminole (nonspecific) Seminole: Colonization Seminole: 1st War To 2nd Seminole: 2nd War To 3rd Seminole: 3rd War & After 	Chart apply) Swift Creek (nonspecific) Swift Creek, Early Swift Creek, Late Transitional Weeden Island (nonspeci Weeden Island I Weeden Island II Prehistoric (nonspecific) Prehistoric ceramic Prehistoric ceramic	 British 1763-1783 Second Spanish 1783-1821 American Territorial 1821-45 American Civil War 1861-65 American 19th Century American 20th Century
□ Other (List less commo	n phases or specific sub-pł	nases. For historic site	es, give specific dates if known.) _		□ American (nonspecific) □ African-American
*(-	orm for preferred description	`	
Potentially eligible inc Potentially eligible as Explanation of Evalua within the APE	lividually for National contributor to a Natio	Register of Histor nal Register distri	ic Places? □yes	□no Øinsufficient inform Øno □insufficient inform	nation
Recommendations fo	r Owner or SHPO Ac	tion <u>no additio</u>	nal investigations with	in the APE	
DHR	USE ONLY	0	FFICIAL EVALUATIO	Ν	DHR USE ONLY
NR List Date // D Owner Objection	KEEPER – Determin	ed eligible:	listing: □yes □no □ins □yes □no □c □d (see National F	ufficient info Date Date Register Bulletin 15, p. 2)	_// Init _//
	HR6E045R0107 Florida Ma	ster Site File / Div. of H	istorical Resources / R. A. Gray Bld	g / 500 S Bronough St., Tallahass	ee, FL 32399-0250

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			010112 0112				
		FIELD METHOD	S (check all that a	apply)			
□ no field check ☑ literature search □ informant report □ remote sensing Other methods; nu 50 cm diamete	i □ augersize:		□ bounds unknow □ none by recorde ☑ literature search □ informant report ch site plan) <u>43 ST</u> ,	n remote s er Zinsp expo	osed ground E tests E	□ unscreened □ screened □ block exca □ estimate c	shovel avations
		SITE DI	ESCRIPTION				
Extent Size (m ²) 0-70 cm gray/b	Depth/stratigraph prown/black mottled	y of cultural deposit <u>artifa</u> sand, 70-80 cm black	acts @ 90-100 cm	lbs 00 cm gray/b	prown orange c	lay	
	tation - Components (che pation in plan (refer to attach	eck one):	ponent				
Integrity - Overall o Disturbances / three	disturbance∗: □ none s eats / protective measure	een □ minor □ substa s road construction / 1	ntial 🛛 major 🗖	redeposited / none	destroyed- doc	ument! D] unknown
Surface collection:	area collected n	n ² # collection units	Exc	avation: # non	icontiauous blocks	 S	
			FIFACTS				
SPATIAL CONTR Uncollected Unknown C Other Artifact Comments DIAGNOSTICS (t 1. thermal alter 2. 3.	ELECTIVITY I unselective (all artifacts) I selective (some artifacts) I mixed selectivity OL* I general (not by subarea) I controlled (by subarea) I variable spatial control s 6 chert flakes type or mode, and freque ration N=_3 N=_ N=_	Int or (E)stimate? Surfac ARTIFACT CATEG Pick exactly one code bone-animal bone-human bone-unspecifie bone-worked brick/building d ceramic-aborig ceramic-nonabe daub ncy: e.g., Suwanee ppk, he 4. 5. 6. ENVII	e #_0c e from Disposition Lis e from Disposition Lis glass ed Ametal ebrismetal inalshell-u originalshell-u originalshell-w Others at-treated chert, Dept N= N=N= N=N=N=N=N=	Sitions * t ⇒ ⇒ ⇒ ⇒ nonlocal aboriginal nonprecious precious/coin nworked vorked		ne-human) st* ys collected category colle hand, but not subsequently l orted category whiteware)	ected collected left at site present
		source)		Dis	tance (m)/bearing		
Local vegetation _ Topography*				Elevation	_meters M ax E	Elevation	meters
-			1ENTATION				
each separately mainta project docume artifacts and co Manuscripts or Pu	ained collection, describe (1) do entation on file ACI opy of notes to be tun blications on the site (use	ne Site File - including field & ar cument type(s),* (2) maintaining o P08030 med over to FDOT for separate sheet if needed, give FM uth of US 301 to North	alysis notes, photos, plans rganization,* (3) file or acco <u>curation</u> ISF# if relevant) <u>ACI (</u> of Fletcher Aven	ession nos., and (4 2009) Cultur ue, Hillsborg	e) descriptive information	on	
Informant Informat	tion (name / address / phone /	RECORDER & INFO affiliation)	IRMANT INFORM	MATION			
Recorder Informat	ion (name / address / phone /	affiliation) <u>Horvath, Elizat</u> 50-926-9285, acinorth	beth A., 98 Hickor @comcast.net	rywood Dr.,	Crawfordville	, FL 3232	27
Requir Attachm	red ① PHOTO	COPY OF 7.5' USGS Q 1:3,600 or larger. Show b	UAD MAP WITH SI				

ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM Site #8 HI507

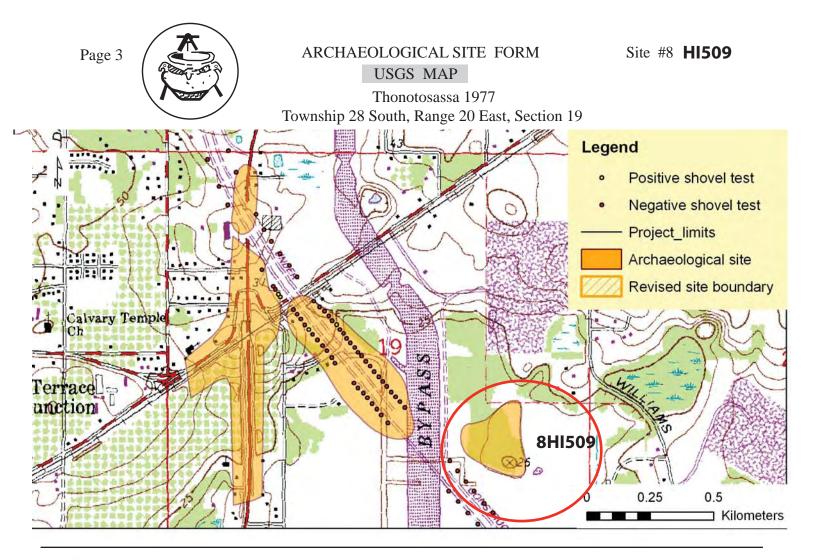




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Page 1 □ Original Ø Update			EOLOGICA RIDA MASTEF Version 4.0	R SITE FILH		Site #8 HI509 Field Date 10 / 31 / 08 Form Date 12 / 10 / 08 Recorder #			
		Consult Guide	to Archaeological Site Fo	rm for detailed instr	uctions.				
Site Name(s) Wes	t Williams				M ultip	le Listing (DHR only)			
Project Name 1-75	PD&E US 301 to				Surve	y # (DHR only)			
Ownership: □private-	orofit private-nonprofit	-			Istate □federal □N	lative American □foreign □unknown			
			OCATION & N						
USGS 7.5 Map Nam	e & Date I nonotos	assa 1977 e	n City Limits? □vo	Plat or Other	Map wwp _ C ounty Hil	Ishorough			
Township 28S	USGS 7.5 Map Name & Date Thonotosassa 1977 Plat or Other Map City/Town (within 3 miles) Temple Terrace In City Limits? □yes □no ☑unknown County Hillsborough Township 28S Range 20E Section 19 ¼ section: □NW SW In City Limits?								
Landgrant	-		T ax Pa	arcel #					
UTM Coordinates: Z	one □16 □17 E x [.]	asting	0 Northing Coordi		0 Datum				
Address / Vicinity / R	Route to	'							
	t (e.g., park)								
		TYPE	OF SITE (che						
☑ Land (terrestrial)	SETTING *	alustrine)		CTURES OR FL	* <u>EATURES</u> ■ road segmer	t □ campsite			
Lake/Pond (<i>lacustrine</i>)	🗆 usually	flooded	□ agric/farm building □ burial mound	□ midden □ mill	□ shell midden □ shell mound				
☐ Tidal (estuarine)	Cave/Sink (subterranean)	building remains	□ mission	□ shipwreck	homestead (historic)			
□ Saltwater (<i>marine</i>)	☐ terresti □ aquatio		☐ cemetery/grave ☐ dump/refuse	mound, nonsp plantation	ecific □ subsurface fe □ surface scatt				
Other settings, structure	res, features or functions _		□ earthworks	□ platform moun	d 🛛 well	□ town (historic) □ quarry			
30,000									
ABORIGINAL *	Englewood	□ Manasota	E PERIODS (t apply) vift Creek (nonspecific)	NON-ABORIGINAL *			
☐ Alachua □ Archaic (nonspecific)	□ Fort Walton □ Glades (nonspecific)	☐ Mississippian	□ St. Johns I □ St. Johns II	S S	vift Creek, Early vift Creek. Late	☐ First Spanish 1513-99 ☐ First Spanish 1600-99			
Archaic, Early	Glades I	□ Norwood	Santa Rosa		ansitional	First Spanish 1700-1763			
Archaic, Middle Archaic, Late	□ Glades II □ Glades III	Orange Paleoindian	Santa Rosa-Swif Seminole (nonsp)		eeden Island (nonspeci eeden Island I	ific) First Spanish (nonspecific)			
□ Belle Glade □ Cades Pond	Hickory Pond Leon-Jefferson	Pensacola Perico Island	□ Seminole: Coloni □ Seminole: 1st Wa		eeden Island II ehistoric (nonspecific)	□ Second Spanish 1783-1821 □ American Territorial 1821-45			
□ Caloosahatchee	Malabar I	□ Safety Harbor	□ Seminole: 2nd W	ar To 3rd 🛛 🗆 Pr	ehistoric non-ceramic	American Civil War 1861-65			
□ Deptford	□ Malabar II	□ St. Augustine	□ Seminole: 3rd Wa	ar & After ⊔ Pr	ehistoric ceramic	 American 19th Century American 20th Century 			
□ Other (List less commo	on phases or specific sub-	phases. For historic	sites, give specific dates i	f known.)		☐ American (nonspecific) ☐ African-American			
*	Consult Guide to Arc	haeological Site	Form for preferred d	escriptions not	isted above (data	are coded fields).			
		OPINION (DF RESOURC	E SIGNIFI	CANCE				
Potentially eligible in	dividually for Nationa			ves □no	☑ Insufficient inform	nation			
Potentially eligible as	s contributor to a Nati	onal Register dis	strict?	ves ⊠ no	□insufficient inform	nation			
Explanation of Evalu	ation (required if evaluat	ed; use separate she	eet if needed) <u>no evid</u>	ence of site c	liscovered with	in the APE			
		·····							
Pecommendations f	or Owner or SHPO A	ction no addit	ional investigatio	ns within the	ΔΡΕ				
		00011 <u>110 dddit</u>	ionar myestigatio						
DHR	USE ONLY		OFFICIAL EVAL	UATION		DHR USE ONLY			
NR List Date	SHPO – Appears to	meet criteria for N	IR listing: □yes □n	o □insufficient	info Date	_// Init			
	KEEPER – Determi	ned eligible:	⊡yes ⊡n	0	Date	_//			
Owner Objection	NR Criteria for Eval		o □c □d (see	walional Register	<i>Бинешт тэ</i> , р. 2)				
	HR6E045R0107 Florida N		f Historical Resources / R. 6440 / Fax (850)-245-6439 /			ee, FL 32399-0250			

Page 2	А	RCHAEOLOG	GICAL SITE	FORM	Site	#8 <u>HI509</u>	
		FIELD METHODS	6 (check all that a	apply)			
 □ no field check ☑ literature search □ informant report □ remote sensing Other methods; number 50 cm diameter, 1 	SITE DETECTION *	screened shovel f units; screen size (attac	□ bounds unknow □ none by recorde ☑ literature search	n □ remote s r ☑ insp expo	osed ground tests	□ unscreened ☑ screened sh □ block excav □ estimate or	novel ations
		SITE DE	SCRIPTION				
Extent Size (m ²)	Depth/stratigraphy of	f cultural deposit					
		one):				ncertain ns:	
Disturbances / threats	/ protective measures	\square minor \square substance of the set of the s	oad construction	/ none		ocument!	
Surface collection: are	ea collected m ²	# collection units		cavation: # non	contiguous bloo	cks	
SPATIAL CONTROL*	<u>CTIVITY</u> * selective (all artifacts) ective (some artifacts) and selectivity neral (not by subarea) introlled (by subarea) iable spatial control	or (E)stimate? Surface	e # <u>0c</u> ORIES* and DISPO from Disposition Lis e from Disposition Lis glass ed lithics- metal- ebris metal- nal shell-u original shell-u	<u>SITIONS</u> * t ⇔ ⇔ ⇔ ⇔ nonlocal aboriginal nonprecious precious/coin nworked	O - observed fi R - collected an	pone-human) List*	llected t at site
DIAGNOSTICS (type	or mode, and frequency	: e.g., Suwanee ppk, hea					
1 2		4 5	N= N=				N= N=
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			M in	Elevation	_meters Ma	x Elevation	_meters
SCS soil series			oil association				
each separately maintained	ation Not Filed with the S collection, describe (1) docum ation on file ACI P0	Site File - including field & an ent type(s),* (2) maintaining or	IENTATION alysis notes, photos, plans ganization,* (3) file or acc	s, other important d ession nos., and (4	ocuments that are) descriptive inform	permanently access ation.	sible: For
Manuscripts or Publica Survey PD&E Stu	ations on the site (use sep ady I-75 from South R	d over to FDOT for arate sheet if needed, give FM of US 301 to North ECORDER & INFO	SF# if relevant) <u>ACI (</u> of Fletcher Aven RMANT INFORI	ue, Hillsborg MATION	ough County		
Informant Information	(name / address / phone / affili	ation)					
Recorder Information (Archaeological Co	(name / address / phone / affili onsultants, Inc., 850	_{ation)} <u>Horvath, Elizab</u> -926-9285, acinorth	eth A., 98 Hicko @comcast.net	rywood Dr.,	Crawfordvil	le, FL 32327	
Required Attachmen)PY OF 7.5' USGS QU ,600 or larger. Show b					



Page 1	*	ARCHAE	DLOGICA	LSITE	FORM	Site #8	3 <u>HI510</u>	
□ Original Ø Update			DA MASTER Version 4.0	SITE FIL		Form	Date <u>10 / 09 / 08</u> Date <u>12 / 10 / 08</u> der #	
Ň		Consult Guide to A	Archaeological Site For	m for detailed ins	structions.			
	olotti PD&E US 301 to	Fletcher					g (DHR only) R only)	
Ownership: private-p	orofit □private-nonprofit I					□Native Ame	erican □foreign □unknown	
			CATION & M					
USGS 7.5 Map Nam City/Town (within 3 mile Township 28S	e & Date_Thonotosa ₃₅₎ <u>Mango</u> Range_20E Sec	ussa 1977 In C ction <u>29</u> 1/4	City Limits? □yes section: □NW	Plat or Othe □ □ no ☑ unl ☑ SW □ SE	er Map known C ounty □NE □Irreg	Hillsborog gular-name:	ıgh	
Landgrant		acting	Tax Pa	rcel #	0			
Other Coordinates: 2	Landgrant Tax Parcel #0 UTM Coordinates: Zone □16 □17 Easting0 Northing0 Other Coordinates: X:Y:Y:Coordinate System & Datum0 Address / Vicinity / Route to							
Name of Public Trac	t (e.g., park)							
		TYPE O	F SITE (chee					
	verine)	ilooded E dry E <i>ubterranean</i>) E al E E E E E E	STRUC aboriginal boat agric/farm building burial mound building remains cemetery/grave dump/refuse earthworks	☐ fort ☐ midden ☐ mill ☐ mission	□ shell mo □ shipwre specific □ subsurf □ surface	idden ound eck äace features	FUNCTION * □ campsite □ □ destructive site □ □ habitation (prehistoric) □ □ homestead (historic) □ □ farmstead □ □ village (prehistoric) □ □ town (historic) □	
	es, features or functions						│ □ quarry	
ABORIGINAL *	Englewood Fort Walton Glades (nonspecific) Glades I Glades II Glades III Hickory Pond Leon-Jefferson Malabar I Malabar II on phases or specific sub-ph	 Manasota Mississippian Mount Taylor Norwood Orange Paleoindian Pensacola Perico Island Safety Harbor St. Augustine 	PERIODS (St. Johns (nonspe St. Johns I St. Johns II Santa Rosa Santa Rosa-Swift Seminole (nonspe Seminole: Coloni: Seminole: 1st Wa Seminole: 2nd Wa Seminole: 3rd Wa s, give specific dates if	Creek	at apply) Swift Creek (nonspe Swift Creek, Early Swift Creek, Late Transitional Weeden Island I Weeden Island I Weeden Island II Prehistoric (nonspec Prehistoric ceramic	nspecific) [cific) [amic [[MON-ABORIGINAL * First Spanish 1513-99 First Spanish 1600-99 First Spanish 1700-1763 First Spanish (nonspecific) British 1763-1783 Second Spanish 1783-1821 American Territorial 1821-45 American Civil War 1861-65 American 19th Century American 20th Century American (nonspecific)	
	· · ·			,			□ African-American	
*	Consult Guide to Arch	aeological Site Fo	rm for preferred de	escriptions no	ot listed above (d	lata are code	ed fields).	
	(OPINION OF	RESOURC	E SIGNIE	FICANCE			
Potentially eligible as	dividually for National contributor to a Natio ation (required if evaluated	Register of Histori nal Register distric	c Places? □y ct? □y	es □no es ⊠ no	insufficient ☐insufficient	information	rch potential	
Recommendations fo	or Owner or SHPO Ac	tion <u>no additior</u>	al investigation	ns within th	ne APE			
DHR	USE ONLY	0	FFICIAL EVAL	UATION		DHR L	ISE ONLY	
NR List Date	SHPO – Appears to r KEEPER – Determine NR Criteria for Evalua	ed eligible:	Dyes Dno)	Date	e//	Init	
	HR6E045R0107 Florida Ma	aster Site File / Div. of Hi	storical Resources / R. /	A. Gray Bldg / 500	S Bronough St., Talla	ahassee, FL 323	99-0250	

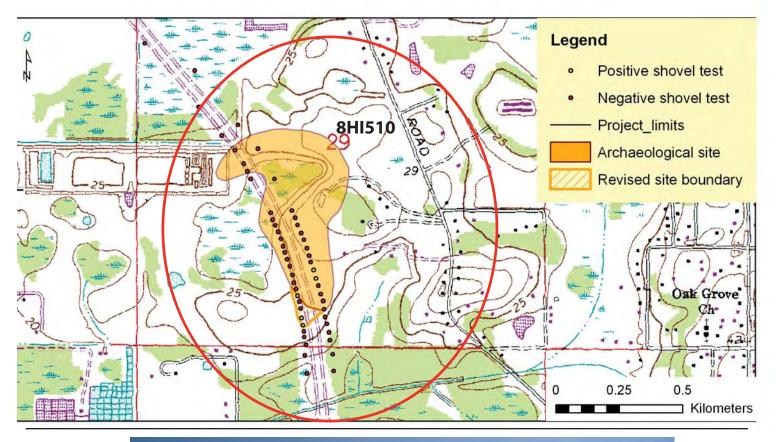
Page 2	ARCHA	EOLOGICA	L SITE FO	ORM	Site #8	HI510		
	FIELD I	METHODS (che	ck all that apply	v)				
□ no field check	TECTION * ed ground I screene ole digger size: eened shovel epth, pattern of units; screene	d shovel □ bo □ no ☑ lite □ inf en size (attach site p	unds unknown be by recorder rature search ormant report an) <u>47 ST, 5 po</u>	SITE BOUNI remote sen insp expose posthole te	sing E ed ground E sts E	□ unscreened sh □ screened shov □ block excavati □ estimate or gu rval as well a	vel ions	
		SITE DESCRI	TION					
Extent Size (m ²) Depth 0-20 cm dark gray sand, 2	stratigraphy of cultural de	posit <u>artifacts (a)</u> and 70-100 cm bi	30-80 cmbs					
<u> </u>	o vo em nght gruy su		own narapan					
Temporal Interpretation - Components (check one): Describe each occupation in plan (refer to attached large scale map) and stratigraphically. Discuss temporal and functional interpretations:								
Integrity - Overall disturbance*: Disturbances / threats / protectiv	re measures <u>road cons</u>	truction / road co	nstruction / nor	ne				
Surface collection: area collecte				on: # nonco	ntiguous blocks	3		
Total Artifacts # <u>11c</u>		ARTIFAC Surface # 0c		or (E) Subs	urface # 11c	(C)) or (E)	
COLLECTION SELECTIVITY * □ unknown ☑ unselective (sou □ selective (sou	all artifacts)	ACT CATEGORIES ttly one code from D ne-animal	and DISPOSITIO	DNS * (€	example: <u>A</u> bor	ne-human)		
□ selective (sol		ne-human	glass		A - category alwa	vs collected category collected		
SPATIAL CONTROL*		ne-unspecified	lithics-abori	ginal		hand, but not collect	ted	
□ uncollected ☑ general (not □ unknown □ controlled (by □ variable spat	/ subarea) brid ial control cer	ne-worked ck/building debris amic-aboriginal amic-nonaboriginal	metal-nonpi metal-precio shell-unwor shell-worked	ous/coin ked		subsequently left at orted category prese		
	da	•						
Artifact Comments <u>1 core, 1 t</u> <u>DIAGNOSTICS</u> (type or mode,	and frequency: e.g. Suwa	nee ppk_heat-treate	d chert, Deptford (Check-stamp	oed, ironstone/v	whiteware)		
1. thermal alteration	N= <u>2</u> 4		N=	7		N=		
2 3	N= 5 N= 6.		N= N=	8 9		N= N=		
0	N 0			0		N		
Nearest fresh water type* & nam Natural community (FNAI category*				Distar	nce (m)/bearing			
Local vegetation				rationn	neters Max	Elevationr	meters	
Present land use SCS soil series			ciation					
Accessible Documentation Not F each separately maintained collection, d project documentation on	escribe (1) document type(s),* (2 file ACI P08030	uding field & analysis not) maintaining organizatio	es, photos, plans, othen n,* (3) file or accession	r important docu nos., and (4) de	uments that are per escriptive information	manently accessibl	e: For	
artifacts and copy of notes Manuscripts or Publications on t	to be turned over to	FDOT for curation	$\frac{n}{200}$	0) Cultural	Recource A	ssassmant		
Survey PD&E Study I-75								
<u> </u>		R & INFORMA			,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Informant Information (name / add								
Recorder Information (name / addr Archaeological Consultan	ess / phone / affiliation) <u>Horv</u> ts, Inc., 850-926-928	ath, Elizabeth A. 5, acinorth@com	, 98 Hickorywo cast.net	ood Dr., C	rawfordville	, FL 32327		
Required Attachments	PHOTOCOPY OF 7.							





ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM USGS MAP

Thonotosassa 1977 Township 28 South, Range 20 East, Section 29

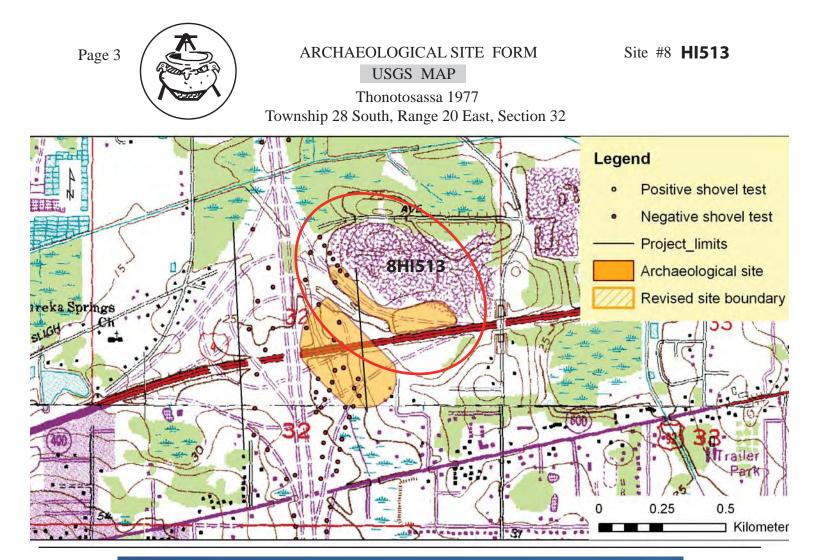




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Page 1	X	ARCHA	EOLOGICA	L SITE	E FOR	M	Site #8 HI513
□ Original (☑ Update			RIDA MASTEI Version 4.0	R SITE F		F	Field Date $\frac{10 / 08 / 08}{12 / 10 / 08}$ Form Date $\frac{12 / 10 / 08}{12 / 10 / 08}$
		Consult Guide	to Archaeological Site Fo	orm for detailed	l instructions		
Site Name(s) Red	Hill					Multiple	Listing (DHR only)
Project Name 1-75	PD&E US 301 to	Fletcher				Survey #	# (DHR only)
Ownersnip: Dprivate-p	profit Dprivate-nonprofit					□federal □Nati	ve American □foreign □unknown
	A D (Thonatos		OCATION & I				
USGS 7.5 Map Nam City/Town (within 3 mile	e & Date <u>Inonotosa</u> _{Ast} Mango	188a 1977	n City Limits? Dve	_ Plat or Ot s ⊡no 171	ther Map _. unknown	County Hills	borough ame:
Township $28S$	Range_20E Ser	ction 32	¹ ⁄₄ section: □NW		SE ØNE	⊡Irregular-na	ame:
Landgrant			Tax P	arcel #			
Other Coordinates: 20	one Ш16 Ш17 Еа X [.]	asting Y·	0 Northing Coordi	nate Syster	0 n & Datun	n	
	Route to					·	
Name of Public Trac	t (e.g., park)						
	<u>SETTING</u> *	TYPE	OF SITE (che	ck all that CTURES O			FUNCTION *
☑ Land (<i>terrestrial</i>)	U Wetland (pal		□ aboriginal boat	□ fort		□ road segment	□ campsite
Lake/Pond (<i>lacustrine</i>) River/Stream/Creek (<i>riv</i>	,		□ agric/farm building □ burial mound	□ midden □ mill		☐ shell midden ☐ shell mound	 extractive site habitation (prehistoric)
Tidal (estuarine)	Cave/Sink (s	subterranean)	building remains	mission		□ shipwreck	homestead (historic)
□ Saltwater (<i>marine</i>)	☐ terrestria ☐ aquatic		☐ cemetery/grave ☐ dump/refuse	D plantation	י. ו	 subsurface feat surface scatter 	□ village (prehistoric)
□ Other settings, structur	res, features or functions		□ earthworks	□ platform r	mound	□ well	□ town (historic) □ quarry
•			E PERIODS	(.111)	41 4	1>	
ABORIGINAL *	Englewood	Manasota	St. Johns (nonsp	-		ek (nonspecific)	NON-ABORIGINAL *
Alachua	 ☐ Fort Walton ☐ Glades (nonspecific) 	☐ Mississippian ☐ Mount Taylor	□ St. Johns I □ St. Johns II		□ Swift Cre □ Swift Cre		☐ First Spanish 1513-99 ☐ First Spanish 1600-99
Archaic, Early	Glades I	□ Norwood	Santa Rosa		□ Transition	nal	☐ First Spanish 1700-1763
Archaic, Middle	□ Glades II □ Glades III	Orange Paleoindian	Santa Rosa-Swit Seminole (nonsp		□ Weeden □ Weeden	Island (nonspecific) Island I) First Spanish (nonspecific)
Belle Glade	□ Hickory Pond	Pensacola	Seminole: Colon	ization	□ Weeden	Island II	□ Second Spanish 1783-1821
 Cades Pond Caloosahatchee 	Leon-Jefferson Malabar I	Perico Island Safety Harbor	Seminole: 1st W Seminole: 2nd W	/ar To 3rd		ic (nonspecific) ic non-ceramic	American Territorial 1821-45
Deptford	☐ Malabar II	□ St. Augustine	□ Seminole: 3rd W	ar & After	Prehistor	ic ceramic	 American 19th Century American 20th Century
□ Other (List less commo	on phases or specific sub-pl	hases. For historic	sites, give specific dates	if known.)			_
*	Consult Guide to Arch	papological Site	Form for preferred o	lescriptions	not listed	ahovo (data ar	_
T		-					e coded heids).
	(OPINION (OF RESOURC	E SIGN	IFICA	NCE	
	dividually for National			yes ⊡r		insufficient informat	
	s contributor to a Natic ation (required if evaluate			yes ⊠r lence of si		insufficient informat vered within	
Recommendations for	or Owner or SHPO Ac	tion <u>no</u> additi	onal investigation	ons within	the AP	E	
DHR	USE ONLY		OFFICIAL EVAL	UATION		D	HR USE ONLY
NR List Date			R listing: □yes □r	o □insuffi	icient info	Date/	Init
// □ Owner Objection	KEEPER – Determin	ed eligible:	□yes □r □c □d (see	10		Date/	<u>/</u>
				National Reg	nsier Duilel	iii 15, p. 2)	
	HR6E045R0107 Florida Ma		f Historical Resources / R. 6440 / Fax (850)-245-6439				FL 32399-0250

Page 2	Α	RCHAEOLO	GICAL SI	TE F	FORM	Si	ite #8 <u>HI513</u>	
		FIELD METHODS	S (check all t	hat ap	ply)			
□ no field check ☑ literature search □ informant report □ remote sensing Other methods; numb 50 cm diameter,	SITE DETECTION * ☐ exposed ground ☐ posthole digger ☐ augersize: ☐ unscreened shovel ber, size, depth, pattern of 1 m deep, 6.4 mm me	screened shovel funits; screen size (attacesh screen	□ bounds unl □ none by red □ literature se □ informant r ich site plan) <u>9 S</u>	corder earch	□ remote s ☑ insp exp □ posthole	oosed ground e tests	□ unscreened I ☑ screened □ block exca	shovel avations
Extent Size (m ²)	Depth/stratigraphy of	SITE DE f cultural deposit	ESCRIPTION					
	ion - Components (check c ion in plan (refer to attached l		nponent E igraphically. Discu				l uncertain ations:	
Integrity - Overall dist Disturbances / threat	turbance*: □ none seen s / protective measures <u>1</u>	n ☐ minor ☑ substa road construction / 1	antial major moad construct	\mathbf{D} retion / r	deposited 10ne	□ destroyed	d-document! [] unknown
Surface collection: a	rea collected m ²	# collection units		Excav	vation: # nor	ncontiguous t	blocks	
SPATIAL CONTROL Uncollected ge Unknown cc Va Other Artifact Comments <u>n</u>	ECTIVITY * nselective (all artifacts) elective (some artifacts) nixed selectivity * eneral (not by subarea) ontrolled (by subarea) ariable spatial control no artifact recovery e or mode, and frequency: N=N= N=N=	or (E)stimate? Surfac ARTIFACT CATEG Pick exactly one code bone-animal bone-human bone-unspecifie bone-worked brick/building de ceramic-aborigi ceramic-nonabe daub	GORIES* and DIS /e from Dispositio ed debris minal poriginal O pat-treated chert,	SPOSIT on List ⊏ xotic-no lass thics-aba hetal-nor hetal-pre hell-unw hell-worl Others: Deptfor	TIONS * ⇒ ⇔ ⇔ ⇔ onlocal original nprecious ecious/coin vorked ked rd Check-sta 7	Dispositi A - categor S - some ite O - observe R - collecte I - informar U - unknow	<u>A</u> bone-human) ion List* ry always collected terms in category colle ed first hand, but not ed and subsequently nt reported category vn tone/whiteware)	collected left at site present
3	N=	6		N=				N=
Name the shares have to star			RONMENT		Dir	(
Natural community (F	type* & name (incl. relict source FNAI category* or leave blank)	·			levation	stance (m)/be	Max Elevation	meters
Present land use								
SCS soil series			Soil association _					
each separately maintaine project document	ntation Not Filed with the S ad collection, describe (1) docume tation on file ACI P08	Site File - including field & an lent type(s),* (2) maintaining of 8030	organization,* (3) file o	, plans, of or access	ther important (ion nos., and (documents that a 4) descriptive inf	are permanently according to the second seco	essible: For
Manuscripts or Public Survey PD&E St	y of notes to be turned cations on the site (use sepa <u>tudy I-75 from South</u> RI n (name / address / phone / affilia	arate sheet if needed, give FM of US 301 to North ECORDER & INFO	MSF# if relevant) <u>A</u> <u>n of Fletcher A</u> DRMANT INF	Avenue ORMA	<u>e, Hillsbor</u> ATION	rough Cour	nty, Florida	ι t
Recorder Information	n (name / address / phone / affilia Consultants, Inc., 850-	_{ation)} <u>Horvath, Eliza</u> t	beth A., 98 Hi	ickory				27
Required Attachmer		DPY OF 7.5' USGS Q 6,600 or larger. Show b						



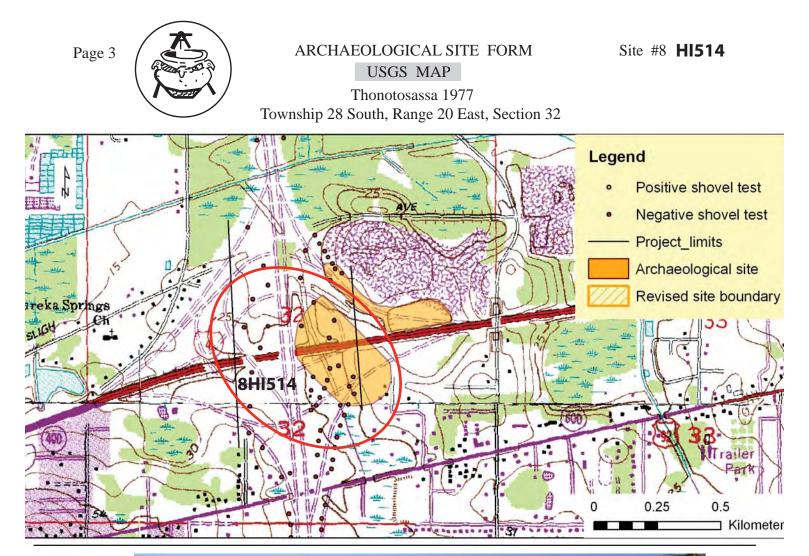


ARCHAEOLOGICAL CONSULTANTS, INCORPORATED

Page 1 □ Original Ø Update			OLOGICA RIDA MASTEF Version 4.0	R SITE FILE	F	ite #8HI514 ield Date10 /_08 /_08 orm Date _12 /_10 /_08 ecorder #	
Ownership: □private-p USGS 7.5 Map Nam City/Town (within 3 mild Township28S Landgrant UTM Coordinates: Z Other Coordinates: Address / Vicinity / R	PD&E US 301 to profit private-nonprofit e & Date Thonotos es_{ps} Mango Range 20E Se one D16 D17 E X:	P Fletcher □private-individual LO assa 1977 In ction 321 ction1 casting	□private-nonspecific CATION & N City Limits? □ye ¼ section: ☑NW Tax Pa 0 Northing Coordi	□city □county Østa IAPPING Plat or Other Ma s □no Øunknow ØSW ØSE Øt arcel # nate System & Dat	Multiple I Survey # te □federal □Nativ p n County <u>Hillsb</u> NE □Irregular-na	Listing (DHR only) (DHR only) e American	
Name of Public Trac	t (e.g., park)						
 ✓ Land (terrestrial) □ Lake/Pond (lacustrine) □ River/Stream/Creek (ri □ Tidal (estuarine) □ Saltwater (marine) 		nlustrine) flooded dry subterranean) ial	 aboriginal boat agric/farm building burial mound building remains cemetery/grave dump/refuse 	CTURES OR FEA fort midden mill mission mound, nonspecifi plantation	TURES * Image: road segment shell midden Image: shell mound shell mound Image: shipwreck shipwreck Image: subsurface feature surface scatter	□ village (prehistoric)	
Other settings, structure	es, features or functions _		□ earthworks	□ platform mound	□ well	lown (historic) quarry	
		CULTUR	E PERIODS	check all that a	nnlv)		
ABORIGINAL *	Englewood Fort Walton Glades (nonspecific) Glades I Glades II Glades III Hickory Pond Leon-Jefferson Malabar I Malabar II phases or specific sub-particular	 ☐ Manasota ☐ Mississippian ☐ Mount Taylor ☐ Norwood ☐ Orange ☐ Paleoindian ☐ Pensacola ☐ Perico Island ☐ Safety Harbor ☐ St. Augustine 	□ St. Johns (nonsp □ St. Johns I □ St. Johns II □ Santa Rosa □ Santa Rosa-Swif □ Seminole (nonsp □ Seminole: Coloni □ Seminole: 1st Wa □ Seminole: 2nd W	ecific) Swift (Swift (Swift (Weed ecific) Weed zation Weed ar To 2nd Prehis ar & After Prehis	Creek (nonspecific) Creek, Early Creek, Late	NON-ABORIGINAL First Spanish 1513-99 First Spanish 1600-99 First Spanish 1700-1763 First Spanish (nonspecific) British 1763-1783 Second Spanish 1783-1821 American Territorial 1821-45 American Civil War 1861-65 American 19th Century American 20th Century American (nonspecific)	
¥	Consult Guide to Arc	hanological Site F	form for preferred d	escriptions not liste	od above (data are	African-American	
*			•	·	`		
OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE Potentially eligible individually for National Register of Historic Places? Uyes Dinsufficient information Potentially eligible as contributor to a National Register district? Uyes Dinsufficient information Explanation of Evaluation (required if evaluated; use separate sheet if needed) no evidence of site discovered within the APE							
	or Owner or SHPO A						
l .	USE ONLY		OFFICIAL EVAL			IR USE ONLY	
NR List Date	SHPO – Appears to KEEPER – Determin NR Criteria for Evalu	ned eligible:	□yes □n		Date/	/ Init	
	HR6E045R0107 Florida N		Historical Resources / R. 440 / Fax (850)-245-6439 /			E 32399-0250	

Site #8 HI514

		FIELD METHOD	S (check all th	hat ap	ply)			
	SITE DETECTION *				SITE BOU	JNDARIES *		
□ no field check		screened shovel	□ bounds unk	known			□ unscreene	ed shovel
☑ literature search	□ posthole digger		□ none by red			osed ground	☑ screened	
□ informant report	□ augersize:		Iliterature se		□ posthole		□ block exca	
				earch				
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		ST 0	Laugers	50 m intomvo	□ estimate c	antol
Other methods; numb	□ unscreened shovel ber, size, depth, pattern o	of units; screen size (atta	ch site plan) <u>55</u>	51,0	positive,	50 III IIItei va	i and judgin	emai
50 cm diameter,	1 m deep, 6.4 mm m	lesh screen						
most of the shove	el tests revealed fill c	leposits						
		SITE DI	ESCRIPTION					
Extent Size (m ²)	Depth/stratigraphy o	of cultural deposit						
Temporal Interpretation	on - Components (check	one): 🗖 single con	nonent Г	7 multin		nt Du	ncertain	
	on in plan (refer to attached							
Describe each occupation		large scale map) and shall	graphically. Discus	iss tempt			0115.	
				_	1			
Integrity - Overall dist	urbance*: none see			r. Цre	deposited	L destroyed-	document!	J unknown
Disturbances / threats	s / protective measures _	road construction / 1	oad construct	tion / n	ione			<u> </u>
Surface collection: ar	rea collected m ²	# collection units		Excav	ation: # nor	ncontiguous blo	ocks	
		AR	TIFACTS					
Total Artifacts # Oc	(C)ount			(((E)	ubeurface # Oc		(C) or (E)
COLLECTION SELE	(C)ount CTIVITY *	ARTIFACT CATEG	$C = \frac{1}{100}$, , ,	
						(example: <u>A</u>	bone-numan)	
	selective (all artifacts)	Pick exactly one cod				Disposition	n List*	
	elective (some artifacts)			xotic-no	niocal	A - category a	lways collected	
	ixed selectivity	bone-human	gla	ass			s in category colle	cted
SPATIAL CONTROL	*	bone-unspecifie	ed lith	hics-abo	original		first hand, but not o	
□ uncollected □ ge	eneral (not by subarea)	bone-worked	me	netal-nor	nprecious		and subsequently l	
	ntrolled (by subarea)	brick/building d			cious/coin			
	riable spatial control	ceramic-aborig		hell-unw			reported category	present
			original sh			U - unknown		
		daub						
Artifact Comments n	o artifact recovery	0000	0					
	e or mode, and frequency	u o a Suwanaa nak ha	at tracted abort	Dontfor	d Chook at	mod ironator	o (whitowara)	
								NI-
l	N=	4		IN				_ IN
Ζ	N= N=	5 6		N=	8			_ IN=
3	N=	6		N=	9			_ N=
		ENVI	RONMENT					
Nearest fresh water to	ype* & name (incl. relict sou				Dis	stance (m)/bear	ina	
	NAI category* or leave blank)							
	The category of leave blanky_							
				Min El	evation	meters Ma	ax Elevation	motoro
Topography*								meters
								<u> </u>
SCS soil series		{	oil association _					
		DOCUN	IENTATION					
Accessible Document	tation Not Filed with the S			nlans of	ther important (ocuments that are	permanently acce	ssible: For
each separately maintained	d collection, describe (1) docum	nent type(s).* (2) maintaining o	rganization * (3) file o	or accessi	ion nos., and (4	 descriptive information 	nation.	
	tation on file ACI P0			01 000000				
	y of notes to be turne		ourotion					
				CI (20	00) Cultu	mal Dagaumag	1	+
	ations on the site (use sep							<u>.l</u>
Survey PD&E St	udy I-75 from South					ough County	y, Florida	
	R	ECORDER & INFO	RMANT INFO	ORM	ATION			
Informant Information	(name / address / phone / affil	liation)						
Recorder Information	(name / address / phone / affili	iation) Horvath. Elizal	beth A., 98 Hi	ickorvy	wood Dr.	Crawfordvi	lle, FL 3232	7
Archaeological C	Consultants, Inc., 850)-926-9285 acinorth	@comcast net	et				
Required		OPY OF 7.5' USGS Q	UAD MAP WIT	H SITE	BOUNDA	RIES MARK	ED and SITE	PLAN
Attachmer		3 600 or larger Show h						

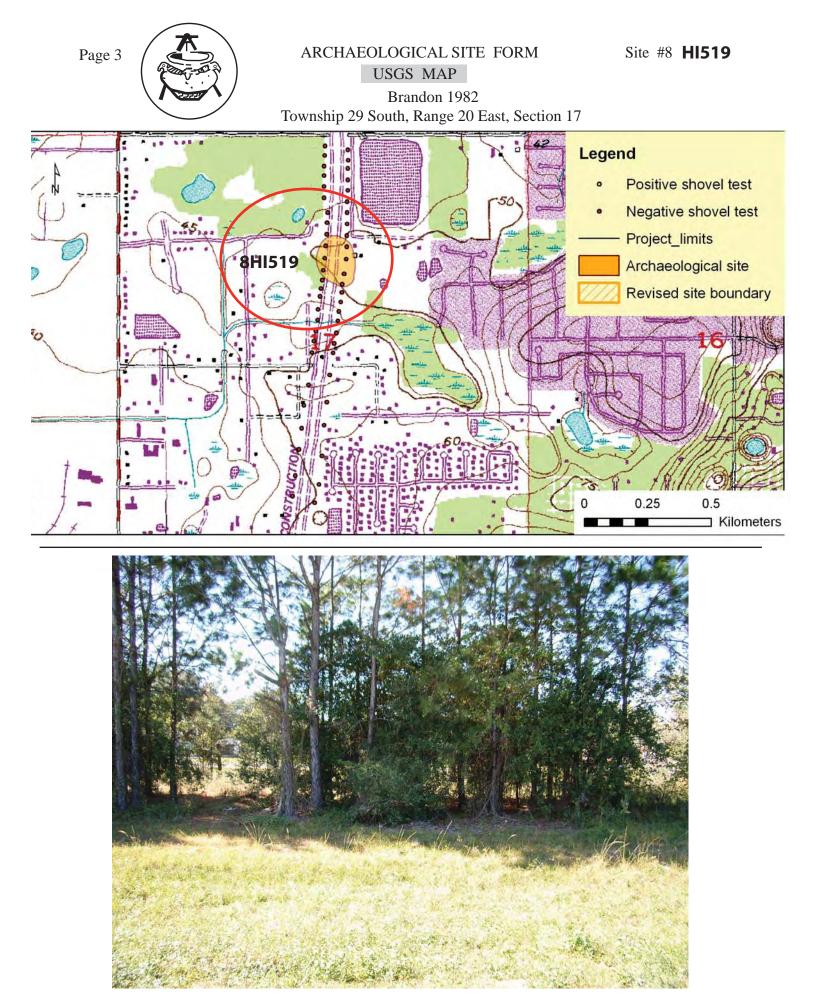




ARCHAEOLOGICAL CONSULTANTS, INCORPORATED

Page 1				L SITE FO	Fi	te #8 <u>HI519</u> eld Date <u>07 / 01 / 08</u>
□ Original ☑ Update		FLOR	IDA MASTEF Version 4.0		F	orm Date <u>12 / 10 / 08</u> ecorder #
		Consult Guide to	Archaeological Site Fo	rm for detailed instructio	ons.	
Site Name(s) Grav	ves Road				Multiple L	isting (DHR only)
	PD&E US 301 to				Survey #	(DHR only)
Ownersnip: Dprivate-p	rofit	-			te Dfederal DNativ	e American □foreign □unknown
	A Duandan 1		CATION & N		_	
USGS 7.5 Map Name	A Date Brandon 1	982 In	City Limits? Dve	_ Plat or Other Map	o nCounty Hillsh	orough
Township 29S	Range 20E Sec	tion 17	section: ZNW		NE □Irregular-na	me:
Landgrant			Tax Pa	arcel #		
UTM Coordinates: Zo	one ⊡16 ⊡17 Ea ∡·	asting	0 Northing		0	
Address / Vicinity / R	oute to	1.			um	
Name of Public Tract	: (e.g., park)					
		TYPE (ck all that apply		
	SETTING *	ustrino)	<u>STRU</u> □ aboriginal boat	CTURES OR FEAT	TURES * □ road segment	FUNCTION * □ campsite
✓ Land (<i>terrestrial</i>) □ Lake/Pond (<i>lacustrine</i>)		, ,	agric/farm building	□ midden	□ shell midden	\Box extractive site
□ River/Stream/Creek (<i>riv</i> □ Tidal (<i>estuarine</i>)	verine) □ usually (□ Cave/Sink (s		burial mound building remains	□ mill □ mission	shell mound shipwreck	☐ habitation (prehistoric) ☐ homestead (historic)
□ Saltwater (<i>marine</i>)	□ terrestria	al	□ cemetery/grave	mound, nonspecific	c □ subsurface featu	res 🛛 farmstead
	□ aquatic		□ dump/refuse □ earthworks	plantation platform mound	surface scatter	☐ village (prehistoric) ☐ town (historic)
□ Other settings, structure	es, features or functions			·		Quarry
		CULTURE	PERIODS	check all that ap	oply)	
ABORIGINAL *		□ Manasota	□ St. Johns (nonsp	'	Creek (nonspecific)	NON-ABORIGINAL *
 Alachua Archaic (nonspecific) 	 Fort Walton Glades (nonspecific) 	Mississippian Mount Taylor	□ St. Johns I □ St. Johns II		Creek, Early Creek, Late	□ First Spanish 1513-99 □ First Spanish 1600-99
□ Archaic, Early □ Archaic, Middle	□ Glades I □ Glades II	□ Norwood □ Orange	□ Santa Rosa □ Santa Rosa-Swif	Transit	tional en Island (nonspecific)	☐ First Spanish 1700-1763 ☐ First Spanish (nonspecific)
Archaic, Late	Glades III	□ Paleoindian	□ Seminole (nonsp		en Island I	□ British 1763-1783
 Belle Glade Cades Pond 	Hickory Pond Leon-Jefferson	Pensacola Perico Island	□ Seminole: Colon □ Seminole: 1st Wa		en Island II toric (nonspecific)	□ Second Spanish 1783-1821 □ American Territorial 1821-45
Caloosahatchee	Malabar I	Safety Harbor	Seminole: 2nd W	ar To 3rd 🛛 🗆 Prehist	toric non-ceramic	American Civil War 1861-65
Deptford	□ Malabar II	□ St. Augustine	□ Seminole: 3rd W	ar & After D Prehist	toric ceramic	American 19th Century
Other (List less commo	n phases or specific sub-pl	nases. For historic sit	es, give specific dates	if known.)		☐ American (nonspecific) ☐ African-American
*(Consult Guide to Arch	aeological Site Fo	orm for preferred d	escriptions not liste	d above (data are	coded fields).
		DPINION O	F RESOURC	E SIGNIFICA	ANCE	
Potentially eligible inc	dividually for National				☑ insufficient information	n
Potentially eligible as	contributor to a Natio	nal Register distr	ict?	/es ⊠Íno I	□insufficient informatio	n
Explanation of Evaluation	ation (required if evaluate	d; use separate sheet	if needed) <u>no evid</u>	ence of site disc	covered within	the APE
Recommendations for	or Owner or SHPO Ac	tion <u>no additio</u>	nal investigatio	ons within the A	PE	
סווח	USE ONLY	0	FFICIAL EVAL		חר	R USE ONLY
NR List Date	SHPO – Appears to r KEEPER – Determin		listing: ∐yes ∐n □yes □n		Date/_ Date/_	/ Init
Owner Objection	NR Criteria for Evalua			o National Register Bull		
	HR6E045R0107 Florida Ma					L 32399-0250
		Phone (850) 245-64	40/⊢ax (850)-245-6439/	E-mail SiteFile@dos.stat	e.fl.us	

Page 2	Α	RCHAEOLO	GICAL SITE	FORM	[Site	e #8 <u>HI519</u>	
		FIELD METHODS	S_(check all that)	apply)			
 □ no field check ☑ literature search □ informant report □ remote sensing Other methods; numb 50 cm diameter, 	SITE DETECTION * ☑ exposed ground □ posthole digger □ augersize: □ unscreened shovel ber, size, depth, pattern of 1 m deep, 6.4 mm me	☑ screened shovel f units; screen size (attac esh screen	□ bounds unknow □ none by record ☑ literature searcl □ informant repor ch site plan) <u>14 ST</u> ,	vn □ remote er ☑ insp e: h □ postho	OUNDARIES * e sensing xposed ground ole tests size: e; 50 m interva	□ unscreened ☑ screened □ block exca □ estimate c al and judgm	shovel avations
$=$ $(\cdot $			ESCRIPTION				
Extent Size (m ²)	Depth/stratigraphy or	f cultural deposit					
	ion - Components (check o ion in plan (refer to attached l		nponent 🛛 mu igraphically. Discuss te			uncertain ions:	
Integrity - Overall dist Disturbances / threat	turbance*: □ none seen s / protective measures <u>1</u>	n ☐ minor ☑ substa road construction / 1	Intial major road construction	l redeposited / none	I destroyed-	document! D] unknown
Surface collection: a	rea collected m ²			cavation: # n	ioncontiguous blo	ocks	
SPATIAL CONTROL □ uncollected □ ge □ unknown □ cc □ va □ Other Artifact Comments <u>n</u> DIAGNOSTICS (type 1 2 3	ECTIVITY * nselective (all artifacts) elective (some artifacts) nixed selectivity * eneral (not by subarea) ontrolled (by subarea) ariable spatial control no artifact recovery e or mode, and frequency: N=N=	or (E)stimate? Surface ARTIFACT CATEG Pick exactly one code bone-animal bone-human bone-unspecifie bone-worked brick/building de ceramic-aborigi ceramic-nonabe daub r: e.g., Suwanee ppk, hea 4. 5. 6. ENVIE	SORIES* and DISPO le from Disposition Lis	SITIONS st ⇒ ⇒ ⇒ ⇒ -nonlocal -aboriginal -nonprecious/coir precious/coir unworked s:	A - category a S - some item O - observed R - collected a I - informant U - unknown	_ bone-human) n List* always collected ns in category colle first hand, but not i and subsequently I reported category ne/whiteware)	ected collected left at site present
Natural community (F	NAI category* or leave blank)	·			· · ·	• <u> </u>	
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each separately maintaine project document artifacts and copy Manuscripts or Public Survey PD&E St Informant Information	ר (name / address / phone / affilia	nent type(s),* (2) maintaining or 8030 d over to FDOT for arate sheet if needed, give FM of US 301 to North ECORDER & INFO iation)	rganization,* (3) file or acc curation MSF# if relevant) <u>ACI (</u> of Fletcher Aver DRMANT INFOR	ession nos., and (2009) Cul- nue, Hillsbo MATION	d (4) descriptive inforr tural Resource orough Count	mation e Assessmen y, Florida	nt
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ARCHAEOLOGICAL CONSULTANTS, INCORPORATED

Page 1	T	ARCHAE	OLOGICA	L SITE FC	RM	Site #8 HI520 Field Date 07 / 01 / 08
D Original		FLOR	RIDA MASTER			Field Date $07 / 01 / 08$ Form Date $12 / 10 / 08$
Dipdate	$\lambda \lambda$		Version 4.0	1/07		R ecorder #
Q(1	Deilared	Consult Guide to	Archaeological Site For	m for detailed instruct	ions.	
Site Name(s) South Project Name I-75	h Railroad PD&E US 301 to	Fletcher				+ Listing (DHR only) # (DHR only)
						# (DHK Olly) ive American □foreign □unknown
	· ·	-	CATION & M			-
USGS 7.5 Map Name	& Date Brandon 1	982		Plat or Other Ma	ар	
City/Town (within 3 mile	s) Mango	In	City Limits? □yes	s 🗆 no 🖾 unknov	wn C ounty <u>Hills</u>	borough name:
Landgrant	Range 20E Sec	$\frac{20}{20}$	₄ section: ⊠NW Tax Pa	LISW LISE LI urcel#	INE LIIrregular-r	iame:
UTM Coordinates: Zc	one □16 □17 Ea	asting	0 Northing		_0	
Other Coordinates: > Address / Vicinity / Re	(:	Y:	Coordir	nate System & Da	.tum	
					······	
Name of Public Tract	(e.g., park)					
		TYPE	OF SITE (cheo			
☑ Land (terrestrial)	SETTING * □ Wetland (pal	ustrine)	STRUC □ aboriginal boat	CTURES OR FEA	TURES *	<i>FUNCTION</i> * □ campsite
Lake/Pond (<i>lacustrine</i>)	□ usually	flooded	agric/farm building	🗖 midden	□ shell midden	□ extractive site
□ River/Stream/Creek (<i>riv</i> □ Tidal (<i>estuarine</i>)	rerine)	dry ubterranean)	 burial mound building remains 	□ mill □ mission	shell mound shipwreck	☐ habitation (prehistoric) ☐ homestead (historic)
□ Saltwater (marine)	☐ terrestria □ aquatic	al	□ cemetery/grave □ dump/refuse	 mound, nonspeci plantation 	fic □ subsurface fea □ surface scatter	
			□ earthworks	□ platform mound		town (historic)
□ Other settings, structure	es, features or functions					🗆 quarry
ABORIGINAL *			E PERIODS (NON-ABORIGINAL *
ABORIGINAL Alachua	Englewood Fort Walton	Manasota Mississippian	□ St. Johns (nonspe □ St. Johns I	,	Creek (nonspecific) Creek, Early	□ First Spanish 1513-99
□ Archaic (nonspecific) □ Archaic, Early	□ Glades (nonspecific) □ Glades I	Mount Taylor Norwood	□ St. Johns II □ Santa Rosa	Swift Trans	Creek, Late sitional	 ☐ First Spanish 1600-99 ☐ First Spanish 1700-1763
Archaic, Middle	□ Glades II	Orange	Santa Rosa-Swift	Creek D Wee	den Island (nonspecific	c) First Spanish (nonspecific)
Archaic, LateBelle Glade	□ Glades III □ Hickory Pond	Paleoindian Pensacola	Seminole (nonspective) Seminole: Coloniz		den Island I den Island II	 British 1763-1783 Second Spanish 1783-1821
□ Cades Pond □ Caloosahatchee	Leon-Jefferson Malabar I	Perico Island Safety Harbor	□ Seminole: 1st Wa □ Seminole: 2nd Wa		istoric (nonspecific) istoric non-ceramic	☐ American Territorial 1821-45 ☐ American Civil War 1861-65
Deptford	□ Malabar II	St. Augustine	Seminole: 3rd Wa		istoric ceramic	American 19th Century
Other (List less common	n phases or specific sub-pl	nases. For historic si	tes, give specific dates i	f known.)		American 20th Century
						_ African-American
*(Consult Guide to Arch	aeological Site F	orm for preferred de	escriptions not list	ed above (data ar	e coded fields).
	(OPINION O	F RESOURC	E SIGNIFIC	CANCE	
Potentially eligible inc					☑ insufficient informa	
Potentially eligible as Explanation of Evalua	contributor to a Natio	nal Register disti d: use separate shee	rict? □y t if needed) no evide		□insufficient informa covered withir	
Recommendations fo	r Owner or SHPO Ac	tion <u>no</u> additic	onal investigation	ns within the A	APE	
DHR	USE ONLY		OFFICIAL EVAL		D	HR USE ONLY
NR List Date	SHPO – Appears to KEEPER – Determin		R listing: □yes □no □yes □no		fo Date Date	// Init
□ Owner Objection						· <u> </u>
	HR6E045R0107 Florida Ma					, FL 32399-0250
		Phone (850) 245-64	140 / Fax (850)-245-6439 /	E-mail SiteFile@dos.st	ate.fl.us	

Page 2		ARCHAEOLO	FORM	Site #8 HI52	
		FIELD METHODS	S (check all that ap	ply)	
	SITE DETECTION *			SITE BOUNDARIES	*
□ no field check	exposed ground	screened shovel	□ bounds unknown	□ remote sensing	□ unscre
literature search	□ posthole digger		□ none by recorder	☑ insp exposed groun	nd 🛛 🖾 screer

☑ literature search □ posthole tests

eened shovel ☑ screened shovel □ block excavations □ estimate or guess

remote sensing	unscreened shovel	□ informant report	□ augersize:	estimate o
Other methods; numbe	r, size, depth, pattern of units; screen size (atta	ach site plan) <u>13 ST, (</u>	0 positive; 50 &	100 m interval and

judgmentally placed; 50 cm diameter, 1 m deep, 6.4 mm mesh screen

all shovel tests revealed fill deposits

Extent Size (m²) ____ Depth/stratigraphy of cultural deposit ___

□ auger--size:

SITE DESCRIPTION

Temporal Interpretation - Components (check one): □ single component multiple component uncertain Describe each occupation in plan (refer to attached large scale map) and stratigraphically. Discuss temporal and functional interpretations:

Integrity - Overall disturbance*: 🗆 none seen 🗆 minor 🗆 substantial 🖾 major 🗆 redeposited 🗖 destroyed-document! 🗖 unknown Disturbances / threats / protective measures road construction / road construction / none

Excavation: # noncontiguous blocks **S**urface collection: area collected m² # collection units

		ARTIFACTS			
Total Artifacts	# <u>0c</u> (C)ount o	r (E)stimate? Surface # <u>0c</u>	(C) or (E) Sub	bsurface # <u>0c</u>	(C) or (E)
COLLECTION	<u>SELECTIVITY</u> *	ARTIFACT CATEGORIES* and	DISPOSITIONS *	(example: <u>A</u> bone-human)	
unknown SPATIAL CON uncollected unknown Other	 unselective (all artifacts) selective (some artifacts) mixed selectivity TROL* general (not by subarea) controlled (by subarea) variable spatial control 		sition List ⇔ ⇔ ⇔⇔ _ exotic-nonlocal _ glass _ lithics-aboriginal _ metal-nonprecious _ metal-precious/coin _ shell-unworked _ shell-worked _ Others:	Disposition List* A - category always collected S - some items in category cr O - observed first hand, but r R - collected and subsequen I - informant reported categor U - unknown	d ollected not collected tty left at site
	nts no artifact recovery				
1	N= N=	e.g., Suwanee ppk, heat-treated che 4 5 6	N= 7 N= 8	mped, ironstone/whiteware	N=
		ENVIRONMENT	Γ		
Nearest fresh w	vater type* & name (incl. relict source	e)	Dist	tance (m)/bearing	
Natural commu	nity (FNAI category* or leave blank)				
-	n				
Topography* _			Min Elevation	_meters Max Elevation	meters
Present land us	ie				

Soil association

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible: For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information. project documentation on file ACI P08030

artifacts and copy of notes to be turned over to FDOT for curation

Manuscripts or Publications on the site (use separate sheet if needed, give FMSF# if relevant) ACI (2009) Cultural Resource Assessment Survey PD&E Study I-75 from South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough County, Florida **RECORDER & INFORMANT INFORMATION**

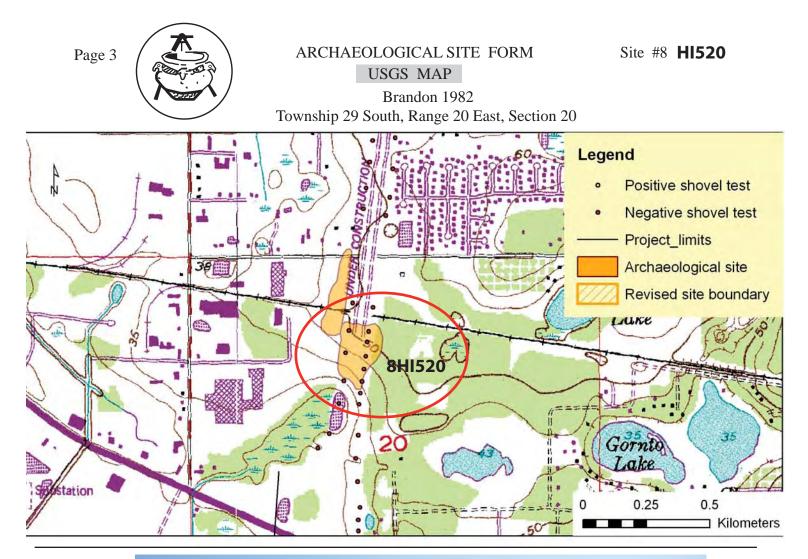
Informant Information (name / address / phone / affiliation)

SCS soil series

Recorder Information (name / address / phone / affiliation) Horvath, Elizabeth A., 98 Hickorywood Dr., Crawfordville, FL 32327 Archaeological Consultants, Inc., 850-926-9285, acinorth@comcast.net

Required OPHOTOCOPY OF 7.5' USGS QUAD MAP WITH SITE BOUNDARIES MARKED and SITE PLAN Attachments Plan at 1:3,600 or larger. Show boundaries, scale, north arrow, test/collection units, landmarks and date.

□ informant report



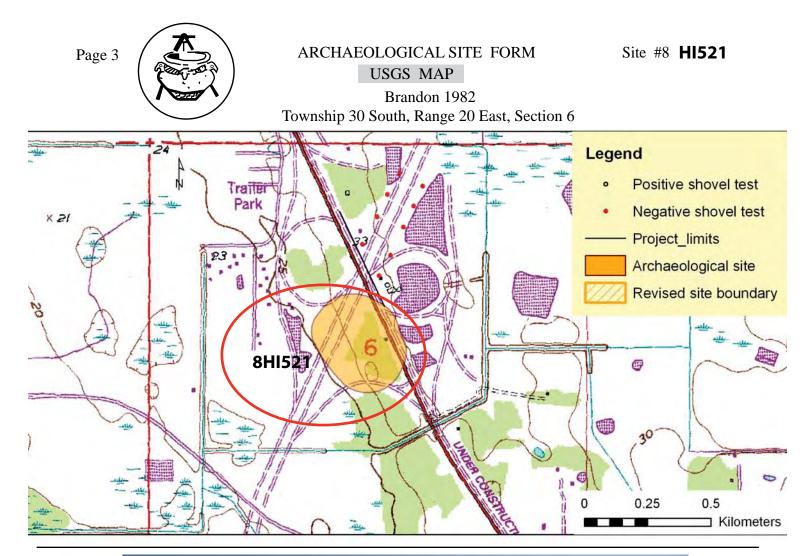


ARCHAEOLOGICAL CONSULTANTS, INCORPORATED

Page 1 □ Original ☑ Update		ARCHAE FLOR	te #8 HI521 eld Date 06 / 26 / 08 orm Date 12 / 10 / 08 ecorder #			
Project Name I-75		Fletcher			Multiple L S urvey #	isting (DHR only) (DHR only) American □foreign □unknown
		LO	CATION & MA	APPING		
Landgrant UTM Coordinates: Zo Other Coordinates: > Address / Vicinity / Ro	s) Range_20ESec one □16 □17 Ea (: oute to	982 In (tion <u>6</u> ½ asting Y:	City Limits? □yes [section: ☑NW ☑3 Tax Parco 0 Northing Coordinat	Plat or Other Map □no I2/unknown SW I2SE I2/Ni el # (e System & Datu)	proughne:
Name of Public Tract	(e.g., park)					
		TVPF	OF SITE (check	all that apply)		
 ✓ Land (terrestrial) □ Lake/Pond (lacustrine) □ River/Stream/Creek (riv □ Tidal (estuarine) □ Saltwater (marine) □ Other settings, structure 	rerine)	ustrine) looded dry ubterranean) al	STRUCT aboriginal boat agric/farm building burial mound building remains cemetery/grave dump/refuse	URES OR FEATU I fort I midden I mill I mission		FUNCTION * campsite extractive site habitation (prehistoric) homestead (historic) es farmstead village (prehistoric) town (historic) town (historic) quarry
		CULTURE	C PERIODS (ch	eck all that an	nlv)	
ABORIGINAL *	Englewood Fort Walton Glades (nonspecific) Glades I Glades II Glades III Hickory Pond Leon-Jefferson Malabar I Malabar II	 Manasota Mississippian Mount Taylor Norwood Orange Paleoindian Pensacola Perico Island Safety Harbor St. Augustine 	 St. Johns (nonspecifi St. Johns I St. Johns II Santa Rosa Santa Rosa-Swift Critical Seminole (nonspecifi Seminole: Colonizati Seminole: 1st War Tritical Seminole: 2nd War Tritical Seminole: 3rd War & Sem	ic) Swift Cr Swift Cr Swift Cr Swift Cr Transiti eek Weeder ic) Weeder on Weeder o 2nd Prehisto To 3rd Prehisto	reek (nonspecific) reek, Early reek, Late onal n Island (nonspecific) n Island I	MON-ABORIGINAL *
□ Other (List less commo	n phases or specific sub-pl	hases. For historic site	es, give specific dates if kn	own.)		 American (nonspecific) African-American
*(Consult Guide to Arch	aeological Site Fo	orm for preferred desc	criptions not listed	above (data are	
	(PINION OI	F RESOURCE	SIGNIFICA	NCE	
Potentially eligible inc Potentially eligible as Explanation of Evalua	lividually for National contributor to a Natio	Register of Histor nal Register distri	ic Places? □yes ict? □yes	⊡no Z Zíno D	Íinsufficient informatio Iinsufficient informatio	n
Recommendations fo	r Owner or SHPO Ac	tion <u>no additio</u>	nal investigations	within the AF	PE	
DHR	USE ONLY	_0	FFICIAL EVALU		DH	R USE ONLY
NR List Date		neet criteria for NR ed eligible:	listing: □yes □no □yes □no	insufficient info	Date/ Date/	_/ Init

l ago z		Refine Sec.			0.00	#0 <u>111021</u>	
		FIELD METHODS	(check all that ap				
□ no field check □ literature search □ informant report □ remote sensing 0ther methods; nun 50 cm diameter	□ posthole digger	screened shovel inits; screen size (attach sch screen	□ bounds unknown □ none by recorder ☑ literature search □ informant report n site plan) <u>27 ST, 0</u>	□ remote s ☑ insp expo □ posthole	oosed ground e tests	⊠ screene □ block ex	xcavations
		SITE DES	SCRIPTION				
Extent Size (m ²) _	D epth/stratigraphy of o						
	ation - Components (check or pation in plan (refer to attached la		oonent 🗖 multip raphically. Discuss temp			ncertain ons:	
Integrity - Overall di Disturbances / threa	disturbance*: □ none seen eats / protective measures _ro	minor substant coad construction / ro	ial \Box major \Box read construction /	edeposited none	-	document!	
Surface collection:	area collected m ² #			vation: <i>#</i> nor	ncontiguous blov	cks	
SPATIAL CONTRO Uncollected Unknown Other Artifact Comments DIAGNOSTICS (ty	LECTIVITY * unselective (all artifacts) selective (some artifacts) mixed selectivity OL* general (not by subarea) controlled (by subarea) variable spatial control no artifact recovery ype or mode, and frequency: N=	r (E)stimate? Surface # ARTIFACT CATEGO Pick exactly one code fi bone-animal bone-human bone-unspecified bone-worked brick/building deb ceramic-aborigina ceramic-nonabori daub : e.g., Suwanee ppk, heat- 4.	DRIES* and DISPOSIT from Disposition List □ exotic-no glass d glass d lithics-ab metal-no bris metal-pre al shell-unw riginal shell-wor Others: t-treated chert, Deptfor N=	TIONS * ⇒ ⇒ ⇒ ⇒ onlocal poriginal precious/coin worked rked ord Check-sta 7.	(example: <u>A</u> the <u>Disposition</u> A - category and S - some items O - observed fi R - collected and I - informant re U - unknown	bone-human) <u>List*</u> Iways collected s in category co first hand, but no and subsequenti reported catego ne/whiteware	d oblected not collected tty left at site ory present e) N=
2	N=	5	N=	8.	·		N=
3	N=	6	N=	9			
			ONMENT				
	er type* & name (incl. relict source	ce)		Dis	stance (m)/beari	ing	
Local vegetation Topography*	<pre>/ (FNAI category* or leave blank)</pre>		M in E	Elevation	meters M a	ax Elevation_	meters
SCS soil series			il association				
each separately maintain	entation Not Filed with the Sit ined collection, describe (1) document entation on file ACI P08	tite File - including field & analy ent type(s),* (2) maintaining orga	ENTATION lysis notes, photos, plans, o anization,* (3) file or access	other important c sion nos., and (4	documents that are 4) descriptive inform	permanently ac nation.	ccessible: For
artifacts and con	ppy of notes to be turned	d over to FDOT for cu					
	blications on the site (use separ Study I-75 from South of						ent
Survey rDal		<u>of US 301 to North o</u> ECORDER & INFOR			<u>ougn County</u>	', F1011ua	
Informant Information	ion (name / address / phone / affiliat						
Recorder Informatic Archaeological	ion (name / address / phone / affiliat l Consultants, Inc., 850-5	tion) Horvath, Elizabe -926-9285, acinorth@	th A., 98 Hickory	wood Dr.,	, Crawfordvil	le, FL 323	327
Require Attachme		OPY OF 7.5' USGS QUA					

Site #8 HI521





ARCHAEOLOGICAL CONSULTANTS, INCORPORATED

Page 1	*	ARCHAR	COLOGICA	LSITE	E FOR	s s	ite #8HI522
			RIDA MASTEI			- Fi	ield Date//
□ Original (☑ Update		TLOI	Version 4.0		ILL		orm Date 07 / 17 / 08
		Consult Ouida (l :		
True	Hama	Consult Guide t	o Archaeological Site Fo				
Site Name(s) 1wo Project Name 1-75	Horse	Fletcher				Multiple L	Listing (DHR only)
					atu 🗖 atata		(DHR only) e American □foreign □unknown
Ownersnip. Шричае-р	ront uprivate-nonpront	-		-			american Liforeign Lunknown
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USGS 7.5 Map Name	e & Date Brandon,	Fla. 1956, PR	<u>. 1987</u>	Plat or O	ther Map		orough
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Landgrant	Range_2012_5ec		V4 Section. LINVV Tay P	wolt ⊔o		E Lirregular-na	me:
Landgrant UTM Coordinates: Zo	one □16 □17 E	asting	0 Northing		0		
Other Coordinates: >	K:	Y:	Coord	inate Syster	n & Datur	n	
Address / Vicinity / R	oute to						
Name of Dublic Tract	(o a pork)						
Name of Public Tract	. (e.g., park)					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		TYPE	OF SITE (che	ck all that	t apply)		
	<u>SETTING</u> *		<u>STRU</u>	CTURES O	R FEATU		FUNCTION *
□ Land (<i>terrestrial</i>) □ Lake/Pond (<i>lacustrine</i>)	□ Wetland (pa □ usually		 aboriginal boat agric/farm building 	□ fort □ midden		☐ road segment ☐ shell midden	□ campsite □ extractive site
□ River/Stream/Creek (riv	verine) 🗆 usually	dry	□ burial mound			□ shell mound	□ habitation (prehistoric)
□ Tidal (estuarine)	Cave/Sink (s		□ building remains	□ mission		□ shipwreck	□ homestead (historic)
□ Saltwater (marine)	☐ terrestri □ aquatic	al	□ cemetery/grave □ dump/refuse	mound, n plantation		□ subsurface featu □ surface scatter	res ☐ farmstead ☐ village (prehistoric)
			□ earthworks	D platform		□ well	L town (historic)
□ Other settings, structure	es, features or functions						🗖 quarry
		CULTUR	E PERIODS	(check all	that app	olv)	
ABORIGINAL *	Englewood	Manasota	St. Johns (nonsp			eek (nonspecific)	NON-ABORIGINAL *
Alachua	□ Fort Walton	Mississippian	□ St. Johns I		Swift Cre		□ First Spanish 1513-99
□ Archaic (nonspecific) □ Archaic, Early	□ Glades (nonspecific) □ Glades I	☐ Mount Taylor ☐ Norwood	□ St. Johns II □ Santa Rosa		□ Swift Cre □ Transitio	,	□ First Spanish 1600-99 □ First Spanish 1700-1763
Archaic, Middle	Glades II	□ Orange	Santa Rosa-Swi			Island (nonspecific)	□ First Spanish (nonspecific)
Archaic, Late	Glades III	Paleoindian	Seminole (nonsp	,	□ Weeden □ Weeden		□ British 1763-1783
 Belle Glade Cades Pond 	Hickory Pond Leon-Jefferson	Pensacola Perico Island	□ Seminole: Color □ Seminole: 1st W			ric (nonspecific)	 Second Spanish 1783-1821 American Territorial 1821-45
Caloosahatchee	□ Malabar I	Safety Harbor	□ Seminole: 2nd V	Var To 3rd	Prehistor	ric non-ceramic	American Civil War 1861-65
Deptford	Malabar II	□ St. Augustine	□ Seminole: 3rd W	ar & After	Prehistor	ric ceramic	 American 19th Century American 20th Century
□ Other (List less commo	n phases or specific sub-p	hases. For historic s	ites, give specific dates	if known.)			American (nonspecific)
							African-American
*(Consult Guide to Arch	aeological Site F	<i>Form</i> for preferred of	lescriptions	not listed	above (data are	coded fields).
	(OPINION C	F RESOURC	E SIGN	IFICA	NCE	
Potentially eligible inc				yes 💋		insufficient information	
Potentially eligible as				yes v∠li yes vZíi		insufficient informatio	
Explanation of Evalua							
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Recommendations for		tion no additi	onal investigatio	ne			
Recommendations ic			onar mvestigatio				<u> </u>
DHR	USE ONLY		OFFICIAL EVA			DF	IR USE ONLY
NR List Date			R listing: □yes □r		icient info	Date/_	/ Init
	KEEPER – Determin					Date/_	
Owner Objection	NR Criteria for Evalu	ation: □a □b	□c □d (see	National Reg	JISTEL BUILE	un 15, p. 2)	
	HR6E045R0107 Florida Ma						[:] L 32399-0250
		Phone (850) 245-6	440 / Fax (850)-245-6439	/ E-mail SiteFile	@dos.state.	fl.us	

Page 2	ARCHAEOLO	GICAL SITE FORM	Site #8 HI522
		S (check all that apply)	
□ no field check			ing □ unscreened shovel d ground ☑ screened shovel is □ block excavations
Extent Size (m ²) Depth 0-30 cm gray brown sand,	SITE DF /stratigraphy of cultural deposit , 30-80 cm light gray sand, 80-1	ESCRIPTION 00 cm black hardpam	
		nponent I multiple component graphically. Discuss temporal and functional	
Integrity - Overall disturbance*: Disturbances / threats / protectiv	□ none seen □ minor □ substa ve measures <u>road construction / n</u>	ntial ☑ major □ redeposited □ c road construction / none	destroyed- document! unknown
Surface collection: area collecte	ed m ² # collection units	Excavation: # noncon	tiguous blocks
COLLECTION SELECTIVITY unknown unselective (selective (so mixed select SPATIAL CONTROL* uncollected general (not unknown controlled (b) variable spat Other Artifact Comments DIAGNOSTICS (type or mode,	all artifacts) Pick exactly one code me artifacts)	GORIES* and DISPOSITIONS * (ex. e from Disposition List ⇒ ⇒ ⇒ ⇒	ed, ironstone/whiteware) N= N=
J			N -
Nearest fresh water type* & nam Natural community (FNAI category Local vegetation Topography* Present land use Interstate R SCS soil series	ne (incl. relict source) wetland * or leave blank) OW ne sand	Distanc	e (m)/bearing <u>5 m S & N</u> eters Max Elevation <u>6</u> meters
Accessible Documentation Not leach separately maintained collection, d ACI P08008 - documenta	Filed with the Site File - including field & ar lescribe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining o	nalysis notes, photos, plans, other important docun rganization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) des	nents that are permanently accessible: For criptive information.
	from South of US 301 to North RECORDER & INFO	ISF# if relevant) <u>ACI (2008) Cultural</u> of Fletcher Avemue, Hillsboroug DRMANT INFORMATION	
Recorder Information (name / add Archaeological Consultan	ress / phone / affiliation) <u>Horvath, Elizat</u> ts, Inc., 850-926-9285, acinorth	oeth A., 98 Hickorywood Dr., Cra @comcast.net	awfordville, FL 32327
Required Attachments		UAD MAP WITH SITE BOUNDARIE boundaries, scale, north arrow, test/collect	

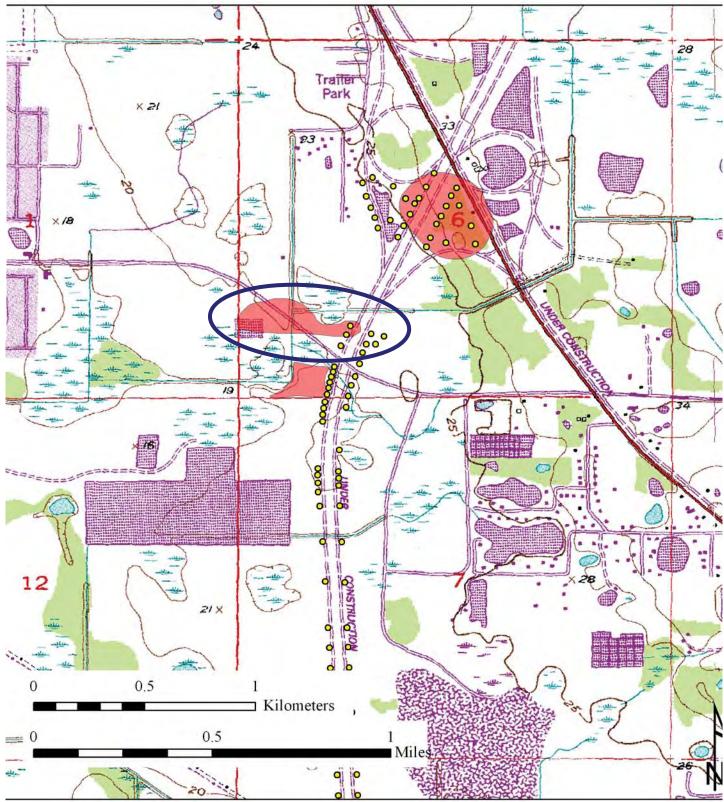




Site #8 HI522

USGS MAP

Brandon, Fla. 1982 Township 30 South, Range 20 East, Section 6



ARCHAEOLOGICAL CONSULTANTS INCORPORATED

Page	1
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□ Original Ø Update



ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI5434
Field Date <u>11 / 17 / 08</u>
Form Date 12 / 10 / 08
Recorder #

Consult Guide to Archaeological Site Form for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) Project Name I-75	PD&E US 301 to Flet	etcher		Multiple Listi Survey # (DF	ng (DHR only) HR only)	
	Ownership: Drivate-profit Drivate-nonprofit Drivate-individual Drivate-nonspecific Dcity Dcounty Dstate Dfederal DNative American Dforeign Dunknown					
		LOCATION & N	APPING		-	
Landgrant UTM Coordinates: Zo Other Coordinates: >	one □16 □17 Eastin K: Y	1977 In City Limits? □ye n 1 ¼ section: □NW Tax Pa ng0 Northing Y: Coordi	_ Plat or Other Map _ s □no ☑unknown □SW ☑SE □NE arcel #0 nate System & Datum			
		TYPE OF SITE (che	ck all that annly)			
	Cave/Sink (subterr terrestrial aquatic	ne) aboriginal boat ed agric/farm building burial mound rranean) building remains cemetery/grave dump/refuse earthworks	CTURES OR FEATUR fort fort findden fi	☐ road segment ☐ shell midden ☐ shell mound ☐ shipwreck	FUNCTION campsite extractive site habitation (prehistoric) homestead (historic) farmstead village (prehistoric) town (historic)	
□ Other settings, structure	es, features or functions				□ quarry	
	C	CULTURE PERIODS ((check all that app)	ly)		
ABORIGINAL *	□Fort Walton□□Glades (nonspecific)□□Glades I□□Glades III□□Glades III□□Hickory Pond□□Leon-Jefferson□□Malabar I□SMalabar II□	Manasota St. Johns (nonsp Mississippian St. Johns I Mount Taylor St. Johns II Norwood Santa Rosa Orange Santa Rosa-Swif Paleoindian Seminole (nonsp Pensacola Seminole: Coloni Perico Island Seminole: 1st Wa Safety Harbor Seminole: 3rd Wa St. Augustine Seminole: 3rd Wa s. For historic sites, give specific dates i	Swift Cree Swift Cree Transition t Creek Weeden Is ecific) Weeden Is zation Weeden Is ar To 2nd Prehistorid /ar To 3rd Prehistorid ar & After Prehistorid	ek, Late sal sland (nonspecific) sland I sland II c (nonspecific) c non-ceramic c ceramic	NON-ABORIGINAL * ☐ First Spanish 1513-99 ☐ First Spanish 1600-99 ☐ First Spanish 1700-1763 ☐ First Spanish (nonspecific) ☐ British 1763-1783 ☐ Second Spanish 1783-1821 ☐ American Territorial 1821-45 ☐ American Civil War 1861-65 ☐ American 19th Century ☐ American 20th Century ☐ American (nonspecific) ☐ African-American	
*(Consult Guide to Archaeol	logical Site Form for preferred d	escriptions not listed a			
	OPI	INION OF RESOURC	E SIGNIFICAN	NCE		
Potentially eligible as	dividually for National Regi contributor to a National F ation (required if evaluated; use		, yes ⊠no ⊡ir	nsufficient information nsufficient information liversity; low res	search potential	
Recommendations fo	or Owner or SHPO Action	no additional investigatio	ons within the APE	E		
DHR	USE ONLY	OFFICIAL EVAL	UATION	DHR	USE ONLY	
NR List Date // □ Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet KEEPER – Determined eli NR Criteria for Evaluation:			Date/ Date/ n 15, p. 2)	/ Init /	
		Site File / Div. of Historical Resources / R. hone (850) 245-6440 / Fax (850)-245-6439 /			2399-0250	

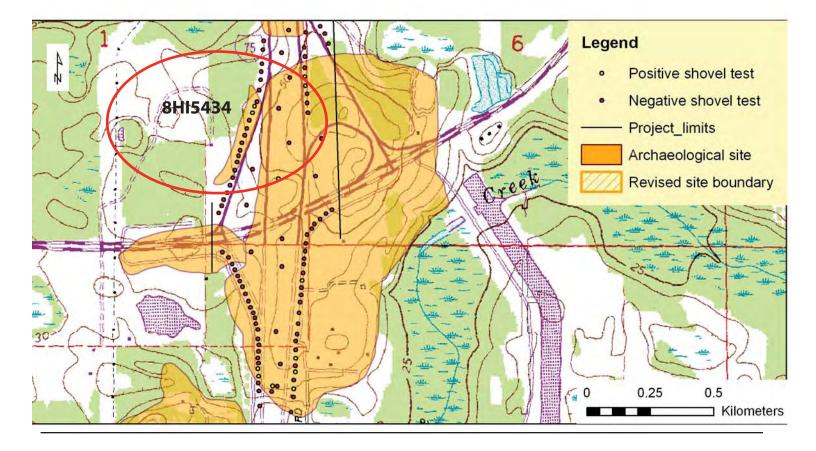
Page 2	А	RCHAEOLOG	JICAL SITE !	FORM	Site	#8 <u>HI5434</u>	
		FIELD METHODS	S (check all that ap				
 □ no field check ☑ literature search □ informant report □ remote sensing Other methods; nun 50 cm diameter 	1 88		□ bounds unknown □ none by recorder ☑ literature search □ informant report ch site plan) <u>26 ST, 2</u>	SITE BOL □ remote s ☑ insp expe	oosed ground e tests	□ unscreened ☑ screened s □ block exca □ estimate o al and judgmo	shovel avations
Extent Size (m ²) _ 0-30 cm gray br	Depth/stratigraphy of rown sand, 30-100 cm	f cultural deposit artifa	ESCRIPTION acts @ 80 cmbs				
	ation - Components (check o ation in plan (refer to attached l					incertain ons:	
Integrity - Overall di Disturbances / threa	listurbance*: none seen ats / protective measures _1	n ☐ minor ☑ substan road construction / r	ntial	edeposited none	destroyed-c	Jocument! □] unknown
	area collected m ²	ART	FIFACTS		-		
	LECTIVITY * unselective (all artifacts) selective (some artifacts) mixed selectivity	or (E)stimate? Surface ARTIFACT CATEG Pick exactly one code bone-animal bone-human	e #_ <u>Oc</u> ((GORIES* and DISPOSI e from Disposition List = exotic-no glass	I <u>TIONS</u> * ⇔⇔⇔⇔ onlocal	S - some items	_bone-human) <u>n List*</u> always collected as in category collec	ected
	<u>OL*</u> general (not by subarea) controlled (by subarea) variable spatial control	bone-unspecifie bone-worked brick/building de ceramic-aborigi ceramic-nonabo daub	ebris metal-no ebris metal-pre inal shell-unv original shell-wor	onprecious recious/coin worked	R - collected a	first hand, but not c and subsequently le reported category p	left at site
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	ion (name / address / phone / affilia	,					
Recorder Informatic Archaeological	on (name / address / phone / affilia l Consultants, Inc., 850-	_{ation)} <u>Horvath, Elizab</u> -926-9285, acinorth	eth A., 98 Hickory @comcast.net	wood Dr.,	Crawfordvil	lle, FL 3232	7
Require Attachme		OPY OF 7.5' USGS QL 3,600 or larger. Show be					





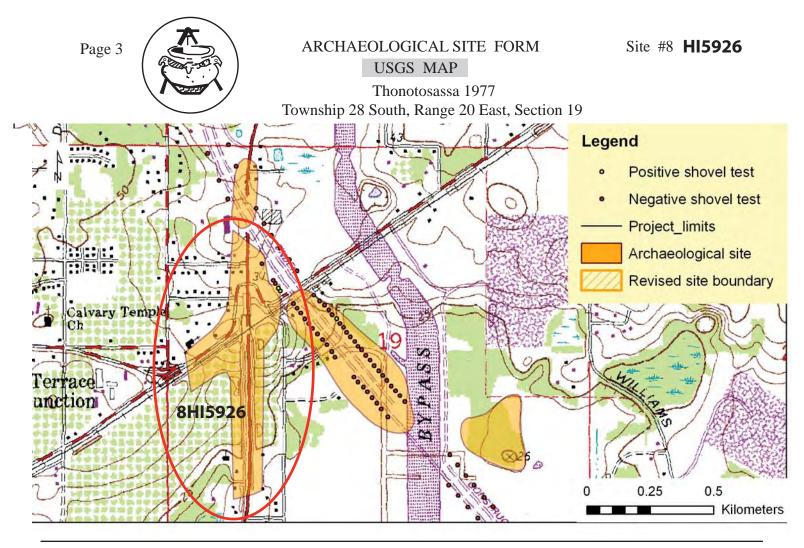
ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM USGS MAP Thonotosassa 1977

Township 28 South, Range 19 East, Section 1



Page 1			IDA MASTEF		F	ite #8 HI5926 ield Date $11 / 05 / 08$ orm Date $12 / 10 / 08$
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		flooded dry <i>ubterranean</i>) al	STRUC aboriginal boat agric/farm building burial mound building remains cemetery/grave dump/refuse earthworks	CTURES OR FEAT	□ road segment □ shell midden □ shell mound □ shipwreck	FUNCTION * I campsite □ □ extractive site □ □ habitation (prehistoric) □ □ homestead (historic) □ □ farmstead □ □ village (prehistoric) □ □ town (historic) □
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ABORIGINAL *	 Englewood Fort Walton Glades (nonspecific) Glades I Glades III Glades IIII Hickory Pond Leon-Jefferson Malabar I Malabar II 	 Manasota Mississippian Mount Taylor Norwood Orange Paleoindian Pensacola Perico Island Safety Harbor St. Augustine 	 St. Johns (nonsp St. Johns I St. Johns II Santa Rosa Santa Rosa-Swift Seminole (nonsp Seminole: Coloni Seminole: 1st Wa Seminole: 2nd W Seminole: 3rd Wa 	□ Swift C □ Swift C □ Transit t Creek □ Weede ecific) □ Weede zation □ Weede ar To 2nd □ Prehist ar To 3rd ☑ Prehist	creek (nonspecific) creek, Early creek, Late ional en Island (nonspecific) en Island I en Island II toric (nonspecific) toric non-ceramic toric ceramic	NON-ABORIGINAL * First Spanish 1513-99 First Spanish 1600-99 First Spanish 1700-1763 First Spanish (nonspecific) British 1763-1783 Second Spanish 1783-1821 American Territorial 1821-45 American Civil War 1861-65 American 19th Century American 20th Century
□ Other (List less commo	on phases or specific sub-p	nases. For historic sit	es, give specific dates i	f known.)		American 2011 Century
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Recommendations for	or Owner or SHPO Ac	tion <u>no additio</u>	nal investigatio	ns within the A	PE	
NR List Date	USE ONLY SHPO – Appears to I					IR USE ONLY
□ Owner Objection	KEEPER – Determin	ed eligible:	Dyes Dn		Date/	
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Page 2	Α	RCHAEOLOGICA	AL SITE I	FORM	Site #	#8 <u>HI5926</u>	
		FIELD METHODS (cho	eck all that ap	plv)			
judgmentally p	SITE DETECTION * ☑ exposed ground □ posthole digger □ augersize: □ unscreened shovel mber, size, depth, pattern of laced; 50 cm diameter, ne E ROW revealed fill		bunds unknown one by recorder erature search formant report blan) $9 \text{ ST}, 2 \text{ p}$	SITE BOUI □ remote se ☑ insp expos □ posthole t □ augersiz	ensing sed ground tests ze:	□ unscreened □ screened □ block exca □ estimate o m interval,	shovel avations or quess
		SITE DESCRI	PTION				
Extent Size (m ²) 0-80 cm gray/b	Depth/stratigraphy of rown mottled sand, 80-	cultural deposit <u>artifacts at</u> 100 cm brown sand	90-100 cmbs	5			
	ation - Components (check c ation in plan (refer to attached l	one): Single component arge scale map) and stratigraphica		ple componen ooral and functio		certain ns:	
Integrity - Overall d Disturbances / thre	isturbance*: □ none seen ats / protective measures _1	☐ minor ☑ substantial road construction / road co	□ major □ re onstruction / 1	edeposited E	☐ destroyed- d	ocument! D	l unknown
Surface collection:	area collected m ²	# collection units	Excav	vation: # nonc	contiguous bloc	ks	
SPATIAL CONTRO Uncollected Unknown C Other Artifact Comments	<u>ECTIVITY</u> * unselective (all artifacts) selective (some artifacts) mixed selectivity <u>DL</u> * general (not by subarea) controlled (by subarea) variable spatial control	ARTIFACT CATEGORIES Pick exactly one <i>code</i> from I bone-animal bone-human bone-unspecified bone-worked brick/building debris ceramic-aboriginal daub	((* and DISPOSI) Disposition Listexotic-noglass Alithics-abmetal-nometal-preshell-unvshell-worOthers:	<u>TIONS</u> * ⇒ ⇔ ⇔ ⇔ poriginal poriginal precious ecious/coin worked rked	(example: <u>A</u> b Disposition A - category alv S - some items O - observed fir R - collected and I - informant re U - unknown	one-human) List* vays collected in category colle rst hand, but not ad subsequently l eported category	collected eft at site
DIAGNOSTICS (ty	pe or mode, and frequency:	e.g., Suwanee ppk, heat-treate	ed chert, Deptfor	rd Check-stan	nped, ironstone	e/whiteware)	
2.	N=	5.	N=	8			_ N= _ N=
3	N=	6	N=	_ 9			_ N=
Natural community	(FNAI category* or leave blank)	ENVIRONM			ance (m)/bearir	ng	
Topography*			Min E	levation	_meters Max	x Elevation	meters
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		DOCUMENTA	ATION				
each separately maintai project docume	ned collection, describe (1) documents on file ACI P08	ite File - including field & analysis no ent type(s),* (2) maintaining organizatio	tes, photos, plans, o n,* (3) file or access	other important do sion nos., and (4)	cuments that are p descriptive informa	permanently acce ation.	essible: For
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		tion) Horvath, Elizabeth A 926-9285, acinorth@com		wood Dr., 0	Crawfordvill	le, FL 3232	.7
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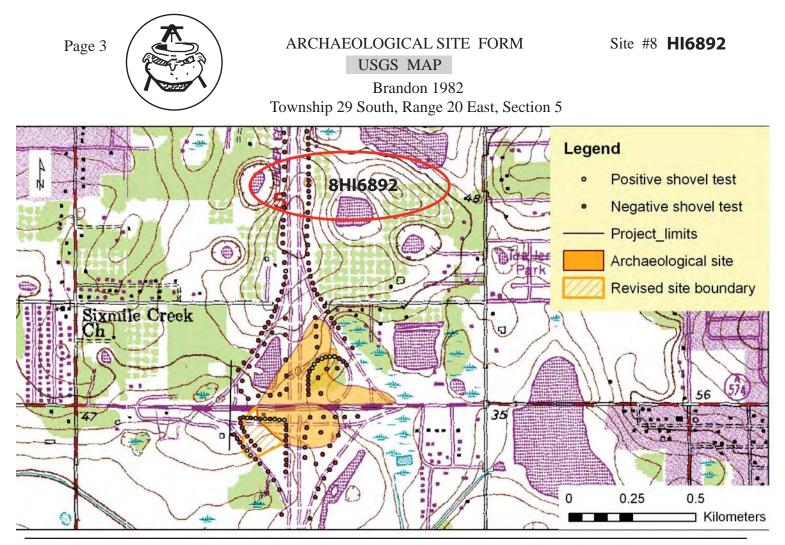




ARCHAEOLOGICAL CONSULTANTS, INCORPORATED

Page 1		Site #8 HI6892 Field Date 09 / 25 / 08 Form Date 12 / 10 / 08					
Z Update			Version 4.0	1/07		Recorder #	
	PD&E US 301 to	Fletcher □private-individual		□city □county ⊾	Multip Surve	ole Listing (DHR only) y # (DHR only) lative American □foreign □unknown	
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	(e.g., park)						
	SETTING *	TYPE	OF SITE (che	ck all that ap CTURES OR FE		FUNCTION *	
 ☑ Land (terrestrial) □ Lake/Pond (lacustrine) □ River/Stream/Creek (riv □ Tidal (estuarine) □ Saltwater (marine) 	□ Wetland (<i>pal</i> □ usually t	flooded dry <i>ubterranean</i>)	STRU aboriginal boat agric/farm building burial mound building remains cemetery/grave dump/refuse earthworks	☐ fort ☐ midden ☐ mill ☐ mission	road segmen shell midder shell mound shipwreck ecific subsurface f surface scat	nt Campsite extractive site habitation (prehistoric) homestead (historic) eatures farmstead	
□ Other settings, structure	es, features or functions						
		CULTUR	E PERIODS	(check all tha	t apply)		
ABORIGINAL *	Englewood Fort Walton Glades (nonspecific) Glades I Glades II Glades III Hickory Pond Leon-Jefferson Malabar I Malabar II	 Manasota Mississippian Mount Taylor Norwood Orange Paleoindian Pensacola Perico Island Safety Harbor St. Augustine 	 St. Johns (nonsp St. Johns I St. Johns II Santa Rosa Santa Rosa-Swit Seminole (nonsp Seminole: Colon Seminole: 1st W Seminole: 2nd W Seminole: 3rd W 	ecific) SW SW SW t Creek W ecific) W ization W ar To 2nd Pr /ar To 3rd Pr	wift Creek (nonspecific) wift Creek, Early wift Creek, Late ansitional eeden Island (nonspecied eeden Island I eeden Island II rehistoric (nonspecific) rehistoric non-ceramic rehistoric ceramic	□ First Spanish 1513-99 □ First Spanish 1600-99 □ First Spanish 1700-1763	
Other (List less commo	n phases or specific sub-pl	nases. For historic s	ites, give specific dates	if known.)		American (nonspecific)	
★ Consult Guide to Archaeological Site Form for preferred descriptions not listed above (data are coded fields).							
Potentially eligible as	lividually for National contributor to a Natio ation (required if evaluate	nal Register dist	rict?	yes □no yes ☑no ence of site d	☑insufficient inforn □insufficient inforn liscovered with	nation	
Recommendations fo	r Owner or SHPO Ac	tion <u>no additio</u>	onal investigatio	ns within the	e APE		
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	HR6E045R0107 Florida Ma		Historical Resources / R. 440 / Fax (850)-245-6439			ee, FL 32399-0250	

Page 2	Al	RCHAEOLOC	GICAL SIT	E FORM	Site #	#8 <u>HI6892</u>	
		FIELD METHODS	(check all tha	t apply)			
□ no field check	TE DETECTION * exposed ground i posthole digger augersize: unscreened shovel ize, depth, pattern of u	☑ screened shovel	□ bounds unkno □ none by recor ☑ literature sear	SITE BO Dwn □ remote rder ☑ insp exp rch □ posthole	oosed ground e tests	□ unscreened ☑ screened s □ block exca □ estimate o	shovel avations
Extent Size (m ²) I	Depth/stratigraphy of o	SITE DE cultural deposit					
Temporal Interpretation - C Describe each occupation in p			ponent			icertain ns:	
Integrity - Overall disturbar Disturbances / threats / pro	tice*: \Box none seen bit ottective measures \underline{rc}	☐ minor ☑ substar oad construction / re	ntial	□ redeposited n / none	□ destroyed- d	ocument! □] unknown
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Nearest fresh water type* & name (incl. relict source) Distance (m)/bearing Natural community (FNAI category* or leave blank)				ng			
Local vegetation Topography* Present land use SCS soil series				In Elevation		x Elevation	meters
Accessible Documentation each separately maintained collec project documentation	ction, describe (1) documer <u>n on file ACI P08</u>	te File - including field & ana type(s),* (2) maintaining or 030	ganization,* (3) file or a	ans, other important ccession nos., and (documents that are p 4) descriptive information	permanently acce	essible: For
artifacts and copy of n Manuscripts or Publication Survey PD&E Study	s on the site (use separ <u>I-75 from South c</u> RE	ate sheet if needed, give FMS of US 301 to North CORDER & INFO	SF# if relevant) <u>ACl</u> of Fletcher Ave	enue, Hillsbo			t
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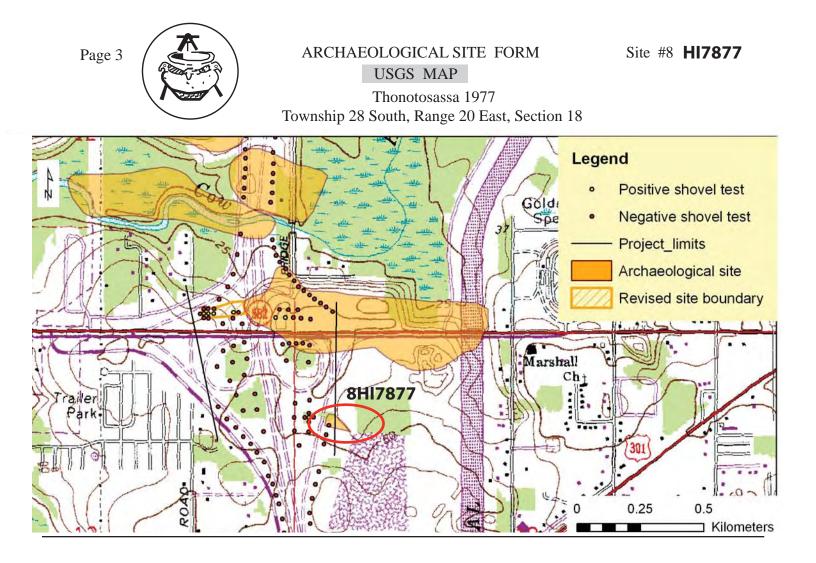




ARCHAEOLOGICAL CONSULTANTS, INCORPORATED

Page 1	T	ARCHAEC	DLOGICA	L SITE FOI	RM Sit	e #8 HI7877
□ Original (☑ Update			DA MASTER Version 4.0	SITE FILE	Fie Fo	ld Date <u>11 / 10 / 08</u> rm Date <u>12 / 10 / 08</u> corder #
		Consult Guide to A	rchaeological Site For	<i>m</i> for detailed instruction	ns.	
Site Name(s) Raule Project Name 1-75	erson Road Pond PD&E US 301 to	Fletcher				sting (DHR only) DHR only)
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-			CATION & M			
USGS 7.5 Map Name	e & Date Thonotosa	assa 1977		Plat or Other Map)	
City/Town (within 3 mile Township	_{s)} <u>Temple Terrace</u> Range <u>20E</u> Sec	e In C ction <u>18</u> ¼	ity Limits? □yes section: ☑NW	□no ☑unknowr □SW □SE □N	County <u>Hillsbo</u> E □Irregular-nan	brough
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	SETTING *			k all that apply) TURES OR FEAT		FUNCTION *
	□ Wetland (<i>pal</i> □ usually	flooded Gry	1 aboriginal boat 1 agric/farm building 1 burial mound 1 building remains 1 cemetery/grave 1 dump/refuse	□ fort □ midden □ mill □ mission	road segment shell midden shell mound shipwreck subsurface feature surface scatter well	□ campsite □ extractive site □ habitation (prehistoric) □ homestead (historic)
□ Other settings, structure	es, features or functions				-	Quarry
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ABORIGINAL * Alachua Archaic (nonspecific) Archaic, Early Archaic, Middle Archaic, Late Belle Glade Cades Pond Caloosahatchee Deptford	 □ Englewood □ Fort Walton □ Glades (nonspecific) □ Glades I □ Glades III □ Glades III □ Hickory Pond □ Leon-Jefferson □ Malabar I □ Malabar II 	 ☐ Manasota ☐ Mississippian ☐ Mount Taylor ☐ Norwood ☐ Orange ☐ Paleoindian ☐ Pensacola ☐ Perico Island ☐ Safety Harbor ☐ St. Augustine 	□ St. Johns (nonspe □ St. Johns I □ St. Johns II □ Santa Rosa □ Santa Rosa-Swift □ Seminole (nonspe □ Seminole: Coloniz □ Seminole: 1st War □ Seminole: 3rd War	cific) Swift C Swift C Swift C Transiti Creek Weede cific) Weede ation Weede to 2nd Prehist r To 3rd Prehist	reek (nonspecific) reek, Early reek, Late ional n Island (nonspecific) n Island I	NON-ABORIGINAL * □ First Spanish 1513-99 □ First Spanish 1600-99 □ First Spanish 1700-1763 □ First Spanish (nonspecific) □ British 1763-1783 □ Second Spanish 1783-1821 □ American Territorial 1821-45 □ American Civil War 1861-65 □ American 19th Century □ American 20th Century
Other (List less common phases or specific sub-phases. For historic sites, give specific dates if known.)						 American (nonspecific) African-American
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Owner Objection	NR Criteria for Evalu	ation: □a □b	□c □d (see ∧	lational Register Bull	<i>etin 15</i> , p. 2)	
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Page 2	ARCHAEOLO	GICAL SITE FO	ORM	Site #	8 <u>8HI7877</u>	
	FIELD METHOD	S (check all that appl	v)			
□ no field check ☑ exposed ground □ literature search □ posthole digger □ informant report □ augersize: □ remote sensing □ unscreened show Other methods; number, size, depth, patter 50 cm diameter, 1 m deep, 6.4 mm	* Z screened shovel	□ bounds unknown □ □ none by recorder □ ☑ literature search □	<u>SITE BOUND</u> □ remote sensi ☑ insp exposed □ posthole test	ing d ground s	□ unscreened sho ☑ screened shove □ block excavatior □ estimate or gues	l ns
	SITE DE	SCRIPTION				
Extent Size (m ²) Depth/stratigraph	y of cultural deposit					
Temporal Interpretation - Components (che Describe each occupation in plan (refer to attack						
Integrity - Overall disturbance*:	seen □ minor ☑ substa s road and pond const	ntial	eposited \Box of c	destroyed- do e	cument! 🗆 unkr	nown
Surface collection: area collected n	n ² # collection units	E xcavati	ion: # noncon	tiguous block	(S	
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Nearest fresh water type* & name (incl. relict Natural community (FNAI category* or leave blar	source) nk)			æ (m)/bearing	g	
Local vegetation Topography* Present land use		M in Elev				eters
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Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the each separately maintained collection, describe (1) do project documentation on file ACI artifacts and copy of notes to be turn the artifact of the project for the article of the second sec	ne Site File - including field & ar ocument type(s),* (2) maintaining o P08030 rned over to FDOT for	rganization,* (3) file or accession curation	n nos., and (4) des	criptive informat	ion	
Manuscripts or Publications on the site (use Survey PD&E Study I-75 from Sor						
	RECORDER & INFO					
Informant Information (name / address / phone /	affiliation)					
Recorder Information (name / address / phone / Archaeological Consultants, Inc., 8	affiliation) <u>Horvath, Elizab</u> 350-926-9285, acinorth	eth A., 98 Hickorywe	ood Dr., Cra	awfordville	e, FL 32327	
•	COPY OF 7.5' USGS QI					



Page 1	T	ARCHAE	OLOGICA	L SITE FOI		Site #8 HI10209
□ Original (☑ Update			IDA MASTEI Version 4.0	R SITE FILE		Field Date// Form Date _07 / 17 / 08 Recorder #
Site Name(s) Prog Project Name 1-75 Ownership: □private-p USGS 7.5 Map Name City/Town (within 3 mile Township 30S Landgrant UTM Coordinates: 2c Other Coordinates: >	PD&E US 301 to rofit private-nonprofit 1 e & Date <u>Riverview</u> s) Range 20E Second	Fletcher □private-individual □ LOC 1956, PR 198 In (.tion _6 ¼ asting	Archaeological Site For Iprivate-nonspecific CATION & 1 7 City Limits? Uye section: UNW Tax P 0 Northing Coord	orm for detailed instruction □city □county ☑stat MAPPING _ Plat or Other Map is □no □unknowr ☑SW □SE □N arcel #	ns M ultiple S urvey ; e □federal □Nati n County <u>Hills</u> ; E □Irregular-n	Recorder # Listing (DHR only) # (DHR only) ive American
	(e.g., park)					
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			ck all that apply)		
□ Land (terrestrial) □ Lake/Pond (lacustrine) □ River/Stream/Creek (riv □ Tidal (estuarine) □ Saltwater (marine)		ustrine) [looded [iry [ubterranean) [il [ck all that apply) CTURES OR FEAT fort milden mission mound, nonspecific plantation platform mound	URES * road segment shell midden shell mound shipwreck	FUNCTION campsite extractive site habitation (prehistoric) homestead (historic) farmstead village (prehistoric) town (historic) ures
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ABORIGINAL * Alachua Archaic (nonspecific) Archaic, Early Archaic, Middle Archaic, Late Belle Glade Cades Pond Caloosahatchee Deptford	 Englewood Fort Walton Glades (nonspecific) Glades I Glades II Glades III Hickory Pond Leon-Jefferson Malabar I Malabar II 	 Manasota Mississippian Mount Taylor Norwood Orange Paleoindian Pensacola Perico Island Safety Harbor St. Augustine 	□ St. Johns (nons; □ St. Johns I □ St. Johns II □ Santa Rosa □ Santa Rosa-Swi □ Seminole (nons; □ Seminole: Color □ Seminole: 1st W □ Seminole: 2nd V □ Seminole: 3rd W	vecific) Swift C Swift C Swift C Swift C Transiti Swift C Weede vecific) Weede ization Weede ar To 2nd Prehist /ar To 3rd Prehist	reek (nonspecific) reek, Early reek, Late ional n Island (nonspecific n Island I	NON-ABORIGINAL * First Spanish 1513-99 First Spanish 1600-99 First Spanish 1700-1763 First Spanish 1700-1763 British 1763-1783 Second Spanish 1783-1821 American Territorial 1821-45 American 19th Century American 20th Century
Other (List less commo	n phases or specific sub-ph	ases. For historic site	es, give specific dates	if known.)		_ □ American (nonspecific) _ □ African-American
*(Consult Guide to Arch	aeological Site Fo	rm for preferred of	lescriptions not listed	d above (data ar	e coded fields).
	(DPINION OI	F RESOURC	E SIGNIFICA	NCE	
Potentially eligible individually for National Register of Historic Places? Potentially eligible as contributor to a National Register district? Potentially eligible as contributor to a National Register district? Explanation of Evaluation (required if evaluated; use separate sheet if needed) no evidence of the site discovered within the APE						
Recommendations fo	r Owner or SHPO Ac	tion <u>no addition</u>	nal investigatio	ons		
NR List Date // Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to r KEEPER – Determine NR Criteria for Evalua	ed eligible:	□yes □r		Date/	// Init //
	HR6E045R0107 Florida Ma			A. Gray Bldg / 500 S Brond / E-mail SiteFile@dos.state		FL 32399-0250

Page 2	ARCHAEOLOGI	CAL SITE FORM	Site #8 HI10209
	FIELD METHODS (check all that apply)	
□ no field check ☑ exposed g □ literature search □ posthole d □ informant report □ augersize □ remote sensing □ unscreene Other methods; number, size, depth, 50 cm diameter, 1 m deep, 6.2	round IZ screened shovel □ ligger □ e: IZ sd shovel □ round IZ screened shovel □ round IZ round I	I bounds unknown □ remote sensing I none by recorder ☑ insp exposed g I literature search □ posthole tests I informant report □ augersize: te plan) 14 ST; all negative; 25, 5	□ unscreened shovel round ☑ screened shovel □ block excavations
	SITE DESC		
0-60 cm gray brown sand, 60-	tigraphy of cultural deposit -100 cm orange brown wet sand		
	ts (check one): Single compone o attached large scale map) and stratigraph		
Disturbances / threats / protective me	none seen	struction / none	·
Surface collection: area collected _	m ² # collection units	Excavation: # noncontigu	uous blocks
	ARTIFA	ACTS	
COLLECTION SELECTIVITY □ unknown □ unselective (all ar □ selective (some a □ mixed selectivity SPATIAL CONTROL* □ uncollected □ general (not by su □ unknown □ controlled (by sub □ unknown □ controlled (by sub □ Other	artifacts) bone-animal bone-human bone-unspecified ubarea) bone-worked bone-worked bone-worked ceramic-aboriginal ceramic-nonaborigin daub	ES* and DISPOSITIONS * (example stress of the stress	bole: A bone-human) position List*
Topography* Present land use interstate ROW	 I	Min Elevation <u>5</u> mete	rs Max Elevation 6 meters
SCS soil series <u>Myakka fine sa</u>		ssociation	
	DOCUMEN	TATION	
Accessible Documentation Not Filed each separately maintained collection, describ ACI P08008 - documentation	with the Site File - including field & analysis be (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organiz ;	s notes, photos, plans, other important documen ation,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descrip	ts that are permanently accessible: For otive information.
Survey PD&E Study I-75 from	ite (use separate sheet if needed, give FMSF# i m South of US 301 to North of 1 RECORDER & INFORM	Fletcher Avemue, Hillsborough	
Informant Information (name / address /	phone / affiliation)		
Recorder Information (name / address / Archaeological Consultants, I	phone / affiliation) Horvath, Elizabeth Inc., 850-926-9285, acinorth@co	A., 98 Hickorywood Dr., Craw omcast.net	fordville, FL 32327
•	HOTOCOPY OF 7.5' USGS QUAD lan at 1:3,600 or larger. Show bound		



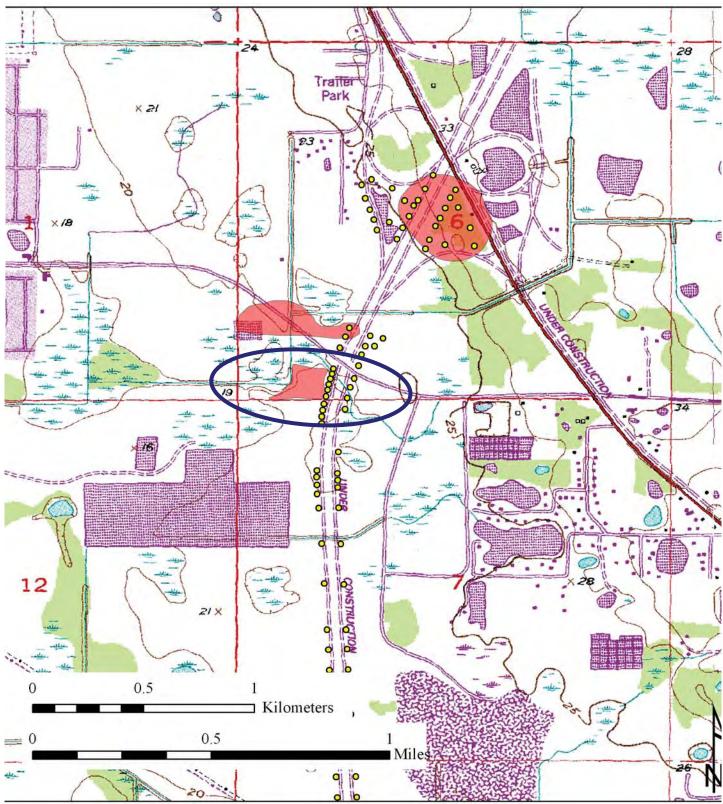


ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM

Site #8 HI10209

USGS MAP

Brandon, Fla. 1982 Township 30 South, Range 20 East, Section 6

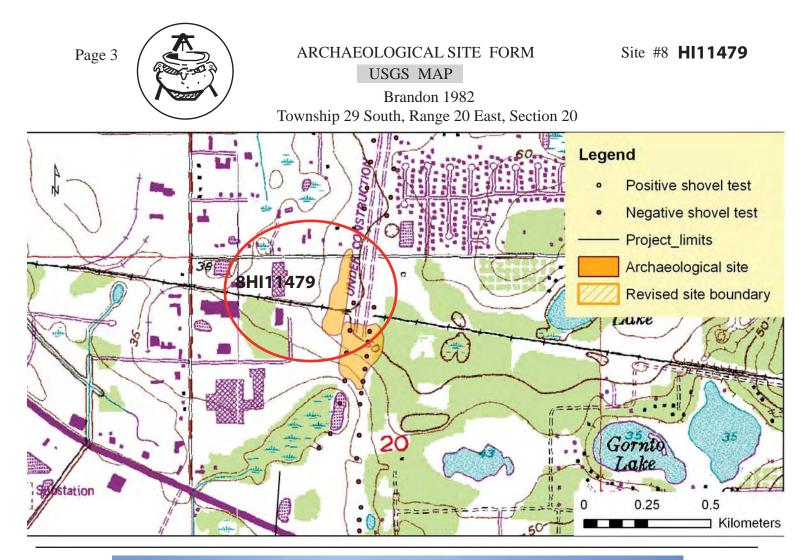


ARCHAEOLOGICAL CONSULTANTS INCORPORATED

Page 1 □ Original ☑ Update			EOLOGICAL SIT RIDA MASTER SITE Version 4.0 1/07		Site #8 <u>HI11479</u> Field Date <u>07 / 01 / 08</u> Form Date <u>12 / 10 / 08</u> Recorder #
Project Name 1-75	ency NW (SEAR) PD&E US 301 to	CH) Fletcher		Mul	tiple Listing (DHR only) vey # (DHR only)
Ownership: Dprivate-	profit private-nonprofit	-			□Native American □foreign □unknown
	D 1		DCATION & MAPP		
USGS 7.5 Map Nan City/Town (within 3 mi Township <u>29S</u> Landgrant UTM Coordinates: 7	he & Date <u>Brandon</u> les) <u>Mango</u> _ Range_20E Se	1982 I	Plat or n City Limits? □yes □no ¼ section: ☑NW □SW I Tax Parcel # 0 Northing	Other Map ⊠unknown County <u>H</u> □SE □NE □Irregu 0	lillsborough lar-name:
Other Coordinates: Address / Vicinity / F	Route to				
Name of Public Trac					
	<u>SETTING</u> *	IYPE	OF SITE (check all the STRUCTURES	at apply)	FUNCTION *
Land (terrestrial) Lake/Pond (lacustrine River/Stream/Creek (r Tidal (estuarine) Saltwater (marine)	→ Wetland (pa) □ Usually	flooded dry subterranean) ial	aboriginal boat fort agric/farm building midde burial mound mill building remains missic cemetery/grave mound dump/refuse planta	n 🗆 road segn n 🔄 shell midd shell mou on 🔅 shipwreck d, nonspecific 🔤 subsurfac	nent □ campsite den □ extractive site nd □ habitation (prehistoric) c □ homestead (historic) ce features □ farmstead
_ c					_ (
ABORIGINAL *	Englewood Fort Walton Glades (nonspecific) Glades I Glades II Glades III Hickory Pond Leon-Jefferson Malabar I Malabar II non phases or specific sub-p	 Manasota Mississippian Mount Taylor Norwood Orange Paleoindian Pensacola Perico Island Safety Harbor St. Augustine 	CEPERIODS (check a St. Johns (nonspecific) St. Johns I St. Johns II Santa Rosa Santa Rosa-Swift Creek Seminole (nonspecific) Seminole: Colonization Seminole: 1st War To 2nd Seminole: 2nd War To 3rd Seminole: 3rd War & After	Swift Creek (nonspeci Swift Creek, Early Swift Creek, Late Transitional Weeden Island (nonsp Weeden Island I Weeden Island II Prehistoric (nonspecifi Prehistoric non-ceram Prehistoric ceramic	 □ First Spanish 1513-99 □ First Spanish 1600-99 □ First Spanish 1700-1763 □ First Spanish (nonspecific) □ British 1763-1783 □ Second Spanish 1783-1821 c) □ American Territorial 1821-45
*	Consult Guide to Arci	naeological Site	Form for preferred description	ns not listed above (dat	ta are coded fields).
		OPINION (OF RESOURCE SIG	NIFICANCE	
Potentially eligible a Explanation of Evalu		onal Register dis d; use separate she	strict? Dyes eet if needed) <u>no evidence of</u>		formation
Recommendations f	for Owner or SHPO A	tion <u>no additi</u>	ional investigations with	in the APE	
	RUSE ONLY		OFFICIAL EVALUATIO	N	DHR USE ONLY
NR List Date //	SHPO – Appears to KEEPER – Determin	meet criteria for N ned eligible:	IR listing: □yes □no □ins □yes □no	ufficient info Date _ Date _	JHK OSE ONET // Init // Init
Owner Objection	NR Criteria for Evalu	lation: □a □b	o □c □d (see National F	Register Bulletin 15, p. 2)	

HR6E045R0107 Florida Master Site File / Div. of Historical Resources / R. A. Gray Bldg / 500 S Bronough St., Tallahassee, FL 32399-0250 Phone (850) 245-6440 / Fax (850)-245-6439 / E-mail SiteFile@dos.state.fl.us

Page 2	ARCHAEOLOG	CAL SITE FORM	Site #8 <u>HI11479</u>
	FIELD METHODS	(check all that apply)	
SITE DETECTION * □ no field check ☑ exposed ground ☑ literature search □ posthole digger □ informant report □ augersize: □ remote sensing □ unscreened show Other methods; number, size, depth, pattern 50 cm diameter, 100 cm deep wher all shovel tests revealed fill deposit		SITE Bounds unknown □ remote □ bounds unknown □ remote □ none by recorder ☑ insp e: □ literature search □ postho □ informant report □ auger- site plan) 4 ST, 0 positive; screen □	xposed ground ☑ screened shovel □ block excavations
Extent Size (m ²) Depth/stratigraphy			
Temporal Interpretation - Components (che Describe each occupation in plan (refer to attach			
Integrity - Overall disturbance*:	een	al 🛛 major 🗆 redeposited ad construction / none	destroyed- document! unknown
Surface collection: area collected m	² # collection units	Excavation: # n	oncontiguous blocks
Total Artifacts #_0c (C)ou COLLECTION SELECTIVITY * unselective (all artifacts) unknown unselective (some artifacts) mixed selectivity selective (some artifacts) SPATIAL CONTROL* uncollected unknown controlled (by subarea) variable spatial control other Artifact Comments no artifact recovery DIAGNOSTICS (type or mode, and frequer) 1. N=	ARTIFACT CATEGOI Pick exactly one code fr bone-animal bone-human bone-unspecified bone-worked brick/building debi ceramic-aborigina ceramic-nonaborig daub	Oc (C) or (E) RIES* and DISPOSITIONS om Disposition List ⇒ ⇒ ⇒ exotic-nonlocal glass lithics-aboriginal metal-precious/coir is metal-precious/coir shell-unworked ginal shell-worked Netate Netate Netate	A - category always collected S - some items in category collected O - observed first hand, but not collected R - collected and subsequently left at site I - informant reported category present U - unknown
		NMENT	
Nearest fresh water type* & name (incl. relict s Natural community (FNAI category* or leave blan Local vegetation Topography* Present land use SCS soil series	()Soil	Min Elevation	
Accessible Documentation Not Filed with th each separately maintained collection, describe (1) doc project documentation on file ACI 1 artifacts and copy of notes to be tur Manuscripts or Publications on the site (use Survey PD&E Study I-75 from Sou	rument type(s),* (2) maintaining organ <u>208030</u> <u>ned over to FDOT for cu</u> separate sheet if needed, give FMSF	sis notes, photos, plans, other importan nization,* (3) file or accession nos., and ration # if relevant) <u>ACI (2009) Cul</u>	d (4) descriptive information
Informant Information (name / address / phone / a	RECORDER & INFOR	MANT INFORMATION	
Recorder Information (name / address / phone / a Archaeological Consultants, Inc., 8	ffiliation) Horvath, Elizabet	h A., 98 Hickorywood Di comcast.net	r., Crawfordville, FL 32327
•			DARIES MARKED and SITE PLAN tr/collection units, landmarks and date.





ARCHAEOLOGICAL CONSULTANTS, INCORPORATED

Page 1 <u>x</u> original update		FLORIDA M Vers	GICAL SITE FO ASTER SITE FI ion 1.1: 11/88	LE	Site #8 <u>Hi5430</u> Recorder # <u>WLR 11-1</u> Field Date <u>11/11/1993</u>
PROJECT NAN OWNERSHIP	ME <u>Thonotosassa</u> 7 17 EASTI	<u>smission Company Pt</u> priv-nonprofpriv-ind 5' 1974 (PR 1986) NG '3/6/6/3/4/0/	nase III Expansion Pro iv x_priv-unspcit NORT SECTION <u>36</u> 1/	ycountys	
ADDRESS/VICI	LATITUDE d	ss			<u> </u>
	S (All that apply)	x_prehist unspecified	hist aboriginal	hist nonaborigina	hist unspecified
SETTING	STRUCT	URES OR FEATURES		FUNCTION	DENSITY
x_land site wetland fresh wetland salt/tidal underwater OTHER	aboriginal boat agric/farm bldg burial mound building remains cemetery/grave dump/refuse earthworks	fort midden mill unspecified mission mound unspecif plantation platform mound	road segment shell midden shell mound shipwreck subsurface features well wharf/dock	x_none specified campsite extractive site habitatn/homestea farmstead# village/town quarry	unknown single artifact X diffuse scatter
	TEXTS (All that ap	oply)	unknown culture	x_aboriginal unspeci	fhist unspecified
ABORIGINAL: Alachua Archaic unspec. Belle Glade Belle Glade I Belle Glade II Belle Glade III Belle Glade IV Cades Pond Deptford	Early Archaic Early Swft Creek Englewood Fort Walton Glades unspecif Glades 1 Glades 1a Glades 1b Glades 11 Glades 11	Glades IIb Glades IIc Glades III Glades IIIa Glades IIIb Glades IIIc Hickory Pond Late Archaic Late Swift Creek Leon-Jefferson	Manasota Middle Archaic Mount Taylor Norwood Orange Paleo-Indian Pensacola Perico Island Safety Harbor St. Augustine	St. Johns unspecif St. Johns I St. Johns Ia St. Johns Ib St. Johns II St. Johns IIa St. Johns IIb St. Johns IIc Santa Rosa Seminole	-
NONABORIGINAL: Ist Spanish unsp Ist Spn 1513-99 Ist Spn 1600-99 OTHER	1st Spn 1700-63 Brit 1763-1783 2d Spn 1783-1821	Amer Terr 1821-44 Statehood 1845-60 Civil War 1861-65 Reconstr 1866-79	Postreen 1880-97 SpWar 1898-1916 WWI 1917-1920 Boom 1921-1929	Depress 1930-40 WWII 1941-49 Modern 1950-	American 1821- American 1821-99 American 1900- Afro-American
Eligible for Nati Significant as pa Significant at the SIGNIFICANCE S The sparse artifact	e local level?	yes \underline{x} no lik yes \underline{x} no lik yes \underline{x} no lik COMPUTER FILES \underline{x} no lik	tely, need information tely, need information tely, need information S (Limit to 3 lines he eposits or features sug	insufficient re; attach full jus	information information tification)
for evaluation (36 (CFR 60.4 [a-d]).	qualities of significand	e as defined by the N	ational Register of	bes not possess research Historic Places criteria
Local Office	KEEPER DETER SHPO EVALUAT ETERMINATION		TY:	Yes No Yes No	DHR USE ONLY Date Date Date Date
	da Master Site File/Divisi	on of Historical Resources	s/The Capitol/Tallahassee,	FL 32399-0250/904-48	7-2333

V

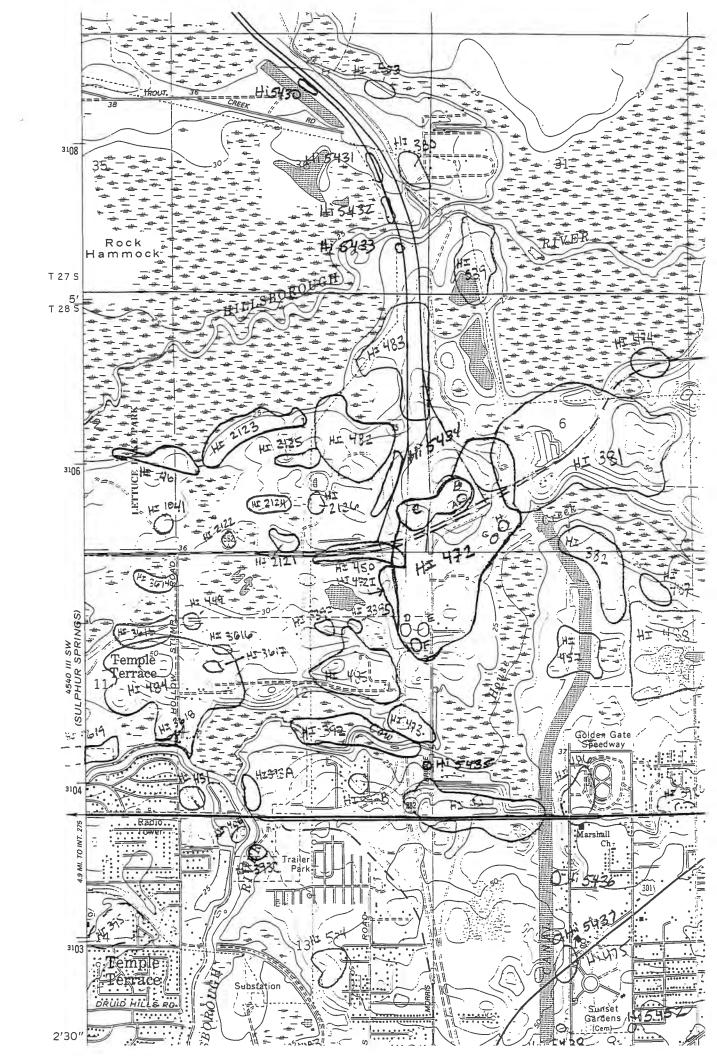
Page 2	ARCHAEOLOG Division of Historical Resou	ICAL SITE FOR	M State	Site #8 <u>Hi5430</u>
METHODS FOR SITE D	ETECTION	METHODS	5 FOR SITE BOI	UNDARIES
no field checkx exposed groun literature searchposthole digger informant reportaugersize remote sensingunscreened sho Other/Remarks (#, size, depth, pattern of u cmbs; the fill from each shovel tests areas. 5 of the shovel tests excava	vel	bounds unknown none by recorder literature search informant report <u>s 50 cm in diameter wa</u> <u>5" mesh. Shovel tests v</u>	remote sensing insp exposed grou posthole digger auger-size: ere excavated to a vere not excavated	block excavns guess
COLLECTION STRATEGY unknown x_unselective (all artifact uncollected selective (some artifact uncollected general (not by subarea) Other (Strategy, Categories)	s)unknown s) <u>x_</u> lithics u)ceramic-aborig ceramic-nonabo	ARTIFACT CATEGO daub brick/bldg matl glass prec metal/coin	PRIES nonlocal-exotic metal bone-human bone-animal	bone-unspec unworked shell worked shell subsurf feats
SITE EXTENT Size (m ²) <u>11500</u> <u>II (20 - 46 cmbs).</u> Perpendicular Dimensions <u>100</u>	Depth/Stra	tigraphy of Cultural Dep	oosit <u>Artifacts were</u>	recovered from Stratum
Remarks <u>No diagnostic artifacts w</u>	DE & FREQUENCY) N = N = N = ere recovered.	m ² . Excavation: # Subsurface = 4 5 6 7	# <u>7</u> .	vol <u>3.6</u> m^3 <u>N =</u> <u>N =</u> <u>N =</u> <u>N =</u>
TEMPORAL INTERPRETATION Describe each occupation spatially. For each Undetermined Prehistoric Period Co	N Components: <u>x</u> single	prob single	prob multiplem ethod, lab, id, date, ran	ultipleuncertain ge, etc.
ENVIRONMENT Nearest Fresh V Natural Community WEFL- wet f Local Vegetation Grass. mixed we Topographic Setting WETH- wetl Present Land Use Florida Gas Tra SCS Soil Series Not Available SITE INTEGRITY Overrall Dist Nature of Disturbances/Threats Pr	latwoods bods and hammock nsmission Company pipelin urbance:none seen tor/proposed pipeline constr	e corridor right-of-way Soil Asso	ociation Not Availa	
INFORMANT(S) Contact Informat REPOSITORY Field Notes, Artifa Photographs (negative nos) <u>None</u> MANUSCRIPTS OR PUBLICATI	cts Florida Department of			
RECORDER(S): Name William B				

REC ER(S): Name William P. Athens. Derek M. Wingfield, and Lynn A. Berg Date of Form 15 November 1993 Affiliation/Address/Phone R. Christopher Goodwin and Associates. Inc. 5824 Plauche St. New Orleans, La. 70123 (504) 736-<u>9323</u>

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR SITE No additional testing of this site is recommended.

NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION: Attach information on site discovery, history, current integrity, apparent threats, environment, and your temporal and functional interpretations. DISCUSSION OF SIGNIFICANCE: Attach justification for recorder's evaluation (Page 1).

REQUIRED: USGS MAP OR COPY WITH SITE LOCATION MARKED



I:WLR12-1 da Gas Transmi e-profitpriv. natossassa, 7.5' EASTING TWP 2 DF/ROUTE TO veline corridor. nat apply) STRUCTURI ginal boat farm bldg mound ng remains ery/grave vorks (All that apply) Archaic	FLORIDA MA Version Version Version Version Version Version Version Version Version Priv-indiv 1974 (PR 1986) 7/3/6/6/8/0/0/ 29S RANGE 19E S mS S S S S S S S S S S S S MS S S MS S MS S MS S MS S MS	NORT SECTION <u>36</u> 1/2 LONGITUDE	LE Re Finite	atossassa // /4-1/4-1/4 <u>SW</u>
I:WLR12-1 da Gas Transmi e-profitpriv. natossassa, 7.5' EASTING TWP 2 DF/ROUTE TO veline corridor. nat apply) STRUCTURI ginal boat farm bldg mound ng remains ery/grave vorks (All that apply) Archaic	FLORIDA MA Version	STER SITE FII n 1.1: 11/88 se III Expansion Proj priv-unspcity NORT SECTION 361/4 LONGITUDE tion of Route 301, 1.12mi) along corride hist aboriginal road segment shell midden shell mound shell mound shipwreck subsurface features well wharf/dock	LE Re Fin iect	DHR#
da Gas Transmi e-profitpriv. natossassa, 7.5' EASTING TWP 2 DE d DF/ROUTE TO peline corridor. DF/ROUTE TO peline corridor. STRUCTURI ginal boat farm bldg mound ng remains ery/grave (All that apply Archaic	Version Versio	n 1.1: 11/88 se III Expansion Projpriv-unspcity NORT SECTION <u>36</u> 1/4LONGITUDE tion of Route 301, 1.12mi) along corridehist aboriginalroad segmentshell middenshell middenshell moundshipwrecksubsurface featureswellwharf/dock	Figure Fi	eld Date <u>10/13/1993</u> DHR# federal atossassa // /4-1/4-1/4 <u>SW</u> s <u>s</u> <u>proposed Florida Gas</u> (2.55mi) along corridor hist unspecified DENSITY unknown single artifact Xdiffuse scatter dense scatter>2/m ² variable density
da Gas Transmi e-profitpriv. natossassa, 7.5' EASTING TWP 2 DE d DF/ROUTE TO peline corridor. DF/ROUTE TO peline corridor. STRUCTURI ginal boat farm bldg mound ng remains ery/grave (All that apply Archaic	ission Company Phae -nonprofpriv-indiv 1974 (PR 1986) 3/3/6/6/8/0/0/ 29S_RANGE 19E_S ms D_From the intersect travel west 1.8 km (X_prehist unspecified ES OR FEATURES fort midden mill unspecified mission mound unspecif _plantation platform mound y)	se III Expansion Proj priv-unspcity NORT SECTION <u>36</u> 1/4 LONGITUDE tion of Route 301, 1.12mi) along corride hist aboriginal hist aboriginal hist aboriginal hist aboriginal hist aboriginal hist aboriginal hist aboriginal hist aboriginal	iectCounty Xstate CITY Thons 'HING /3/1/0/7/2/4/0 4 SE1/4-1/4 NW 1 dm Route 582, and the or then north 3.8 km hist nonaboriginal FUNCTION Xnone specified campsite tarmstead farmstead# uarry	DHR# federal atossassa // /4-1/4-1/4 <u>SW</u> s proposed Florida Gas (2.55mi) along corridor hist unspecified DENSITY unknown single artifact Xdiffuse scatter dense scatter dense scatter unable density
da Gas Transmi e-profitpriv. natossassa, 7.5' EASTING TWP 2 DE d DF/ROUTE TO peline corridor. DF/ROUTE TO peline corridor. STRUCTURI ginal boat farm bldg mound ng remains ery/grave /refuse vorks (All that apply Archaic	-nonprofpriv-indiv 	priv-unspcity NORT SECTION <u>36</u> 1/4 LONGITUDE LONGITUDE 	<pre>county X_state CITY Thons HING /3/1/0/7/2/4/0 4 SE_ 1/4-1/4 NW 1 d m Route 582, and the or then north 3.8 km hist nonaboriginal FUNCTION X_none specified campsite tarmstead# iamstead# uarry</pre>	<pre>cfederal atossassa // /4-1/4-1/4 SW // /4-1/4-1/4 SW // /4-1/4-1/4 SW // /4-1/4-1/4 SW // // // // // // // // // // // // //</pre>
Archaic	-nonprofpriv-indiv 	priv-unspcity NORT SECTION <u>36</u> 1/4 LONGITUDE LONGITUDE 	<pre>county X_state CITY Thons HING /3/1/0/7/2/4/0 4 SE_ 1/4-1/4 NW 1 d m Route 582, and the or then north 3.8 km hist nonaboriginal FUNCTION X_none specified campsite tarmstead# iamstead# uarry</pre>	<pre>cfederal atossassa // /4-1/4-1/4 SW // /4-1/4-1/4 SW // /4-1/4-1/4 SW // /4-1/4-1/4 SW // // // // // // // // // // // // //</pre>
Archaic	-nonprofpriv-indiv 	priv-unspcity NORT SECTION <u>36</u> 1/4 LONGITUDE LONGITUDE 	<pre>county X_state CITY Thons HING /3/1/0/7/2/4/0 4 SE_ 1/4-1/4 NW 1 d m Route 582, and the or then north 3.8 km hist nonaboriginal FUNCTION X_none specified campsite tarmstead# iamstead# uarry</pre>	<pre>cfederal atossassa // /4-1/4-1/4 SW // /4-1/4-1/4 SW // /4-1/4-1/4 SW // /4-1/4-1/4 SW // // // // // // // // // // // // //</pre>
natossassa, 7.5 EASTING TWP 2 DE d DF/ROUTE TO peline corridor. nat apply) STRUCTURI ginal boat farm bldg mound ng remains ery/grave vorks (All that apply	<u>1974 (PR 1986)</u> 3/3/6/6/8/0/0/ <u>29S</u> RANGE <u>19E</u> S <u>ms</u> <u>D From the intersec</u> travel west 1.8 km (<u>X prehist unspecified</u> <u>ES OR FEATURES</u> fort mill unspecified mission mound unspecif plantation platform mound	NORT SECTION <u>36</u> 1/4 LONGITUDE LONGITUDE Norther <u>1/2</u> Norther <u>1/2</u> 	CITY Thons THING /3/1/0/7/2/4/0 4 SE_ 1/4-1/4 NW 1 d m Route 582, and the pr then north 3.8 km hist nonaboriginal FUNCTION Xnone specified campsite cattactive site habitatn/homestead farmstead# uarry	atossassa // /4-1/4-1/4 <u>SW</u>
EASTING TWP 2 DE d DF/ROUTE TO beline corridor. nat apply) STRUCTURI ginal boat farm bldg mound ng remains ery/grave /refuse vorks	is /3/6/6/8/0/0/ 29S_RANGE 19E_S ims	LONGITUDE tion of Route 301, 1.12mi) along corrido hist aboriginal road segment shell midden shell mound shipwreck subsurface features well wharf/dock	HING /3/1/0/7/2/4/0 4 SE1/4-1/4 NW1 dm Route 582, and the pr then north 3.8 km hist nonaboriginal FUNCTION Xnone specified campsite habitatn/homestead farmstead# village/town quarry	// /4-1/4-1/4 <u>SW</u> <u>s</u> <u>proposed Florida Gas</u> (2.55mi) along corridor hist unspecified DENSITY unknown single artifact Xdiffuse scatter dense scatter>2/m ² variable density
DE d DF/ROUTE TO peline corridor. nat apply) STRUCTURI ginal boat farm bldg mound ng remains ery/grave /refuse vorks (All that apply Archaic	m s D_From the intersec travel west 1.8 km (X_prehist unspecified ES OR FEATURES fort midlen mill unspecified mission mound unspecif plantation platform mound	LONGITUDE tion of Route 301, 1.12mi) along corrido hist aboriginal road segment shell midden shell mound shipwreck subsurface features well wharf/dock	4 <u>SE</u> 1/4-1/4 <u>NW</u> 1 dm <u>Route 582, and the</u> <u>pr then north 3.8 km</u> hist nonaboriginal FUNCTION <u>x_none specified</u> campsite campsite habitatn/homestead farmstead# village/town quarry	/4-1/4-1/4 <u>SW</u> s
DE d DF/ROUTE TO peline corridor. nat apply) STRUCTURI ginal boat farm bldg mound ng remains ery/grave /refuse vorks (All that apply Archaic	m s D_From the intersec travel west 1.8 km (X_prehist unspecified ES OR FEATURES fort midlen mill unspecified mission mound unspecif plantation platform mound	LONGITUDE tion of Route 301, 1.12mi) along corrido hist aboriginal road segment shell midden shell mound shipwreck subsurface features well wharf/dock	d m Route 582, and the pr then north 3.8 km hist nonaboriginal FUNCTION X_none specified campsite campsite catractive site habitatn/homestead farmstead# village/town quarry	s proposed Florida Gas (2.55mi) along corridor
DF/ROUTE TO peline corridor. peline corridor. peline corridor. peline corridor. STRUCTURI structure ginal boat farm bldg mound ng remains ery/grave vorks (All that apply Archaic	<u>x</u> prehist unspecified <u>X</u> prehist unspecified <u>ES OR FEATURES</u> fort midden mill unspecified mission mound unspecif plantation platform mound	<u>tion of Route 301,</u> <u>1.12mi) along corrido</u> <u>hist aboriginal</u> <u>ship midden</u> <u>shell midden</u> <u>ship wreck</u> <u>subsurface features</u> <u>well</u> <u>wharf/dock</u>	Route 582, and the pr then north 3.8 km hist nonaboriginal FUNCTION Xnone specified campsite campsite catractive site habitatn/homestead farmstead# village/town quarry	 proposed Florida Gas (2.55mi) along corridor hist unspecified DENSITY unknown single artifact Xdiffuse scatter dense scatter>2/m² variable density
inat apply) STRUCTURI ginal boat farm bldg mound ng remains ery/grave /refuse vorks (All that apply Archaic	<u>x</u> prehist unspecified <u>X</u> prehist unspecified <u>ES OR FEATURES</u> fort midden mill unspecified mission mound unspecif plantation platform mound	<u>tion of Route 301,</u> <u>1.12mi) along corrido</u> <u>hist aboriginal</u> <u>ship midden</u> <u>shell midden</u> <u>ship wreck</u> <u>subsurface features</u> <u>well</u> <u>wharf/dock</u>	Route 582, and the pr then north 3.8 km hist nonaboriginal FUNCTION Xnone specified campsite campsite catractive site habitatn/homestead farmstead# village/town quarry	 proposed Florida Gas (2.55mi) along corridor hist unspecified DENSITY unknown single artifact Xdiffuse scatter dense scatter>2/m² variable density
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Archaic	_	unknown culture	X aboriginal unspecif	1.1. in .
	Glades Ub			hist unspecified
- · · -		Manasota		
Swit Creek	_Glades IIc	Middle Archaic	St. Johns unspecif	Swift Creek
vood	_Glades III	Mount Taylor	St. Johns I St. Johns Ia	Transitional
/alton	_Glades Illa	Norwood	St. Johns Ib	Weeden Island
unspecif	_Glades IIIb	Orange	St. Johns II	Weeden Island I Weeden Island II
	_Glades IIIc	Paleo-Indian	St. Johns IIa	
lb —	_Hickory Pond _Late Archaic	Pensacola	St. Johns IIb	
	_Late Swift Creek	Perico Island	St. Johns IIc	
lla	_Leon-Jefferson	Safety Harbor	Santa Rosa	_prehistc-aceramic
		St. Augustine	Seminole	prehistc-ceramic
1700-63	Amer Terr 1821-44	Postrecn 1880-97	Depress 1930-40	American 1001
63-1783	Statehood 1845-60	SpWar 1898-1916		American 1821-
1/83-1821	_Civil War 1861-65	WWI 1917-1920	Modern 1950-	American 1821-99 American 1900-
	_kcconstr 1866-79	Boom 1921-1929		Afro-American
ION OF SITE	Ξ			
ister? ves		ly need informed	• • •	
		ly, need information		
10				
		ly, need information	insufficient in	formation
ENT FOR CO				
ge and absence	of intact culture 1	(Limit to 3 lines he	re; attach full justif	īcation)
nossess the due	lities of significant	posits or features sug	gest that this site does	s not possess research
[a-d]).	indes of significance	as defined by the Na	tional Register of Hi	storic Places criterion
		······		
			30	-DHR USE ONLY
EK DETERMI	INATION OF ELIC	GIBILITY:		ate
	N OF FLICIBU IT	Y:	······································	ate
EVALUATIO	ELIGIBILITY:			
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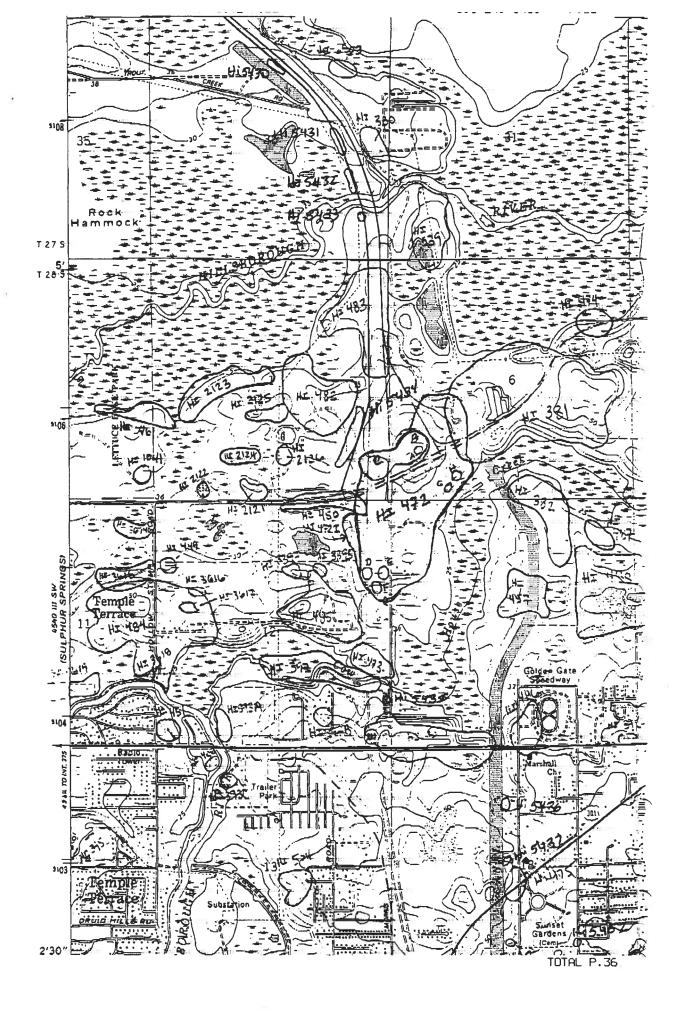
ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM

Division of Historical Resources, Florida Department of State

METHODS	FOR SITE DETE	CTION	METHODS	FOR SITE BOUND	DARIES
literature search informant report remote sensing Other/Remarks (#, size,)		<u>x</u> screened shovel <u>creen size</u>) <u>20 shovel tests</u> <u>s screened through 0.25</u> were postive.	bounds unknown none by recorder literature search informant report 50 cm in diameter we " mesh. Shovel tests w	remote sensing insp exposed ground posthole digger auger-size: ere excavated to a min /ere not excavated in p	unscreened shovel screened shovel block excavns guess imum depth of 100 previously disturbed
uncollectedgene contr Other (Strategy, Categorie	lective (all artifacts) tive (some artifacts) ral (not by subarea) olled (by subarea) es)	unknown X_lithics ceramic-aborig ceramic-nonabo	RTIFACT CATEGO daub brick/bldg matl glass prec metal/coin	nonlocal-exotic metal bone-human bone-animal	bone-unspec unworked sheli worked sheli subsurf feats
SITE EXTENT Site (0 - 73 cmbs). Perpendicular Dimer	ze (m ²) <u>2000</u>	Depth/Stratigraphy orth-South_ direction by	of Cultural Deposit <u>A</u>		I from Strata I - III
SPACE COLLECT TOTAL ARTIFAC	ED Surface: #uni TS Count or Est	ts <u>0</u> , total area 0 inuate? Surface # <u>0</u>			l vol <u>3.6</u> m³
DIAGNOSTICS (T 1 2 3 Remarks <u>No diagnos</u>		N = N = N =	4 5 6 7		N = N = N = N =
TEMPORAL INTE Describe each occupation Undetermined Prehist	RPRETATION (spatially. For each, estin toric Period Cultura	Components: <u>X</u> single nate begin, end dates BP; basi	prob singleprob s	orob multiplemultip ethod, lab, id, date, range, et	bleuncertain tc.
ENVIRONMENT Natural Community Local Vegetation <u>m</u> Topographic Setting	Nearest Fresh Water <u>WEFL- wet flatwo</u> ixed woods, grass <u>WETH- wetland l</u> lorida Gas Transmi	SWAM- unnamed swa	corridor right-of-way		
SITE INTEGRITY Nature of Disturban	Overrall Disturban ces/Threats <u>Prior/pr</u>	ice: none seenX roposed_pipeline_constru	minor substantial		
	d Notes, Artifacts _ /e nos) None	None Florida Department of S ON THE SITE <u>R. C</u>			3)
RECORDER(S): Na	me William P. Ath	ens. Derek M. Wingfield r Goodwin and Associat			
	NS FOR SITE EN	aluatory testing of this			

CRIPTION: Attach information on site discovery, history, current integrity, apparent threats, environment, and your temporal and functional interpretations. DISCUSSION OF SIGNIFICANCE: Attach justification for recorder's evaluation (Page 1).

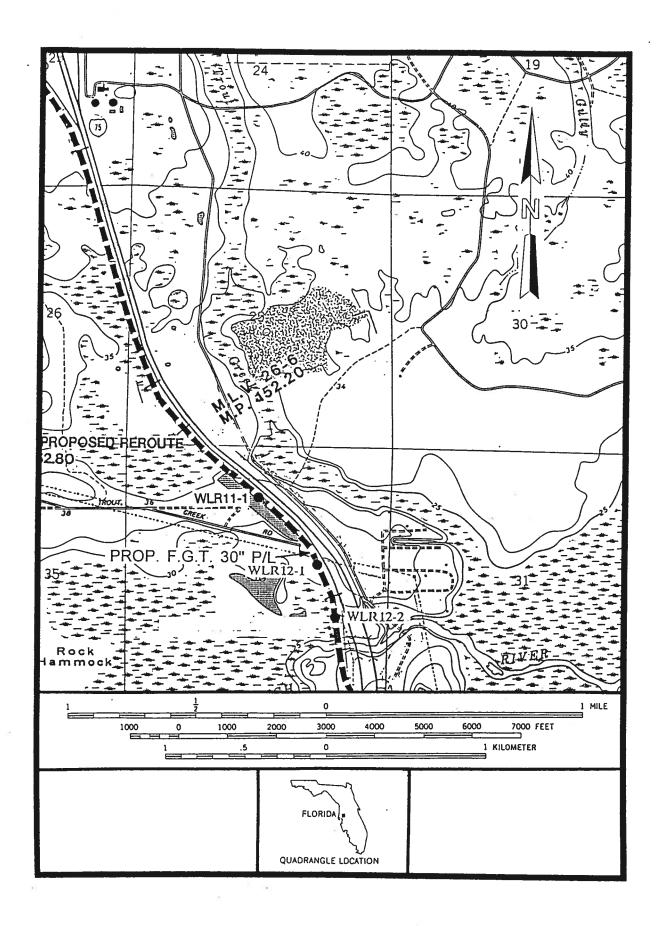
REQUIRED: USGS MAP OR COPY WITH SITE LOCATION MARKED



Page 1 Original Update			A SITE FILE m 2.0 7/92	Re Fie	e #8_HI5432 corder # ld Date 12_/04 rm Date 02_/15
ITE NAME(S)	WLR 12-2			m	ST #8
ROJECT NAM		Gas Transmissio	n Company Phas	e III ExpanISI	RVEY #
WNERSHIP	private-profit _ pr	ivate-nonprofit _ private	e-individ priv-unspecifi	d city county x	state federal unknow
WP 295 RAN	GE 19E SECT	TON 36, 14 SE	, 1/4-1/4 NW, 1/4-1/	-14 SW IRR	ËG. SECT.? _ y _
ISGS MAP NAN	Thonotos	assa 7.5' 1974	(PR1987) C	O T TO THE T	sborough
EAREST CITY	1110110 0000		The second se	CURRENT CI	TY LIMITS? y
UTM: ZONE				ORTHING 131	074701
			he intersectio	n of Route 301	, Route 582 and t
AME OF PUBI	IC TRACT (mission Compan			
initial of 1 of	AC IMACI (e.	g., park)along_	corridor then	north 4.1km (2	.55mi) along corr
TYPE OF SITE	(Check all ch	olces that apply;	if needed write	others in at bott	am
SETTING			TURES	FUNCTION	
x land site	aboriginal boat	fort	road segment	x none specified	DENSITY
	_agric/farm bldg	midden	shell midden	_ campsite	_ unknown single artifact
_ wetland fresh wtr	_ burial mound	mill unspecified	shell mound	extractive site	Xdiffuse scatter
wetland salt/tidal	building remains	mission	shipwreck	_ habitatn/homestead	
_undwtr (original)	_ cemetery/grave	_ mound unspecified	subsurface features	farmstead	_ variable density
_ undwtr (inundated)	_dump/refuse	plantation	_ surface scatter	village/town	-
÷	_ earthworks	_ platform mound	well	_ quarry	
OTHER					
	A TRANSPORT				
HISTORIC CO	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	eck all that apply			ases only)
ABORIGINAL	_ Fort Walton	_ Hickory Pond	_ Perico Island	_ Semi: Colonization	NONABORIGINAL
_ Alachua Archaic unspecif	_ Glades Ia Glades Ib	_ Late Archaic	_ Safety Harbor	_ Semi: 1st War to 2d	
Belle Glade I	_ Glades I unspec	_ Late Swift Creek	_ St. Augustine	_Semi: 2d War to 3d	_1st Spanish 1600-99
Belle Glade II	Glades IIa	_ Leon-Jefferson Malabar I	_St. Johns Ia	_Semi: 3d War on	_1st Spanish 1700-1763
Belle Glade III	Glades IIb	_ Malabar II	_ St. Johns Ib	_ Seminole-unspecif	_1st Spanish unspecified
Belle Glade IV	Glades IIc	_ Manasota	_ St. Johns I unspecif St. Johns IIa	_ Swift Creek unspec Transitional	_British 1763-1783
Belle Glade unspec	Glades II unspec	Middle Archaic	St. Johns IIb	_ Transitional Weeden Island I	_2d Spanish 1783-1821
Cades Pond	_Glades IIIa	Mount Taylor	_St. Johns IIc	_ Weeden Island II	_ Amer.Territor'l 1821-45 _ Amer.Civil War 1861-65
Deptford	Glades IIIb	Norwood	_St. Johns II unspecif		
Early Archaic	Glades IIIc	Orange	the second	X prehistore nonceran	
_ Early Swift Creek	_ Glades III unsp	Paleo-Indian	Santa Rosa	prehistoric ceramic	American unspecified
_ Englewood	_ Glades unspecif	_ Pensacola	_Santa Rosa-Swift Crl	X prehistoric unspecif	
OTHER (Less common	n phases are not check	disted. For historic sites	also give specific dates if	known)	1 - may service and
SURVEYOR'S	ig. for local de			1-0- 1 x x	
Individually	elig. for Nat. R				esignation Category
	tributor to NR				
EXPLANATION	OF EVALUA	district? _yes TION (Required i	× no _insuff	Tlinger attach C.W	for the set
Site lacks i	nterrity and	a sufficient	databago ta fo	Simo, anach rull	Justification) Register criteri
			Jalaudse to tu	ULLI National	Register criteri
RECOMMEND.	ATIONS FOR	SITE No fur	ther archeolog	ical investiga	tion recommended.
	1				and the second second second second second
		== OFFICIAL			DHR USE ONLY
NR DATE		R ELIGIBILITY:			
DELIST DATE		ELIGIBILITY:	y (n) pe i		11/94
DOCIDIDATE	LOCAL DE Local off	SIGNATION:		Date 💆	
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ELD METHODS (Check one or	more methods for	detection and fo	r boundaries)	
SITE DETECTION		A seal of the seal	UNDARIES	
				nscreened shovel
iterature search postbole digger				creened shovel
aformant reportauger-size:				lock excavations stimate or guess
emote sensingunscreend shovel mber, size, depth, pattern of units; screen size4		and the second sec		
a North/South orientation ne		and the second sec		
ardware mesh.	at a criaci con	enna nuna, a	eeueu	
TE DESCRIPTION	h/stratigraphy of	cultural deposit	Artifacts were	recovered
from 0 - 60 cmbs				
TEMPORAL INTERPRETATIO				
Describe each occupation in plan (refer to attach		tigraphically. Discuss to	emporal and functional in	sterpretations.
Undetermined prehistoric pe	iod occupation			- X
DIFFECTIVE Come II And A				
INTEGRITY Overall disturban		or _substantial X ma	or X_redeposited _d	lestroyed-docume
Disturbances/threats/protective AREA COLLECTED 0 m ²	Sumfaces Humite	total area	m2 Evenutia	+ Hunite
AREA COLLECTED _ 0 m	Surface: #units_	U, total area (in Excavation	i. rumis _
RTIFACTS				
	ount or (E)stimate?	C Surface #	0 Subsurface #	4 437
COLLECTION STRATEGY			E CATEGORIES	
	_unspecified	daub	nonlocal-exotic	bone-unspecif
nknown X unselective (all artifacts)	the second se	_ brick/bldg matl	_ metal, nonprecious	_ unworked she
_ selective (some artifacts)	× lithics, aborig'l		bone-human	the state of the second states
mcollected _ general (not by subarea)	_ ceramic-aborig'		그는 특별 감독을 가장하는 것이 없다.	_worked shell
_ controlled (by subarea)	_ ceramic-nonabo	_ precious metal/co	in _bone-animal	_ subsurf feats
her (Strategy, Categories)				8648-0
DIA CNOCETICE (T			4	N=
DIAGNOSTICS (Type and frequ	(N=6)			
	جين () استا ر (33) مارند			
	$N = 7_{-}$			N=
	N=8_	and the second		N=
	N=9_			N=
			D' 4 / (6) (b)	1 000
		iver	Dist. (m/ft)/be	aring 90m
Nearest fresh water (incl. relic source)			and the second	
Nearest fresh water (incl. relic source) Natural communityWEFLwet	flatwoods			
Nearest fresh water (incl. relic source) Natural community <u>WEFL- wet</u> Local vegetation <u>mixed woods</u> ,	flatwoods grass			
Nearest fresh water (incl. relic source) Natural community <u>WEFL- wet</u> Local vegetation <u>mixed woods</u> , Topography <u>WETH-wetland</u> ha	flatwoods grass mock		Elevatio	
Nearest fresh water (incl. relic source) Natural communityWEFLwet Local vegetationmixed woods, TopographyWETH-wetland ha Present land useFlorida_Gas	flatwoods grass mock Transmission Con	pany Pipeline	Corridor Right	-of-Way
Nearest fresh water (incl. relic source) Natural community <u>WEFLwet</u> Local vegetation <u>mixed_woods</u> , Topography <u>WETH-wetland_ba</u>	flatwoods grass mock Transmission Con	pany Pipeline		-of-Way
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Nearest fresh water (incl. relic source) Natural communityWEFLwef Local vegetationmixed woods, TopographyWETH-wetland ha Present land useFlorida_Gas_ SCS soil seriesWinder, Chok URTHER INFORMATION INFORMANT(S): Name/Addr./ LOCATION & FILE NOS. (Fig	flatwoods grass mock Transmission Con ee Soil a Phone Id notes, artifacts/	pany Pipeline ssociation w	Corridor Right inder-Chobee-St	t-of-Way
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REQUIRED: USGS MAP OR COPY WITH SITE LOCATION, EXTENT MARKED



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Page 1		ARCHAEOLO	GICAL SITE FO	RM	Site #8 <u>Hi5432</u>
<u>X_</u> original		FLORIDA M	ASTER SITE FII	· •••	
update		Version 1.1: 11/88			Recorder-#- <u>WLR 12-2</u> Field Date <u>11/19/93</u>
SITE NAME(S)	8Hi5432;WLR12-2;	X130AWL-1			<u></u>
PROJECT NAM	TE Florida Gas Tran	smission Company Ph	ase III Expansion Proj		DITD //
OWNERSHIP	private-profit	priv-nonprof priv-indiv			_ DHR#
USGS MAP NAU UTM: ZONE 1	ME Thonatossassa,	7.5' 1974 (PR 1986) ING /3/6/6/8/0/0/		CITY Tho	natossassa
COUNTY Hillsb		P <u>295</u> RANGE <u>19E</u>	NORT	HING /3/1/0/7/4/7	/0/
		- <u></u> 101100 <u></u>	SECTION <u>50</u> 1/2	4 <u>5e</u> 1/4-1/4 <u>NW</u>	1/4-1/4-1/4 <u>SW</u>
(Optional)	LATITUDE d	m s	LONGITUDE	d_ m	
ADDRESS/VICI	NITY OF/ROUTE	TO From the interse	otion of Doute 201	D	»
	pany pipeline corrid	lor, travel west 1.8 km	(1.12mi) along corrid	or then north 4 11m	n (2 65-ri) ala
to site.			Level and a start of the	or mon norm 4.1Ki	i (2.55mi) along corri
TYPE OF SITES	5 (All that apply)	X prehist unspecified	hist aboriginal		
SETTING	••	TURES OR FEATURES		hist nonaboriginal	hist unspecified
N	SINUCI	UNES ON FEATURES		FUNCTION	DENSITY
<u>x</u> land site	aboriginal boat	fort	road segment	none specified	unknown
wetland fresh	agric/farm bldg	midden	shell midden	<u>X</u> campsite	unknown single artifact
wetland mesn wetland salt/tidal	burial mound	mill unspecified	_shell mound	extractive site	<u>X</u> diffuse scatter
	building remains	mission	shipwreck	habitatn/homestead	dense scatter> $2/m^2$
underwater	cemetery/grave dump/refuse	mound unspecif	subsurface features	farmstead#	variable density
	earthworks	plantation platform mound	well	village/town	
OTHER		plauorm mound	wharf/dock	quarry	
BORIGINAL:	TEXTS (All that a Early Archaic	Glades IIb	unknown culture Manasota	X_aboriginal unspecif	
Alachua	Early Swft Creek	Glades IIc	Middle Archaic	St. Johns I	Swift Creek Transitional
Archaic unspec.	Englewood	Glades III	Mount Taylor	St. Johns Ia	Weeden Island
Belle Glade Belle Glade I	Fort Walton	Glades IIIa	Norwood	St. Johns Ib	Weeden Island I
Belle Glade I	Glades unspecif Glades I	Glades IIIb	Orange	St. Johns II	Weeden Island II
Belle Glade III	Glades I	Glades IIIc	Paleo-Indian	St. Johns IIa	
Belle Glade IV	Glades Ib	Hickory Pond Late Archaic	Pensacola	St. Johns IIb	
Cades Pond	Glades II	Late Swift Creek	Perico Island	St. Johns IIc	
Deptford	Glades IIa	Leon-Jefferson	Safety Harbor	Santa Rosa	prehistc-aceramic
	_		SL Augustine	Seminole	prehistc-ceramic
IONABORIGINAL:	1st Spn 1700-63	Amer Terr 1821-44	Postrecn 1880-97	Depress 1930-40	America 1001
lst Spanish unsp	Brit 1763-1783	Statehood 1845-60	SpWar 1898-1916	WWII 1941-49	American 1821- American 1821-99
1st Spn 1513-99 1st Spn 1600-99	2d Spn 1783-1821	Civil War 1861-65	WWI 1917-1920	Modern 1950-	American 1821-99
		Reconstr 1866-79	Boom 1921-1929		Afro-American
Fligible for North	VALUATION OF		_		
Eligible for Nati			ely, need information	insufficient	information
Significant as pa	IT of district?	_yesno <u>X</u> like	ely, need information		information
Significant at the	e local level?		ely, need information		information
				-	-
IGNIEICANCE (STATEMENT FOR	R COMPUTER FILES	S (Limit to 3 lines he	ere: attach full inc	tification)
	Cultural material th				
	the state of the s		n notential The site -	more manages at	icposits may be prese
etween 35-70 cmb	of m addition the 2	ILE IIIAV DOSSESS TESEATC	a oviolitat. The she r	nay possess the qua	uttes of significance
etween 35-70 cmb	of m addition the 2	ILE IIIAV DOSSESS TESEATC	of evaluation (36 CFR	60.4 [a-d])	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
etween 35-70 cmb efined by the Nati	onal Register of Hi	ite may possess researc storic Places criterion of	of evaluation (36 CFR	60.4 [a-d]) .	
etween 35-70 cmb efined by the Nati	onal Register of Hi	storic Places criterion	or evaluation (36 CFR	<u>60.4 [a-d]) .</u>	
etween 35-70 cmb efined by the Nati HR USE ONLY- ATE LISTED	KEEPER DETE	storic Places criterion of RMINATION OF EL	IGIBILITY:	<u>60.4 [a-d]) .</u>	
etween 35-70 cmb efined by the Nati HR USE ONLY- ATE LISTED N NAT REG.	KEEPER DETE SHPO EVALUA	storic Places criterion of RMINATION OF ELIGIBILI	IGIBILITY:	<u>(60.4 [a-d])</u>	DHR USE ONLY Date
etween 35-70 cmb efined by the Nati HR USE ONLY- ATE LISTED N NAT REG.	KEEPER DETE SHPO EVALUA	storic Places criterion of RMINATION OF EL	IGIBILITY:	Yes No Yes No	DHR USE ONLY

Page 2

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ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM

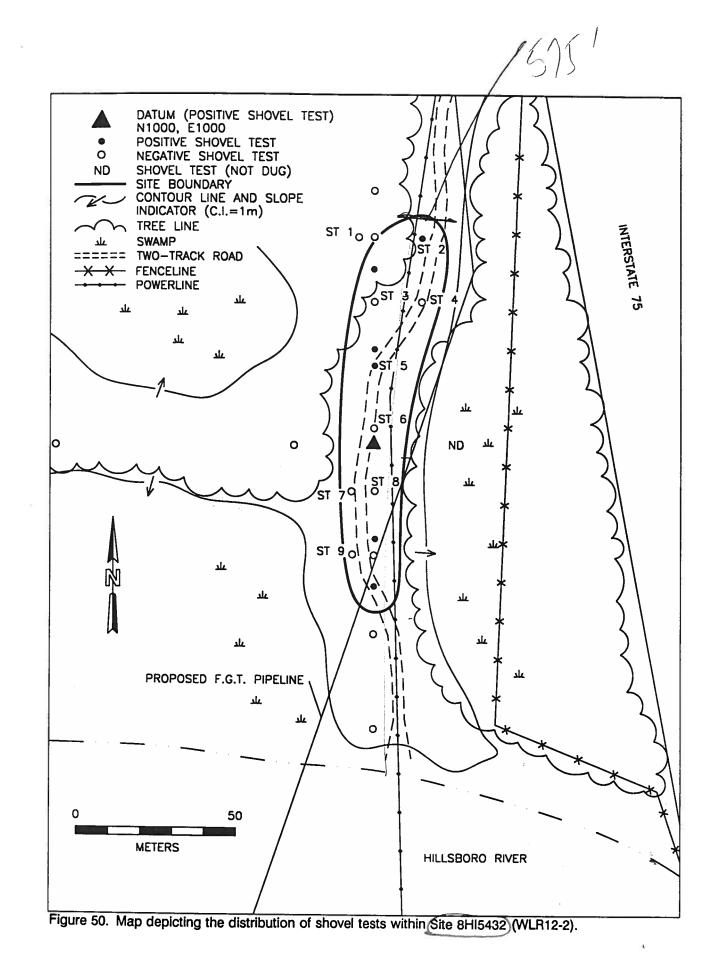
Division of Historical Resources, Florida Department of State

METHODS FOR SITE DETECT	ΓION	METHODS	FOR SITE BOUND	DARIES
no field check <u>x</u> exposed ground <u>y</u> literature searchposthole digger informant reportaugersize remote sensingunscreened shovel Other/Remarks (#, size, depth, pattern of units, scru cmbs; the fill from each shovel test was areas. 7 of the shovel tests excavated w	SCIECTICA THROUGH IN / Y	bounds unknown none by recorder literature search informant report	remote sensing _x_insp exposed ground posthole digger auger-size:	unscreened shovel <u>x</u> screened shovel block excavns guess
COLLECTION STRATEGY unknown X_unselective (all artifacts) selective (some artifacts) uncollected general (not by subarea) controlled (by subarea) Other (Strategy, Categories)	A unknown X_lithics ceramic-aborig ceramic-nonabo	RTIFACT CATEGO daub brick/bldg mati glass prec metal/coin	nonlocal-exotic metal bone-human	bone-unspec unworked shell worked shell subsurf feats
SITE EXTENT Size (m ²) 2000 (0 - 96cmbs). Perpendicular Dimensions 100 m Nor				d from Strata I - V
SPACE COLLECTED Surface: #units TOTAL ARTIFACTS Count or Estin	0 . total area 0	m ² Exception:	4	l vol <u>3.6</u> m³
DIAGNOSTICS (TYPE OR MODE & 1 2 3 Remarks <u>No diagnostic artifacts were reco</u> TEMPORAL INTERPRETATION	N = N = N = overed.	7		N = N =
TEMPORAL INTERPRETATION Constrained Prehistoric Period Cultural		prob single is; if absolute dates, give m	prob multiplemultip ethod, lab, id, date, range, e	pleuncertain tc.
ENVIRONMENT Nearest Fresh Water Natural Community <u>WEFL- wet flatwood</u> Local Vegetation <u>mixed woods</u> , grass Topographic Setting <u>WETH- wetland has</u> Present Land Use <u>Florida Gas Transmiss</u> SCS Soil Series <u>Not Available</u>	ummock	corridor right-of-way		
SITE INTEGRITY Overrall Disturbance Nature of Disturbances/Threats <u>Prior/pro</u>	e: none seenX posed pipeline constru	minor substantia		
INFORMANT(S) Contact Information Not REPOSITORY Field Notes, Artifacts <u>F</u> Photographs (negative nos) <u>None</u> MANUSCRIPTS OR PUBLICATIONS	lorida Department of S			3)
RECORDER(S): Name William P. Ather Affiliation/Address/Phone R. Christopher 9323	ns. Derek M. Wingfiel	d		
RECOMMENDATIONS FOR SITE Eva NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION: Attach in and your temporal and functional interpreta	nformation on site disc	site is recommended. overy, history, current	integrity, apparent three	eats, environment,

DISCUSSION OF SIGNIFICANCE: Attach justification for recorder's evaluation (Page 1).

REQUIRED: USGS MAP OR COPY WITH SITE LOCATION MARKED

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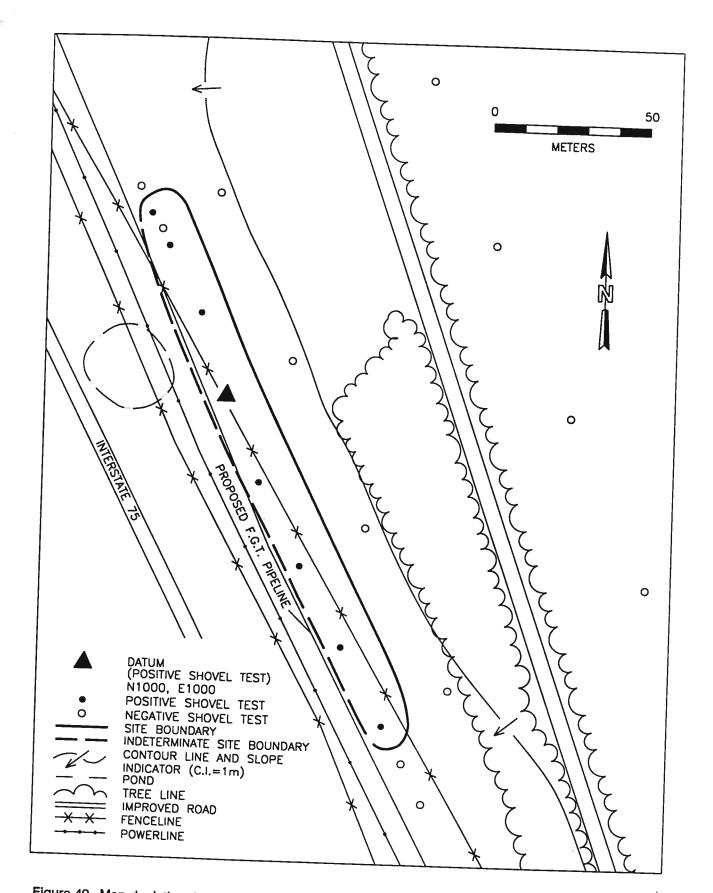


Figure 49. Map depicting the distribution of shovel tests within Site 8HI5431 (WLR12-1).

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Page 1		ARCHAEOLO	GICAL SITE F	DDM				
<u>x_</u> original		FLORIDA M	ASTER SITE F		Site #8 <u>Hi5433</u>			
update		Ver	sion I.I: 11/88		Recorder # WLR 12-3			
			SIGH 1.1: 11/88	J	Field Date 10/11/1993			
SITE NAME(S	SITE NAME(S) <u>8Hi5433;WLR 12-3</u> PROJECT NAME Florida Gas Transmission Company Phase III Expansion Project DHR#							
PROJECT NA	ME Florida Gas Tra	nsmission Company Pl	ase III Expension D					
OWNERSHIP	private-profit	_priv-nonprofpriv-ind			DHR#			
USGS MAP N	AME Thonotosassa 7	7.5' 1974 (PR 1986)	ivpriv-unspc	itycounty <u>x</u> st				
			NOD	CITY _The	onotosassa			
COUNTY Hill	sborough TW	P 275 RANGE 19E	SECTION 36 1	1 HING /3/1/0/7/2/4	/0/ 1/4-1/4-1/4 <u>NW</u>			
	_		<u> </u>	/4 <u>SE_</u> 1/4-1/4 <u>SE_</u>	1/4-1/4 <u>NW</u>			
ADDRESS/VIC	INITY OF/ROUTE	TO From the interse	ection of Route 582	<u> </u>	\$			
Company pipelin	ne corridor, travel we	st 1.8 km (1.12 mi) al	ong the corridor them	and the proposed F	s lorida Gas Transmission			
the corridor to the	he site.		and the corridor, then	turn north and trave	lorida Gas Transmission 1 3.9 km (2.42 mi) along			
TYPE OF SITE	CS (All that apply)							
	(All that apply)	x_prehist unspecified	hist aboriginal	hist nonaboriginal	•••			
SETTING	STRUCT			inst nonaooriginai	hist unspecified			
	SINUC	TURES OR FEATURES		FUNCTION	DENSITY			
x_land site	aboriginal boat	fort	and a					
method 6	agric/farm bldg	midden	road segment shell midden	x_none specified	unknown			
wetland fresh wetland salt/tidal	burial mound	mill unspecified	shell mound	campsite	single artifact			
	building remains	mission	shipwreck	extractive site habitatn/homestead	x_diffuse scatter			
underwater	cemetery/grave dump/refuse	mound unspecif	subsurface features	farmstead#	dense scatter>2/m ²			
	earthworks	plantation	well	village/town	variable density			
OTHER		platform mound	wharf/dock	quarry				
HISTORIC CON	NTEXTS (All that a	pply)	unknown culture	x_aboriginal unspecif				
ABORIGINAL:	Early Archaic			<u>~</u> aconginar unspecif	hist unspecified			
Alachua	Early Swft Creek	Glades IIb	Manasota	St. Johns unspecif	Swift Creek			
Archaic unspec.	Englewood	Glades IIc Glades III	_Middle Archaic	St. Johns I				
Belle Glade	Fort Walton	Glades IIIa	Mount Taylor	St. Johns Ia	Weeden Island			
Belle Glade 1 Belle Glade II	Glades unspecif	Glades IIIb	Norwood Orange	St. Johns Ib	Weeden Island I			
Belle Glade III	Glades I	Glades IIIc	Paleo-Indian	St. Johns II	Weeden Island II			
Belle Glade IV	Glades Ia Glades Ib	Hickory Pond	Pensacola	St. Johns IIa St. Johns IIb				
Cades Pond	Glades II	Late Archaic	Perico Island	St. Johns IIc				
Deptford	Glades IIa	Late Swift Creek Leon-Jefferson	Safety Harbor	Santa Rosa	prehistc-aceramic			
		Leon-Jenerson	St. Augustine	Seminole	prehiste-ceramic			
NONABORIGINAL: 1st Spanish unsp	1st Spn 1700-63	Amer Terr 1821-44	Postrecn 1880-97	D				
ist Spanish unsp lst Spn 1513-99	Brit 1763-1783	Statehood 1845-60	SpWar 1898-1916	Depress 1930-40	American 1821-			
lst Spn 1600-99	2d Spn 1783-1821	Civil War 1861-65	WWI 1917-1920	WWII 1941-49 Modern 1950-	American 1821-99			
OTHER		Reconstr 1866-79	Boom 1921-1929		American 1900-			
					Afro-American			
Flights C N	VALUATION OF S	ITE						
Eligible for Nation	onal Register?	yes <u>x</u> no lik	ely, need information					
Significant as pa	rt of district?	yes <u>x</u> no like	ely, need information	insufficient i	nformation			
Significant at the	local Level 10		ely, need information	insufficient in	nformation			
SIGNIFICANO				insufficient in	nformation			
The sparse setting	STATEMENT FOR	COMPUTER FILES	(Limit to 3 lines he					
The sparse artifact	assemblage and abser	nce of intact cultural de	nosits or features and	re; attach full justi	fication)			
for evolution in the	does not possess the	COMPUTER FILES nce of intact cultural de qualities of significance	as defined by the N	etional This site doe	s not possess research			
ior evaluation (36 C	FR 60.4 [a-d]).	qualities of significance	actined by the N	ational Register of H	listoric Places criteria			
DHR USE ONLY-								
DATE LISTED	KEEDED DEME-							
ON NAT REG.	SUDO EVATUA	MINATION OF ELI	GIBILITY:	YesNoD	-DHR USE ONLY			
// LOCAL D		(ON) OP PITOPPIN	F1 /	······································	ate			
Local Office	ETERMINATION	OF ELIGIBILITY:		V D.	ate			
	a Maetar Site Till me				ate			
	- master Site File/Divisio	on of Historical Resources/	The Capitol/Tallahassec.	FL 32399-0250/004 487	1222			

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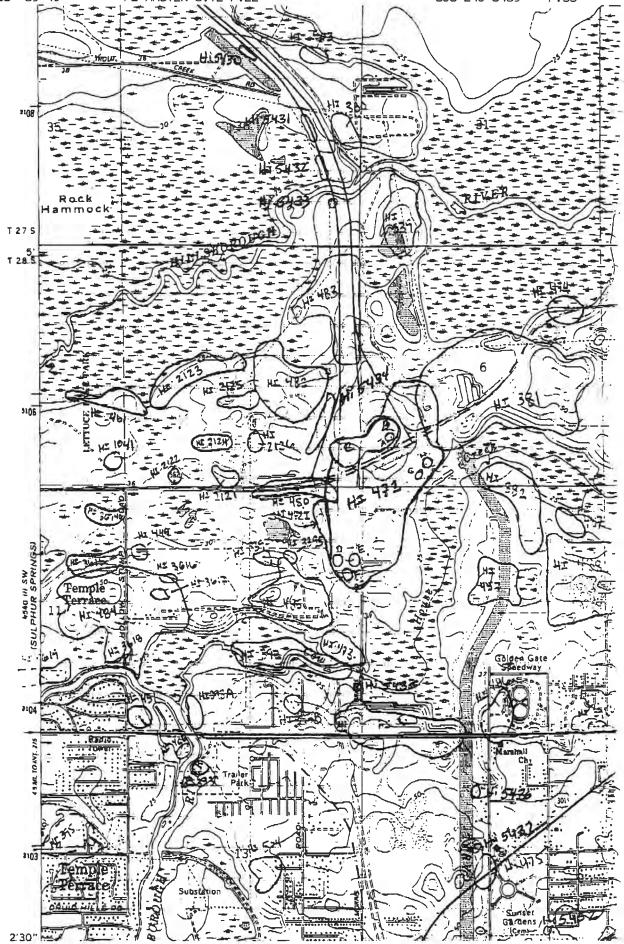
See.

Page 2	ARCHAEOLOG	ICAL SITE FOR	м	
	Division of Historical Resou	rces. Florida Department of	State	Site #8 <u>Hi5433</u>
METHODS FOR SITE			S FOR SITE BOU	JNDARIES
no field checkexposed gr literature searchposthole di informant reportauger-size remote sensingunscreened Other/Remarks (#, size, depth, pattern cmbs; the fill from each shovel areas. 2 of the shovel tests excre	shovel	bounds unknown none by recorder literature search informant report	remote sensing _x_insp exposed grou posthole digger augersize:	unscreened shovel ndxscreened shovel block excavns guess
COLLECTION STRATEGY unknown x_unselective (all artigest controlled (some artigest controlled (by subaction control	facts)unknown facts) <u>x_</u> lithics area)ceramic-aborig rea)ceramic-nonabo	ARTIFACT CATEGO daub brick/bldg mati glass prec metal/coin	nonlocal-exotic metal bone-human bone-animal	bone-unspec unworked shell worked shell subsurf feats
SITE EXTENT Size (m ²) <u>500</u> <u>75 cmbs).</u>	Depth/Stratigraphy	of Cultural Deposit <u>Ar</u>	tifacts were recover	ed from Stratum II (49 -
Perpendicular Dimensions 20	m North-South	direction	v 25 m East W	
SPACE COLLECTED Surfac TOTAL ARTIFACTS Count	ce: #units 0 total area 0	m ² Eugenetieur		
DIAGNOSTICS (TYPE OR M	N N	4 5 6		N = N = N = N =
TEMPORAL INTERPRETAT Describe each occupation spatially. For Undetermined Prehistoric Period	Cultural Affiliation		iethod, lab, id, date, rang	ultipleuncertain 3e, etc.
ENVIRONMENT Nearest Fress Natural Community <u>WEFL- we</u> Local Vegetation <u>Grass, mixed</u> Topographic Setting <u>WETH- we</u>	woods			
Present Land Use Florida Gas	Transmission Company pipelin	e corridor right-of-way	,	
SCS Soil Series Not Available			ociation Not Availa	able
SITE INTEGRITY Overrall D Nature of Disturbances/Threats	visturbance: none seen Prior/proposed pipeline constru	minor substantia		
INFORMANT(S) Contact Inform REPOSITORY Field Notes, An Photographs (negative nos) <u>No</u> MANUSCRIPTS OR PUBLICA	tifacts <u>Florida Department of</u>			
			e Associates, Inc ()	.993)
RECORDER(S): Name <u>William</u> Affiliation/Address/Phone <u>R. Ch</u> 9323	P. Athens, Derek M. Wingfie ristopher Goodwin and Associa	ld ates, Inc. 5824 Plauche	Date of Form <u>15 N</u> St. New Orleans, I	ovember 1993 .a. 70123 (504) 736-
RECOMMENDATIONS FOR S NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION: and your temporal and functional DISCUSSION OF SIGNIFICAN REQUIRED:	Attach information on site disc	covery, history, current	integrity, apparent	threats, environment,

REQUIRED: USGS MAP OR COPY WITH SITE LOCATION MARKED

a.

6.



Page 1	HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE Version 4.0 1/07	Site #8 HI5085 Field Date $8 / 29 / 08$ Form Date $10 / 22 / 08$ Recorder # 2-1, 2
National Register Category (please check one	Enburg Road Multip y I-75 from north of US 301 to Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough Surve y Ø building structure building structure private-individual private-nonspecific	
USGS 7.5' Map Name & Date <u>Thonotos</u> City / Town (within 3 miles) <u>Tampa</u> Township <u>28S</u> Range <u>20E</u> Sec Tax Parcel # <u>U-32-28-20-ZZZ-0000</u> Subdivision Name <u>-</u> UTM: Zone □16 □17 Easting <u>36875</u>	Ikenburg Road and Sligh Avenue intersection sassa 1974, PR 1987 Plat or Other Map aerial pho In City Limits? Ipes 1n City Limits? <td>ar-name:</td>	ar-name:
Original Use* residence Current Use* Other Use* Moves: Uyes Ino Uunknown Da Alterations: Vyes Ino Uunknown Da Additions: Vyes Ino Uunknown Da Additions: Inges Ino Uunknown Da Architect (last name first): Unknown	HISTORY ximately □year listed or earlier □year listed or later From (year):1945 To (year):2008 From (year):1945 To (year):2008 From (year):1945 To (year):2008 From (year): To (year):2008 Ites Original address (if moved) Nature* replacement windows Nature* Nature* Builder (last name first): unknown Builder (last name first): unknown Builder (last name first): unknown	vertical board
Is the Resource Affected by a Local Prese	rvation Ordinance? Uyes no unknown Describe DESCRIPTION	
Style* <u>Frame Vernacular</u> Exterior Fabric(s) * <u>wood drop siding</u> Roof Type(s) * <u>side-gable</u> Roof secondary strucs. (dormers etc.) * <u></u> Windows (types, materials, etc.) * <u>2-light awr</u>	Exterior Plan* irregular Roof Material(s) * corrugated metal ning, metal, independent; 1/1 SHS, metal, independent	Number of Stories 1
Distinguishing Architectural Features (exteri Ancillary Features / Outbuildings (record out structures	ior or interior ornaments) wood window surrounds; gable vents; buildings, major landscape features; use continuation sheet if needed.) $W/open$	

* Consult Guide to Historical Structure Forms for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

DHR	USE ONLY	OFFICI	AL EV	ALUATION	DHR	JSE ONLY	
NR List Date / Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria f KEEPER – Determined eligible: NR Criteria for Evaluation: □a	0	□yes		Date/ Date/ in 15, p. 2)	_/ Init _/	

HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

Site #8 HI5085

Check if Archaeological Form Completed

□ Sanborn maps

Public Lands Survey (DEP)

□ HABS/HAER record search

□ plat maps

DESCRIPTION (continue	d)
-----------------------	----

Chimney: No.0 Material(s) *			 _
Structural System(s) * Wood frame			_
Foundation: Type(s) * Pier	Material(s) * Obscured		 _
Main Entrance (stylistic details) Wood swing door on s	south protected by open porch		 _
Porch Descriptions (types, locations, roof types, etc.) open, so	outh, gable (entry)	 	 _
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			 _
Condition (overall resource condition):	☐fair □deteriorated □ruinous		

Narrative Description of Resource This common type frame vernacular building has experienced unsympathetic additions to the North and West elevations that greatly enlarge its size. Additionally, the changes in fenestration and

replacement of the front door have altered its exterior appearance. The front and side yards are cluttered with

numerous shed and carport structures.

Archaeological Remains

* Consult Guide to Historical Structure Forms for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

□ building permits

□ neighbor interview

□ interior inspection

□ occupant/owner interview

RESEARCH METHODS (check all that apply)

- FMSF record search (sites/surveys)
- □ FL State Archives/photo collection
- property appraiser / tax records
- Z cultural resource survey
- □ other methods (describe)

Bibliographic References (give FMSF manuscript # if relevant, use continuation sheet if needed) Hillsborough County Property Appraiser

□ library research

□ newspaper files

□ historic photos

□ city directory

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing individually? Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing as part of a district?

□insufficient information □insufficient information

Explanation of Evaluation (required, whether significant or not; use separate sheet if needed) This mid-century building reflects moderate

changes in its massing and stylistic elements that compromise its historic integrity. These modifications, in addition to a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of this building, and therefore, it is not eligible for listing on the NRHP.

Area(s) of Historical Significance (see National Register Bulletin 15, p. 8 for categories: e.g. "architecture", "ethnic heritage", "community planning & development", etc.) CP&D

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible: For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information. Florida Site File for past architectural surveys, Florida Site File search, Hillsborough County Property Appraiser All field notes, maps, and photos on file at ACI; P08030

RECORDER INFORMATION

Recorder Name Estabrook, Desiree and Marielle Lumang Recorder Contact Information (address / phone / fax / e-mail) 8110 Blaikie Ct, Suite A, Sarasota, Florida 34243/941-379-6206/ ACIFlorida@comcast.net

Recorder Affiliation Archaeological Consultants, Inc.

Required

Use a Supplement for Site Forms or other continuation sheet for descriptions that do not fit in the spaces provided.

USGS 7.5' MAP WITH STRUCTURE LOCATION PINPOINTED IN RED

LARGE SCALE STREET, PLAT OR PARCEL MAP (available from most property appraiser web sites)

Attachments O PHOTO OF MAIN FACADE, ARCHIVAL B&W PRINT OR DIGITAL IMAGE FILE

If submitting an image file, it must be included on disk or CD AND in hard copy format (plain paper is acceptable). Digital image must be at least 1600 x 1200 pixels, 24-bit color, jpeg or tiff.

1no □ves **1**no □ves

HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

Site #8 HI5085

PHOTOGRAPH



PARCEL STREET MAP



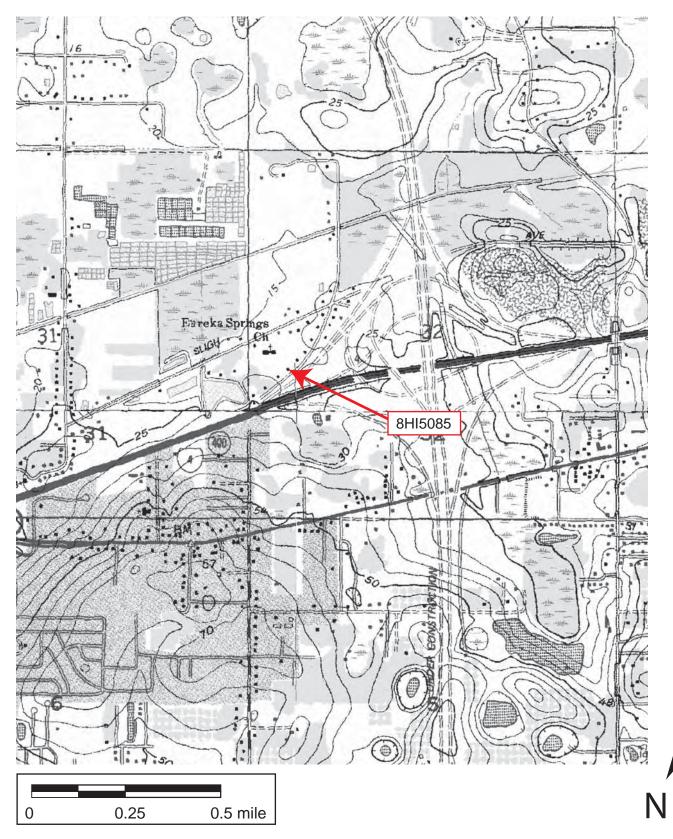
Page 4 update

HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

Site #8 HI5085

GIS USGS MAP

Township 28 South, Range 20 East, Section 32 Thonotosassa, 1977



Page 1	HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE Version 4.0 1/07 Shaded Fields represent the minimum acceptable level of documentation. Consult the <i>Guide to Historical Structure Forms</i> for detailed instructions.	Site #8 HI5086 Field Date $\frac{8}{129}$ / 08 Form Date $\frac{10}{22}$ / 08 Recorder # 2-4, 5
National Register Category (please check one)	Multi I-75 from north of US 301 to Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough Surv Image: Structure district site object Iprivate-individual private-nonspecific city county Istate Ifederal	ey # (DHR only)
USGS 7.5' Map Name & Date <u>Thonotosa</u> City / Town (within 3 miles) <u>Tampa</u> Township <u>28S</u> Range <u>20E</u> Section Tax Parcel # <u>U-32-28-20-ZZZ-00000</u> Subdivision Name UTM: Zone □16 □17 Easting <u>36889</u>	kenburg Road and Sligh Avenue intersection assa 1974, PR 1987 Plat or Other Map aerial ph In City Limits? Ipes In City Limits?	Hillsborough lar-name:
Original Use* residence Current Use* residence Other Use* Moves: □yes Ino □unknown Date Alterations: Ifyes □no □unknown Date Additions: Ifyes □no □unknown Date Architect (last name first): unknown	HISTORY imately □year listed or earlier □year listed or later From (year): 1940 To (year): 2008 From (year): 1940 To (year): 2008 From (year): 1940 To (year): 2008 From (year): Original address (if moved) To (year): 2008 es Original address (if moved) Nature* S/open front porch; replacem Nature* Nature* NE/carport, N/rear additions Builder (last name first): unknown es, profession, etc.) Henrich, Jerry (2005-current)	ent windows; gable vents
Is the Resource Affected by a Local Preserv	vation Ordinance? □yes □no Z unknown Describe	
Roof Type(s) * <u>side-gable</u> Roof secondary strucs. (dormers etc.) * Windows (types, materials, etc.) * <u>1/1 SHS</u> , mo	Exterior Plan* irregular and West elevations; fieldstone on South elevation Roof Material(s) * composition shin etal, independent; 1/1 SHS (6/6 SDL), vinyl, independ r or interior ornaments) Fieldstone siding on front (South); how	ent
Ancillary Features / Outbuildings (record outbuildings	uildings, major landscape features; use continuation sheet if needed.) $\underline{\text{Attache}}$	d carport on NW

* Consult Guide to Historical Structure Forms for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

DHR	USE ONLY	OFFICIAL E	ALUATION	DHR USE ONLY	
NR List Date // Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria f KEEPER – Determined eligible: NR Criteria for Evaluation: □a	□yes	□no □insufficient info □no (see <i>National Register Bulleti</i>	Date// Init Date// n 15, p. 2)	

HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

Site #8 HI5086

	DESCRIPTI	ION (continued)	
Chimney: No. <u>0</u> Material(s) * Structural System(s) * <u>wood frame</u> Foundation: Type(s) * <u>Pier</u> Main Entrance (stylistic details) <u>Wood swit</u> Porch Descriptions (types, locations, roof types	ng paneled door on sout	Material(s) * obscured h, protected by front porch entry), length of house	
Condition (overall resource condition): □excel Narrative Description of Resource This of to the North and East elevations the foundation alter the exterior appear historic integrity of the building.	common type frame vern hat greatly enlarge its siz	ze. Additionally, the changes	in fenestration and concealed
Archaeological Remains		□ C he	ck if Archaeological Form Completed
★ Consult Guide to I	Historical Structure Forms for	preferred descriptions (coded fields	at the Site File).
]	RESEARCH METH	ODS (check all that apply)	
 FMSF record search (sites/surveys) FL State Archives/photo collection property appraiser / tax records cultural resource survey other methods (describe) Bibliographic References (give FMSF manuscipation) 	 library research city directory newspaper files historic photos 	 building permits occupant/owner interview neighbor interview interior inspection 	 Sanborn maps plat maps Public Lands Survey (DEP) HABS/HAER record search
(PINION OF RESOU	JRCE SIGNIFICANCE	
Appears to meet the criteria for National F Appears to meet the criteria for National F Explanation of Evaluation (required, whether changes in its massing and stylistic to a lack of historical associations eligible for listing on the NRHP. Area(s) of Historical Significance (see Natio CP&D	Register listing as part of a dis significant or not; use separate shee c elements that comprom or architectural merit, lin	strict? Dyes Ino Dinsuffic et if needed) This mid-century buil nise its historic integrity. The mit the importance of this buil	se modifications, in addition ding, and therefore, it is not
	DOCUM	ENTATION	
Accessible Documentation Not Filed with For each separately maintained collection, describe <u>Florida Site File for past architect</u> <u>All field notes, maps, and photos</u>	the Site File - including field & ar (1) document type(s),* (2) maintainin ural surveys, Florida Site	nalysis notes, photos, plans, other important d g organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and	d (4) descriptive information.
	RECORDER I	NFORMATION	
Recorder Name Estabrook, Desiree a Recorder Contact Information (address / pho ACIFlorida@comcast.net Recorder Affiliation Archaeological Co	ne / fax / e-mail) <u>8110 Blaikie</u>	e Ct, Suite A, Sarasota, Florida	a 34243/941-379-6206/

Use a Supplement for Site Forms or other continuation sheet for descriptions that do not fit in the spaces provided.

O	USGS 7.5' MAP WITH STRUCTURE LOCATION PINPOINTED IN RED
0	LARGE SCALE STREET, PLAT OR PARCEL MAP (available from most property appraiser web sites)

Required **Attachments 6** PHOTO OF MAIN FACADE, ARCHIVAL B&W PRINT <u>OR</u> DIGITAL IMAGE FILE

If submitting an image file, it must be included on disk or CD AND in hard copy format (plain paper is acceptable). Digital image must be at least 1600 x 1200 pixels, 24-bit color, jpeg or tiff.

Page 3 update

HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

Site #8 HI5086

PHOTOGRAPH



PARCEL STREET MAP



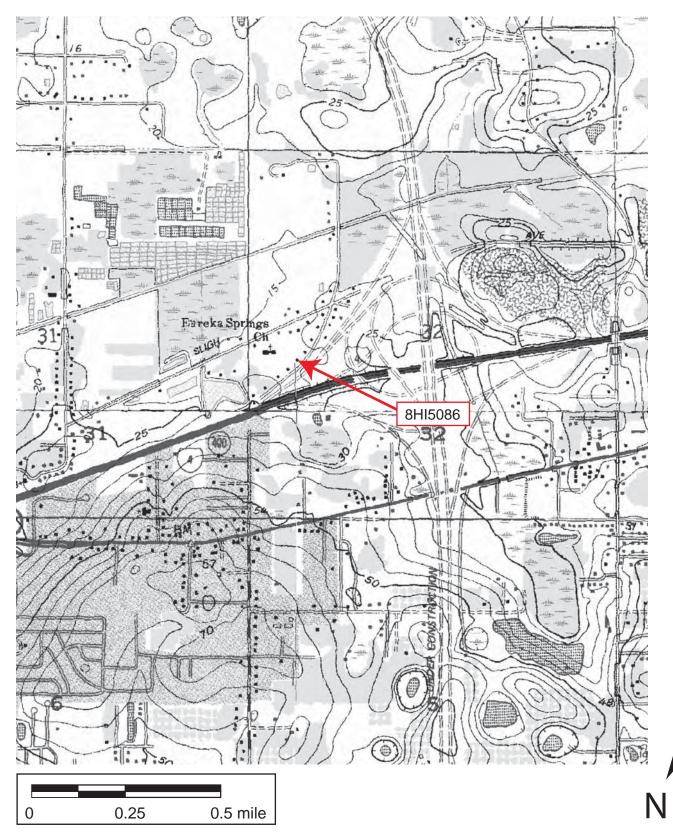
Page 4 update

HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

Site #8 HI5086

GIS USGS MAP

Township 28 South, Range 20 East, Section 32 Thonotosassa, 1977



Page 1 Original Update	HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE Version 4.0 1/07 Shaded Fields represent the minimum acceptable level of documentation. Consult the <i>Guide to Historical Structure Forms</i> for detailed instructions.	Site #8 HI7840 Field Date 8 / 21 / 08 Form Date 10 22 / 08 Recorder # 1-1519
National Register Category (please check one)	vk Lane M -75 from north of US 301 to Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough S ✓ building structure district site object private-individual private-nonspecific city county state feder	urvey # (DHR only)
USGS 7.5' Map Name & Date <u>Thonotosa</u> City / Town (within 3 miles) <u>Temple Terrace</u> Township <u>28S</u> Range <u>19E</u> Sectio Tax Parcel # <u>U-13-28-19-ZZZ-00000</u> Subdivision Name UTM: Zone □16 ☑ 17 Easting <u>366776</u>	is Bridge Road and Davis Road intersection ssa 1974, PR 1987 Plat or Other Map aerial is a 1974, PR 1987 Plat or Other Map aerial is a 1974, PR 1987 Plat or Other Map aerial is a 1974, PR 1987 Plat or Other Map aerial is a 1974, PR 1987 Is a 100 Qunknown is a 1974, PR 1987 Is a 100 Qunknown is a 1974, PR 1987 Is a 100 Qunknown is a 1974, PR 1987 Is a 100 Qunknown is a 1974, PR 1987 Is a 100 Qunknown is a 1974, PR 1987 Is a 100 Qunknown is a 1974, PR 1987 Is a 100 Qunknown is a 1974, PR 1987 Is a 100 Qunknown is a 1974, PR 1987 Is a 100 Qunknown is a 1974, PR 1987 Is a 100 Qunknown is a 1974, PR 1987 Is a 100 Qunknown is a 1974, PR 1987 Is a 100 Qunknown is a 1974, PR 1987 Is a 100 Qunknown is a 1974, PR 1987 Is a 100 Qunknown is a 1974, PR 1987 Is a 100 Qunknown is a 1974, PR 1987 Is a 100 Qunknown is a 1974, PR 1987 Is a 100 Qunknown is a 1974, PR 1987 Is a 100 Qunknown is a 1974, PR 1987<	yHillsborough egular-name: Lot
Original Use* residence Current Use* Other Use* Moves: Uses Ino Uunknown Date Alterations: Ifyes Ino Uunknown Date Additions: Ifyes Ino Uunknown Date Additions: Ifyes Ino Uunknown Date Architect (last name first); Unknown	HISTORY mately □year listed or earlier □year listed or later From (year): 1947 To (year): 2008 From (year): 1947 To (year): 2008 From (year): To (year): 2008 To (year): 2008 s Original address (if moved) To (year): second test (if moved) s Original address (if moved) replacement windows and Solor room, drop siding, or Builder (last name first): unknown s, profession, etc.) Kathleen Thompson Estate (2006-curr	roof covered by main gable roof
Is the Resource Affected by a Local Preserv	ation Ordinance? □yes □no Øunknown Describe	
Style* Frame Vernacular Exterior Fabric(s) * wood drop siding Roof Type(s) * front-gable Roof secondary strucs. (dormers etc.) * windows Windows (types, materials, etc.) * 2/2 SHS, meterials	Description Exterior Plan* irregular Roof Material(s) * composition sheetal, independent; 1/1 DHS, wood, independent	Number of Stories 1
Distinguishing Architectural Features (exterior rafter tails under eaves Ancillary Features / Outbuildings (record outbui	or interior ornaments) wood window surrounds, projecting ildings, major landscape features; use continuation sheet if needed.) $\underline{SW/N}$	

* Consult Guide to Historical Structure Forms for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

DHR	USE ONLY	OFFICIAL EV	ALUATION	DHR USE ONLY
NR List Date / □ Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for KEEPER – Determined eligible: NR Criteria for Evaluation: □a	□yes		Date / Init Date / / in 15, p. 2)

Site #8 HI7840

web sites)

DESCRIPTION (continued)

	DLOCIVII II	(continueu)	
Chimney: No.0 Material(s) *			
Structural System(s) * wood frame			
Foundation: Type(s) * Pier and continuous under porch Material(s) * pre-cast poured concrete			
Main Entrance (stylistic details) Wood pane	led swing door, within	porch	
Porch Descriptions (types, locations, roof types, e	etc.) Closed, north, gable		
Condition (overall resource condition):	nt Ø good ⊡fair ⊡o	deteriorated Druinous	1 maria di data ilina amala an
Narrative Description of Resource This control the exposed rafter tails, wood surro	unda on windowa ach	acular building retains origina	at period detailing, such as
exterior drop siding with corner bo			
of the front (North) porch, and repl		sis include a sympathetic rear	(South) addition, enclosure
Archaeological Remains			ck if Archaeological Form Completed
•			Č I
★ Consult Guide to Hi	storical Structure Forms for	preferred descriptions (coded fields	at the Site File).
R	ESEARCH METH	ODS (check all that apply)	
FMSF record search (sites/surveys)	□ library research	□ building permits	□ Sanborn maps
□ FL State Archives/photo collection	□ city directory	□ occupant/owner interview	□ plat maps
property appraiser / tax records	□ newspaper files	□ neighbor interview	Public Lands Survey (DEP)
Cultural resource survey	☐ historic photos	□ interior inspection	HABS/HAER record search
other methods (describe)			
Bibliographic References (give FMSF manuscri	pt # if relevant, use continuation sh	eet if needed) <u>Hillsborough Coun</u>	ty Property Appraiser
0	PINION OF RESOU	JRCE SIGNIFICANCE	
Appears to meet the criteria for National Re	aistor listing individually?	🗆 yes 💋 no 🗆 insuffic	cient information
Appears to meet the criteria for National Re		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	cient information
Explanation of Evaluation (required, whether s	ignificant or not: use separate shee	at if needed) Although this buildin	
to its exterior appearance, it remain	s an unexceptional example	mple of the frame vernacular s	style found throughout the
area. Additionally, a lack of histori			
and therefore, it is not considered e	ligible for listing on the	NRHP.	
Area(s) of Historical Significance (see National CP&D	al Register Bulletin 15, p. 8 for cate	gories: e.g. "architecture", "ethnic heritage", "o	community planning & development", etc.)

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible: For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information. Florida Site File for past architectural surveys, Florida Site File search, Hillsborough County Property Appraiser All field notes, maps, and photos on file at ACI; P08030

RECORDER INFORMATION

Recorder Name Estabrook, Desiree and Marielle Lumang Recorder Contact Information (address / phone / fax / e-mail) 8110 Blaikie Ct, Suite A, Sarasota, Florida 34243/941-379-6206/ ACIFlorida@comcast.net

Recorder Affiliation Archaeological Consultants, Inc.

Use a Supplement for Site Forms or other continuation sheet for descriptions that do not fit in the spaces provided.

O	USGS 7.5' MAP WITH STRUCTURE LOCATION PI	NPOINTED IN RED
0	LARGE SCALE STREET. PLAT OR PARCEL MAP	(available from most property appraise

Required	
Attachments	

PHOTO OF MAIN FACADE, ARCHIVAL B&W PRINT <u>OR</u> DIGITAL IMAGE FILE
 If submitting an image file, it must be included on dick or CD AND in bard early format (

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Page 3 update

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HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

PHOTOGRAPH



PARCEL STREET MAP



HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

GIS USGS MAP

Township 28 South, Range 19 East, Section 13 Thonotosassa, 1977



Page 1	HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FOR FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE Version 4.0 1/07 Shaded Fields represent the minimum acceptable level of docum Consult the <i>Guide to Historical Structure Forms</i> for detailed instru	Field Date $\frac{8}{10}$ / $\frac{21}{2008}$ Form Date $\frac{10}{22}$ / $\frac{2008}{2008}$ Recorder # $1, 57-61$
National Register Category (please check one)	er Road I-75 from north of US 301 to Fletcher Avenue, Hillsbor	oject
USGS 7.5' Map Name & Date <u>Brandon 1</u> City / Town (within 3 miles) <u>Mango</u> Township <u>29S</u> Range <u>20E</u> Section Tax Parcel # <u>V-05-29-20-ZZZ-00000</u> Subdivision Name UTM: Zone □16 Z 117 Easting 369460	ner Road and Eric Slane Lane Intersection 956 (1987) PR Plat or Other Map In City Limits? □yes □no □unknown 5 ¼ section: □NW □SW □SE □NE 02-37240.0 Landgrant unknow Block	County_Hillsborough □Irregular-name: wn Lot
Original Use* Residence Current Use* Residence Other Use* Image: Constraint of the second	Nature*	08 08 08 08 09 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 10 10 10 11 11 12 12 13 10 10 11 12 12 12 13 14 15 16 16 17 18 18 19 10
	DESCRIPTION	
independent Distinguishing Architectural Features (exterior	Roof Material(s) * <u>3V Crin</u> ood, independent; 6 light fixed on 2nd story t or interior ornaments) Wood surrounds on door and	facing South; 2/2 DHS, wood, I windows, drop siding and corner
chimney on West elevation, historic Ancillary Features / Outbuildings (record outbuildings (record outbuildings), barn structure to rear (No house.	South, 6 light fixed windows under 2nd story cally enclosed room on front porch (SW) ildings, major landscape features; use continuation sheet if needed. orth), historic orange grove to West on prope Historical Structure Forms for preferred descriptions (coded) Former trailer platform in front rty. Non-historic shed west of

DHR	USE ONLY	OFFICIAL EV	ALUATION	DHR USE ONLY
NR List Date	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria f	□yes	□no □insufficient info	Date// Init
//	KEEPER – Determined eligible:		□no	Date//
D Owner Objection	NR Criteria for Evaluation: □a		(see National Register Bulleti	in 15, p. 2)

HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

Site #8 HI8742

DESCRIPTION (co	ontinued)
-----------------	-----------

Chimney: No.1 Material(s) * Brick			
Structural System(s) * Wood frame			
Foundation: Type(s) * Pier Material(s) * Obscured by lattice board Main Entrance (stylistic details) Wood panel historic swing door (2), one on S elevation/front, the other facing E on porch			board
Main Entrance (stylistic details) Wood pane	l historic swing door (2	2), one on S elevation/front, th	e other facing E on porch
Porch Descriptions (types, locations, roof types, e and the enclosed room to the SW is	etc.) Partially open, on S s apparently original to	outh elevation, three turned w the design (source: F. Patrick	bood posts support a shed roof
Condition (overall resource condition): <u> <u> </u> </u>	usual two-story house	deteriorated □ruinous is situated close to the intersta	ate, but the property still
reflects the land's past agricultural u			
grandfather c.1891. The former kit			
Original features of this house inclu	ide the drop siding, fer	estration, doors, roof material	l, and massing.
Archaeological Remains Check if Archaeological Form Comple			eck if Archaeological Form Completed
★ Consult Guide to Hi	storical Structure Forms for	preferred descriptions (coded fields	at the Site File).
R	ESEARCH METH	ODS (check all that apply)	
FMSF record search (sites/surveys)	Z library research	building permits	□ Sanborn maps
□ FL State Archives/photo collection	□ city directory	□ occupant/owner interview	□ plat maps
property appraiser / tax records	□ newspaper files	neighbor interview	Public Lands Survey (DEP)
cultural resource survey	□ historic photos	□ interior inspection	HABS/HAER record search
□ other methods (describe)		•	
Bibliographic References (give FMSF manuscrip	ot # if relevant, use continuation sh	eet if needed) Hillsborough Coun	ty Property Appraiser
		,	

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing individually?	Ø yes	□no	□insufficient information
Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing as part of a district?	□yes	🖌 no	□insufficient information
Explanation of Evaluation (required, whether significant or not; use separate sheet if needed	<u>) This</u>	unusual	two-story frame vernacular building
represents a limited resource for the area. It has been continuous	ly occu	pied by	the family that built it. Landscape
features that reflect the original setting of this building still remain	n, altho	ough in o	deteriorated condition. It represents
an exceptional example of its kind, and additionally reflects an in	nportar	nt era in	Tampa's early settlement history.
Area(s) of Historical Significance (see National Register Bulletin 15, p. 8 for categories: e.g.	. "archited	ture", "ethni	c heritage", "community planning & development", etc.)
CP&D			

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible: For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information. Florida Site File for past architectural surveys, Florida Site File search, Hillsborough County Property Appraiser All field notes, maps, and photos on file at ACI; P08030

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Recorder Affiliation Archaeological Consultants, Inc.

Required

Attachments

Use a Supplement for Site Forms or other continuation sheet for descriptions that do not fit in the spaces provided.

USGS 7.5' MAP WITH STRUCTURE LOCATION PINPOINTED IN RED
LARGE SCALE STREET, PLAT OR PARCEL MAP (available from most property appraiser web sites)
O PHOTO OF MAIN FACADE, ARCHIVAL B&W PRINT <u>OR</u> DIGITAL IMAGE FILE

If submitting an image file, it must be included on disk or CD <u>AND</u> in hard copy format (plain paper is acceptable). Digital image must be at least 1600 x 1200 pixels, 24-bit color, jpeg or tiff.

CONTINUATION SHEET

This two-story Frame Vernacular style residence (8HI8742) at 10426 Tanner Road is currently owned and occupied by a descendent of the Tanner family. An informant interview was conducted by ACI staff with Frederick LaVerne Patrick, the grandson of John Tanner who built this house. Tanner, as a child, lived in a small one-story Frame Vernacular style residence that is situated south of this address (but outside the I-75 project APE on a parcel not owned by Mr. Patrick), presumably built by his father John W. Tanner Sr. and mother Sarah Jane. According to 1880 census records, his father was an Alabama native and his mother came from nearby Georgia, but records did not list their date of settlement within Florida. The one-story house remains in a ruinous condition and was the original homestead site until John Tanner reached sixteen years of age. At that time, around 1891, he built the two-story building north of Tanner Road for his new wife. The wood frame structure rests on a pier foundation and reflects an I-House design with a cross-gable roof. The partial front porch enclosure on the west elevation is original to the design of the house. This residence retains its drop siding exterior fabric, 1/1 and 2/2 DHS windows, 6-pane fixed windows, and brick chimney on the west elevation. A shed addition to the rear was built ca. 1960. A non-historic shed is located to the west of the house and is considered to be a non-contributing resource. There is a dirt driveway from Tanner Road that leads towards the house, and a gravel roadway at the end of Tanner Road that traverses the east portion of the property. A detached one and half story kitchen was located to the rear, until the 1930s, when it was moved 0.2 miles west to its current location (Sylvia Place and Tanner Road) for a family member.

Mr. Patrick stated that his family traditionally has been involved in agriculture, primarily focusing on cattle and orange production. This fact is also reflected in the U.S. Census records dating back to 1880. Mr. Patrick still grazes cattle on the remainder of his property, although the construction of I-75 removed many of his farm-related buildings and pasture. The family's orange groves, according to 1939 aerials, once covered a quarter mile stretch of his property fronting Tanner Road; only a concentrated portion remains. Additional groves south of his property once surrounded the original homestead of John Tanner, and more are currently found east of I-75. These orange groves are most likely northern extensions planted by Hugh Sampson, a relative of the Tanner family, whose ca.1912 two-story residence still remains on the east side of I-75, roughly one mile SE of 8HI8742. As described in the 1998 *Hillsborough County Historic Resources Survey Report* (Hillsborough County Planning and Growth Management Office), by 1912 there were only 12 houses within a two-mile radius of the Hugh Sampson house. By current estimates, the Sampson house and this property may be part of the few remaining resources representing the Mango community from the early 20th century.

According to the Hillsborough County Historic Resources Survey Report, 14 Frame Vernacular style structures built prior to 1900 were extant throughout the county, and only 8 of those are two-stories in height. Many more previously recorded structures were discovered to be destroyed, indicating a significant loss of resources. By current estimates, the FMSF records and aerials suggest only 13 frame vernacular buildings (c1900 or earlier) still exist in the county. Only one, the Stanaland House (8HI1001) bears a similar context, massing, and setting to the property recorded at 10426 Tanner Road. The Stanaland House is a two-story I-House with wood frame construction clad in drop siding; but reflects diminished integrity with the enclosure of the front porch and two shed additions to the rear. Both properties are similar in that they are located adjacent to extant, but deteriorated, orange groves, thus indicating a historic tie to agriculture. However, the property (8HI8742) located at 10426 Tanner Road has maintained its continuity of form and function for over a century, and reflects the Tanner family's historic ties to the early settlement and agricultural use of Hillsborough County, and more specifically, to the nearby early community of Mango. Therefore, 8HI8742 appears potentially eligible for listing on the NRHP at the local level under Criterion A, for its association with early settlement and agricultural practice in Hillsborough County and under Criterion C as a fine example of late 19th

to early 20th century rural vernacular architecture. The potential historic property includes the residence and the associated historic landscape, specifically the 1.28 acre parcel with the residence and an associated barn structure and the adjacent 1.42 acre parcel (to the west) containing a historic orange grove. The barn is a wood frame structure that appears to be original to the house and remains in a deteriorated condition. The potential NRHP boundary is comprised of two parcels (U-05-29-20-ZZZ-000002-37230.0 and U-05-29-20-ZZZ-000002-37240.0) owned by the Tanner family. The parcel surrounding the Tanner Residence is not owned by Mr. Patrick and does not contain elements that contribute to NRHP eligibility; a non-historic house is located to the west and pasture to the north. These two parcels of the long established Tanner family homestead connected with the broad trends and patterns of the farming and citrus industries that once characterized early 20th century Florida.

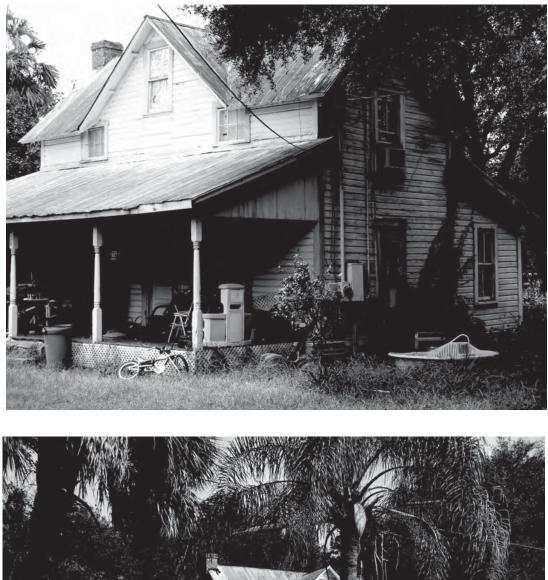
PHOTOGRAPH



PARCEL STREET MAP



PHOTOGRAPHS



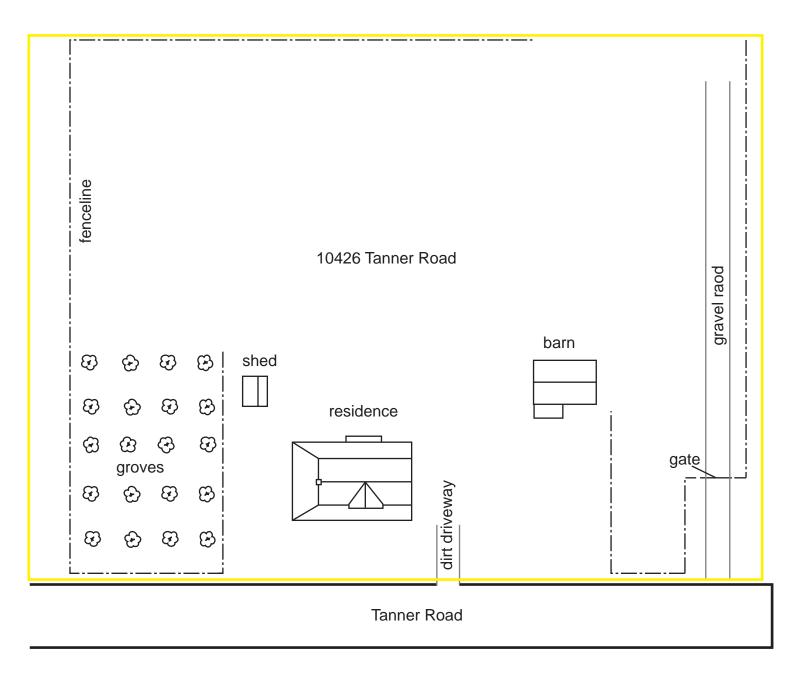


PHOTOGRAPHS





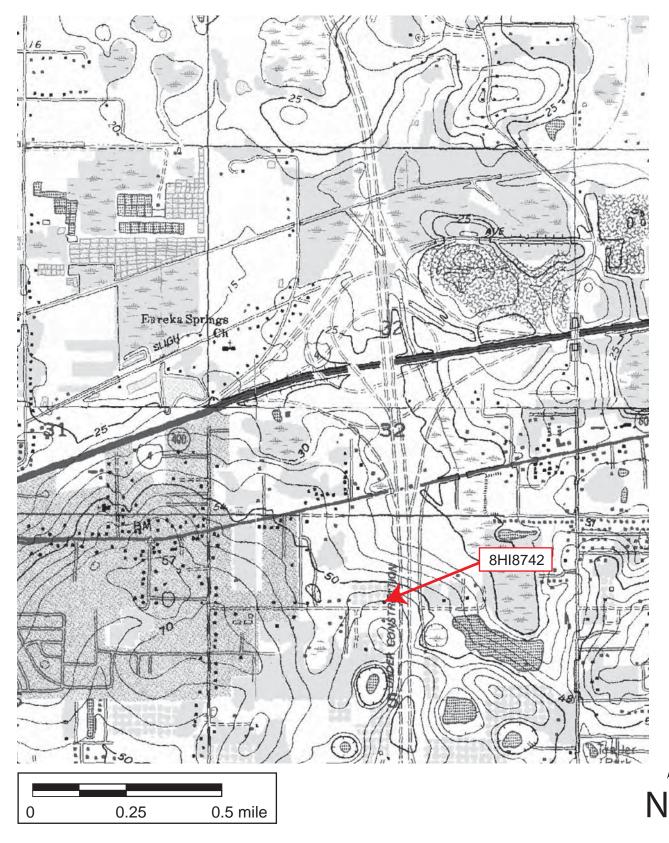
SKETCH MAP





GIS USGS MAP

Township 29 South, Range 20 East, Section 5 Brandon, 1982



Site #8 HI8742

Google Earth Map

Township 29 South, Range 20 East, Section 5 Brandon, 1982



Page 1	HISTORICAL STR FLORIDA MAST Version 4. Shaded Fields represent the minimum Consult the <i>Guide to Historical Structu</i>	ER SITE FILE 0 1/07 acceptable level of documentation.	Site #8 HI11460 Field Date $08 / 27 / 2008$ Form Date $10 / 22 / 2008$ Recorder # $1, 1-5$
Site Name(s) (address if none) <u>8707 127th A</u> Survey Project Name <u>CRAS PD&E Study I-</u> National Register Category (please check one) Ownership: □private-profit □private-nonprofit v pr	75 from north of US 301 to Fleto building structure di ivate-individual private-nonspecific LOCATION & N	cher Avenue, Hillsborough S urve strict □ site □ object □city □county □state □federal [
Address (include N,S,E,W; #; St., Ave., etc.) 8707 Cross Streets (nearest / between) NW of Morr USGS 7.5' Map Name & Date Thonotosas City / Town (within 3 miles) Temple Terrace Township 28S Range 19E Section Tax Parcel # U-12-28-19-ZZZ-000001 Subdivision Name - UTM: Zone 16 16 17 Easting 366811 Other Coordinates: X: Name of Public Tract (e.g., park)	In City Limits? □ye 12 ¼ section: □NW -33270.0 0 Northing <u>3104796</u> Y:0 Coord	Plat or Other Map <u>aerial pho</u> s □no □unknown County <u>F</u> □SW □SE □NE □Irregul _ Landgrant <u>unknown</u> _ Block0	Hillsborough ar-name: Lot
Original Use* Residence Current Use* Residence Other Use* Moves: □yes □no ⊠unknown Dates Alterations: ⊠yes □no □unknown Dates	From (year): C1960 C1970 C1	r □year listed or later To (year):2008 To (year):2008 To (year): dress (if moved) enestration & W/additions, horizontal be	
Is the Resource Affected by a Local Preserva	tion Ordinance? □yes □no DESCRIPT		
Style* Frame Vernacular Exterior Fabric(s) * Fieldstone, horizontal Roof Type(s) * Side-gable Roof secondary strucs. (dormers etc.) * Windows (types, materials, etc.) * 2/2 SHS alum	Exterior Plan* R board Roof M ninum, independent and pa	ectangular ^J aterial(s) * <u>3V Crimp Metal s</u> iired	
Distinguishing Architectural Features (exterior or vents, knee braces under eaves, meta Ancillary Features / Outbuildings (record outbuild	l awning window covers c	on W elevation	

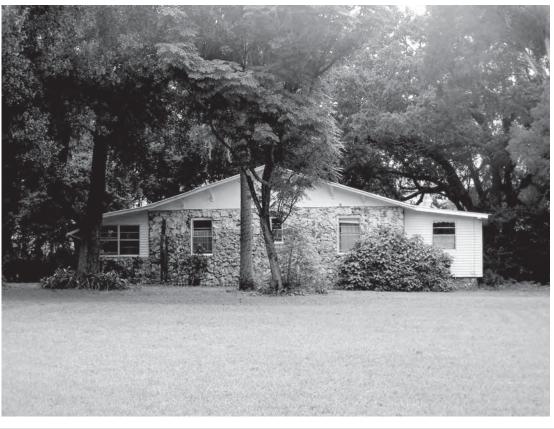
* Consult Guide to Historical Structure Forms for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

DHR	USE ONLY	OFFICIAL E	VALUATION	DHR USE ONLY
NR List Date	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria f	□yes	□no □insufficient info	Date/ Init
/	KEEPER – Determined eligible:		□no	Date/
□ Owner Objection	NR Criteria for Evaluation: □a		(see National Register Bullet	tin 15, p. 2)

DESC	RIPTI	ON (continued)

Chimney: No. 0 Material(s) * -					
Structural System(s) * Wood frame Foundation: Type(s) * Continuous		Material(s) * Fieldstone			
Main Entrance (stylistic details) On N elevat	ion, not visible from r	road			
Porch Descriptions (types, locations, roof types, et covered by a shed roof, no door pier	tc.) Two side porches (I	E & W) enclosed by horizontal	board siding and fieldstone,		
Condition (overall resource condition):	nt 🗖 good 🗆 fair 🗆	Ideteriorated			
Narrative Description of Resource This ear exterior facade and foundation base alterations to the exterior, including	rly frame vernacular b Aside from gable ve	uilding features an unusual app ents and knee braces, this buildi	ing reflects many 1960s		
West elevations. These changes imp			500 100mis to 00m 2000 and		
Archaeological Remains			ck if Archaeological Form Completed		
		r preferred descriptions (coded fields a	at the Site File).		
RI	ESEARCH METH	ODS (check all that apply)			
 FMSF record search (sites/surveys) FL State Archives/photo collection property appraiser / tax records cultural resource survey other methods (describe) 	 library research city directory newspaper files historic photos 	 building permits occupant/owner interview neighbor interview interior inspection 	 Sanborn maps plat maps Public Lands Survey (DEP) HABS/HAER record search 		
Bibliographic References (give FMSF manuscrip	t # if relevant, use continuation sh	heet if needed) <u>Hillsborough Coun</u> t	ty Property Appraiser		
OP	INION OF RESOU	URCE SIGNIFICANCE			
Appears to meet the criteria for National Reg Appears to meet the criteria for National Reg Explanation of Evaluation (required, whether sig changes in its massing and stylistic e to a lack of historical associations or eligible for listing on the NRHP. Area(s) of Historical Significance (see National CP&D	gister listing as part of a dis gnificant or not; use separate shee <u>elements that compron</u> architectural merit, lin <i>Register Bulletin 15</i> , p. 8 for cate	istrict? Dyes Ino Dinsuffici et if needed) This frame vernacular nise its historic integrity. Thes mit the importance of this build egories: e.g. "architecture", "ethnic heritage", "c	e modifications, in addition ding, and therefore, it is not		
	DOCUMI	ENTATION			
Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible: For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information. Florida Site File for past architectural surveys, Florida Site File search, Hillsborough County Property Appraiser All field notes, maps, and photos on file at ACI; P08030 RECORDER INFORMATION					
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Recorder Affiliation Archaeological Cons	sultants, Inc.				
Use a Supplement for Site Fo	orms or other continuation s	sheet for descriptions that do not fit in	the spaces provided.		
 Required Attachments USGS 7.5' MAP WITH STRUCTURE LOCATION PINPOINTED IN RED LARGE SCALE STREET, PLAT OR PARCEL MAP (available from most property appraiser web sites) PHOTO OF MAIN FACADE, ARCHIVAL B&W PRINT OR DIGITAL IMAGE FILE If submitting an image file, it must be included on disk or CD AND in hard copy format (plain paper is acceptable). Digital image must be at least 1600 x 1200 pixels, 24-bit color, jpeg or tiff. 					

PHOTOGRAPH

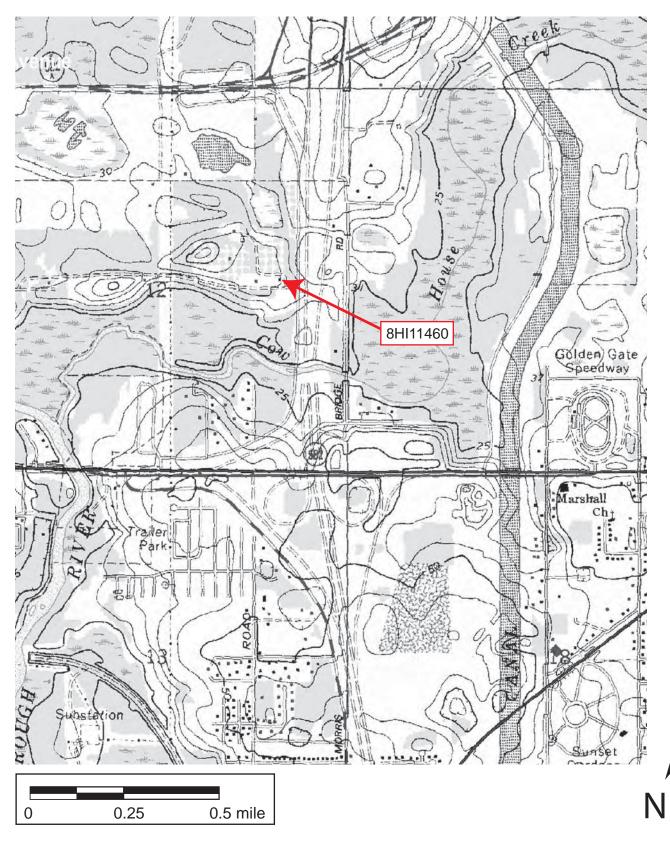


PARCEL STREET MAP



GIS USGS MAP

Township 28 South, Range 19 East, Section 12 Thonotosassa, 1977



Page 1	HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE Version 4.0 1/07 Shaded Fields represent the minimum acceptable level of documentation. Consult the <i>Guide to Historical Structure Forms</i> for detailed instructions.	Site #8 HI11461 Field Date $\frac{8}{10} / \frac{21}{22} / \frac{08}{2008}$ Form Date $\frac{10}{10} / \frac{22}{2008}$ Recorder # $1-1214$
Survey Project Name <u>CRAS PD&E Study</u> National Register Category (please check one)	Morris Bridge Road Mi I-75 from north of US 301 to Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough Su ☑ building □ structure □ district □ site □ object Iprivate-individual □private-nonspecific □city □county □state □federation	rvey # (DHR only)
USGS 7.5' Map Name & Date <u>Thonotosa</u> City / Town (within 3 miles) <u>Temple Terraco</u> Township <u>28S</u> Range <u>19E</u> Section Tax Parcel # <u>U-12-29-19-ZZZ-00000</u> Subdivision Name <u>UTM: Zone □16</u> 1 7 Easting 36708	27th and 122nd Avenues, West side of Old Morris E assa 1974, PR 1987 Plat or Other Map e In City Limits? □yes □no Øunknown County on 12 ¼ section: □NW □SW ØSE □NE □Irre 01-33220.0 Landgrant unknown 8 0 Y: 0 Y: Coordinate System & Datum	Hillsborough gular-name: Lot
Original Use* Residence Current Use* Commercial Other Use*	HISTORY imately □year listed or earlier □year listed or later From (year): 1952 To (year): unknown From (year): unknown To (year): unknown From (year): unknown To (year): unknown From (year): Unit of (year): unknown To (year): unknown From (year): Original address (if moved) To (year): unknown es Original address (if moved) mature* replacement windows and es 000 Nature* E/bay window Builder (last name first): unknown unknown es, profession, etc.) Barton, Robert E and Cathy J unknown	siding
Is the Resource Affected by a Local Preserv	vation Ordinance? Uyes no unknown Describe DESCRIPTION	
Style* Masonry Vernacular Exterior Fabric(s) * Vinyl siding Roof Type(s) * side-gable Roof secondary strucs. (dormers etc.) *	Exterior Plan* irregular Roof Material(s) * 5V Crimp Meta window; 1-light fixed, metal, independent	
	wildings, major landscape features; use continuation sheet if needed.) W/Uti	

* Consult Guide to Historical Structure Forms for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

DHR	USE ONLY	OFFICI/	AL EV	ALUATION	DHR USE ON	NLY
NR List Date // Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria KEEPER – Determined eligible: NR Criteria for Evaluation: □a	·	□yes		Date / / Date / / in 15, p. 2)	

Site #8 HI11461

DESCRIPTION (continued)

Chimney: No. 0 Material(s) * -					
Structural System(s) * Concrete block Foundation: Type(s) * Poured slab	M	laterial(s) * <u>Concrete</u>			
Main Entrance (stylistic details) <u>E/entrance</u> ,	obscured by parked veh	hicles in the front yard			
Porch Descriptions (types, locations, roof types, et	tc.) <u>E/full width inset op</u>	en porch covered by main roo	<u>f</u>		
Condition (overall resource condition): Dexceller Narrative Description of Resource Some fe Vernacular style building features w to the NE, 1-light fixed windows, an	eatures and details were walls clad vinyl siding, a	a gable roof faced with 5V Cri	ss. This c. 1952 Masonry imp Metal, a bay window		
Archaeological Remains		□ C hec	ck if Archaeological Form Completed		
* Consult Guide to His	storical Structure Forms for r	preferred descriptions (coded fields a	at the Site File).		
R	ESEARCH METHC	ODS (check all that apply)			
 FMSF record search (sites/surveys) FL State Archives/photo collection property appraiser / tax records cultural resource survey other methods (describe) 	 library research city directory newspaper files historic photos 	 building permits occupant/owner interview neighbor interview interior inspection 	 Sanborn maps plat maps Public Lands Survey (DEP) HABS/HAER record search 		
Bibliographic References (give FMSF manuscrip	t # if relevant, use continuation she	et if needed) <u>Hillsborough Count</u>	y Property Appraiser		
OI	PINION OF RESOU	JRCE SIGNIFICANCE			
Appears to meet the criteria for National Rep Appears to meet the criteria for National Rep Explanation of Evaluation (required, whether sig changes in its massing and stylistic of to a lack of historical associations or eligible for listing on the NRHP. Area(s) of Historical Significance (see National CP&D	egister listing as part of a dist ignificant or not; use separate sheet elements that comprom r architectural merit, lim al Register Bulletin 15, p. 8 for categ	strict? Dyes Ino Dinsuffici- tit if needed) This mid-century build nise its historic integrity. These nit the importance of this build gories: e.g. "architecture", "ethnic heritage", "co	se modifications, in addition ding, and therefore, it is not		
	DOCUME	ENTATION			
Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible: For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information. Florida Site File for past architectural surveys, Florida Site File search, Hillsborough County Property Appraiser All field notes, maps, and photos on file at ACI; P08030 RECORDER INFORMATION					
Recorder Name Estabrook, Desiree an	nd Marielle Lumang				
Recorder Contact Information (address / phone ACIFlorida@comcast.net Recorder Affiliation Archaeological Cons	e / fax / e-mail) <u>8110 Blaikie</u>	Ct, Suite A, Sarasota, Florida	34243/941-379-6206/		
		heet for descriptions that do not fit in	the spaces provided.		
Use a Supplement for Site Forms or other continuation sheet for descriptions that do not fit in the spaces provided. Required Attachments USGS 7.5' MAP WITH STRUCTURE LOCATION PINPOINTED IN RED LARGE SCALE STREET, PLAT OR PARCEL MAP (available from most property appraiser web sites) PHOTO OF MAIN FACADE, ARCHIVAL B&W PRINT OR DIGITAL IMAGE FILE If submitting an image file, it must be included on disk or CD AND in hard copy format (plain paper is acceptable). Digital image must be at least 1600 x 1200 pixels, 24-bit color, jpeg or tiff.					

Page 3

HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM



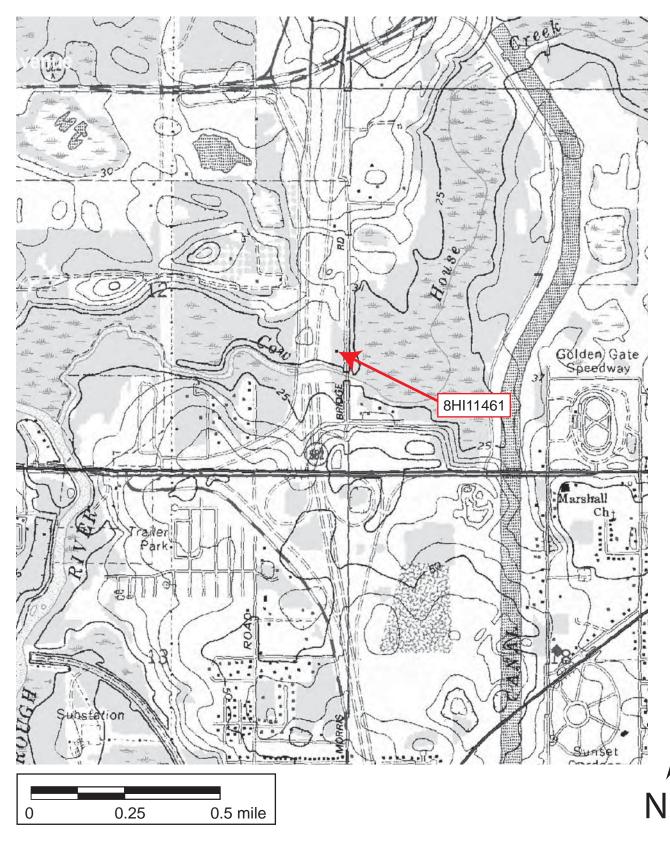


PARCEL STREET MAP



GIS USGS MAP

Township 28 South, Range 19 East, Section 12 Thonotosassa, 1977



Coriginal Update FLOR: Shaded Fields represented	CAL STRUCTURE FORM IDA MASTER SITE FILE Version 4.0 1/07 sent the minimum acceptable level of documentation. b Historical Structure Forms for detailed instructions.	Site #8 HI11462 Field Date $8 / 21 / 08$ Form Date $10 / 22 / 08$ Recorder # $1-2123$
Site Name(s) (address if none) <u>8903 McRae Road</u> Survey Project Name <u>CRAS PD&E Study I-75 from north of U</u> National Register Category (please check one) D building □ s Ownership: □private-profit □private-nonprofit D private-individual □pri	JS 301 to Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough S u structure district site object	
LOCA Address (include N,S,E,W; #; St., Ave., etc.) 8903 McRae Road	TION & MAPPING	
Cross Streets (nearest / between) SW of McRae Road and N USGS 7.5' Map Name & Date <u>Thonotosassa 1974, PR 19</u> City / Town (within 3 miles) <u>Temple Terrace</u> In City Township <u>28S</u> Range <u>19E</u> Section <u>13</u> ¼ sec Tax Parcel # <u>U-13-28-19-ZZZ-000001-33860.0</u> Subdivision Name <u>-</u> UTM: Zone □16 □17 Easting <u>366899</u> 0 Northin Other Coordinates: X: Y: Name of Public Tract (e.g., park)	Iorris Bridge Road intersection 087 Plat or Other Map _aerial p 0/ Limits? Dyes Dno County vtion: DNW DSW DSE DNE Direg Landgrant unknown Block Block 0 Coordinate System & Datum	Hillsborough gular-name: Lot
	HISTORY	
Original Use* residence From (ye Current Use* residence From (ye	Nature* E/wood deck; S/half of hou Builder (last name first); unknown	
Is the Resource Affected by a Local Preservation Ordinance?	□yes □no I unknown Describe	
D	ESCRIPTION	
Exterior Fabric(s) * Board and batten Roof Type(s) * cross-gable	rerior Plan* Irregular Roof Material(s) * composition sh	Number of Stories 1
Roof secondary strucs. (dormers etc.) * Windows (types, materials, etc.) * <u>1-light sliding, metal, paired</u>	l; 1/1 SHS, vinyl, independent	
	Horizontal board in gable ends, vert	ical board exterior siding
Ancillary Features / Outbuildings (record outbuildings, major landscape	e features; use continuation sheet if needed.) $\underline{\mathrm{shed}} \mathrm{tr}$	o east

* Consult Guide to Historical Structure Forms for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

DHR	USE ONLY	OFFICIAL E	VALUATION	DHR USE ONLY
NR List Date	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for	□yes	□no □insufficient info	Date/ Init
//	KEEPER – Determined eligible:		□no	Date/
□ Owner Objection	NR Criteria for Evaluation: □a		(see National Register Bullet	<i>tin 15</i> , p. 2)

Site #8 HI11462

DESCRIPTION ((continued)
	(001101101000)

Chimney: No. <u>1</u> Material(s) * <u>metal pip</u> Structural System(s) * <u>Wood</u> frame and p	pe with cap masonry compositon			
Foundation: Type(s) * Poured slab	Μ	Material(s) * Concrete		
Main Entrance (stylistic details) E/paired Fre	ench doors on deck; SV	W/half-glass door on rear addit	tion	
Porch Descriptions (types, locations, roof types, et SW/entry stoop to rear door, unprot	etc.) <u>E/open deck, no roo</u> otected	of; N/porch with balustrade rail	ling, covered by gable roof;	
Condition (overall resource condition): □exceller Narrative Description of Resource This fra additions and alterations to much of massing obscure the original propor siding, vinyl windows, and irregular	ame and masonry verna f its exterior. The chan ortions of the building.	nges in fenestration, exterior w	vall cladding, and enlarged	
Archaeological Remains		□ C he	eck if Archaeological Form Completed	
		preferred descriptions (coded fields	at the Site File).	
		ODS (check all that apply)		
 FMSF record search (sites/surveys) FL State Archives/photo collection property appraiser / tax records cultural resource survey other methods (describe) Bibliographic References (give FMSF manuscrip 	☐ library research ☐ city directory ☐ newspaper files ☐ historic photos	□ building permits □ occupant/owner interview □ neighbor interview □ interior inspection	□ Sanborn maps □ plat maps ☑ Public Lands Survey (DEP) □ HABS/HAER record search	
) # II IEIEvani, use continuation c			
		URCE SIGNIFICANCE		
Appears to meet the criteria for National Re Appears to meet the criteria for National Re Explanation of Evaluation (required, whether sig changes in its massing and stylistic of to a lack of historical associations or eligible for listing on the NRHP. Area(s) of Historical Significance (see National CP&D	egister listing as part of a dis ignificant or not; use separate shee elements that comprom r architectural merit, lin	strict? Dyes Ino Dinsuffic et if needed) This mid-century built nise its historic integrity. Thes mit the importance of this built	se modifications, in addition ding, and therefore, it is not	
	DOCUMI	ENTATION		
Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible: For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information				
	RECORDER I	INFORMATION		
Recorder Name Estabrook, Desiree an Recorder Contact Information (address / phone ACIFIorida@comcast.net	Id Marielle Lumang (fax / e-mail) 8110 Blaikie	e Ct, Suite A, Sarasota, Florida	a 34243/941-379-6206/	
Recorder Affiliation Archaeological Con	sultants, Inc.			
Use a Supplement for Site Fo	orms or other continuation s	sheet for descriptions that do not fit ir	n the spaces provided.	
Required Q LARC	GE SCALE STREET, P	RUCTURE LOCATION PINPOIN PLAT OR PARCEL MAP (available E, ARCHIVAL B&W PRINT <u>OR</u>	e from most property appraiser web sites)	

If submitting an image file, it must be included on disk or CD <u>AND</u> in hard copy format (plain paper is acceptable). Digital image must be at least 1600 x 1200 pixels, 24-bit color, jpeg or tiff.

PHOTOGRAPH



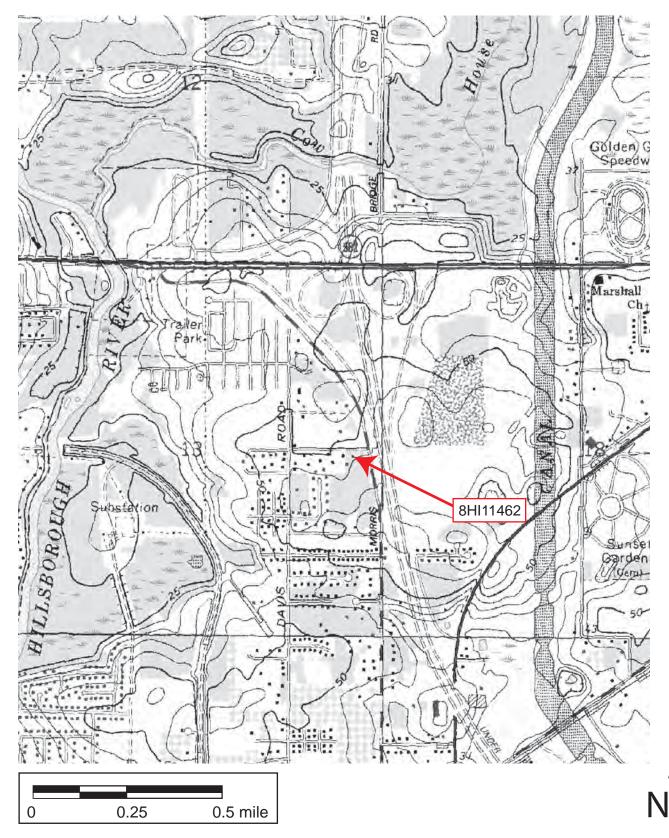
PARCEL STREET MAP



N

GIS USGS MAP

Township 28 South, Range 19 East, Section 13 Thonotosassa, 1977



Page 1	HISTORICAL STRUCTURE F FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE Version 4.0 1/07 Shaded Fields represent the minimum acceptable level of docu Consult the <i>Guide to Historical Structure Forms</i> for detailed in	Field Date $\frac{8}{10}$ / $\frac{21}{22}$ / $\frac{08}{08}$ Form Date $\frac{10}{10}$ / $\frac{22}{22}$ / $\frac{08}{08}$ Recorder # $1-2428$ mentation.
Survey Project Name <u>CRAS PD&E Study</u> National Register Category (please check one	ris Bridge Road I-75 from north of US 301 to Fletcher Avenue, Hillsb)	object
USGS 7.5' Map Name & Date <u>Thonotos</u> City / Town (within 3 miles) <u>Temple Terrac</u> Township <u>28S</u> Range <u>19E</u> Sec Tax Parcel # <u>U-13-28-19-ZZZ-0000</u> Subdivision Name UTM: Zone □16 □17 Easting <u>36700</u>	Lanway Drive and Morris Bridge Road integration cassa 1974, PR 1987 Plat or Other Ma ce In City Limits? □yes □no Øunknow tion 13 ¼ section: □NW □SW □SE □th 001-34010.0 Landgrant Block 31 0 Northing 3102585 0 Y: Coordinate System & Da	p_aerial photograph n County_Hillsborough NE □Irregular-name: Lot
Original Use* residence Current Use* residence Other Use* Moves: □yes Ino □unknown Da Alterations: Ifyes □no □unknown Da Additions: Ifyes □no □unknown Da Architect (last name first): unknown	From (year): 1938 To (year): 20 From (year): To (year): To (year): 20 tes C1970 Original address (if moved) 0 Nature* Possible replacem S/two-car garage;	008 008 ent awning windows S/open carport inknown
Style* Masonry Vernacular Exterior Fabric(s) * Concrete block wit Roof Type(s) * Hip on main, shed on p		Number of Stories 1
one picture windows on E elevatio Distinguishing Architectural Features (exteri window on E elevation; punch cor	or or interior ornaments) Projecting window sills, me acrete block screen behind carport (South), re	etal scroll porch posts; picture ounded concrete block edges
Ancillary Features / Outbuildings (record out	ouildings, major landscape features; use continuation sheet if neede	betached 2 car garage to south

* Consult Guide to Historical Structure Forms for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

DHR	USE ONLY	OFFICIAL E	VALUATION	DHR USE ONLY
NR List Date	SHPO – Appears to meet criteri KEEPER – Determined eligible: NR Criteria for Evaluation: □a	□ye	s □no	Date / Init Date / / <i>etin 15</i> , p. 2)

Site #8 HI11463

DESCRIPTION (continued)

Chimney: No.0 Material(s) * -Structural System(s) * Concrete block Foundation: Type(s) * Continuous Material(s) * pierced concrete block Main Entrance (stylistic details) 9-panel wood swing on east within porch Porch Descriptions (types, locations, roof types, etc.))E/open entry porch supported by metal scroll posts, protected by a flat roof ⊠good Condition (overall resource condition): □fair □deteriorated □ruinous Narrative Description of Resource This c.1958 masonry vernacular building reflects minimal changes to the exterior, aside from replacement windows. Original details include: metal scroll work posts supporting the front porch roof, a picture window on the East elevation, and painted concrete block exterior walls finished with rounded edges. Archaeological Remains Check if Archaeological Form Completed * Consult Guide to Historical Structure Forms for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File). **RESEARCH METHODS** (check all that apply) FMSF record search (sites/surveys) □ Sanborn maps □ library research □ building permits □ FL State Archives/photo collection □ city directory □ occupant/owner interview □ plat maps **v** property appraiser / tax records □ newspaper files □ neighbor interview Public Lands Survey (DEP) **Z** cultural resource survey □ historic photos □ interior inspection □ HABS/HAER record search □ other methods (describe) Bibliographic References (give FMSF manuscript # if relevant, use continuation sheet if needed) Hillsborough County Property Appraiser **OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE** Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing individually? **1**no □ves Dinsufficient information Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing as part of a district? **1**no □ves □insufficient information Explanation of Evaluation (required, whether significant or not; use separate sheet if needed) Although this masonry vernacular building reflects minimal alterations to the exterior, it remains an unexceptional example of the style. Additionally, a lack of historical associations or architectural merit limits the importance of this building, and therefore, it is not considered eligible for listing on the NRHP. Area(s) of Historical Significance (see National Register Bulletin 15, p. 8 for categories: e.g. "architecture", "ethnic heritage", "community planning & development", etc.) CP&D DOCUMENTATION Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible: For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information. Florida Site File for past architectural surveys, Florida Site File search, Hillsborough County Property Appraiser All field notes, maps, and photos on file at ACI; P08030

RECORDER INFORMATION

Recorder Name Estabrook, Desiree and Marielle Lumang Recorder Contact Information (address / phone / fax / e-mail) 8110 Blaikie Ct, Suite A, Sarasota, Florida 34243/941-379-6206/ ACIFlorida@comcast.net

Recorder Affiliation Archaeological Consultants, Inc.

Required

Use a Supplement for Site Forms or other continuation sheet for descriptions that do not fit in the spaces provided.

O USGS 7.5' MAP WITH STRUCTURE LOCATION PINPOINTED IN RED

2 LARGE SCALE STREET, PLAT OR PARCEL MAP (available from most property appraiser web sites)

Attachments OF MAIN FACADE, ARCHIVAL B&W PRINT OR DIGITAL IMAGE FILE

If submitting an image file, it must be included on disk or CD <u>AND</u> in hard copy format (plain paper is acceptable). Digital image must be at least 1600 x 1200 pixels, 24-bit color, jpeg or tiff.

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HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

PHOTOGRAPH



PARCEL STREET MAP



GIS USGS MAP

Township 28 South, Range 19 East, Section 13 Thonotosassa, 1977



Page 1	HISTORICAL STRUCTU FLORIDA MASTER SIT Version 4.0 1/07	Field Data 8 /21 /08
	Shaded Fields represent the minimum acceptable le Consult the <i>Guide to Historical Structure Forms</i> for	
National Register Category (please check	tudy I-75 from north of US 301 to Fletcher Avenu one) 💋 building 🗆 structure 🔲 district 🔲 s	Multiple Listing (DHR only) ue, Hillsborough Survey # (DHR only) site □ object ounty □state □federal □Native American □foreign □unknown
	LOCATION & MAPPIN	NG
USGS 7.5' Map Name & Date <u>Thone</u> City / Town (within 3 miles) <u>Temple Te</u> Township <u>28S</u> Range <u>20E</u> Tax Parcel # <u>U-12-28-19-ZZZ-0</u> Subdivision Name <u>-</u> UTM: Zone □16 □17 Easting ³⁶	Copeland Road and U.S. 301 intersection ptosassa 1974, PR 1987 ptosassa 1974, PR 1987 Plat or 0 rrace In City Limits? Section 19 ¼ section: DNW DSW 00001-32960.0 Landgra Block 7098 0 Northing 3105221 0	Other Map_aerial photograph
	HISTORY	
Original Use* Current Use* Other Use* Moves: Uses Ino Unknown Alterations: Uses Ino Unknown Additions: Ves Ino Unknown Architect (last name first): Unknown	Dates Original address (if monopolity) Dates Nature* Dates Nature* Nature* N/rear, flatt	(year): <u>unknown</u> (year): <u>2008</u> (year): oved)
Is the Resource Affected by a Local P	eservation Ordinance? 🛛 yes 🖾 no 🖉 unknow	n Describe
	DESCRIPTION	
Style* <u>Masonry Vernacular</u> Exterior Fabric(s) * <u>stucco, concrete</u>	Exterior Plan* irregular	Number of Stories 1
metal, independent Distinguishing Architectural Features (.)*casement, metal, independent; 4-light aw	 composition shingles vning, metal, independent; 12-light casement, ock corners, wood vertical board in gable
Ancillary Features / Outbuildings (recorvernacular yard art on South el	d outbuildings, major landscape features; use continuation she evation (statue made of car parts)	eet if needed.) Garage/workshop area to N,
← Consult Gu	ide to Historical Structure Forms for preferred descript	tions (coded fields at the Site File).

DHR	USE ONLY	OFFICIAL E	ALUATION	DHR USE ONLY
NR List Date	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for	□yes	□no □insufficient info	Date / Init
//	KEEPER – Determined eligible:		□no	Date / /
□ Owner Objection	NR Criteria for Evaluation: □a		(see National Register Bulletin	n 15, p. 2)

Site #8 HI11464

DESCRIPTION (continued)

Chimney: No.1 Material(s) * Concrete	block					
Structural System(s) * Concrete block						
Foundation: Type(s) * Poured slab Material(s) * Concrete Main Entrance (stylistic details) Metal swing door to S; paired aluminum commercial doors to E (2)						
Porch Descriptions (types, locations, roof types, e	Porch Descriptions (types, locations, roof types, etc.) <u>Roof eaves projects over the front (South) facade, and shed roof spans width</u> of East elevation and is supported by squared aluminum posts					
Condition (overall resource condition):	·····	teriorated				
Narrative Description of Resource <u>This co</u> shop, and its previous use is unknow	mmon type of masonry v	vernacular building now stand	ds as an automotive repair and vertical board in gable			
ends. The exterior walls are covere	d in stucco, and two pair	ed commercial doors are place	ced on the East elevation.			
The deteriorated exterior paint and	wood in gable ends lends	· · ·				
Archaeological Remains		C hec	k if Archaeological Form Completed			
		eferred descriptions (coded fields a	t the Site File).			
R	ESEARCH METHO	DS (check all that apply)				
FMSF record search (sites/surveys)	□ library research	building permits	Sanborn maps			
□ FL State Archives/photo collection	□ city directory	occupant/owner interview	□ plat maps			
property appraiser / tax records	newspaper files	□ neighbor interview	Public Lands Survey (DEP) HABS/HAER record search			
 ✓ cultural resource survey □ other methods (describe) 	☐ historic photos	□ interior inspection				
Bibliographic References (give FMSF manuscrip	t # if relevant, use continuation sheet	if needed) <u>Hillsborough Count</u>	y Property Appraiser			
OI	VINION OF RESOUF	RCE SIGNIFICANCE				
Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing individually? Dyes Dyes Dino Dinsufficient information Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing as part of a district? Dyes Dino Dinsufficient information Explanation of Evaluation (required, whether significant or not; use separate sheet if needed) This mid-century building reflects moderate changes in its massing and stylistic elements that compromise its historic integrity. These modifications, in addition to a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of this building, and therefore, it is not eligible for listing on the NRHP. Area(s) of Historical Significance (see National Register Bulletin 15, p. 8 for categories: e.g. "architecture", "ethnic heritage", "community planning & development", etc.) CP&D						
	DOCUMEN	TATION				
Accessible Documentation Not Filed with th For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) <u>Florida Site File for past architectur</u> <u>All field notes, maps, and photos or</u>	document type(s),* (2) maintaining of al surveys, Florida Site I	rganization,* (3) file or accession nos., and File search, Hillsborough Cou	(4) descriptive information.			
Recorder Name Estabrook, Desiree an	d Marielle Lumano					
Recorder Contact Information (address / phone ACIFlorida@comcast.net	/ fax / e-mail) <u>8110 Blaikie C</u>	Ct, Suite A, Sarasota, Florida	34243/941-379-6206/			
Recorder Affiliation Archaeological Con	sultants, Inc.					
Use a Supplement for Site Fo	orms or other continuation she	et for descriptions that do not fit in	the spaces provided.			
Use a Supplement for Site Forms or other continuation sheet for descriptions that do not fit in the spaces provided. Required Attachments USGS 7.5' MAP WITH STRUCTURE LOCATION PINPOINTED IN RED LARGE SCALE STREET, PLAT OR PARCEL MAP (available from most property appraiser web sites) PHOTO OF MAIN FACADE, ARCHIVAL B&W PRINT OR DIGITAL IMAGE FILE If submitting an image file, it must be included on disk or CD AND in hard copy format (plain paper is acceptable). Digital image must be at least 1600 x 1200 pixels, 24-bit color, jpeg or tiff.						

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HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

PHOTOGRAPH

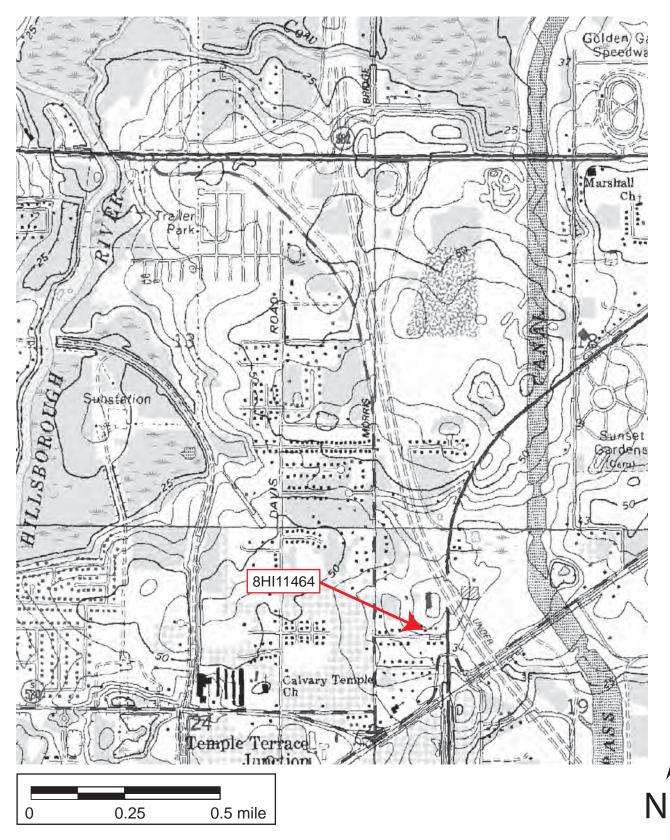


PARCEL STREET MAP



GIS USGS MAP

Township 28 South, Range 20 East, Section 19 Thonotosassa, 1977



Page 1 Original Update	HISTORICAL STRUCTURE F FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE Version 4.0 1/07 Shaded Fields represent the minimum acceptable level of docum Consult the <i>Guide to Historical Structure Forms</i> for detailed inst	Field Date $8 / 21 / 08$ Form Date $10 / 22 / 08$ Recorder # $1-29-36$ mentation.
National Register Category (please check one)	wy. 301 -75 from north of US 301 to Fletcher Avenue, Hillsbo	object
	LOCATION & MAPPING	
City / Town (within 3 miles) Temple Terrace Township 28S Range 19E Section Tax Parcel # U-19-28-20-ZZZ-00000 Subdivision Name	of Copeland Road and U.S. 301 ssa 1974, PR 1987 Plat or Other Mag In City Limits? Ipes n 13 ¼ section: INW 2-11530.0 Landgrant unkn Block - 0 Northing 3102585 0 Y: Coordinate System & Date	n County_Hillsborough NE □Irregular-name: own Lot
	HISTORY	
Moves: □yes ⊠no □unknown Date: Alterations: ⊠yes □no □unknown Date: Additions: ⊠yes □no □unknown Date: Architect (last name first): unknown	nately □year listed or earlier □year listed o From (year):1955 To (year): unknown To (year):20 From (year): To (year): 20 From (year): To (year): 20 To (ye	<u>known</u> 08
Is the Resource Affected by a Local Preserv	ation Ordinance? 🗆 yes 🗖 no 🗖 unknown Descr	ibe
Style* <u>Masonry Vernacular</u> Exterior Fabric(s) * <u>stucco</u> , textured and Roof Type(s) * <u>flat</u> Roof secondary strucs. (dormers etc.) * Windows (types, materials, etc.) * <u>1-light fixed</u>	DESCRIPTION Exterior Plan* irregular smooth Roof Material(s) * built-up , metal, independent and paired; 2/2 SHS, a	
attached 1 bay garage to S, flat roof pumps and hold the exterior signage	or interior ornaments) Iron security bars on East el projection (canopy) to E supported by meta Idings, major landscape features; use continuation sheet if needed	al poles that protects the former gas

* Consult Guide to Historical Structure Forms for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

DHR	USE ONLY	OFFICIAL	EVALUATION	DHR USE ONLY
NR List Date // Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet crit KEEPER – Determined eligib NR Criteria for Evaluation:	le: Dy	es □no	Date / / Init Date / / etin 15, p. 2)

Site #8 HI11465

	DESCRIPTION ((continued)
--	---------------	-------------

Chimney: No. 0 Material(s) * -			
Structural System(s) * concrete block			
Foundation: Type(s) * poured slab Main Entrance (stylistic details) 1-light wood	N N	laterial(s) * <u>concrete</u>	2017
Porch Descriptions (types, locations, roof types, et	Nonon canony on East	st aloution that protocted the	ay former and new
covers the front entry area	c.) Open canopy on Eas	st cievation mat protected me	former gas pumps, and now
Condition (overall resource condition):	it Ø good ⊡fair ⊡o	deteriorated Druinous	: 1
Narrative Description of Resource This con automotive shop. It original window	nmercial style masonr	g appear to have been changed	a mid-century gas station/
pumps have been removed, although			
condition although many of the orig			
Archaeological Remains			ck if Archaeological Form Completed
★ Consult Guide to His	torical Structure Forms for	preferred descriptions (coded fields	at the Site File).
RI	ESEARCH METH	ODS (check all that apply)	
FMSF record search (sites/surveys)	□ library research	□ building permits	□ Sanborn maps
□ FL State Archives/photo collection	□ city directory	□ occupant/owner interview	□ plat maps
property appraiser / tax records	□ newspaper files	☐ neighbor interview	Public Lands Survey (DEP)
Cultural resource survey	historic photos	interior inspection	HABS/HAER record search
Diblig menthic Defense and ()		Utiliate and Count	
Bibliographic References (give FMSF manuscript	t # if relevant, use continuation sh	leet if needed) <u>Hillsborough Count</u>	ty Property Appraiser
	ΙΝΙΟΝ ΟΕ ΡΕςΟΙ	JRCE SIGNIFICANCE	
	INION OF RESOL	DICE SIGNIFICANCE	
Appears to meet the criteria for National Reg Appears to meet the criteria for National Reg Explanation of Evaluation (required, whether sig changes in its massing and stylistic et to a lack of historical associations or eligible for listing on the NRHP. Area(s) of Historical Significance (see National CP&D	gister listing as part of a dis inificant or not; use separate shee elements that comprom architectural merit, lin	strict? Dyes Ino Dinsuffic et if needed) This mid-century built nise its historic integrity. Thes mit the importance of this build	e modifications, in addition ding, and therefore, it is not
	DOCUM	ENTATION	
	DOCUMI		
Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) <u>Florida Site File for past architectur</u> <u>All field notes, maps, and photos on</u>	document type(s),* (2) maintaining al surveys, Florida Site file at ACI; P08030	g organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and e File search, Hillsborough Co	(4) descriptive information.
	RECORDER I	NFORMATION	
Recorder Name Estabrook, Desiree and	d Marielle Lumang		
Recorder Contact Information (address / phone	/ fax / e-mail) <u>8110 Blaikie</u>	e Ct, Suite A, Sarasota, Florida	4 34243/941-379-6206/
ACIFlorida@comcast.net			
Recorder Affiliation Archaeological Cons	sultants, Inc.		
Use a Supplement for Site Fo	rms or other continuation s	heet for descriptions that do not fit in	the spaces provided.
O USGS	7.5' MAP WITH STR	UCTURE LOCATION PINPOI	NTED IN RED
RequiredImage: LARGAttachmentsPHOTIf subm	GE SCALE STREET, P TO OF MAIN FACADE itting an image file, it must	PLAT OR PARCEL MAP (available ARCHIVAL B&W PRINT <u>OR</u> to be included on disk or CD <u>AND</u> in h 00 x 1200 pixels, 24-bit color, jpeg or	from most property appraiser web sites) DIGITAL IMAGE FILE ard copy format (plain paper is acceptable).

Ν

HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

PHOTOGRAPH

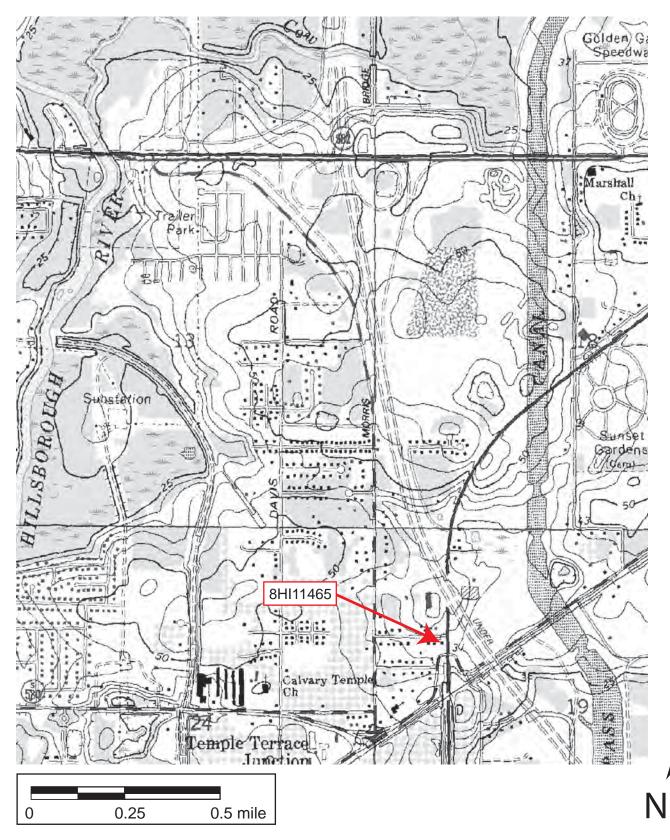


PARCEL STREET MAP



GIS USGS MAP

Township 28 South, Range 20 East, Section 19 Thonotosassa, 1977



Page 1	HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FOR FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE Version 4.0 1/07	Field Date $9 / 20 / 2008$ Form Date $10 / 22 / 2008$ Recorder # $4, 1-4$
National Register Category (please check one)	<u>gh Avenue</u> I-75 from north of US 301 to Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough	
USGS 7.5' Map Name & Date <u>Thonotos</u> City / Town (within 3 miles) <u>Mango</u> Township <u>28S</u> R ange <u>20E</u> Secti Tax Parcel # <u>U-32-28-20-ZZZ-0000</u> Subdivision Name <u>-</u> UTM: Zone □16 1 217 Easting <u>36915</u>	gh Avenue and Carmack Road intersection assa 1974 (1987) PR Plat or Other Map aeri In City Limits? Ipes on 32 ¼ section: 02-24750.0 Landgrant unknown Block 4 0 Y: Coordinate System & Datum	Irregular-name:
Original Use* Current Use* Other Use* Moves: Uses Ino Induknown Date Alterations: Induknown Date Additions: Induknown Date	From (year): 1956 To (year): 2008 From (year): To (year): To (year): es Original address (if moved) es 1996, 2006 Nature* Frees Nature* Screen porch, wood dec	adding, NE addition
Is the Resource Affected by a Local Preser	vation Ordinance? □yes □no □unknown Describe	
2/2 SHS, aluminum, paired Distinguishing Architectural Features (exterior	Exterior Plan* Irregular of fieldstone at building corners Roof Material(s) * Modern crin etal, independent; 4/4 SHS, metal, independent; 1	/1 SHS, metal; independent; deck (N), application of
Ancillary Features / Outbuildings (record outb sheet roof, 2/2 SHS aluminum wind	uildings, major landscape features; use continuation sheet if needed.) $\underline{S^{/]}}$ dow visible	Large frame shed to rear, metal

* Consult Guide to Historical Structure Forms for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

DHR	USE ONLY	OFFICIAL EV	ALUATION	DHR USE ONLY	
NR List Date	SHPO – Appears to meet cri KEEPER – Determined eligit NR Criteria for Evaluation:	• •		Date// Init Date// <i>tin 15</i> , p. 2)	-

DESCRIPTION (continued)

	DESCRIPTI	On (continued)	
Chimney: No. 0 Material(s) *			
Structural System(s) * Concrete block,	wood frame on rear add	ition	
Foundation: Type(s) * Continuous	Μ	aterial(s) * Concrete block	
Main Entrance (stylistic details) Paired mul	ti-light (SDL) french do	ors on N and E elevations	
Porch Descriptions (types, locations, roof types,	etc.) N/front porch is prot	tected by gable roof supported	d by squared wood posts;
E/aluminum carport-turned-porch,			rete slab
Condition (overall resource condition):	ent Øgood ⊡fair ⊡o	leteriorated Druinous	mood unsympathatia
Narrative Description of Resource This co additions to the south and east elev	vations that greatly enlar	ge its size Additionally the	changes in fenestration and
replacement of the front door have			
ends are all that remains of the orig			in the West and Dast guble
Archaeological Remains		<u>_</u>	ck if Archaeological Form Completed
* Consult Guide to H	listorical Structure Forms for	preferred descriptions (coded fields	at the Site File).
F	RESEARCH METHO	ODS (check all that apply)	
			□ Sanborn maps
 FMSF record search (sites/surveys) FL State Archives/photo collection 	 library research city directory 	 building permits occupant/owner interview 	□ sanborn maps □ plat maps
□ property appraiser / tax records	newspaper files	□ neighbor interview	Public Lands Survey (DEP)
☑ cultural resource survey	☐ historic photos	□ interior inspection	HABS/HAER record search
□ other methods (describe)			
Bibliographic References (give FMSF manuscr	ript # if relevant, use continuation she	eet if needed) Hillsborough Coun	ty Property Appraiser
		·	
0	PINION OF RESOL	IRCE SIGNIFICANCE	
Appears to meet the criteria for National R	egister listing individually?	□yes ∡ no □insuffi	cient information
Appears to meet the criteria for National R		, -	cient information
Explanation of Evaluation (required, whether s	significant or not: use separate shee	tif needed) This mid-century buil	
changes in its massing and stylistic	elements that comprom	ise its historic integrity. The	se modifications, in addition
to a lack of historical associations of			
eligible for listing on the NRHP.			
Area(s) of Historical Significance (see Nation	al Register Bulletin 15, p. 8 for cate	gories: e.g. "architecture", "ethnic heritage", "o	community planning & development", etc.)
	DOCUME		
	DOCUME	INTATION	
Accessible Documentation Not Filed with t For each separately maintained collection, describe (
Florida Site File for past architectu			
All field notes, maps, and photos of	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · ·
		NFORMATION	
Recorder Name Estabrook, Desiree a	nd Marielle Lumang		
Recorder Contact Information (address / phon ACIFlorida@comcast.net	ne / fax / e-mail) <u>8110 Blaikie</u>	Ct, Suite A, Sarasota, Florida	a 34243/941-379-6206/

Recorder Affiliation Archaeological Consultants, Inc.

Use a Supplement for Site Forms or other continuation sheet for descriptions that do not fit in the spaces provided.

USGS 7.5' MAP WITH STRUCTURE LOCATION PINPOINTED IN RED LARGE SCALE STREET, PLAT OR PARCEL MAP (available from most property appraiser web sites)

Required Q LARGE SCALE STREET, PLAT OR PARCEL MAP (av Attachments **9** PHOTO OF MAIN FACADE. ARCHIVAL B&W PRINT

S PHOTO OF MAIN FACADE, ARCHIVAL B&W PRINT <u>OR</u> DIGITAL IMAGE FILE

If submitting an image file, it must be included on disk or CD <u>AND</u> in hard copy format (plain paper is acceptable). Digital image must be at least 1600 x 1200 pixels, 24-bit color, jpeg or tiff.

Page 3

HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

PHOTOGRAPH

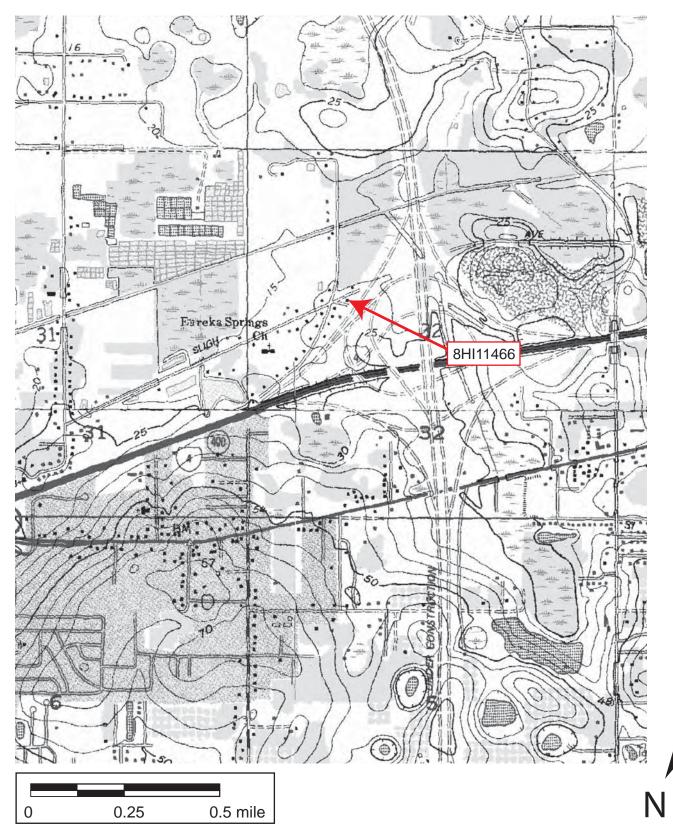


PARCEL STREET MAP



GIS USGS MAP

Township 28 South, Range 20 East, Section 32 Thonotosassa, 1977



Page 1	HISTORICAL STRU FLORIDA MASTE Version 4.0 Shaded Fields represent the minimum and Consult the Guide to Historical Structure	CR SITE FILE 1/07 cceptable level of documentation.	Site #8 HI11467 Field Date $\frac{8}{10}$ / 29 / 08 Form Date $\frac{10}{22}$ / 08 Recorder # 2-6
Site Name(s) (address if none) <u>6104 Falken</u> Survey Project Name <u>CRAS PD&E Study I</u> National Register Category (please check one) Ownership: □private-profit □private-nonprofit 2	-75 from north of US 301 to Fletch	er Avenue, Hillsborough Survey rict □ site □ object Icity □county □state □federal □t	# (DHR only)
Address (include N,S,E,W; #; St., Ave., etc.) 6104 Cross Streets (nearest / between) SW of E SI USGS 7.5' Map Name & Date Thonotosa City / Town (within 3 miles) Mango Township 28S Range 20E Section Tax Parcel # U-32-28-20-ZZZ-00000 Subdivision Name - UTM: Zone 16 17 Easting 368950 Other Coordinates: X: Name of Public Tract (e.g., park)	igh Avenue and N Falkenbu ssa 1974, PR 1987 In City Limits? □yes n 32 ¼ section: ☑NW [2-24790.0 0 Northing <u>3098201</u>	rg Road Plat or Other Map <u>aerial phot</u> □no Øunknown County <u>Hi</u> ISW □SE □NE □Irregular Landgrant <u>unknown</u> Block - 0	Ilsborough -name: _ Lot
	HISTORY	/	
Original Use* residence Current Use* Other Use* Moves: □yes ☑no □unknown Date Alterations: ☑yes □no □unknown Date	From (year): s Original addr s c1970; 2000 Nature* rep s c1970; 2008 Nature*	To (year):2008 To (year):2008 To (year): ess (if moved) acement roof, fieldstone; ro addition, concrete block; S/	open carport
Is the Resource Affected by a Local Preserv	ation Ordinance? □yes □no	Zunknown Describe	
	DESCRIPTI	ON	
Style* Frame/Masonry Vernacular Exterior Fabric(s) * Aluminum/vinyl sid Roof Type(s) * side-gable Roof secondary strucs. (dormers etc.) * Windows (types, materials, etc.) * 2/2 SHS, meterials, etc.) * 2/2 SHS, meterials Distinguishing Architectural Features (exterior surrounds on N elevation	Roof Ma	terial(s) * <u>composition shing</u> l	
Ancillary Features / Outbuildings (record outbu	ldings, major landscape features; use cont	nuation sheet if needed.) Open carr	port to south c.2008

* Consult Guide to Historical Structure Forms for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

DHR	USE ONLY	OFFICIAL B	VALUATION	DHR USE ONLY
NR List Date // □ Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria KEEPER – Determined eligible: NR Criteria for Evaluation: 🛛 a	□ye	s □no	Date/ Init Date/ tin 15, p. 2)

HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM	
INSTORICAL STRUCTORE I ORM	

DESCRIPTION (continued)

Chimney: No.0 Material(s) *							
Structural System(s) * Wood frame on o	original NE elevation;	concrete block construction on	SW elevation				
oundation: Type(s) * Pier; slab Material(s) * concrete block; poured concrete							
Main Entrance (stylistic details) <u>SE/wood swing paneled doors (2)</u>							
Porch Descriptions (types, locations, roof types,	etc.) <u>No front porch obs</u>	erved, overhanging roof eave p	rotects both entrances				
	nt M agod Effair E	deteriorated					
Narrative Description of Resource This fr	Condition (overall resource condition): \Box excellent Z good \Box fair \Box deteriorated \Box ruinous v arrative Description of Resource This frame/masonry composition vernacular building represents a common form for the						
area. Additionally it reflects an uns	sympathetic addition to	the SW that has doubled the s	ize of the building. The				
replacement windows do not match		ouse, and the application of vir	yl/aluminum siding				
further diminishes the integrity of t	he house.						
Archaeological Remains		□ C hee	ck if Archaeological Form Completed				
★ Consult Guide to H	istorical Structure Forms for	preferred descriptions (coded fields	at the Site File).				
R	ESEARCH METH	ODS (check all that apply)					
FMSF record search (sites/surveys)	□ library research	□ building permits	□ Sanborn maps				
□ FL State Archives/photo collection	□ city directory	occupant/owner interview	□ plat maps				
property appraiser / tax records	□ newspaper files	neighbor interview	Public Lands Survey (DEP)				
Cultural resource survey	historic photos	interior inspection	HABS/HAER record search				
other methods (describe)							
Bibliographic References (give FMSF manuscri	pt # if relevant, use continuation s	heet if needed) <u>Hillsborough Coun</u>	ty Property Appraiser				
0	PINION OF RESO	URCE SIGNIFICANCE					
Appears to meet the criteria for National Re	egister listing individually?	🗆 yes 💋 no 🗆 insuffic	ient information				
Appears to meet the criteria for National Re	egister listing as part of a di	strict? Dyes 🖌no Dinsuffic	ient information				
Explanation of Evaluation (required, whether s	ignificant or not; use separate she	et if needed) This mid-century buil	ding reflects significant				
changes in its massing and stylistic							
to a lack of historical associations o	r architectural merit, li	mit the importance of this build	ding, and therefore, it is not				
eligible for listing on the NRHP.							
Area(s) of Historical Significance (see National CP&D	al Register Bulletin 15, p. 8 for cate	egories: e.g. "architecture", "ethnic heritage", "c	community planning & development", etc.)				
	DOCUM	ENTATION					
Accessible Documentation Not Filed with th	he Site File - including field & a	nalysis notes, photos, plans, other important d	ocuments that are permanently accessible:				
For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintainir	ng organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and	(4) descriptive information.				
Florida Site File for past architectu		e File search, Hillsborough Co	unty Property Appraiser				
All field notes, maps, and photos o	n file at ACI; P08030						
	RECORDER	INFORMATION					
Recorder Name Estabrook, Desiree an	nd Marielle Lumang						
Recorder Contact Information (address / phone ACIFlorida@comcast.net	e / fax / e-mail) <u>8110 Blaiki</u>	e Ct, Suite A, Sarasota, Florida	34243/941-379-6206/				
Recorder Affiliation Archaeological Cor	nsultants, Inc.						

Use a Supplement for Site Forms or other continuation sheet for descriptions that do not fit in the spaces provided.

Digital image must be at least 1600 x 1200 pixels, 24-bit color, jpeg or tiff.

D USGS 7.5' MAP WITH STRUCTURE LOCATION PINPOINTED IN RED	
2 LARGE SCALE STREET. PLAT OR PARCEL MAP (available from most property appraiser web	sites)

③ PHOTO OF MAIN FACADE, ARCHIVAL B&W PRINT <u>OR</u> DIGITAL IMAGE FILE

If submitting an image file, it must be included on disk or CD AND in hard copy format (plain paper is acceptable).

Required Attachments

HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

PHOTOGRAPH

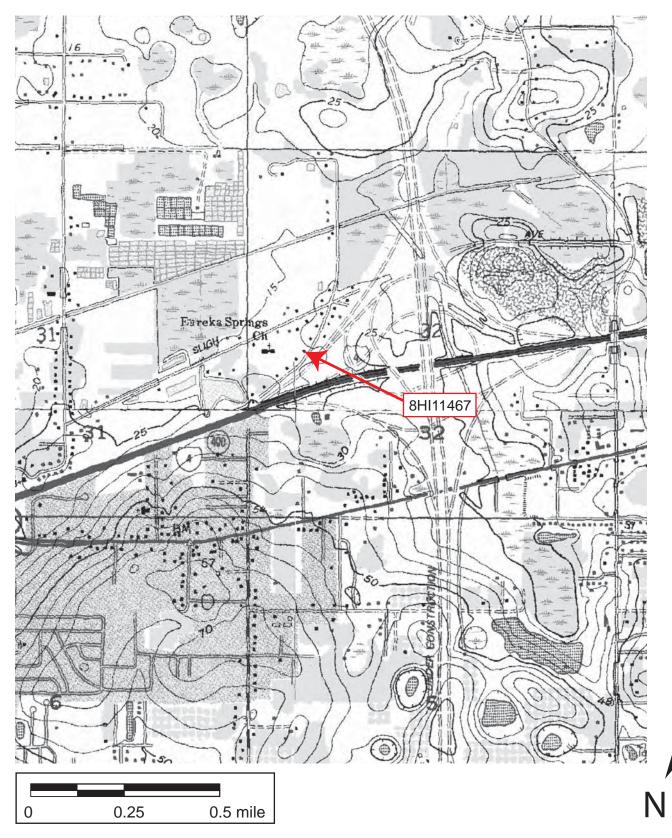


PARCEL STREET MAP



GIS USGS MAP

Township 28 South, Range 20 East, Section 32 Thonotosassa, 1977



Page 1 Original Update Site Name(s) (address if none) <u>3917 McCar</u>	HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FOR FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE Version 4.0 1/07 Shaded Fields represent the minimum acceptable level of documenta Consult the <i>Guide to Historical Structure Forms</i> for detailed instruction rtney Lane	Field Date $9 / 22 / 2008$ Form Date $9 / 24 / 2008$ Recorder # 3-006
Survey Project Name $\underline{CRAS PD\&E Str}$ National Register Category (please check one)	rtney Lane udy I-75 from north of US 301 to Fletcher Avenu Ø building □ structure □ district □ site □ object Ø private-individual □ private-nonspecific □ city □ county □ state □	
USGS 7.5' Map Name & Date <u>Brandon</u> City / Town (within 3 miles) <u>Tampa</u> Township <u>29S</u> Range <u>20E</u> Sect Tax Parcel # <u>U-08-29-20-ZZZ-0000</u> Subdivision Name <u>UTM: Zone □16</u> 1 1 Easting <u>37013</u>		Dunty_Hillsborough ⊐Irregular-name: Lot_0Lot_0
Original Use* Residence Current Use* Vacant Other Use* Moves: □yes □no Øunknown Dat Alterations: Øyes □no □unknown Dat Additions: Øyes □no □unknown Dat	From (year): To (year): Original address (if moved) Nature* Replacement windows S/room behind carport	wn
Is the Resource Affected by a Local Preser	rvation Ordinance? □yes □no □unknown Describe _ DESCRIPTION	
	Exterior Plan* Rectangular	S
carport to NW side	wildings, major landscape features; use continuation sheet if needed.) $\underline{\mathrm{N}}$	

* Consult Guide to Historical Structure Forms for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

DHR	USE ONLY	OFFICIAL EV	ALUATION	DHR USE ONLY
NR List Date / Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria fo KEEPER – Determined eligible: NR Criteria for Evaluation: □a	□yes		Date / Init Date / / n 15, p. 2)

HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

Site #8 HI11468

DESCRIPTION (continued)
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Chimney: No. 0 Material(s) * -						
Structural System(s) * concrete block						
Foundation: Type(s) * poured slab Material(s) * concrete Main Entrance (stylistic details) N/raised panel design on wood swing door						
Porch Descriptions (types, locations, roof types, etc.) projecting shed roof fronts main door, unsupported						
Condition (overall resource condition): Narrative Description of Resource This madeterioration (roof leakage) compro	sonry vernacular exam	eteriorated □ruinous ple appears common in form. ity. The awning windows, op	Its advanced state of en carport and exposed			
concrete block exterior walls are dis	stinguishing features. I	Dense yard foliage obscured se	ome details.			
Archaeological Remains			ck if Archaeological Form Completed			
★ Consult <i>Guide to His</i>	torical Structure Forms for p	preferred descriptions (coded fields	at the Site File).			
R	ESEARCH METHC	DDS (check all that apply)				
 FMSF record search (sites/surveys) FL State Archives/photo collection property appraiser / tax records cultural resource survey other methods (describe) 	 library research city directory newspaper files historic photos 	 building permits occupant/owner interview neighbor interview interior inspection 	 Sanborn maps plat maps Public Lands Survey (DEP) HABS/HAER record search 			
Bibliographic References (give FMSF manuscrip	t # if relevant, use continuation she	et if needed) Hillsborough Count	y Property Appraiser			
OF	PINION OF RESOU	RCE SIGNIFICANCE				
Appears to meet the criteria for National Re Appears to meet the criteria for National Re Explanation of Evaluation (required, whether sig unexceptional example of its kind. A appearance of the yard. A lack of sig importance of this building. It is not Area(s) of Historical Significance (see National	gister listing as part of a dist inificant or not; use separate sheet A lack of maintenance is gnificant historical asso considered eligible for	rict? Uyes Ino Dinsuffic if needed) This masonry vernacu is reflected by the deterioration relations and architectural dist listing in the NRHP.	g roof and overgrown inction limits the			
	DOCUME	NTATION				
Accessible Documentation Not Filed with th For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) Florida Site File for past architectur All field notes, maps, and photos or	e Site File - including field & ana document type(s),* (2) maintaining al surveys, Florida Site	llysis notes, photos, plans, other important d organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and <u>File search, Hillsborough Co</u>	(4) descriptive information.			
		NFORMATION				
Recorder Name Estabrook, Desiree & Recorder Contact Information (address / phone (F) 941-379-6216; ACIFlorida@cc Recorder Affiliation Archaeological Cont	/ fax / e-mail) <u>8110 Blaikie</u> mcast.net	Court, Suite A, Sarasota, FL	34240 (P) 941.379.6206			
		neet for descriptions that do not fit ir	the spaces provided			
			i uno spaces provinceu.			
 Required Attachments USGS 7.5' MAP WITH STRUCTURE LOCATION PINPOINTED IN RED LARGE SCALE STREET, PLAT OR PARCEL MAP (available from most property appraiser web sites) PHOTO OF MAIN FACADE, ARCHIVAL B&W PRINT OR DIGITAL IMAGE FILE If submitting an image file, it must be included on disk or CD AND in hard copy format (plain paper is acceptable). Digital image must be at least 1600 x 1200 pixels, 24-bit color, jpeg or tiff. 						

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HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

PHOTOGRAPH

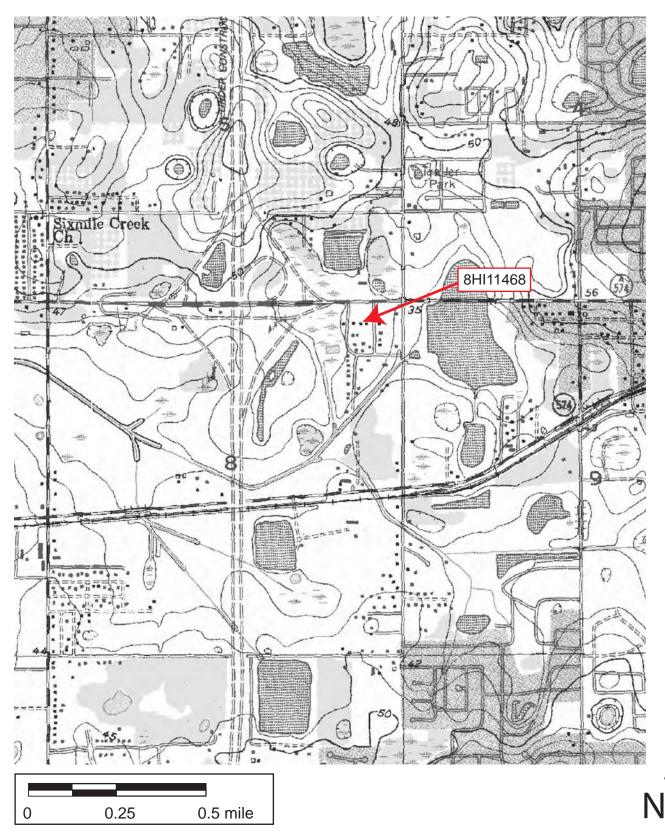


PARCEL STREET MAP



GIS USGS MAP

Township 29 South, Range 20 East, Section 8 Brandon, 1982



Page 1	HISTORICAL STR FLORIDA MAST Version 4.0 Shaded Fields represent the minimum a Consult the <i>Guide to Historical Structure</i>	ER SITE FILE 1/07	Site #8 HI11469 Field Date 9 / 22 / 2008 Form Date 9 / 24 / 2008 Recorder # 3-02 3-02
Site Name(s) (address if none) <u>3911 McCar</u> Survey Project Name <u>I-75 Fletcher</u> , Hill National Register Category (please check one) Ownership: □private-profit □private-nonprofit	Isborough and Manateee	trict 🛛 site 🗖 object	
	LOCATION & M	IAPPING	
Address (include N,S,E,W; #; St., Ave., etc.) 391 Cross Streets (nearest / between) SW of ML USGS 7.5' Map Name & Date Brandon City / Town (within 3 miles) Tampa Township 29S Range 20E Secti Tax Parcel # U-08-29-20-ZZZ-0000 Subdivision Name UTM: Zone □16 1217 Easting 37006 Other Coordinates: X: Name of Public Tract (e.g., park)	1956, 1987 (PR) In City Limits? □yes on 8 ¼ section: □NW 02-40220.0 2 0 Northing 3095788 Y: Coordia	Plat or Other Map_aerial pho □ no □unknown County_H □SW □SE □NE □Irregula Landgrant <u>unknown</u> 0	illsborough r-name: _ Lot 0
, .	HISTOR	V	
Moves: □yes □no d∕unknown Datv Alterations: d∕yes □no d∕unknown Datv	imately \Box year listed or earlierFrom (year): 1951 From (year): 1951 From (year): 1951 From (year): \Box From (year): \Box SOriginal addC1975Nature*ExC1975Nature*	□year listed or later To (year): 2008 To (year): 2008 To (year): 2008 To (year): ress (if moved) terior cladding one room; W/one room, bot	
Is the Resource Affected by a Local Preser	vation Ordinance? □yes □no	Dunknown Describe	
	DESCRIPT	ION	
Style* Masonry Vernacular Exterior Fabric(s) * Brick veneer Roof Type(s) * side gable Roof secondary strucs. (dormers etc.) * Windows (types, materials, etc.) * Windows (types, materials, etc.) * 3 light sing	Exterior Plan* <u>Re</u>		Number of Stories 1
Distinguishing Architectural Features (exterio		ove windows, brick; faux sl	nutters surround windows
Ancillary Features / Outbuildings (record outb aerial depicts quite a few in the rea	uildings, major landscape features; use con r (South) yard	inuation sheet if needed.) <u>None obs</u>	served, although a recent
★ Consult Guide to	Historical Structure Forms for preferre	ed descriptions (coded fields at the S	ite File).

DHR	USE ONLY	OFFICIAI	L EVALUA	TION	DHR L	JSE ONLY	
NR List Date // □ Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria f KEEPER – Determined eligible: NR Criteria for Evaluation: □a	Ē	⊐yes ⊡no	□insufficient info ational Register Bulleti	Date/ Date/ n 15, p. 2)	_/ Init _/	_

HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

DESCRIPTION (continued)

Chimney: No.0 Material(s)* - Structural System(s)* concrete block Foundation: Type(s)* poured slab Material(s)* concrete Main Entrance (stylistic details) inside inset front (West) porch, obscured Porch Descriptions (types, locations, roof types, etc.) W/inset porch covered by main roof, iron railing supports Condition (overall resource condition): □excellent ☑good □fair □deteriorated □ruinous Narrative Description of Resource This common type building has experienced additions to the east and west elevations that expand the length of the building. These additions are sympathetic with the original structure. The awning windows, open carport and exterior cladding are distinguishing features, but not original to the design.						
5			ck if Archaeological Form Completed			
	storical Structure Forms for pro	eferred descriptions (coded fields a	at the Site File).			
 FMSF record search (sites/surveys) FL State Archives/photo collection property appraiser / tax records cultural resource survey other methods (describe) Bibliographic References (give FMSF manuscription) 	 library research city directory newspaper files historic photos 	 building permits occupant/owner interview neighbor interview interior inspection 	□ Sanborn maps □ plat maps □ Public Lands Survey (DEP) □ HABS/HAER record search y Property Appraiser			
Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing individually? Uyes Ino Dinsufficient information Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing as part of a district? Uyes Ino Dinsufficient information Explanation of Evaluation (required, whether significant or not; use separate sheet if needed) This masonry vernacular building is an unexceptional example of its kind that has experienced alterations that diminish its historic integrity. These changes, along with a lack of significant historical associations and architectural distinction, limit the importance of this building. It is not considered eligible for listing in the NRHP. Area(s) of Historical Significance (see National Register Bulletin 15, p. 8 for categories: e.g. "architecture", "ethnic heritage", "community planning & development", etc.) CD&P						
DOCUMENTATION Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible: For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information						
Use a Supplement for Site Forms or other continuation sheet for descriptions that do not fit in the spaces provided.						
Required Attachments Image: State street Image: State street						

HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

PHOTOGRAPH



PARCEL STREET MAP

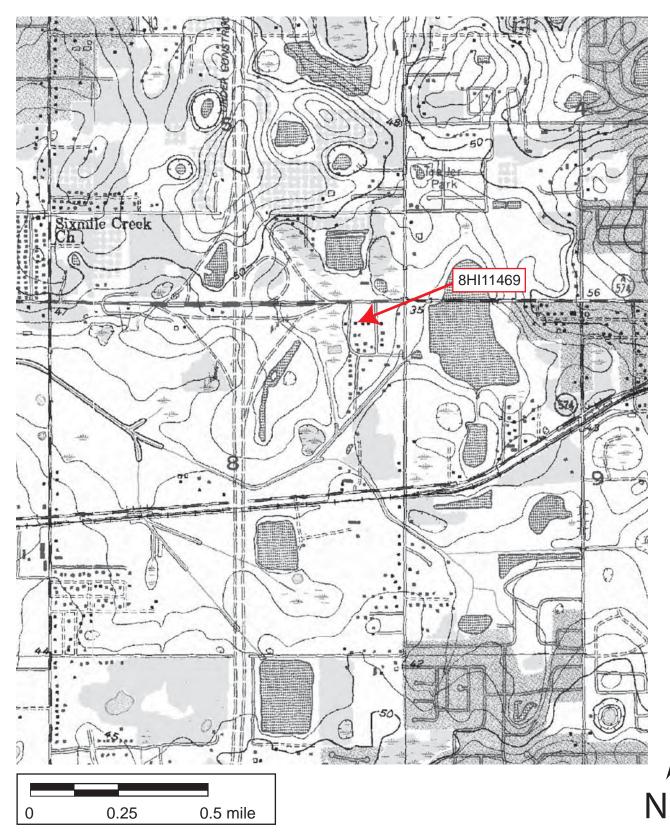


Ν

257 meters

GIS USGS MAP

Township 29 South, Range 20 East, Section 8 Brandon, 1982



Page 1	HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE Version 4.0 1/07	Field Date $9 / 22 / 2008$ Form Date $9 / 24 / 2008$ Recorder # 3, 10-12
National Register Category (please check one)	Road Isborough & Manatee Isborough & Istructure	
City / Town (within 3 miles) Tampa Township 29S Range 20E Section Tax Parcel # U-17-29-20-ZZZ-00000 Subdivision Name UTM: Zone □16 Z117 Easting 369742	956, 1987 (PR) Plat or Other Map aeria In City Limits? Income and Graves Road In City Limits? Income and Graves Income and Income a	Irregular-name:
·······	HISTORY	
Moves: □yes □no Øunknown Date Alterations: Øyes □no □unknown Date Additions: Øyes □no □unknown Date	From (year): 1951 To (year): 2008 From (year): 1951 To (year): 2008 From (year): 1951 To (year): 2008 From (year): Original address (if moved) Nature* Exterior cladding, N/from Nature* Ses Nature* SW/two rooms, vertical	nt door
Is the Resource Affected by a Local Preserv	vation Ordinance? □yes □no □unknown Describe	
	DESCRIPTION	
Style* Frame Vernacular Exterior Fabric(s) * Stucco Roof Type(s) * Front gable Roof secondary strucs. (dormers etc.) * Windows (types, materials, etc.) * 1/1 SHS, materials, etc.) *	Exterior Plan* <u>Rectangular</u> R oof Material(s) * <u>Composition</u> etal, independent	Number of Stories 1
Distinguishing Architectural Features (exterior front gable, poured concrete steps lo		orizontal board and vent in
Ancillary Features / Outbuildings (record outbu	ildings, major landscape features; use continuation sheet if needed.) $\underline{\mathrm{Sto}}$	rage building to rear (South)
★ Consult Guide to	Historical Structure Forms for preferred descriptions (coded fields	at the Site File).

DHR USE ONLY **OFFICIAL EVALUATION** DHR USE ONLY NR List Date SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: Dyes Dno □insufficient info Date Init. KEEPER – Determined eligible: □yes □no Date Owner Objection NR Criteria for Evaluation:
a
b □c □d (see National Register Bulletin 15, p. 2)

HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

Site #8 HI11470

DESCRIPTION (continued	D	ESC	RIPT	ION ((continued)	
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Chimney: No. 0 Material(s) *							
Archaeological Remains			ck if Archaeological Form Completed				
		preferred descriptions (coded fields a	. .				
R	ESEARCH METHO	DDS (check all that apply)					
 FMSF record search (sites/surveys) FL State Archives/photo collection property appraiser / tax records cultural resource survey other methods (describe) Bibliographic References (give FMSF manuscrip) 	 library research city directory newspaper files historic photos 	building permits occupant/owner interview neighbor interview interior inspection	 Sanborn maps plat maps Public Lands Survey (DEP) HABS/HAER record search ty Property Appraiser 				
Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing individually? Uyes Ino Dinsufficient information Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing as part of a district? Uyes Ino Dinsufficient information Explanation of Evaluation (required, whether significant or not; use separate sheet if needed) This frame vernacular building has experienced unsympathetic alterations to much of its exterior, which diminish its historic integrity. These changes, along with a lack of significant historical associations and architectural distinction, limit the importance of this building. It is not considered eligible for listing in the NRHP. Area(s) of Historical Significance (see National Register Bulletin 15, p. 8 for categories: e.g. "architecture", "ethnic heritage", "community planning & development", etc.)							
Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible: For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information Florida Site File for past architectural surveys, Florida Site File search, Hillsborough County Property Appraiser All field notes, maps, and photos on file at ACI; P08030							
	RECORDER IN	NFORMATION					
Recorder Name Estabrook, Desiree & Marielle Lumang Recorder Contact Information (address / phone / fax / e-mail) 8110 Blaikie Court, Suite A, Sarasota, FL 34240 (P) 941.379.6206 (F) 941-379-6216; ACIFlorida@comcast.net Recorder Affiliation Archaeological Consultants, Inc. Use a Supplement for Site Forms or other continuation sheet for descriptions that do not fit in the spaces provided.							
 Use a Supplement for Site Forms or other continuation sheet for descriptions that do not fit in the spaces provided. Required Attachments USGS 7.5' MAP WITH STRUCTURE LOCATION PINPOINTED IN RED LARGE SCALE STREET, PLAT OR PARCEL MAP (available from most property appraiser web sites) PHOTO OF MAIN FACADE, ARCHIVAL B&W PRINT OR DIGITAL IMAGE FILE If submitting an image file, it must be included on disk or CD AND in hard copy format (plain paper is acceptable). Digital image must be at least 1600 x 1200 pixels, 24-bit color, jpeg or tiff. 							

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HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

PHOTOGRAPH

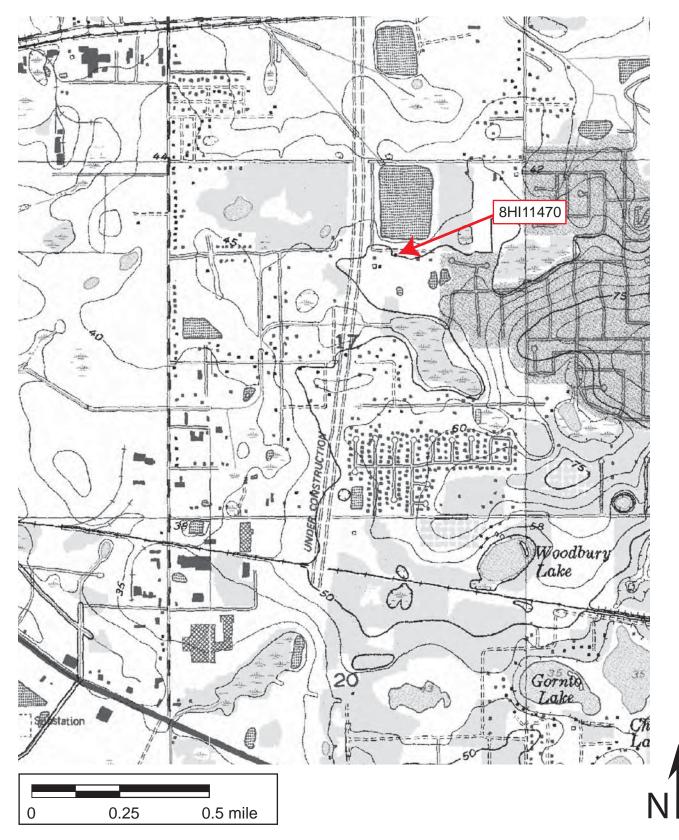


PARCEL STREET MAP



GIS USGS MAP

Township 29 South, Range 20 East, Section 17 Brandon, 1982



Page 1	HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE Version 4.0 1/07 Shaded Fields represent the minimum acceptable level of documentation. Consult the <i>Guide to Historical Structure Forms</i> for detailed instructions.	Site #8 HI11471 Field Date $\frac{9}{22}$ / 2008 Form Date $\frac{9}{24}$ / 2008 Recorder # 3, 14-21				
National Register Category (please check one)	ady I-75 from north of US 301 to Fletcher Ave S Image:					
	LOCATION & MAPPING					
City / Town (within 3 miles) <u>Tampa</u> Township <u>29S</u> Range <u>20E</u> Secti Tax Parcel # <u>U-17-29-20-2D2-00000</u> Subdivision Name <u>Fisher's Farms</u> UTM: Zone □16 1 217 Easting 36935	In City Limits? Plat or Other Map_aerial In City Limits? Ino	y Hillsborough egular-name:				
	HISTORY					
Moves: uses from unknown Date Alterations: from unknown Date Additions: from unknown Date Architect (last name first): -	From (year): 1935 To (year): 2008 From (year): 1935 To (year): 2008 From (year): 1935 To (year): 2008 From (year): To (year): 2008 From (year): To (year): 2008 From (year): To (year): 2008 Ses C.1960 Original address (if moved) Nature* Exterior cladding, fenestra E/S/W rooms, enclosed ar	ation				
Is the Resource Affected by a Local Preser	vation Ordinance? uyes no unknown Describe					
	DESCRIPTION					
Style* Frame Vernacular Exterior Fabric(s)* Brick, vertical board Roof Type(s)* cross-gable, flat Roof secondary strucs. (dormers etc.)* _ Windows (types, materials, etc.)* 2,3,4 light s	d, stucco Exterior Plan* Irregular Roof Material(s) * Composition s	Number of Stories 1				
Distinguishing Architectural Features (exterior windows, 2 bay carport to West	or or interior ornaments) $\frac{3 \text{ color band of brick facing on Eas}}{3 \text{ color band of brick facing on Eas}}$	t side, concrete sills under				
Ancillary Features / Outbuildings (record outbuildings, major landscape features; use continuation sheet if needed.) <u>1 story frame vernacular building</u> to South, 3V crimp metal roof with gable, jalousie/awning windows, shed addition to S						
★ Consult Guide to	Historical Structure Forms for preferred descriptions (coded fields at	the Site File).				

DHR	USE ONLY	OFFICIA	L EVA	ALUATION	DHR USE ON	LY
NR List Date // □ Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria KEEPER – Determined eligible: NR Criteria for Evaluation: 🛛 a	Ĩ	⊐yes		Date// Date// n 15, p. 2)	lnit

... HI11/71

sites)

Page 2	IIISTORICAL SI	RUCTURE FORM	Site #8					
DESCRIPTION (continued)								
Chimney: No. <u>0</u> Material(s) * <u>-</u> Structural System(s) * <u>wood frame, co</u> Foundation: Type(s) * <u>obscured</u> Main Entrance (stylistic details) <u>N/entranc</u> Porch Descriptions (types, locations, roof types	e on enclosed former por	laterial(s) * <u>obscured</u> ch roof on NE side						
Condition (overall resource condition): Narrative Description of Resource Numeral alterations are present in the jalou vent in the west gable end and the	erous additions and altera isie and awning windows	tions to this building obscur and exterior brick cladding.	te the original form. Ca. 1960 The horizontal board and					
Archaeological Remains		Cr	neck if Archaeological Form Completed					
* Consult Guide to	Historical Structure Forms for	preferred descriptions (coded field	ls at the Site File).					
RESEARCH METHODS (check all that apply)								
 FMSF record search (sites/surveys) FL State Archives/photo collection property appraiser / tax records cultural resource survey other methods (describe) Bibliographic References (give FMSF manus 	 library research city directory newspaper files historic photos 	 building permits occupant/owner interview neighbor interview interior inspection 	 Sanborn maps plat maps Public Lands Survey (DEP) HABS/HAER record search Inty Property Appraiser 					
(OPINION OF RESOU	JRCE SIGNIFICANCE						
Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing individually? Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing as part of a district? Explanation of Evaluation (required, whether significant or not; use separate sheet if needed) This frame vernacular building has experienced unsympathetic alterations and additions to much of its exterior that diminish its historic integrity. These changes, along with a lack of significant historical associations and architectural distinction, limit the importance of this building. It is not considered eligible for listing in the NRHP. Area(s) of Historical Significance (see National Register Bulletin 15, p. 8 for categories: e.g. "architecture", "ethnic heritage", "community planning & development", etc.)								
	DOCUME	INTATION						

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible: For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information. Florida Site File for past architectural surveys, Florida Site File search, Hillsborough County Property Appraiser All field notes, maps, and photos on file at ACI; P08030

RECORDER INFORMATION

Recorder Name Estabrook, Desiree and Marielle Lumang Recorder Contact Information (address / phone / fax / e-mail) 8110 Blaikie Court, Suite A, Sarasota, FL 34240 (P) 941.379.6206 (F) 941-379-6216; ACIFlorida@comcast.net Recorder Affiliation Archaeological Consultants, Inc.

Use a Supplement for Site Forms or other continuation sheet for descriptions that do not fit in the spaces provided.

Digital image must be at least 1600 x 1200 pixels, 24-bit color, jpeg or tiff.

Required

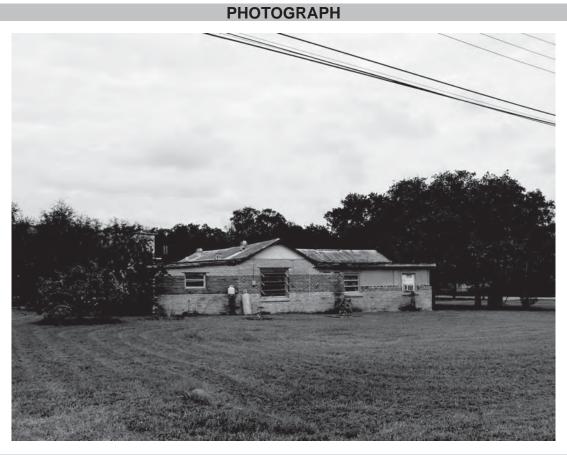
Attachments

USGS 7.5' MAP WITH STRUCTURE LOCATION PINPOINTED IN RED
LARGE SCALE STREET, PLAT OR PARCEL MAP (available from most property appraiser web site)
9 PHOTO OF MAIN FACADE, ARCHIVAL B&W PRINT OR DIGITAL IMAGE FILI

If submitting an image file, it must be included on disk or CD AND in hard copy format (plain paper is acceptable).

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HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

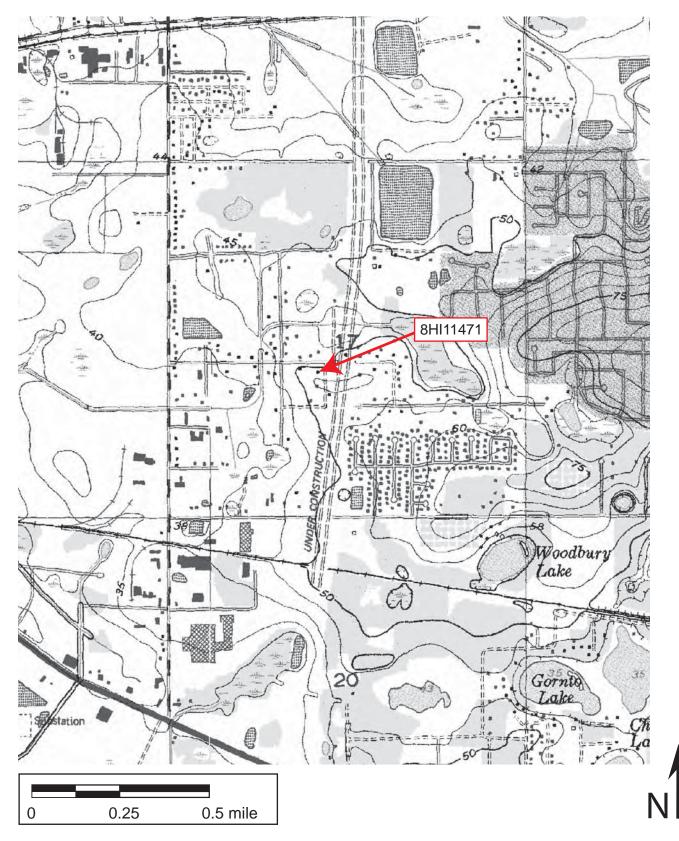


PARCEL STREET MAP



GIS USGS MAP

Township 29 South, Range 20 East, Section 17 Brandon, 1982



Page 1	HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE Version 4.0 1/07	Site #8 HI11472 Field Date 9 / 22 / 2008 Form Date 10 / 22 / 2008 Recorder # 3, 28-32
Survey Project Name <u>CRAS PD&E Study</u> National Register Category (please check one)	dberry Road Multi I-75 from north of US 301 to Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough Surv Ø building structure district site object Iprivate-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal	vey # (DHR only)
USGS 7.5' Map Name & Date <u>Brandon</u> City / Town (within 3 miles) <u>Tampa</u> Township <u>29S</u> Range <u>20E</u> Sect Tax Parcel # <u>U-17-29-20-2D2-00000</u> Subdivision Name <u>Fishers Farms</u> UTM: Zone □16 1 217 Easting <u>36922</u>	bbs Street and Woodberry Road Intersection 1956 (1987) PR Plat or Other Map aerial pl In City Limits? Ips In City Limits? Ips	Hillsborough ular-name: Lot
Original Use* <u>Commercial</u> Other Use* <u>Commercial</u> Other Use* <u>Moves:</u> Uyes Dno Zunknown Dat Alterations: Zyes Dno Dunknown Dat Additions: Zyes Dno Dunknown Dat Architect (last name first): Ownership History (especially original owner, dat	From (year): To (year):	ng; 2 car garage, concrete
Style* Frame/Masonry Vernacular Exterior Fabric(s) * Wood drop siding, Roof Type(s) * side-gable Roof secondary strucs. (dormers etc.) * _ Windows (types, materials, etc.) * <u>4-light awn</u> on East elevation Distinguishing Architectural Features (exterior	DESCRIPTION Exterior Plan* Rectangular concrete block on W addition Roof Material(s) * composition shir ing, aluminum, ribbon; 3-light awning, aluminum, pai	Number of Stories 1 ngle red; 1/1 DHS, wood,
Ancillary Features / Outbuildings (record outb	uildings, major landscape features; use continuation sheet if needed.) $\underline{N/stora}$	ge sheds to rear

* Consult Guide to Historical Structure Forms for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

DHR	USE ONLY	OFFICI/	AL EV	ALUATION	DH	R USE ON	LY
NR List Date / Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria f KEEPER – Determined eligible: NR Criteria for Evaluation: □a	Ŭ	□yes		Date Date n 15, p. 2)	 	Init

HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

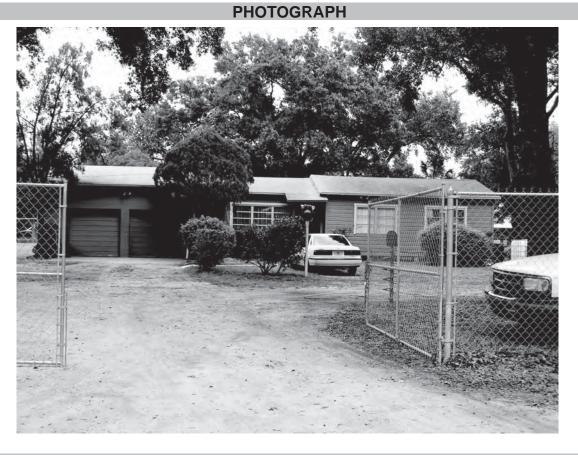
DESCRIPTION (continued)

Chimney: No.0 Material(s)* - Structural System(s)* Wood frame on original building, concrete block on W garage addition Foundation: Type(s)* Continuous Material(s)* Concrete piers with block infill Main Entrance (stylistic details) Metal swing door on S facade, placed at corner of newer addition and original structure Porch Descriptions (types, locations, roof types, etc.) Small shed roof projection (unsupported) protects entryway Condition (overall resource condition): Excellent Iggood Marrative Description of Resource This common type frame vernacular building has experienced unsympathetic additions to the west elevation that greatly enlarges its size. Additionally, the changes in fenestration and replacement of the front door have altered its exterior appearance. The drop siding and East windows represent features original to the building. Archaeological Remains							
		DDS (check all that apply)					
 FMSF record search (sites/surveys) FL State Archives/photo collection property appraiser / tax records cultural resource survey other methods (describe) Bibliographic References (give FMSF manuscript 	 library research city directory newspaper files historic photos 	 building permits occupant/owner interview neighbor interview interior inspection 	 Sanborn maps plat maps Public Lands Survey (DEP) HABS/HAER record search ty Property Appraiser 				
OP	INION OF RESOU	RCE SIGNIFICANCE					
Appears to meet the criteria for National Reg Explanation of Evaluation (required, whether sig changes in its massing and stylistic et to a lack of historical associations or eligible for listing on the NRHP.	Area(s) of Historical Significance (see National Register Bulletin 15, p. 8 for categories: e.g. "architecture", "ethnic heritage", "community planning & development", etc.)						
	DOCUME	NTATION					
Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible: For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information. Florida Site File for past architectural surveys, Florida Site File search, Hillsborough County Property Appraiser All field notes, maps, and photos on file at ACI; P08030 RECORDER INFORMATION							
Recorder Name Estabrook, Desiree and Marielle Lumang Recorder Contact Information (address / phone / fax / e-mail) 8110 Blaikie Ct, Suite A, Sarasota, Florida 34243/941-379-6206/ ACIFlorida@comcast.net Recorder Affiliation Archaeological Consultants, Inc.							
Use a Supplement for Site Fo	Use a Supplement for Site Forms or other continuation sheet for descriptions that do not fit in the spaces provided.						
 Nequired Attachments USGS 7.5' MAP WITH STRUCTURE LOCATION PINPOINTED IN RED LARGE SCALE STREET, PLAT OR PARCEL MAP (available from most property appraiser web sites) PHOTO OF MAIN FACADE, ARCHIVAL B&W PRINT OR DIGITAL IMAGE FILE If submitting an image file, it must be included on disk or CD AND in hard copy format (plain paper is acceptable). Digital image must be at least 1600 x 1200 pixels, 24-bit color, jpeg or tiff. 							

Page 3

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HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

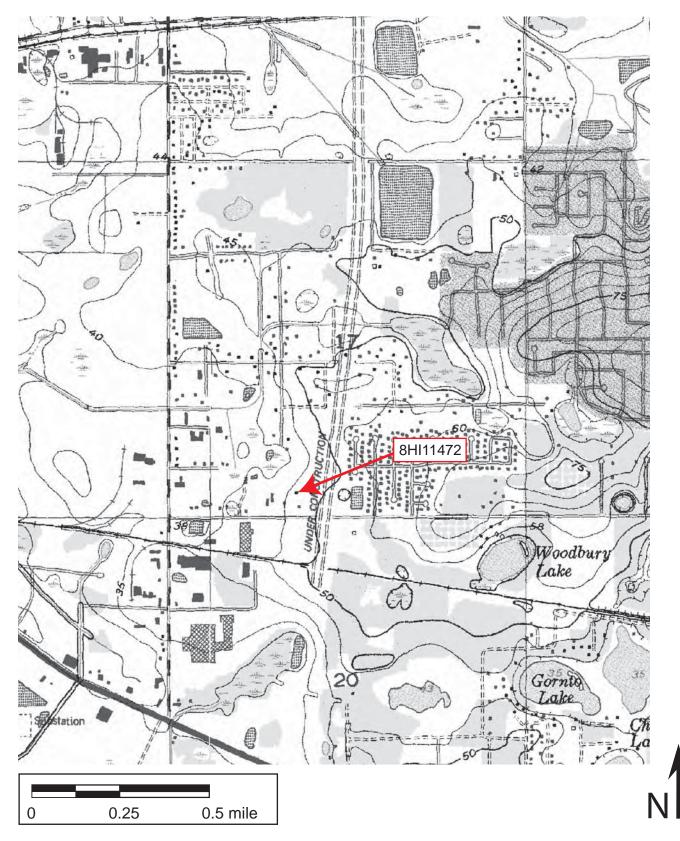


PARCEL STREET MAP



GIS USGS MAP

Township 29 South, Range 20 East, Section 17 Brandon, 1982



Page 1

✓ Original
 ☐ Update

3) Township Range

Brandon 1956, PR 1987

Range ____

Plat, Aerial, or Other Map (map's name, originating office with location)

4) Township

Landgrant unknown



RESOURCE GROUP FORM FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI11481							
Recorder#							
Field Date 11	/ 19	/ 08					
Form Date 11	/25	/08					

NOTE: Use this form to document districts, landscapes and building complexes as described in the box below. Cultural resources contributing to the Resource Group should also be documented individually at the Site File. Do not use this form for National Register multiple property submissions (MPSs). National Register MPSs are treated as Site File manuscripts and are associated to the individual resources included under the MPS cover using the Site File manuscript number.

Check ONE box that best describes the Resource Group: Historic district (NR category "district"): buildings and NR structures only: NO archaeological sites Archaeological district (NR category "district"): archaeological sites only: NO buildings or NR structures **Mixed district** (NR category "district"): includes more than one type of cultural resource (example: archaeological sites and buildings) **FMSF building complex** (NR category usually "building(s)"): multiple buildings in close spatial and functional association Designed historic landscape (NR category usually "district" or "site"): can include multiple resources (see National Register Bulletin #18, page 2 for more detailed definition and examples: e.g. parks, golf courses, campuses, resorts, etc.) **Rural historic landscape** (NR category usually "district" or "site"): can include multiple resources and resources not formally designed (see National Register Bulletin #30, Guidelines for Evaluating and Documenting Rural Historic Landscapes for more detailed definition and examples: e.g. farmsteads, fish camps, lumber camps, traditional ceremonial sites, etc.) Linear resource (NR category usually "structure"): Linear resources are a special type of rural historic landscape and can include canals, railways, roads, etc. Resource Group Name_CSX Railroad segment, formerly Atlantic Coast Line Multiple Listing [DHR only] Project Name I-75 Fletcher, Hillsborough Manatee FMSF Survey # National Register Category (please check one): Duilding(s) Structure district site object Linear Resource Type (if applicable): Canal railway □ road □ other (describe): Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown **LOCATION & MAPPING** Address (if applicable, include N,S,E,W; #; St., Ave., etc.) directly south of Broadway Avenue City/Town (within 3 miles) Tampa In Current City Limits? Dyes Dno Dunknown County or Counties (do not abbreviate) Hillsborough Name of Public Tract (e.g., park)_ Section 08 1/4 section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: 1) Township <u>29S</u> Range <u>20E</u> Section 1/4 section: INW ISW ISE INE Irregular-name: 2) Township Range

Section _____ ¼ section: INW ISW ISE INE Irregular-name:

Section _____ 1/4 section: DNW DSW DSE DNE DIrregular-name:

DHR	USE ONLY	OFFICIAL E	VALUATION	DHR USE C	ONLY
NR List Date // □ Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria KEEPER – Determined eligible: NR Criteria for Evaluation: □a	□yes	s ⊡no	Date / / Date / / in 15, p. 2)	_ Init

USGS 7.5' Map Name(s) & Date(s) (boundaries must be plotted on attached photocopy of map; label with map name and publication date)

termini for this railroad corridor would be Uceta Station to the west, and Plant City to the east.

Verbal Description of Boundaries (description does not replace required map) Railroad corridor traverses under I-75 in a east-west direction and the segment recorded during survey lies roughly 140 feet south of Broadway Avenue. The railroad segment, one mile in length, was evaluated and recorded at the point where it passes directly under the interstate, with Falkenburg Road forming the west boundary and Williams Road forming the east boundary. The logical

RESOURCE GROUP FORM

Site #8. HI11481

	HISTORY &	DESCRIPTION			
Construction date: Exactly(year) Approximately 1884 (year) Earlier than(year) Later than(year) Architect/Designer(last name first): unknown Builder(last name first): Tampa & Key West Railway Total number of individual resources included in this Resource Group: # of contributing# of non-contributing 1					
worn rail ties. Originally part of the	Henry B. Plant system	m, it is now owned by CSX.			
RES	EARCH METHO	DS (check all that apply)			
 FMSF record search (sites/surveys) FL State Archives/photo collection property appraiser / tax records cultural resource survey other methods (specify) Bibliographic References (use Continuation Sheet Turner, Greg. 1999. Railroads of Sou Turner, Greg. 2003 A Short History 	uthwest Florida. Arca	dia Publishing, Charleston, S			
OP	INION OF RESOU	URCE SIGNIFICANCE			
Potentially eligible individually for National Register of Historic Places? Uyes Ino Dinsufficient information Potentially eligible as contributor to a National Register district? Uyes Ino Dinsufficient information Explanation of Evaluation (required, see National Register Bulletin 16A p. 48-49. Attach longer statement, if needed, on separate sheet.) Although this railroad corridor dates to Florida's early development, and retains its historic function as an active railway, the railroad reflects modern improvements that diminish its historic integrity. Additionally, only a small segment was surveyed, as evaluation of the entire corridor was beyond the scope of this project. Area(s) of Historical Significance (see National Register Bulletin 15, p. 8 for categories: e.g. "architecture", "ethnic heritage", "community planning & development", etc.) CP&D					
Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the each separately maintained collection, describe (1) docu Florida Site File for past architectura	Site File - including field & and ment type(s),* (2) maintaining or al surveys, Florida Sit	panization.* (3) file or accession nos., and (descriptive information.		
All field notes, maps, and photos on	file at ACI; P08030				
	RECORDER	NFORMATION			
	- RECORDER I				

Recorder Name <u>Estabrook, Desiree and Marielle Lumang</u> Recorder Contact Information (Address / Phone / Fax / Email) <u>8110 Blaikie Ct, Suite A, Sarasota, Florida 34243/941-379-6206/</u>

ACIFlorida@comcast.net

Recorder Affiliation Archaeological Consultants, Inc.

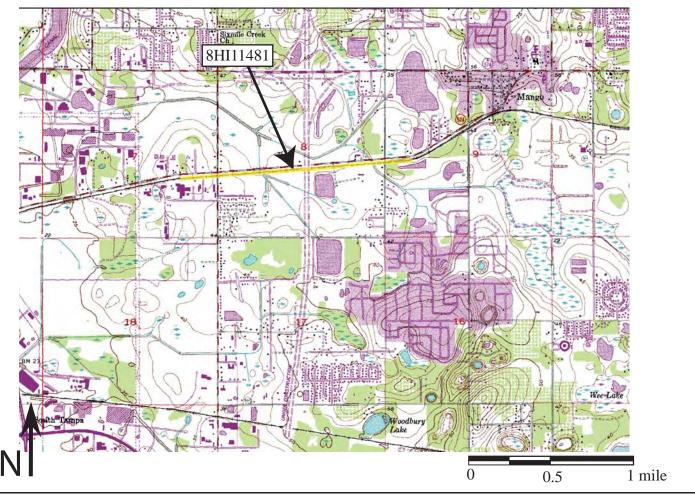


RESOURCE GROUP FORM

Site #8 HI11481

GIS USGS MAP

Township 29 South, Range 20 East, Section 8 Brandon 1982





ARCHAEOLOGICAL CONSULTANTS INCORPORATED

Page 3

Page 3b

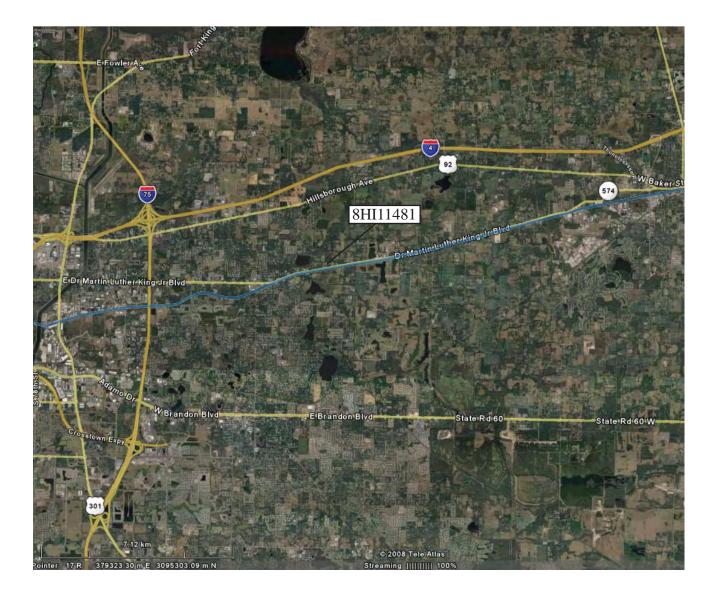


RESOURCE GROUP FORM

GOOGLE EARTH 2008 MAP

Hillsborough County, Florida

Site #8 HI11481





3.56 km 0

Page 1

✓ Original
 ☐ Update



RESOURCE GROUP FORM FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8_HI11482				
Recorder#				
Field Date 11	/ 19	/ 08		
Form Date 11	/25	/08		
Form Date 11	/25	/08		

NOTE: Use this form to document districts, landscapes and building complexes as described in the box below. Cultural resources contributing to the Resource Group should also be documented individually at the Site File. Do not use this form for National Register multiple property submissions (MPSs). National Register MPSs are treated as Site File manuscripts and are associated to the individual resources included under the MPS cover using the Site File manuscript number.

Check ONE box that best describes the Resource Group: Historic district (NR category "district"): buildings and NR structures only: NO archaeological sites Archaeological district (NR category "district"): archaeological sites only: NO buildings or NR structures **Mixed district** (NR category "district"): includes more than one type of cultural resource (example: archaeological sites and buildings) **FMSF building complex** (NR category usually "building(s)"): multiple buildings in close spatial and functional association Designed historic landscape (NR category usually "district" or "site"): can include multiple resources (see National Register Bulletin #18, page 2 for more detailed definition and examples: e.g. parks, golf courses, campuses, resorts, etc.) **Rural historic landscape** (NR category usually "district" or "site"): can include multiple resources and resources not formally designed (see National Register Bulletin #30, Guidelines for Evaluating and Documenting Rural Historic Landscapes for more detailed definition and examples: e.g. farmsteads, fish camps, lumber camps, traditional ceremonial sites, etc.) Linear resource (NR category usually "structure"): Linear resources are a special type of rural historic landscape and can include canals, railways, roads, etc. Resource Group Name CSX Railroad segment, formerly Seaboard Air Line Multiple Listing [DHR only] Project Name I-75 Fletcher, Hillsborough Manatee FMSF Survey # National Register Category (please check one): Duilding(s) Structure district site object Linear Resource Type (if applicable): Canal railway □ road □ other (describe): Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown **LOCATION & MAPPING** 700 ft south of Woodberry Road Address (if applicable, include N,S,E,W; #; St., Ave., etc.) City/Town (within 3 miles) Tampa In Current City Limits? Dyes Dno Øunknown County or Counties (do not abbreviate) Hillsborough Name of Public Tract (e.g., park)_ Section 20 1/4 section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: 1) Township <u>29S</u> Range <u>20E</u> Section _____ 1/4 section: INW ISW ISE INE Irregular-name: 2) Township Range Section _____ ¼ section: INW ISW ISE INE Irregular-name: 3) Township Range Section _____ ¼ section: DNW DSW DSE DNE DIrregular-name: 4) Township Range ____ USGS 7.5' Map Name(s) & Date(s) (boundaries must be plotted on attached photocopy of map; label with map name and publication date) Brandon 1956, PR 1987 Plat, Aerial, or Other Map (map's name, originating office with location) Landgrant unknown Verbal Description of Boundaries (description does not replace required map) Railroad corridor traverses under I-75 in a east-west direction and the segment recorded during survey lies roughly 700 feet south of Woodberry Road. The railroad segment, 0.6 mi in length, was evaluated and recorded at the point where it passes directly under the interstate, with Falkenburg Road forming the west boundary and Grand Regency Boulevard forming the east boundary. The logical termini for this railroad corridor would be Uceta Station to the west, and Plant City to the east.

DHR	JSE ONLY	OFFICIA	L EVALUA	TION		DHR USE OI	NLY
NR List Date // Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet criter KEEPER – Determined eligible NR Criteria for Evaluation:	: [⊐yes ⊡no	□insufficient info ional Register Bulletin	Date Date 15, p. 2)		lnit

RESOURCE GROUP FORM

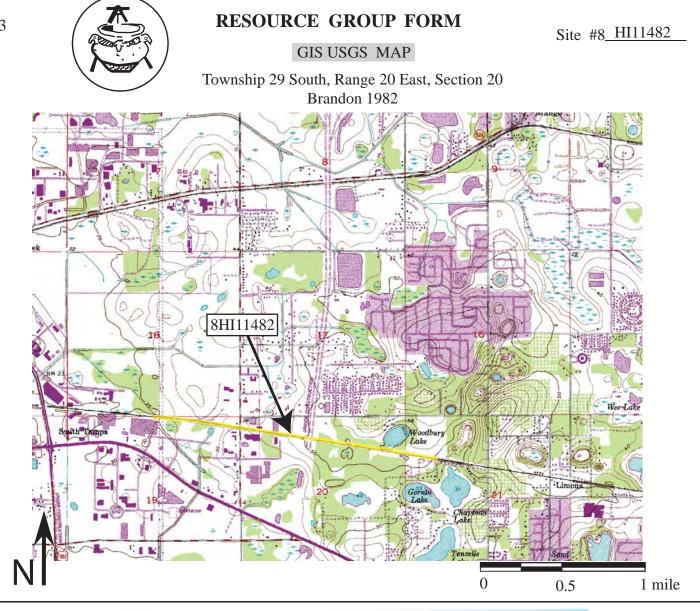
Site #8_HI11482

	HISTORY &	DESCRIPTION			
Construction date: Exactly(year) Approximately 1890 (year) Earlier than(year) Later than(year) Architect/Designer(last name first): unknown Builder(last name first): Florida Central Peninsular Total number of individual resources included in this Resource Group: # of contributing# of non-contributing 1					
RE	SEARCH METHO	DS (check all that apply)			
 FMSF record search (sites/surveys) FL State Archives/photo collection property appraiser / tax records cultural resource survey other methods (specify) Bibliographic References (use Continuation Shee Turner, Greg. 1999. Railroads of Sc Turner, Greg. 2003 A Short History 	outhwest Florida. Arca	dia Publishing, Charleston, SC			
OF	INION OF RESOL	JRCE SIGNIFICANCE			
Potentially eligible individually for National Register of Historic Places? Uyes no Dinsufficient information Potentially eligible as contributor to a National Register district? Uyes no Dinsufficient information Explanation of Evaluation (required, see <i>National Register Bulletin 16A</i> p. 48-49. Attach longer statement, if needed, on separate sheet.) Although this railroad corridor dates to Florida's early development, and retains its historic function as an active railway, the railroad reflects modern improvements that diminish its historic integrity. Additionally, only a small segment was surveyed, as evaluation of the entire corridor was beyond the scope of this project. Area(s) of Historical Significance (see <i>National Register Bulletin 15</i> , p. 8 for categories: e.g. "architecture", "ethnic heritage", "community planning & development", etc.) CP&D					
	DOCUME	ENTATION			
Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the each separately maintained collection, describe (1) doc Florida Site File for past architectur All field notes, maps, and photos or	ument type(s),* (2) maintaining org al surveys, Florida Sit	anization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4)	descriptive information.		
	RECORDER I	NFORMATION			
Pererder Neme Estabricale Desires on	1 8 4 1 11 1				

Recorder Name <u>Estabrook, Desiree and Marielle Lumang</u> Recorder Contact Information (Address / Phone / Fax / Email) <u>8110 Blaikie Ct, Suite A, Sarasota, Florida 34243/941-379-6206/</u> ACIFlorida@comcast.net

Recorder Affiliation Archaeological Consultants, Inc.

Required Attachments	 PHOTOCOPY OF USGS 7.5' MAP WITH DISTRICT BOUNDARY CLEARLY MARKED LARGE SCALE STREET, PLAT OR PARCEL MAP WITH RESOURCES MAPPED & LABELED TABULATION OF ALL INLCUDED RESOURCES (name, FMSF #, contributing? Y/N, resource category, street address or township-range-section if no address) PHOTOS OF GENERAL STREETSCAPE OR VIEWS (Optional: aerial photos, views of typical resources) Photos may be archival B&W prints <u>OR</u> digital image files. If submitting digital image files, they must be
	Photos may be archival B&W prints <u>OR</u> digital image files. If submitting digital image files, they must be included on disk or CD <u>AND</u> in hard copy format (plain paper is acceptable). Digital images must be at least 1600 x 1200 pixels, 24-bit color, jpeg or tiff.





ARCHAEOLOGICAL CONSULTANTS INCORPORATED

Page 3

Page 3b

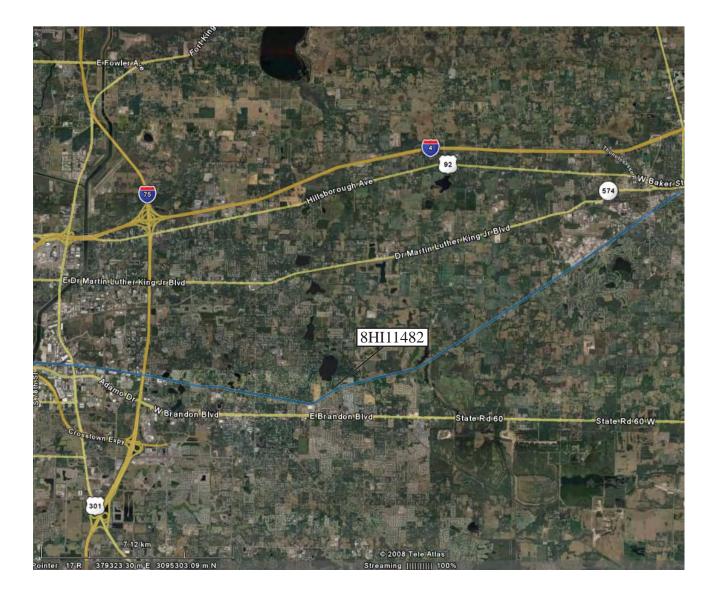


RESOURCE GROUP FORM

GOOGLE EARTH 2008 MAP

Hillsborough County, Florida

Site #8 HI11482

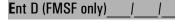




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APPENDIX C Survey Log

Page 1





Survey Log Sheet Florida Master Site File Version 4.1 1/07

Survey # (FMSF only)

Consult Guide to the Survey Log Sheet for detailed instructions.

Identification and Bibliographic Information

Survey Project (name and project phase) I-75 PD&E US 301 to Fletcher

Report Title (exactly as on title page) Cultural Resource Assessment Survey Project Development and Environment (PD&E) Study from South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue Hillsborough County, Florida

Report Author(s) (as on title page- individual or corporate; last names first) ACI

 Publication Date (year) 2009
 Total Number of Pages in Report (count text, figures, tables, not site forms) 140

 Publication Information (Give series and no. in series, publisher and city. For article or chapter, cite page numbers. Use the style of American Antiquity.)

 ACI (2008) Cultural Resource Assessment Survey Project Development and Environment (PD&E) Study from South

 of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue Hillsborough County, Florida. ACI, Sarasota.

Supervisor(s) of Fieldwork (whether or not the same as author[s]; last name first) Deming, Joan Affiliation of Fieldworkers (organization, city) Archaeological Consultants, Inc., Sarasota

Key Words/Phrases (Don't use the county, or common words like *archaeology*, *structure*, *survey*, *architecture*. Limit each word or phrase to 25 characters.)

Survey Sponsors (corporation, government unit, or person who is directly paying for fieldwork)

Name FDOT District Seven

Address/Phone	Addre	ess/Ph	one
---------------	-------	--------	-----

 Recorder of Log Sheet
 Horvath, Elizabeth A.
 Date Log Sheet
 Completed 10 /9 /09

 Is this survey or project a continuation of a previous project?
 Image: Completed 10 /9 /09

Mapping

Counties ((List each one in which field survey was done - do not abbreviate; use supplement sheet if neces	sarv) Hillsborough
------------	--	--------------------

USGS 1:24,000 Map(s) : Map Name/Date of Latest Revision (use supplement sheet if necessary):

Brandon 1982

Thonotosassa 1977

Description of Survey Area

Dates for Fieldwork: Start 06 /30 / 08 End 11 /19 / 08	Total Area Surveyed (fill in one)	hectares	564 acres
Number of Distinct Tracts or Areas Surveyed 1 If Corridor (fill in one for each): Width meters 300	feetkilometers	15.5	miles
HR6E066R0107 Florida Master Site File, Division of Historical I	esources, Gray Building, 500 South Bronough Street, Tall	ahassee, Florida	32399-0250

Phone 850-245-6440, FAX 850-245-6439, Email: SiteFile@dos.state.fl.us

Page 2	Survey Log	Sheet	Survey #		
Research and Field Methods					
Types of Survey (check all that apply):	: 🔽 archaeological 🛛 architectural 🗹	historical/archival 🔲	ınderwater 🗳 other:		
	nany as apply to the project as a whole.)				
Florida Archives (Gray Building)	☑ library research- <i>local public</i>	🗹 local property or tax	records 🗹 other historic maps		
Florida Photo Archives (Gray Building)	library-special collection - <i>nonlocal</i>	newspaper files	\checkmark soils maps or data		
Site File property search	Public Lands Survey (maps at DEP)	🗸 literature search	🗸 windshield survey		
🗸 Site File survey search	local informant(s)	Sanborn Insurance r	naps 🗹 aerial photography		
🖵 other (describe)					
Archaeological Methods (Check a	as many as apply to the project as a whole.)			
Check here if NO archaeological met		,			
surface collection, controlled	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •)	block excavation (at least 2x2 M)		
A surface collection, un controlled	uwater screen (finest size:		soil resistivity		
A shovel test 1/4″screen	posthole tests		agnetometer 🗌		
shovel test-1/8" screen	auger (size:)		🖵 side scan sonar		
shovel test 1/16"screen	🖵 coring		🖵 unknown		
shovel test-unscreened	test excavation (at least 1x2 M	Л)			
🖵 other (describe):					
Historical/Architectural Methods	⟨✔ Check as many as apply to the project a:	s a whole.)			
Check here if NO historical/architect		· · · · · ·			
building permits	demolition permits	neighbor interview	u subdivision maps		
Commercial permits	Z exposed ground inspected	occupant interview	tax records		
interior documentation	🗸 local property records	occupation permits	unknown		
🖵 other (describe):					
Scone/Intensity/Procedures back	ground research, surface reconna	issance, systematic	(10, 25, 50 & 100 m intervals) and		
			rce documentation, artifact analysis,		
report preparation; photograph	ns taken; report prepared				
	Survey Results (cultural i	resources recorded)			
Site Significance Evaluated?	Yes 🛛 No If <i>Yes</i> , circle NR-eligit	ole/significant site numbe	rs below.		
Site Counts: Previously Recorded	Sites 37	Newly Record	ed Sites 15		
Previously Recorded Site #'s with	Site File Update Forms (List site #'s with				
See attached					
Newly Recorded Site #'s (Are you	u sure all are originals and not updates? Ide	entify methods used to ch	eck for updates, i.e., researched Site File records.		

Newly Recorded Site #'s (Are you sure all are originals and not updates? Identify methods used to check for updates, i.e., researched Site File records List site #'s without "8." Attach supplementary pages if necessary.) HI11460-11472, HI11481-11482

- Site Form Used: 🛛 🗹 S
 - 🗹 Site File Paper Form

□ SmartForm II Electronic Recording Form

REQUIRED: ATTACH PLOT OF SURVEY AREA ON PHOTOCOPIES OF USGS 1:24,000 MAP(S)

DO NOT USE	SITE FILE USE ONLY DO NOT USE
BAR Related B72 1A32 # CARL UW	BHP Related State Historic Preservation Grant Compliance Review: CRAT #

HR6E066R0107 Florida Master Site File, Division of Historical Resources, Gray Building, 500 South Bronough Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0250 Phone 850:245-6440, FAX 850:245-6439, Email: SiteFile@dos.state.fl.us

Previously Recorded Archaeological Sites, Historic Structures and Linear Resources within the I-75 PD&E Study APE

Archaeological Sites	Historic Structures
Higher Hi	Historie outdetares Historie outdetares Hi5085 (updated form) Hi6900 Hi6901 Hi7839 Hi7840 (updated form) Hi8742 – potentially eligible for NRHP (updated form) Hi8743
HI5431	

None of these archaeological sites are considered significant as contained within the APE

HI5432 HI5433

