



Project Development & Environment Study

I-75 (SR 93A)

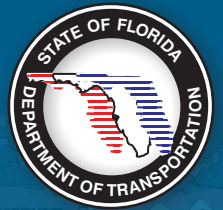
From South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough County



Work Program Item Segment Number: 419235-3

Cultural Resources Assessment Survey

Prepared for
Florida Department of Transportation
District Seven



Manuel Santos, E.I.
FDOT Project Manager

October 2009

INTERSTATE 75



Project Development & Environment Study

I-75 (SR 93A)

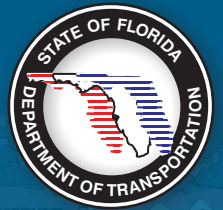
From South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough County



Work Program Item Segment Number: 419235-3

Cultural Resources Assessment Survey

Prepared for
Florida Department of Transportation
District Seven



Prepared by
Archaeological Consultants, Inc.

In association with
PB Americas, Inc.

Manuel Santos, E.I.
FDOT Project Manager

October 2009

INTERSTATE 75

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION NO.	SECTION TITLE	PAGE NO.
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY-----		ES-1
1.0	INTRODUCTION-----	1-1
1.1	PROJECT DESCRIPTION -----	1-1
1.2	EXISTING FACILITY-----	1-4
1.3	PROJECT NEED -----	1-11
1.4	IMPROVEMENT ALTERNATIVES -----	1-12
1.4.1	No-Build Alternative -----	1-12
1.4.2	Build Alternatives -----	1-12
1.4.3	Recommended Improvements -----	1-19
1.5	REPORT PURPOSE-----	1-19
2.0	ENVIRONMENTAL OVERVIEW -----	2-1
2.1	PHYSIOGRAPHY AND GEOLOGY-----	2-1
2.2	LITHIC RESOURCES -----	2-1
2.3	SOILS AND VEGETATION -----	2-5
2.4	LOCAL HYDROLOGY-----	2-11
2.5	PALEOENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS-----	2-11
2.6	EXISTING CONDITIONS-----	2-12
3.0	CULTURAL CHRONOLOGY-----	3-1
3.1	PALEO-INDIAN -----	3-1
3.2	ARCHAIC -----	3-3
3.3	FORMATIVE -----	3-5
3.4	MISSISSIPPIAN/ACCULTURATIVE -----	3-6
3.5	COLONIALISM -----	3-7
3.6	TERRITORIAL AND STATEHOOD -----	3-8
3.7	CIVIL WAR AND AFTERMATH-----	3-11
3.8	TWENTIETH CENTURY-----	3-14
4.0	RESEARCH CONSIDERATIONS AND METHODS-----	4-1
4.1	BACKGROUND RESEARCH AND LITERATURE REVIEW -----	4-1
4.1.1	Archaeological Considerations -----	4-1
4.1.2	Historical Considerations -----	4-9
4.2	FIELD METHODOLOGY-----	4-13
4.3	UNEXPECTED DISCOVERIES-----	4-14
4.4	LABORATORY METHODS AND CURATION-----	4-14
5.0	SURVEY RESULTS -----	5-1
5.1	OVERVIEW-----	5-1
5.2	ARCHAEOLOGICAL SURVEY RESULTS-----	5-1
5.3	HISTORICAL/ARCHITECTURAL SURVEY RESULTS-----	5-30
6.0	CONCLUSIONS AND SITE EVALUATIONS -----	6-1
6.1	ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITES -----	6-1
6.2	HISTORIC RESOURCES -----	6-1
6.3	CONCLUSIONS-----	6-2
7.0	REFERENCES CITED -----	7-1

APPENDIX A	Relevant Correspondence
APPENDIX B	FMSF Forms
APPENDIX C	Survey Log

LIST OF FIGURES

FIGURE NO.	FIGURE TITLE	PAGE NO.
Figure 1-1	Project Location Map -----	1-2
Figure 1-2	Study Area Aerial Map-----	1-3
Figure 1-3a	Existing I-75 Mainline Typical Section From US 301 to South of Selmon Expressway-----	1-5
Figure 1-3b	Existing I-75 Mainline Typical Section from South of Selmon Expressway to South of SR 60 -----	1-6
Figure 1-3c	Existing I-75 Mainline Typical Section from South of SR 60 to Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Boulevard-----	1-7
Figure 1-3d	Existing I-75 Mainline Typical Section from Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Boulevard to I-4 -----	1-8
Figure 1-3e	Existing I-75 Mainline Typical Section from I-4 to Fowler Avenue-----	1-9
Figure 1-3f	Existing I-75 Mainline Typical Section from Fowler Avenue to Fletcher Avenue-----	1-10
Figure 1-4	I-75 Mainline Alternative 1 Proposed Typical Section -----	1-14
Figure 1-5	I-75 Mainline Alternative 2 Proposed Typical Section -----	1-15
Figure 1-6	Project Segments -----	1-16
Figure 2-1	Environmental Setting along the I-75 PD&E Study Corridor-----	2-2
Figure 2-2	Environmental Setting along the I-75 PD&E Study Corridor-----	2-3
Figure 2-3	Environmental Setting along the I-75 PD&E Study Corridor-----	2-4
Figure 2-4	Location of the Project Area Relative to the Quarry Clusters-----	2-6
Figure 2-5	Soil Types along the I-75 PD&E Study Corridor -----	2-7
Figure 2-6	Soil Types along the I-75 PD&E Study Corridor -----	2-8
Figure 3-1	Florida Archaeological Regions -----	3-2
Figure 4-1	Zones of Archaeological Potential and Location of Previously Recorded Archaeological Sites Adjacent to the I-75 PD&E Study Corridor -----	4-2
Figure 4-2	Zones of Archaeological Potential and Location of Previously Recorded Archaeological Sites Adjacent to the I-75 PD&E Study Corridor -----	4-3
Figure 4-3	Zones of Archaeological Potential and Location of Previously Recorded Archaeological Sites Adjacent to the I-75 PD&E Study Corridor -----	4-4

Figure 4-4 Location of the Previously Recorded Historic Resources within the I-75
PD&E Study APE ----- 4-10

Figure 4-5 Location of the Previously Recorded Historic Resources within the I-75
PD&E Study APE ----- 4-11

Figure 4-6 Location of the Previously Recorded Historic Resources within the I-75
PD&E Study APE ----- 4-12

Figure 5-1 Location of the Shovel Tests, Archaeological Sites, and AOs along the I-75
PD&E Study Corridor -----5-2

Figure 5-2 Location of the Shovel Tests, Archaeological Sites, and AOs along the I-75
PD&E Study Corridor -----5-3

Figure 5-3 Location of the Shovel Tests, Archaeological Sites, and AOs along the I-75
PD&E Study Corridor -----5-4

Figure 5-4 Location of the Shovel Tests, Archaeological Sites, and AOs along the I-75
PD&E Study Corridor -----5-5

Figure 5-5 Location of the Shovel Tests, Archaeological Sites, and AOs along the I-75
PD&E Study Corridor -----5-6

Figure 5-6 Location of the Shovel Tests, Archaeological Sites, and AOs along the I-75
PD&E Study Corridor -----5-7

Figure 5-7 Location of the Shovel Tests, Archaeological Sites, and AOs along the I-75
PD&E Study Corridor -----5-8

Figure 5-8 Location of the Shovel Tests, Archaeological Sites, and AOs along the I-75
PD&E Study Corridor -----5-9

Figure 5-9 Location of the Updated and Newly Recorded Historic Resources within the
I-75 PD&E Study APE ----- 5-32

Figure 5-10 Location of the Updated and Newly Recorded Historic Resources within the
I-75 PD&E Study APE ----- 5-33

Figure 5-11 Location of the Updated and Newly Recorded Historic Resources within the
I-75 PD&E Study APE ----- 5-34

LIST OF TABLES

TABLE NO.	TABLE TITLE	PAGE NO.
Table 1-1	Study Area Sections, Townships and Ranges -----	1-1
Table 1-2	Segment 1 – Main Features of Improvement Options-----	1-17
Table 1-3	Segment 2 – Main Features of Improvement Options-----	1-18
Table 1-4	Segment 3 – Main Features of Improvement Options-----	1-18
Table 2-1	Soil types located along the I-75 corridor -----	2-9
Table 3-1	Original property owners along the I-75 PD&E Study corridor -----	3-13
Table 4-1	Previously recorded archaeological sites within 0.5 mile of the I-75 PD&E Study corridor -----	4-5
Table 4-2	Previously recorded historic resources located within the I-75 PD&E Study APE -----	4-13
Table 5-1	Summary of survey results within the I-75 PD&E Study Project APE -----	5-1
Table 5-2	Results of archaeological survey -----	5-10
Table 5-3	Artifacts recovered from 8HI476 -----	5-15
Table 5-4	Artifacts recovered from 8HI510 -----	5-18
Table 5-5	Artifacts recovered from 8HI507 -----	5-20
Table 5-6	Artifacts recovered from 8HI5926-----	5-21
Table 5-7	Artifacts recovered from 8HI99 -----	5-23
Table 5-8	Artifacts recovered from 8HI472 -----	5-26
Table 5-9	Previously and newly recorded historic resources located within the I-75 PD&E Study project APE -----	5-31

LIST OF PHOTOS

PHOTO NO.	PHOTO TITLE	PAGE NO.
Photo 2-1	Southernmost portion of the I-75 corridor to the south of US 301, looking south-southeast. -----	2-12
Photo 2-2	Approach to the MLK Boulevard interchange, looking south. -----	2-12
Photo 2-3	Approach to the I-4 interchange, looking northwest.-----	2-13
Photo 2-4	I-75 overpass at Harney Road, looking northeast. -----	2-13
Photo 2-5	I-75 at Fowler Avenue, looking northeast.-----	2-14
Photo 2-6	Median of I-75 in vicinity of Fletcher Avenue, looking northwest.-----	2-14
Photo 5-1	8HI11471 at 10345 Fisher Road, looking west. -----	5-35
Photo 5-2	8HI11472 at 10308 Woodberry Road, looking north. -----	5-36
Photo 5-3	8HI5085 at 6022 Falkenburg Road, looking northwest.-----	5-38
Photo 5-4	8HI5086 at 6034 Falkenburg Road, looking west.-----	5-39
Photo 5-5	8HI8742 at 10426 Tanner Road, south elevation of the main residence looking north.-----	5-40
Photo 5-6	8HI8742 at 10426 Tanner Road, remaining orange groves to the west of the main residence. -----	5-41
Photo 5-7	8HI8742 at 10426 Tanner Road, south elevation of the barn to the northeast of the main residence. -----	5-42
Photo 5-8	8HI11466 at 10301 E. Sligh Avenue, looking northeast.-----	5-43
Photo 5-9	8HI11467 at 6104 Falkenburg Road, looking west. -----	5-44
Photo 5-10	8HI11468 at 3917 McCartney Lane, looking southwest.-----	5-45
Photo 5-11	8HI11469 at 3911 McCartney Lane, looking south.-----	5-46
Photo 5-12	8HI11470 at 2306 Graves Road, looking south. -----	5-47
Photo 5-13	8HI7840 at 8709 Seahawk Lane, looking southwest. -----	5-48
Photo 5-14	8HI11460 at 8707 127 th Avenue, looking north.-----	5-49
Photo 5-15	8HI11461 at 12324 Old Morris Bridge Road, looking west. -----	5-50
Photo 5-16	8HI11462 at 8903 McRae Road, looking southeast.-----	5-51
Photo 5-17	8HI11463 at 10212 Morris Bridge Road, looking west. -----	5-52
Photo 5-18	8HI11464 at 9016 Copeland Road, looking northwest. -----	5-53
Photo 5-19	8HI11465 at 9204 U.S. Highway 301, looking south.-----	5-54

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT), District Seven, is conducting a Project Development and Environment (PD&E) Study to evaluate capacity improvements along 15.5 miles of Interstate 75 (I-75) (State Road (SR) 93A) from south of US 301 (SR 43) to north of Fletcher Avenue (CR 582A) in Hillsborough County, Florida. The design year for the improvements is 2035.

This PD&E Study is being conducted concurrently with the PD&E Study for the portion of I-75 that extends from Moccasin Wallow Road in Manatee County to south of US 301 (SR 43) in Hillsborough County (WPI Segment No. 419235-2).

The objective of this PD&E Study is to help the FDOT and the Federal Highway Administration reach a decision on the type, location, and conceptual design of the necessary improvements for I-75 to safely and efficiently accommodate future travel demand. This study will document the need for the improvements as well as the procedures utilized to develop and evaluate various improvements including elements such as proposed typical sections, preliminary horizontal alignments, and interchange enhancement alternatives. The social, physical and natural environmental effects and costs of these improvements will be identified. The alternatives will be evaluated and compared based on a variety of parameters utilizing a matrix format. This process will identify the alternative that will best balance the benefits (such as improved traffic operations and safety) with the impacts (such as environmental effects and construction costs).

The PD&E Study satisfies all applicable requirements, including the National Environmental Policy Act, in order for this project to qualify for federal-aid funding of subsequent development phases (design, right of way acquisition, and construction).

This Cultural Resource Assessment Survey (CRAS) report has been prepared as part of this PD&E Study. The purpose of the survey was to locate and identify any cultural resources within the Area of Potential Effect (APE) and to assess their significance in terms of eligibility for listing in the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP). This CRAS was conducted in accordance with the requirements set forth in the *National Historic Preservation Act of 1966*, as amended, and Chapter 267, *Florida Statutes (F.S.)*. The investigations were carried out in conformity with Part 2, Chapter 12 ("Archaeological and Historical Resources") of the FDOT *Project Development and Environment Manual* and the standards contained in the Florida Division of Historical Resources' (FDHR) *Cultural Resource Management Standards and Operations Manual* (FDHR 2003; FDOT 1999). In addition, this survey meets the specifications set forth in Chapter 1A-46, *Florida Administrative Code*.

Research methods included preliminary background research; the preparation of a research design (including both WPI Segment Numbers 419235-2 and 419235-3) for the review and approval by the FHWA, Florida State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO), and Native American tribes; archaeological and historical/architectural field surveys; artifact analysis; and preparation of draft and final reports. The fieldwork was conducted between June and November 2008. A probability analysis for proposed stormwater management ponds/sites was not a part of this effort, and will be prepared at a later time

The initial review of the Florida Master Site File (FMSF), NRHP, and the Efficient Transportation Decision Making (ETDM) Summary Report (Project #8002) for this project (FDOT 2007) indicated that 22 previously recorded archaeological sites are located within or adjacent to the APE, and another 36 are recorded within 0.5 mile. Most of the recorded sites are lithic and artifact scatters originally recorded in the 1970s during archaeological survey of the proposed I-75 corridor. As a result of archaeological field survey within the existing right of way, cultural materials were recovered from seven previously recorded sites (8HI99, 8HI472, 8HI476, 8HI507, 8HI510, HI5434, and 8HI5926), and two archaeological occurrences (AO) were documented. No new archaeological sites were found. No evidence of the other 15 previously recorded archaeological sites was discovered within the I-75 PD&E Study project APE.

The original draft CRAS report was submitted for FDOT review in December 2008. Subsequently, for typical section and geometry transitioning reasons, the northern limits of the study area were extended north of the Hillsborough River, and the southern limits were adjusted to the south. As a result, this revised CRAS report contains updated background information and field survey results for the new corridor limits. The data for the revised southern and northern limits derives from the concurrent CRAS of the South Segment of I-75 (WPI Segment Number 419235-2) and the 2003 CRAS for the I-75 PD&E Study from south of Fowler Avenue to south of CR 54 (ACI 2003), respectively.

Updated background research resulted in the identification of 28 archaeological sites located within or adjacent to the revised project APE. Of these, 12 sites (8HI99, 8HI450, 8HI472, 8HI473, 8HI476A, 8HI476B, 8HI483, 8HI485, 8HI507, 8HI509, 8HI510, and 8HI11479) were evaluated by the SHPO as eligible for listing in the NRHP. As a result of field survey, cultural materials associated with 10 of the previously recorded sites were recovered, and two AOs were newly discovered. Three of the 10 sites (8HI476A, 8HI476B, and 8HI510), plus AO #1 are located within Segment 2 (from north of SR 60 to north of I-4), and seven sites (8HI99, 8HI472, 8HI507, 8HI5431, 8HI5432, 8HI5434, and 8HI5926), plus AO #2, are located within Segment 3 (from north of I-4 to north of Fletcher Avenue). No archaeological sites are associated with Segment 1 (south of US 301 to north of SR 60). No evidence of the other 19 previously recorded sites was found.

Of the 10 previously recorded sites discovered within the I-75 project APE, six sites (8HI99, 8HI472, 8HI476A, 8HI476B, 8HI507, 8HI510) were determined NRHP-eligible. However, based on the limited cultural materials recovered, the lack of additional information of significance to our understanding of regional prehistory, and the extensive amount of disturbance to most of these sites within the project APE, the portion of each NRHP eligible site located within the I-75 project APE is not considered contributing to the significance of the resource. Thus, project development will have no involvement with any archaeological sites which are listed, determined eligible, or considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP, and no further archaeological survey is recommended.

Background research and historical/architectural field survey of the project APE resulted in the identification of eight previously recorded historic resources (8HI5085, 8HI5086, 8HI6900, 8HI6901, 8HI7839, 8HI7840, 8HI8742, and 8HI8743) and 15 (8HI11460-11472, and 8HI11481-11482) newly identified resources, including two resource groups (historic railroad corridors). The APE for historic resources was defined as the property extending 300 feet from the edges of the existing right of way. With one exception (8HI7840), all the previously recorded historic resources were evaluated by the SHPO as ineligible for the

NRHP; 8HI7840 was not evaluated. None of the 15 newly recorded historic resources is considered potentially eligible for the NRHP, either individually or as part of a historic district. The 13 Frame and Masonry Vernacular style residential and commercial buildings, constructed between 1930 and 1959, represent unexceptional examples of their respective kind; the integrity of most has been compromised by unsympathetic alterations and additions. The two newly recorded railroad corridors (8HI11481 and 8HI11482), once historically part of the Seaboard Air Line and Atlantic Coast Line, respectively, have been altered by modern upgrades. While insufficient information exists to assess the significance of each railroad corridor, as located within the I-75 project APE, both 8HI11481 and 8HI11482 are considered ineligible for listing in the NRHP.

Originally recorded and evaluated in 2003 as ineligible for listing in the NRHP, updated historical research, including informant information, suggests that 8HI8742, a Frame Vernacular style residence located at 10426 Tanner Road, is potentially NRHP eligible. Constructed ca. 1891, the Tanner Residence is considered significant at the local level under Criterion A for its association with the early settlement of this portion of Hillsborough County, and under Criterion C as a fine example of early 20th century rural vernacular architecture. In addition to the residence, the boundary of this historic resource includes the surrounding 1.28-acre parcel and the adjacent 1.42-acre property which contain a barn structure and historic orange grove, respectively. In accordance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended, and its implementing regulations, a Section 106 Consultation Case Study will be prepared to evaluate the effects of the proposed undertaking (preferred alternative) on the potentially eligible property.

With the exception of 8HI8742, project development will have no involvement with any other archaeological sites or historic resources which are listed, determined eligible, or considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT), District Seven, is conducting a Project Development and Environment (PD&E) Study to evaluate improvements along 15.5 miles of Interstate 75 (I-75) (State Road (SR) 93A), from south of US 301 (SR 43) to north of Fletcher Avenue (County Road (CR) 582A) in Hillsborough County, Florida. The design year for the improvements is 2035. A project location map is shown in Figure 1-1. A study area aerial map is shown in Figure 1-2.

The objective of this PD&E study is to help the FDOT and the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) reach a decision on the type, location, and conceptual design of the necessary improvements for I-75 to safely and efficiently accommodate future travel demand. This study will document the need for the improvements as well as the procedures utilized to develop and evaluate various improvements including elements such as proposed typical sections, preliminary horizontal alignments, and interchange enhancement alternatives. The social, physical and natural environmental effects and costs of these improvements will be identified. The alternatives will be evaluated and compared based on a variety of parameters utilizing a matrix format. This process will identify the alternative that will best balance the benefits (such as improved traffic operations and safety) with the impacts (such as environmental effects and construction costs).

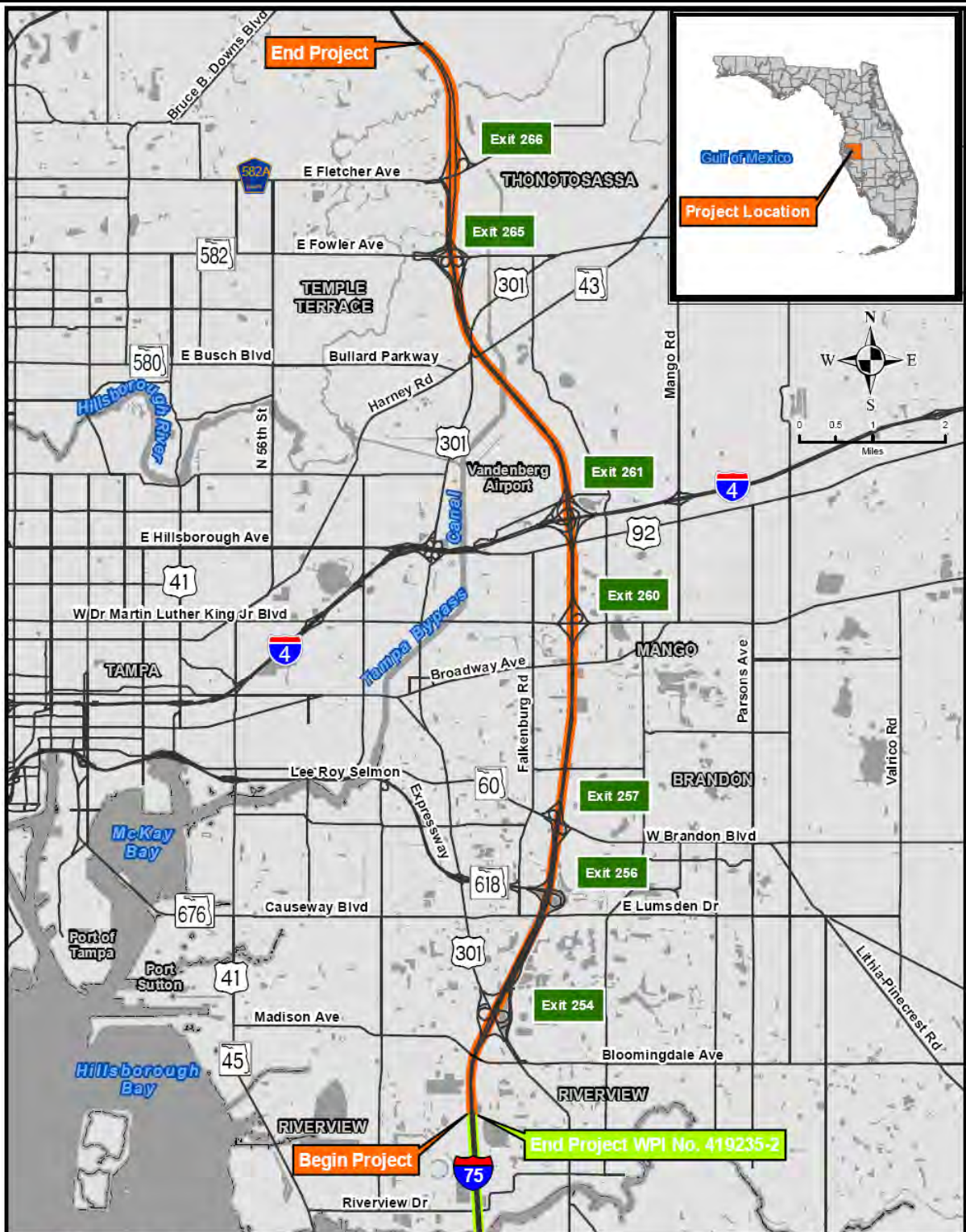
The PD&E Study satisfies all applicable requirements, including the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), in order for this project to qualify for federal-aid funding of subsequent development phases (design, right of way acquisition, and construction).

The sections, townships and ranges where the project is located are summarized in Table 1-1.

Table 1-1 Study Area Sections, Townships and Ranges

Sections	Townships	Ranges
1, 12, 13	28 S	19 E
18, 19, 29, 30, 32	28 S	20 E
5, 8, 17, 20, 29, 31, 32	29 S	20 E
6	30 S	20 E

This PD&E Study is being conducted concurrently with the PD&E Study for the section of I-75 that extends from Moccasin Wallow Road in Manatee County to south of US 301 (SR 43) in Hillsborough County (WPI Segment No. 419235-2).



	<p>I-75 (SR 93A) PD&E Study <i>South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue</i> WPI Segment No.: 419235-3 Hillsborough County</p>	<p>Project Location Map</p>	<p>Figure 1-1</p>
--	--	------------------------------------	-------------------



1.2 EXISTING FACILITY

I-75 is a limited access, 1,786-mile-long freeway that travels in a generally north/south direction from a southern terminus at SR 826 (Palmetto Expressway) in Hialeah, Florida, to a northern terminus in Sault Sainte Marie, Michigan, near the border with Canada.

In Florida, I-75 is included in the State Highway System (SHS), designated as SR 93A; the Florida Intrastate Highway System (FIHS); the Strategic Intermodal System (SIS); and the Federal Aid Interstate System. I-75 serves as a major evacuation route throughout the state.

Within the project limits, I-75 is classified as an Urban Principal Arterial – Interstate. Its mainline generally provides a six-lane, divided, limited access, rural typical section with the exception of the following sections:

- Between US 301 and the Selmon Expressway (SR 618), I-75 provides eight travel lanes (three northbound lanes and five southbound).
- Between Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. Boulevard (MLK Boulevard – SR 574) and I-4 (SR 400), I-75 provides three travel lanes and an auxiliary lane in each direction.
- Between Fowler Avenue (SR 582) and Fletcher Avenue, I-75 provides two travel lanes and an auxiliary lane between the entrance and exit ramps in each direction.

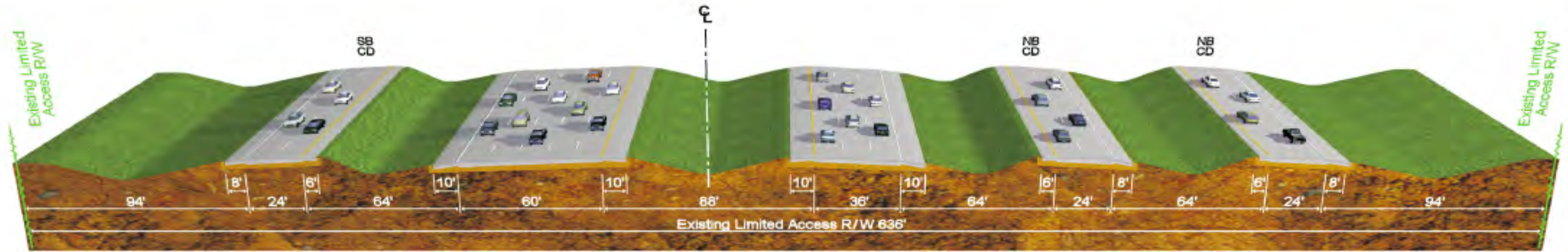
Between US 301 and SR 60, I-75 widens to include collector/distributor (CD) roads in both directions. The existing typical sections are shown in Figure 1-3 (a through f).

The (limited access) right of way along I-75 ranges from a minimum of 348 feet between SR 60 and Fowler Avenue to a maximum of 636 feet between US 301 and the Selmon Expressway.

There are seven interchanges along I-75 within the project limits. They are located at US 301, Selmon Expressway, SR 60, MLK Boulevard, I-4, Fowler Avenue, and Fletcher Avenue.

The study area includes 66 bridges, including crossings over the Hillsborough River, Memorial Gardens Slough, Mango Lake Drainage Canal, Harney Flats Canal, Tampa Bypass Canal, and Cowhouse Creek.

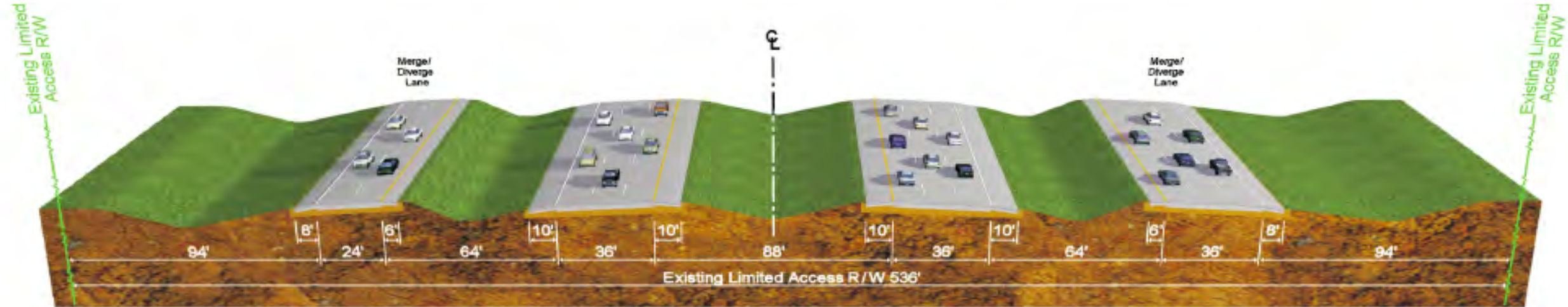
I-75 has not had capacity improvements from south of US 301 to north of Fletcher Avenue since its original construction.



I - 75 (SR 93A) PD&E Study
From South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue
WPI Segment No.: 419235-3
Hillsborough County

**Existing I-75 Mainline Typical Section
from US 301 to South of Selmon Expressway**

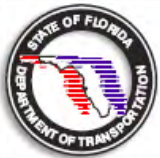
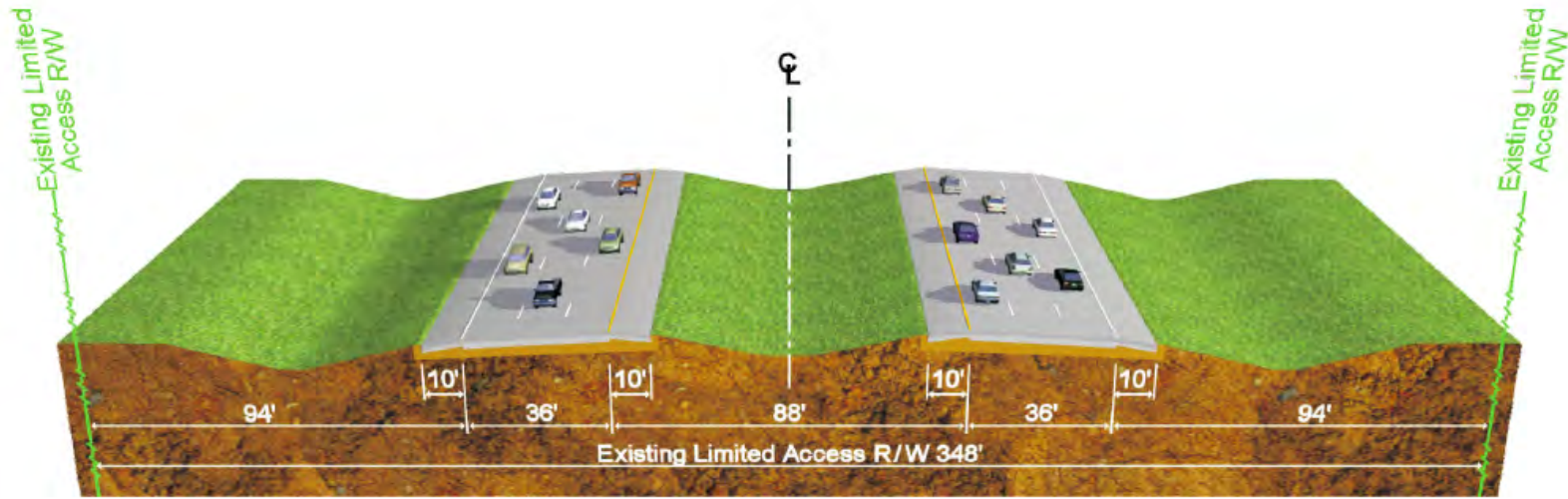
Figure 1-3a



I - 75 (SR 93A) PD&E Study
From South of US 301 to North
of Fletcher Avenue
WPI Segment No.: 419235-3
Hillsborough County

**Existing I-75 Mainline Typical Section
from South of Selmon Expressway to South of SR 60**

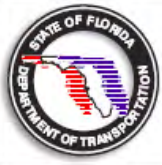
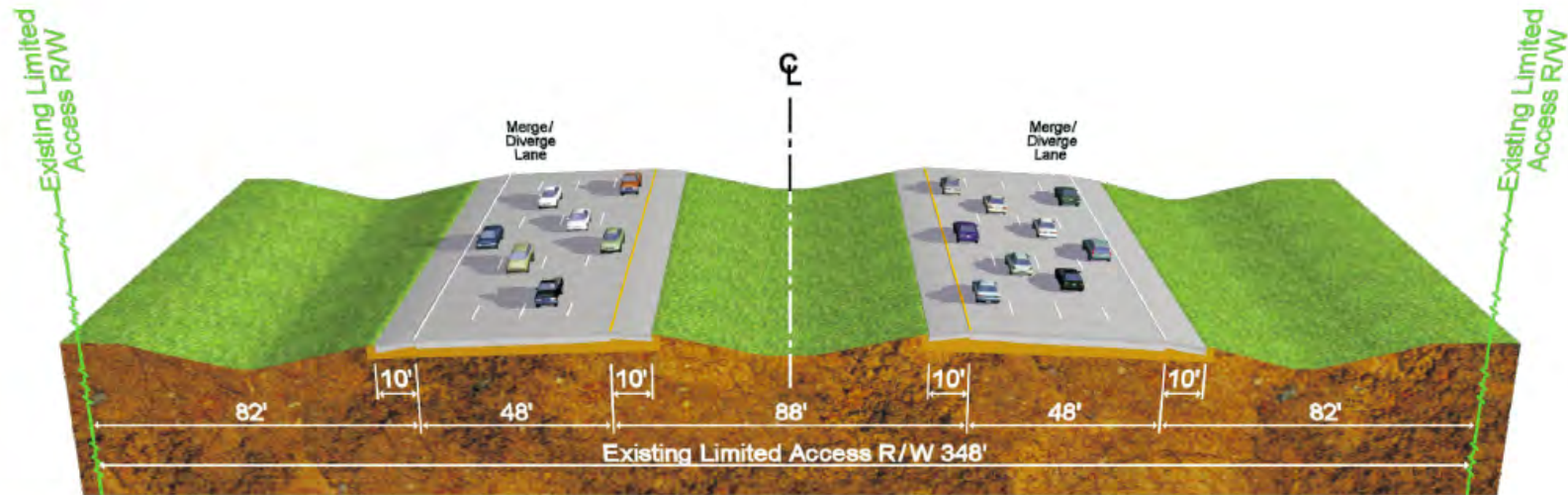
Figure1-3b



I - 75 (SR 93A) PD&E Study
From South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue
WPI Segment No.: 419235-3
Hillsborough County

Existing I-75 Mainline Typical Section
from South of SR 60 to
Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Boulevard

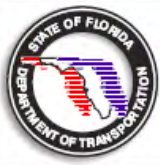
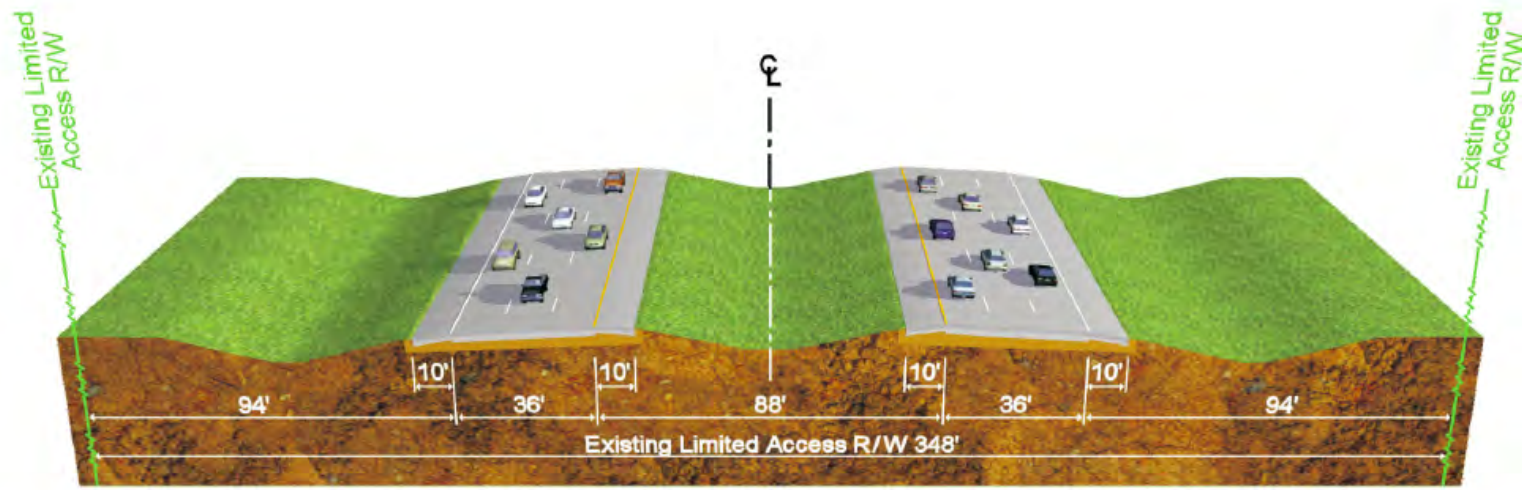
Figure 1-3c



I - 75 (SR 93A) PD&E Study
From South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue
WPI Segment No.: 419235-3
Hillsborough County

**Existing I-75 Mainline Typical Section
from Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Boulevard to I-4**

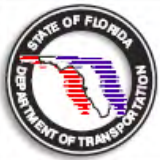
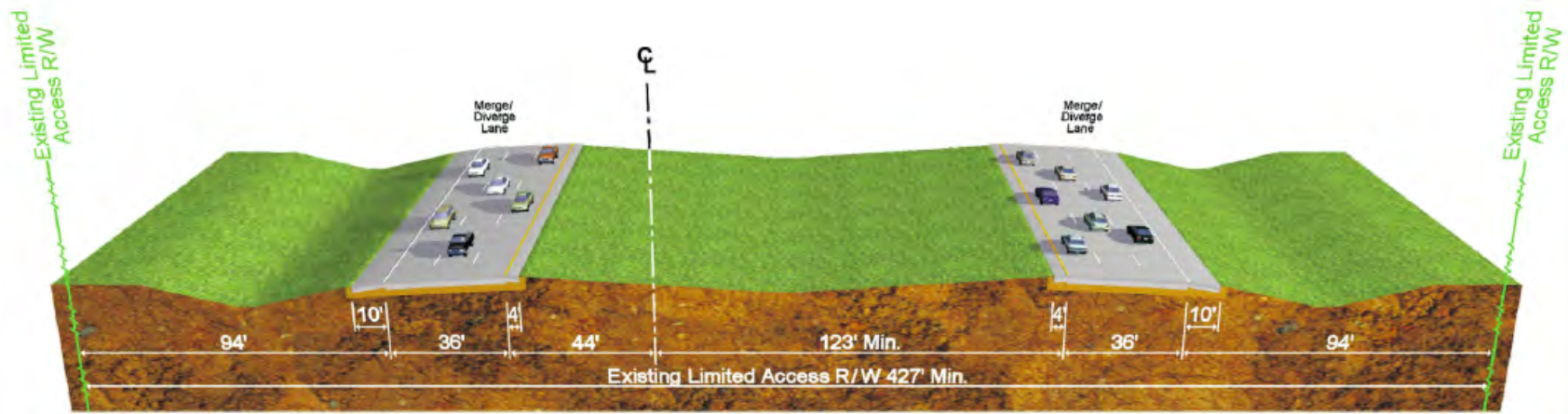
Figure 1-3d



I - 75 (SR 93A) PD&E Study
From South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue
WPI Segment No.: 419235-3
Hillsborough County

**Existing I-75 Mainline Typical Section
from I-4 to Fowler Avenue**

Figure 1-3e



I - 75 (SR 93A) PD&E Study

*From South of US 301 to North
of Fletcher Avenue*

WPI Segment No.: 419235-3

Hillsborough County

**Existing I-75 Mainline Typical Section
from Fowler Avenue to Fletcher Avenue**

Figure 1-3f

1.3 PROJECT NEED

I-75 is a vital link in the local and regional transportation network as well as a critical evacuation route as shown on the Florida Division of Emergency Management's evacuation route network. As a major north/south corridor, I-75 links the Tampa Bay region with the remainder of the state and the nation, supporting commerce, trade and tourism. I-75 is part of the FIHS, a statewide transportation network that provides for the movement of goods and people at high speeds and high traffic volumes. The FIHS is comprised of interconnected limited and controlled access roadways, such as Florida's Turnpike, selected urban expressways, and major arterial highways. The FIHS is the Highway Component of the SIS, which is a statewide network of highways, railways, waterways, and transportation hubs that handle the bulk of Florida's passenger and freight traffic. As an SIS/FIHS facility and part of the regional roadway network, I-75 is included in the 2025 Regional Long-Range Transportation Plan (LRTP) developed by the West Central Florida Metropolitan Planning Organization's (MPO) Chairs Coordinating Committee (CCC). Preserving the operational integrity and regional functionality of I-75 is critical to mobility and economy, as it is a vital link in the transportation network that connects the Tampa Bay region to the remainder of the state and the nation.

A portion of the study corridor, from SR 60 to I-4, is included in the FIHS 2025 Cost Feasible Plan Update, August 2003. Due to the intense traffic growth and high levels of congestion, the remaining portions of the study corridor are proposed to be included in the next update of the FIHS 2025 Cost Feasible Plan. The project is identified in the SIS Multimodal Unfunded Needs Plan (May 2006) and in the earlier SIS 2030 Highway Component Unfunded Needs Plan (April 2004). This project is consistent with the Transportation Element of the Hillsborough County Comprehensive Plan, adopted in March 2001 and last amended in January 2005 and is included in the Hillsborough County MPO's 2025 LRTP, adopted on November 10, 2004.

This project is consistent with other similar projects planned along the I-75 corridor throughout the state and provides continuity with these projects. This study is being conducted concurrently with the PD&E Study for the section of I-75 that extends from Moccasin Wallow Road in Manatee County to south of US 301 in Hillsborough County (WPI Segment No. 419235-2). Also, FDOT's District One is currently completing two PD&E Studies for the widening of two continuous portions of I-75, which when combined extend from SR 681 in Sarasota County to Moccasin Wallow Road in Manatee County. FDOT, District Seven is currently designing capacity improvements to I-75 from Fowler Avenue in Hillsborough County to SR 52 in Pasco County.

In 2007, the traffic volumes along I-75 in the study area ranged from 73,300 vehicles per day (vpd) south of the Selmon Expressway to 144,800 vpd south of I-4. These volumes included truck traffic that varied from 8.9 to 11.0 percent of the daily volumes. As a result of this high travel demand, several sections of I-75 already operate at congested conditions and levels of service (LOS) worse than the FIHS minimum level of service standard for "urban areas," which is LOS "D". Without improvements, the operating conditions along I-75 and connecting roadways will continue to deteriorate, resulting in unacceptable levels of service throughout the entire study corridor. Capacity improvements could also enhance travel safety by reducing congestion, thereby decreasing vehicle conflicts.

According to the crash records for the years 2005 through 2007, obtained from the FDOT's crash database, a total of 1,973 crashes were reported along I-75 within the project limits. Ten crashes resulted in one or more fatalities, 637 crashes resulted in personal injuries, and 1,326 crashes resulted in property damage only. The total economic loss from these crashes is estimated to be approximately \$58.0 million.

A *Programming Screen Summary Report* was published as part of the FDOT's Efficient Transportation Decision Making (ETDM) process on March 29, 2007. This project is designated as ETDM Project #8002. The FHWA has determined that the project qualifies as a Type 2 Categorical Exclusion.

1.4 IMPROVEMENT ALTERNATIVES

A detailed Design Traffic Technical Memorandum (DTTM) was prepared as part of this PD&E Study. The DTTM documented the existing travel conditions along I-75, presented forecasts of the design year travel demand along I-75 and the crossing corridors, and summarized level of service evaluations of several improvement alternatives for the mainline of I-75. This document concluded that adding three special use lanes (SULs) to the existing general use lanes (GULs) would be the most advantageous alternative for the mainline of I-75 because it would provide mobility options and preserve acceptable levels of service for the regional travelers.

1.4.1 No-Build Alternative

For the No-Build Alternative it was assumed that no capacity improvements, other than those already planned and funded, would be made to the I-75 corridor. The advantages to the No-Build Alternative include no new costs for design and construction, no effects to existing land uses and natural resources, and no disruption to the public during construction. However, the No-Build Alternative would not address the travelers' needs and would result in increased congestion and user costs. This alternative will remain under consideration as a viable alternative throughout the PD&E Study process.

1.4.2 Build Alternatives

Improvement alternatives were developed for the I-75 mainline and the interchanges of I-75 in the study area. For the I-75 mainline, two build alternative alignments were developed and evaluated based on two alternate typical sections. Both typical sections generally consisted of 12 travel lanes with six GULs (three in each direction) and six SULs (three in each direction). The main differences between the typical sections were the type of separation provided between the SULs and the GULs and whether widening would take place mainly within the median or to the outside.

The widening of I-75, under both mainline alternatives, can be constructed within the existing right of way. Additional right of way may be required, however, for interchange enhancements, slip ramps, stormwater management facilities, and floodplain compensation sites.

Figure 1-4 depicts the proposed typical section for Mainline Alternative 1. Under this alternative, the proposed widening of I-75 would mainly occur to the outside. The 12-lane typical section would provide a minimum 88-foot median (for potential future use as a multi-modal envelope), which would include 12-foot inside shoulders (10 feet paved). A 2-foot concrete barrier wall and 10-foot paved shoulders on both sides of the wall would separate the SULs from the GULs.

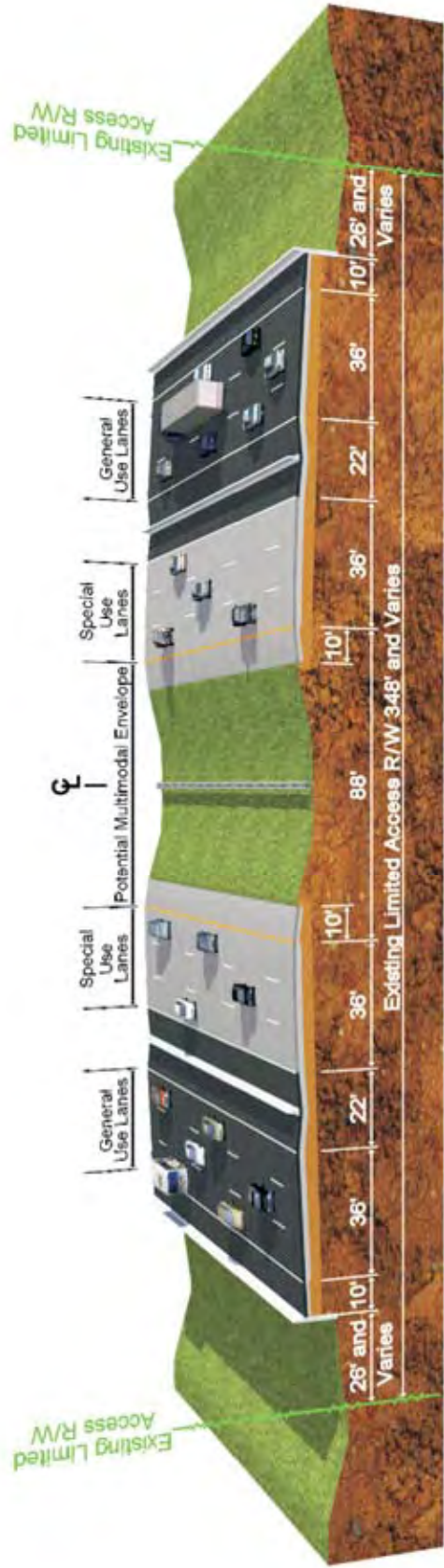
Figure 1-5 depicts the proposed typical section for Mainline Alternative 2. Under Mainline Alternative 2, the proposed widening of I-75 would mainly occur to the inside, within the existing median. A 9-foot widening to the outside would also be typically required on both sides of I-75. The proposed typical section would provide a minimum 22-foot median that would include a 2-foot concrete barrier wall and 10-foot paved shoulders on both sides of the wall. A 6-foot buffer, consisting of paint and/or plastic pylons, would separate the SULs from the GULs. Should a multi-modal envelope be desired to be added to the typical section, this envelope would be placed to the outside on either side of I-75.

There are seven interchanges along I-75 within the project limits located at US 301, the Selmon Expressway, SR 60, MLK Boulevard, I-4, Fowler Avenue, and Fletcher Avenue. Due to the close spacing between the seven interchanges, improvements proposed at each interchange would affect the operations at adjacent interchanges. For this reason, instead of developing separate improvement concepts for each interchange, the study area was divided into three segments and alternative improvement conceptual design plans were developed for each segment. The three segments, depicted in Figure 1-6, are described below:

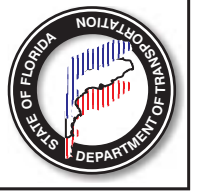
- Segment 1 – from south of US 301 to north of SR 60. This segment includes improvements for the interchanges at US 301, Selmon Expressway, and SR 60.
- Segment 2 – from north of SR 60 to north of I-4. This segment includes improvements for the interchanges at MLK Boulevard and I-4.
- Segment 3 – from north of I-4 to north of Fletcher Avenue. This segment includes improvements for the interchanges at Fowler Avenue and Fletcher Avenue.

For each segment and each of the mainline (typical section) alternatives, several improvement concepts, called options, were considered.

- Three improvement options – Option A, Option B, and Option C – were evaluated for Segment 1. Table 2-1 summarizes the key features of each option.
- Two improvement options – Option A and Option B – were evaluated for Segment 2. Table 2-2 summarizes the key features of each option.
- Two improvement options – Option A and Option B – were evaluated for Segment 3. Table 2-3 summarizes the key features of each option.

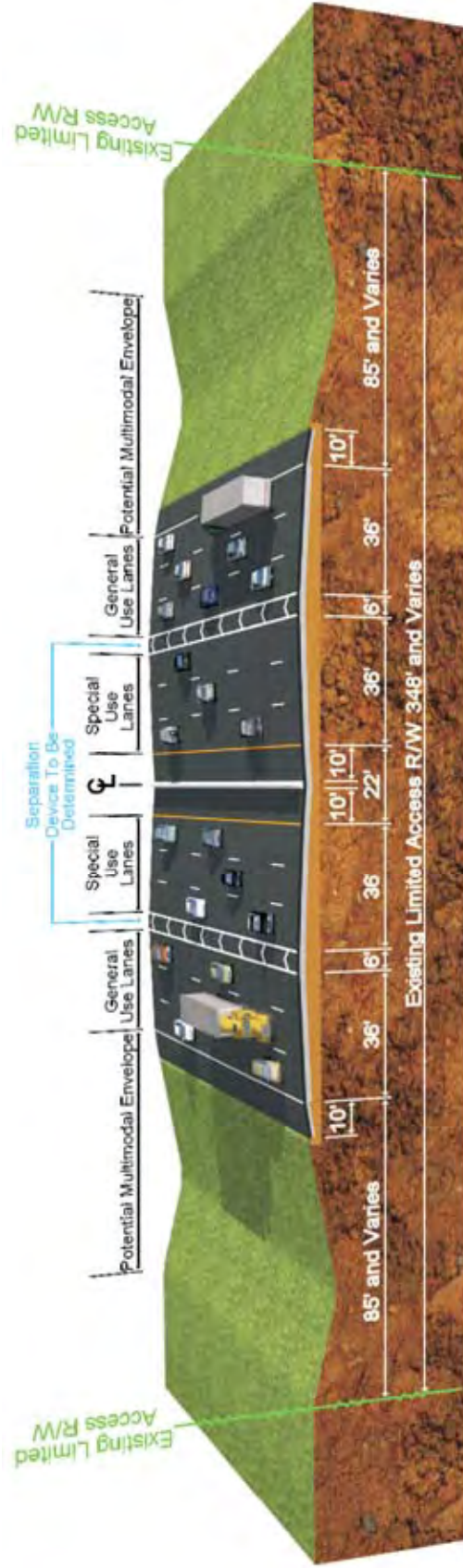


I - 75 (SR 93A) PD&E Study
From South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue
 WPI Segment No.: 419235-3
 Hillsborough County

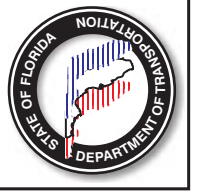


**I-75 Mainline Alternative 1
 Proposed Typical Section**

Figure 1-4

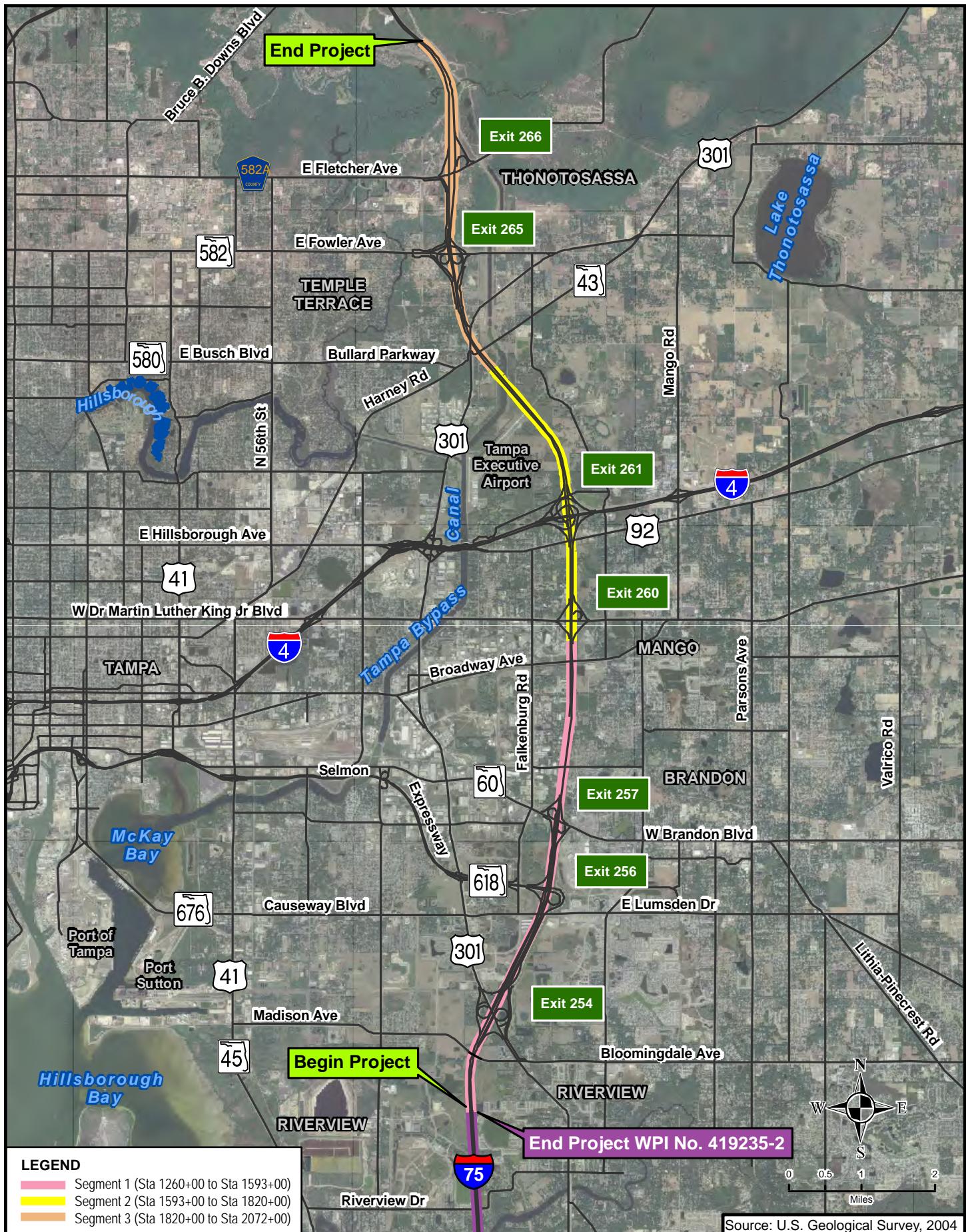


I - 75 (SR 93A) PD&E Study
From South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue
 WPI Segment No.: 419235-3
 Hillsborough County



**I-75 Mainline Alternative 2
 Proposed Typical Section**

Figure 1-5



I-75 (SR 93A) PD&E Study
South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue
 WPI Segment No.: 419235-3
 Hillsborough County

Project Segments

Figure 1-6

Table 1-2 Segment 1 – Main Features of Improvement Options

Location	Option A	Option B	Option C
US 301 Interchange	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No major improvements Realign some ramps to match I-75 mainline improvements 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No major improvements Realign some ramps to match I-75 mainline improvements 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No major improvements Realign some ramps to match I-75 mainline improvements
US 301 to Selmon Expressway	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Expand/extend NB and SB C/D roads Combine NB exit slip ramps to C/D road accessing Selmon Expressway and SR 60 Eliminate existing slip ramp connecting NB US 301 with Selmon Expressway and SR 60 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Eliminate NB and SB C/D roads Eliminate existing slip ramp connecting NB US 301 with Selmon Expressway Allow access to SR 60 from NB US 301 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Expand/extend NB and SB C/D roads Combine three NB exits from the I-75 GULs to US 301, Selmon Expressway and SR 60 into one Maintain connection from NB US 301 to Selmon Expressway and SR 60
Selmon Expressway Interchange	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Direct access to/from the I-75 GULs and SULs in both directions No access from NB US 301 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Direct access only to/from the I-75 GULs I-75 SULs access Selmon Expressway by shifting to the GULs through slip ramps away from the interchange No access from NB US 301 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Direct access only to/from the I-75 GULs I-75 SUL traffic south of the interchange connects with Selmon Expressway by shifting to the GULs through slip ramps away from the interchange I-75 SUL traffic north of the interchange connects with Selmon Expressway through braided ramps to the C/D roads placed north of SR 60, thus avoiding weaving with GUL traffic Allows access to Brandon Town Center Drive and Causeway Boulevard from/to NB I-75
Selmon Expressway to SR 60	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Extend/expand NB and SB C/D roads to north of SR 60 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Eliminate NB and SB C/D roads 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Extend/expand NB and SB C/D roads to north of SR 60 Combines entry points for NB traffic from Selmon Expressway and SR 60
SR 60 Interchange	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Maintain existing partial cloverleaf configuration Expand/extend SB and NB exit ramps to provide more storage Expand ramp termini intersections to add turn lanes 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Replace existing interchange with a SPUI Extend NB and SB exit ramps to provide more storage 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Modify west half of existing partial cloverleaf interchange to a diamond configuration I-75 SUL traffic north of the interchange connects with SR 60 through braided ramps to the C/D roads, thus avoiding weaving with GUL traffic

Table 1-3 Segment 2 – Main Features of Improvement Options

Location	Option A	Option B
MLK Boulevard Interchange	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Replace existing partial cloverleaf interchange with a SPUI • Begin NB C/D road at interchange • End SB C/D road at interchange 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Replace existing partial cloverleaf interchange with a SPUI • Begin NB C/D road at interchange • End SB C/D road at interchange
MLK Boulevard to I-4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provide NB and SB C/D roads from north of I-4 to MLK Boulevard; MLK Boulevard traffic to/from I-4 never enters I-75 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provide NB and SB C/D roads from north of I-4 to MLK Boulevard; MLK Boulevard traffic to/from I-4 never enters I-75
I-4 Interchange	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Upgrade existing “turbine” configuration by adding directional ramps to connect the I-75 SULs with I-4 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Replace existing interchange with a combined directional “turbine/stack” configuration • SUL ramps touchdown in the median of I-4 to allow connection with the I-4 SULs to be constructed in the future • Requires reconstruction of I-4 at the interchange

Table 1-4 Segment 3 – Main Features of Improvement Options

Location	Option A	Option B
Fowler Avenue Interchange	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maintain existing configuration with slight adjustments of some ramps to match C/D roads and mainline alignments 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Replace existing flyover ramp carrying the NB I-75 to WB Fowler Avenue traffic with a two-lane loop ramp in NE quadrant • Eliminate loop ramp in SE quadrant carrying EB Fowler Avenue to NB I-75 traffic; accommodate this movement by allowing left turns from EB Fowler Avenue and connecting with the WB Fowler Avenue to NB I-75 ramp
South of Fowler Avenue to north of Fletcher Avenue	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NB and SB C/D roads remove diverge areas at the interchanges from the mainline of I-75 onto the C/D roads in both directions • Eliminate short trips between Fletcher Avenue and Fowler Avenue in both directions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NB and SB C/D roads remove merge and diverge areas from the mainline of I-75 onto the C/D roads in both directions • Eliminate short trips between Fletcher Avenue and Fowler Avenue in both directions
Fletcher Avenue Interchange	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maintain existing configuration with enhancements proposed by current design project (FPID No. 408456-2-52-01, Section No. 10075) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maintain existing configuration with enhancements proposed by current design project (FPID No. 408456-2-52-01, Section No. 10075)

1.4.3 Recommended Improvements

All alternatives were evaluated with regards to costs, operational factors, and environmental impacts. Based on these evaluations, preferred alternatives were identified and recommended for the I-75 mainline and the interchanges within the study area. These recommendations are listed below:

- I-75 Mainline: Mainline Alternative 2
- Segment 1: Option C except for the SR 60 interchange where Option A was recommended
- Segment 2: Option A
- Segment 3: Option A

1.5 REPORT PURPOSE

This Cultural Resource Assessment Survey (CRAS) is one of several documents that will be prepared as part of this PD&E Study. This report documents the methods and results of background research and archaeological and historical/architectural field surveys. The purpose of the CRAS was to locate and identify any archaeological sites and historic resources located within the project Area of Potential Effect (APE) and to assess, to the extent possible, their significance as to eligibility for listing in the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP). The archaeological APE was defined as the existing right of way (ROW) and included the footprint of all seven interchange areas. The historical APE extended approximately 300 feet from the edge of the existing ROW. The archaeological and historical components of the survey were conducted between June and November 2008. Background research preceded field survey. Such research provides an informed set of expectations concerning the kinds of cultural resources that might be anticipated to occur within the project APE, as well as a basis for evaluating any newly discovered sites. A research design was prepared for review and approval by the FHWA, Florida State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO), and Native American tribes. A probability analysis for proposed stormwater management ponds/sites was not a part of this effort, and will be prepared at a later time

This CRAS was conducted to comply with Section 106 of the *National Historic Preservation Act of 1966* (Public Law 89-665), as amended, and the implementing regulations 36 CFR Part 800 (revised January 2001), as well as the provisions contained in the revised Chapter 267, *Florida Statutes (F.S.)*. All work was carried out in conformity with Part 2, Chapter 12 (Archaeological and Historical Resources) of the FDOT's *Project Development and Environment Manual* (FDOT 1999), and the standards contained in the Florida Division of Historical Resources' (FDHR) *Cultural Resource Management Standards and Operations Manual* (FDHR 2003). In addition, the survey report meets the specifications set forth in Chapter 1A-46, *Florida Administrative Code*.

2.0 ENVIRONMENTAL OVERVIEW

Environmental factors such as geology, topography, relative elevation, soils, vegetation, and water resources are important in determining where archaeological and historical sites are likely to be located. These variables influenced what types of resources were available, which in turn influenced decisions regarding settlement location and land-use patterns. Due to the influence of these environmental factors upon the local inhabitants, a discussion of the effective environment is included.

2.1 PHYSIOGRAPHY AND GEOLOGY

The I-75 PD&E Study corridor (Figures 2-1 through 2-4) is located within the Central or Mid-peninsular physiographic zone (White 1970). The topography is gently rolling with a series of low hills and valleys paralleling the coast. The corridor ranges in elevation from 15 to 75 feet above mean sea level (amsl) and transects three physiographic provinces. The northern and southern ends of the corridor are contained within the Gulf Coastal Lowlands. These are characterized by surficial streams with little to no down cutting. Low sand ridges, formed by ocean waters during the Pleistocene, form slight, rolling hills within the zone. The lack of elevation in the Gulf Coastal Lowlands creates the near surficial to exposed water table throughout the region. This high water table results in the poor natural drainage and abundance of wetlands in the region (Davis 1943; McNab and Avers 1996). Roughly six miles of the corridor are situated within the Polk Uplands, which were formed by the uplifting of Miocene limestones and subsequently shaped by Pleistocene seas that occupied lowland. About two miles of the corridor passes through the Zephyrhills Gap. This break in the Western Valley wall allows for the egress of the Hillsborough River to the Gulf.

The area is underlain by limestone in the northern area, medium fine sands and silts throughout the majority of the I-75 PD&E Study corridor, and a very small area of sandy clay and clay at the southern end (Knapp 1980). The area contains undifferentiated surficial sands, clayey sands, clays, marls, and peats. Other portions of the corridor are underlain by the Tampa Member of the Arcadia Formation of the Hawthorne Group which consists of limestone with dolostone, quartz sands, and clay (Campbell and Arthur 1993; Scott 2001; Scott et al. 2001).

2.2 LITHIC RESOURCES

Stone played an important role in the lifeways of the prehistoric people. Moreover, due to highly acidic soils in which preservation of organic cultural material is quite poor, stone tools and the debris from their manufacture are by far the most common archaeological material present at inland sites. Two kinds of lithic raw material were utilized by prehistoric populations in this part of Florida, namely silicified limestone, known by geologists and archaeologists as chert, and silicified coral. Chert and silicified coral are the result of silicification of two host materials, i.e., Miocene limestones and coral, respectively (Upchurch et al. 1982).

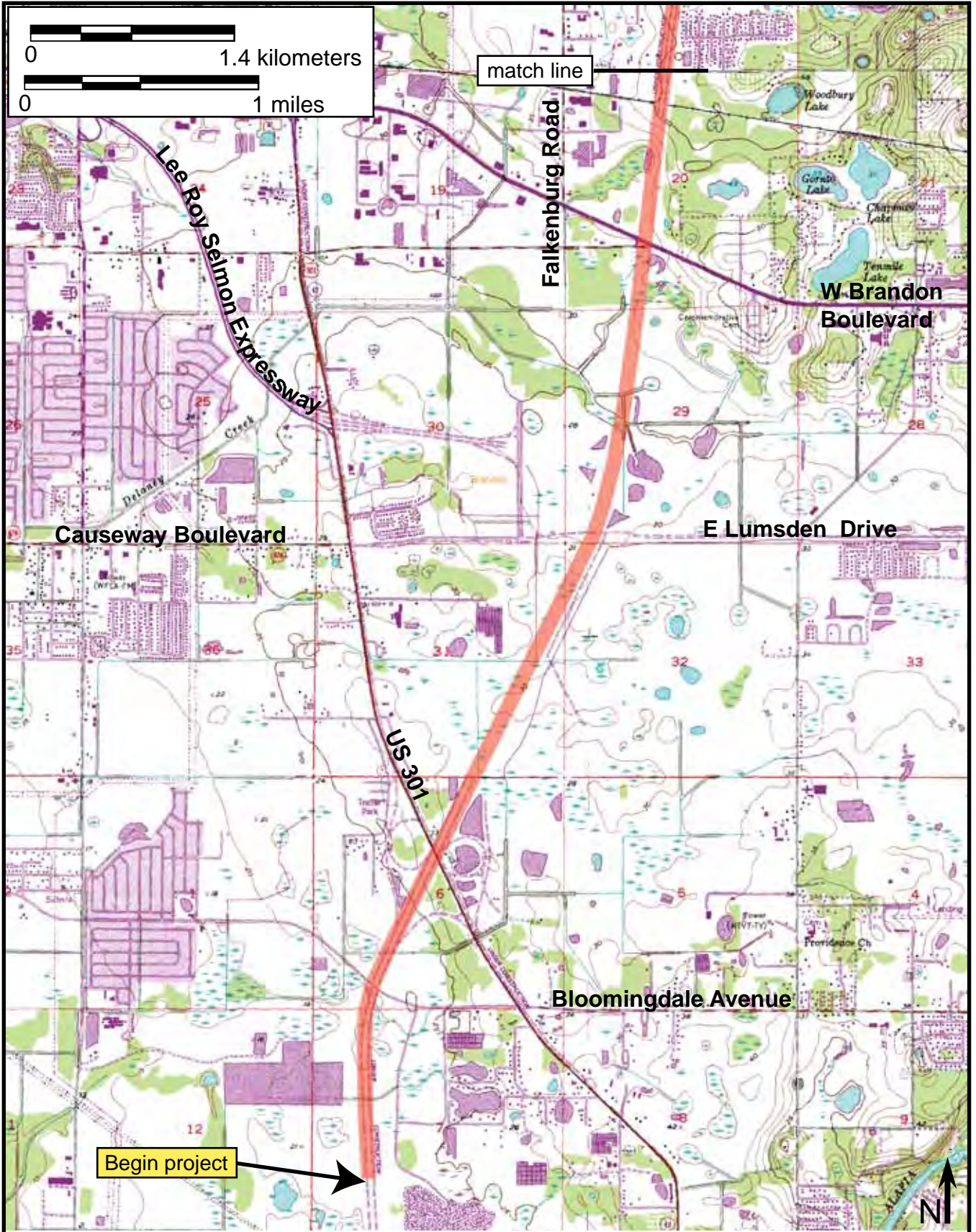


Figure 2-1 Environmental setting along the I-75 PD&E Study corridor (USGS Brandon 1982).

**I-75 (SR 93A) PD&E Study
 from south of US 301
 to north of Fletcher Avenue
 Hillsborough County
 WPI Segment No. 419235-3**

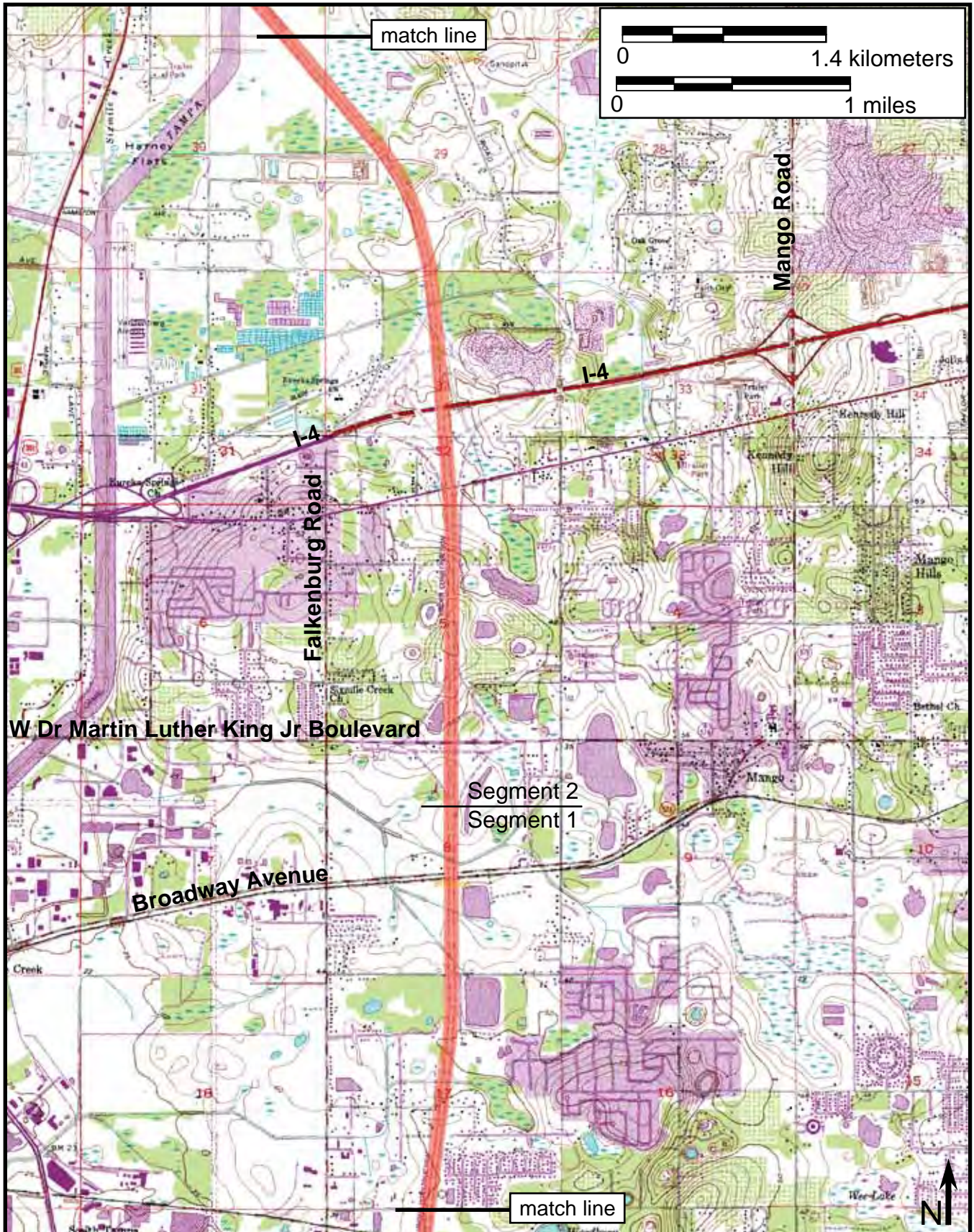


Figure 2-2 Environmental setting along the I-75 PD&E Study corridor (USGS Brandon 1982 and Thonotosassa 1977).

**I-75 (SR 93A) PD&E Study
 from south of US 301
 to north of Fletcher Avenue
 Hillsborough County
 WPI Segment No. 419235-3**



Figure 2-3 Environmental setting along the I-75 PD&E Study corridor (USGS Thonotosassa 1977).

**I-75 (SR 93A) PD&E Study
from south of US 301
to north of Fletcher Avenue
Hillsborough County
WPI Segment No. 419235-3**

Silicified coral is the product of the replacement of the original coral aragonite skeletal material with silicates. Such replacement often preserved the fabric of the coral resulting in the distinctive "star" pattern found in the stone if it is broken perpendicular to the plant's axis. The genus most common in the Tampa Bay area is *Siderastrea*, a fossil found in Miocene and Oligocene formations of Florida and southern Georgia (Upchurch et al. 1982).

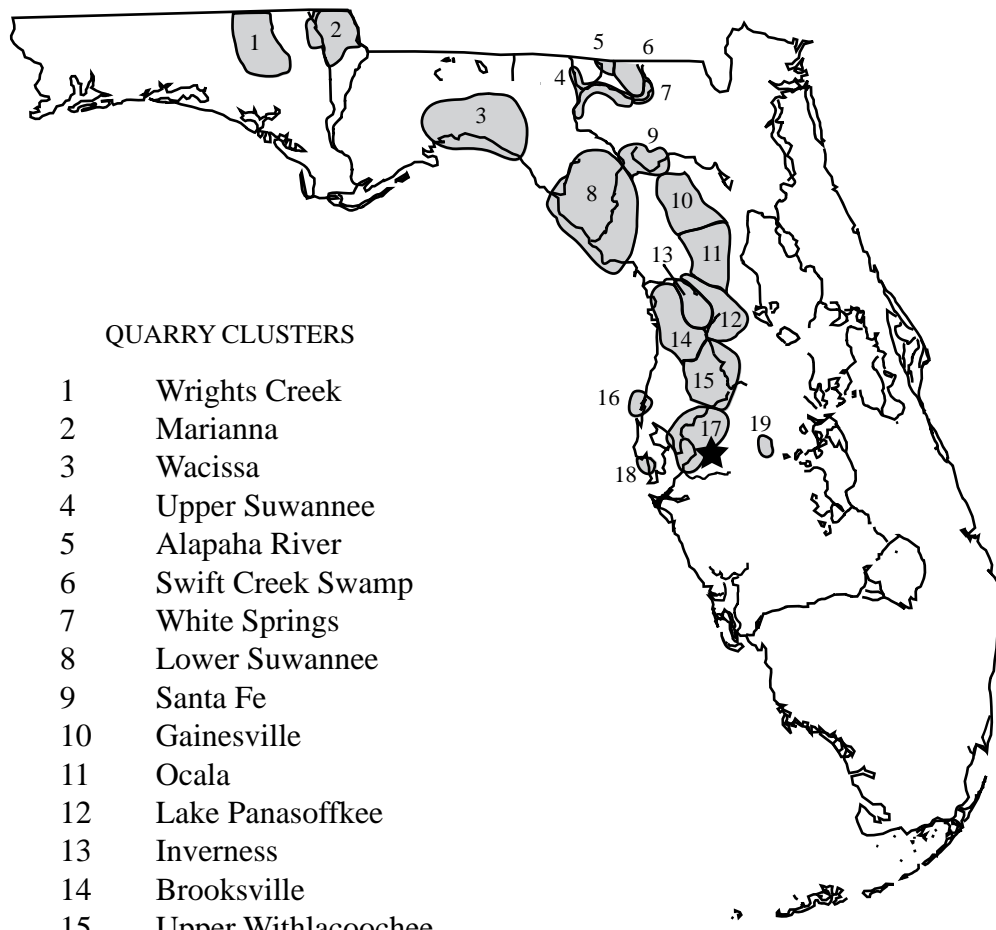
The I-75 PD&E Study corridor is located within the Hillsborough River Quarry Cluster which extends along the Hillsborough River and its tributaries to Hillsborough Bay (Figure 2-4). This quarry cluster provided a significant source of Tampa Formation silicified limestone. Cherts from this cluster vary widely in color and fabric and contain few diagnostic fossils, though several subareas within this cluster have been identified, based primarily on fossil content and rock fabric (Goodyear et al. 1983; Upchurch et al. 1982). Some cherts contain large macrofossils including gastropods, pelecypods, and coral fragments. These are generally preserved as chalcedony casts. Charophyte oogonia are diagnostic of the locale near Cow House Creek. Coral outcrops are located north of Fletcher Avenue, extending north to Zephyrhills, as well as along several small knolls in the Hillsborough River swamp (Upchurch et al. 1982:155).

2.3 SOILS AND VEGETATION

The I-75 PD&E Study corridor transects the Candler-Lake, Myakka-Basinger-Holopaw and Winder-Chobee-St. Johns soil associations (USDA 1989). The Candler-Lake association is characterized by nearly level to strongly sloping, excessively drained soils that are sandy throughout. These are associated with the uplands and low ridges. The Myakka-Basinger-Holopaw association consists of nearly level, poorly and very poorly drained soils of the flatwoods. The Winder-Chobee-St. Johns association consists of nearly level, poorly and very poorly drained soils that have a loamy or a sandy subsoil. These are located in wetland and coastal areas. Specifically, the corridor is underlain by 24 soil types (Figures 2-5 and 2-6; Table 2-1) (USDA 2005).

The I-75 PD&E Study corridor crosses through pine flatwoods and areas of longleaf pine and xerophytic oak (Davis 1980) although each of the soil types along the corridor supports a specific vegetative regime (USDA 1989, 2005). Adamsville fine sand, which occurs on broad ridges on the flatwoods, supports bluejack oak, turkey oak, longleaf pine, and slash pine with an understory of broomsedge bluestem, lopsided indiagrass, saw palmetto, and pineland threeawn. Archbold fine sand occurs on low ridges on the flatwoods. The natural vegetation consists of sand pine with an understory of pineland threeawn, pricklypear cactus, and saw palmetto. The depressional Basinger, Holopaw, and Samsula soils are situated within swamps and depressions on the flatwoods. The natural vegetation consists of cypress with an understory of bluestem, maidencane, panicum, Jamaica sawgrass, and cutgrass. The Candler soils occur on the uplands and support bluejack, Chapman, scrub live, and turkey oak. The understory consists of indiagrass, hairy panicum, panicum, pineland threeawn, and running oak.

Chobee loamy fine sand occurs on low-lying flats on the flatwoods. The natural vegetation consists of cypress, cabbage palm, slash pine, and Coastal Plain willow, with an understory of buttonbush, maidencane, and Jamaica sawgrass. Chobee muck, depressional soils



QUARRY CLUSTERS

- 1 Wrights Creek
- 2 Marianna
- 3 Wacissa
- 4 Upper Suwannee
- 5 Alapaha River
- 6 Swift Creek Swamp
- 7 White Springs
- 8 Lower Suwannee
- 9 Santa Fe
- 10 Gainesville
- 11 Ocala
- 12 Lake Panasoffkee
- 13 Inverness
- 14 Brooksville
- 15 Upper Withlacoochee
- 16 Caladesi
- 17 Hillsborough River
- 18 Turtlecrawl Point
- 19 Peace River

(After Upchurch et al. 1982: Figure 1).



Figure 2-4 Location of the project area relative to the quarry clusters.

**I-75 (SR 93A) PD&E Study
 from south of US 301
 to north of Fletcher Avenue
 Hillsborough County
 WPI Segment No. 419235-3**

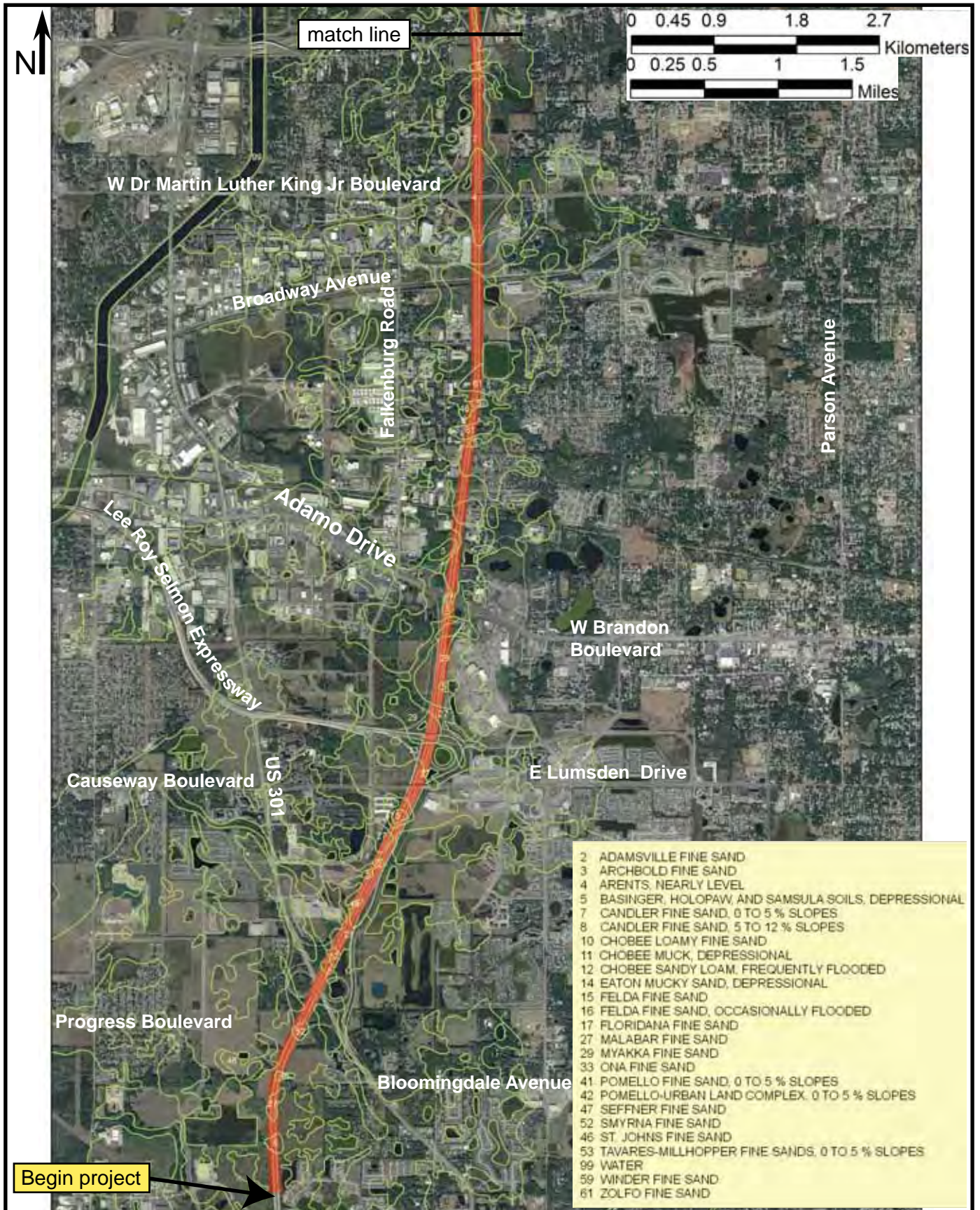


Figure 2-5 Soil types along the I-75 PD&E Study corridor (USDA 2005).

**I-75 (SR 93A) PD&E Study
from south of US 301
to north of Fletcher Avenue
Hillsborough County
WPI Segment No. 419235-3**

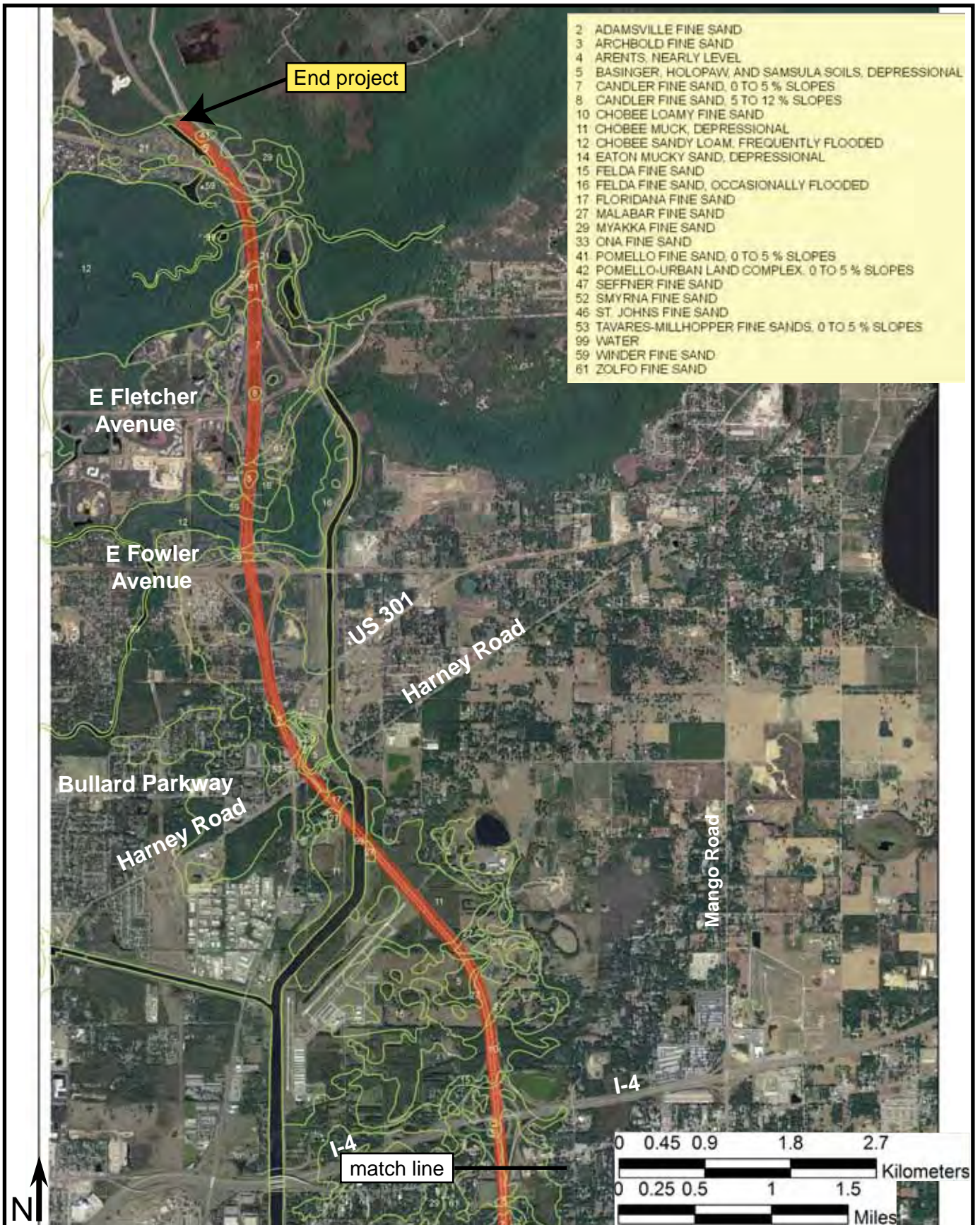


Figure 2-6 Soil types along the I-75 PD&E Study corridor (USDA 2005).

**I-75 (SR 93A) PD&E Study
 from south of US 301
 to north of Fletcher Avenue
 Hillsborough County
 WPI Segment No. 419235-3**

predominantly occur within Harney Flats. These soils support cypress, sweetgum, and Coastal Plain willow with an understory of buttonbush, maidencane, and Jamaica sawgrass.

Table 2-1 Soil types located along the I-75 corridor

Name	Drainage	Setting
Adamsville fine sand	Somewhat poor	Broad ridges on the flatwoods
Archbold fine sand	Moderately well	Low ridges on the flatwoods
Arents, nearly level	Somewhat poor	Excavated, reworked, reshaped
Basinger, Holopaw, and Samsula soils, depressional	Very poor	Swamps and depressions on the flatwoods
Candler fine sand, 0 to 5 % slopes	Excessive	Uplands
Candler fine sand, 5 to 12 % slopes	Excessive	Uplands
Chobee loamy fine sand	Very poor	Low lying flats on the flatwoods
Chobee muck, depressional	Very poor	Broad depressions; Harney Flats
Chobee sandy loam, frequently flooded	Very poor	Bottom lands mainly along Hillsborough River and Blackwater Creek
Eaton mucky sand, depressional	Very poor	Depressions on flatwoods
Felda fine sand	Poor	Broad sloughs on flatwoods
Felda fine sand, occasionally flooded	Poor	Low terraces of major rivers and streams
Floridana fine sand	Very poor	Sloughs and swales on the flatwoods
Malabar fine sand	Poor	Low-lying sloughs and shallow depressions on the flatwoods
Myakka fine sand	Poor	Broad plains on the flatwoods
Ona fine sand	Poor	Broad plains on flatwoods
Pomello fine sand, 0 to 5 % slopes	Moderately well	Low ridges on the flatwoods
Pomello-Urban Land Complex, 0 to 5 % slopes	Moderately well	Low ridges on the flatwoods
St. Johns fine sand	Poor	Low-lying plains on the flatwoods
Seffner fine sand	Somewhat poor	Rims of depressions and on broad, low ridges on the flatwoods
Smyrna fine sand	Poor	Broad, low-lying, convex swells on the flatwoods
Tavares-Millhopper fine sands, 0 to 5 % slopes	Moderately well	Low-lying areas on the uplands and on low ridges on the flatwoods
Winder fine sand	Poor	Broad, low-lying sloughs on the flatwoods
Zolfo fine sand	Somewhat poor	Broad, low ridges on the flatwoods

The frequently flooded Chobee soils occur along the bottomlands of the Hillsborough River. The natural vegetation consists of baldcypress, Coastal Plain willow, red maple, cabbage palm, and sweetgum. The understory included buttonbush, maidencane, sawgrass, smartweed, and sedges. The depressional Eaton mucky sand occurs on depressions on the flatwoods. The natural vegetation consists of cypress and sweetgum with an understory of sand cordgrass, bluestem, maidencane, and waxmyrtle. The Felda sands occur on broad sloughs on the flatwoods and on low terraces of major rivers and streams. These support cabbage palm, slash pine, swamp maple, and sweetgum with an understory of saw

palmetto, pineland threeawn, and waxmyrtle. Floridana fine sand occurs in swales and sloughs on the flatwoods and has a similar vegetative regime as the Felda soils with the addition of bluestem, maidencane, and panicum in the understory.

Malabar fine sand occurs on low-lying sloughs and shallow depressions on the flatwoods. The natural vegetation consists of cabbage palm, longleaf pine, and slash pine with an understory of broomsedge, bluestem, inkberry, maidencane, saw palmetto, and waxmyrtle. Myakka and Ona sands occur on broad plains on the flatwoods. The associated vegetation consists of longleaf and slash pine with an understory of gallberry, running oak, saw palmetto, pineland threeawn, and waxmyrtle.

The Pomello sands occur on low ridges on the flatwoods and have natural vegetation consisting of longleaf, sand, and slash pine with an understory of creeping bluestem, lopsided indiagrass, running oak, saw palmetto, and pineland threeawn. The Urban land part of the complex is covered by concrete, asphalt, buildings, or other impervious surfaces that obscure or alter the soils so that their identification is not feasible.

Seffner fine sand occurs on the rims of depressions and on broad, low ridges on the flatwoods. The natural vegetation consists of longleaf pine, slash pine, and laurel oak with an understory of creeping bluestem, grassleaf goldaster, lopsided indiagrass, saw palmetto, and pineland threeawn. Smyrna sand occurs on broad, low-lying, convex swells on the flatwoods. The natural vegetation consists of longleaf and slash pine. The understory includes gallberry, running oak, saw palmetto, pineland threeawn, and waxmyrtle. St. Johns fine sand occurs on low-lying plains on the flatwoods and supports the same vegetative regime as Smyrna fine sand.

Tavares-Millhopper fine sands occur on low-lying areas of the uplands and on low ridges on the flatwoods. The natural vegetation consists of bluejack oak, turkey oak, live oak, and longleaf pine with an understory of creeping bluestem, lopsided indiagrass, panicum, and pineland threeawn. Winder fine sand occurs on broad, low-lying sloughs on the flatwoods. The natural vegetation includes live oak, cabbage palm, and slash pine with an understory of saw palmetto, pineland threeawn, and waxmyrtle. Zolfo fine sand occurs on broad, low ridges on the flatwoods. It supports live oak, turkey oak, longleaf pine, and slash pine. The understory includes broomsedge, bluestem, lopsided indiagrass, saw palmetto, and pineland threeawn.

The faunal resources that would have been available for exploitation by the aboriginal inhabitants are tied to the botanical resources. Soil types can be divided into three general habitat locales or areas suitable for openland wildlife, woodland wildlife, and wetland wildlife (USDA 1989: Table 8). The openland habitat includes prairie, pastures, meadows, and areas overgrown with grasses, herbs, vines, and shrubs. The wildlife associated with these areas includes bobwhite quail, meadowlarks, doves, field sparrows, cottontail rabbit, and red fox. The Felda, Myakka, Ona, Seffner, Smyrna, St. Johns, Tavares-Millhopper, and Winder soils are rated fair in terms of supporting this habitat. The other soils are poorly or very poorly suited to openland habitats. Woodland habitats require areas of deciduous and/or coniferous plants associated with legumes, grasses and herbaceous plants, which support animals such as turkey, woodcock, thrushes, woodpeckers, squirrels, gray fox, raccoon, deer, and bear. Seffner fine sand is well suited to woodland habitats. The Adamsville, Ona, Smyrna, St. Johns, Tavares-Millhopper, Winder, and Zolfo soils are rated fair and the rest are poorly or very poorly suited to woodland habitats. Wetland habitats consist of open,

marshy, or swampy shallow water areas. Wildlife associated with these locales includes ducks, geese, egrets, herons, shorebirds, otters, mink, beaver, alligator, and turtles. The Basinger, Chobee, Eaton, Floridana, Holopaw, and Samsula soils are well suited for wetland habitats. The Felda, Malabar, Ona, Smyrna, St. Johns, and Winder soils are rated fair and the others are either very poorly or poorly suited to such habitats.

2.4 LOCAL HYDROLOGY

Water resources along the I-75 PD&E Study corridor include the Hillsborough River and Cow House Slough, with a number of other lakes, ponds, wetlands, and swamps, including Harney Flats. Geologist Sam Upchurch has hypothesized that Cow House Creek was the original route of the Hillsborough River, and that stream piracy has caused the present river channel to develop (Upchurch in Gagel 1981:297). The Hillsborough River flows southwestward to Hillsborough Bay at Tampa. Designed as part of a federal flood-control project to divert floodwater from the Hillsborough River above Tampa, construction of the 14-mile long Tampa Bypass Canal was begun in 1976 by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. "The canal has had marked effects upon the hydrology of the area by causing a drawdown of the potentiometric surface of the Floridan aquifer and a diversion of flow from other parts of the hydrologic system" (Daniel and Wisenbaker 1987:13).

2.5 PALEOENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS

The early environment of the region was different from that of today. Sea levels were lower, the climate was arid, and fresh water was scarce. An understanding of human ecology during the earliest periods of human occupation in Florida cannot be based on observations of the modern environment because of changes in water availability, botanical communities, and faunal resources. Aboriginal inhabitants would have developed cultural adaptations in response to the environmental changes taking place which were then reflected in settlement patterns, site types, artifact forms, and subsistence economies.

Due to the arid conditions between 16,500 and 12,500 years ago, the perched water aquifer and potable water supplies were absent (Dunbar 1981:95). Palynological studies conducted in Florida and Georgia suggests that between 13,000 and 5000 years ago, this area was covered with an upland vegetation community of scrub oak and prairie (Watts 1969, 1971, 1975). The rise of sea level reduced xeric habitats over the next several millennia. Intermittent flow in the Hillsborough River some 8500 years ago was likely due to precipitation and surface runoff, and by 6000 years ago the river probably began flowing as a result of spring discharge from the Floridan aquifer (Dunbar 1981:99).

By 5000 years ago, a climatic event marking a brief return to Pleistocene climatic conditions induced a change toward more open vegetation. Southern pine forests replaced the oak savannahs. Extensive marshes and swamps developed along the coasts and subtropical hardwood forests became established along the southern tip of Florida (Delcourt and Delcourt 1981). Northern Florida saw an increase in oak species, grasses, and sedges (Carbone 1983). At Lake Annie, in south central Florida, pollen cores were dominated by wax myrtle and pine. The assemblage suggests that by this time, a forest dominated by longleaf pine along with cypress swamps and bayheads existed in the area (Watts 1971, 1975). By about 3500 B.C.E (Before Common Era), surface water was plentiful in karst

terrains and the level of the Floridan aquifer rose to 5 feet above present levels. After this time, modern floral, climatic, and environmental conditions began to be established.

2.6 EXISTING CONDITIONS

Representative views along the corridor, moving south to north, are provided in Photos 2-1 through 2-6.



Photo 2-1 Southernmost portion of the I-75 corridor to the south of US 301, looking south-southeast.



Photo 2-2 Approach to the MLK Boulevard interchange, looking south.



Photo 2-3 Approach to the I-4 interchange, looking northwest.



Photo 2-4 I-75 overpass at Harney Road, looking northeast.



Photo 2-5 I-75 at Fowler Avenue, looking northeast.



Photo 2-6 Median of I-75 in vicinity of Fletcher Avenue, looking northwest.

3.0 CULTURAL CHRONOLOGY

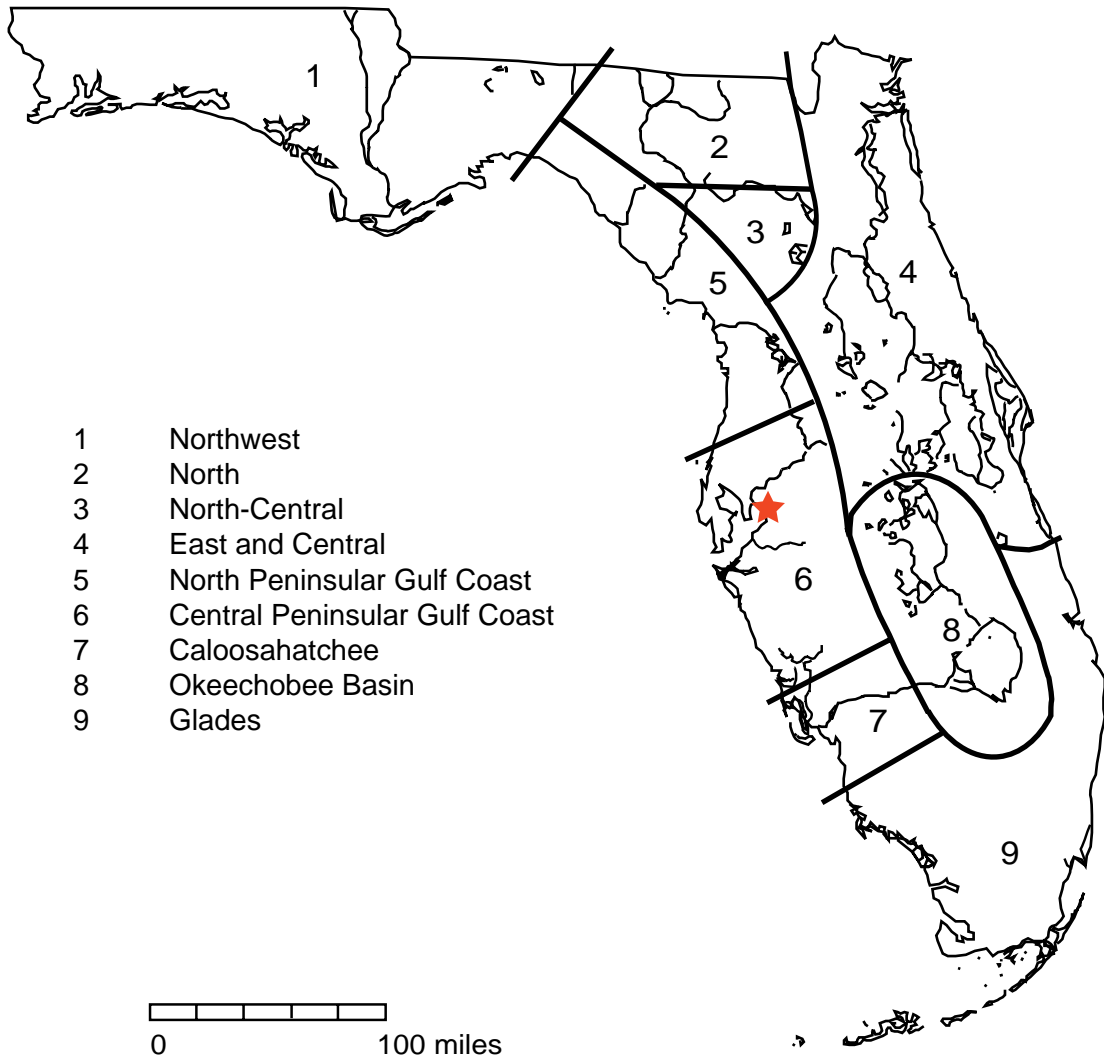
A discussion of the regional culture history of a given area is included in CRAS reports to provide a framework within which the local archaeological and historical record can be examined. Archaeological sites are not individual entities, but rather are part of once dynamic cultural systems. As a result, individual sites cannot be adequately examined or interpreted without reference to other sites and resources in the general area.

In general, archaeologists summarize the culture history of a given area (i.e., an archaeological region) by outlining the sequence of archaeological cultures through time. These are defined largely in geographical terms but also reflect shared environmental and cultural factors. The I-75 PD&E Study corridor is located in the Central Peninsular Gulf Coast archaeological region (Milanich 1994; Milanich and Fairbanks 1980). This region extends from just north of Tampa Bay southward to the northern portion of Charlotte Harbor (Figure 3-1). Within this zone, the Paleo-Indian, Archaic, Formative, and Mississippian/Acculturative stages have been defined based on unique sets of material culture traits such as stone tool forms and ceramics as well as subsistence, settlement, and burial patterns. These broad temporal units are further subdivided into culture phases or periods: Paleo-Indian (Clovis, Suwannee, Dalton), Archaic (Early, Middle, and Late), Formative (Manasota/Weeden Island-related), and Mississippian/Acculturative (Safety Harbor).

The local history of the region is divided into four broad periods based initially upon the major governmental powers. The first period, Colonialism, occurred during the exploration and control of Florida by the Spanish and British from around 1513 until 1821. At that time, Florida became a territory of the United States and 21 years later became a State (Territorial and Statehood). The Civil War and Aftermath (1861-1899) period deals with the Civil War, the period of Reconstruction following the war, and the late 1800s, when the transportation systems were dramatically increased and development throughout the state expanded. The Twentieth Century period includes subperiods defined on the basis of important historic events such as the World Wars, the Boom of the 1920s, and the Depression. Each of these periods evidenced differential development and utilization of the region, thus effecting the historic site distribution across the land.

3.1 PALEO-INDIAN

The Paleo-Indian period is the earliest known cultural manifestation in Florida, dating from roughly 12,000 to 7500 B.C.E. (Milanich 1994). Archaeological evidence for Paleo-Indians consists primarily of scattered finds of diagnostic lanceolate-shaped projectile points. The Florida peninsula at this time was quite different than today. The climate was cooler and drier. Vegetation was typified by xerophytic species with scrub oak, pine, open grassy prairies, and savannas (Milanich 1994:40). When Florida was first populated, sea levels were as much as 115 feet below present levels and the coast extended miles beyond the present-day shorelines (Milliman and Emery 1968). Thus, many of these sites have been inundated. Evidence of this includes sites that were discovered as a result of dredging activities in the Gulf (Karklins 1970) while other research has shown that some of the shell deposits bordering submerged river channels in Tampa Bay may have been Paleo-Indian midden deposits (Goodyear et al. 1983; Goodyear and Warren 1972).



Post- 500 B.C. regions of precolumbian Florida

Figure 3-1 Florida Archaeological Regions. The I-75 project APE (★) is within the Central Peninsular Gulf Coast Region.

**I-75 (SR 93A) PD&E Study
 from south of US 301
 to north of Fletcher Avenue
 Hillsborough County
 WPI Segment No. 419235-3**

The Paleo-Indian period has been sub-divided into three horizons based upon characteristic tool forms (Austin 2001). The Clovis Horizon (11,000-10,000 B.C.E.) represents the initial occupation of Florida. It is defined based upon the presence of the fluted Clovis points. These are somewhat more common in north Florida, although Robinson (1979) does illustrate a few points from the central Gulf Coast area. The Suwannee Horizon (10,000-9000 B.C.E.) is the most well known of the three Paleo-Indian horizons. The lanceolate-shaped, unfluted Simpson and Suwannee projectile points are diagnostic of this time period (Bullen 1975; Daniel and Wisenbaker 1987; Purdy 1981). The Suwannee tool kit includes a variety of scrapers, adzes, spokeshaves, unifacially retouched flakes, flakes with beaked projections, and blade-like flakes as well as bone and ivory foreshafts, pins, awls, daggers, anvils, and abraders (Austin 2001:23). Following the Suwannee Horizon is the Late Paleo-Indian (Dalton?) Horizon (9000-8000 B.C.E.). The smaller Tallahassee, Santa Fe, and Beaver Lake projectile points have traditionally been attributed to this horizon (Milanich 1994). However, many of these points have been recovered stratigraphically from late Archaic and early Woodland period components and thus, may not date to this time period at all (Austin 2001; Farr 2006).

Archaeologists hypothesize that Paleo-Indians lived in migratory bands and subsisted by gathering and hunting, including the now-extinct Pleistocene megafauna. Since it was cooler and much drier, it is likely that these nomadic hunters traveled between permanent and semi-permanent sources of water, such as artesian springs, exploiting the available resources. These watering holes would have attracted the animals that the Indians hunted, thus providing both food and drink. In addition to being “tethered” to water sources, most of the Paleo-Indian sites are also proximate to sources of good quality lithic resources. This settlement pattern is considered to logistical, i.e., the establishment of semi-permanent habitation areas and the movement of the resources from their sources of procurement to the residential locale by specialized task groups (Austin 2001:25).

Some of the information about this period has been derived from the underwater excavations at two inland spring sites in Sarasota County: Little Salt Spring and Warm Mineral Springs (Clausen et al. 1979). Excavation at the Harney Flats Site in Hillsborough County has provided a rich body of data concerning Paleo-Indian life ways. Analysis indicates that this site was used as a quarry-related base camp with special use activity areas (Daniel and Wisenbaker 1987). It has been suggested that Paleo-Indian settlement may “not have been related as much to seasonal changes as generally postulated for the succeeding Archaic period,” but instead movement was perhaps related to the scheduling of “tool-kit replacement, social needs, and the availability of water,” among other factors (Daniel and Wisenbaker 1987:175).

3.2 ARCHAIC

As the Paleo-Indian period gradually came to a close, climatic changes occurred and the Pleistocene megafauna died out. Archaeological evidence suggests a slow cultural change that led toward an increasingly intensive exploitation of localized food resources. These changes may reflect a transition from the late Pleistocene to a more seasonal, modern climate when the pine-dominated forests began to cover the landscape. With loss of the Ice Age mammals, Archaic populations turned to the hunting of smaller game like deer, raccoon, and opossum as well as a reliance on wild plants and shellfish, where available.

The Early Archaic period, ca. 6500 to 5000 B.C.E., is well documented in Florida and is generally recognized by changes in the artifact assemblages from the Paleo-Indian period. However, because of a lack of excavated collections, our knowledge of the full range of the Early Archaic lithic tool assemblages is uncertain (Milanich 1994:64). According to Bullen's typology of Florida projectile points, diagnostic types include Kirk, Hamilton, Arredondo, Wacissa, Thonotosassa, Hardee Beveled, and Sumter (Bullen 1975). Discoveries at Little Salt Spring in Sarasota County and the Windover Site in Brevard County indicate that bone and wood tools were also used (Doran 2002). The archaeological record suggests a diffuse, yet well-scheduled, pattern of exploiting both coastal and interior resources. Because water sources were much more numerous and larger than in earlier times, the Early Archaic peoples could sustain larger populations, occupy sites for longer periods, and perform activities that required longer occupation at a specific locale (Milanich 1994:67). However, most Early Archaic sites that have been found are small, seasonal campsites.

During the Middle Archaic period, ca. 5000 to 3000 B.C.E., a shift from the dispersed settlement pattern of the preceding period to a system of base camps with numerous, smaller satellite camps has been hypothesized. The changes in settlement pattern resulted in maximizing the use of forest resources and may indicate that larger bands of people were living together part of the year. Artifacts associated with this period include broad-bladed, stemmed projectile points such as the Newnan, Marion, and Putnam types. In addition, specialized tools such as microliths and burins, large chopping implements, as well as an array of expedient tools, have been found at archaeological sites. A few regional cemetery sites, such as Republic Groves in Hardee County and the Bay West Nursery Site in Collier County, with interments in bogs, springs, and other wetlands, provide some of the first evidence for mortuary ceremonialism during this time (Beriault et al. 1981; Wharton et al. 1981).

During the Late Archaic, ca. 3000 to 1200 B.C.E., populations increased and became more sedentary. Broad bladed, stemmed projectile points of the Middle Archaic continued with the addition of the Clay, Culbreath, and Lafayette stemmed and corner notched varieties (Bullen 1975). The abundant wetland resources allowed larger settlements to be maintained. It is likely that the change in settlement patterns is related to environmental changes. By the end of the Middle Archaic, the climate closely resembled that of today; vegetation changed from those species which preferred moist conditions to pines and mixed forests (Watts and Hansen 1988). The adaptation to this environment allowed for a greater variety of resources to be exploited and increased variation in settlement patterns. An increased reliance on marine resources is evident in the coastal areas and it is during this period that coastal and riverine shell middens began to accumulate. One of the best-known and preserved sites of this type is the Palmer Site (Historic Spanish Point) in Sarasota County. Here, a horseshoe-shaped shell midden encircles a freshwater spring adjacent to Sarasota Bay (Bullen and Bullen 1976).

By about 2000 B.C.E., there is evidence of fired clay pottery in Florida. The first ceramic types were tempered with fibers (Spanish moss or palmetto) and are referred to as the Orange series. The ceramics were plain or decorated with geometric designs and punctations. Initially it was thought that the plain ceramics preceded the decorated ones, however, research has called the Orange chronology into question (Sassaman 2003). Based on a series of AMS dates on soot from Orange Incised sherds from the middle St. Johns River Valley and from radiocarbon dates on oyster and charcoal in association with Orange ceramics near the mouth of the river, all the various Orange ceramic types occur

within the time span of roughly 2150-1650 B.C.E. In addition, research by Cordell (2004) has documented the presence of sponge spicules in the Orange ceramic paste (the diagnostic trait of St. Johns wares) which suggest that the St. Johns ceramic tradition extends back to the beginning of the ceramic technology in the region.

Bridging the close of the Archaic stage and the beginning of the Formative is the Florida Transitional period, ca. 1200 to 500 B.C.E. (Bullen 1959). This time is characterized by a continued exploitation of shellfish, fish, and wild plants as well as a continued reliance on hunting. Additionally, the diffusion of culture traits resulting from the movements of small groups of people led to the spread of several ceramic and tool traditions (Bullen 1959, 1965; Bullen et al. 1978).

Research at the Canton Street Site suggests that the admixture of three projectile point traditions (basally notched, side and corner notched, and Archaic stemmed) and three ceramic traditions (limestone-tempered, sand-tempered, and temperless chalky ware) was representative of this dynamic period (Bullen et al. 1978). There is evidence that the fiber-tempered ceramics of the preceding Late Archaic were being gradually replaced by pottery of these three different traditions. By the end of the Transitional period, ceramic traditions were clearly regionalized throughout Florida. In the Central Peninsular Gulf Coast region, sand-tempered plain pottery became the dominant ceramic type. In addition, there is evidence of regional interaction with other cultures such as the Poverty Point complex of the lower Mississippi Valley.

3.3 FORMATIVE

The Formative is comprised of the Manasota and Weeden Island-related cultures (ca. 500 B.C.E. to 800 C.E. [Common Era]). Settlement patterns consisted of permanent villages located along the coast with seasonal forays into the interior to hunt, gather, and collect those resources unavailable along the coast. Most Manasota sites are shell middens found on or near the shore where aboriginal villagers had easiest access to fish and shellfish (Milanich 1994). Subsistence patterns were focused on the coastal exploitation of fish and shellfish, supplemented by hunting and gathering inland resources (Luer and Almy 1982). Investigations at Shaw's Point, Fort Brook Midden, Yat Kitischee, and Myakkahatchee sites have provided a wealth of information on site formation, subsistence economies, and technology and their changes over time (Austin 1995; Austin et al. 1992; Luer et al. 1987; Schwadron 2002). The major villages were located along the shores with smaller sites being located up to 12-18 miles inland. These inland sites, which probably served as seasonal villages or special-use campsites, were often located in the pine flatwoods on elevated lands proximate to a source of freshwater where a variety of resources could be exploited (Austin and Russo 1989; Luer and Almy 1982). Hardin and Piper (1984) suggest that some of the larger inland sites may actually be permanent or semi-permanent settlements as opposed to seasonal campsites.

Manasota is characterized by a wide range of material cultural traits such as a well-developed shell and bone tool technology, sand tempered plain ceramics, and burials within shell middens (Luer and Almy 1982). Much of the shell and bone technology evolved out of the preceding Archaic period. Through time, the burial patterns became more elaborate, with burials being placed within sand burial mounds located near the villages and middens. The early burial patterns consisted of primary flexed burials in the shell middens, while later sites contained secondary burials within sand mounds.

Temporal placement within the Manasota period can be determined based upon diagnostic ceramic rim and vessel forms (Luer and Almy 1982). The early forms (ca. 500 B.C.E. – 400 C.E.) are characterized as flattened globular bowls with incurving rims and chamfered lips. Pot forms with rounded lips and inward curving rims were utilized from about 200 B.C.E. until 700 C.E. Deeper pot forms with straight sides and rounded lips were developed around 400 C.E. and continued into the Safety Harbor period. Simple bowls with outward curving rims and flattened lips were used from the end of the Late Weeden Island period (ca. 800 C.E.) into the Safety Harbor period. Vessel wall thickness decreased over time.

The lithic assemblage of the Manasota culture was scarce along the coast especially in the more southern portions of the region where stone suitable for tool manufacture was absent. Projectile point types associated with the Manasota period include the Sarasota, Hernando, and Westo varieties (Luer and Almy 1982).

Influences from the Weeden Island “heartland,” located in north-central Florida, probably resulted in the changes in burial practices. These influences can also be seen in the increased variety of ceremonial ceramic types through time. The secular, sand tempered ware continued to be the dominant ceramic type. Manasota evolved into what is referred to as a Weeden Island-related culture. The subsistence and settlement patterns remained fairly consistent. Hunting and gathering of the inland and coastal resources continued. Evidence of a widespread trade network is seen by the ceramic types (Wakulla Check Stamped, St. Johns Check Stamped, and Weeden Island varieties) and other exotic artifacts present within the burial mounds.

Ceremonialism and its expressions, such as the construction of complex burial mounds containing exotic and elaborate grave offerings, reached their greatest development during this time period. Similarly, the subsistence economy, divided between maritime and terrestrial animals and perhaps horticultural products, represents the maximum effective adjustment to the environment. In general, Weeden Island-related period sites are found along the coast, on bay shores, or on streams, and nearly all are marked by shell refuse with burial mounds of sand situated near the middens (Willey 1949).

Many Weeden Island-related sites consist of villages with associated mounds, as well as ceremonial/burial mound sites. The artifact assemblage is distinguished by the presence of Weeden Island ceramic types. These are among some of the finest ceramics in the southeast; they are often thin, well-fired, burnished, and decorated with incising, punctuation, complicated stamping, and animal effigies (Milanich 1994:211). Coastal sites are marked by the presence of shell middens, indicating a continued pattern of exploitation of marine and estuarine resources. Interaction between the inland farmer-gatherers and coastal hunter-gatherers may have developed into mutually beneficial exchange systems (Kohler 1991:98). This could account for the presence of non-locally made ceramics at some of the Weeden Island-related period sites. There is no definitive evidence for horticulture (e.g., charred cobs, kernels, or beans) in the coastal area (Milanich 1994:215).

3.4 MISSISSIPPIAN/ACCULTURATIVE

The final aboriginal cultural manifestation in the Central Peninsular Gulf Coast region is Safety Harbor, named for the type-site in Pinellas County. The presence of datable European artifacts (largely Spanish) in sites, along with radiocarbon dates from early Safety Harbor contexts associated with Englewood ceramics, provide the basis for dividing the

Safety Harbor period into two pre-Columbian phases: Englewood (900-1000 C.E.) and Pinellas (1000-1500 C.E.) and two colonial period phases: Tatham (1500-1567 C.E.) and Bayview (1567-1725 C.E.) (Mitchem 1989). The Safety Harbor variant in Hillsborough, northern Manatee, Pinellas and southern Pasco counties is identified as the Circum-Tampa Bay regional variant.

In general, further influences from the north led to the incorporation of many features of the Mississippian culture by the late Weeden Island-related peoples, which became the Safety Harbor culture. Often, Safety Harbor components are located on top of the earlier Weeden Island deposits. South of Tampa Bay there is evidence of significant continuity from Weeden Island-related sites into the Mississippian culture of the area. Major Safety Harbor sites remained primarily along the shore with many situated at the same locations as late Manasota sites (Luer and Almy 1981). The Portavant Mound complex (8MA919), in Manatee County, is an excellent example of continued occupation (Weisman et al. 1994).

Large towns or villages often had a temple mound, plaza, midden, and a burial mound associated with them. Research supports earlier suggestions that some maize agriculture may have been practiced by the Safety Harbor peoples as they continued marine and terrestrial exploitation of the region's food resources (Luer and Almy 1981). Although most Safety Harbor sites are located along coastal bays and rivers, inland sites are also known (Willey 1949).

3.5 COLONIALISM

The Timucuan Indians are the historic counterparts of the Safety Harbor people. In the Tampa Bay area they are referred to as the Tocobaga. The cultural traditions of the native Floridians ended with the advent of European expeditions to the New World. The initial events, authorized by the Spanish crown in the 1500s, ushered in devastating European contact. After Ponce de Leon's landing near St. Augustine in 1513, Spanish explorations were confined to the west coast of Florida; Narvaéz is thought to have made shore in 1528 in St. Petersburg and de Soto's 1539 landing is commemorated at De Soto Point on the south bank of the Manatee River. When the first Europeans arrived in coastal southwest Florida in the 16th century, they encountered the Calusa, a powerful, complex society ruled by a paramount chief. The principal town of the Calusa is thought to be Mound Key near Fort Myers Beach. Historic documents suggest that the Calusa chief ruled over fifty towns, from which he exacted tribute (Widmer 1988). By the middle of the 18th century, the Calusa population had been almost totally decimated and dispersed as a result of conflicts with the Europeans and exposure to their diseases.

As the Calusa disappeared, fishing communities, or "ranchos," were established by Cuban and Spanish fisherfolk on various islands and along the coast between Charlotte Harbor and Tampa Bay. The earliest recorded ranchos may have been at Useppa Island and San Carlos Bay in Charlotte Harbor around 1765 (Hammond 1973). However, there is some evidence that remnants of the once powerful Calusa joined the Cuban-Spanish fisherfolk at the ranchos in Charlotte Harbor during the early 18th century (Almy 2001). The ranchos supplied dried fish to Cuban and northern markets until the mid-1830s, when onset of the Seminole Indian Wars and customs control ruined the industry.

By the mid-1700s, the native populations had all but vanished from the Tampa Bay area, and Creek Indians from Georgia and Alabama began moving into the Florida peninsula as

settlers pushed south. These new arrivals became known as the Seminoles. They did not exploit the maritime and riverine resources on which the original Floridians had relied. Instead, they focused on hunting, horticulture, and cattle ranching.

The area that now constitutes the State of Florida was ceded to England in 1763 after two centuries of Spanish possession. England governed Florida until 1783 when the Treaty of Paris returned Florida to Spain; however, Spanish influence was nominal during this second period of ownership. Prior to the American colonial settlement of Florida, portions of the Muskogean Creek, Yamassee and Oconee Native American populations moved into Florida and repopulated the demographic vacuum created by the decimation of the original aboriginal inhabitants. These migrating groups of Native Americans became known to English speakers as Seminoles. They had an agriculturally based society, focusing upon cultivation of crops and the raising of horses and cattle. The material culture of the Seminoles remained similar to the Creeks, the dominant aboriginal pottery type being Chattahoochee Brushed. European trade goods, especially British, were common. The Creek settlement pattern included large villages located near rich agricultural fields and grazing lands for cattle.

Their early history can be divided into two basic periods: *colonization* (1716-1767) when the initial movement of Creek towns into Florida occurred and *enterprise* (1767-1821) which was an era of prosperity under the British and Spanish rule prior to the American presence (Mahon and Weisman 1996). The Seminoles formed at various times loose confederacies for mutual protection against the new American Nation to the north (Tebeau 1980:72). The Seminoles crossed back and forth into Georgia and Alabama conducting raids and welcoming escaped slaves. This resulted in General Andrew Jackson's invasion of Spanish Florida in 1818, which became known as the First Seminole War.

3.6 TERRITORIAL AND STATEHOOD

The bloody conflict between the Americans and the Seminoles over Florida first came to a head in 1818, and was subsequently known as the First Seminole War. As a result of the war and the Adams-Onis Treaty of 1819, Florida became a United States territory in 1821, but settlement was slow and scattered during the early years. Andrew Jackson, named provisional governor, divided the territory into St. Johns and Escambia Counties. At that time, St. Johns County encompassed all of Florida lying east of the Suwannee River, and Escambia County included the land lying to the west. In the first territorial census in 1825, some 317 persons reportedly lived in South Florida; by 1830 that number had risen to 517 (Tebeau 1980:134).

Even though the First Seminole War was fought in north Florida, the Treaty of Moultrie Creek in 1823, at the end of the war, was to affect the settlement of all of south Florida. The Seminoles relinquished their claim to the whole peninsula in return for an approximately four million acre reservation south of Ocala and north of Charlotte Harbor (Covington 1958; Mahon 1985:50). The eastern half of what is Pasco County and the northeastern corner of Hillsborough County were included within the new reservation boundary. The treaty satisfied neither the Indians nor the settlers. The inadequacy of the reservation and desperate situation of the Seminoles living there, plus the mounting demand of the settlers for their removal, soon produced another conflict.

Also in 1823, Gadsden County was created from St. John's County, and the following year Mosquito County was created out of Gadsden. This new county included all of the Tampa Bay area and reached south to Charlotte Harbor (Historic Tampa/Hillsborough County Historic Preservation Board [HT/HCPB] 1980:7). In 1824, Cantonment (later Fort) Brooke was established on the south side of the mouth of the Hillsborough River in what is now downtown Tampa by Colonel George Mercer Brooke for overseeing the angered Seminoles. Frontier families followed the soldiers and the settlement of the Tampa Bay area began. This caused some problems for the military as civilian settlements were not in accord with the Camp Moultrie agreement of 1823 (Guthrie 1974:10). By 1830, the United States War Department found it necessary to establish a military reserve around Fort Brooke with boundaries extending 16 miles to the north, west, and east of the fort (Chamberlin 1968:43). Within the 256 square mile military reservation were a guardhouse, barracks, storehouse, powder magazine, and stables.

By the early 1830s, governmental policy shifted in terms of relocating the Seminoles to lands west of the Mississippi River. Outrage at this policy of forced relocation resulted in the Second Seminole War (1835-1842). Following this conflict, the Seminoles who remained in Florida were driven further south, clearing the way for homesteaders. Archaeological evidence of the Seminole presence at Fort Brooke has been documented (Piper and Piper 1982).

Hillsborough County was established in 1834 by the Territorial Legislature of Florida as a result of the instrumental efforts of Augustus Steele, who arrived in 1832 (Piper and Piper 1982). At that time, the county covered an area that today comprises Pasco, Polk, Manatee, Sarasota, DeSoto, Charlotte, Highlands, Hardee, Pinellas, and Hillsborough counties--most of southwestern Florida. The county was named for the "river which ran through it and the bay into which the river flowed" (Bruton and Bailey 1984:18; Robinson 1928:22). Due to its isolated location, Hillsborough County was slow to develop. The Tampa Bay post office was closed at this time and reestablished as "Tampa" on September 13, 1834 (Bradbury and Hallock 1962). As settlement in the area increased, so did hostilities with Native Americans. The growing threat of Seminole invasion to the civilians near the fort propelled them to sign a petition asking for military protection. Only 25 men signed the petition showing the meager settlement in the area.

By 1835, the Second Seminole War was underway, triggered by an attack on Major Francis Langhorne Dade as he lead a company of soldiers from Fort Brooke to Fort King (now Ocala). As part of the effort to subdue Indian hostilities in Florida, military patrols moved into the wilderness in search of any Seminole concentrations. As the Second Seminole War escalated, attacks on isolated settlers and communities became more common. To combat this, the combined service units of the U.S. Army and Navy converged on southwest Florida. This joint effort attempted to seal off the southern portion of the Florida peninsula from the estimated 300 Seminoles remaining in the Big Cypress Swamp and Everglades (Covington 1958; Tebeau and Carson 1965).

In 1837, Fort Brooke became the headquarters for the Army of the South and the main garrison for the Seminole wars. The fort also served as a haven for settlers who had to leave their farms and seek protection from the warring Seminoles. Several other forts were established around the area during the Seminole War years. Their uses varied from military garrisons to military supply depots; others were built to protect the nearby settlers during

Indian uprisings. These included Fort Alabama (later Fort Foster), Fort Thonotosassa, and Fort Simmons (Bruton and Bailey 1984).

The Second Seminole War ended in 1842 when the federal government withdrew troops from Florida. Some of the battle-weary Seminoles were persuaded to emigrate to the Oklahoma Indian Reservation where the federal government had set aside land for Native American occupation. However, those who wished to remain were allowed to do so, but were pushed further south into the Everglades and Big Cypress Swamp. This area became the last stronghold for the Seminoles (Mahon 1985:321).

In 1840, the population of Hillsborough County was 452, with 360 of those residing at Fort Brooke (HT/HCPB 1980:7). Encouraged by the passage of the Armed Occupation Act in 1842, designed to promote settlement and protect the Florida frontier, settlers moved south through Florida. The Act made available 200,000 acres outside the already developed regions south of Gainesville to the Peace River, barring coastal lands and those within a two-mile radius of a fort. The Armed Occupation Act stipulated that any family or single man over 18 able to bear arms could earn title to 160 acres by erecting a habitable dwelling, cultivating at least five acres of land, and living on it for five years. During the nine-month period the law was in effect, 1184 permits were issued totaling some 189,440 acres (Covington 1961:48).

Tampa became a center of distribution for settlements springing up along the Alafia River and in South Florida. In 1843, William G. Ferris established a general merchandising business at Fort Brooke becoming the first of several merchandising firms. Washington Street was the business center of the village. The Tampa area had first been a military center and now was developing into a commercial center for the Gulf Coast region of Florida (Robinson 1928).

In 1845, the State of Florida was admitted to the Union, and Tallahassee was selected as the capital. The land in Tampa, surrounding Fort Brooke, continued to belong to the U.S. Government until 1846; therefore, there were few permanent structures beyond the immediate vicinity of the fort. After the military reservation was reduced from sixteen square miles to four square miles, John Jackson was hired to survey and plat the town in 1847 (Piper and Piper 1982; Robinson 1928:26). By the early 1850s, the first public buildings in Tampa, the courthouse and the Masonic Lodge, were complete; also, the Tampa Herald, Tampa's first newspaper, began distribution in 1853 (Robinson 1928:34-5).

The resulting increase in settlement of the region precipitated the need for cadastral cartographic surveys. The I-75 PD&E Study corridor was surveyed by A. M. Randolph in 1843 and Charles F. Hopkins in 1852. In their notes, they describe the area as 3rd rate pine with bay gall, prairie, swamp, and sawgrass with hammock located along the Hillsborough River (State of Florida 1843b, 1852a). Examination of the surveyor's plat and the field notes revealed that the corridor crosses over the Road to Fort King, Road to Fort Mellon, and a trail leading to the ford of the Alafia with a branch to Peace Creek (State of Florida 1843a, 1852a, 1852b, 1852c, 1852d, 1852e).

On December 15, 1855, the City of Tampa was incorporated by an act of the state legislature. Also in December of 1855, the Third Seminole War, or the Billy Bowlegs War, started as a result of pressure placed on Native Americans remaining in Florida to migrate west. The war started when Seminole Chief Billy Bowlegs and 30 warriors attacked an army

camp killing four soldiers and wounding four others. The attack was in retaliation for damage done by several artillerymen to property belonging to Billy Bowlegs. This hostile action renewed state and federal interest in the final elimination of the Seminoles from Florida.

However, military action was not decisive during the war; therefore, in 1858 the U.S. government resorted to monetary persuasion to induce the remaining Seminoles to migrate west. Chief Billy Bowlegs accepted \$5000 for himself and \$2500 for his lost cattle, each warrior received \$500, and \$100 was given to each woman and child. On May 4, 1858, the ship Grey Cloud set sail from Fort Myers with 123 Seminoles. Stopping at Egmont Key, 41 captives and a Seminole woman guide were added to the group. On May 8, 1858, the Third Seminole War was declared officially over (Covington 1982:78-80).

Residents turned to citrus, tobacco, vegetables, and lumber to make their living. Cattle ranching served as one of the first important economic activities reported in Manatee County. Mavericks left by the early Spanish explorers provided the source for the herds raised by the mid-eighteenth century "Cowkeeper" Seminoles. As the Seminoles were pushed further south during the wars, their cattle were either sold or left to roam. Settlers captured or bought the cattle and branded them for their own. By the late 1850s, the cattle industry of southwest Florida was developing on a significant scale. Hillsborough and Manatee Counties constituted Florida's leading cattle production region. By 1860, Fort Brooke and Punta Rassa (south of Ft. Myers) were major cattle shipping points for southwest Florida.

3.7 CIVIL WAR AND AFTERMATH

In 1861, Florida followed South Carolina's lead and seceded from the Union in a prelude to the American Civil War. Florida had much at stake in this war as evidenced in a report released from Tallahassee in June of 1861. It listed the value of land in Florida's 35 counties as \$35,127,721 and the value of the slaves in the state at \$29,024,513 (Dunn 1989:59). Even though the coast of Florida, including the port of Tampa, experienced a naval blockade during the war, the interior of the state saw very little military action (Robinson 1928:43). Many male residents abandoned their farms and settlements to join the Union army at one of the coastal areas retained by the United States government or joined the Confederate cow cavalry. The cow cavalry provided one of the major contributions of the state to the Confederate war effort by supplying and protecting the transportation of beef to the government (Akerman 1976:93-95). Salt works along the Gulf Coast also functioned as a major contributor to the efforts of the Confederacy (Lonn 1965). The war lasted until 1865 when General Robert E. Lee surrendered to General Ulysses S. Grant at Appomattox Courthouse in Virginia.

Immediately following the war, the South underwent a period of "Reconstruction" to prepare the Confederate states for readmission to the Union. The program was administered by the U.S. Congress, and on July 25, 1868, Florida officially returned to the Union (Tebeau 1980:251). Civilian activity slowly resumed a normal pace after recovery from wartime depressions, and the population continued to expand. The 1866 Homestead Act was passed to encourage settlement. The act allowed freedmen and loyal United States citizens to receive 80-acre tracts in Florida and the other four public land states of the south. Former Confederates were not eligible to receive homesteads under the Act until 1876 when the

lands were open to unrestricted sale (Tebeau 1980:266, 294). The Homestead Act encouraged growth and settlement throughout the Reconstruction era.

The State of Florida faced a financial crisis involving title to public lands in the early 1880s. By Act of Congress in 1850, the federal government turned over to the states for drainage and reclamation all "swamp and overflow land." Florida received approximately ten million acres. To manage that land and the five million acres the state had received on entering the Union, the state legislature created the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Fund in 1851. In 1855, the legislature set up a trust fund, the Florida Internal Improvement Fund, in which state lands were to be held. The Fund became mired in debt after the Civil War, and under state law, no land could be sold until the debt was cleared. In 1881, the Trustees started searching for someone to buy enough state land to pay off the Fund's debt to permit sale of the remaining millions of acres that it controlled.

By 1881, Hamilton Disston, a member of a prominent Pennsylvania saw manufacturing family and friend of then Governor William Bloxham, had entered into agreement with the State of Florida to purchase four million acres of swamp and overflowed land for one million dollars. In exchange for this, he promised to drain and improve the land. Disston's land holding company was the Florida Land and Improvement Company. He and his associates also formed the Atlantic and Gulf Coast Canal and Okeechobee Land Company in 1881 (Davis 1939:205). This company was established as part of the drainage contract established with the State. This contract provided one-half of the acreage that they could drain, reclaim, and make fit for cultivation south of Township 23 South (later changed to Township 24 South) and east of the Peace River. This transaction, which became known as the Disston Purchase, enabled the distribution of large land subsidies to railroad companies, inducing them to begin extensive construction programs for new lines throughout the state. Disston and the railroad companies in turn sold smaller parcels of land to developers and private investors (Tebeau and Carson 1965:252). He sold half of this contract to the British Florida Land and Mortgage Company, headed by Sir Edward James Reed, in 1882 (Tischendorf 1954). This was done to cover the second payment on the Purchase since Disston's assets had been tied up in the drainage contract.

However, the first real influence on the growth of Hillsborough County as a whole was the investment of capital in railroad construction during the 1880s. Such activity was encouraged by the State of Florida, which granted sizeable amounts of land to the railroad companies. In general, railroad development increased access, stimulated commerce and promoted tourism, thus resulting in population growth and economic prosperity. Portions of the corridor were purchased by the Central and Peninsular Railroad Company and the Plant Investment company in the early 1890s (State of Florida n.d.-a: 165; n.d.-b). Other portions of the corridor were purchased some ten years earlier by individuals (Table 3-1).

Table 3-1 Original property owners along the I-75 PD&E Study corridor

Twp/Rng	Section & Part	To Whom Deeded	Year
28S/19E	1 - E of NE	Florida Central & Peninsular Railroad Co. (FC&P)	1893
	1 - NE of SE	FC&P	1893
	1 - SE of SE	Henry H. Miley	1885
	12 - NE of NE	Henry H. Miley	1885
	12 - SE of NE	Martin Knudson	1892
	12 - N of SE	Hamilton Disston	1881
	12 - S of SE	Thomas Seely	1893
	13 - NE of NE	Andrew Giddings	1884
	13 - SE of NE, E of SE	Antony Goins	1884
28S/20E	18 - W of SW	Sarah E. Phelps	1885
	19 - all but NE of NE	FC&P	1890, 1893
	29 - all	FC&P	1890
	30 - all	Plant Investment Co.	1884
	32 - NW	Plant Investment Co.	1884
	32 - E of SW, W of SE	FC&P	1893
29S/20E	5 - N of NE, NE of NW, SE of SE	FC&P	1890
	5 - S of NE, N of SE	Hammond M. Bryan	1884
	5 - SE of NW	J. J. Grantham	1884
	5 - NE of SW, S of SW	James F. Rogers	1884
	8 - all	Plant Investment Co.	1884
	17 - NW, W of NE, SW	FC&P	1896
	20 - W	Plant Investment Co.	1884
	29 - all but NE of NE	FC&P	1890
	31 - all	FC&P	1890
	32 - all	Plant Investment Co.	1884
30S/20E	6 - all	Plant Investment Co.	1884
	7 - W	Hamilton Disston	1881

Agriculture expanded in the rural areas as locally grown fruits and vegetables could now be shipped to northern markets by rail. The phosphate industry also boomed during the 1880s with initial discoveries along the Peace River, and across Florida in areas through which the Peace River flowed. The industry radiated out across regions of Hillsborough, Manatee, Polk, Hardee, and DeSoto Counties, into the deposit regions of the Alafia, Little Manatee, and Manatee, as well as the Peace Rivers (HT/HCPB 1980:16, 18).

The Spanish American War, in 1898, brought millions of dollars and many troops to Tampa. Tampa was the United States' nearest shipping point for the war effort in Cuba. Consequently, it was the designated shipping out point for the troops. Henry Plant's Tampa Bay Hotel became the headquarters of the Army (Evans 1972). Troops began arriving in April of 1898 and by May of that year, they outnumbered residents two to one (Friedel 1985; Grismer 1950). By early June, an estimated 20,000 troops had shipped out to Cuba with thousands more waiting. However, the war ended on July 5th, and by the end of August, the troops were gone and Tampa returned to normal.

3.8 TWENTIETH CENTURY

The great Florida Land Boom of the 1920s saw widespread development of highways and towns, including Temple Terrace. The land that is now the City of Temple Terrace was acquired by the Potter Palmer family in 1911 as part of their 6,000-acre winter hunting preserve. After the death of Mrs. Palmer in 1918, the land was sold to two development corporations. Temple Terrace Estates, Inc. developed a golf course and residential areas; Temple Terraces, Inc. developed 5,000 acres of orange groves, which included a new kind of orange, the "Temple, for which the City was named. The new development, platted in 1922, was originally targeted to be a golf course community for wealthy northerners. Between 1923 and 1925, streets were paved and storm sewers installed. On May 25, 1925, the City was incorporated. D. Collins Gillette, one of the founding developers, served as the first mayor, and Maude C. Fowler, also a developer and one of the major promoters of Temple Terrace as a resort community, and for whom Fowler Avenue is named, served as vice mayor. As a result of the stock market crash of 1929 and the Great Depression, the original plan for the City was never fully realized, most of the orange groves were wiped out by freezes in 1927 and 1928, and the area remained stagnant until the housing boom after World War II (Bregar n.d.; City of Temple Terrace n.d.).

The community of Mango developed during the 1850s as homesteaders claimed tracts of land. The Goff, Holder, Deshang, and Booley families were among the first settlers in the area. E.A. Hewitt officially platted Mango in 1884. This small agricultural community supported several stores, a hotel, a saw mill, and two churches, but only had a population of roughly 30 in 1888 and 45 in 1893 (Hillsborough County Planning & Growth Management 1998:80). Continuing into the early decades of the twentieth century, Mango's population was sparse, with no more than 12 houses in a two-mile radius by 1912 when Hugh M. Sampson, Sr. settled on 60 acres (Hillsborough County Planning & Growth Management 1998:80). Mango's growth, in large part, was related to the Plant railroad line, which enabled farmers to sell their produce in nearby town markets. The population climbed to around 821 persons during the 1930s, although shortly afterwards its identity had been largely absorbed by the growing town of Brandon located directly to the south (TBHC 2003).

In the mid-1930s, the New Deal programs of Franklin D. Roosevelt's administration were aimed at pulling the nation out of the Depression, and Hillsborough County did benefit from these with the Public Works Administration's projects. However, it was not until World War II that the local economy recovered, along with the rest of the state (Lowry 1974). Federal roads, channel building, and airfield construction for the wartime defense effort brought numerous Americans into Florida and Tampa.

As World War II ended, Hillsborough County, like most of Florida, experienced a population boom in the 1950s. Florida's population increased from 1,897,414 to 2,771,305 from 1940 to 1950 (United States Census Bureau [USCB] 1995). The late 1950s saw the end of the cigar industry in Tampa due to the Cuban Revolution and an American embargo on Cuban tobacco. After the war, car ownership increased, making the American public more mobile. Tourism, along with corporate investments, developed as one of the major industries for the Tampa Bay area. Many who had served at Florida's military bases during World War II also returned with their families to live. As veterans returned, the trend in new housing focused on the development of small tract homes in new subdivisions.

In the early 1960s, the Lower Hillsborough River Flood Detention Area (FDA) and the Tampa Bypass Canal were created as part of a federal flood control project. The nearly 16,000-acre FDA, which abuts the northern limit of the I-75 study corridor, provides space for floodwater storage. When not needed for flood control purposes, about 7,000 acres of the FDA are used by Hillsborough County as a park (SWFWMD n.d.). The Tampa Bypass Canal and six concrete flood control structures were built mostly in the 1960s and 1970s. The canal redirects rising waters along the Hillsborough River into the constructed canal and down to McKay Bay. The northernmost dam, S-155, is located near where the Hillsborough River intersects I-75 just north of Fletcher Avenue.

Completion of Interstate 275 provided convenient access within the metropolitan Tampa area. I-75, completed through eastern Hillsborough County in the early 1980s, provided access allowing continued growth in the counties. Throughout the last twenty years, commercial development, including tourist attractions such as Busch Gardens, restaurants, and hotels, have exploded along the interstate systems, keeping tourism as one of the primary revenue sources in Florida.

With the population explosion in Hillsborough County, the character of the area has changed dramatically. By 1970, development of residential communities, mobile home parks, and villages was well underway throughout the region. By 2000, the population of Hillsborough County totaled 998,948, making the county the fourth largest in the state. The largest employers are in the retail trade, services, and government sectors. Hillsborough, Pasco, Hernando, and Pinellas Counties were designated as the Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater Metropolitan Area by the United States Census Bureau (USCB). Although most of Hillsborough County's population is centered around Tampa Bay, the project area, although still somewhat rural in nature, is increasingly becoming developed.

4.0 RESEARCH CONSIDERATIONS AND METHODS

4.1 BACKGROUND RESEARCH AND LITERATURE REVIEW

A review of archaeological and historical literature, records, and other documents and data pertaining to the project area, including the ETDM Summary Report (Project #8002; FDOT 2007) was conducted. The focus of this research was to ascertain the types of cultural resources known in the I-75 PD&E Study APE, their temporal/cultural affiliations, site location information, and other relevant data. This included a review of the sites listed in the NRHP, the FMSF, published books and articles, and cultural resource survey reports. In addition to the FMSF, other data relative to the background research were obtained from the files of ACI. The data resulting from the background research, including an archaeological site location predictive model, plus proposed survey methods, were summarized in a research design which was prepared for both I-75 study areas (ACI 2008b). The research design was submitted for review to the FHWA, SHPO, and Native American Tribes in 2008. The SHPO concurred with the research design in a letter dated September 5, 2008; the Miccosukee Tribe of Indians of Florida approved it in a letter dated August 14, 2008, and requested consultation if the project results in impacts to cultural resources (Appendix A). No individuals with specific knowledge concerning the archaeology of the APE were identified during this project. ACI Architectural Historians Desiree Estabrook and Marielle Lumang interviewed available resident property owners, including Mr. Frederick LaVerne Patrick, resident of 12424 Tanner Road (personal communication with F. V. Patrick, 2008).

4.1.1 Archaeological Considerations

Typically, for CRAS projects of this kind, specific research designs are formulated prior to initiating fieldwork to delineate project goals and strategies. Primarily, an attempt is made to understand, based on prior investigations, the spatial distribution of known resources. Such knowledge serves not only to generate an informed set of expectations concerning the kinds of sites which might be anticipated to occur within the project area, but also provides a valuable regional perspective and, thus, a basis for evaluating any new sites discovered.

Sixty-four previously recorded archaeological sites are located within one-half mile of the project corridor (Figures 4-1 through 4-3; Table 4-1). The 29 sites denoted by green shading in Table 4-1 are located within the project APE. Summary data for each are presented in the Results chapter which follows. Many of these sites are among the 31 lithic and/or artifact scatters originally recorded by B. Calvin Jones in 1978 during Phase I archaeological survey of the proposed I-75 ROW. Of these 29 archaeological sites, nine (8HI99, -450, -472, -473, -476, -483, -507, -510, and -521) were the focus of Phase II evaluative site testing; five (8HI472, -473, -476A, -476B, and -507) were also subjected to Phase III mitigative salvage excavation as part of the original I-75 study. Today, roughly 25

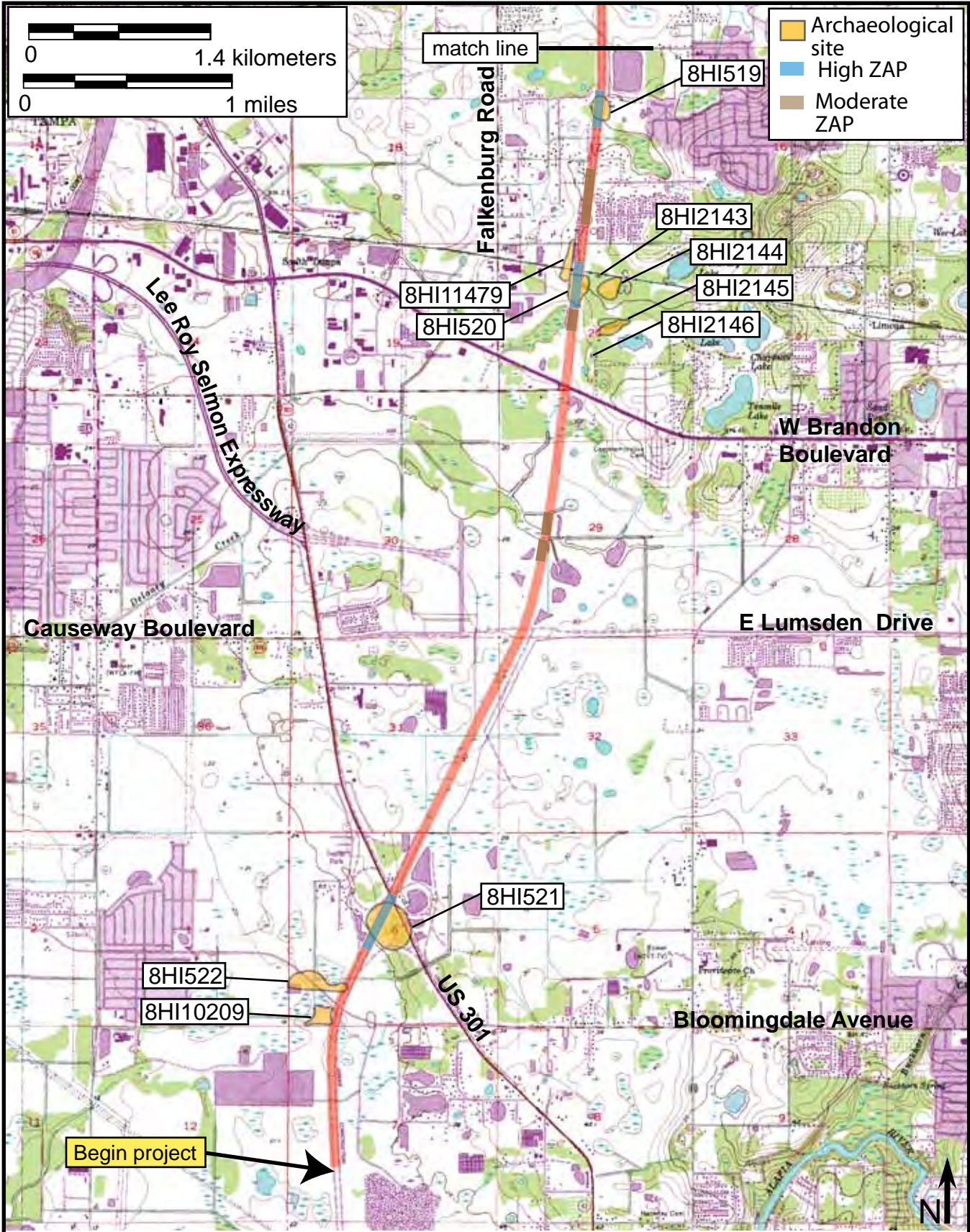


Figure 4-1 Zones of archaeological potential and location of previously recorded archaeological sites adjacent to the I-75 PD&E Study corridor (USGS Brandon 1982).

**I-75 (SR 93A) PD&E Study
from south of US 301
to north of Fletcher Avenue
Hillsborough County
WPI Segment No. 419235-3**

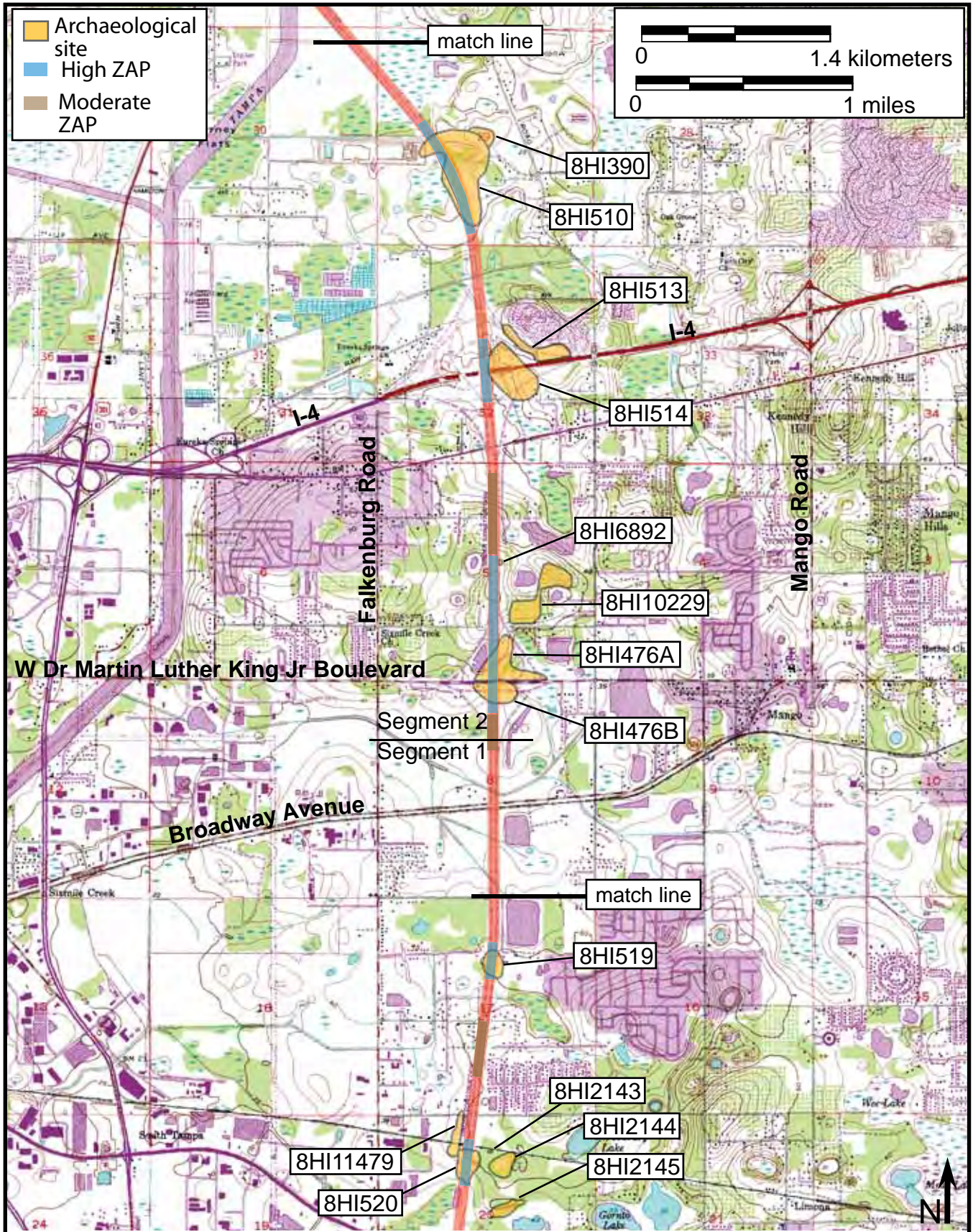


Figure 4-2 Zones of archaeological potential and location of previously recorded archaeological sites adjacent to the I-75 PD&E Study corridor (USGS Brandon 1982 and Thonotosassa 1977).

**I-75 (SR 93A) PD&E Study
from south of US 301
to north of Fletcher Avenue
Hillsborough County
WPI Segment No. 419235-3**

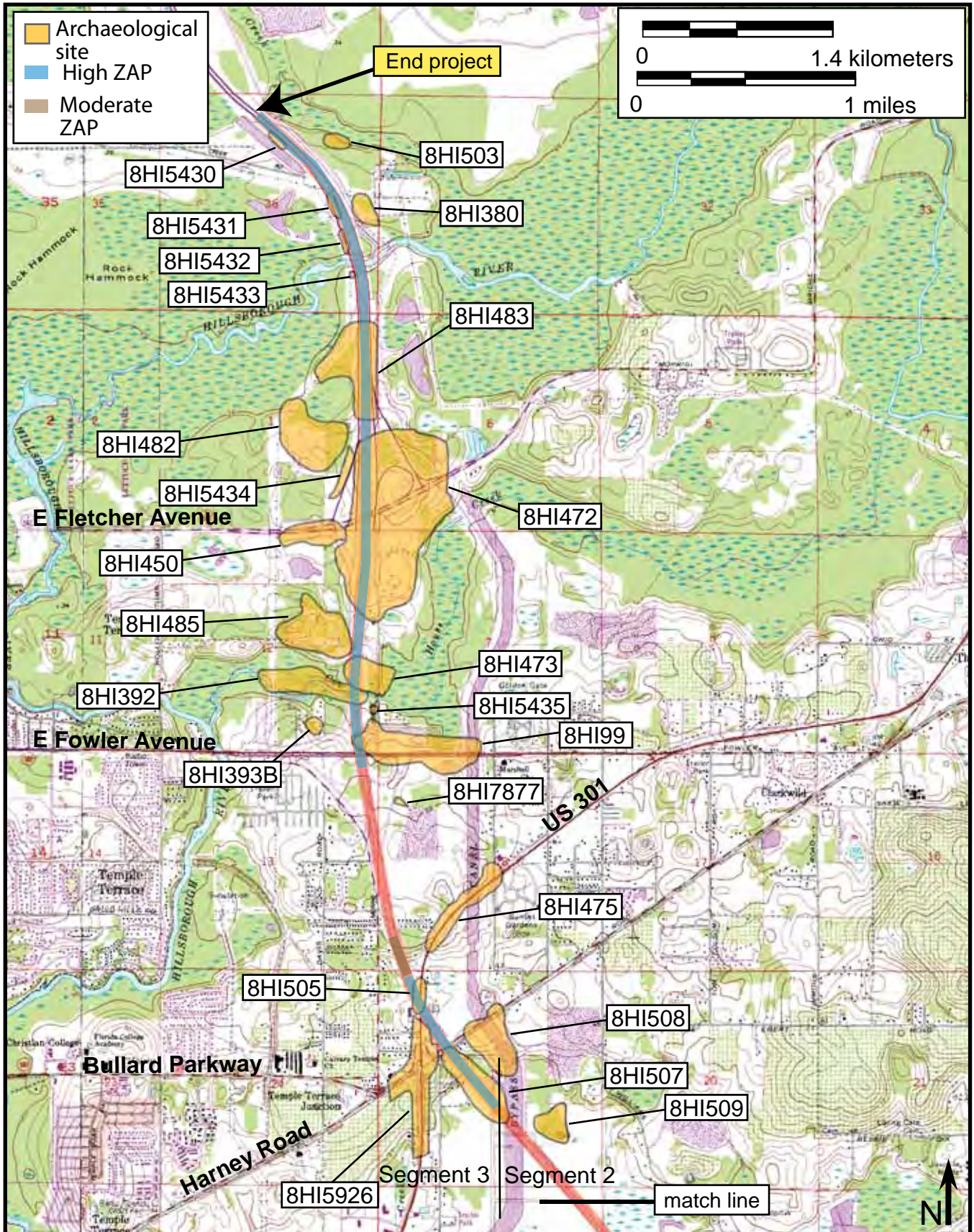


Figure 4-3 Zones of archaeological potential and location of previously recorded archaeological sites adjacent to the I-75 PD&E Study corridor (USGS Thonotosassa 1977).

**I-75 (SR 93A) PD&E Study
from south of US 301
to north of Fletcher Avenue
Hillsborough County
WPI Segment No. 419235-3**

Table 4-1 Previously recorded archaeological sites within 0.5 mile of the I-75 PD&E Study corridor

Site #	Site Name	Site Type	Culture	SHPO Eval*
HI00099	Landfill	Lithic scatter/quarry, artifact scatter	Archaic, Weeden Island, 19th century, 20th century	PE
HI00381	Fish Pond	Campsite, subsurface features, lithic scatter/quarry	Paleo-Indian, Archaic, Transitional	PE
HI00390	Bartolotti	Lithic scatter/quarry	Aboriginal lacking pottery	No
HI00391	Bennet	Artifact scatter	Archaic, post-Archaic, 20th century	NE
HI00392	Cow House Slough	Lithic scatter/quarry	Post-Archaic	No
HI00393B	Thompson	Lithic scatter/quarry	Archaic	No
HI00450	Power Line A	Artifact scatter, lithic scatter/quarry	Early & Middle Archaic	PE
HI00472	Wetherington Ridge	Campsite, raw material procurement; quarry	Paleo-Indian, Early, Middle & Late Archaic, Manasota	PE
HI00473	Wetherington Island	Raw material procurement, subsurface features, quarry, artifact scatter	Paleo-Indian, Early, Middle & Late Archaic, post-Archaic	PE
HI00475	301 Crossing	Artifact scatter, lithic scatter/quarry	Archaic	NE
HI00476A	Diamond Dairy: A	Habitation	Middle Archaic	PE
HI00476B	Diamond Dairy: B	Habitation	Middle Archaic	PE
HI00482	Power Line B	Lithic scatter/quarry	Aboriginal	PE
HI00483	Deerstand Site	Raw material procurement, lithic scatter/quarry	Early, Middle & Late Archaic	PE
HI00485	Deputy Smith	Lithic scatter/quarry	Archaic	PE
HI00503	North Trout Creek	Lithic scatter	Archaic	No
HI00504	Navajo Davis	Lithic scatter/quarry	Archaic	No
HI00505	Fruit Stand	Lithic scatter/quarry	Archaic	NE
HI00506	Oak Pond	Artifact scatter	Archaic, Weeden Island	No
HI00507	Harney Flats	Artifact scatter	Paleo-Indian, Early and Middle Archaic, post-Archaic	PE
HI00508	Black Chert	Artifact scatter	Paleo-Indian, Archaic, Weeden Island	No
HI00509	West Williams	Subsurface features, midden, lithic scatter	Early, Middle & Late Archaic	PE
HI00510	Bartolotti	Lithic scatter/quarry	Paleo-Indian, Early and Middle Archaic, post-Archaic	PE
HI00511	Bartolotti SW	Lithic scatter/quarry	Archaic	No

Table 4-1 Previously recorded archaeological sites within 0.5 mile of the I-75 PD&E Study corridor

Site #	Site Name	Site Type	Culture	SHPO Eval*
HI00513	Red Hill	Lithic scatter/quarry, artifact scatter	Archaic	NE
HI00514	Road End	Lithic scatter/quarry, artifact scatter	Archaic	NE
HI00519	Graves Road	Historic refuse / Dump, lithic scatter/quarry	Archaic, 20th century	NE
HI00520	South Railroad	Lithic scatter/quarry	Aboriginal	No
HI00521	Titus Church	Lithic scatter/quarry	Archaic	No
HI00522	Two Horse	Lithic scatter/quarry	Archaic	NE
HI00539	Dam	Lithic scatter/quarry	Paleo-Indian, Middle Archaic	II
HI02123	Hidden River 4	Lithic scatter/quarry	Indeterminate	No
HI02125	Hidden River 5	Artifact scatter	Middle Archaic, Manasota	No
HI02126	Hidden River 7	Artifact scatter	Transitional, Deptford, Weeden Island	No
HI02142	Nasty Knoll	Lithic scatter/quarry	Indeterminate	No
HI02143	Regency NW	Lithic scatter/quarry	Middle Archaic	No
HI02144	NN	Lithic scatter/quarry	Indeterminate	No
HI02145	Stuck Car	Lithic scatter/quarry	Indeterminate	No
HI02146	Regency SW	Lithic scatter/quarry	Indeterminate	No
HI03293	Darsey	Artifact scatter, lithic scatter	Early, Middle & Late Archaic	NE
HI03395	State Street Bank 2	Historic refuse / Dump	20th century	No
HI03397	State Street Bank 4	Lithic scatter/quarry	Aboriginal	No
HI05051	Baptist Church Road	Lithic scatter	Aboriginal lacking pottery	NE
HI05429	Vandenberg Airport	Campsite, habitation, artifact scatter	Archaic	PE
HI05430	WLR 11-1 Site	Lithic scatter	Indeterminate	No
HI05431	WLR 12-1 Site	Artifact scatter	Indeterminate	No
HI05432	WLR 12-2 Site	Lithic scatter	Indeterminate	No
HI05433	WLR 12-3 Site	Single artifact	Indeterminate	No
HI05434	NN	Artifact scatter	Aboriginal lacking pottery, 20 th century	NE
HI05435	NN	Artifact scatter	Aboriginal lacking pottery, 20 th century	NE
HI05438	X137AWI-1	Artifact scatter	Aboriginal lacking pottery, 20 th century	NE
HI05926	Vera's Thrift Shop	Artifact scatter	Early Archaic	NE
HI06704	Two Crane Tortoise	Campsite	Aboriginal lacking pottery	NE
HI06892	Bayside #11	Historic refuse / Dump, lithic scatter/quarry	Aboriginal lacking pottery, 20th century	NE

Table 4-1 Previously recorded archaeological sites within 0.5 mile of the I-75 PD&E Study corridor

Site #	Site Name	Site Type	Culture	SHPO Eval*
HI06898	Bayside #12	Ceramic scatter, lithic scatter/quarry	Post-Archaic	NE
HI07877	Raulerson Road Pond	Lithic scatter	Aboriginal lacking pottery	No
HI07878	Cow Wallow	Campsite, raw material procurement	Paleo-Indian, Transitional, Weeden Island, St. Johns, 20th century	NE
HI08368	LL School "J"	Campsite, raw material procurement	Paleo-Indian, Late Archaic, Orange, Transitional, Weeden Island	PE
HI09692	Barak Site	Unspecified	Aboriginal lacking pottery	No
HI09956	Freedom Ridge	Lithic scatter	Aboriginal lacking pottery	NE
HI09987	Claymore	Campsite	Aboriginal lacking pottery	PE
HI10209	Progress	Campsite, raw material procurement	Aboriginal lacking pottery	NE
HI10229	Sampson Grove	Habitation	Aboriginal	II
HI11479	Regency NW (SEARCH)	Lithic scatter	Aboriginal lacking pottery	PE

* PE=Potentially Eligible for NRHP, NE= Not Eligible for NRHP, II=Insufficient Information to make a determination, No= Not Evaluated by SHPO. Green shading denotes site located within the I-75 project APE.

years later, most of these sites, as located within the I-75 project APE, have lost their contextual integrity due to road construction and improvements, the placement of utility lines, and other developments. Thus, they no longer meet the criteria of eligibility for listing in the NRHP, at least in part, even though the FMSF lists them as “potentially eligible.”

In addition to the 1978 survey of I-75, over 50 CRASs have been conducted within one-half mile of the I-75 PD&E Study corridor. These include 1970s surveys of recreation areas within the Lower Hillsborough River Flood Detention Area (Daniel et al. 1979), the Tampa Bypass Canal (Seabury et al. 1975), and the Lake Thonotosassa By-Pass Canal (Deming 1976). Transportation project-related survey, conducted between the 1970s and recently, include the Vandenberg Airport expansion (Janus Research 1996a), the Crosstown Expressway (Baker and McGuire 1978; HDR Engineering 1991; Janus Research 1998, 2000), I-4 (Janus Research 1992b), US 92/SR 660 (ACI 1993), US 301 (Deming 1997; Janus Research 1996b, 1999), I-75 (ACI 2003, 2006b), SR 60 (Adamo Drive) (ACI 2004), and the Florida High Speed Rail (ACI/Janus 2003). Several other surveys were conducted for water and sewage conveyance (Austin 1999, 2000a; Miller 1979; SEARCH 2000a; Wharton 1988).

Several of the sites discovered during the original I-75 survey were relocated and investigated by R. Christopher Goodwin and Associates, Inc. during Phase I survey along the Florida Gas Transmission Company corridor, plus access roads, and work spaces in the general vicinity of the I-75 corridor (Athens et al. 1994; Athens and Weisman 1994; Austin 2000b; Pochurek 2000; SEARCH 2000b; Stokes 2002a, 2002b, 2002c). Further testing and data recovery at several sites (e.g., 8HI472 and 8HI473) were recommended, and Phase II testing and Phase III mitigative excavations were carried out (Brown et al. 1996; Goodwin et al. 1994).

Since the mid-1970s, other surveys have been conducted incident to Developments of Regional Impact (DRIs) and various other developments. These include an 80-acre parcel (Miller 1974), Deltona (Grange et al. 1979), Brandon Town Center (Piper et al. 1982), Hidden River (Almy and Deming 1982), Sabal Center (Brooks and Ballo 1984), Temple Terrace 2 (Deming et al. 1984), Regency Park North (Deming 1985), the Florida Corporate Center (ACI 1998), LL Middle School (Ambrosino 2002), Joe Ebert Road (Ambrosino 2003), Williams Crossing (Austin and Mohlman 2003), Lakeview Village (Quinn 2004), Freedom Ridge (Austin and Mohlman 2005), Claymore Crossings (Janus Research 2005), Gray Pines (Austin 2005), Harvest Creek (Hughes 2006), and Sampson Grove (Carty 2006) project areas. In addition, several surveys have been conducted for cellular communication towers (Deming 2000; Johnson 2001; Pracht 2001a, 2001b).

Based on these data, and other regional site location predictive models and studies (e.g., Austin et al. 1991; de Montmollin 1983; Deming 1980; Janus Research 1992a, 2004; Weisman and Collins 2004), informed expectations concerning the types of sites expected to occur within the project APE, as well as their likely environmental settings, was generated. As archaeologists have long realized, aboriginal populations did not select their habitation sites and activity areas in a random fashion. Rather, many environmental factors had a direct influence upon site location selection. Among these variables are soil drainage, distance to freshwater, relative topography, and proximity to food and other resources including stone and clay. Based on the aforementioned projects, plus more general regional studies, it has been repeatedly demonstrated that non-coastal archaeological sites are most often located near a permanent or semi-permanent source of potable water. In addition,

aboriginal sites are found, more often than not, on better-drained soils, and at the better-drained upland margins of wetland features such as swamps, sinkholes, lakes, and ponds.

In general, comparative site location data for Hillsborough County indicate a pattern of site distribution favoring the relatively better-drained terrain proximate to rivers, creeks, ponds, freshwater marshes, lakes, and other wetland features. In spite of the numerous sites along I-75, the recent predictive model for Hillsborough County indicates that the corridor has a low to moderate potential for archaeological site occurrence (Janus Research 2004). Upland sites well removed from potable water are rare. In the pine flatwoods, sites tend to be situated on ridges and knolls near a freshwater source. It should be noted that this settlement pattern could not be applied to sites of the Paleo-Indian and Early Archaic periods, which precede the onset of modern environmental conditions. Those sites were “tethered” to water and lithic resources much more so than is evident during the later periods.

In summary, most of the previously recorded archaeological sites in the general vicinity of the project area can be described as lithic/artifact scatters. Many of these are characterized by small areal extent and low artifact density. These sites are believed to represent limited activity sites and short-term residential or hunting camps. The debris from stone tool manufacture and/or modification with or without a small quantity of ceramics comprises the site assemblages. Several of the sites in the area are large, suggesting longer periods of occupation or more intensive use of the general area.

Given these known patterns of aboriginal settlement, it was anticipated that additional data on the previously recorded sites would be obtained and several areas were considered to have moderate potential for archaeological sites based on soils and distance to water. Given the results of the historic research, as detailed in the Historical Overview, no historic period archaeological sites, including nineteenth century homesteads, forts, or Indian encampments were expected. However, three historic trails leading to Peace Creek/Alafia ford, Fort Mellon, and Fort King are crossed by the I-75 corridor (State of Florida 1843c, 1852b, 1852d, 1852e). The potential for discovery of cultural materials associated with these historic trails was considered low.

4.1.2 Historical Considerations

Background research indicated that 25 previously recorded historic resources are located within one-half mile of the I-75 project ROW. Of these, eight are situated within the project APE (Figures 4-4, 4-5 and 4-6; Table 4-2). These resources were recorded as a result of a number of CRASs, including: *A Cultural Resource Assessment Survey of the Interstate 4 Improvements Project Right-of-Way from 50th Street to the Hillsborough/Polk County Line, Hillsborough County, Florida* (Janus Research 1992b), *Survey Report for the FGT Company Proposed Bayside Lateral Reroute, Hillsborough County, Florida* (SEARCH 2000c), *Cultural Resource Assessment Survey I-75 (SR 93A) Project Development and Environment (PD&E) Study and Reevaluation from South of Fowler Avenue to South of CR 54 Hillsborough and Pasco Counties, Florida* (ACI 2003) and the Florida High Speed Rail Authority PD&E Study (ACI/Janus 2003). The eight resources include seven Frame Vernacular style and one Bungalow style buildings constructed between ca. 1910 and 1947. All but 8HI7840 were evaluated as ineligible for the NRHP by the Florida SHPO; 8HI7840 was not evaluated.

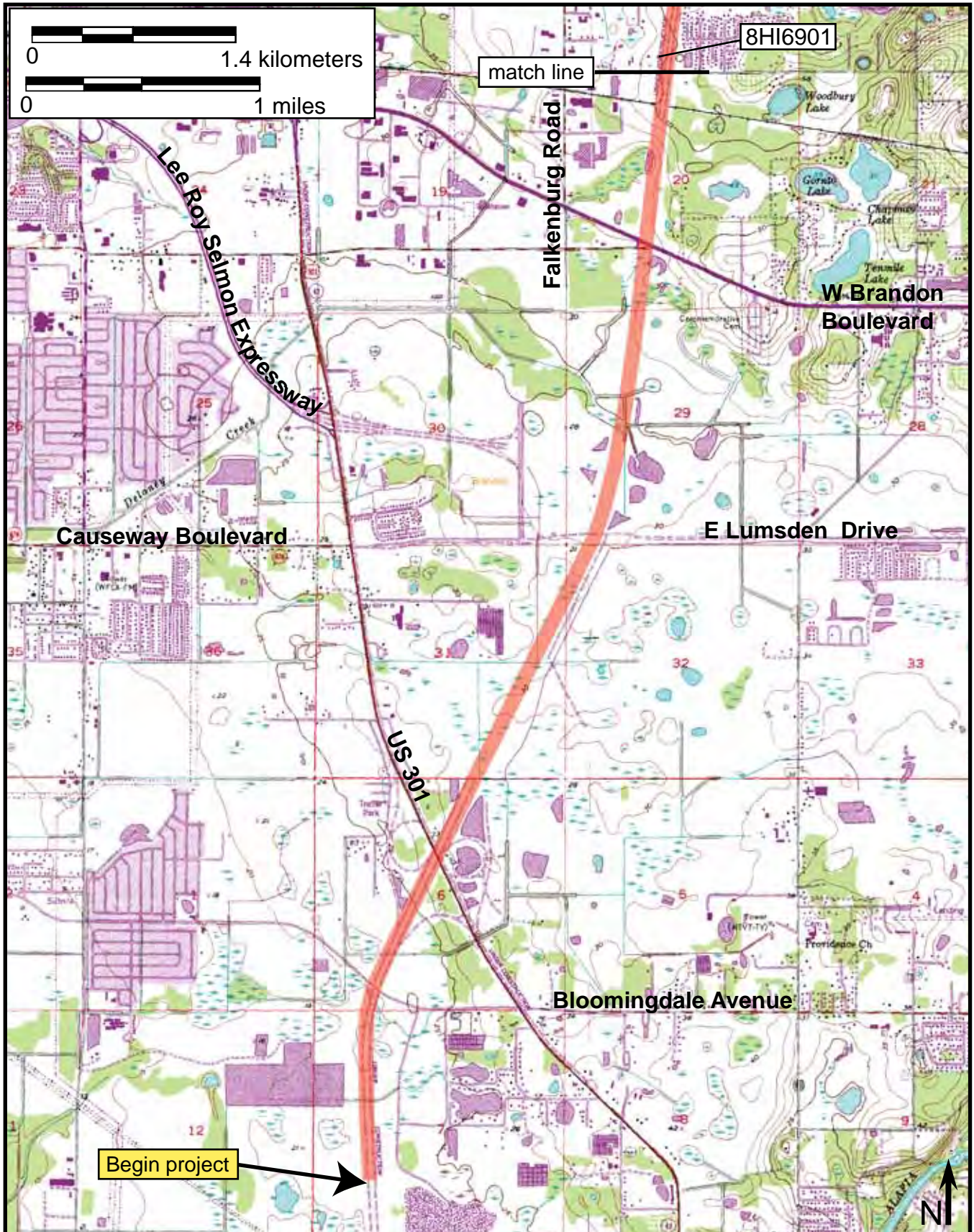


Figure 4-4 Location of the previously recorded historic resources within the I-75 PD&E Study APE (USGS Brandon 1982).

**I-75 (SR 93A)PD&E Study
 from south of US 301
 to north of Fletcher Avenue
 Hillsborough County
 WPI Segment No. 419235-3**

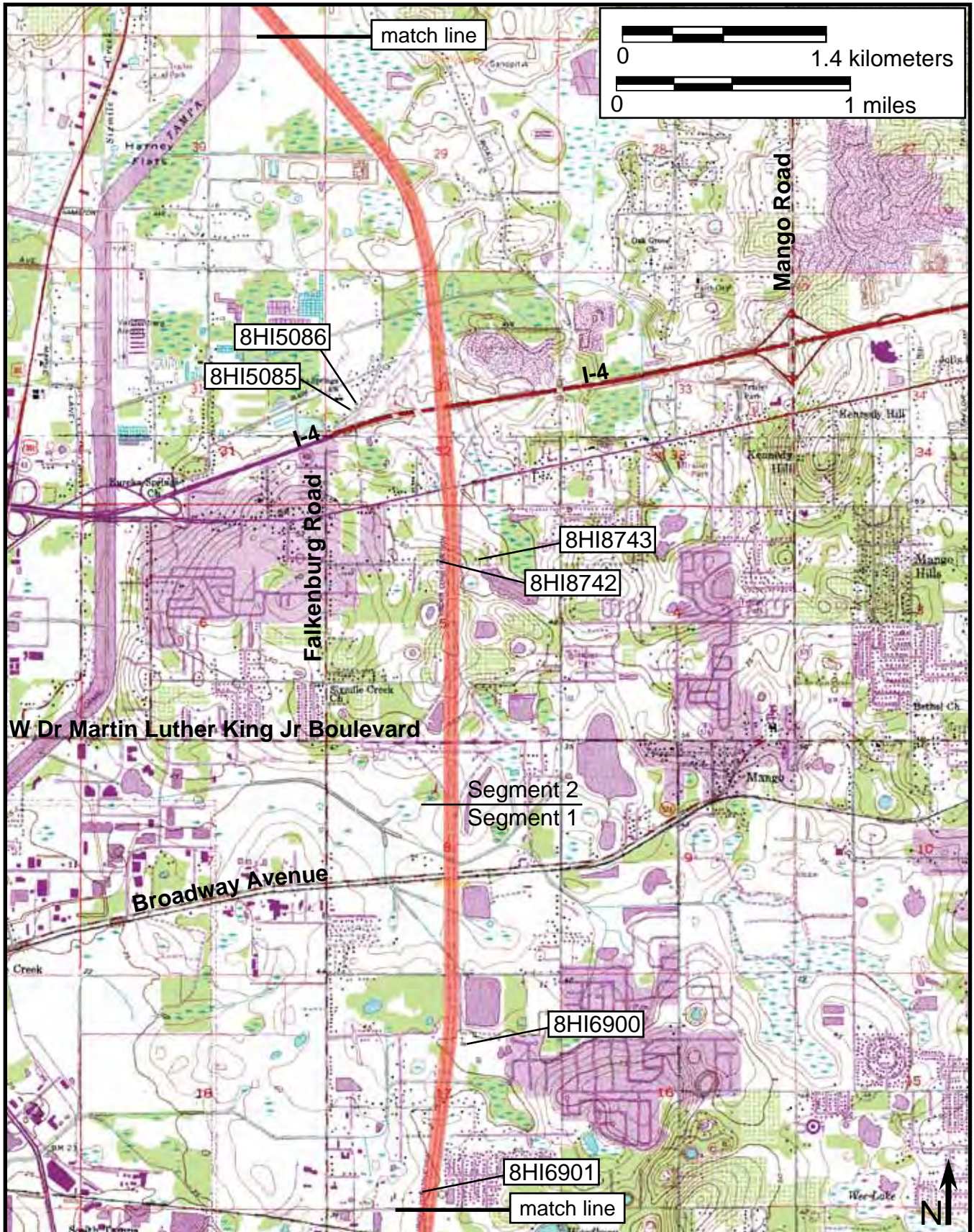


Figure 4-5 Location of the previously recorded historic resources within the I-75 PD&E Study APE (USGS Brandon 1982 and Thonotosassa 1977).

**I-75 (SR 93A) PD&E Study
 from south of US 301
 to north of Fletcher Avenue
 Hillsborough County
 WPI Segment No. 419235-3**



Figure 4-6 Location of the previously recorded historic resources within the I-75 PD&E Study APE (USGS Thonotosassa 1977).

**I-75 (SR 93A) PD&E Study
 from south of US 301
 to north of Fletcher Avenue
 Hillsborough County
 WPI Segment No. 419235-3**

Table 4-2 Previously recorded historic resources located within the I-75 PD&E Study APE

Site #	Address	Year	Style*	Recorder/Year	SHPO Eval.
HI05085	6022 Faulkenburg Rd	ca. 1945	FV	Janus Research 1992b	Ineligible
HI05086	6034 Faulkenburg Rd	ca. 1945	FV	Janus Research 1992b	Ineligible
HI06900	2408 Graves Road	ca. 1939	FV	SEARCH 2000c	Ineligible
HI06901	10314 Woodberry Road	ca. 1930	FV	SEARCH 2000c	Ineligible
HI07839	12230 Old Morris Bridge Rd	1940	FV	ACI 2003	Ineligible
HI07840	8709 Seahawk Lane	1947	FV	ACI 2003	Not Eval.
HI08742	10426 Tanner Rd	1910	FV	ACI/Janus 2003	Ineligible
HI08743	10608 Tanner Rd	1940	BUNG	ACI/Janus 2003	Ineligible

* LEGEND: FV = Frame Vernacular; BUNG = Bungalow

Initial visual reconnaissance of the project study APE indicated an additional 15 historic resources which appeared to be 50 years of age or older. The majority are Frame Vernacular style residences that appear to date from the 1910s through 1950s. Additionally, two historic railroad grades intersect the I-75 corridor area between I-4 and SR 60, with the former Atlantic Coast Line to the north and the former Seaboard Air Line to the south.

4.2 FIELD METHODOLOGY

Archaeological field methods consisted of an initial ground surface reconnaissance, followed by systematic subsurface shovel testing which was carried out to locate sites not exposed on the ground, as well as to test for the presence of buried cultural deposits in areas yielding surface artifacts. Shovel testing was conducted at 25 meter (m) (82 ft) intervals in the high probability areas, at 50 m (164 ft) intervals in the moderate probability areas, and at 100 m (328 ft) intervals or judgmentally within a sample of the low probability areas. Smaller scale interval testing was conducted to delimit site boundaries. Shovel tests were circular and measured approximately 50 centimeter (cm) (20 inches [in]) in diameter by at least 1 m (3.3 ft) in depth unless impeded by water or impenetrable substrate. All soil removed was screened through a 6.4 mm (0.25 in) mesh hardware cloth to maximize the recovery of artifacts. The locations of all shovel tests were plotted on the aerial map, and following the recording of relevant data such as stratigraphic profile and artifact finds, all test pits were refilled.

Historical/architectural field methodology consisted of a preliminary reconnaissance of the I-75 project APE to determine the location of all historic properties believed to have been constructed ca. 1959 or earlier, and to ascertain if any such resources could be eligible for listing in the NRHP. This was followed by an in-depth study of each identified historic resource. Photographs were taken and information needed for the completion of FMSF forms was gathered. In addition to architectural descriptions, each historic property was reviewed to assess style, historic context, and potential NRHP eligibility. Pertinent records

housed at the FMSF, State Library of Florida, and the Hillsborough County Property Appraiser's Office via the internet, were examined. The railroad segments were recorded as they relate to the project APE. Former railroad stations that existed historically were used to define the logical termini in recording the length of these linear resources (SHPO 2008). A visual reconnaissance survey of the project vicinity was also conducted to ascertain whether any potential historic district existed within or adjacent to the project corridor. In addition, ACI Architectural Historians Desiree Estabrook and Marielle Lumang interviewed available resident property owners, including Mr. Frederick LaVerne Patrick, resident of 10426 Tanner Road (8HI8742) (Patrick 2008).

4.3 UNEXPECTED DISCOVERIES

It was anticipated that if human burial sites such as Indian mounds, lost historic and prehistoric cemeteries, or other unmarked burials or associated artifacts were found, then the provisions and guidelines set forth in Chapter 872.05 *F.S.* (Florida's Unmarked Burial Law) would be followed. Such sites were not expected within the proposed development property.

4.4 LABORATORY METHODS AND CURATION

All recovered cultural materials were initially cleaned and sorted by artifact class. All recovered artifacts were lithic tools and debitage. Lithics were divided into tools and debitage based on gross morphology. Tools were measured, and the edges examined with a 7-45x stereo-zoom microscope for traces of edge damage and classified using standard references (Bullen 1975; Purdy 1981). Lithic debitage was subjected to a limited technological analysis focused on ascertaining the stages of stone tool production. Flakes and non-flake production debris (cores and tested cobbles) were measured, and examined for raw material types and presence or absence of thermal alteration (referred to as TA in the artifact tables). Flakes were classified into four types (primary decortication, secondary decortication, non-decortication, and shatter) based on the amount of cortex on the dorsal surface and the shape (White 1963). Flake size was divided into one centimeter (0.4 in) size categories: small (s) = 0-1 cm (0-.4 in), medium (m) = 1-2 cm (0.4-0.8 in), large (l) = 2-3 cm (0.8-1.2 in), X4=3-4 cm (1.2-1.6 in), X5 = 4-5 cm (1.6-2.0 in), and X7 = 6-7 cm (2.4-2.8 in).

In addition, flake categories were utilized to determine site function based on the lithic debitage (Sullivan and Rozen 1985). The Sullivan and Rozen attribute analysis utilizes four mutually exclusive flake categories based on the presence or absence of a single interior surface, point of applied force, and margins. Complete flakes have a single interior surface, an identifiable point of applied force, and intact lateral and distal margins. Proximal flake fragments have an identifiable point of applied force, but one or more of the margins are missing, and the other attributes are the same. Distal/marginal flake fragments do not have an identifiable point of applied force and debris is classified based on the lack of a single interior surface (Sullivan and Rozen 1985:758-759). Based on the distribution of the flake categories, presence of cores, and retouch pieces technological groupings can be determined. A very high percentage of cores and complete flakes with a very low percentage of proximal flake fragments and distal/marginal flake fragments are indicative of unintensified core reduction. Assemblages with a focus on core reduction would have a high

percentage of debris. Assemblages from core reduction and tool manufacture would have a similar distribution to that of the intensive core reduction with a decrease in debris and an increase in proximal flakes. Tool manufacture, with little or no core reduction, is evidenced by a high percentage (ca. 50%) of distal flake fragments and a low occurrence of cores.

All recovered artifacts and project-related records, including maps and field notes, will be curated at ACI in Sarasota, until arrangements can be made for curation by the FDOT.

5.0 SURVEY RESULTS

5.1 OVERVIEW

Cultural resource assessment survey of the I-75 PD&E Study project APE resulted in the identification and evaluation of 10 previously recorded archaeological sites, two archaeological occurrences (AOs), and 23 historic resources, of which eight were recorded previously and 15 were newly identified. A summary of survey results, organized by study segment, is provided in Table 5-1. The portion of each NRHP eligible archaeological site located within the I-75 project APE is not considered contributing to the significance of the resource. One historic resource, 8HI8742, was evaluated as potentially eligible for the NRHP.

Table 5-1 Summary of survey results within the I-75 PD&E Study Project APE

Study Segment	Total STs	Historic Resources	Archaeological Sites
1	212	6: 8HI6900, 8HI6901, 8HI11471, 8HI11472, 8HI11481, and 8HI11482	None
2	302	9: 8HI5085, 8HI5086, 8HI11466, 8HI11467, 8HI11468, 8HI11469, 8HI11470, 8HI8742 , and 8HI8743	3: 8HI476A, 8HI476B, and 8HI510; AO #1
3	297	8: 8HI7839, 8HI7840, 8HI11460, 8HI11461, 8HI11462, 8HI11463, 8HI11464, and 8HI11465	7: 8HI99, 8HI472, 8HI507, 8HI5431, 8HI5432, 8HI5434, and 8HI5926; AO #2
Totals	811	23	10

***Boldface** denotes potentially NRHP-eligible*

5.2 ARCHAEOLOGICAL SURVEY RESULTS

Background research indicated that 28 previously recorded archaeological sites are located within the I-75 PD&E Study project APE. Archaeological field survey entailed both ground surface reconnaissance and the excavation of a total 811 subsurface shovel tests (STs) (Figures 5-1 through 5-8; Table 5-2). Of these, 212 shovel tests were excavated within Segment 1, 302 within Segment 2, and 297 within Segment 3 (Table 5-1). Of the 811 shovel tests, 552 were excavated within or proximate to 24 of the previously recorded sites (Table 5-2) in order to assess site significance and integrity. The other STs were excavated in areas considered to have a high or moderate potential for archaeological sites (Figures 4-1 through 4-3); the low probability zone was archaeologically sampled. An additional 14 shovel tests had been excavated within four site areas (8HI5430, 8HI5431, 8HI5432, and 8HI5433) located in the northernmost part of the project APE during the 2003 CRAS of I-75 (ACI 2003).



Figure 5-1 Location of the shovel tests, archaeological sites, and AOs along the I-75 PD&E Study corridor (DOQQ Brandon #3219).

**I-75 (SR 93A) PD&E study
from south of US 301
to north of Fletcher Avenue
Hillsborough County
WPI Segment No. 419235-3**

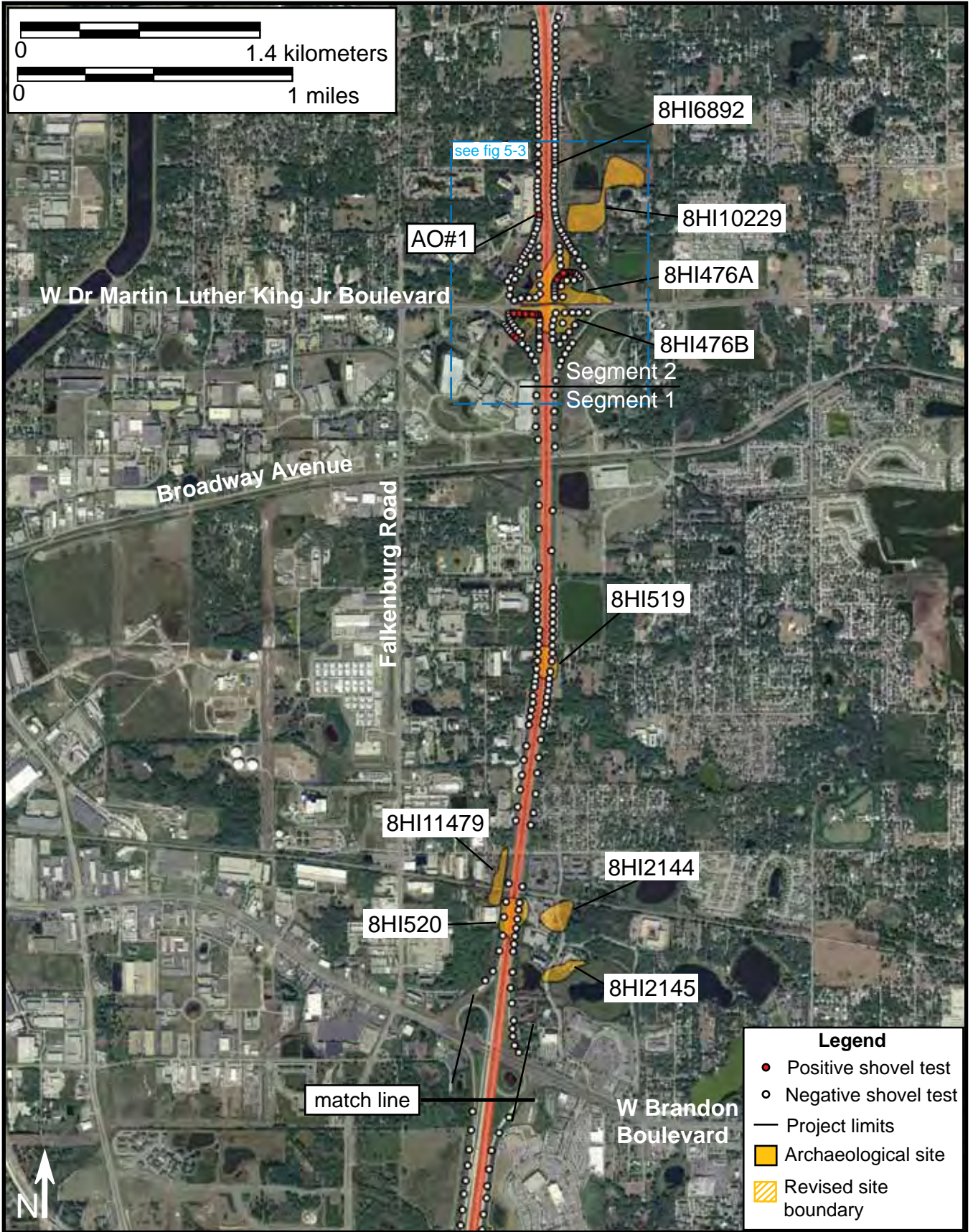


Figure 5-2 Location of the shovel tests, archaeological sites, and AOs along the I-75 PD&E Study corridor (DOQQ Brandon #3219).

**I-75 (SR 93A) PD&E study
from south of US 301
to north of Fletcher Avenue
Hillsborough County
WPI Segment No. 419235-3**

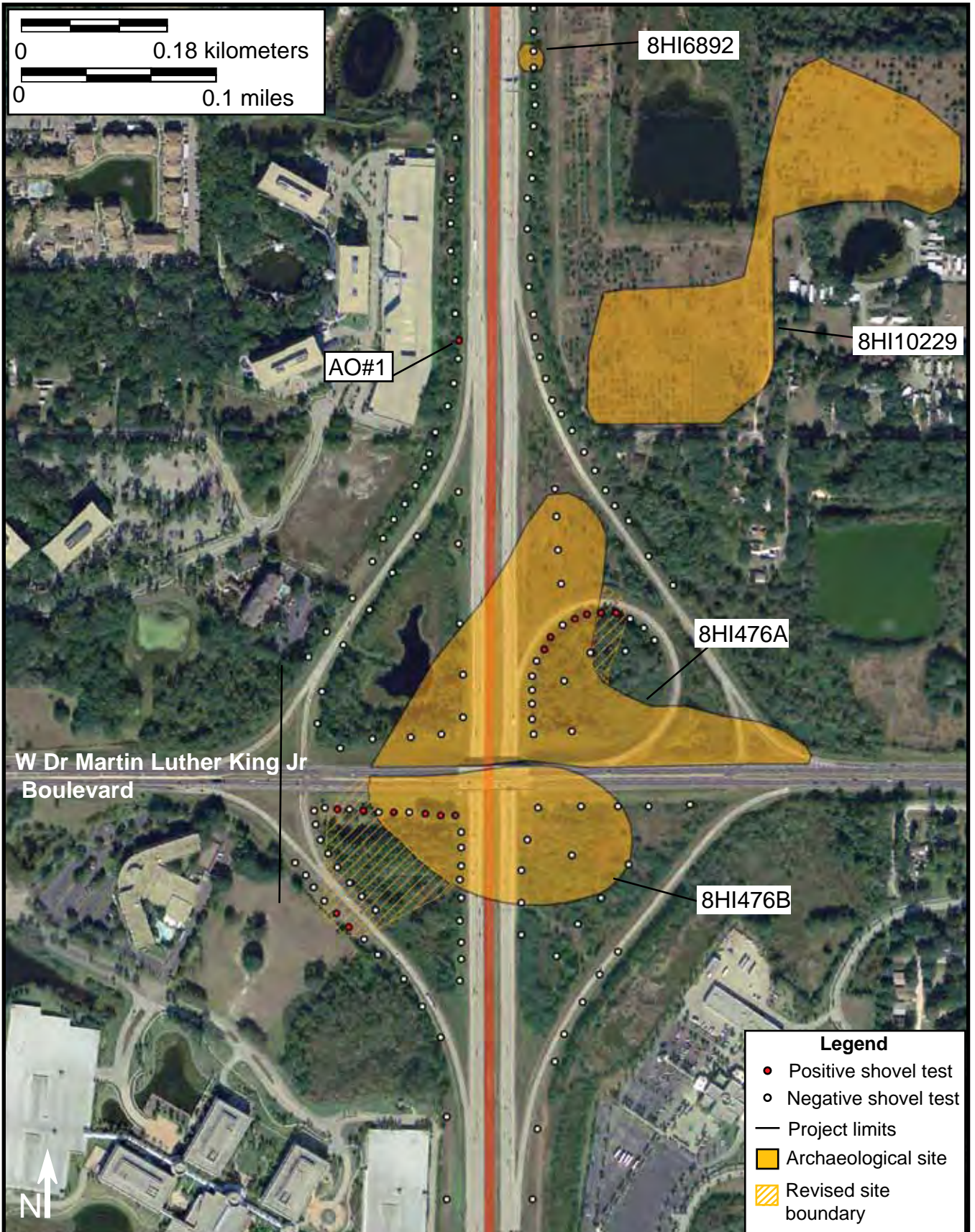


Figure 5-3 Location of the shovel tests, archaeological sites, and AOs along the I-75 PD&E Study corridor (DOQQ Brandon #3219).

**I-75 (SR 93A) PD&E study
from south of US 301
to north of Fletcher Avenue
Hillsborough County
WPI Segment No. 419235-3**

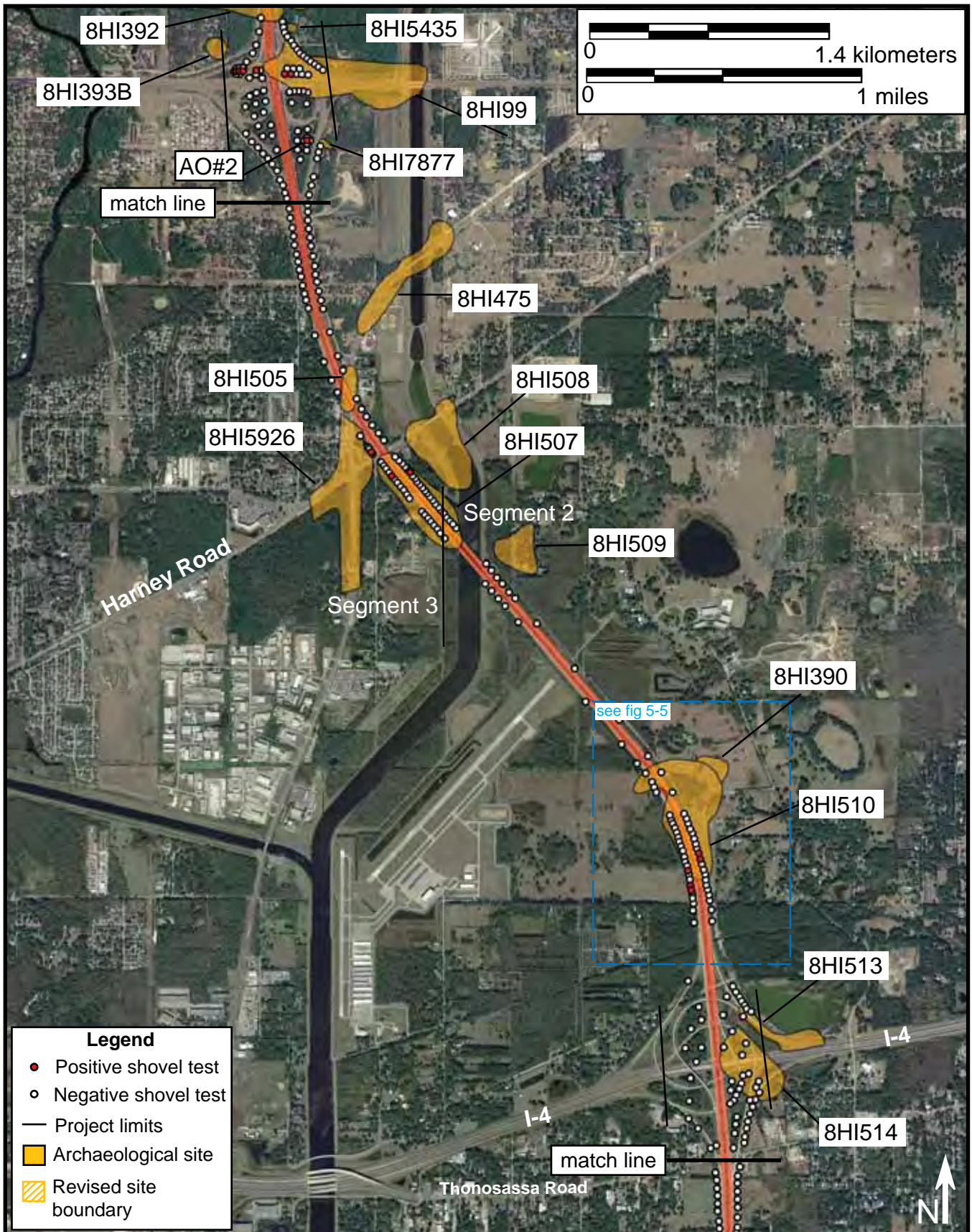


Figure 5-4 Location of the shovel tests, archaeological sites, and AOs along the I-75 PD&E Study corridor (DOQQ Thonotosassa #3319).

**I-75 (SR 93A) PD&E study
from south of US 301
to north of Fletcher Avenue
Hillsborough County
WPI Segment No. 419235-3**

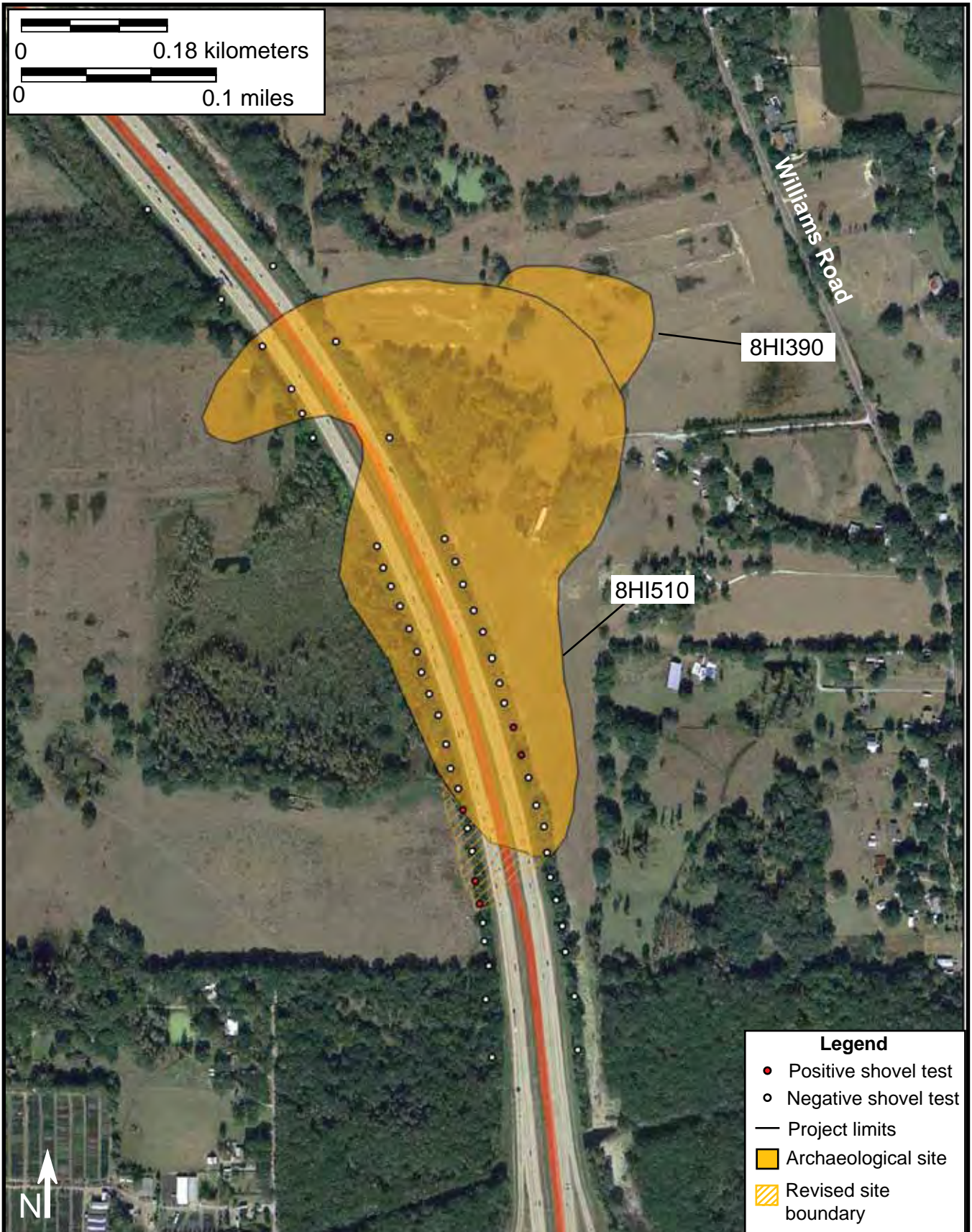


Figure 5-5 Location of the shovel tests, archaeological sites, and AOs along the I-75 PD&E Study corridor (DOQQ Thonotosassa #3319).

**I-75 (SR 93A) PD&E study
from south of US 301
to north of Fletcher Avenue
Hillsborough County
WPI Segment No. 419235-3**

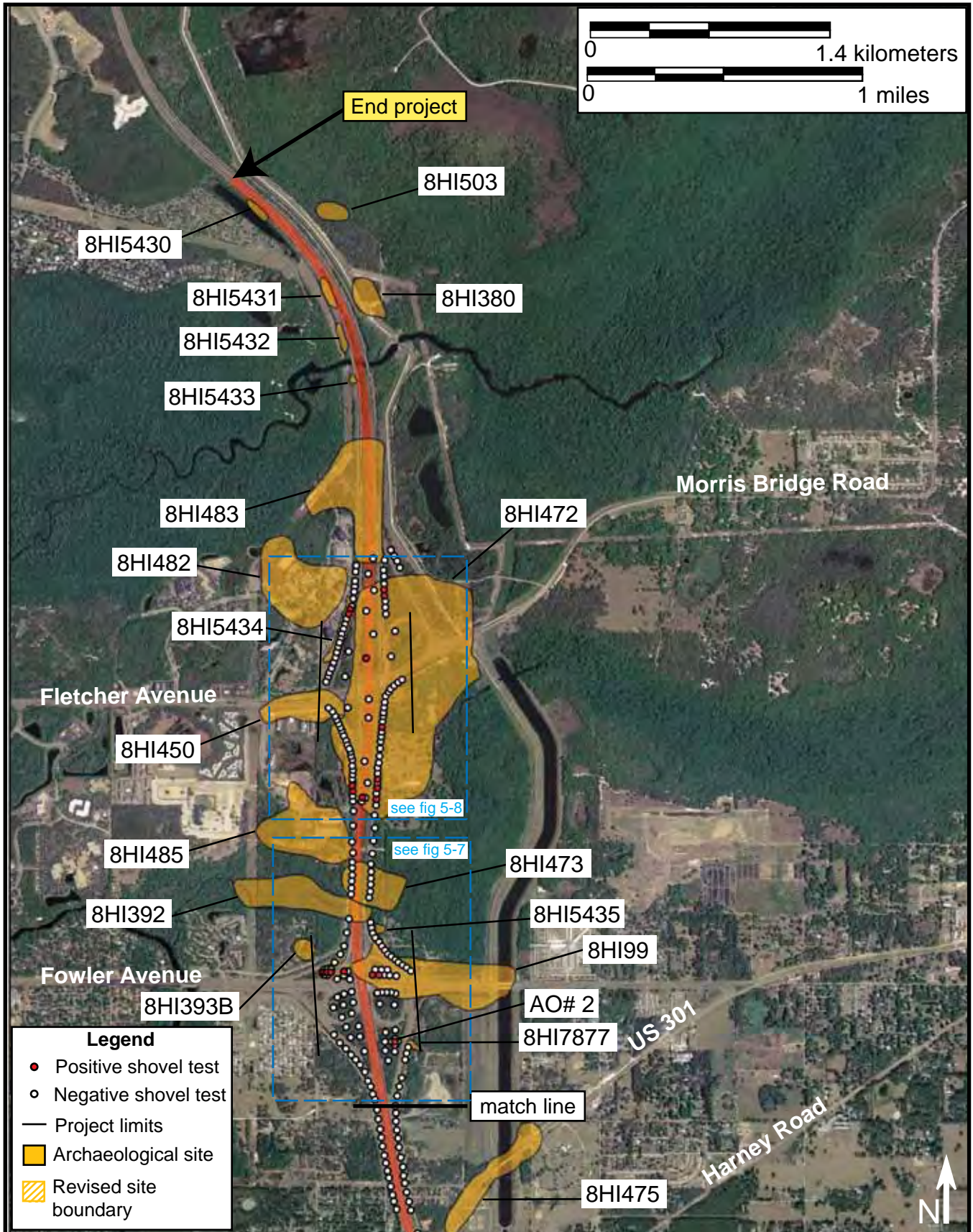


Figure 5-6 Location of the shovel tests, archaeological sites, and AOs along the I-75 PD&E Study corridor (DOQQ Thonotosassa #3319).

**I-75 (SR 93A) PD&E study
 from south of US 301
 to north of Fletcher Avenue
 Hillsborough County
 WPI Segment No. 419235-3**

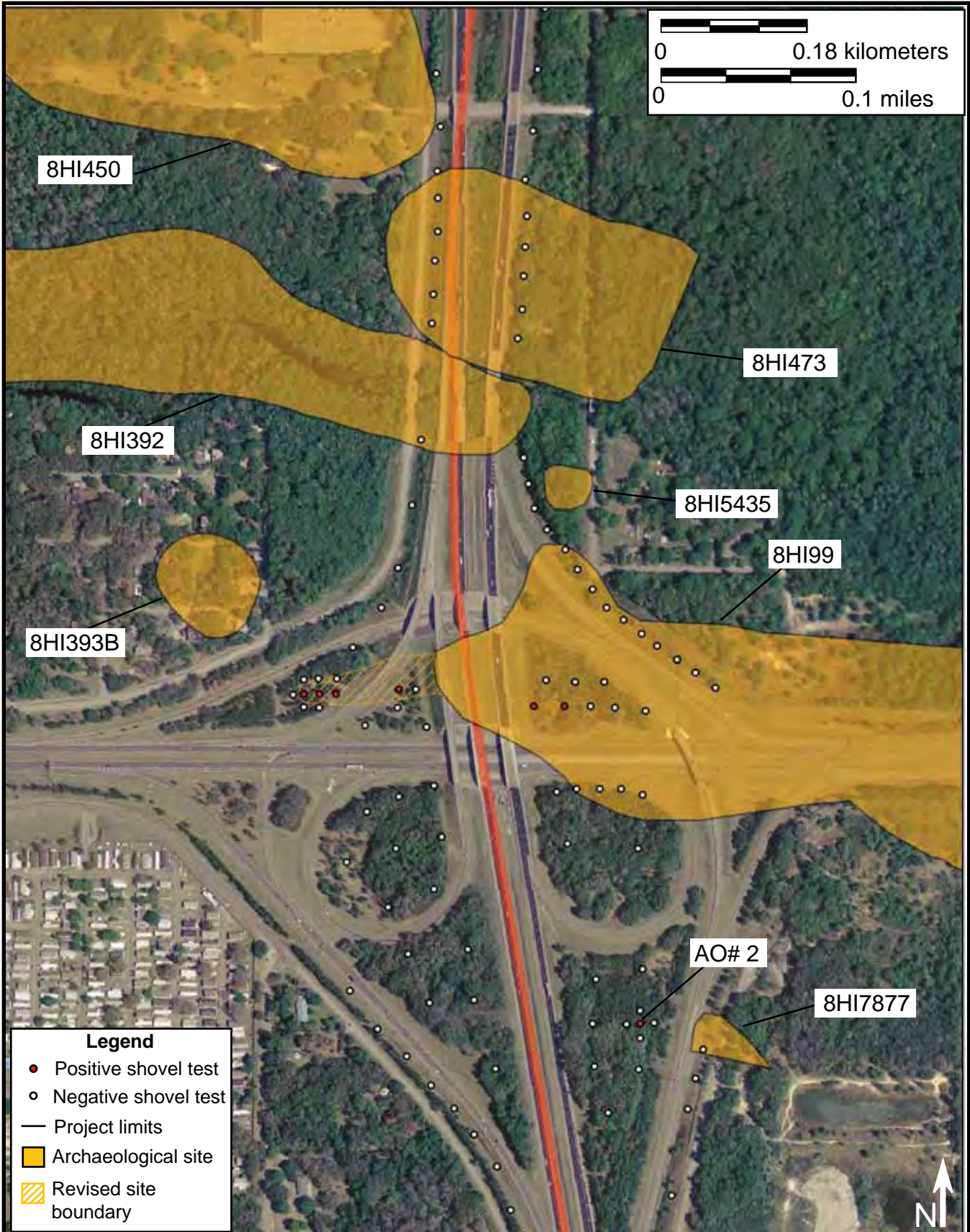


Figure 5-7 Location of the shovel tests, archaeological sites, and AOs along the I-75 PD&E Study corridor (DOQQ Thonotosassa #3319).

**I-75 (SR 93A) PD&E study
from south of US 301
to north of Fletcher Avenue
Hillsborough County
WPI Segment No. 419235-3**

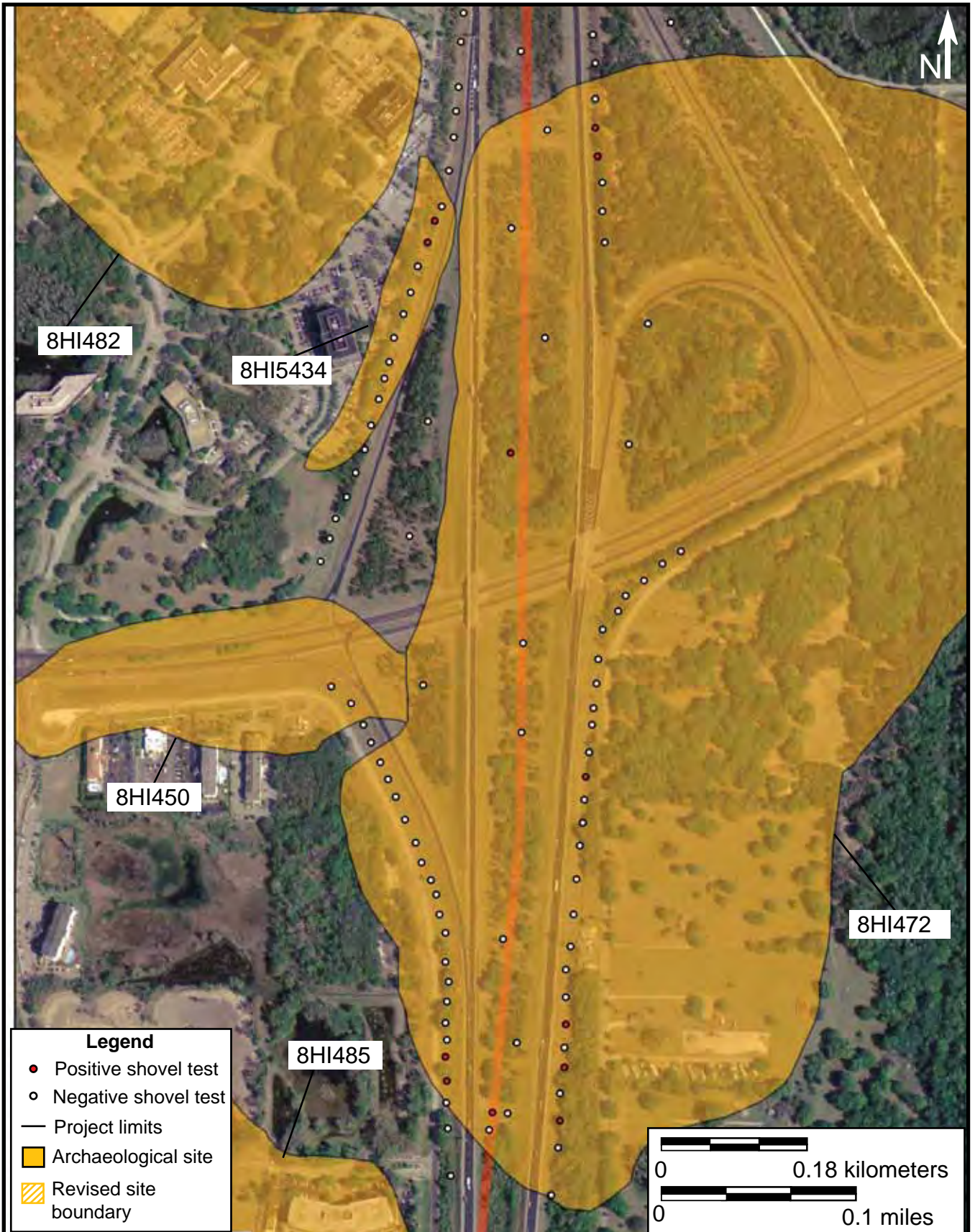


Figure 5-8 Location of the shovel tests, archaeological sites, and AOs along the I-75 PD&E Study corridor (DOQQ Thonotosassa #3319).

**I-75 (SR 93A) PD&E study
from south of US 301
to north of Fletcher Avenue
Hillsborough County
WPI Segment No. 419235-3**

Table 5-2 Results of archaeological survey

Site #	Site Name	Site Type	SHPO Eval.	No. STs	Results/Evaluation
SEGMENT 1					
HI10209	Progress Energy	LS	NE	14	Negative/Ineligible in APE
HI00522	Two Horse	LS	NE	9	Negative/Ineligible in APE
HI00521	Titus Church	LS/Q	NE	27	Negative/Ineligible in APE
HI00520	South Railroad	LS/Q	NE	13	Negative/Ineligible in APE
HI11479	Regency NW (SEARCH)	LS	E	4	Negative/Ineligible in APE
HI00519	Graves Road	HR, LS/Q	No	14	Negative/Ineligible in APE
SEGMENT 2					
HI00476	Diamond Dairy (includes A and B)	LS/Q, HAB	E	114	14 productive, site boundary expanded/Ineligible in APE
HI06892	Bayside #11	HR, LS/Q	No	6	Negative/Ineligible in APE
HI00514	Road End	LS/Q, AS	No	33	Negative/Ineligible in APE
HI00513	Red Hill	LS/Q, AS	No	9	Negative/Ineligible in APE
HI00510	Bartolotti	LS/Q	E	47	5 productive/Ineligible in APE
HI00509	West Williams	LS, MID	E	10	Negative/Ineligible in APE
SEGMENT 3					
HI00507	Harney Flats	AS	E	43	2 productive/Ineligible in APE
HI05926	Vera's Thrift Shop	AS	No	9	2 productive/Ineligible in APE
HI00505	Fruit Stand	LS/Q	No	6	Negative, presumed destroyed/Ineligible in APE
HI07877	Raulerson Road Pond	LS	NE	2	Negative/Ineligible in APE
HI00099	Landfill	LS/Q, AS	E	52	6 productive, site boundary expanded/Ineligible in APE
HI00392	Cow House Slough	LS/Q	NE	2	Negative/Ineligible in APE
HI00473	Wetherington Island	Q, AS	E	12	Negative, presumed destroyed/Ineligible in APE
HI00485	Deputy Smith	LS/Q	E	5	Negative/Ineligible in APE
HI00472	Wetherington Ridge	CAMP, Q	E	85	11 productive/Ineligible in APE
HI00450	Power Line A	AS, LS/Q	E	5	Negative, presumed destroyed /Ineligible in APE
HI05434	NN	AS	No	26	2 productive/Ineligible in APE
HI00483	Deerstand Site	LS/Q	E	5	Negative/Ineligible in APE
HI5433	WLR 12-3	LS	NE	0 (3 in 2003)	Negative/Ineligible in APE
HI5432	WLR 12-2	LS	NE	0 (4 in 2003)	2 productive/ Ineligible in APE
HI5431	WLR 12-1	LS	NE	0 (4 in 2003)	2 productive/ Ineligible in APE
HI5430	WLR 11-1	LS	NE	0 (3 in 2003)	Negative/Ineligible in APE
<p>Legend: Shading indicates sites identified within the project APE. <i>Site Type</i> – AS= Artifact Scatter; CAMP=Campsite; HAB=Habitation; LS=Lithic Scatter; MID=Midden; Q=Quarry; <i>SHPO Evaluation</i> – E=Eligible; NE=Not Eligible; No=Not Evaluated</p>					

As a result of these efforts, no new archaeological sites were discovered. Ten of the 28 previously recorded archaeological sites (8HI99, 8HI472, 8HI476A, 8HI476B, 8HI507, 8HI510, 8HI5431, 8HI5432, 8HI5434, and 8HI5926) were found within the project APE, and two AOs were newly discovered. An archaeological occurrence is defined as “one or two non-diagnostic artifacts, not known to be distant from the original context, which fit within a hypothetical cylinder of thirty meters diameter, regardless of depth below surface” (FMSF 1999:10). Three of the archaeological sites (8HI476A, 8HI476B, and 8HI510), plus AO #1 are located within Segment 2; seven sites (8HI99, 8HI472, 8HI507, 8HI5431, 8HI5432, 8HI5434, and 8HI5926), plus AO #2 are located within Segment 3. No evidence for the other 19 previously recorded archaeological sites was discovered within the project APE, including NRHP-eligible sites 8HI450, 8HI473, 8HI483, 8HI485, 8HI509, and 8HI11479 (Table 5-2).

Six of the 10 sites identified within the project APE, 8HI99, 8HI472, 8HI476A, 8HI476B, 8HI507, and 8HI510, previously were evaluated by the SHPO as NRHP-eligible (Table 5-2). However, given the limited and common nature of the artifact assemblages, the portion of each NRHP eligible site located within the I-75 project APE is not considered contributing to the significance of the resource. Similarly, the four other archaeological sites are considered ineligible for NRHP listing. Of these, 8HI5431 and 8HI5432 previously were determined not eligible by the SHPO, and both 8HI5434 and 8HI5926 were not previously evaluated (Table 5-2). The two AOs are not considered significant.

Summary descriptions and evaluations of the archaeological sites and AOs located within the project APE, including original and updated information, are provided below. Table 5-2 and the descriptions are organized by project study segment, proceeding from south to north. The locations of the previously recorded archaeological sites are depicted in Figures 5-1 through 5-8, and updated FMSF forms are contained in Appendix B. All measurements in this section contain metric equivalents, consistent with the standard convention for the recording of archaeological information.

Segment 1: Background information indicated that six (8HI10209, 8HI522, 8HI521, 8HI520, 8HI11479, and 8HI519) of the total 29 previously recorded sites are located, at least in part, within Segment 1. As the result of field survey, no evidence of any of these resources was discovered, and no new archaeological sites or AOs were found. Site locations are depicted in Figures 5-1 and 5-2, and brief site descriptions and evaluations follow.

8HI10209: The Progress Site is located in the southwest quarter of Section 6, Township 30 South, Range 20 East (USGS 1982e) (Figure 5-1). It occurs on Myakka fine sand, a poorly drained soil of the flatwoods (USDA 1989). Site elevation is 5 to 6 m (15-20 ft) amsl. The site is adjacent to a large wetland to the north and west.

8HI10209 was discovered during the survey of the Harvest Creek project area. It was described as a culturally indeterminate lithic scatter and was not considered a significant resource (Hughes 2006). Seventeen pieces of lithic debitage were recovered from 12 shovel tests.

The current investigation entailed the excavation of 14 shovel tests, none of which was positive. Testing was conducted at 25, 50, and 100 m (82, 164, and 328 ft) intervals. The general stratigraphy consists of 0-60 cm (0-24 in) gray brown sand and 60-100 cm (24-39

in) orange brown wet sand. Based upon the current testing, the Progress Site does not extend into the I-75 project APE. No additional investigations are warranted.

8HI522: The Two Horse Site is located in the southwest quarter of Section 6, Township 30 South, Range 20 East (USGS 1982a) (Figure 5-1). The local soil types include Myakka fine sand, a poorly drained soil of the flatwoods, as well as very poorly drained, depressional Basinger, Holopaw, and Samsula soils in the eastern portion of the site (USDA 2005). Site elevation is roughly 5 to 6 m (15-20 ft) amsl. Wetlands are located adjacent to the north and south.

8HI522 was recorded by Jones during the I-75 survey, and, based upon his assessment and recommendation, subsequently was subjected to Phase II test excavations (Gagel and Daniel 1985). As a result, the site was described as a seasonal encampment occupied during the spring to early fall, and dated from the Middle Archaic period, with ephemeral Safety Harbor and possible Paleo-Indian/Early Archaic components. 8HI522 also was archaeologically tested in 2006 during survey of the Harvest Creek project area. Lithic debitage and a flake tool were recovered, and the site was not considered significant (Hughes 2006). The testing also revealed that 8HI523 was part of 8HI522 based upon the recovery of cultural materials between the previously recorded site boundaries. The two sites have subsequently been combined into 8HI522. Jones' initial investigations at 8HI523 noted "numerous lithics in deep light colored and chocolate brown sand" (FMSF).

The current investigation consisted of the excavation of nine shovel tests at 50 m (164 ft) intervals. As a result, none yielded artifacts. The area has been heavily impacted by utility line installation. The general stratigraphy of the area consists of 0-30 cm (0-12 in) gray brown sand, 30-80 cm (12-32 in) light gray sand, and 80-100 cm (32-29 in) black hardpan. Based upon the current testing, it is believed that the Two Horse Site, as contained within the I-75 APE, has been destroyed. No additional investigations are warranted.

8HI521: The Titus Church Site is located in the center of Section 6, Township 30 South, Range 20 East (USGS 1982), directly south of US 301 (Figure 5-1). The site occurs on the moderately well drained Archbold fine sand and the poorly drained Myakka, Smyrna, and St. Johns fine sands (USDA 2005). Site elevation is between 8 and 9 m (25-30 ft) amsl. A small wetland is located about 100 m (328 ft) to the south.

8HI521 was recorded during the I-75 investigations (FMSF). Jones recovered lithic debitage and a broken projectile point. He considered the site potentially significant, and as such, Phase II test excavations were conducted (Gagel and Daniel 1985). The Phase II testing confirmed the Archaic period of occupation through the recovery of two Archaic Stemmed points (Gagel and Daniel 1985). The site was considered to be a seasonal encampment occupied during the spring to early fall.

This site is located at the junction of two PD&E study segments, and thus, was archaeologically surveyed by ACI as part of the CRAS of I-75 from Moccasin Wallow Road to US 301 (ACI 2008a). This effort entailed the excavation of 27 shovel tests at 50 m (164 ft) intervals, and judgmentally. As a result, no cultural materials were recovered. The general stratigraphy of the site area consists of 0-60 cm (0-24 in) gray brown sand, 60-90 cm (24-36 in) light gray sand, and 90-100 cm (36-39 in) brown hardpan. Given the negative survey results, there is no evidence for the Titus Church Site within the I-75 project APE. No additional investigation is warranted.

8HI520: The South Railroad Site is located in the northwest quarter of Section 20, Township 29 South, Range 20 East (USGS 1982) (Figure 5-2). The site occurs on Pomello and Archbold fine sands which are moderately well drained soils that occur on low ridges in the flatwoods (USDA 2005). Elevation of the site is between 11 and 17 m (35-55 ft) amsl). A wetland is located 50 m (164 ft) to the southwest.

Jones recorded 8HI520 during the 1978 survey of I-75. He recovered a broken Archaic projectile point, several biface fragments, and lithic debitage, and recommended excavation for this Archaic period lithic scatter. Such additional work was not conducted. Subsequent survey for the Bayside Lateral project resulted in the recovery of additional lithic debitage. However the site was not considered significant (SEARCH 2000c).

The current investigation consisted of the excavation of 13 shovel tests placed at 50 and 100 m (164 and 328 ft) intervals. A deep ditch had been excavated along the eastern ROW and dense fill was also located along the western ROW. No cultural materials were recovered. The general stratigraphy consists of 0-15 cm (0-6 in) dark brownish gray sand and 15-40 cm (6-16 in) light brown clayey sand, which was underlain by brown clay marl. There is no evidence of 8HI520 within the I-75 project APE, and no additional investigations are warranted.

8HI11479: The Regency NW (SEARCH) Site is located in the northwest quarter of Section 20, Township 29 South, Range 20 East (USGS 1982) (Figure 5-2). The site occurs on Pomello and Archbold fine sands which are moderately well drained soils that occur on low ridges in the flatwoods (USDA 2005). Elevation of the site is between 14 and 17 m (45-55 ft) amsl). A wetland is located 200 m (656 ft) to the southwest.

Originally, the Regency NW Site was recorded as 8HI2143 during the survey of the Regency Park North DRI project (Deming 1985). This low-density lithic scatter site was dated to the Middle Archaic period, based on the recovery of an Alachua point. The site was not considered significant. The site was further investigated during the Florida Gas Transmission Line Bayside Lateral project (SEARCH 2000c). Because of the high artifact density, lack of disturbance, and possible association with 8HI520, the site was considered to have the potential to provide additional data regarding the local prehistory. Avoidance of the site was recommended, or Phase II testing if avoidance was not possible (SEARCH 2000c:17). Background research as part of the I-75 PD&E Study CRAS revealed that the Regency NW Site was actually misplotted in the FMSF. As a result, the site is located outside of the I-75 PD&E Study project APE. As such, the portion of the site that was investigated by SEARCH, on the west side of I-75, has been assigned the number 8HI11479 and named Regency NW (SEARCH) (Branham 2008).

The current investigation consisted of the excavation of four shovel tests placed at 100 m (328 ft) intervals within the general site vicinity. All four tests revealed that the I-75 project APE has been extensively disturbed. No cultural materials were recovered. The general stratigraphy consists of 0-10 cm (0-4 in) black muck, 10-45 cm (4-18 in) dark gray brown shell/clay fill, below which was heavy clay fill. Thus, there is no evidence for 8HI11479 within the I-75 project APE, and no additional work is recommended.

8HI519: The Graves Road Site is located in the north-central portion of Section 17, Township 29 South, Range 20 East (USGS 1982) (Figure 5-2). The site occurs on the somewhat poorly drained Zolfo sand and the poorly drained Myakka fine sand. Both soil

types occur in the flatwoods, with the Zolfo sand located along low ridges (USDA 2005). Elevation of the site is 14 to 15 m (45-50 ft) amsl. A pond and two wetlands are located within about 200 m (656 ft) of the site.

8HI519 was recorded as an Archaic period lithic scatter during the 1978 survey of I-75. Although Jones recommended Phase II test excavations, such work was never conducted (FMSF). The site was transected by the Bayside Lateral; additional lithic debris and 20th century historic artifacts were recovered. As a result, the site was not considered significant (SEARCH 2000c).

The current investigation consisted of the excavation of 14 shovel tests placed at 50 m (164 ft) intervals. None of these produced cultural materials. The general stratigraphy consists of 0-30 cm (0-12 in) dark gray sand underlain by 70 cm (28 in) gray sand. There is no evidence of the Graves Road Site within the I-75 project APE, and no additional investigation is recommended.

Segment 2: Background information indicated that seven (8HI476A, 8HI476B, 8HI6892, 8HI514, 8HI513, 8HI510, and 8HI509) of the total 28 previously recorded sites are located, at least in part, within Segment 2. As the result of field survey, evidence of three resources (8HI476A, 8HI476B, and 8HI510) was discovered within the project APE, in addition to one new AO (AO #1). No new archaeological sites were found. Site locations are depicted in Figures 5-2 through 5-5, and brief site descriptions and evaluations follow.

8HI476 (A and B): The Diamond Dairy Site is located in Sections 5 and 8, Township 29 South, Range 20 East (USGS 1982) (Figures 5-2 and 5-3). The site occurs on somewhat poorly drained Arents, which are soils that have been excavated, reworked, and reshaped by earthmoving equipment (USDA 1989, 2005). This is not surprising given the location of the site at the major interchange of I-75 and Martin Luther King Boulevard/Buffalo Avenue. Much of the area between the on-off ramps and the interstate consist of water retention areas. Site elevation is between 12 and 17 m (40-55 ft). The site is 650 m (2132 ft) north of the channelized Six Mile Creek and west of a wetland.

8HI476 was recorded by Jones during the I-75 survey. Two distinct activity areas (A and B) were identified, and the site was dated to the Archaic period with a possible Safety Harbor period component. Evaluated as a potentially significant site, 8HI476 was the focus of both Phase II and Phase III excavations (Chance 1983; Wharton 1983). Several years later, the site was revisited during the survey of the Sabal Center project area, and assessed as not significant because of the relatively low artifact density and diversity (Brooks and Ballo 1984). The site was also investigated during the Florida Gas Transmission surveys for the Bayside Lateral. Additional lithic debitage was recovered as well as one biface fragment. The site, as contained in the APE, was not considered significant (Austin 2000b; SEARCH 2000c).

The current investigation consisted of the excavation of 114 shovel tests placed at 25 and 50 m (82 and 164 ft) intervals, as well as judgmentally. Of these, 14 produced cultural materials between 60 and 80 cmbs (24-32 in). In addition to 16 pieces of lithic debitage and two flake tools (Table 5-3), one piece of historic whiteware was recovered at 30 cmbs (12 in). The general stratigraphy consists of 0-50 cm (0-20 in) gray brown sand underlain by light brown sand. The piece of whiteware is considered an isolated find as no other historic material has been recovered. Undecorated whiteware is not a particularly good temporal

marker since it has been manufactured since the early 1820s and continues to be manufactured today (des Fontaines 1990). The debitage assemblage contained 13 pieces of chert, 10 of which had been thermally altered, and three pieces of heat treated coral. This prevalence of thermal alteration in the assemblage is indicative of a Middle to Late Archaic period component (cf., Ste. Claire 1987). The use of coral is also most common during the Middle to Late Archaic. All three pieces of coral were medium-sized non-decortication flakes. The chert debitage assemblage contained two large secondary decortication flakes and two small, four medium, two large, one X4, and two X5 non-decortication flakes. Based on the flake size and type, the mid to late stages of stone tool manufacture are suggested.

Based on the Sullivan and Rozen analysis, the coral assemblage contained one each of the complete, proximal, and medial/distal categories while the chert assemblages contained four complete, seven proximal, and two medial/distal fragments. This limited assemblage suggest tool manufacture as opposed to core reduction based upon the relatively high percentage of proximal and medial/distal flakes fragments as compared to complete flakes, debris, and cores.

Table 5-3 Artifacts recovered from 8HI476

Item	Material	TA	Type	Category	Size					Total	
					s	m	l	X4	x5		
ceramic			whiteware							1	
debitage	chert	no	non-decortication	proximal		1				1	
				complete				1	1		
			secondary	proximal			1			1	
		Total					1	1		1	3
		yes	non-decortication	proximal	1	2	1	1			5
				complete	1				1	2	
			medial/distal		1	1			2		
	secondary		complete			1			1		
	Total				2	3	3	1	1	10	
	chert total					2	4	4	1	2	13
	coral	yes	non-decortication	proximal		1				1	
				complete		1			1		
				medial/distal		1			1		
coral total						3			3		
debitage total					2	7	4	1	2	16	
flake tool	chert	no	non-decortication	complete				1		1	
		yes	non-decortication	complete				1		1	
Total					2	7	4	3	2	19	

Both of the flake tools were manufactured from chert non-decortication flakes, one of which had been thermally altered. The first tool is 31.5 mm long, 15.0 mm wide, and 2.9 mm thick with a weight of 1.8 g (1.18 x 0.6 x .12 in / 0.6 oz). The flake had been unifacially retouched

along one lateral margin producing an edge angle of 47° which would have been suitable for cutting as well as scraping activities. The other flake tool is 29.0 mm long, 29.2 mm wide, and 5.2 mm thick with a weight of 4.0 g (1.14 x 1.15 x 0.21 in / 0.14 oz). Steep scalar scarring is located along the distal margin. The curvature of the flake prevents measuring the edge angle, but the tool was likely used for scraping activities.

The Diamond Dairy Site has been extensively disturbed by the construction of I-75. The recovery of cultural materials on the west side of the southern on-ramp suggests that the site may extend further west. As the results of testing, site boundaries were expanded about 130 m (426 ft) to the southwest and 40 m (131 ft) to the east. The data recovered from the current testing provides little new information on the site, and the potential for additional significant data within the APE is considered very low. As such, 8HI476, as contained within the I-75 PD&E Study APE is not considered eligible for listing in the NRHP and no additional investigations are warranted.

8HI6892: The Bayside #11 Site is located in the northeast quarter of Section 5, Township 29 South, Range 20 East (USGS 1982) (Figures 5-2 and 5-3). The site occurs on Candler fine sand, 0-5% slopes, an excessively drained soil of the uplands (USDA 1989). Site elevation is between 21 and 23 m (70-75 ft) amsl. A wetland is located about 100 m (328 ft) to the west.

8HI6892 was recorded during the survey for the Bayside Lateral. This multi-component site includes a low-density lithic scatter and a historic artifact scatter that dates from the early 20th century. The aboriginal component may have been associated with the nearby Diamond Dairy (8HI476) or Sampson Grove (8HI10299) Sites. The site was not considered eligible for listing in the NRHP (Austin 2000b).

The current investigation included the excavation of six shovel tests placed at 25 m (82 ft) intervals. None of the tests produced cultural materials. The general stratigraphy consists of 0-20 cm (0-8 in) gray brown sand and 20-100 cm (8-39 in) light brown sand. As a result, there is no evidence for the Bayside #11 Site within the I-75 project APE, and no additional work is warranted.

8HI514: The Road End Site is located in the center of Section 32, Township 28 South, Range 20 East (USGS 1977) (Figure 5-4). The site occurs on the poorly drained Myakka fine sand, the very poorly drained, depressionnal, Eaton mucky sand, and the somewhat poorly drained Zolfo fine sand (USDA 2005). Most of the areas between the on-off ramps and the interstate are used for water retention areas. Elevation of the site is between 8 and 11 m (25-35 ft) amsl. A large wetland is located directly south of the site.

B. Calvin Jones recorded 8HI514 in 1978 during the survey of I-75. He did not consider this low density lithic scatter to be significant (FMSF). The Road End Site was re-examined during the I-4 improvements survey, and again was considered ineligible for listing in the NRHP (Janus Research 1992b). The site was also revisited during survey of the Bayside Lateral, which transected it. The resulting report concluded that 8HI514 was not considered significant or worthy of additional testing due to extensive disturbance (Austin 2000b; SEARCH 2000c).

The current investigation consisted of the excavation of 33 shovel tests placed at 50 m (164 ft) intervals, as well as judgmentally. None of these produced cultural materials. The

general stratigraphy consists of brown sandy clay fill. Thus, there is no evidence of 8HI514 within the I-75 project APE, and no additional investigations are warranted.

8HI513: The Red Hill Site is located in the eastern half of Section 32, Township 28 South, Range 20 East (USGS 1977) (Figure 5-4). The site occurs on the moderately well drained Tavares-Millhopper fine sand, the poorly drained Myakka fine sand, and the very poorly drained Basinger, Holopaw, and Samsula soils, depressional (USDA 2005). The eastern portion of the ROW has been ditched, and west of the entrance ramp is a water retention area. Elevation of the site is 8 to 9 m (25-30 ft) amsl. A large wetland is located about 200 m (656 ft) north of the site.

B. Calvin Jones recorded 8HI513, an Archaic period lithic scatter, during the 1978 survey of I-75. He did not consider it significant. Additional site testing was conducted during the surveys for the Bayside Lateral and the I-4 improvements. Additional lithic debitage was recovered, but the site was not considered significant; the SHPO concurred (Austin 2000b; Janus Research 1992b; SEARCH 2000c).

The current investigation included the excavation of nine shovel tests placed at 25 m (82 ft) intervals, and judgmentally. No cultural materials were recovered. Many of the shovel tests evidenced fill deposits. Thus, there is no evidence of the Red Hill Site within the I-75 PD&E study project APE, and no further work is recommended.

8HI510: The Bartolotti Site is located in the southwest quarter of Section 29, Township 28 South, Range 20 East (USGS 1977) (Figures 5-4 and 5-5). The site occurs on the excessively drained Candler fine sand, 0-5% slopes, the somewhat poorly drained Zolfo fine sand, the poorly drained Myakka and Malabar fine sands, and the very poorly drained, depressional, Basinger, Holopaw, and Samsula soils (USDA 2005). Elevation of the site is between 5 and 12 m (15-40 ft) amsl. A large wetland is located just west of the site.

8HI510 was reported to Jones by Mr. Bartolotti during the 1978 I-75 survey project. Jones evaluated the site as potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP, and Phase II test excavations were conducted (Gagel 1984). The site was subjected to additional testing during the Florida Gas Transmission Bayside Lateral project (Austin 2000b; Stokes 2002a). Although 8HI510 was considered significant, additional archaeological investigations were not recommended. Rather, a synthesis of the I-75 projects was conducted as a mitigation measure (Austin 2006a). In 2006, survey of the East Side Dairy tract, which encompasses much of the site area, resulted only in the recovery of one piece of lithic debitage and a broken projectile point (ACI 2006a). As such, the site, as contained within the project area was not considered significant.

The current investigation consisted of the excavation of 47 shovel tests placed at 25 and 50 m (82 and 164 ft) intervals, as well as judgmentally in the poorly drained areas. As a result, five produced cultural materials between 30 and 80 cmbs (12-32 in). The general stratigraphy consists of 0-20 cm (0-8 in) dark gray sand, 20-70 cm (8-28 in) light gray sand, and 70-100 cm (28-39 in) brown hardpan.

The artifact assemblage consists of one core, one tested cobble, and nine pieces of lithic debitage (Table 5-4). All of the material was chert and only one of the flakes had been thermally altered. There are four non-decortication flakes (one each small, medium, large, and X5) and five secondary decortication flakes (2 medium, 2 large, and 1 X5). This limited

assemblage suggests the earlier stages of the lithic reduction continuum based on the prevalence of secondary decortication flakes and the core and tested cobble. This is also suggested by the Sullivan and Rozen analysis which revealed eight complete and one proximal flake in addition to the core and cobble. Sites containing a high percentage of complete flakes, debris, and cores represent areas of intensive core reduction. Thus, based on this minimal assemblage, core reduction and tool manufacture were occurring on site.

Table 5-4 Artifacts recovered from 8HI510

Item	Material	TA	Type	Category	Size				Total
					s	m	l	x5	
core	chert	no							1
debitage	chert	no	non-decortication	complete	1	1			2
			secondary	proximal			1		1
				complete		2	1	1	4
		total		1	3	2	1	7	
		yes	non-decortication	complete			1	1	2
debitage total					1	3	3	2	9
tested cobble	chert	no							1
Total					1	3	3	2	11

The Bartolotti Site has been extensively disturbed by the construction of I-75. While cultural materials were found within the project APE, they provide little new data concerning the function of the site or its temporal placement. Although 8HI510 is recorded as potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP, the portion located within the I-75 ROW is not considered significant. No additional investigation is warranted.

8HI509: The West Williams Site is located in the southeast quarter of Section 19, Township 28 South, Range 20 East (USGS 1977) (Figure 5-5). The site occurs on the somewhat poorly drained Adamsville fine sand, the poorly drained Malabar fine sand, and the very poorly drained, depressional, Chobee muck (USDA 2005). Elevation of the site is between 5 and 6 m (15-20 ft) amsl. The small knoll on which the site is located is within Harney Flats, which was a large freshwater marsh prior to modern drainage improvements.

8HI509 is an important Archaic period site that has evidenced subsurface features. It was recorded by Jones in 1978 during the I-75 survey but had been discovered by Sol Anderson, a local collector, a few years earlier. The site was investigated during the survey for the Florida Gas Transmission Line and was considered potentially significant, and the SHPO concurred (Austin 2000b; Stokes 2002a). As a result, Phase II testing was conducted (Austin et al. 2001a). This testing revealed post molds suggesting large structures were in use during the Archaic period, perhaps serving as an annual meeting place (Austin et al. 2001b). Based on these results, Phase III mitigative excavations were undertaken, including a variety of multidisciplinary studies (Austin et al. 2004). A portion of the West Williams Site was also investigated during the 2005 survey of the Freedom Ridge Development tract (Austin and Mohlman 2005). Survey was followed by test and mitigative excavations (Austin 2006b).

The current investigation entailed the excavation of 10 shovel tests placed at 50 m (164 ft) intervals. All yielded negative results. The ROW within the site area consists of fill for the Tampa Bypass Canal overpass or spoil from the canal. The general stratigraphy consists of and upper 40 cm (16 in) of dark brown sandy clay fill underlain by mottled gray brown clay. No evidence of the West Williams Site was discovered within the I-75 project APE, and it appears that the site does not extend this far west. No additional investigation is recommended.

AO # 1: This AO is located in the southeast quarter of Section 5, Township 29 South, Range 20 East (USGS 1982) (Figure 5-3). It consists of two chert non-decortication flakes recovered between 70 and 100 cmbs (28-39 in). Both complete flakes had been thermally altered; one is medium-sized and the other is large. The local stratigraphy consists of 0-25 cm (0-10 in) dark brown sand, 25-60 cm (10-24 in) brown sand, and 60-110 cm (24-43 in) light brown sand. This AO may be associated with 8HI6892, which is located about 350 m (1150 ft) to the north, or to 8HI476, which is located 225 m (738 ft) to the south-southeast. This AO is not considered significant due to its low research potential.

Segment 3: Background information indicated that 16 (Table 5-2) of the total 28 previously recorded sites are located, at least in part, within Segment 3. As the result of field survey, evidence of seven resources (8HI99, 8HI472, 8HI507, 8HI5434, 8HI5926, 8HI5431 and 8HI5432) was found within the project APE. Sites 8HI5431 and 8HI5432 were identified during the 2003 CRAS. In addition, one new AO (AO #2) was discovered. No new archaeological sites were found. Site locations are depicted in Figures 5-4 through 5-8, and brief site descriptions and evaluations follow.

8HI507: The Harney Flats Site is located in the center of Section 19, Township 28 South, Range 20 East (USGS 1977) (Figure 5-4). The site occurs on excessively drained Candler fine sand, 0-5% slopes, somewhat poorly drained Adamsville fine sand, poorly drained Malabar fine sand, and very poorly drained Floridana fine sand and Chobee muck, depressional (USDA 2005). Elevation of the site ranges between 6 and 12 m (20-40 ft) amsl. Prior to construction of the Tampa By-Pass Canal, and the resulting alterations to the local hydrologic conditions, 8HI507 would have been situated adjacent to the extensive Harney Flats freshwater marsh.

8HI507 is an important Paleo-Indian and Archaic period site that was recorded by Sol Anderson in 1972. Jones investigated the site as part of the I-75 project in 1978, and recommended test and mitigative excavations (Jones 1980). This work was conducted by Randy Daniel and Michael Wisenbaker who published a monograph on the site (Daniel and Wisenbaker 1987). A master's thesis was also produced on use-wear analysis of the stone tools (Ballo 1985). The artifacts recovered indicated that the site was occupied during the Paleo-Indian (Suwannee phase), Early Archaic (Kirk and Bolen phases), Middle Archaic (Newnan phase), and Manasota periods (Austin 2006a). Most of the site was destroyed during construction of I-75.

The current investigation consisted of the excavation of 43 shovel tests placed at 25 m (82 ft) intervals, except where precluded by drainage ditches and areas of fill proximate to the Tampa Bypass Canal. Two tests produced cultural materials between 90 and 100 cmbs (35-39 in). The general stratigraphy consists of 0-70 cm (0-28 in) gray/brown/black mottled

sand, 70-80 cm (28-32 in) black humic sand, and 80-100 cm (32-39 in) gray/brown orange clay.

The limited artifact assemblage from the site consists of six pieces of chert debitage, half of which had been thermally altered (Table 5-5). One primary decortication flake and five non-decortication flakes were recovered. All but one of the flakes were medium-sized, the other was small. The recovery of the primary decortication flakes suggests the early stages of stone tool manufacture. The relatively small size of the flakes may be more suggestive of the continued removal of cortical material from a blank. The high percentage of complete flakes suggests core reduction based on the Sullivan and Rozen analysis. It should be noted, however, that this is a very small sample size from which to make any conclusions regarding site function.

Table 5-5 Artifacts recovered from 8HI507

Item	Material	TA	Type	Category	Size		Total
					s	m	
debitage	chert	No	non-decortication	broken	1		1
				complete		2	2
			total	1	2	3	
		Yes	non-decortication	fragment		1	1
				complete		1	1
			primary	fragment		1	1
		total		3	3		
Total			1	5	6		

The Harney Flats Site has been extensively disturbed by the construction of I-75. Although the recent investigation yielded limited cultural materials within the APE, they provide little new data. Although the site is recorded as potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP, no significant cultural deposits are contained within the I-75 project APE. No additional work is recommended.

8HI5926: The Vera's Thrift Shop Site is located in the west half and southeast quarter of Section 19, Township 28 South, Range 19 East (USGS 1977) (Figure 5-4). It occurs primarily on the moderately well drained Tavares-Millhopper fine sand and the excessively drained Candler fine sand. The southern end of the site is underlain by the poorly drained Malabar and Myakka fine sands (USDA 2005). Site elevation ranges between 6 and 15 m (20-50 ft) amsl. Harney Flats and the headwaters of Six Mile Creek are located to the south.

8HI5926 was recorded during the CRAS of US 301 (Janus Research 1999). The site contained evidence of a possible Paleo-Indian component as well as Early and Middle Archaic components. In addition, post-Archaic occupation was evidenced by the recovery of a number of ceramic sherds. The researchers considered the site to be potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP. Additional testing of the site occurred during the survey for the ponds associated with the US 301 improvements (Deming 1997). Additional debitage was recovered and the testing expanded the site boundaries east and west. However, the site was not considered significant as contained within that project APE. Janus Research conducted further research on the site as part of the Harney Road/US 301 intersection improvements (Janus Research 1999). The data from this portion of the site indicated a

Weeden Island occupation, with the potential for a Paleo-Indian component. However, they considered the site ineligible for listing in the NRHP.

The current investigation consisted of the excavation of nine shovel tests placed at 10, 25, and 50 m (33, 82, and 164 ft) intervals. Of these, two produced cultural materials between 90 and 100 cmbs (35-39 in). The general stratigraphy consists of 0-80 cm (0-32 in) gray/brown mottled sand underlain by light brown sand. All of the shovel tests along the eastern ROW revealed fill deposits associated with the overpass construction. The northern limits of the site were not tested because of the overpass fill. The limited artifact assemblage consists of five piece of chert debitage (Table 5-6), three of which had been thermally altered. Four of the flakes are non-decortication and the other is a secondary decortication flake. In terms of size, there are two medium and three large. There are four proximal and one medial/distal flake fragments. Sites containing a high percentage of proximal and medial/distal flake fragments are generally indicative of tool manufacture.

Table 5-6 Artifacts recovered from 8HI5926

Item	Material	TA	Type	Category	Size		Total	
					m	l		
debitage	chert	No	non-decortication	proximal	1	1	2	
			secondary	proximal		1	1	
		Total				1	2	3
		Yes	non-decortication	proximal		1	1	
				medial/distal	1		1	
total				1	1	2		
Total					2	3	5	

The Vera’s Thrift Shop Site has been extensively disturbed by the modifications to US 301 and Harney Road as well as other development in the area. Although cultural materials were found within the I-75 project APE, they provide little new data concerning the function of the site or its temporal placement. While 8HI5926 is recorded as potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP, no significant deposits are located within the project APE. No additional work is recommended.

8HI505: The Fruit Stand Site is located in the northwest quarter of Section 19, Township 28 South, Range 20 East (USGS 1977) (Figure 5-4). The site occurs on Candler fine sand, 0-5% slopes, an excessively drained soil of the uplands (USDA 2005). Elevation of the site is between 9 and 12 m (30-40 ft) amsl. A wetland is located approximately 100 m (328 ft) to the northeast.

8HI505, an Archaic period lithic scatter, was recorded by Jones in 1978 during the I-75 survey. The site area was revisited during survey of US 301 from I-4 to Fowler Avenue , and assessed as not significant (Janus Research 1996b). Only a few additional pieces of lithic debitage were recovered.

The current investigations consisted of the excavation of six shovel tests placed at 50 m (164 ft) intervals. No cultural materials were recovered. That portion of the site recorded within the I-75 project APE was covered by fill associated with the overpass of US 301. The general stratigraphy consists of 0-60 cm (0-24 in) gray brown mottled sandy clay underlain

by gray/brown clay. The Fruit Stand Site is presumed destroyed, as located within the I-75 ROW, and no further work is recommended.

8HI7877: The Raulerson Road Pond Site is located in the northwest quarter of Section 18, Township 28 South, Range 20 East (USGS 1977) (Figures 5-6 and 5-7). The site occurs on the moderately well drained Tavares-Millhopper fine sand (USDA 2005). Site elevation is between 15 and 17 m (50-55 ft) amsl. Cow House Creek is located about 650 m (2130 ft) to the north.

This small lithic scatter was recorded during the 2003 CRAS of the I-75 PD&E Study segment, from Fowler Avenue to south of CR 64. Three of four shovel tests excavated within a proposed pond site yielded four pieces of lithic debitage. 8HI7877 was not considered significant due to the low artifact density and diversity; the SHPO concurred (ACI 2003). The current GIS plot at the FMSF depicts the site as extending into the off-ramp for Fowler Avenue. However, the written description indicates that it is located east of Raulerson Road, actually placing the western boundary of 8HI7877 approximately 40 m (131 ft) to the east, and outside of the I-75 PD&E Study project APE.

Two shovel tests were excavated proximate to the site between the exit ramp and Raulerson Ranch Road. Both yielded negative results. The stratigraphy consists of 0-40 cm (0-16 in) dark brown sand underlain by light brown sand. As a result, there is no evidence for the Raulerson Road Pond Site within the I-75 project APE, and no further work is recommended.

8HI99: The Landfill Site is located in Sections 12 and 13 of Township 28 South, Range 19 East and Sections 7 and 18 of Township 28 South, Range 20 East (USGS 1977) (Figure 5-5). The site occurs on Candler fine sand, 0-5% slopes and Tavares-Millhopper fine sand, 0-5% slopes. Candler sand is an excessively drained soil of the uplands. The Tavares-Millhopper soils are moderately well drained and located on low-lying areas on the uplands and on low ridges in the flatwoods (USDA 2005). Elevation of the site ranges from 8 to 15 m (25-50 ft). The site is located approximately 150 m (492 ft) south of Cow House Slough.

8HI99 was recorded by Frank Bushnell in 1963 as a lithic workshop yielding stone tools (FMSF). In 1978, B. Calvin Jones, at that time an archaeologist with the FDHR, conducted additional testing prior to the construction of I-75. At that time, he subdivided this Middle Archaic period site into four subareas (A-D). He considered Areas B and C potentially significant and Phase II testing was conducted (Hardin 1982; Jones 1980). Jones also noted that the site was severely disturbed by the construction of the Tampa By-Pass Canal (Jones 1978). The survey of the Florida Gas Transmission Line concluded that modern disturbance had destroyed the integrity Areas B and C and thus lacked research potential (Athens et al. 1994:195). Additional testing was conducted in Areas A and D. The materials recovered included a Newnan point, a piece of Pasco Plain ceramic, lithic debitage, and some historic materials. This portion of the site was not considered eligible for inclusion in the NRHP and the SHPO concurred. In 2003, archaeological survey as part of the I-75 PD&E Study resulted in the collection of an additional three pieces of lithic debitage from the site. Based on the subsurface testing within the proposed ROW and pond sites, the Landfill Site, as contained within the APE, was not considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP (ACI 2003). Subsequent testing within the site, incident to an I-75 pond siting study in 2006, yielded negative results (ACI 2006b).

The current investigation entailed the excavation of 52 shovel tests at 10, 25, and 50 m (33, 82, and 164 ft) intervals, as well as judgmentally. As a result, six shovel tests produced cultural materials from between 20 and 100 cm below surface (cmbs) (8-39 in). The general stratigraphy consisted of 0-40 cm (0-16 in) dark gray sand underlain by light brown sand.

The artifact assemblage consists entirely of chert debitage (Table 5-7). Of the 17 flakes recovered, eight were thermally altered, suggesting a Middle to Late Archaic component (cf., Ste. Claire 1987). Thirteen of the flakes are non-decortication, three are shatter, and one is a secondary decortication flake. In terms of size, there are three small, 11 medium, and three large. Based on this limited assemblage, the middle to later stages of the lithic tool manufacture were being undertaken based on the high percentage of non-decortication flakes and the relatively small flake sizes. There are four complete seven proximal, three medial/distal flake fragments and three pieces of debris. A mixture of core reduction and tool manufacture is suggested by the Sullivan and Rozen analysis.

Table 5-7 Artifacts recovered from 8HI99

Item	Material	TA	Type	Category	Size			Total		
					s	m	l			
debitage	chert	no	non-decortication	proximal	1	4		5		
				complete	1	2		3		
				medial/distal			1	1		
		Total					2	6	1	9
		yes	non-decortication	secondary	proximal			1	1	
					complete	1			1	
					medial/distal		2		2	
				shatter	proximal		1		1	
					debris		2	1	3	
		Total					1	5	2	8
		Total					3	11	3	17

Many of the shovel tests evidenced extensive disturbance up to a 1 m (3.3 ft) in depth, and many of the artifacts recovered were from a disturbed context. Only limited information was gained, and the boundary of 8HI99 was extended roughly 170 m (557 ft) to the west. Although recorded in the FMSF as potentially NRHP eligible site, as contained within the I-75 PD&E Study project APE, the Landfill Site has low research potential and is in very poor condition. Thus, it is considered ineligible, and further investigation is not warranted.

8HI392: The Cow House Slough Site is located in the southern half of Section 12, Township 28 South, Range 19 East (USGS 1977) (Figure 5-6). The site occurs on the very poorly drained, frequently flooded, Chobee sandy loam (USDA 2005). This soil type occurs along the bottomlands of rivers and major streams. The site is located within the floodplain of Cow House Creek at an elevation between 6 and 8 m (20-25 ft) amsl.

The site was recorded in 1972 by J. Raymond Williams, based on informant information (FMSF). The site reportedly contained aboriginal lithics, ceramics, and projectile points. In 2003, archaeological survey as part of the I-75 PD&E Study yielded no evidence of the site, which was presumed destroyed as the result of highway construction (ACI 2003).

The current investigations consisted of the excavation of two shovel tests in the site vicinity. Each test revealed fill deposits and an absence of cultural materials. The area has been extensively disturbed by construction of the highway and bridges over Cow House Creek. Given the extensive disturbance and absence of cultural materials recovered during this survey, combined with the 2003 results, 8HI392, as contained within the I-75 ROW, is presumed destroyed. No additional investigations are warranted.

8HI473: The Wetherington Island Site is located in Section 12, Township 28 South, Range 19 East and Section 7, Range 20 East (USGS 1977) (Figures 5-6 and 5-7). The site occurs on the poorly drained Winder fine sand, and the very poorly drained, frequently flooded, Chobee sandy loam (USDA 2005). These soils occur within the floodplain of Cow House Creek. Site elevation is between 6 and 9 m (20-30 ft) amsl.

8HI473 was recorded by Jones in 1978 during survey of the proposed I-75 corridor (Jones 1980). He considered the site potentially significant, and Phase II testing was conducted (Chance 1982). Based upon the results of this investigation, 8HI473 was identified as an Archaic lithic procurement and quarry site (Chance 1981; Chance and Misner 1984). In the mid-1990s, Goodwin and Associates reinvestigated portions of the site area incident to the Florida Gas Transmission Line project. Following Phase I survey, Phase II and Phase III archaeological excavations were conducted, resulting in the recovery of over 100,000 artifacts (Athens et al. 1994; Brown et al. 1996; Goodwin et al. 1994). The SHPO concurred with the assessment that the site was eligible for listing in the NRHP. In 2003, archaeological survey as part of the I-75 PD&E Study resulted in the recovery of only one piece of lithic debitage (ACI 2003). Due to the paucity of cultural materials, and the extensive disturbance caused by the construction of I-75, the site, as contained within the I-75 APE, was evaluated as not significant.

The current investigations consisted of the excavation of 12 shovel tests placed at 50 and 100 m (164 and 328 ft) intervals. No cultural materials were recovered. The shovel tests revealed extensive disturbance and fill deposits. In general, there was an upper 60 cm (24 in) of gray/brown mottled sandy clay underlain by clay. This findings, consistent with the 2003 survey results, suggest that 8HI473, as located within the I-75 ROW, has been largely destroyed. No additional work is recommended.

8HI485: The Deputy Smith Site is located in the east half of Section 12, Township 28 South, Range 19 East (USGS 1977) (Figure 5-6). The site occurs on the excessively drained Candler fine sand 0-5% and 5-12% slopes, the moderately well drained Tavares-Millhopper fine sand, 0-5% slopes, and the poorly drained Winder fine sand (USDA 2005). Elevation of the site is between 8 and 15 m (25-50 ft). Cow House Creek is located 200 m (656 ft) to the south.

Jones recorded 8HI485 during the I-75 survey (Jones 1980). Additional testing was recommended for this lithic scatter site, but Phase II testing was never performed as part of the I-75 project. The site was revisited during surveys of the GTE/Collier 64 and State Street Bank properties. These investigations resulted in the collection of additional debitage, but the site was not considered significant (Burger 1984; Hardin and Estabrook 1988). In 2003, survey within the I-75 right-of-way yielded negative results, suggesting that the Deputy Smith Site had been destroyed by construction of the highway (ACI 2003).

The current investigation entailed the excavation of five shovel tests placed at 50 m (164 ft) intervals. None of the tests produced cultural materials. The western ROW has been heavily disturbed, and all of the shovel tests revealed fill deposits. These findings are consistent with the results of the 2003 survey. No additional work is recommended.

8HI472: The Wetherington Ridge Site is located in Sections 1 and 12 of Township 28 South, Range 19 East and Sections 6 and 7 in Range 20 East (USGS 1977) (Figure 5-6). The site occurs primarily on the excessively drained Candler fine sand, 0-5% slopes but extends into areas of somewhat poorly drained Zolfo fine sand, poorly drained Felda fine sand, occasionally flooded, and excessively drained Candler fine sand, 5-12% slopes (USDA 1989). The poorest drained soils occur along the margins of Cow House Creek which is located about 100 m (328 ft) east of the site.

8HI472 was recorded in 1978 by Jones during the I-75 survey. He delineated eight subareas (A-H), and recommended that four (A, B, C and G) receive additional testing (Jones 1980). The Phase II testing, which resulted in the recovery of over 100,000 artifacts, provided a site date ranging from the Paleo-Indian through Transitional periods (Haviser 1983). Phase III testing and data recovery was conducted within Area B (Johnson 1985). Portions of this site have been reinvestigated during subsequent projects, resulting in the discovery of additional lithic debitage (Burger 1984; Hardin and Estabrook 1988). As the result of Phase I survey of the Florida Gas Transmission Line, which transected the site, Phase III mitigative excavations were recommended and later conducted (Athens et al. 1994; Brown et al. 1996). In 2003, survey incident to the I-75 PD&E survey resulted in the collection of additional lithic artifacts. However, the site, as contained within the I-75 ROW, was not considered significant (ACI 2003). Later survey of the Gray Pines tract, located proximate to I-75, yielded cultural materials from a maximum depth of 170 cmbs (67 in) (Austin 2005). To mitigate the adverse effects of site destruction resulting from proposed development, the SHPO approved a plan which consisted of publishing a synthesis of all the I-75 archaeological investigations conducted by the State (Austin 2006a).

The current investigations of the I-75 project APE included the excavation of 85 shovel tests placed at 25 and 50 m (82 and 164 ft) intervals, as well as judgmentally. Of these, 11 produced cultural materials between 20 and 80 cmbs (8-32 in). The areas around the off-on ramps have been extensively disturbed and portions of the area are used for water retention facilities. In areas devoid of intensive alteration, the general stratigraphy consists of 0-30 cm (0-12 in) gray brown sand underlain by light brown sand.

The artifact assemblage recovered consists of a chert core and 27 pieces of lithic debitage (Table 5-8). The core, which weighs 565.1 g (19.9 oz), is of non-heat treated chert. Ten of the 26 chert flakes had been heat treated. Nineteen are non-decortication, two are primary decortication, four are secondary decortication, and one is a piece of shatter. There are 11 complete flakes, seven proximal flakes, seven medial/distal flakes, and one piece of debris. In terms of size, two are small, 18 medium, four large, one X5, and one X7. One large, thermally altered coral medial/distal non-decortication flake was also recovered. Based on the Sullivan and Rozen analysis, the high percentage of complete flakes along with the core and debris suggest that core reduction was one of the major site activities. The predominance of non-decortication flakes, paucity of primary decortication flakes, and the relatively small flake size suggest that tool manufacture and/or maintenance was also being conducted on site.

Table 5-8 Artifacts recovered from 8HI472

Item	Material	TA	Type	Category	Size					Total
					s	m	l	x5	x7	
core	chert	no								1
debitage	chert	no	non-decortication	proximal		4	1			5
				complete	1	1	1		3	
			medial/distal		6			6		
			primary			1		1		
			secondary		2			2		
		total		1	13	3		17		
		yes	non-decortication	proximal		1			1	
				complete	1	3			5	
			primary					1	1	
			secondary	complete				1	1	
	medial/distal					1		1		
	shatter			1			1			
	total		1	5	1	1	1	10		
	total		2	18	4	1	1	26		
		coral	yes	secondary	complete				1	1
debitage total					2	18	4	2	1	27
Total					2	18	4	2	1	28

Portions of the Wetherington Ridge Site have been extensively disturbed by the construction of I-75. Although cultural materials were found within the APE, they provide little new data concerning the function of the site or its temporal placement. Although the site is recorded as potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP, the portion of 8HI472 situated within the I-75 project APE is not considered significant as per the NRHP eligibility criteria. No additional work is warranted.

8HI450: The Powerline A/Monster Site is located in Sections 1 and 12 of Township 28 South, Range 19 East (USGS 1977) (Figures 5-6, 5-7, and 5-8). The site occurs on the somewhat poorly drained Zolfo fine sand and the excessively drained Candler fine sand, 0-5% slope (USDA 2005). Zolfo sand occurs on broad low ridges in the flatwoods and Candler fine sand occurs in the uplands. The site is located about 600 m (1968 ft) west of Cow House Creek; several isolated wetlands are proximate.

8HI450 was recorded as a lithic scatter by John Fiorini in 1972. In 1978, B. Calvin Jones conducted additional testing prior to the construction of I-75. At that time, he subdivided the site into four subareas (A-D). He considered Areas C and D potentially significant and Phase II testing was conducted (Daniel and Wisenbaker 1981; Jones 1980). Over 500 artifacts were recovered, and Area D was dated to the Early and Middle Archaic periods. In 1984, additional testing was conducted at 8HI450D in association with the survey of the Hidden River tract (Deming et al. 1984). An additional 66 pieces of lithic debitage, a hammerstone, a utilized flake, a biface, and two sand tempered plain sherds was recovered. About 10 years later, survey of the Florida Gas Transmission Line resulted in the conclusion

that the portion of the site within the proposed pipeline impact zone (Area D) did not warrant further investigation (Athens et al. 1994:191). No evidence of the site was discovered during the 2003 I-75 PD&E Study (ACI 2003).

The current investigation consisted of the excavation of five shovel tests placed at 25 m (82 ft) intervals, and judgmentally. No cultural material was recovered. Much of the area has been covered with fill, and disturbed through the construction of the I-75 and Fletcher Avenue interchange. The general stratigraphy in areas that have not been impacted consists of an upper zone of 0-30 cm (0-12 in) gray sand underlain by light brown sand. Given the extensive disturbance and absence of cultural materials recovered during this survey, as well as the 2003 results (ACI 2003), the Powerline A Site, as contained within the I-75 project APE, has likely been destroyed. No additional investigations are warranted.

8HI5434: This unnamed site is located in the southeast quarter of Section 1, Township 28 South, Range 19 East (USGS 1977) (Figure 5-6). It occurs on Candler fine sand, 0-5% slopes, an excessively drained soil of the uplands (USDA 1989, 2005). Elevation of the site is between 11 to 15 m (35-50 ft) amsl, and it is located between the floodplains of the Hillsborough River and Cow House Creek, 600-700 m (1,968-2,296 ft) to the northwest and southeast, respectively.

This site was recorded during the survey for a natural gas pipeline and was evidenced by a scatter of lithic debitage and some 20th century materials. It was not considered significant, and the SHPO concurred (Athens et al. 1994). The site was revisited during the 2003 CRAS of I-75, but no cultural materials were discovered (ACI 2003).

The current investigation included excavation of 26 shovel tests placed at 25 m (82 ft) intervals, and judgmentally. As a result, two produced cultural materials at 80 cmbs (32 in). The general stratigraphy consists of 0-30 cm (0-12 in) gray brown sand and 30-100 cm (12-39 in) light brown sand. The artifact assemblage consists of two pieces of lithic debitage. One is a thermally altered coral non-decortication flake. It is large and categorized as a medial/distal flake fragment. The other is a thermally altered chert non-decortication flake. This complete flake is medium-sized. Other than the use of thermal alteration, which suggests an Archaic component, little can be said about this limited assemblage.

8HI5434 does not meet the eligibility requirements for listing in the NRHP based upon the low artifact density and diversity, lack of subsurface features, and absence of diagnostic artifacts. Although of interest in terms of regional settlement and land use pattern analysis, the site has a low research potential. No additional investigation is warranted.

8HI483: The Deerstand Site is located in the northeast quarter of Section 1, Township 28 South, Range 19 East (USGS 1977) (Figure 5-6). The site occurs on the excessively drained Candler fine sand, 0-5% slopes, the somewhat poorly drained Zolfo fine sand, and the poorly drained Myakka, Immokalee, and Malabar fine sands (USDA 2005). Site elevation is between 8 and 15 m (25-50 ft) amsl. The Hillsborough River floodplain is adjacent to the site, and the river is about 300 m (984 ft) northwest of the site.

8HI483 was recorded by Jones in 1978 during the I-75 survey (Jones 1980). Three distinct activity areas (A-C) were defined, and the site was evaluated as potentially significant. Phase II and Phase III excavations of Areas A and B (Daniel 1982; Gagel 1981) revealed Early Archaic through Safety Harbor period components. Additional testing within Areas A

and B was conducted by ACI as part of the Hidden River project (Deming et al. 1984). As a result, a variety of lithic artifacts, including debitage, unifaces, core fragments, flake tools, and blanks were recovered. The Florida Gas Transmission Line also transected the site. Survey yielded additional lithic debitage and tools, and additional testing was recommended, but apparently not undertaken (Athens et al. 1994). In 2003, survey of the I-75 ROW proposed pond areas resulted in the recovery of debitage, a core, and flake tools. While it was concluded that much of the site had been destroyed by construction of I-75, intact portions of the site were still extant discovered (ACI 2003).

The current investigation consisted of the excavation of five shovel tests placed at 25 m (82 ft) intervals, as well as judgmentally. The general stratigraphy consists of 0-40 cm (0-16 in) dark gray sand and 40-100 cm (16-39 in) light brown sand. All shovel tests yielded negative results. This is consistent with ACI's 2003 survey results, which indicated that the densest portion of the site was located to the north of the current project APE. Although 8HI483 was determined NRHP-eligible in 1979, that portion of the site contained within the I-75 project APE does not have the potential to yield archaeological data of significance to regional prehistory. Thus, it is not considered significant as per the NRHP criteria of eligibility, and no further work is warranted.

8HI5433: The WLR 12-3 Site, a lithic scatter, is located to the west of I-75 in the southeast quarter of Section 36, Township 27 South, Range 19 East (USGS 1977) (Figure 5-6). It occurs on poorly drained Winder fine sand. Elevation of the site is approximately 12 m (40 ft) amsl, and the Hillsborough River is approximately 50 m (164 ft) to the south.

This site was originally discovered in 1993 by R. Christopher Goodwin and Associates during a survey of the Florida Gas Transmission Company Phase III Expansion project. As a result, a limited amount of lithic debitage was found, and 8HI5433 was evaluated as not NRHP-eligible (Athens et al. 1994). The SHPO concurred with this evaluation. The site was revisited during the 2003 CRAS of I-75 (ACI 2003). Three shovel tests were excavated at 25 m (82 ft) intervals, and all yielded negative results. On the basis of these negative findings, the location of WLR 12-3 cannot be verified within the I-75 project APE (ACI 2003:6-24). No additional testing was conducted during the current investigation.

8HI5432: The WLR 12-2 Site, a lithic scatter, is located to the west of I-75 in the southeast quarter of Section 36, Township 27 South, Range 19 East (USGS 1977) (Figure 5-6). It occurs on poorly drained Winder fine sand (USDA 1989, 2005). Elevation of the site is approximately 8 m (25 ft) amsl, and the Hillsborough River is approximately 90 m (295 ft) to the south.

This site was originally discovered in 1993 by R. Christopher Goodwin and Associates during a survey of the Florida Gas Transmission Company Phase III Expansion project. As a result, 91 pieces of lithic debitage were recovered, and more work was recommended. While additional testing yielded 437 pieces of lithic debitage, it was concluded that the site lacked integrity, and no further archaeological investigation was recommended (FMSF in ACI 2003:6-24). The SHPO concurred, and in 1994 determined the site to be ineligible for listing in the NRHP.

The site was revisited during the 2003 CRAS of I-75 (ACI 2003). Four shovel tests were excavated at 25 m (82 ft) intervals within the project APE, and two produced a total of two of lithic artifacts from between 20-60 cm (8-24 in) below surface. ACI's work did not result in a

change to the original site limits of 100 m (328 ft) north/south by 20 m (65 ft) east/west. ACI agreed that 8HI5432, as located within the I-75 project APE, is not eligible for listing in the NRHP (ACI 2003:6-25). No additional testing was conducted during the current investigation.

8HI5431: The WLR 12-1 Site, a lithic scatter, is located to the west of I-75 in the southeast quarter of Section 36, Township 27 South, Range 19 East (USGS 1977) (Figure 5-6). It occurs on Myakka and Winder fine sands (USDA 1989, 2005). Elevation of the site is approximately 12-18 m (40-60 ft) amsl. A freshwater swamp is adjacent to the west.

This site was originally discovered in 1993 by R. Christopher Goodwin and Associates during a survey of the Florida Gas Transmission Company Phase III Expansion project. They discovered 12 pieces of lithic debitage, and evaluated the site as ineligible for listing in the NRHP (Athens et al. 1994). The SHPO concurred, and in 1994 determined the site to be ineligible for listing in the NRHP.

The site was revisited during the 2003 CRAS of I-75 (ACI 2003). Four shovel tests were excavated at 25 m (82 ft) intervals within the project APE, and two produced a total of four chert waste flakes from between 25-100 cm (10-40 in) below surface. ACI's work did not result in a change to the original site limits of 100 m (328 ft) north/south by 20 m (65 ft) east/west. ACI agreed that 8HI5431, as located within the I-75 project APE, is not eligible for listing in the NRHP. (ACI 2003:6-25). No additional testing was conducted during the current investigation.

8HI5430: The WLR 11-1 Site, a lithic scatter, is located to the west of I-75 in the northeast quarter of Section 36, Township 27 South, Range 19 East (USGS 1977) (Figure 5-6). The local soil type is Myakka fine sand (USDA 1989, 2005). Elevation of the site is about 11 m (35 ft) amsl. Trout Creek is to the east.

This site was originally discovered in 1993 by R. Christopher Goodwin and Associates during a survey of the Florida Gas Transmission Company Phase III Expansion project. They discovered a limited amount of lithic debitage, and evaluated the site as ineligible for listing in the NRHP (Athens et al. 1994). In 1994, the SHPO determined the site to be ineligible for listing in the NRHP.

The site was revisited during the 2003 CRAS of I-75 (ACI 2003). Three shovel tests were excavated at 50 m (164 ft) intervals within the project APE, and all yielded negative results. ACI's work did not result in a change to the original site size of 100 m (328 ft) north/south by 115 m (377 ft) east/west. ACI concluded that on the basis of the negative findings, the location of WLR 11-1 could not be verified within the existing I-75 right-of-way (ACI 2003:6-26). No additional testing was conducted during the current investigation.

AO # 2: This AO is located in the northwest quarter of Section 18 in Township 28 South, Range 20 East (USGS 1977) (Figure 5-5). It consists of a chert non-decortication flake recovered at 40 cmbs (16 in). This large, proximal flake fragment had been thermally altered. The local stratigraphy consists of 0-10 cm (0-4 in) gray sand, 10-35 cm (4-14 in) dark brown sand, and 35-100 cm (14-39 in) light brown sand. The four surrounding shovel tests were negative. This AO may be associated with 8HI7877, which is located about 100 m to the east. AO #2 is not considered significant due to its low research potential.

5.3 HISTORICAL/ARCHITECTURAL SURVEY RESULTS

Background research and historical/architectural field survey resulted in the identification of 23 historic resources within the I-75 PD&E Study project APE (Table 5-9). Six are located within Segment 1, from south of US 301 to north of SR 60; nine are located within Segment 2, from north of SR 60 to north of I-4; and eight are located within Segment 3, from north of I-4 to north of Fletcher Avenue (Figures 5-9, 5-10 and 5-11). Of the total 23 historic resources, eight (8HI5085, 8HI5086, 8HI6900, 8HI6901, 8HI7839, 8HI7840, 8HI8742, and 8HI8743) were previously recorded and 15 (8HI11460-11472 and 8HI11481-11482) were newly identified. Field survey indicated that four resources, 8HI6900, 8HI6901, 8HI7839, and 8HI8743, have not undergone significant alterations or additions since the time they were originally recorded. As a result, the recorded descriptions and evaluations (ACI 2003; ACI/Janus Research 2003; SEARCH 2000c), summarized below, continue to accurately represent these resources. A copy of each original FMSF form is contained in Appendix B; updated forms were not prepared. The other four previously recorded historic resources (8HI5085, 8HI5086, 8HI7840, and 8HI8742) have been significantly altered since they were recorded. Therefore, descriptions of their current conditions follow, and updated FMSF forms are contained in Appendix B. An expanded FMSF form was prepared for 8HI8742, which was reevaluated as potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP.

Table 5-9 Previously and newly recorded historic resources located within the I-75 PD&E Study project APE

Site #	Address	Year	Style ¹	NRHP Eligibility
Segment 1: S of US 301 to N of SR 60				
HI6900*	2408 Graves Road	ca. 1939	FV	Ineligible
HI6901*	10314 Woodberry Road	ca. 1930	FV	Ineligible
HI11471	10345 Fisher Road	ca. 1935	FV	Ineligible
HI11472	10308 Woodberry Road	ca. 1955	FV/MV	Ineligible
HI11481	CSX Railroad (formerly ACL)	ca. 1884	-	Ineligible
HI11482	CSX Railroad (formerly SAL)	ca. 1890	-	Ineligible
Segment 2: N of SR 60 to N of I-4				
HI5085*	6022 Falkenburg Road	ca. 1945	FV	Ineligible
HI5086*	6034 Falkenburg Road	ca. 1940	FV	Ineligible
HI11466	10301 E Sligh Avenue	ca. 1956	MV	Ineligible
HI11467	6104 Falkenburg Road	ca. 1959	FV/MV	Ineligible
HI11470	2306 Graves Road	ca. 1951	FV	Ineligible
HI11469	3911 McCartney Lane	ca. 1951	MV	Ineligible
HI11468	3917 McCartney Lane	ca. 1951	MV	Ineligible
HI8742*	10426 Tanner Road	ca. 1891	FV	Potentially eligible
HI8743*	10608 Tanner Road	ca. 1940	BUNG	Ineligible
Segment 3: N of I-4 to N of Fletcher Ave.				
HI11465	9204 U.S. Highway 301	ca. 1955	MV	Ineligible
HI11464	9016 Copeland Road	ca. 1957	MV	Ineligible
HI11463	10212 Morris Bridge Road	ca. 1958	MV	Ineligible
HI11462	8903 McRae Road	ca. 1959	FV/MV	Ineligible
HI7840*	8709 Seahawk Lane	ca. 1947	FV	Ineligible
HI11460	8707 127 th Avenue	ca. 1930	FV	Ineligible
HI11461	12324 Old Morris Bridge Road	ca. 1952	MV	Ineligible
HI7839*	12330 Old Morris Bridge Road	ca. 1940	FV	Ineligible

¹LEGEND: Style- FV = Frame Vernacular; MV = Masonry Vernacular; FV/MV = composite of both; BUNG=Bungalow

* Previously recorded resources

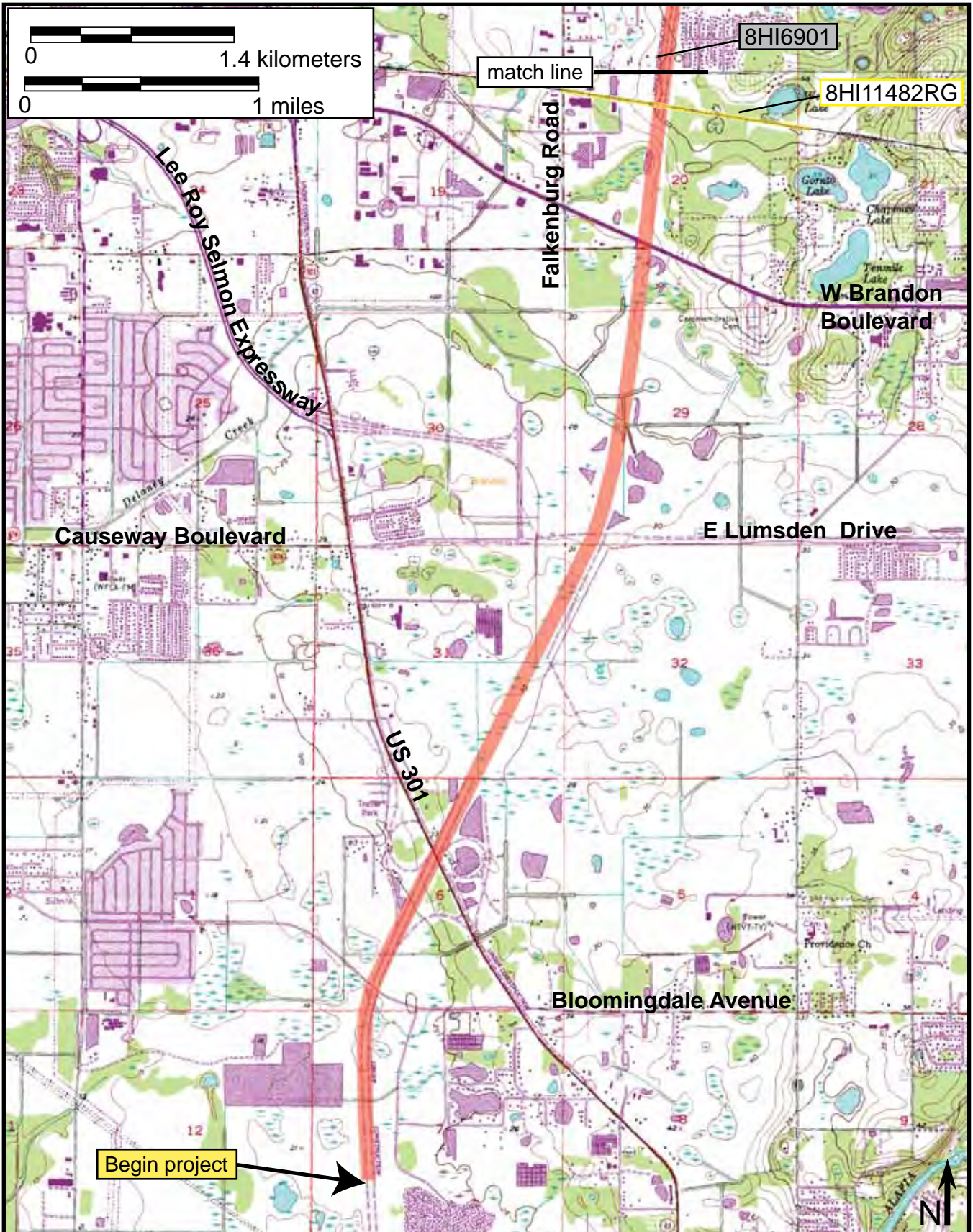


Figure 5-9 Location of the updated and newly recorded historic resources within the I-75 PD&E Study APE (USGS Brandon 1982). Gray denotes previously recorded resource; an asterisk indicates an updated status and yellow denotes resource group.

**I-75 (SR 93A) PD&E Study
from south of US 301
to north of Fletcher Avenue
Hillsborough County
WPI Segment No. 419235-3**

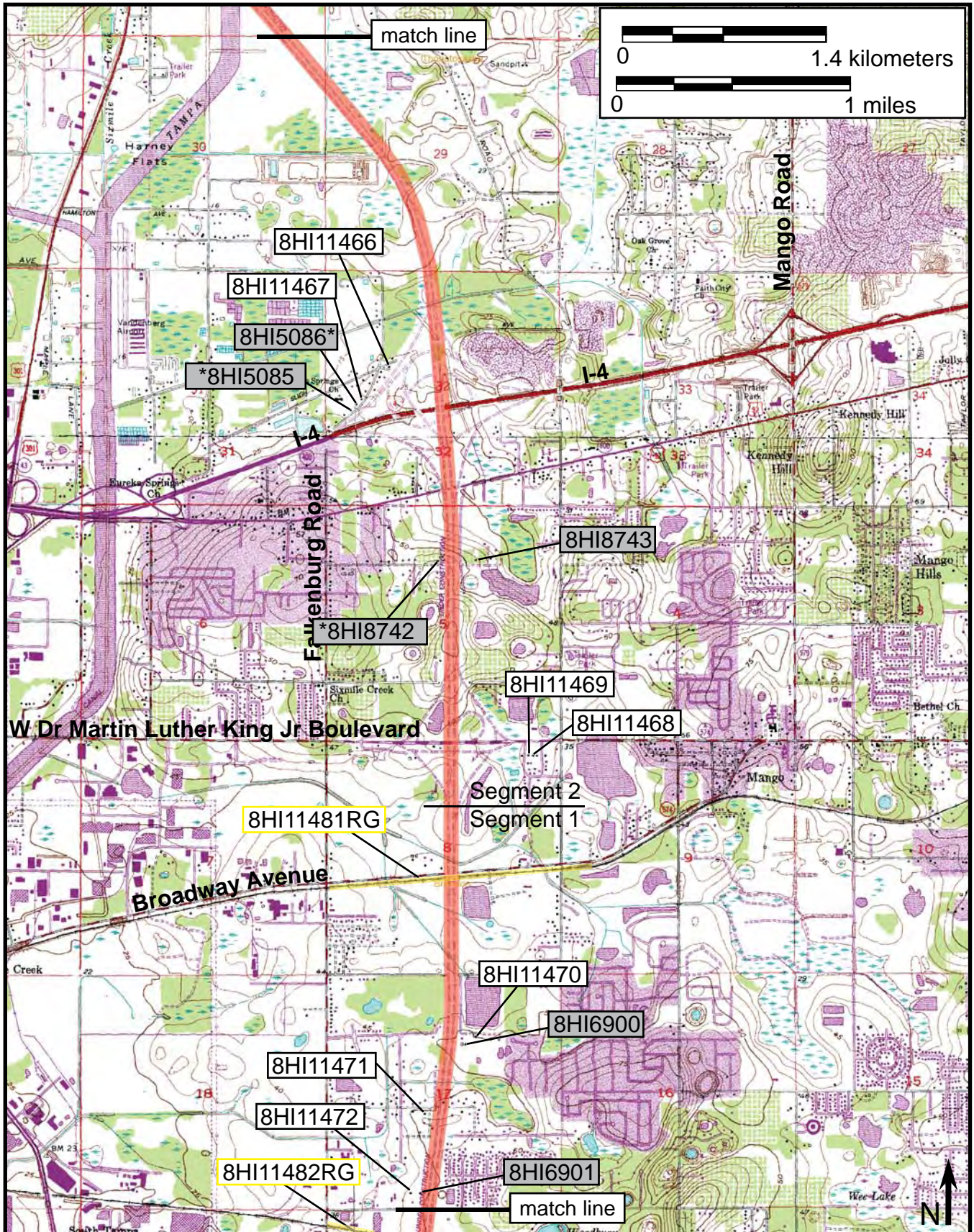


Figure 5-10 Location of the updated and newly recorded historic resources within the I-75 PD&E Study APE (USGS Brandon 1982 and Thonotosassa 1977). Gray denotes previously recorded resource; an asterisk indicates an updated status and yellow denotes resource group.

**I-75 (SR 93A) PD&E Study
from south of US 301
to north of Fletcher Avenue
Hillsborough County
WPI Segment No. 419235-3**

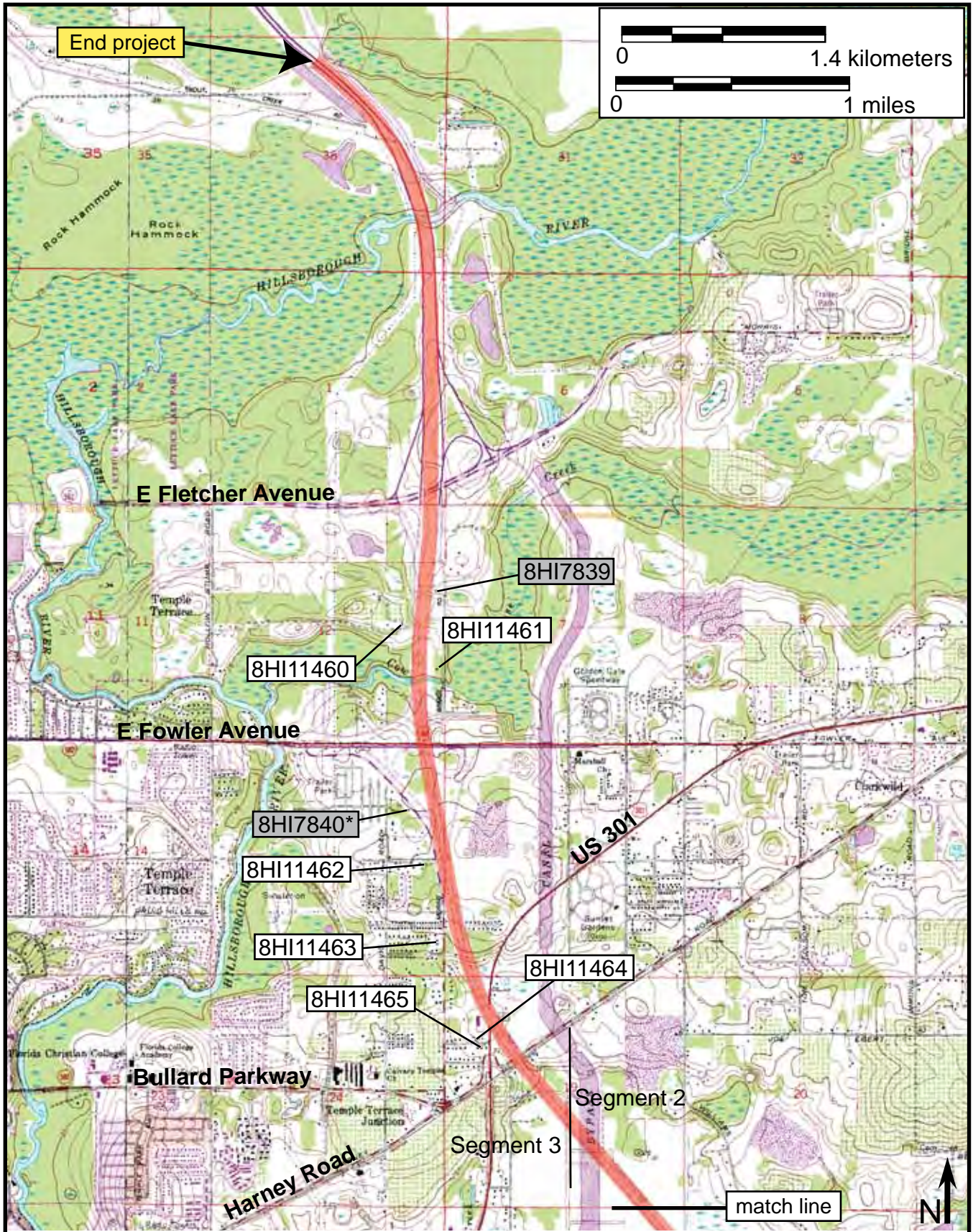


Figure 5-11 Location of the updated and newly recorded historic resources within the I-75 PD&E Study APE (USGS Thonotosassa 1977). Gray denotes previously recorded resource; an asterisk indicates an updated status and yellow denotes resource group.

**I-75 (SR 93A) PD&E Study
from south of US 301
to north of Fletcher Avenue
Hillsborough County
WPI Segment No. 419235-3**

Segment 1: Two previously recorded (8HI6900 and 8HI6901) and four newly identified historic resources (8HI11471, 8HI11472, 8HI11481 and 8HI11482) are located within study Segment 1. These include two historic railroad segments and four residential buildings constructed in the Frame and Masonry Vernacular styles. The construction dates for the Buildings range from ca. 1884 to ca. 1955. None of these resources are considered eligible for listing in the NRHP. Descriptions follow.

8HI6900: This ca. 1939 Frame Vernacular style residence, located at 2408 Graves Road (Figure 5-7), was originally recorded by SEARCH in 2000 during survey of the proposed Bayside Lateral Reroute (SEARCH 2000c). The SHPO concurred with the recorder that 8HI6900 is ineligible for listing in the NRHP. SEARCH described the historic residence as a one-story wood frame structure with a continuous foundation, a 5V crimp sheet metal-covered gable roof, and one-over-one double-hung sash windows. A ca. 1961 concrete block addition diminished the architectural integrity of the building. This non-sympathetic alteration, along with a lack of significant historical associations and architectural distinction, limited its importance.

8HI6901: This ca. 1930 Frame Vernacular style residence, located at 10314 Woodberry Road, also was originally recorded by SEARCH in 2000 during survey of the proposed Bayside Lateral Reroute (SEARCH 2000c). The SHPO concurred with the recorder that 8HI6901 is ineligible for listing in the NRHP. SEARCH described the historic residence as a one-story wood frame structure with a concrete block pier foundation, and a gable roof sheathed in composition shingles. The residence featured both wood double-hung sash and metal awning windows, as well as two closed porches. Alterations to the building included an addition to the north façade, enclosure of the porch, and replacement of windows. Given these alterations, and a lack of significant historical associations, 8HI6901 was evaluated as ineligible for listing in the NRHP.



Photo 5-1 8HI11471 at 10345 Fisher Road, looking west.

8HI11471: This Frame/Masonry Vernacular style residence at 10345 Fisher Road was constructed ca. 1935. The wood frame walls, as well as the masonry wall additions on the

east, west, and north elevations, appear to be set on a continuous foundation. The cross-gable roof is sheathed in a mix of composition roll, composition shingles, and corrugated metal. Fenestration consists of two-, three-, and four-light awning windows. The exterior walls are clad in stucco, brick, and vertical board. The main entrance, on the north elevation, is obscured behind an aluminum screen door. No formal porches were observed, but the two-bay carport on the west elevation seems to function as one. This structure evidences numerous 1950, 1960, and 1970-era modifications that obscure the true form of the building. Of the original features, only the horizontal wood siding in the gable ends remain. These unsympathetic alterations and additions to much of its exterior diminish its historic integrity. This, coupled with a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of the building. Therefore, 8HI11471 is not considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP.



Photo 5-2 8HI11472 at 10308 Woodberry Road, looking north.

8HI11472: This Frame and Masonry Vernacular composition residence at 10308 Woodberry Road was constructed ca. 1955. The wood frame structural system is set on a continuous foundation of concrete block, whereas the concrete block west addition is set on a poured slab foundation. The side-gable roof is sheathed in composition shingles. Fenestration consists of three- and four-light awning replacement windows. The exterior wall on the original portion is wood drop siding, whereas the addition features painted concrete block. The main entrance, on the south elevation, is placed between the original structure and a later wood frame west addition. This door is protected by a small shed roof projection. Other architectural characteristics include rafter tails and partial wood surrounds on the windows. Moderate changes, as described, compromise its historic integrity, and coupled with a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of the building. Therefore, 8HI11472 is not considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP.

8HI11481: The northern railroad corridor in the project APE, which crosses under I-75 just south of Broadway Avenue, measures approximately 20 miles in length from Uceta Station to east of Plant City, where it connects to Lakeland. Modern in composition, the single

standard gauge track is constructed on gravel ballast. Recent improvements to the rail bed within the project APE include the replacement of railroad ties, as evidenced by the removal of worn ties piled beside the track. Originally, this rail line was part of the Henry B. Plant system constructed in 1884. Financed by Henry Plant, the Tampa & Key West Railway Co. completed the railway expansion from Sanford to Tampa in one year, with crews working from both coasts and eventually meeting east of Lakeland. Henry Plant himself would take charge some years later, as the company reformed to create the Florida Southern Railroad in 1890. The Atlantic Coast Line later purchased it in 1902, after Plant's death, and continued to compete with its southern competitor, the Seaboard Air Line (Turner 1999). Background research revealed that 8HI11481, the northern railroad corridor, was once part of Henry Plant's extension railway holdings in Florida that at the turn of the century encompassed 2,200 miles (Turner 2003). Many such lines exist and evaluation of the entire line through Hillsborough County was outside the scope of this project. However, while insufficient information exists to assess the significance of the entire railroad corridor, as located within the I-75 project APE, 8HI11481 is considered ineligible for listing in the NRHP. Improvements to I-75 will occur above the railroad grades, thus voiding direct impacts to this resource.

8HI11482: The southern railroad corridor in the project APE, which crosses I-75 700 ft south of Woodberry Road, measures approximately 20 miles in length from Uceta Station to east of Plant City. Modern in composition, the single standard gauge track is constructed on gravel ballast. Recent improvements to the rail-bed within the project area include the replacement of railroad ties, as evidenced by the removal of worn ties piled beside the track. Historically it began as a development of the Florida Central Peninsular (FC&P) Company. Around 22 miles of track were placed from Plant City westward to Tampa on May 1, 1890, connecting Turkey Creek, Valrico, and Brandon (Turner 2003). This connection between Tampa and Plant City allowed FC&P direct access to the Gulf without having to rely on competitor Henry Plant's South Florida Railroad. Ten years following, the Seaboard Air Line Railway would operate the FC&P line from 1900 to 1903, when they eventually purchased the railroad. The Seaboard Air Line Railway would continue to operate and compete against its northern neighbor, the Atlantic Coast Line.

Although vigorous competitors for many years, the Atlantic Coast Line and Seaboard Air Line merged to form the Seaboard Coast Line in 1967 to improve profitability. By 1980, the Seaboard Coast Line Industries had officially merged with the "Chessie System" railroads, creating the CSX Corporation railroad system.

The railway was historically important in connecting the city and ports of Tampa to outlying towns and communities east and north of the metropolitan area. Although it appears to retain its historic function and association, many such lines exist and evaluation of the entire line through Hillsborough County was outside the scope of this project. However, while insufficient information exists to assess the significance of the entire railroad corridor, as located within the I-75 project APE, 8HI11482 is considered ineligible for listing in the NRHP. Improvements to I-75 will occur above the railroad grades, thus voiding direct impacts to this resource.

Segment 2: Four previously recorded (8HI5085, 8HI5086, 8HI8742, and 8HI8743) and five newly identified historic resources (8HI11466, 8HI11467, 8HI11468, 8HI11469 and 8HI11470) are located within study Segment 2. All are residential buildings constructed in the Frame Vernacular, Masonry Vernacular, and Bungalow styles. The construction dates

for the buildings range from ca. 1891 to ca. 1959. Of these nine historic resources, 8HI8742, the Tanner Residence, is considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP. The other eight resources are considered ineligible. Descriptions follow.



Photo 5-3 8HI5085 at 6022 Falkenburg Road, looking northwest.

8HI5085: The previously recorded Frame Vernacular style residence at 6022 Falkenburg Road was constructed ca. 1945. This building was originally recorded by Piper/Janus Research in 1992 during the *A Cultural Resource Assessment Survey of the Interstate 4 Improvements Project Right-of-Way from 50th Street to the Hillsborough/Polk County Line, Hillsborough County, Florida*. The building features a wood frame structural system set on a pier foundation. The side-gable roof is sheathed in corrugated metal. Fenestration consists of ca. 1970 two-light awning, one-over-one single-hung sash windows. The windows have wood window surrounds and some have fixed window shutters. The exterior fabric consists of wood drop siding. The main entrance is located on the south and is accessed via an open porch with a gable roof. An addition was built onto the rear (north) of the house ca. 1990.

This mid-century building reflects moderate changes in its massing and stylistic elements that compromise its historic integrity. Since the time it was recorded, additions have been made to the rear (north) and side (south), and a chimney feature was removed. These modifications, in addition to a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of the building. Therefore, 8HI5085 is not considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP.



Photo 5-4 8HI5086 at 6034 Falkenburg Road, looking west.

8HI5086: The previously recorded Frame Vernacular style residence at 6034 Falkenburg Road was constructed ca. 1940. This building was originally recorded by Piper/Janus Research in 1992 during the *A Cultural Resource Assessment Survey of the Interstate 4 Improvements Project Right-of-Way from 50th Street to the Hillsborough/Polk County Line, Hillsborough County, Florida*. The building features a wood frame structural system set on pier foundation. The side-gable roof is sheathed with composition shingles. Fenestration consists of ca. 2005 one-over-one single-hung sash, some of which are six-over-six simulated divided light. The exterior wall fabric features vinyl siding and application of fieldstone. The entrance is located on the southeast elevation and is protected by an open porch with shed roof. The additions on the northeast and southeast elevations, as well as the attached carport, reflect ca. 2000 additions.

This mid-century building reflects significant changes in its massing and stylistic elements that compromise its historic integrity. Since 1992, this building has a rear addition to the west, a change in fenestration on the north elevation, an open front porch to the east, and a change of exterior cladding with vinyl siding and fieldstone veneer. These modifications, in addition to a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of the building. Therefore, 8HI5086 is not considered eligible for listing in the NRHP.



Photo 5-5 8HI8742 at 10426 Tanner Road, south elevation of the main residence looking north.

8HI8742: This previously recorded Frame Vernacular style residence at 10426 Tanner Road was constructed ca. 1891. The two-story building was originally recorded by ACI in 2003 during the Survey of the Florida High Speed Rail Authority PD&E Study project corridor (ACI/Janus 2003). At that time, it was recorded as a ca. 1910 residence, and considered not potentially eligible for the NRHP. Since the previous survey, an interview with the current and long-time occupant of the residence, Frederick L. Patrick, provided new details regarding the significance of this property (Patrick 2008). Frederick LaVerne Patrick is the grandson of John Tanner, who built this house. Tanner, as a child, lived in a small one-story Frame Vernacular style residence situated south of this address (and outside the project APE), presumably built by his father John W. Tanner, Sr. and mother Sarah Jane. According to 1880 census records, his father was an Alabama native and his mother came from nearby Georgia, but records did not list their date of settlement within Florida. The one-story house, was the original homestead site until John Tanner reached sixteen years of age. Although this one-story house is still extant, it remains in a ruinous condition and the parcel on which it sits is not owned by Mr. Patrick. Thus, it is not included as part of this property as a contributing resource. At that time, around 1891, he built the two-story residence to the north of Tanner Road for his new wife.

The wood frame structure at 10426 Tanner Road rests on a pier foundation and reflects an I-House design with a cross-gable roof. The partial front porch enclosure on the west elevation is original to the design of the house. This residence retains its drop siding exterior fabric, 1/1 and 2/2 DHS windows, 6-pane fixed windows, and brick chimney on the west elevation. A shed addition to the rear was built ca. 1960. A detached one-and-one-half-story kitchen was located to the rear, until the 1930s, when it was moved 0.2 miles west to its current location (Sylvia Place and Tanner Road) for a family member. A non-historic shed is located to the west of the residence and is not considered to be a contributing resource.



Photo 5-6 8HI8742 at 10426 Tanner Road, remaining orange groves to the west of the main residence.

Mr. Patrick stated that his family traditionally has been involved in agriculture, primarily focusing on cattle and orange production. This fact is also reflected in the U.S. Census records dating back to 1880. Mr. Patrick still grazes cattle on the remainder of his property, although the construction of I-75 removed many of his farm-related buildings and pasture. The family's orange groves, according to 1939 aerials, once covered a quarter mile stretch of his property fronting Tanner Road to the west and north of the residence; only a concentrated portion immediately west of the house remains. Additional groves south of his property once surrounded the original homestead of John Tanner, and more are currently found east of I-75. These orange groves are most likely northern extensions planted by Hugh Sampson, a relative of the Tanner family, whose ca. 1912 two-story residence still remains on the east side of I-75, roughly one mile southeast of 8HI8742. As described in the 1998 *Hillsborough County Historic Resources Survey Report* (Hillsborough County Planning and Growth Management Office), by 1912 there were only 12 houses within a two-mile radius of the Hugh Sampson house. By current estimates, the Sampson house and this property may be part of the few remaining resources representing the Mango community from the early 20th century.

According to the *Hillsborough County Historic Resources Survey Report*, 14 Frame Vernacular style structures built prior to 1900 were extant throughout the county, and only eight of these are two-stories in height. By current estimates, the FMSF records and aerials suggest only 13 Frame Vernacular style buildings which pre-date 1900 still exist in Hillsborough County. Only one, the Stanaland House (8HI1001) bears a similar context, massing, and setting to the property recorded at 10426 Tanner Road. The Stanaland House is a two-story I-House with wood frame construction clad in drop siding; but reflects diminished integrity with the enclosure of the front porch and two shed additions to the rear. Both properties are similar in that they are located adjacent to extant, but deteriorated, orange groves, thus indicating a historic tie to agriculture. However, the property (8HI8742) located at 10426 Tanner Road has maintained its continuity of form and function for over a



Photo 5-7 8HI8742 at 10426 Tanner Road, south elevation of the barn to the northeast of the main residence.

century, and reflects the Tanner family's historic ties to the early settlement and agricultural use of Hillsborough County, and more specifically, to the nearby early community of Mango. Therefore, 8HI8742 appears potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP at the local level under Criterion A, for its association with early settlement and agriculture in Hillsborough County, and under Criterion C as a fine example of late 19th to early 20th century rural vernacular architecture. It retains sufficient integrity in that it conveys a historic sense of the long established Tanner family homestead connected with the broad trends and patterns of the farming and citrus industries that once characterized 20th century Florida. The potential historic property includes the residence and the associated historic landscape, specifically the 1.28-acre parcel with the residence and an associated barn structure and the adjacent (west side) 1.42-acre parcel containing a historic orange grove. An expanded FMSF form is contained in Appendix B which includes a map showing the potential NRHP boundaries and contributing resources.

8HI8743: This ca. 1940 Bungalow style residence, located at 10608 Tanner Road, was originally recorded by ACI and Janus Research in 2003 during survey of the Florida High Speed Rail Authority PD&E Study (ACI/Janus 2003). It was described as a one-story wood frame structure with a concrete pier foundation, a gable roof sheathed in composition shingle, and an incised porch on the south elevation. It was altered ca. 1980 with replacement windows. The recorders evaluated this bungalow as typical for Hillsborough County, and limited information available did not indicate any significant historical associations.



Photo 5-8 8HI11466 at 10301 E. Sligh Avenue, looking northeast.

8HI11466: This one-story Masonry Vernacular style residence at 10301 E. Sligh Avenue was constructed ca. 1956. This building features a concrete block wall system set on a poured slab foundation. The side-gable roof is covered in modern crimp metal. Fenestration consists of one-over-one, four-over-four, and six-over-six single-hung sash replacement windows ca. 1981. The exterior walls are clad in stucco with fieldstone veneer at the building corners. The main entrance is within the front porch on the north elevation, and is sheltered by a gable roof. Numerous additions to the east and south elevations greatly enlarge the size of this building. Enlargements to this mid-century building reflect significant changes in its massing and stylistic elements that compromise its historic integrity. These modifications, in addition to a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of the building. Therefore, 8HI11466 is not considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP.



Photo 5-9 8HI11467 at 6104 Falkenburg Road, looking west.

8HI11467: This Frame and Masonry Vernacular composition residence at 6104 Falkenburg Road was constructed ca. 1959. This building features wood frame walls set on a pier foundation, and a concrete block wall addition set on a poured slab foundation. The side-gable roof is sheathed in composition shingles. Fenestration consists of two-over-two single-hung sash and four-light awning windows. The exterior wall fabric is a mix of vinyl/aluminum siding and unpainted concrete block. Two wood paneled doors exist on the south elevation, unprotected. No porch was observed. An open carport was added to the south ca. 2008. This mid-century building reflects significant changes in its massing and stylistic elements that compromise its historic integrity. These modifications, in addition to a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of the building. Therefore, 8HI11467 is not considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP.



Photo 5-10 8HI11468 at 3917 McCartney Lane, looking southwest.

8HI11468: This Masonry Vernacular residence at 3917 McCartney Lane was built ca. 1951, and now is vacant. The concrete block structural system is set on a poured slab foundation. The deteriorated side-gable roof is sheathed in composition shingles, with some gaps in roofing material. Fenestration consists of four-light replacement awning windows, and at the time of survey most were obscured by plywood. The exterior wall fabric is painted concrete block. An open porch with shed roof on the north elevation provides access to the main entrance. A carport was observed on the west elevation, and ca.1970 addition is situated behind it. This masonry vernacular building is an unexceptional example of its kind. A lack of maintenance is reflected by the deteriorating roof and overgrown appearance of the yard. These changes, in addition to a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of the building. Therefore, 8HI11468 is not considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP.



Photo 5-11 8HI11469 at 3911 McCartney Lane, looking south.

8HI11469: This Masonry Vernacular style residence at 3911 McCartney Lane was constructed ca. 1951. The concrete block structural system is set on a poured slab foundation. The side-gable roof is sheathed in composition shingles. Fenestration consists of three-light awning windows ca. 1975. The exterior wall fabric is clad in brick veneer. Architectural details include flat arches above window openings and faux shutter surrounding windows. The main entrance on the northeast elevation is sheltered by an inset porch and covered by the main roof. Judging by the lowered rooflines, it appears that the west and east elevations are additions made to the original building. This masonry vernacular building is an unexceptional example of its kind that has experienced alterations that diminish its historic integrity. These changes, in addition to a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of the building. Therefore, 8HI11469 is not considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP.



Photo 5-12 8HI11470 at 2306 Graves Road, looking south.

8HI11470: This Frame Vernacular style residence at 2306 Graves Road was constructed ca. 1951. This building features a wood frame structural system set on a continuous foundation. The front-gable roof is sheathed with composition shingles. Fenestration consists of one-over-one single-hung sash replacement windows with projecting window sills. The exterior walls are faced in stucco. The main entrance on the front (north) elevation consists of a wood swing door protected within the enclosed porch. Of the original features, only the horizontal wood siding and vents within the gable ends remain. Given the extensive unsympathetic alterations to much of its exterior, the historic integrity of the building has been diminished. These changes, in addition to a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of the building. Therefore, 8HI11470 is not considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP.

Segment 3: Two previously recorded (8HI7839 and 8HI7840) and six newly identified historic resources (8HI11460, 8HI11461, 8HI11462, 8HI11463, 8HI11464 and 8HI11465) are located within study Segment 3. These include three commercial (two were formally residences and are now used commercially) and five residential buildings constructed in the Masonry and Frame Vernacular styles. The construction dates for the buildings range from ca. 1930 to ca. 1959. None is considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP. Descriptions follow.

8HI7839: This ca. 1940 Frame Vernacular style residence, located at 12230 Old Morris Bridge Road, was originally recorded by ACI in 2003 during survey of the I-75 project corridor (from south of Fowler Avenue to south of CR 54) (ACI 2003). It was described as a one-story wood frame structure clad in asbestos shingles, with a continuous concrete foundation, a front gable roof finished with corrugated metal panels, and a closed porch on the main (east) façade. Alterations included ca. 1965 window replacements, enclosure of the porch, and additions on the east and south elevations. Given these alterations, and a lack of significant historical associations, 8HI7839 was evaluated as ineligible for listing in the NRHP.



Photo 5-13 8HI7840 at 8709 Seahawk Lane, looking southwest.

8HI7840: This previously recorded Frame Vernacular style residence at 8709 Seahawk Lane was constructed ca. 1947. This building was originally recorded by ACI in 2003 during the *Cultural Resource Assessment Survey I-75 (SR 93A) Project Development and Environment (PD&E) Study and Reevaluation from South of Fowler Avenue to South of CR 54 Hillsborough and Pasco Counties, Florida*, and has not been evaluated by SHPO. This building features a wood frame structural system set on a precast pyramidal concrete pier foundation. The gable roof is sheathed in composition shingles. Fenestration consists of two-over-two single-hung sash (ca. 1980) and original one-over-one double-hung sash. The exterior walls are faced with wood drop siding. A closed porch with gable roof is on the northeast elevation and protects the main entrance. Other architectural features include wood window surrounds, projecting window sills, and gable vents.

8HI7840 evidences no apparent changes since 2003. This is a typical example of the Frame Vernacular style commonly found throughout Hillsborough County and research did not reveal any significant historic associations. Therefore, ACI continues to consider the historic building ineligible for listing in the NRHP.



Photo 5-14 8HI11460 at 8707 127th Avenue, looking north.

8HI11460: This Frame Vernacular style residence at 8707 127th Avenue was constructed ca. 1930. The building features a wood frame structural system set on a continuous foundation of fieldstone. The side-gable roof is covered in 3V crimp metal sheeting. Fenestration consists of ca.1960 two-over-two single-hung sash aluminum windows. The exterior fabric is a combination of horizontal board and fieldstone veneer. The main entrance, not observed during survey, is most likely found on the rear (north) elevation. Two additions on the east and west elevations, ca. 1970, appear to be enclosures of side porches. Other architectural features include gable vents, knee braces under the eaves, and metal awning window covers on the west elevation. This historic building reflects moderate changes in its massing and stylistic elements that compromise its historic integrity. These modifications, in addition to a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of the building. Therefore, 8HI11460 is not considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP.



Photo 5-15 8HI11461 at 12324 Old Morris Bridge Road, looking west.

8HI11461: This Masonry Vernacular style building at 12324 Old Morris Bridge Road was constructed ca. 1952. Formerly a residence, it is now used for commercial operations. The frame and masonry walls are now covered in vinyl, and rest upon a poured slab foundation. The side-gable roof is covered in 5V crimp metal sheeting. Fenestration consists of replacement windows (ca. 2000), including a four-light bay window and one-light fixed. Other architectural features include gable vents and an attached carport on the north elevation. At the time of survey, the main entrance and southern portion of the building were obscured by equipment. This mid-century building reflects significant changes in its massing and stylistic elements that compromise its historic integrity. These modifications, in addition to a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of the building. Therefore, 8HI11461 is not considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP.



Photo 5-16 8HI11462 at 8903 McRae Road, looking southeast.

8HI11462: This Frame and Masonry Vernacular composition residence at 8903 McRae Road was constructed ca. 1959. The building features a wood and masonry structural system set on a poured slab foundation. The cross-gable roof is sheathed in composition shingles. Fenestration consists of one-light sliding and one-over-one single-hung sash replacement windows (ca. 2000). The exterior walls are clad in vertical board and batten, ca. 1965. An unprotected deck addition was constructed on the east elevation ca. 2000. An open side porch covered by a gable roof is accessed from this deck. The southern portion of the house appears to be an addition as well, and this dramatically changes the massing of the house. This mid-century building reflects significant changes in its massing and stylistic elements that compromise its historic integrity. The noted modifications, in addition to a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of the building. Therefore, 8HI11462 is not considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP.



Photo 5-17 8HI11463 at 10212 Morris Bridge Road, looking west.

8HI11463: This Masonry Vernacular style residence at 10212 Morris Bridge Road was built ca. 1958. The concrete block and brick walls are set on a continuous pierced concrete block foundation. The hip roof is sheathed in composition shingles. Fenestration consists of two-light paired awning, 3-light ribbon awning, one-over-one single-hung sash, and one picture window. The main entrance, a nine-panel wood swing door, is accessed via an open porch with a flat roof on the east elevation. Other architectural features include projecting window sills and scroll porch posts. A ca. 1998 two-car garage is to the south. Although this masonry vernacular building reflects minimal alterations to the exterior, it remains an unexceptional example of the style. Additionally, a lack of historical associations or architectural merit limits the importance of the building. Therefore, 8HI11463 is not considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP.



Photo 5-18 8HI11464 at 9016 Copeland Road, looking northwest.

8HI11464: This Masonry Vernacular style building at 9016 Copeland Road was constructed ca. 1957. Formerly a residence, it is now used for commercial operations. The concrete block walls are set on a poured slab foundation. At the building corners, these concrete blocks have rounded edges. The side-gable roof is sheathed in composition shingles. Fenestration consists of six-light and twelve-light casement, and four-light awning windows. The exterior walls are partially clad in stucco. Other architectural features include wood vertical board in the gable ends, projecting concrete window sills, and a concrete chimney on the northwest side. An ancillary garage structure is located to the rear (north) of the property. Enlargements to this mid-century building reflect moderate changes in its massing and stylistic elements that compromise its historic integrity. These modifications, in addition to a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of the building. Therefore, 8HI11464 is not considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP.



Photo 5-19 8HI11465 at 9204 U.S. Highway 301, looking south.

8HI11465: This Masonry Vernacular style commercial building at 9204 U.S. Highway 301 was constructed ca. 1955. The concrete block structural system is set on a poured slab foundation. The flat roof is of built-up composition. Fenestration consists of one-light fixed and two-over-two single-hung sash windows, ca.1980. The exterior fabric is stucco. The attached canopy on the east elevation and filled-in gas pump concrete foundations suggest that this was once used as a gas station. Security bars protect the windows openings on the east elevation. A ca.1990 garage is attached to the south. This mid-century building reflects moderate changes in its massing and stylistic elements that compromise its historic integrity. These modifications, in addition to a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of the building. Therefore, 8HI11465 is not considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP.

6.0 CONCLUSIONS AND SITE EVALUATIONS

All cultural resources identified as a result of this survey were evaluated for their significance, as per the criteria of eligibility for listing in the NRHP. A discussion of site evaluations follows.

6.1 ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITES

Background research indicated that 29 previously recorded archaeological sites are located within or adjacent to the APE. Most of these are lithic or artifact scatters originally identified and evaluated by B. Calvin Jones in 1978 during survey of the proposed I-75 corridor. As a result of field survey, evidence for 10 of the recorded sites (**8HI99**, **8HI472**, **8HI476A**, **8HI476B**, **8HI507**, **8HI510**, 8HI5431, 8HI5432, 8HI5434, and 8HI5926) was recovered within the current I-75 project APE. While six of these sites (boldfaced) were previously determined NRHP-eligible by the SHPO, none was found to contain significant cultural deposits within the I-75 ROW. No cultural materials associated with the other 19 previously recorded sites (8HI392, 8HI450, 8HI473, 8HI483, 8HI485, 8HI505, 8HI509, 8HI513, 8HI514, 8HI519, 8HI520, 8HI521, 8HI522, 8HI5430, 8HI5433, 8HI6892, 8HI7877, 8HI10209, and 8HI11479) were discovered, and the portions of the sites located within the I-75 ROW presumably have been destroyed. No new archaeological sites were discovered. However, two AOs, each evidenced by lithic debitage, were identified. Neither is considered significant. Thus, as the result of background research and field survey, no archaeological sites, or significant portions of sites, which are listed, determined eligible, or considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP, or otherwise of historical or archaeological value, are located within the I-75 project APE. No further archaeological survey is recommended.

6.2 HISTORIC RESOURCES

The background research and historical/architectural field survey resulted in the identification of 23 historic resources located within the I-75 PD&E Study project APE. Of these, eight were previously recorded (8HI5085, 8HI5086, 8HI6900, 8HI6901, 8HI7839, 8HI7840, 8HI8742, and 8HI8743) and 15 (8HI11460-11472, and 8HI11481-11482) were newly identified and evaluated. With the exception of 8HI7840, all the previously recorded historic resources were evaluated by the SHPO as ineligible for the NRHP. Because new information was gathered and physical changes have occurred, updated FMSF forms were prepared for four of the previously recorded historic buildings (8HI5085, 8HI5086, 8HI7840, and 8HI8742). The other four recorded historic resources (8HI6900, 8HI6901, 8HI7839, and 8HI8743) have not been significantly altered since they were recorded in 2003, and therefore, updated FMSF forms were not prepared.

8HI8742, a Frame Vernacular style residence located at 10426 Tanner Road, was originally evaluated by the recorder as ineligible for listing in the NRHP. The SHPO concurred with this assessment. However, on the basis of more intensive historical research, including informant information, 8HI8742 has been reevaluated as potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP. Originally recorded as a ca. 1910 house of common form, information provided by the current owner, the grandson of the original builder and occupant, places the construction

date around 1891 (Patrick 2008). Maintaining its continuity of form and function for over a century, this residence reflects the pioneer Tanner family's historic ties to the early settlement of Hillsborough County and the community of Mango. It is considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP at the local level both for its significant historical associations (Criterion A) as well as for representing a fine example of late 19th century rural vernacular architecture (Criterion C). The historic residence maintains its integrity of location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association. The boundaries of this historic resource include the residence and the associated historic landscape. Specifically, the potential historic property includes the 1.28-acre parcel with the residence and an associated barn structure and the adjacent (west side) 1.42-acre parcel containing a historic orange grove.

None of the 15 newly recorded historic resources, including 13 buildings and two railroad segments, is considered potentially eligible for the NRHP, either individually or as part of a historic district. The Frame and Masonry Vernacular style residential and commercial buildings, constructed between 1930 and 1959, represent unexceptional examples of their respective types. In addition, the integrity of most of these resources has been compromised by unsympathetic alterations and additions. The two newly recorded railroad corridors (8HI11481 and 8HI11482), once historically part of the Seaboard Air Line and Atlantic Coast Line, respectively, have been altered by modern upgrades. While insufficient information exists to assess the significance of each railroad corridor, as located within the I-75 project APE, both 8HI11481 and 8HI11482 are considered ineligible for listing in the NRHP.

6.3 CONCLUSIONS

Background research and archaeological and historical/architectural field surveys resulted in the identification and evaluation of 10 archaeological sites and 23 historic resources within the I-75 PD&E Study project APE. Of these, only one previously recorded historic resource, the Tanner Residence at 10426 Tanner Road (8HI8742), meets NRHP eligibility Criteria A and C for listing in the NRHP. In addition to the residence, the boundary of this historic resource includes the surrounding 1.28-acre parcel and the adjacent 1.42-acre property which contain a barn structure and historic orange grove, respectively. 8HI8742 is located within the APE for the I-75 PD&E Study project. In accordance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended, and its implementing regulations, a Section 106 Consultation Case Study will be prepared to evaluate the effects of the proposed undertaking (preferred alternative) on the potentially eligible property.

With the exception of 8HI8742, project development will have no involvement with any other archaeological sites or historic resources which are listed, determined eligible, or considered potentially eligible for listing in the NRHP.

7.0 REFERENCES CITED

ACI

- 1993 A Cultural Resource Assessment Survey - US 92 (SR 600) Improvements Project from Garden Lane to County Line Road, Hillsborough County, Florida. ACI, Sarasota.
- 1998 Cultural Resource Assessment Survey of the Temple Terrace 2 Development Property, Hillsborough County, Florida. ACI, Sarasota.
- 2003 Cultural Resource Assessment Survey I-75 (SR 93A) Project Development and Environment (PD&E) Study and Reevaluation from South of Fowler Avenue to South of CR 54 Hillsborough and Pasco Counties, Florida. ACI, Sarasota.
- 2004 Cultural Resource Assessment Survey Report SR 60 (Adamo Dive) Project Development and Environment (PD&E) Study from West of 50th Street to East of Falkenburg Road, Hillsborough County, Florida. ACI, Sarasota.
- 2006a Cultural Resource Assessment Survey of the East Side Dairy Property, Hillsborough County, Florida. ACI, Sarasota.
- 2006b Cultural Resource Assessment Survey Technical Memorandum I-75 (SR 93A) from South of Fowler Avenue to Bruce B. Downs Boulevard Proposed Ponds, Hillsborough County, Florida. ACI, Sarasota.
- 2008a Cultural Resource Assessment Survey Project Development and Environment (PD&E) Study I-75 from Moccasin Wallow Road to US 301, Hillsborough and Manatee Counties, Florida. ACI, Sarasota.
- 2008b Cultural Resource Assessment Survey Research Design Interstate 75 (I-75) Project Development and Environment (PD&E) Study I-75 from Moccasin Wallow Road to South of US 301, Manatee and Hillsborough Counties, Florida WPI No. 419235 2 and I-75 from South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough County, Florida WPI No. 419235 3. ACI, Sarasota.

ACI/Janus

- 2003 Cultural Resource Assessment Survey Report Florida High Speed Rail Authority Project Development and Environment (PD&E) Study from Tampa to Orlando Hillsborough, Polk, Osceola, and Orange Counties, Florida. ACI, Sarasota.

Akerman, Joe A.

- 1976 *Florida Cowman: A History of Florida Cattle Raising*. 4th edition. Florida Cattlemen's Association, Kissimmee.

Almy, Maranda M.

- 2001 *The Cuban Fishing Ranchos of Southwest Florida 1600-1850s*. Honor's thesis, Department of Anthropology, University of Florida, Gainesville.

Almy, Marion M. and Joan Deming

- 1982 A Cultural Resources Survey of the Florida Corporate Center, Hillsborough County, Florida. ACI, Sarasota.

Ambrosino, James N.

- 2002 Cultural Resource Assessment Survey of the LL Middle School Project Area and Archaeological Testing of 8HI8368 in Hillsborough County, Florida. Panamerican Consultants, Inc., Tampa.

Ambrosino, James N.

- 2003 An Archaeological and Historical Survey of the Joe Ebert Road Project Area in Hillsborough County, Florida. Panamerican Consultants, Inc., Tampa.

Athens, William P., Charlotte Donald, Jon Berkin, Paul V. Heinrich, Ralph Draughton, Julie McClay, Thomas Fenn, Dan Dolensky, Jennifer Cohen, Lynn Berg, Julian Granberry, and Thomas Neumann

- 1994 Phase I Cultural Resources Investigation of the West Leg Mainline Portion of the Proposed Florida Gas Transmission Company Phase III Expansion Project. R. Christopher Goodwin & Associates, Inc., New Orleans.

Athens, William P. and Rusty Weisman

- 1994 Phase I Cultural Resources Investigation of the Proposed Hillsborough County Reroute, Hillsborough County, Florida. R. Christopher Goodwin & Associates, Inc., New Orleans.

Austin, Robert J.

- 1995 Yat Kitischee: A Prehistoric Coastal Hamlet 100 B.C.-A.D. 1200. Janus Research, Tampa.
- 1999 A Cultural Resource Assessment Survey of the Proposed Tampa Bay Water Pipeline from the Tampa Bypass Canal at Six Mile Creek to Bell Shoals Road, Hillsborough County, Florida. SEARCH, Jonesville.
- 2000a Cultural Resource Assessment Survey for the Proposed Hillsborough County Water Department's Falkenburg to South County Water Main. SEARCH, Jonesville.
- 2000b Survey Report for the Florida Gas Transmission Company Proposed Bayside Lateral, Hillsborough County, Florida. SEARCH, Jonesville.
- 2001 Paleindian and Archaic Archaeology in the Middle Hillsborough River Basin: A Synthetic Overview. SEARCH, Jonesville.
- 2005 A Cultural Resource Survey of the Grey Pines Development Property, Hillsborough County, Florida. SEARCH, Jonesville.
- 2006a Knife and Hammer: an Exercise in Positive Deconstruction - The I-75 Project and Lithic Scatter Research in Florida. *Florida Anthropological Society Publication* 16.
- 2006b Phase III Mitigative Investigations of the West Williams Site, 8HI509, Located within the Freedom Ridge Development Property, Hillsborough County, Florida. SEARCH, Jonesville.

Austin, Robert J., Brad E. Ensor, and Lisbeth Carlson

- 2001a Phase II Excavation at the West Williams Site, 8HI509, A Prehistoric Archaeological Site Located within Florida Gas Transmission Company's Proposed Bayside Lateral Pipeline Corridor, Hillsborough County, Florida. SEARCH, Jonesville.

Austin, Robert J., Brad E. Ensor, Anne Stokes, and Carlson. Lisbeth

- 2001b *The West Williams Site: New Data on the Archaic in West Central Florida*. Paper presented at the 58th Annual Meeting of the Southeastern Archaeological Conference, Chattanooga, Tennessee.

Austin, Robert J., Bradley Ensor, Lisbeth Carlson, and Jon Endonino

- 2004 Multidisciplinary Investigations at West Williams (8HI509), an Archaic Period Archaeological Site Located within Florida Gas Transmission Company's Bayside Lateral Pipeline Corridor, Hillsborough County, Florida. SEARCH, Jonesville.

- Austin, Robert J., Howard Hansen, and Charles Fuhrmeister
 1991 An Archaeological and Historical Survey of Unincorporated Areas of Pinellas County, Florida. Janus Research, Tampa.
- Austin, Robert J., Kenneth W. Hardin, Harry M. Piper, Jacquelyn G. Piper, and Barbara McCabe
 1992 Archaeological Investigations at the Site of the Tampa Convention Center, Tampa Florida. Volume 1: Prehistoric Resources, Including a Report on the Mitigative Excavation of a Prehistoric Aboriginal Cemetery. Janus Research, Tampa.
- Austin, Robert J. and Geoffrey Mohlman
 2003 Cultural Resource Assessment Survey of the Proposed Williams Crossing Development Property, Hillsborough County, Florida. SEARCH, Jonesville.
 2005 A Cultural Resource Assessment of the Freedom Ridge Development Property, Hillsborough County, Florida. SEARCH, Jonesville.
- Austin, Robert J. and Michael Russo
 1989 Limited Excavations at the Catfish Creek Site (8SO608), Sarasota, Florida. Janus Research, Tampa.
- Baker, Henry A. and Michael V. McGuire
 1978 An Archaeological Survey of the Tampa South Crosstown Expressway Eastern Extension. On file, Florida Division of Historical Resources, Tallahassee.
- Ballo, George R.
 1985 *Experiments in Use Wear Formation on Stone Tools Made from Florida Cherts: A Study Supporting Microwear Analysis of Paleo-Indian Artifacts from the Harney Flats Site, Tampa, Florida.* MA thesis, Department of Anthropology, University of South Florida, Tampa.
- Berriault, John G., Robert Carr, Jerry Stipp, Richard Johnson, and Jack Meeder
 1981 The Archaeological Salvage of the Bay West Site, Collier County, Florida. *The Florida Anthropologist* 34(2): 39-58.
- Bradbury, Alford G. and E. Storey Hallock
 1962 A Chronology of Florida Post Offices. *Handbook 2.* The Florida Federation of Stamp Clubs.
- Branham, Charles C.
 2008 8HI2143 and 8HI11479. FMSF. Personal communication to E. A. Horvath, ACI, Crawfordville. 11/26/2008.
- Bregar, J.M.
 n.d. Out of the Past. History of Temple Terrace, Florida. *Temple Terrace News.* (Series of articles dated August 8, 1957 to December 11, 1958).
- Brooks, Mark J. and Janice R. Ballo
 1984 An Archaeological and Historical Survey of the Proposed Sabal Center Project Area, Hillsborough County, Florida. Janus Research, Tampa.

- Brown, Clifford, Connie Darby, Thomas Fenn, Christopher Davies, James Allen Green, Jr., Michele Williams, Frank Vento, and William P. Athens
 1996 Phase III Data Recovery at Sites 8HI473 and 8HI472/381 for the Proposed Florida Gas Transmission Company Phase III Expansion Project, Hillsborough County, Florida. R. Christopher Goodwin & Associates, Inc., New Orleans.
- Bruton, Quintilla Geer and David E. Bailey
 1984 *Plant City: Its Origins and History*. Hunter Publishing Co., Winston-Salem.
- Bullen, Ripley P.
 1959 The Transitional Period of Florida. *Southeastern Archaeological Conference Newsletter* 6(1): 43-53.
 1965 Florida's Prehistory. In *Florida -- From Indian Trail to Space Age*. Edited by C. W. Tebeau and R. L. Carson, pp. 305-316. Southern Publishing Co., Delray Beach.
 1975 *A Guide to the Identification of Florida Projectile Points*. Kendall Books, Gainesville.
- Bullen, Ripley P., Walter Askew, Lee M. Feder, and Richard L. McDonnell
 1978 The Canton Street Site, St. Petersburg, Florida. *Florida Anthropological Society Publications* 9.
- Bullen, Ripley P. and Adelaide K. Bullen
 1976 The Palmer Site. *Florida Anthropological Society Publications* 8.
- Burger, B. W.
 1984 Preliminary Report of a Phase I Archaeological Survey of a 64 Acre Parcel Lying in Section 12, Township 28 South, Range 19 East, Hillsborough County, Florida. On file, Florida Division of Historical Resources, Tallahassee.
- Campbell, Ken and Jonathan D. Arthur
 1993 Geologic Map of Hillsborough County, Florida. *Open File Map Series* 44. Florida Geological Survey, Tallahassee.
- Carty, Thomas J.
 2006 An Archaeological and Historical Survey of the Sampson Grove Project Area in Hillsborough County, Florida. Panamerican Consultants, Inc., Tampa.
- Chamberlin, Donald L.
 1968 *Fort Brooke: A History*. MA thesis, Florida State University, Tallahassee.
- Chance, Marsha A.
 1981 Wetherington Island: An Archaic Lithic Procurement Site in Hillsborough County, Florida. *The Florida Anthropologist* 34(2): 109-119.
 1982 Phase II Investigations at Wetherington Island: A Lithic Procurement Site in Hillsborough County, Florida. *Interstate 75 Highway Phase II Archaeological Report* 3. Florida Division of Historical Resources, Tallahassee.
 1983 The Diamond Dairy Site: Archaic Intrasite Function and Variability. On file, Florida Division of Historical Resources, Tallahassee.
- Chance, Marsha A. and Elizabeth J. Misner
 1984 Archaic Lithic Procurement Behavior at Wetherington Island. On file, Florida Division of Historical Resources, Tallahassee.

- City of Temple Terrace
n.d. "Temple Terrace History." http://www.templeterrace.com/misc/history_index.htm.
- Clausen, Carl J., A. D. Cohen, Cesare Emiliani, J. A. Holman, and J. J. Stipp
1979 Little Salt Spring, Florida: A Unique Underwater Site. *Science* 203(4381): 609-614.
- Cordell, Ann S.
1987 Ceramic Technology at a Weeden Island Period Archaeological Site in North Florida. *Ceramic Notes* 2. Occasional Publications of the Ceramic Technology Laboratory, Florida Museum of Natural History, Gainesville.
2004 Paste Variability and Possible Manufacturing Origins of Late Archaic Fiber-Tempered Pottery from Selected Sites in Peninsular Florida. In *Early Pottery: Technology, Function, Style, and Interaction in the Lower Southeast*. Edited by R. Saunders and C. T. Hays, pp. 63-104. University of Alabama Press, Tuscaloosa.
- Covington, James W.
1958 Exploring the Ten Thousand Islands: 1838. *Tequesta* 18: 7-13.
1961 The Armed Occupation Act of 1842. *Florida Historical Quarterly* 40(1): 41-53.
1982 *The Billy Bowlegs War 1855-1858: The Final Stand of the Seminoles Against the Whites*. The Mickler House Publishers, Chuluota.
- Curl, Donald W.
1986 *Palm Beach County: An Illustrated History*. Windsor Publications, Northridge, CA.
- Daniel, I. Randolph, Mildred Fryman, and Michael Wisenbaker
1979 An Archaeological and Historical Survey of Seven Proposed Recreation Resource Sites in the Lower Hillsborough River Flood Detention Area. On file, Florida Division of Historical Resources, Tallahassee.
- Daniel, I. Randolph and Michael Wisenbaker
1987 *Harney Flats: A Florida Paleo-Indian Site*. Baywood Publishing Co., Inc., Farmingdale.
- Daniel, Randy
1982 Test Excavations at the Deerstand Site (8HI483A) in Hillsborough County, Florida. *Interstate 75 Phase II Archaeological Report 2*. Florida Division of Historical Resources, Tallahassee.
- Daniel, Randy and Michael Wisenbaker
1981 Test Excavations at 8HI450D: An Inland Archaic Occupation in Hillsborough County, Florida. *Interstate 75 Highway Phase II Archaeological Report 1*. Florida Division of Historical Resources, Tallahassee.
- Davis, J. H.
1943 The Natural Features of Southern Florida. *Geological Bulletin* 25. Florida Geological Survey, Tallahassee.
- Davis, John H.
1980 General Map of Natural Vegetation of Florida. *Circular S-178*. Agriculture Experiment Station, University of Florida, Gainesville.

- Davis, T. Frederick
1939 The Disston Land Purchase. *Florida Historical Quarterly* 17(3): 200-210.
- de Montmollin, Wanda
1983 *Environmental Factors and Prehistoric Site Location in the Tampa Bay Area*. MA thesis, Department of Anthropology, University of South Florida, Tampa.
- Deming, Joan
1976 An Archaeological and Historical Survey of the Lake Thonotosassa By-Pass Canal Right-of-Way in Hillsborough County, Florida. Department of Anthropology, University of South Florida, Tampa.
1980 *The Cultural Resources of Hillsborough County: An Assessment of Prehistoric Resources*. Historic Tampa/Hillsborough County Preservation Board, Tampa.
1985 Cultural Resource Assessment Survey of the Regency Park North (DRI) Tract, Hillsborough County, Florida. ACI, Sarasota.
1997 Cultural Resource Assessment Survey, Technical Memorandum, US 301 Ponds from Interstate 4 (I-4) to Fowler Avenue, Hillsborough County, Florida. ACI, Sarasota.
2000 Section 106 Review of the Holly Heights Site. ACI, Sarasota.
- Deming, Joan, Marion M. Almy, Richard W. Estabrook, and Elizabeth A. Horvath
1984 The Hidden River (DRI) Archaeological Project: Cultural Resources Assessment Survey and Evaluative Site Testing. ACI, Sarasota.
- des Fontaines, John
1990 Wedgwood Whiteware. *Proceedings of the Wedgwood Society* 13: 1-8.
- Doran, Glen H., Ed.
2002 *Windover: Multidisciplinary Investigations of an Early Archaic Florida Cemetery*. University Press of Florida, Gainesville.
- Dunn, Hampton
1989 *Back Home: A History of Citrus County, Florida*. 2nd edition. Citrus County Historical Society, Inverness.
- Eriksen, John M.
1994 *Brevard County, A History to 1955*. Florida Historical Society Press, Tampa.
- Evans, Mary K.
1972 National Register of Historic Places Nomination of the Tampa Bay Hotel. Florida Division of Historical Resources, Tallahassee.
- Farr, Grayal Earle
2006 *A Reevaluation of Bullen's Typology for Preceramic Projectile Points*. MA thesis, Department of Anthropology, Florida State University, Tallahassee.
- FDHR
2003 *Cultural Resource Management Standards and Operational Manual*. Florida Division of Historical Resources, Tallahassee.
<http://dhr.dos.state.fl.us/preservation/compliance/manual/>.

FDOT

- 1999 *Project Development and Environment Manual, Part 2, Chapter 12, Archaeological and Historical Resources*. Florida Department of Transportation, Tallahassee. <http://www.dot.state.fl.us/emo/pubs/pdeman/pdeman.htm>.
- 2007 ETDM Summary Report. Project #8002 - I-75 from South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue. Florida Department of Transportation, Tallahassee. Published on 3/29/2007.

FMSF

- Various site file forms. On file, Florida Division of Historical Resources, Tallahassee.
- 1999 Guide to the Archaeological Site Form, Version 2.2. Florida Division of Historical Resources, Tallahassee.

Friedel, Frank

- 1985 *The Splendid Little War*. Bramhall House, New York.

Gagel, Katherine

- 1981 Archaeological Excavations at Site (8Hi483B): An Archaic Habitation Site in Hillsborough County, Florida. *Interstate 75 Highway Phase II Archaeological Report* 6. Florida Division of Historical Resources, Tallahassee.
- 1984 Archaeological Excavations at Site 8Hi510A: An Early to Middle Archaic Habitation Site, Hillsborough County, Florida. On file, Florida Division of Historical Resources, Tallahassee.

Gagel, Katherine and I. Randolph Daniel, Jr.

- 1985 Archaeological Excavations of the Titus Church Site (8Hi521) and the Two Horse Site (8Hi522): Two Archaic Sites in Hillsborough County, Florida. On file, Florida Division of Historical Resources, Tallahassee.

Goggin, John M.

- 1948 Some Pottery Types from Central Florida. *Gainesville Anthropological Association, Bulletin* 1.

Goodwin, R. Christopher, Thomas W. Davis, Michael A. Simons, Timothy A. Silva, Kathleen M. Child, Ellen Saint Onge, C. Cappozzola, M. Dunn, T. Majorov, and S. Woodward

- 1994 Phase II Archaeological Evaluation of Sites 8Hi5432, 8Hi473, 8Hi5446, 8Hi404 for the Proposed Florida Gas Transmission Phase III Project, Hillsborough County, Florida. R. Christopher Goodwin & Associates, Inc., New Orleans.

Goodyear, Albert C., Sam B. Upchurch, Mark J. Brooks, and Nancy N. Goodyear

- 1983 Paleo-Indian Manifestations in the Tampa Bay Region, Florida. *The Florida Anthropologist* 36(1-2): 40-66.

Goodyear, Albert C. and Lyman O. Warren

- 1972 Further Observations on the Submarine Oyster Shell Deposits of Tampa Bay. *The Florida Anthropologist* 25(2, Part 1): 52-66.

Grange, Roger T., Jr., Mildred Fryman, and J. Raymond Williams

- 1979 A Phase I Study of the Deltona Corporation Property on State Road 581 in Hillsborough County, Florida. University of South Florida, Tampa.

- Grismer, Karl H.
1950 *Tampa: A History of the City of Tampa and the Tampa Bay Region of Florida*. St. Petersburg Printing Company, St. Petersburg.
- Guthrie, Sarah M. W.
1974 *Land of Promise, Land of Change: An Examination of the Population of Hillsborough County, Florida*. MA thesis, Emory University, Atlanta.
- Hammond, E. A.
1973 The Spanish Fisheries of Charlotte Harbor. *Florida Historical Quarterly* 51(4): 355-380.
- Hardin, Kenneth W.
1982 Archaeological Test Excavations at the Landfill Site (8HI99B and 8HI99C): An Archaic Period Site in Hillsborough County, Florida. On file, Florida Division of Historical Resources, Tallahassee.
- Hardin, Kenneth W. and Richard W. Estabrook
1988 Cultural Resource Assessment of the Archaeological and Historical Sites Located on the State Street Bank Operations Center/Hotel Site Hillsborough County, Florida. Janus Research, Tampa.
- Hardin, Kenneth W. and Harry M. Piper
1984 *Manasota: Which Way to the Border?* Paper presented at the Florida Academy of Sciences, Boca Raton.
- Haviser, Jay B., Jr.
1983 Phase II Test Excavations at the Wetherington Ridge Site (8Hi472), A Paleo-Indian Through Transitional Period Base Camp Occupation in Hillsborough County, Florida. On file, Florida Division of Historical Resources, Tallahassee.
- HDR Engineering, Inc.
1991 An Archaeological and Historical Resource Assessment of the Proposed Tampa South Crosstown Expressway Extension, Hillsborough County, Florida. HDR Engineering, Inc., Tampa.
- HT/HCPB
1980 *The Cultural Resources of the Unincorporated Portions of Hillsborough County: An Inventory of the Built Environment*. Historic Tampa/Hillsborough County Preservation Board, Tampa.
- Hughes, Skye W.
2006 An Archaeological and Historical Survey of the Harvest Creek Project Area in Hillsborough County, Florida. Panamerican Consultants, Inc., Tampa.
- Janus Research
1992a An Archaeological Resource Inventory and Archaeological Site Predictive Model for Manatee County, Florida. Janus Research, Tampa.
1992b A Cultural Resource Assessment Survey of the Interstate 4 Improvements Project Right-of-Way from 50th Street to the Hillsborough/Polk County Line, Hillsborough County, Florida. Janus Research, Tampa.
1996a A Cultural Resource Assessment Survey for the Vandenberg Airport Expansion Project Area, Hillsborough County, Florida. Janus Research, Tampa.

Janus Research

- 1996b A Cultural Resource Assessment Survey for U.S. 301 from Interstate 4 to Fowler Avenue in Hillsborough County, Florida. Janus Research, Tampa.
- 1998 Cultural Resource Assessment Survey for the Lee Roy Selmon Crosstown Expressway Brandon Feeder Roads from Falkenburg Road to SR 60 and Lumsden Road and Widening from 50th Street (US 41) to Falkenburg Road (PD&E) Study, Hillsborough County, Florida. Janus Research, Tampa.
- 1999 Cultural Resource Assessment Survey for the Harney Road/US 301 Intersection Improvement Project and the Re-alignment of Bowles Road from East of Morris Bridge Road to Interstate 75 Hillsborough County, Florida. Janus Research, Inc., Tampa.
- 2000 Cultural Resource Assessment Survey for the Lee Roy Selmon Crosstown Expressway Capacity Improvement Project, Hillsborough County, Florida. Janus Research, Tampa.
- 2004 Updated Archaeological Site Predictive Model for the Unincorporated Areas of Hillsborough County, Florida. Janus Research, Tampa.
- 2005 Cultural Resource Assessment Survey of the Claymore Crossings Project Area, Hillsborough County. Janus Research, Tampa.

Johnson, Robert E.

- 1985 Archaeological Excavations at the Wetherington Ridge Site (8HI472B) in Hillsborough County, Florida. On file, Florida Division of Historical Resources, Tallahassee.
- 2001 Proposed Tower: I-4 Exit No. 8. Florida Archaeological Services, Inc., Jacksonville.

Jones, B. Calvin

- 1978 Archaeological and Historical Survey of Tampa Bypass Canal and Associated Structures in Hillsborough County, US Army Corps of Engineers, March 1975. On file, Florida Division of Historical Resources, Tallahassee.
- 1980 Phase II Archaeological Salvage Proposal for Site Located Along Interstate Route 75 in Hillsborough County, Florida. On file, Florida Division of Historical Resources, Tallahassee.

Karklins, Karlis

- 1970 The Fish Creek Site, Hillsborough County, Florida. *The Florida Anthropologist* 23(2): 67-73.

Knapp, Michael S.

- 1980 Environmental Geology Series: Tampa Sheet. *Map Series 97*. Florida Department of Natural Resources, Bureau of Geology, Tallahassee.

Kohler, Timothy A.

- 1991 The Demise of Weeden Island and Post-Weeden Island Cultural Stability in Non-Mississippianized Northern Florida. In *Stability, Transformation, and Variations: the Late Woodland Southeast*. Edited by M. S. Nassaney and C. R. Cobb, pp. 91-110. Plenum Press, New York.

Lonn, Ella

- 1965 *Salt as a Factor in the Confederacy*. University of Alabama Press, Tuscaloosa.

Lowry, Charles B.

- 1974 The PWA in Tampa: A Case Study. *Florida Historical Quarterly* 52(4): 363-380.

- Luer, George M. and Marion M. Almy
 1980 The Development of Some Aboriginal Pottery of the Central Peninsular Gulf Coast of Florida. *The Florida Anthropologist* 33(4): 207-225.
 1981 Temple Mounds of the Tampa Bay Area. *The Florida Anthropologist* 34(3): 127-155.
 1982 A Definition of the Manasota Culture. *The Florida Anthropologist* 35(1): 34-58.
- Luer, George M., Marion M. Almy, Dana Ste. Claire, and Robert J. Austin
 1987 The Myakkahatchee Site (8SO397), A Large Multi-Period Inland from the Shore Site in Sarasota County, Florida. *The Florida Anthropologist* 40(2): 137-153.
- Mahon, John K.
 1985 *History of the Second Seminole War 1835-1842*. Revised edition. University Press of Florida, Gainesville.
- Mahon, John K. and Brent R. Weisman
 1996 Florida's Seminole and Miccosukee Peoples. In *The New History of Florida*. Edited by M. Gannon, pp. 183-206. University Press of Florida, Gainesville.
- McNab, W. Henry and Peter E. Avers
 1996 *Ecological Subregions of the United States*. Prepared in Cooperation with Regional Compilers and the ECOMAP Team of the Forest Service. <http://www.fs.fed.us/land/pubs/ecoregions>.
- Milanich, Jerald T.
 1994 *Archaeology of Precolumbian Florida*. University Press of Florida, Gainesville.
- Milanich, Jerald T. and Charles H. Fairbanks
 1980 *Florida Archaeology*. Academic Press, New York.
- Miller, James J.
 1974 80 Acre DRI in Hillsborough County. On file, Florida Division of Historical Resources, Tallahassee.
 1979 A Preliminary Archaeological and Historical Survey of the Tampa-Hillsborough 201 Plan. On file, Florida Division of Historical Resources, Tallahassee.
- Milliman, John D. and K. O. Emery
 1968 Sea Levels During the Past 35,000 Years. *Science* 162: 1121-1123.
- Mitchem, Jeffrey M.
 1989 *Redefining Safety Harbor: Late Prehistoric/Protohistoric Archaeology in West Peninsular Florida*. Ph.D. dissertation, Department of Anthropology, University of Florida, Gainesville.
- Patrick, Frederick LaVerne.
 2008 Personal communication, October.
- Piper, Harry M., Kenneth W. Hardin, and Jacquelyn G. Piper
 1982 Archaeological and Historical Survey of the Brandon Town Center Property, Hillsborough County, Florida. Janus Research, Tampa.

- Piper, Harry M. and Jacquelyn G. Piper
 1982 Archaeological Excavations at the Quad Block Site, 8HI998, Located at the Site of the Old Fort Brooke Municipal Parking Garage, Tampa. Janus Research, Tampa.
- Pochurek, James
 2000 Cultural Resource Survey of Modifications to the Proposed Bayside Lateral and Compressor Station 31, Hillsborough and Osceola Counties, Florida, Florida Gas Transmission Company Phase V Expansion. SEARCH, Jonesville.
- Pracht, Jodi B.
 2001a Proposed Cellular Tower: Keebler (FL3426G) Williams Road and Broadway, Tampa, Hillsborough County, Florida. ACI, Sarasota.
 2001b Proposed Cellular Tower: Stirling Ranch, 10011 Circle C Drive, Tampa, Hillsborough County, Florida. ACI, Sarasota.
- Purdy, Barbara A.
 1981 *Florida's Prehistoric Stone Tool Technology*. University Press of Florida, Gainesville.
- Quinn, Lisa N.
 2004 An Archaeological and Historical Survey of the Lakeview Village Project Area in Hillsborough County, Florida. Panamerican Consultants, Inc., Tampa.
- Robinson, Earnest L.
 1928 *History of Hillsborough County*. The Record Company Printers, St. Augustine.
- Robinson, Major George D.
 1979 *Outlines and Other Data on West Central Florida Projectile Points*. Central Gulf Coast Archaeological Society, St. Petersburg.
- Sassaman, Kenneth E.
 2003 New AMS Dates on Orange Fiber-Tempered Pottery from the Middle St. Johns Valley and Their Implications for Culture History in Northeast Florida. *The Florida Anthropologist* 56(1): 5-13.
- Schwadron, Margo
 2002 Archeological Investigations of De Soto National Memorial. *SEAC Technical Reports* 8. Southeast Archeological Center, National Park Service, Tallahassee.
- Scott, Thomas M.
 2001 Text to Accompany the Geologic Map of Florida. *Open File Report* 80. Florida Geological Survey, Tallahassee.
- Scott, Thomas M., Kenneth M. Campbell, Frank R. Rupert, Jonathan D. Arthur, Thomas M. Missimer, Jacqueline M. Lloyd, J. William Yon, and Joel G. Duncan
 2001 Geologic Map of the State of Florida. *Map Series* 146. Florida Geological Survey, Tallahassee.
- Seabury, Patricia, Nancy Swilley, John Martin, and Anthony Deregnaucourt
 1975 An Archaeological Survey of the Tampa Bypass Canal Right-of-Way, Hillsborough County, Florida. On file, Florida Division of Historical Resources.

SEARCH

- 2000a Cultural Resource Assessment Survey North-Central Hillsborough Intertie Contract 2, Hillsborough County, Florida. SEARCH, Jonesville.
- 2000b Cultural Resource Survey of Three Extra Work Spaces along the Bayside Lateral , Hillsborough County, Florida. SEARCH, Jonesville.
- 2000c Survey Report for the Florida Gas Transmission Company Proposed Bayside Lateral Reroute Hillsborough County, Florida. SEARCH, Jonesville.

SWFWMD

- n.d. "Watershed Excursion of the Hillsborough River."
<http://www.swfwmd.state.fl.us/education/interactive/watershed/tbc.htm>.

State of Florida, Department of Environmental Protection

- 1843a *Field Notes*. A. M. Randolph. Volume 122.
- 1843b *Field Notes*. A. M. Randolph. Volume 81.
- 1843c *Plat. Township 28 South, Range 20 East*.
- 1852a *Field Notes*. C. F. Hopkins. Volume 102.
- 1852b *Plat. Township 28 South, Range 19 East*. A. M. Randolph and C. F. Hopkins.
- 1852c *Plat. Township 28 South, Range 20 East*. A. M. Randolph and C. F. Hopkins.
- 1852d *Plat. Township 29 South, Range 20 East*. A. M. Randolph and C. F. Hopkins.
- 1852e *Plat. Township 30 South, Range 20 East*. A. M. Randolph and C. F. Hopkins.
- n.d.-a *Tract Book*. Volume 16.
- n.d.-b *Tract Book*. Volume 17.

SHPO

- 2008 Cultural Resource Professionals Workshop, personal communication

Ste. Claire, Dana

- 1987 The Development of Thermal Alteration Technologies in Florida: Implications for the Study of Prehistoric Adaptation. *The Florida Anthropologist* 40(3): 203-208.

Stokes, Anne V.

- 2002a Addendum Report for the Florida Gas Transmission Company Bayside Lateral Modification Hillsborough County, Florida. SEARCH, Jonesville.
- 2002b Cultural Resources Survey of One Bayside Lateral Temporary Work Space at Mile Post 6.66, Florida Gas Transmission Company (FGT) Phase V Expansion. SEARCH, Jonesville.
- 2002c Cultural Resources Survey of Two Bayside Lateral Access Roads and One Road Crossing, Florida Gas Transmission Company (FGT) Phase V Expansion. SEARCH, Jonesville.

Sullivan, Alan P., III and Kenneth C. Rozen

- 1985 Debitage Analysis and Archaeological Interpretation. *American Antiquity* 50(4): 755-779.

Tampa Bay History Center (TBHC)

- 2003 *Hillsborough's Communities*. TBHC, Tampa.

Tebeau, Charlton W.

- 1980 *A History of Florida*. Revised Edition. University of Miami Press, Coral Gables.

- Tebeau, Charlton W. and Ruby Leach Carson, Eds.
1965 *Florida -- From Indian Trail to Space Age*. Southern Publishing Co., Delray Beach.
- Tischendorf, A. P.
1954 Florida and the British Investor: 1880-1914. *Florida Historical Quarterly* 33(2): 120-129.
- Turner, Gregg
1999 *Railroads of Southwest Florida*. Arcadia Publishing, Charleston, SC.
- Turner, Gregg
2003 *A Short History of Florida Railroads*. Arcadia Publishing, Charleston, SC.
- Upchurch, Sam B., Richard N. Strom, and Mark G. Nuckels
1982 Methods of Provenance Determination of Florida Cherts. Geology Department, University of South Florida, Tampa.
- USCB
1995 *Population of Counties by Decennial Census*. United States Census Bureau, Population Division. www.census.gov/population/cencounts/fl190090.txt.
- USDA
1989 *Soil Survey of Hillsborough County, Florida*. USDA, Soil Conservation Service, Washington, D.C.
2005 *Soil Survey Geographic (SSURGO) Database for Hillsborough County, Florida*. USDA, Natural Resource Conservation Service, Fort Worth, TX. <http://soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov/>.
- USGS
1977 *Thonotosassa*. LABINS mrg3319.tif.
1982 *Brandon*. LABINS mrg3219.tif.
2004a *Brandon - Digital Orthophoto Quarter Quadrangle*. LABINS/DOQQ/2004/RGB/StatePlane_W/MrSid/g32/q3219.
2004b *Thonotosassa - Digital Orthophoto Quarter Quadrangle*. LABINS/DOQQ/2004/RGB/StatePlane_W/MrSid/g33/q3319.
- Watts, William A. and Barbara C. S. Hansen
1988 Environments in Florida in the Late Wisconsin and Holocene. In *Wet Site Archaeology*. Edited by B. A. Purdy, pp. 307-323. Telford Press, Caldwell.
- Weisman, Brent R. and Lori Collins
2004 A GIS Archaeological Modeling and Testing of Nine ELAPP Preserves, Hillsborough County, FL. Department of Anthropology, University of South Florida, Tampa.
- Weisman, Brent R., Christine Newman, and Barbara A Mattick
1994 National Register of Historic Places Nomination: The Portavant Mound Site. On file, Florida Division of Historical Resources, Tallahassee.

Wharton, Barry R.

1983 Phase II Archaeological Test Excavations at the Diamond Dairy Site (8HI476A and 8HI476B), an Archaic Period Site in Hillsborough County, Florida. *Interstate 75 Highway Phase II Archaeological Report 5*. Florida Division of Historical Resources, Tallahassee.

1988 Archaeological Survey of the Falkenburg Road Transmission Facilities, Woodberry Road Pump Station & Woodberry Road Interceptor, Hillsborough County, Florida. HDR Engineering, Inc., Tampa.

Wharton, Barry R., George R. Ballo, and Mitchell E. Hope

1981 The Republic Groves Site, Hardee County, Florida. *The Florida Anthropologist* 34(2): 59-80.

White, Anta M.

1963 Analytic Description of the Chipped-stone Industry from Snyders Site, Calhoun County, Illinois. *Miscellaneous Studies in Typology and Classification* 19. Anthropological Papers, Museum of Anthropology, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor.

White, William A.

1970 Geomorphology of the Florida Peninsula. *Geological Bulletin* 51. Florida Department of Natural Resources, Bureau of Geology, Tallahassee.

Widmer, Randolph J.

1988 *The Evolution of the Calusa*. University of Alabama Press, Tuscaloosa.

Willey, Gordon R.

1949 Archaeology of the Florida Gulf Coast. *Smithsonian Miscellaneous Collections* 113. 1982 Reprint. Florida Book Store, Gainesville.

APPENDIX A

Relevant Correspondence



FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF STATE
Kurt S. Browning
Secretary of State
DIVISION OF HISTORICAL RESOURCES

Linda Anderson
Federal Highway Department
545 John Knox Road, Suite 200
Tallahassee, Florida 32303

January 19, 2010

RE: DHR Project File No.: 2009-7635 and 2009-7642
WPI Segment No.: 419235-2 and 419235-3
Project: *I-75 from Moccasin Wallow Road to South of US 301 PD&E Study and
I-75 South of US 301 to North Fletcher Avenue PD&E Study*
County: Manatee and Hillsborough

Dear Ms. Anderson:

This office received and reviewed the above referenced project in accordance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 as amended, 36 CFR Part 800: Protection of Historic Properties, and Chapter 267, Florida Statutes. It is the responsibility of the State Historic Preservation Officer to advise and assist, as appropriate, Federal and State agencies in carrying out their historic preservation responsibilities; to cooperate with agencies to ensure that historic properties are taken into consideration at all levels of planning and development; and to consult with the appropriate agencies in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 as amended, on undertakings that may affect historic properties.

The current submittal includes two Project and Development and Environmental (*PD&E*) studies for the portion of I-75 that extends from Moccasin Wallow Road to US 301 (WPI Segment No.: 419235-2) and from US 301 to North Fletcher Avenue (WPI Segment No.: 419235-3). The project includes the widening of I-75 in both directions within the above-stated limits in addition to the modification of existing interchanges.

Background research for the portion of the project that extends along I-75 between Moccasin Wallow Road and US 301 (WPI Segment No.: 419235-2) noted that there were 10 previously-identified archaeological sites (8HI409, 8HI478, 8HI479, 8HI480, 8HI524, 8HI525, 8HI526, 8HI527, 8HI532, and 8MA136) one previously-identified historic structure (8HI11302), and one previously-identified resource group (8MA1337) within the project's area of potential effects (APE). One of the previously-identified archaeological sites, 8HI480, was determined to be eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) by this office in 1979, while the remaining nine archaeological sites have yet to be evaluated by the SHPO. The previously-recorded resource group and historic structure were determined to be ineligible for the NRHP by

500 S. Bronough Street • Tallahassee, FL 32399-0250 • <http://www.flheritage.com>

Director's Office
850.245.6300 • FAX: 245.6436

Archaeological Research
850.245.6444 • FAX: 245.6452

Historic Preservation
850.245.6333 • FAX: 245.6437

this office. As a result of the field survey, evidence of only three of the previously-recorded archaeological sites (8HI478, 8HI524, and 8HI532) was located within the project's APE. The field survey also determined that 8HI11302, the previously-identified historic structure within the APE, was no longer extant. Newly-identified resources documented within the APE as a result of the fieldwork included eight buildings (8HI11295-8HI11302), one archaeological site (8HI11359), and two archaeological occurrences (AOs). The report concluded that none of the historic-age architectural resources within the APE were eligible for listing in the NRHP because each lacked architectural and historic import. Similarly, the portion of the three previously-recorded archaeological sites within the APE (8HI478, 8HI524, and 8HI532), the newly-recorded archaeological site 8HI11359, and the two AO's were evaluated and considered to be insignificant and thus ineligible for inclusion in the NRHP. A table in the report noted that the portions of archaeological sites 8HI409, 8HI479, 8HI480, 8HI525, 8HI526, 8HI527, and 8MA136 were ineligible for listing in the NRHP because no evidence of these previously-identified sites was found during the field study.

Background research for the portion of the project that extends along I-75 between US 301 and North Fletcher Avenue (WPI Segment No.: 419235-3) noted that there were 28 previously-identified archaeological sites and eight previously-identified historic structures within the project APE. Of the 36 previously-identified cultural resources, twelve (archaeological sites numbers 8HI99, 8HI450, 8HI472, 8HI473, 8HI476A, 8HI476B, 8HI483, 8HI485, 8HI507, 8HI509, 8HI510, and 8HI1479) were determined to eligible for listing in the NRHP by this office. As a result of the field survey, evidence of only ten of the 28 previously-recorded archaeological sites (8HI99, 8HI472, 8HI476A, 8HI476B, 8HI507, 8HI510, and 8HI5431, 8HI5432, 8HI5434, and 8HI5926) and all of the eight previously-recorded historic structures were located within the project's APE and reevaluated. Newly-identified resources documented within the APE as a result of the fieldwork include 15 buildings and two resource groups (8HI11460-11472 and 8HI11481-11482) as well as two AOs. The report found that only one of the documented historic structures, the *Tanner Residence* (8HI8742), was eligible for listing in the NRHP. The report also concluded that the newly-recorded AOs and the portions of the 10 previously-recorded archaeological sites found within the APE were ineligible for listing in the NRHP. A table in the report noted that the portions of the remaining 18 previously-identified archaeological sites were ineligible for listing in the NRHP because no evidence of these sites was found during the field study.

After a review of the submitted reports, this office concurs with the Florida Department of Transportation's determination that the *Tanner Residence* (8HI8742) is eligible for listing in the NRHP and looks forward to continuing coordination regarding the affects, if any, that the proposed undertaking will have on this historic property.

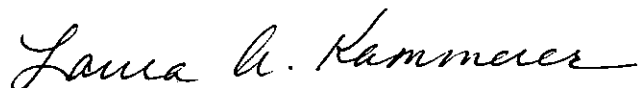
The reports noted that the Florida Master Site Files indicated the presence of 13 archaeological sites within the project's APE that had been previously determined to be NRHP eligible by this

Ms. Linda Anderson
DHR Project File No.: 2009-7635 and 2009-7642
January 19, 2010
Page 3

office (sites 8HI99, 8HI450, 8HI472, 8HI473, 8HI476A, 8HI476B, 8HI480, 8HI483, 8HI485, 8HI507, 8HI509, 8HI510, and 8HI1479). After the field study, the reports concluded that the portion of each of these sites within the APE was ineligible because very little or no cultural material was located as a result of subsurface testing. Please note, for the sake of clarification, that this office seldom confers a dual eligibility designation to a single site (i.e., a site is either *eligible* or *not eligible* for the NRHP). This office therefore finds that sites 8HI99, 8HI450, 8HI472, 8HI473, 8HI476A, 8HI476B, 8HI480, 8HI483, 8HI485, 8HI507, 8HI509, 8HI510, and 8HI1479 should maintain their status as NRHP eligible, but finds that the project will have *no adverse affect* [as per 36 C.F.R. Part 800, § 800.5(b)] on the sites due to the location of the proposed project and the lack of cultural material present within the project's APE.

If there are any questions concerning our comments or recommendations, please contact Jennifer Ross, Architectural Historian, by phone at 850.245.6333, or via electronic mail at jross@dos.state.fl.us.

Sincerely,



Laura A. Kammerer
Deputy State Historic Preservation Officer
For Review and Compliance

PC: Bob Gleason, FDOT District 5, Deland
Roy Jackson, FDOT CEMO, Tallahassee/#5500



FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF STATE
Kurt S. Browning
Secretary of State
DIVISION OF HISTORICAL RESOURCES

Mr. David C. Gibbs
Federal Highway Administration
545 John Knox Road, Suite 200
Tallahassee, FL 32303

September 5, 2008

RE: DHR Project File Number: 2008-5661
Received by DHR: July 25, 2008
Project: *I-75 from Moccasin Wallow Road to South of US 301 and
I-75 from South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue*
Financial Management Number: 419235-2 and 419235 3
County: Manatee and Hillsborough

Dear Mr. Gibbs:

Our office received and reviewed the above referenced project in accordance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 as amended, 36 CFR Part 800: Protection of Historic Properties, and Chapter 267, Florida Statutes. It is the responsibility of the State Historic Preservation Officer to advise and assist, as appropriate, Federal and State agencies in carrying out their historic preservation responsibilities; to cooperate with Federal and State agencies to ensure that historic properties are taken into consideration at all levels of planning and development; and to consult with the appropriate Federal agencies in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 as amended, on Federal undertakings that may affect historic properties and the content and sufficiency of any plans developed to protect, manage, or to reduce or mitigate harm to such properties.

Based on the information provided, we concur with the Research Design submitted to our office for the above referenced project. If you have any questions, please contact Sherry Anderson, Transportation Compliance Review Program, by email sanderson@dos.state.fl.us, or at 850-245-6432.

Sincerely,

Frederick P. Gaske, Director, and
State Historic Preservation Officer

500 S. Bronough Street • Tallahassee, FL 32399-0250 • <http://www.flheritage.com>

Director's Office
(850) 245-6300 • FAX: 245-6436

Archaeological Research
(850) 245-6444 • FAX: 245-6452

Historic Preservation
(850) 245-6333 • FAX: 245-6437



Miccosukee Tribe of Indians of Florida

00010 00 2:54PM

Business Council Members

Billy Cypress, Chairman

Jasper Nelson, Ass't. Chairman
Max Billie, Treasurer

Andrew Bert Sr., Secretary
William M. Osceola, Lawmaker

August 14, 2008

Mr. David Gibbs, Acting Division Administrator
USDOT - FHWA
Florida Division
545 John Knox Road, Suite 200
Tallahassee, FL 32303

RE: HPO-FL I-75 Research Design

Dear Mr. Gibbs:

The Miccosukee Tribe of Indians of Florida received your letter concerning preliminary engineering and environmental studies of 2 segments of I-75 between Moccasin Wallow Road and North of Fletcher Avenue. We have reviewed the Research design for the Cultural Resource Assessment Survey ("CRAS") and find no fault with it. If the CRAS shows that no Cultural Resources will be impacted by this project, then no further consultation with the Tribe is necessary, and we will not need a copy of the CRAS. If the CRAS shows that there will be impacts to cultural resources by this project, then further consultation with the Tribe is necessary, and we will want to review the CRAS.

Thank you for consulting with the Miccosukee Tribe. Please contact me at the below number or via e-mail at Stevet@miccosukeetribe.com if you require additional information.

Sincerely,

Steve Terry
NAGPRA & Section 106 Representative

**APPENDIX B
FMSF Forms**

- Original
- Update



ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI99
 Field Date 11 / 10 / 08
 Form Date 12 / 10 / 08
 Recorder # _____

Consult Guide to Archaeological Site Form for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) Landfill Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
 Project Name I-75 PD&E US 301 to Fletcher Survey # (DHR only) _____
 Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

USGS 7.5 Map Name & Date Thonotosassa 1977 Plat or Other Map _____
 City/Town (within 3 miles) Temple Terrace In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough
 Township 28S Range 19E Section 12&13 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: also 28S,20E, 7&18
 Landgrant _____ Tax Parcel # _____
 UTM Coordinates: Zone 16 17 Easting _____ 0 Northing _____ 0
 Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____
 Address / Vicinity / Route to _____
 Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

TYPE OF SITE (check all that apply)

SETTING *	STRUCTURES OR FEATURES *	FUNCTION *
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Land (<i>terrestrial</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Lake/Pond (<i>lacustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> River/Stream/Creek (<i>riverine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Tidal (<i>estuarine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Saltwater (<i>marine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Wetland (<i>palustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> usually flooded <input type="checkbox"/> usually dry <input type="checkbox"/> Cave/Sink (<i>subterranean</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> terrestrial <input type="checkbox"/> aquatic	<input type="checkbox"/> aboriginal boat <input type="checkbox"/> agr/c/farm building <input type="checkbox"/> burial mound <input type="checkbox"/> building remains <input type="checkbox"/> cemetery/grave <input type="checkbox"/> dump/refuse <input type="checkbox"/> earthworks <input type="checkbox"/> fort <input type="checkbox"/> midden <input type="checkbox"/> mill <input type="checkbox"/> mission <input type="checkbox"/> mound, nonspecific <input type="checkbox"/> plantation <input type="checkbox"/> platform mound <input type="checkbox"/> road segment <input type="checkbox"/> shell midden <input type="checkbox"/> shell mound <input type="checkbox"/> shipwreck <input type="checkbox"/> subsurface features <input type="checkbox"/> surface scatter <input type="checkbox"/> well	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> campsite <input type="checkbox"/> extractive site <input type="checkbox"/> habitation (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> homestead (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> farmstead <input type="checkbox"/> village (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> town (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> quarry
<input type="checkbox"/> Other settings, structures, features or functions _____		

CULTURE PERIODS (check all that apply)

ABORIGINAL *	NON-ABORIGINAL *
<input type="checkbox"/> Alachua <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Early <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Middle <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade <input type="checkbox"/> Cades Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Caloosahatchee <input type="checkbox"/> Deptford <input type="checkbox"/> Englewood <input type="checkbox"/> Fort Walton <input type="checkbox"/> Glades (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Glades I <input type="checkbox"/> Glades II <input type="checkbox"/> Glades III <input type="checkbox"/> Hickory Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Leon-Jefferson <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar I <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar II <input type="checkbox"/> Manasota <input type="checkbox"/> Mississippian <input type="checkbox"/> Mount Taylor <input type="checkbox"/> Norwood <input type="checkbox"/> Orange <input type="checkbox"/> Paleoindian <input type="checkbox"/> Pensacola <input type="checkbox"/> Perico Island <input type="checkbox"/> Safety Harbor <input type="checkbox"/> St. Augustine	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns I <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns II <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa-Swift Creek <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: Colonization <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 1st War To 2nd <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 2nd War To 3rd <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 3rd War & After <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Early <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Transitional <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island I <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island II <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric non-ceramic <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric ceramic <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1513-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1600-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1700-1763 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> British 1763-1783 <input type="checkbox"/> Second Spanish 1783-1821 <input type="checkbox"/> American Territorial 1821-45 <input type="checkbox"/> American Civil War 1861-65 <input type="checkbox"/> American 19th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American 20th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> African-American
<input type="checkbox"/> Other (List less common phases or specific sub-phases. For historic sites, give specific dates if known.) _____	

* Consult *Guide to Archaeological Site Form* for preferred descriptions not listed above (data are coded fields).

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Potentially eligible individually for National Register of Historic Places? yes no insufficient information
 Potentially eligible as contributor to a National Register district? yes no insufficient information
 Explanation of Evaluation (required if evaluated; use separate sheet if needed) limited artifact density & diversity, site extensively disturbed within the APE; low research potential within the APE

 Recommendations for Owner or SHPO Action no additional investigations within the APE

DHR USE ONLY	OFFICIAL EVALUATION	DHR USE ONLY
NR List Date _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin</i> 15, p. 2)	Date ____/____/____ Init. _____ Date ____/____/____

FIELD METHODS (check all that apply)

- SITE DETECTION* and SITE BOUNDARIES* checkboxes including no field check, literature search, exposed ground, screened shovel, etc.

Other methods; number, size, depth, pattern of units; screen size (attach site plan) 52 ST, 6 positive; 10, 25 & 50 m intervals as well as judgmentally placed; 50 cm diameter, 1 m deep, 6.4 mm mesh screen many of the shovel tests revealed disturbance to a meter in depth

SITE DESCRIPTION

Extent Size (m2) Depth/stratigraphy of cultural deposit artifacts @ 20-100 cmbs 0-40 cm dark gray sand, 40-100 cm light brown sand

Temporal Interpretation - Components (check one): [x] single component [] multiple component [] uncertain Describe each occupation in plan (refer to attached large scale map) and stratigraphically. Discuss temporal and functional interpretations:

Integrity - Overall disturbance*: [] none seen [] minor [] substantial [x] major [] redeposited [] destroyed-document! [] unknown Disturbances / threats / protective measures road construction / road construction / none

Surface collection: area collected m2 # collection units Excavation: # noncontiguous blocks

ARTIFACTS

Total Artifacts # 17c (C)ount or (E)stimate? Surface # 0c (C) or (E) Subsurface # 17c (C) or (E)

COLLECTION SELECTIVITY* and ARTIFACT CATEGORIES* and DISPOSITIONS* sections with checkboxes for unknown, unselective, selective, mixed selectivity, and various artifact categories like bone-animal, lithics-aboriginal, etc.

Disposition List* table with categories: A - category always collected, S - some items in category collected, O - observed first hand, but not collected, R - collected and subsequently left at site, I - informant reported category present, U - unknown

Artifact Comments 17 chert flakes

DIAGNOSTICS (type or mode, and frequency: e.g., Suwanee ppk, heat-treated chert, Deptford Check-stamped, ironstone/whiteware)

- 1. thermal alteration N= 8 4. N= 7. N=
2. N= 5. N= 8. N=
3. N= 6. N= 9. N=

ENVIRONMENT

Nearest fresh water type* & name (incl. relict source) Distance (m)/bearing
Natural community (FNAI category* or leave blank)
Local vegetation
Topography* Min Elevation meters Max Elevation meters
Present land use
SCS soil series Soil association

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible: For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.

project documentation on file ACI P08030 artifacts and copy of notes to be turned over to FDOT for curation Manuscripts or Publications on the site (use separate sheet if needed, give FMSF# if relevant) ACI (2009) Cultural Resource Assessment Survey PD&E Study I-75 from South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough County, Florida

RECORDER & INFORMANT INFORMATION

Informant Information (name / address / phone / affiliation)

Recorder Information (name / address / phone / affiliation) Horvath, Elizabeth A., 98 Hickorywood Dr., Crawfordville, FL 32327 Archaeological Consultants, Inc., 850-926-9285, acinorth@comcast.net

Required Attachments 1 PHOTOCOPY OF 7.5' USGS QUAD MAP WITH SITE BOUNDARIES MARKED and SITE PLAN Plan at 1:3,600 or larger. Show boundaries, scale, north arrow, test/collection units, landmarks and date.

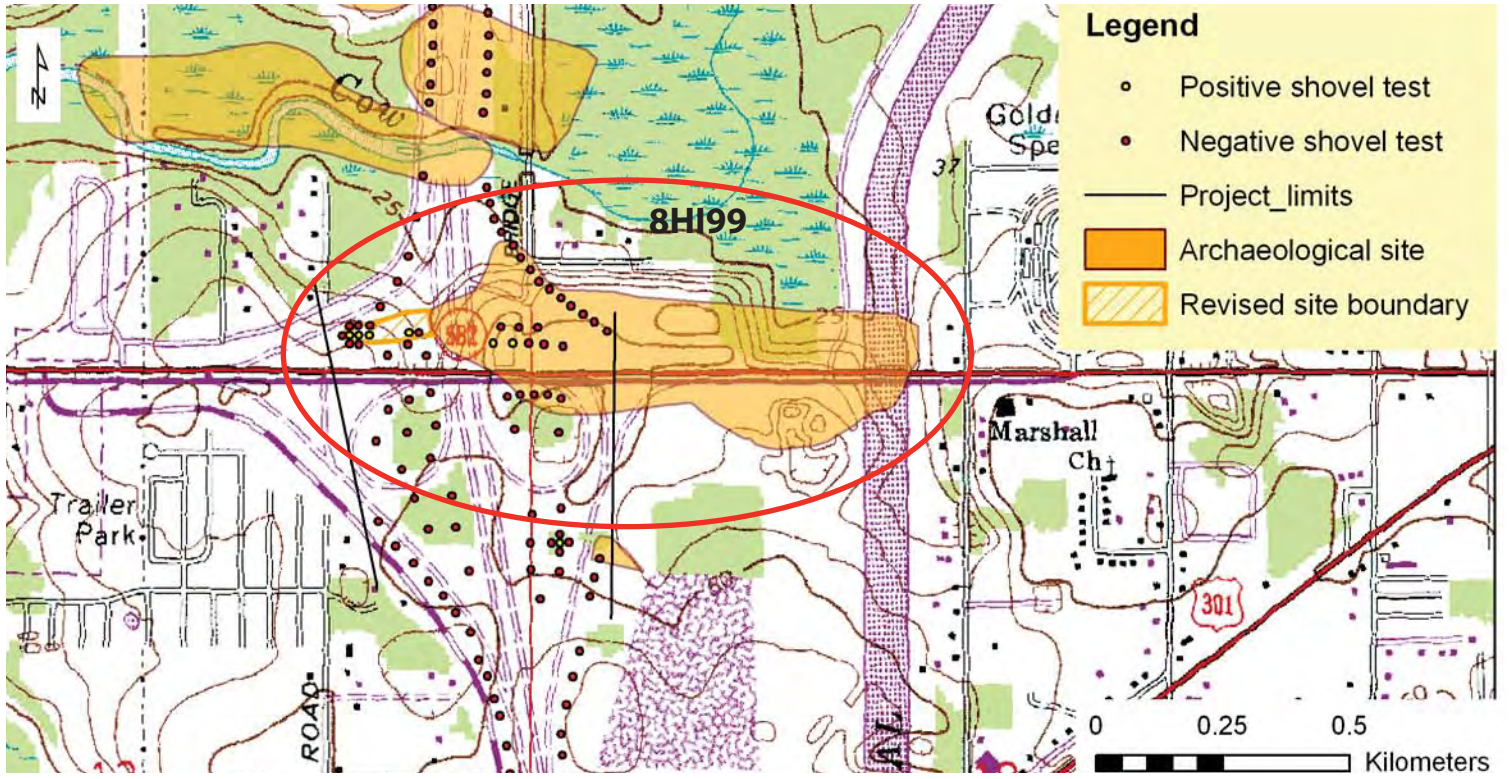


USGS MAP

Thonotosassa 1977

Township 28 South, Range 19 East, Sections 12 & 13

Township 28 South, Range 20 East, Sections 7 & 18



- Original
- Update



ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI392
 Field Date 11 / 11 / 08
 Form Date 12 / 10 / 08
 Recorder # _____

Consult Guide to Archaeological Site Form for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) Cow House Slough Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
 Project Name I-75 PD&E US 301 to Fletcher Survey # (DHR only) _____
 Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

USGS 7.5 Map Name & Date Thonotosassa 1977 Plat or Other Map _____
 City/Town (within 3 miles) Temple Terrace In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough
 Township 28S Range 19E Section 12 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: _____
 Landgrant _____ Tax Parcel # _____
 UTM Coordinates: Zone 16 17 Easting _____ 0 Northing _____ 0
 Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____
 Address / Vicinity / Route to _____
 Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

TYPE OF SITE (check all that apply)

SETTING *	STRUCTURES OR FEATURES *	FUNCTION *
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Land (<i>terrestrial</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Lake/Pond (<i>lacustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> River/Stream/Creek (<i>riverine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Tidal (<i>estuarine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Saltwater (<i>marine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Wetland (<i>palustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> usually flooded <input type="checkbox"/> usually dry <input type="checkbox"/> Cave/Sink (<i>subterranean</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> terrestrial <input type="checkbox"/> aquatic	<input type="checkbox"/> aboriginal boat <input type="checkbox"/> agr/c/farm building <input type="checkbox"/> burial mound <input type="checkbox"/> building remains <input type="checkbox"/> cemetery/grave <input type="checkbox"/> dump/refuse <input type="checkbox"/> earthworks <input type="checkbox"/> fort <input type="checkbox"/> midden <input type="checkbox"/> mill <input type="checkbox"/> mission <input type="checkbox"/> mound, nonspecific <input type="checkbox"/> plantation <input type="checkbox"/> platform mound <input type="checkbox"/> road segment <input type="checkbox"/> shell midden <input type="checkbox"/> shell mound <input type="checkbox"/> shipwreck <input type="checkbox"/> subsurface features <input type="checkbox"/> surface scatter <input type="checkbox"/> well	<input type="checkbox"/> campsite <input type="checkbox"/> extractive site <input type="checkbox"/> habitation (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> homestead (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> farmstead <input type="checkbox"/> village (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> town (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> quarry
<input type="checkbox"/> Other settings, structures, features or functions _____		

CULTURE PERIODS (check all that apply)

ABORIGINAL *	NON-ABORIGINAL *
<input type="checkbox"/> Alachua <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Early <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Middle <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade <input type="checkbox"/> Cades Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Caloosahatchee <input type="checkbox"/> Deptford <input type="checkbox"/> Englewood <input type="checkbox"/> Fort Walton <input type="checkbox"/> Glades (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Glades I <input type="checkbox"/> Glades II <input type="checkbox"/> Glades III <input type="checkbox"/> Hickory Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Leon-Jefferson <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar I <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar II <input type="checkbox"/> Manasota <input type="checkbox"/> Mississippian <input type="checkbox"/> Mount Taylor <input type="checkbox"/> Norwood <input type="checkbox"/> Orange <input type="checkbox"/> Paleoindian <input type="checkbox"/> Pensacola <input type="checkbox"/> Perico Island <input type="checkbox"/> Safety Harbor <input type="checkbox"/> St. Augustine	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns I <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns II <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa-Swift Creek <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: Colonization <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 1st War To 2nd <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 2nd War To 3rd <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 3rd War & After <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Early <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Transitional <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island I <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island II <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric non-ceramic <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric ceramic <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1513-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1600-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1700-1763 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> British 1763-1783 <input type="checkbox"/> Second Spanish 1783-1821 <input type="checkbox"/> American Territorial 1821-45 <input type="checkbox"/> American Civil War 1861-65 <input type="checkbox"/> American 19th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American 20th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> African-American
<input type="checkbox"/> Other (List less common phases or specific sub-phases. For historic sites, give specific dates if known.) _____	

* Consult *Guide to Archaeological Site Form* for preferred descriptions not listed above (data are coded fields).

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Potentially eligible individually for National Register of Historic Places? yes no insufficient information
 Potentially eligible as contributor to a National Register district? yes no insufficient information
 Explanation of Evaluation (required if evaluated; use separate sheet if needed) no evidence of site discovered within the APE

 Recommendations for Owner or SHPO Action no additional investigations within the APE

DHR USE ONLY	OFFICIAL EVALUATION	DHR USE ONLY
NR List Date _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin</i> 15, p. 2)	Date ____/____/____ Init. _____ Date ____/____/____

FIELD METHODS (check all that apply)

SITE DETECTION*

- no field check, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, exposed ground, posthole digger, auger--size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel

SITE BOUNDARIES*

- bounds unknown, none by recorder, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, insp exposed ground, posthole tests, auger--size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel, block excavations, estimate or guess

Other methods; number, size, depth, pattern of units; screen size (attach site plan) 2 ST, 0 positive; judgmentally placed 50 cm diameter, 1 m deep, 6.4 mm mesh screen all shovel tests revealed fill deposits

SITE DESCRIPTION

Extent Size (m2) Depth/stratigraphy of cultural deposit

Temporal Interpretation - Components (check one): single component, multiple component, uncertain

Describe each occupation in plan (refer to attached large scale map) and stratigraphically. Discuss temporal and functional interpretations:

Integrity - Overall disturbance*: none seen, minor, substantial, major, redeposited, destroyed-document!, unknown Disturbances / threats / protective measures road construction / road construction / none

Surface collection: area collected m2 # collection units Excavation: # noncontiguous blocks

ARTIFACTS

Total Artifacts # 0c (C)ount or (E)stimate? Surface # 0c (C) or (E) Subsurface # 0c (C) or (E)

COLLECTION SELECTIVITY*

- unknown, unselective (all artifacts), selective (some artifacts), mixed selectivity

SPATIAL CONTROL*

- uncollected, unknown, Other, general (not by subarea), controlled (by subarea), variable spatial control

ARTIFACT CATEGORIES* and DISPOSITIONS*

Pick exactly one code from Disposition List => => =>

- bone-animal, bone-human, bone-unspecified, bone-worked, brick/building debris, ceramic-aboriginal, ceramic-nonaboriginal, daub, exotic-nonlocal, glass, lithics-aboriginal, metal-nonprecious, metal-precious/coin, shell-unworked, shell-worked, Others:

(example: A - bone-human)

Disposition List*

- A - category always collected, S - some items in category collected, O - observed first hand, but not collected, R - collected and subsequently left at site, I - informant reported category present, U - unknown

Artifact Comments no artifacts recovered

DIAGNOSTICS (type or mode, and frequency: e.g., Suwanee ppk, heat-treated chert, Deptford Check-stamped, ironstone/whiteware)

- 1. N= 4. N= 7. N= 2. N= 5. N= 8. N= 3. N= 6. N= 9. N=

ENVIRONMENT

Nearest fresh water type* & name (incl. relict source) Distance (m)/bearing

Natural community (FNAI category* or leave blank)

Local vegetation

Topography* Min Elevation meters Max Elevation meters

Present land use

SCS soil series Soil association

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible: For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.

project documentation on file ACI P08030

artifacts and copy of notes to be turned over to FDOT for curation

Manuscripts or Publications on the site (use separate sheet if needed, give FMSF# if relevant) ACI (2009) Cultural Resource Assessment

Survey PD&E Study I-75 from South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough County, Florida

RECORDER & INFORMANT INFORMATION

Informant Information (name / address / phone / affiliation)

Recorder Information (name / address / phone / affiliation) Horvath, Elizabeth A., 98 Hickorywood Dr., Crawfordville, FL 32327

Archaeological Consultants, Inc., 850-926-9285, acinorth@comcast.net

Required Attachments

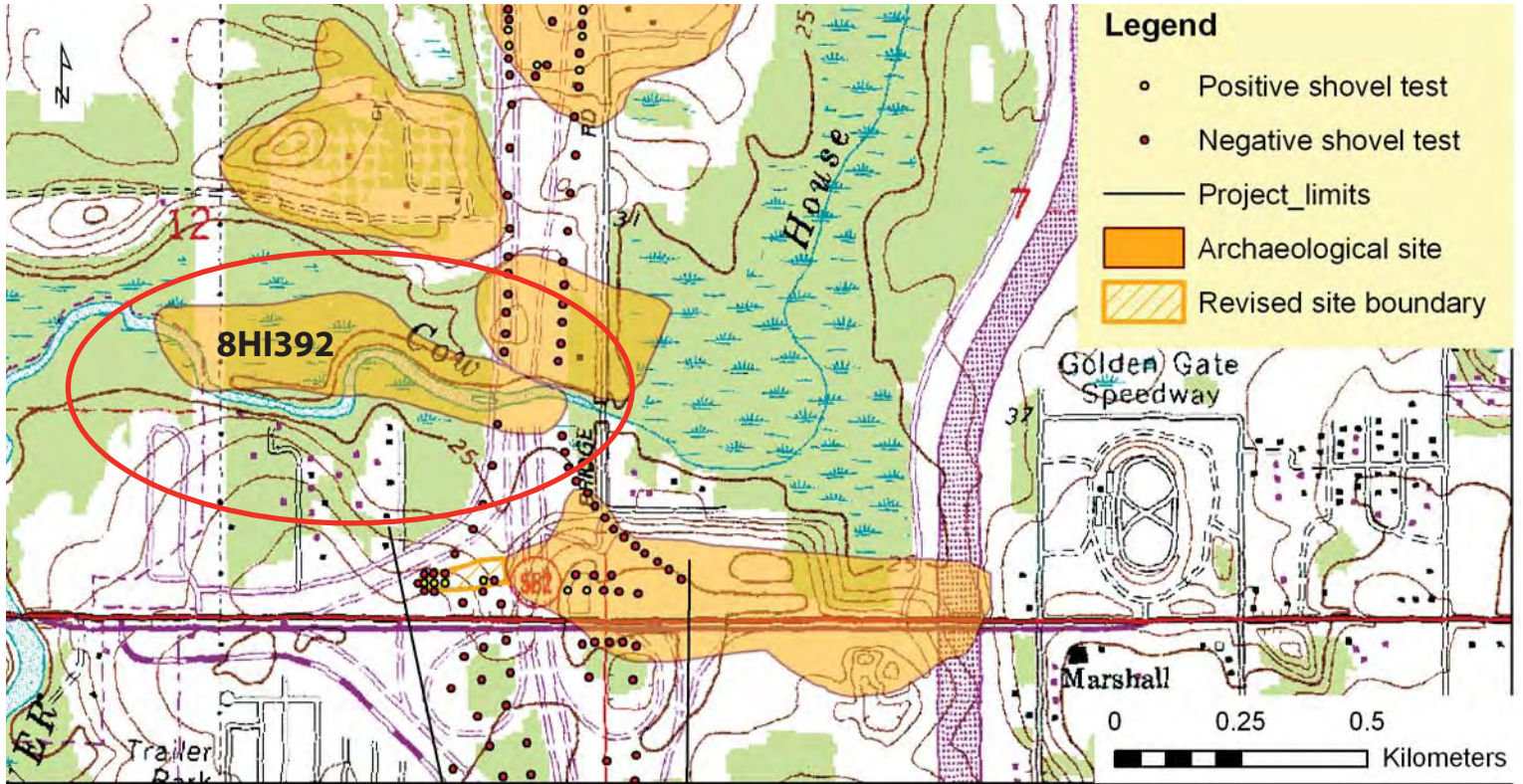
PHOTOCOPY OF 7.5' USGS QUAD MAP WITH SITE BOUNDARIES MARKED and SITE PLAN Plan at 1:3,600 or larger. Show boundaries, scale, north arrow, test/collection units, landmarks and date.



USGS MAP

Thonotosassa 1977

Township 28 South, Range 19 East, Section 12



- Original
- Update



ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI450
 Field Date 11 / 17 / 08
 Form Date 12 / 10 / 08
 Recorder # _____

Consult Guide to Archaeological Site Form for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) Powerline A Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
 Project Name I-75 PD&E US 301 to Fletcher Survey # (DHR only) _____
 Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

USGS 7.5 Map Name & Date Thonotosassa 1977 Plat or Other Map _____
 City/Town (within 3 miles) Temple Terrace In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough
 Township 28S Range 19E Section 1&12 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: _____
 Landgrant _____ Tax Parcel # _____
 UTM Coordinates: Zone 16 17 Easting _____ 0 Northing _____ 0
 Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____
 Address / Vicinity / Route to _____
 Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

TYPE OF SITE (check all that apply)

SETTING *	STRUCTURES OR FEATURES *	FUNCTION *
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Land (<i>terrestrial</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Lake/Pond (<i>lacustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> River/Stream/Creek (<i>riverine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Tidal (<i>estuarine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Saltwater (<i>marine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Wetland (<i>palustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> usually flooded <input type="checkbox"/> usually dry <input type="checkbox"/> Cave/Sink (<i>subterranean</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> terrestrial <input type="checkbox"/> aquatic	<input type="checkbox"/> aboriginal boat <input type="checkbox"/> agr/c/farm building <input type="checkbox"/> burial mound <input type="checkbox"/> building remains <input type="checkbox"/> cemetery/grave <input type="checkbox"/> dump/refuse <input type="checkbox"/> earthworks <input type="checkbox"/> fort <input type="checkbox"/> midden <input type="checkbox"/> mill <input type="checkbox"/> mission <input type="checkbox"/> mound, nonspecific <input type="checkbox"/> plantation <input type="checkbox"/> platform mound <input type="checkbox"/> road segment <input type="checkbox"/> shell midden <input type="checkbox"/> shell mound <input type="checkbox"/> shipwreck <input type="checkbox"/> subsurface features <input type="checkbox"/> surface scatter <input type="checkbox"/> well	<input type="checkbox"/> campsite <input type="checkbox"/> extractive site <input type="checkbox"/> habitation (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> homestead (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> farmstead <input type="checkbox"/> village (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> town (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> quarry
<input type="checkbox"/> Other settings, structures, features or functions _____		

CULTURE PERIODS (check all that apply)

ABORIGINAL *	NON-ABORIGINAL *
<input type="checkbox"/> Alachua <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Early <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Middle <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade <input type="checkbox"/> Cades Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Caloosahatchee <input type="checkbox"/> Deptford <input type="checkbox"/> Englewood <input type="checkbox"/> Fort Walton <input type="checkbox"/> Glades (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Glades I <input type="checkbox"/> Glades II <input type="checkbox"/> Glades III <input type="checkbox"/> Hickory Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Leon-Jefferson <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar I <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar II <input type="checkbox"/> Manasota <input type="checkbox"/> Mississippian <input type="checkbox"/> Mount Taylor <input type="checkbox"/> Norwood <input type="checkbox"/> Orange <input type="checkbox"/> Paleoindian <input type="checkbox"/> Pensacola <input type="checkbox"/> Perico Island <input type="checkbox"/> Safety Harbor <input type="checkbox"/> St. Augustine	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns I <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns II <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa-Swift Creek <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: Colonization <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 1st War To 2nd <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 2nd War To 3rd <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 3rd War & After <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Early <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Transitional <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island I <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island II <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric non-ceramic <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric ceramic <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1513-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1600-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1700-1763 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> British 1763-1783 <input type="checkbox"/> Second Spanish 1783-1821 <input type="checkbox"/> American Territorial 1821-45 <input type="checkbox"/> American Civil War 1861-65 <input type="checkbox"/> American 19th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American 20th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> African-American
<input type="checkbox"/> Other (List less common phases or specific sub-phases. For historic sites, give specific dates if known.) _____	

* Consult *Guide to Archaeological Site Form* for preferred descriptions not listed above (data are coded fields).

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Potentially eligible individually for National Register of Historic Places? yes no insufficient information
 Potentially eligible as contributor to a National Register district? yes no insufficient information
 Explanation of Evaluation (required if evaluated; use separate sheet if needed) no evidence of site discovered within the APE

 Recommendations for Owner or SHPO Action no additional investigations within the APE

DHR USE ONLY	OFFICIAL EVALUATION	DHR USE ONLY
NR List Date _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin</i> 15, p. 2)	Date _____ / _____ / _____ Init. _____ Date _____ / _____ / _____

FIELD METHODS (check all that apply)

SITE DETECTION*

- no field check, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, exposed ground, posthole digger, auger--size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel

SITE BOUNDARIES*

- bounds unknown, none by recorder, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, insp exposed ground, posthole tests, auger--size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel, block excavations, estimate or guess

Other methods; number, size, depth, pattern of units; screen size (attach site plan) 5 ST, 0 positive; 25 m internal and judgmental 50 cm diameter, 1 m deep, 6.4 mm mesh screen

SITE DESCRIPTION

Extent Size (m^2) Depth/stratigraphy of cultural deposit

Temporal Interpretation - Components (check one): single component, multiple component, uncertain

Describe each occupation in plan (refer to attached large scale map) and stratigraphically. Discuss temporal and functional interpretations:

Integrity - Overall disturbance*: none seen, minor, substantial, major, redeposited, destroyed-document!, unknown
Disturbances / threats / protective measures road construction / road construction / none

Surface collection: area collected m^2 # collection units Excavation: # noncontiguous blocks

ARTIFACTS

Total Artifacts # 0c (C)ount or (E)stimate? Surface # 0c (C) or (E) Subsurface # 0c (C) or (E)

COLLECTION SELECTIVITY*

- unknown, unselective (all artifacts), selective (some artifacts), mixed selectivity

SPATIAL CONTROL*

- uncollected, unknown, Other, general (not by subarea), controlled (by subarea), variable spatial control

ARTIFACT CATEGORIES* and DISPOSITIONS*

Pick exactly one code from Disposition List => => =>

- bone-animal, bone-human, bone-unspecified, bone-worked, brick/building debris, ceramic-aboriginal, ceramic-nonaboriginal, daub, exotic-nonlocal, glass, lithics-aboriginal, metal-nonprecious, metal-precious/coin, shell-unworked, shell-worked, Others:

(example: A - bone-human)

Disposition List*

- A - category always collected, S - some items in category collected, O - observed first hand, but not collected, R - collected and subsequently left at site, I - informant reported category present, U - unknown

Artifact Comments no artifacts recovered

DIAGNOSTICS (type or mode, and frequency: e.g., Suwanee ppk, heat-treated chert, Deptford Check-stamped, ironstone/whiteware)

- 1. N= 4. N= 7. N=
2. N= 5. N= 8. N=
3. N= 6. N= 9. N=

ENVIRONMENT

Nearest fresh water type* & name (incl. relict source) Distance (m)/bearing

Natural community (FNAI category* or leave blank)

Local vegetation

Topography* Min Elevation meters Max Elevation meters

Present land use

SCS soil series Soil association

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible: For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.

project documentation on file ACI P08030

artifacts and copy of notes to be turned over to FDOT for curation

Manuscripts or Publications on the site (use separate sheet if needed, give FMSF# if relevant) ACI (2009) Cultural Resource Assessment

Survey PD&E Study I-75 from South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough County, Florida

RECORDER & INFORMANT INFORMATION

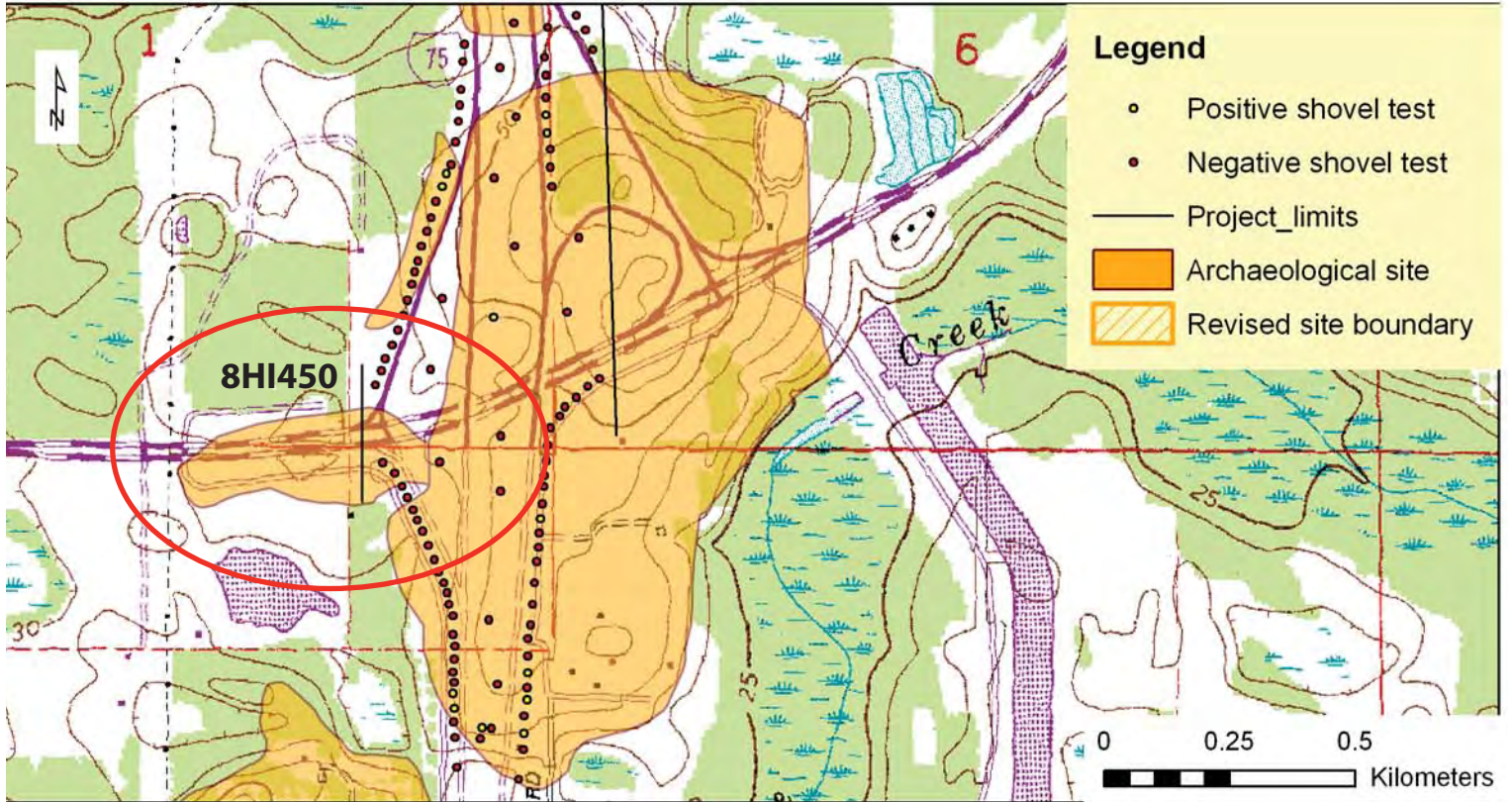
Informant Information (name / address / phone / affiliation)

Recorder Information (name / address / phone / affiliation) Horvath, Elizabeth A., 98 Hickorywood Dr., Crawfordville, FL 32327

Archaeological Consultants, Inc., 850-926-9285, acinorth@comcast.net

Required Attachments

PHOTOCOPY OF 7.5' USGS QUAD MAP WITH SITE BOUNDARIES MARKED and SITE PLAN Plan at 1:3,600 or larger. Show boundaries, scale, north arrow, test/collection units, landmarks and date.



- Original
- Update



ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI472
 Field Date 11 / 12 / 08
 Form Date 12 / 10 / 08
 Recorder # _____

Consult Guide to Archaeological Site Form for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) Wetherington Ridge Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
 Project Name I-75 PD&E US 301 to Fletcher Survey # (DHR only) _____
 Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

USGS 7.5 Map Name & Date Thonotosassa 1977 Plat or Other Map _____
 City/Town (within 3 miles) Temple Terrace In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough
 Township 28S Range 19E Section 1&12 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: also T28S, R20E, 6&7
 Landgrant _____ Tax Parcel # _____
 UTM Coordinates: Zone 16 17 Easting _____ 0 Northing _____ 0
 Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____
 Address / Vicinity / Route to _____
 Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

TYPE OF SITE (check all that apply)

SETTING *	STRUCTURES OR FEATURES *	FUNCTION *
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Land (<i>terrestrial</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Lake/Pond (<i>lacustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> River/Stream/Creek (<i>riverine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Tidal (<i>estuarine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Saltwater (<i>marine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Wetland (<i>palustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> usually flooded <input type="checkbox"/> usually dry <input type="checkbox"/> Cave/Sink (<i>subterranean</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> terrestrial <input type="checkbox"/> aquatic	<input type="checkbox"/> aboriginal boat <input type="checkbox"/> agr/c/farm building <input type="checkbox"/> burial mound <input type="checkbox"/> building remains <input type="checkbox"/> cemetery/grave <input type="checkbox"/> dump/refuse <input type="checkbox"/> earthworks <input type="checkbox"/> fort <input type="checkbox"/> midden <input type="checkbox"/> mill <input type="checkbox"/> mission <input type="checkbox"/> mound, nonspecific <input type="checkbox"/> plantation <input type="checkbox"/> platform mound <input type="checkbox"/> road segment <input type="checkbox"/> shell midden <input type="checkbox"/> shell mound <input type="checkbox"/> shipwreck <input type="checkbox"/> subsurface features <input type="checkbox"/> surface scatter <input type="checkbox"/> well	<input type="checkbox"/> campsite <input type="checkbox"/> extractive site <input type="checkbox"/> habitation (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> homestead (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> farmstead <input type="checkbox"/> village (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> town (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> quarry
<input type="checkbox"/> Other settings, structures, features or functions _____		

CULTURE PERIODS (check all that apply)

ABORIGINAL *	NON-ABORIGINAL *
<input type="checkbox"/> Alachua <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Early <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Middle <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade <input type="checkbox"/> Cades Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Caloosahatchee <input type="checkbox"/> Deptford <input type="checkbox"/> Englewood <input type="checkbox"/> Fort Walton <input type="checkbox"/> Glades (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Glades I <input type="checkbox"/> Glades II <input type="checkbox"/> Glades III <input type="checkbox"/> Hickory Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Leon-Jefferson <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar I <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar II <input type="checkbox"/> Manasota <input type="checkbox"/> Mississippian <input type="checkbox"/> Mount Taylor <input type="checkbox"/> Norwood <input type="checkbox"/> Orange <input type="checkbox"/> Paleoindian <input type="checkbox"/> Pensacola <input type="checkbox"/> Perico Island <input type="checkbox"/> Safety Harbor <input type="checkbox"/> St. Augustine	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns I <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns II <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa-Swift Creek <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: Colonization <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 1st War To 2nd <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 2nd War To 3rd <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 3rd War & After <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Early <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Transitional <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island I <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island II <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric non-ceramic <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric ceramic <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1513-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1600-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1700-1763 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> British 1763-1783 <input type="checkbox"/> Second Spanish 1783-1821 <input type="checkbox"/> American Territorial 1821-45 <input type="checkbox"/> American Civil War 1861-65 <input type="checkbox"/> American 19th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American 20th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> African-American
<input type="checkbox"/> Other (List less common phases or specific sub-phases. For historic sites, give specific dates if known.) _____	

* Consult *Guide to Archaeological Site Form* for preferred descriptions not listed above (data are coded fields).

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Potentially eligible individually for National Register of Historic Places? yes no insufficient information
 Potentially eligible as contributor to a National Register district? yes no insufficient information
 Explanation of Evaluation (required if evaluated; use separate sheet if needed) low artifact density & diversity, low research potential as contained within the APE

 Recommendations for Owner or SHPO Action no additional investigations within the APE

DHR USE ONLY	OFFICIAL EVALUATION	DHR USE ONLY
NR List Date _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin</i> 15, p. 2)	Date _____ Init. _____ Date _____

FIELD METHODS (check all that apply)

SITE DETECTION* SITE BOUNDARIES*
no field check, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, exposed ground, posthole digger, auger--size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel, bounds unknown, none by recorder, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, insp exposed ground, posthole tests, auger--size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel, block excavations, estimate or guess

Other methods; number, size, depth, pattern of units; screen size (attach site plan) 85 ST, 11 positive; 25 & 50 m intervals as well as judgmentally placed; 50 cm diameter, 1 m deep, 6.4 mm mesh screen

SITE DESCRIPTION

Extent Size (m2) Depth/stratigraphy of cultural deposit artifacts @ 20-80 cmbs
0-30 cm gray brown sand, 30-100 cm light brown sand

Temporal Interpretation - Components (check one): single component, multiple component, uncertain
Describe each occupation in plan (refer to attached large scale map) and stratigraphically. Discuss temporal and functional interpretations:

Integrity - Overall disturbance*: none seen, minor, substantial, major, redeposited, destroyed-document!, unknown
Disturbances / threats / protective measures road construction / road construction / none

Surface collection: area collected m2 # collection units Excavation: # noncontiguous blocks

ARTIFACTS

Total Artifacts # 28c (C)ount or (E)stimate? Surface # 0c (C) or (E) Subsurface # 28c (C) or (E)

COLLECTION SELECTIVITY* ARTIFACT CATEGORIES* and DISPOSITIONS*
unknown, unselective, selective, mixed selectivity, uncollected, general, controlled, variable spatial control, Other
bone-animal, bone-human, bone-unspecified, bone-worked, brick/building debris, ceramic-aboriginal, ceramic-nonaboriginal, daub, exotic-nonlocal, glass, lithics-aboriginal, metal-nonprecious, metal-precious/coin, shell-unworked, shell-worked, Others

Disposition List*
A - category always collected
S - some items in category collected
O - observed first hand, but not collected
R - collected and subsequently left at site
I - informant reported category present
U - unknown

Artifact Comments 1 chert core, 1 coral flake, 26 chert flakes

DIAGNOSTICS (type or mode, and frequency: e.g., Suwanee ppk, heat-treated chert, Deptford Check-stamped, ironstone/whiteware)
1. thermal alteration N= 11 4. N= 7. N=
2. N= 5. N= 8. N=
3. N= 6. N= 9. N=

ENVIRONMENT

Nearest fresh water type* & name (incl. relict source) Distance (m)/bearing
Natural community (FNAI category* or leave blank)
Local vegetation
Topography* Min Elevation meters Max Elevation meters
Present land use
SCS soil series Soil association

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible: For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.
project documentation on file ACI P08030
artifacts and copy of notes to be turned over to FDOT for curation
Manuscripts or Publications on the site (use separate sheet if needed, give FMSF# if relevant) ACI (2009) Cultural Resource Assessment Survey PD&E Study I-75 from South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough County, Florida

RECORDER & INFORMANT INFORMATION

Informant Information (name / address / phone / affiliation)
Recorder Information (name / address / phone / affiliation) Horvath, Elizabeth A., 98 Hickorywood Dr., Crawfordville, FL 32327
Archaeological Consultants, Inc., 850-926-9285, acinorth@comcast.net

Required Attachments 1 PHOTOCOPY OF 7.5' USGS QUAD MAP WITH SITE BOUNDARIES MARKED and SITE PLAN
Plan at 1:3,600 or larger. Show boundaries, scale, north arrow, test/collection units, landmarks and date.

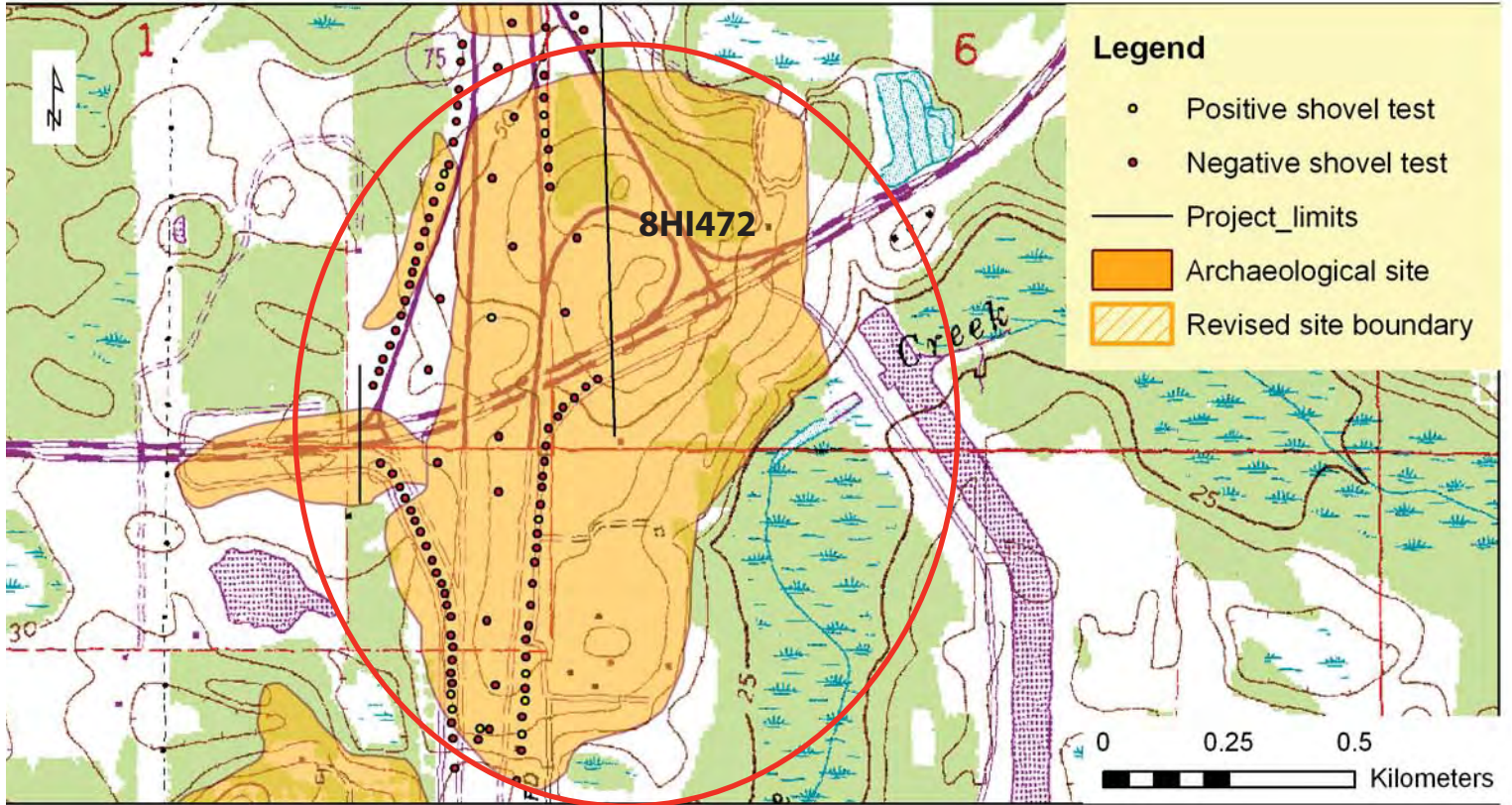


USGS MAP

Thonotosassa 1977

Township 28 South, Range 19 East, Sections 1 & 12

Township 28 South, Range 20 East, Sections 6 & 7



- Original
- Update



ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI473
 Field Date 11 / 17 / 8
 Form Date 12 / 10 / 08
 Recorder # _____

Consult Guide to Archaeological Site Form for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) Wetherington Island Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
 Project Name I-75 PD&E US 301 to Fletcher Survey # (DHR only) _____
 Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

USGS 7.5 Map Name & Date Thonotosassa 1977 Plat or Other Map _____
 City/Town (within 3 miles) Temple Terrace In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough
 Township 28S Range 19E Section 12 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: also 28S, R20E, 7
 Landgrant _____ Tax Parcel # _____
 UTM Coordinates: Zone 16 17 Easting _____ 0 Northing _____ 0
 Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____
 Address / Vicinity / Route to _____
 Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

TYPE OF SITE (check all that apply)

<p>SETTING *</p> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Land (<i>terrestrial</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Wetland (<i>palustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Lake/Pond (<i>lacustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> usually flooded <input type="checkbox"/> River/Stream/Creek (<i>riverine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> usually dry <input type="checkbox"/> Tidal (<i>estuarine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Cave/Sink (<i>subterranean</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Saltwater (<i>marine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> terrestrial <input type="checkbox"/> aquatic	<p>STRUCTURES OR FEATURES *</p> <input type="checkbox"/> aboriginal boat <input type="checkbox"/> fort <input type="checkbox"/> road segment <input type="checkbox"/> agric/farm building <input type="checkbox"/> midden <input type="checkbox"/> shell midden <input type="checkbox"/> burial mound <input type="checkbox"/> mill <input type="checkbox"/> shell mound <input type="checkbox"/> building remains <input type="checkbox"/> mission <input type="checkbox"/> shipwreck <input type="checkbox"/> cemetery/grave <input type="checkbox"/> mound, nonspecific <input type="checkbox"/> subsurface features <input type="checkbox"/> dump/refuse <input type="checkbox"/> plantation <input type="checkbox"/> surface scatter <input type="checkbox"/> earthworks <input type="checkbox"/> platform mound <input type="checkbox"/> well	<p>FUNCTION *</p> <input type="checkbox"/> campsite <input type="checkbox"/> extractive site <input type="checkbox"/> habitation (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> homestead (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> farmstead <input type="checkbox"/> village (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> town (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> quarry
--	--	---

Other settings, structures, features or functions _____

CULTURE PERIODS (check all that apply)

<p>ABORIGINAL *</p> <input type="checkbox"/> Alachua <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Early <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Middle <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade <input type="checkbox"/> Cades Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Caloosahatchee <input type="checkbox"/> Deptford	<input type="checkbox"/> Englewood <input type="checkbox"/> Fort Walton <input type="checkbox"/> Glades (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Glades I <input type="checkbox"/> Glades II <input type="checkbox"/> Glades III <input type="checkbox"/> Hickory Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Leon-Jefferson <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar I <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar II	<input type="checkbox"/> Manasota <input type="checkbox"/> Mississippian <input type="checkbox"/> Mount Taylor <input type="checkbox"/> Norwood <input type="checkbox"/> Orange <input type="checkbox"/> Paleoindian <input type="checkbox"/> Pensacola <input type="checkbox"/> Perico Island <input type="checkbox"/> Safety Harbor <input type="checkbox"/> St. Augustine	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns I <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns II <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa-Swift Creek <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: Colonization <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 1st War To 2nd <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 2nd War To 3rd <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 3rd War & After	<input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Early <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Transitional <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island I <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island II <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric non-ceramic <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric ceramic	<p>NON-ABORIGINAL *</p> <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1513-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1600-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1700-1763 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> British 1763-1783 <input type="checkbox"/> Second Spanish 1783-1821 <input type="checkbox"/> American Territorial 1821-45 <input type="checkbox"/> American Civil War 1861-65 <input type="checkbox"/> American 19th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American 20th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> African-American
---	--	---	---	---	--

Other (List less common phases or specific sub-phases. For historic sites, give specific dates if known.) _____

* Consult *Guide to Archaeological Site Form* for preferred descriptions not listed above (data are coded fields).

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Potentially eligible individually for National Register of Historic Places? yes no insufficient information
 Potentially eligible as contributor to a National Register district? yes no insufficient information
 Explanation of Evaluation (required if evaluated; use separate sheet if needed) no evidence of site discovered within the APE

Recommendations for Owner or SHPO Action no additional investigations within the APE

DHR USE ONLY	OFFICIAL EVALUATION	DHR USE ONLY
NR List Date _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin</i> 15, p. 2)	Date ____/____/____ Init. _____ Date ____/____/____

FIELD METHODS (check all that apply)

SITE DETECTION* SITE BOUNDARIES*
no field check, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, exposed ground, posthole digger, auger--size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel, bounds unknown, none by recorder, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, insp exposed ground, posthole tests, auger--size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel, block excavations, estimate or guess

Other methods; number, size, depth, pattern of units; screen size (attach site plan) 12 ST, 0 positive; 50 & 100 m intervals
50 cm diameter, 1 m deep where possible; 6.4 mm mesh screen
all shovel tests revealed fill deposits

SITE DESCRIPTION

Extent Size (m2) Depth/stratigraphy of cultural deposit

Temporal Interpretation - Components (check one): single component, multiple component, uncertain
Describe each occupation in plan (refer to attached large scale map) and stratigraphically. Discuss temporal and functional interpretations:

Integrity - Overall disturbance*: none seen, minor, substantial, major, redeposited, destroyed-document!, unknown
Disturbances / threats / protective measures road construction / road construction / none

Surface collection: area collected m2 # collection units Excavation: # noncontiguous blocks

ARTIFACTS

Total Artifacts # 0c (C)ount or (E)stimate? Surface # 0c (C) or (E) Subsurface # 0c (C) or (E)

COLLECTION SELECTIVITY* ARTIFACT CATEGORIES* and DISPOSITIONS*
unknown, unselective, selective, mixed selectivity, bone-animal, bone-human, bone-unspecified, bone-worked, brick/building debris, ceramic-aboriginal, ceramic-nonaboriginal, daub, exotic-nonlocal, glass, lithics-aboriginal, metal-nonprecious, metal-precious/coin, shell-unworked, shell-worked, Others

Disposition List*
A - category always collected
S - some items in category collected
O - observed first hand, but not collected
R - collected and subsequently left at site
I - informant reported category present
U - unknown

Artifact Comments no artifact recovery

DIAGNOSTICS (type or mode, and frequency: e.g., Suwanee ppk, heat-treated chert, Deptford Check-stamped, ironstone/whiteware)
1. N= 4. N= 7. N=
2. N= 5. N= 8. N=
3. N= 6. N= 9. N=

ENVIRONMENT

Nearest fresh water type* & name (incl. relict source) Distance (m)/bearing
Natural community (FNAI category* or leave blank)
Local vegetation
Topography* Min Elevation meters Max Elevation meters
Present land use
SCS soil series Soil association

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible: For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.
project documentation on file ACI P08030
artifacts and copy of notes to be turned over to FDOT for curation
Manuscripts or Publications on the site (use separate sheet if needed, give FMSF# if relevant) ACI (2009) Cultural Resource Assessment Survey PD&E Study I-75 from South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough County, Florida

RECORDER & INFORMANT INFORMATION

Informant Information (name / address / phone / affiliation)
Recorder Information (name / address / phone / affiliation) Horvath, Elizabeth A., 98 Hickorywood Dr., Crawfordville, FL 32327
Archaeological Consultants, Inc., 850-926-9285, acinorth@comcast.net

Required Attachments 1 PHOTOCOPY OF 7.5' USGS QUAD MAP WITH SITE BOUNDARIES MARKED and SITE PLAN
Plan at 1:3,600 or larger. Show boundaries, scale, north arrow, test/collection units, landmarks and date.

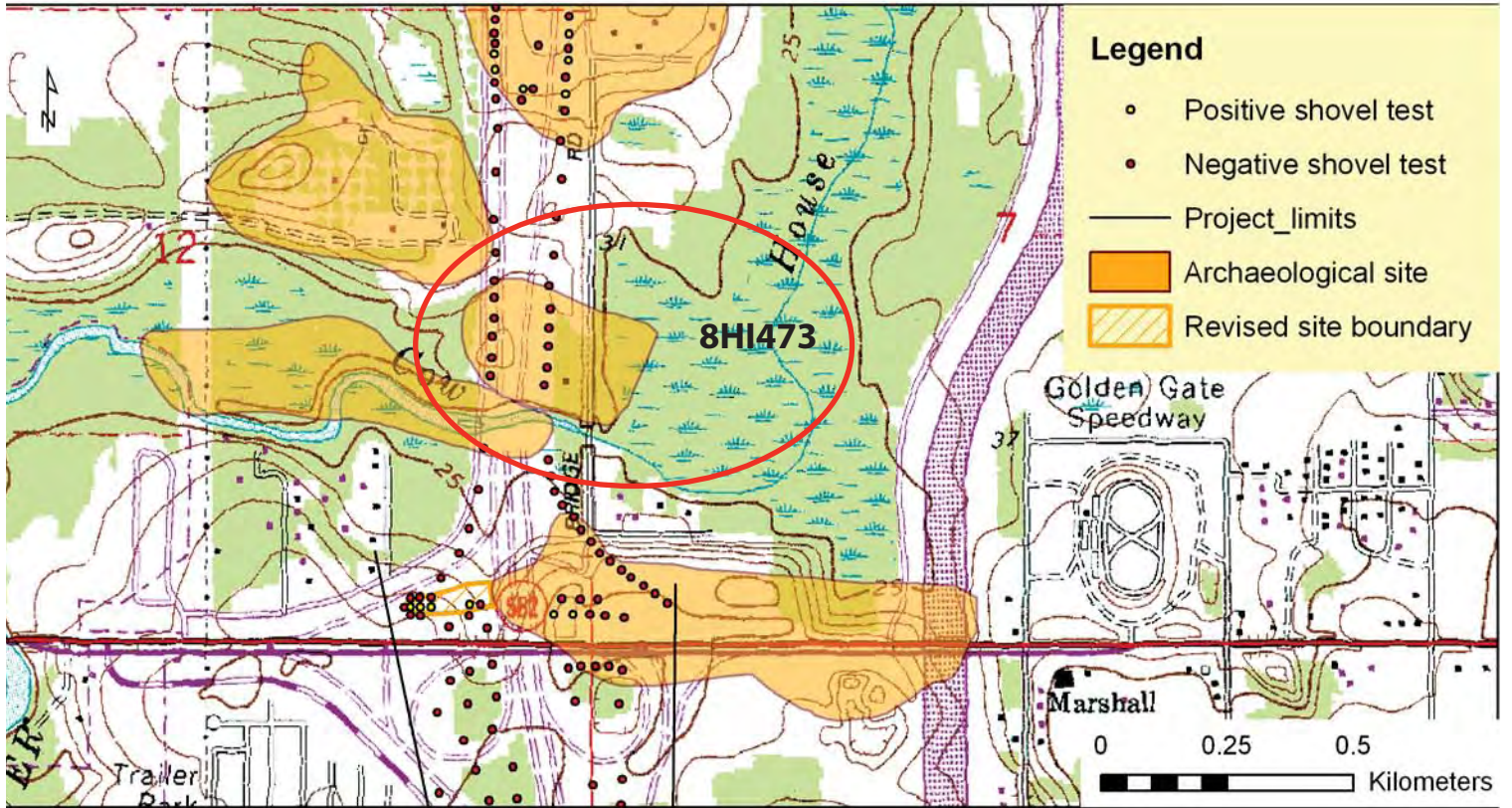


USGS MAP

Thonotosassa 1977

Township 28 South, Range 19 East, Section 12

Township 28 South, Range 20 East, Section 7



- Original
- Update



ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI476
 Field Date 07 / 10 / 08
 Form Date 12 / 10 / 08
 Recorder # _____

Consult Guide to Archaeological Site Form for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) Diamond Dairy Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
 Project Name I-75 PD&E US 301 to Fletcher Survey # (DHR only) _____
 Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

USGS 7.5 Map Name & Date Brandon 1982 Plat or Other Map _____
 City/Town (within 3 miles) Mango In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough
 Township 29S Range 20E Section 5&8 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: _____
 Landgrant _____ Tax Parcel # _____
 UTM Coordinates: Zone 16 17 Easting _____ 0 Northing _____ 0
 Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____
 Address / Vicinity / Route to _____
 Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

TYPE OF SITE (check all that apply)

<p>SETTING *</p> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Land (<i>terrestrial</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Wetland (<i>palustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Lake/Pond (<i>lacustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> usually flooded <input type="checkbox"/> River/Stream/Creek (<i>riverine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> usually dry <input type="checkbox"/> Tidal (<i>estuarine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Cave/Sink (<i>subterranean</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Saltwater (<i>marine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> terrestrial <input type="checkbox"/> aquatic	<p>STRUCTURES OR FEATURES *</p> <input type="checkbox"/> aboriginal boat <input type="checkbox"/> fort <input type="checkbox"/> road segment <input type="checkbox"/> agric/farm building <input type="checkbox"/> midden <input type="checkbox"/> shell midden <input type="checkbox"/> burial mound <input type="checkbox"/> mill <input type="checkbox"/> shell mound <input type="checkbox"/> building remains <input type="checkbox"/> mission <input type="checkbox"/> shipwreck <input type="checkbox"/> cemetery/grave <input type="checkbox"/> mound, nonspecific <input type="checkbox"/> subsurface features <input type="checkbox"/> dump/refuse <input type="checkbox"/> plantation <input type="checkbox"/> surface scatter <input type="checkbox"/> earthworks <input type="checkbox"/> platform mound <input type="checkbox"/> well	<p>FUNCTION *</p> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> campsite <input type="checkbox"/> extractive site <input type="checkbox"/> habitation (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> homestead (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> farmstead <input type="checkbox"/> village (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> town (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> quarry
--	--	--

Other settings, structures, features or functions _____

CULTURE PERIODS (check all that apply)

<p>ABORIGINAL *</p> <input type="checkbox"/> Alachua <input type="checkbox"/> Englewood <input type="checkbox"/> Manasota <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Fort Walton <input type="checkbox"/> Mississippian <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns I <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Early <input type="checkbox"/> Glades (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Mount Taylor <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns II <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Middle <input type="checkbox"/> Glades I <input type="checkbox"/> Norwood <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Glades II <input type="checkbox"/> Orange <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa-Swift Creek <input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade <input type="checkbox"/> Glades III <input type="checkbox"/> Paleoindian <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Cades Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Hickory Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Pensacola <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: Colonization <input type="checkbox"/> Caloosahatchee <input type="checkbox"/> Leon-Jefferson <input type="checkbox"/> Perico Island <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 1st War To 2nd <input type="checkbox"/> Deptford <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar I <input type="checkbox"/> Safety Harbor <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 2nd War To 3rd <input type="checkbox"/> _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar II <input type="checkbox"/> St. Augustine <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 3rd War & After	<p>NON-ABORIGINAL *</p> <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1513-99 <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1600-99 <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Early <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1700-1763 <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Late <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Transitional <input type="checkbox"/> British 1763-1783 <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Second Spanish 1783-1821 <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island I <input type="checkbox"/> American Territorial 1821-45 <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island II <input type="checkbox"/> American Civil War 1861-65 <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> American 19th Century <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric non-ceramic <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> American 20th Century <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric ceramic <input type="checkbox"/> American (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> African-American
--	--

Other (List less common phases or specific sub-phases. For historic sites, give specific dates if known.) _____

* Consult *Guide to Archaeological Site Form* for preferred descriptions not listed above (data are coded fields).

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Potentially eligible individually for National Register of Historic Places? yes no insufficient information
 Potentially eligible as contributor to a National Register district? yes no insufficient information
 Explanation of Evaluation (required if evaluated; use separate sheet if needed) low artifact density & diversity; low research potential within the APE

Recommendations for Owner or SHPO Action no additional investigations within the APE

DHR USE ONLY	OFFICIAL EVALUATION	DHR USE ONLY
NR List Date _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin</i> 15, p. 2)	Date _____ / _____ / _____ Init. _____ Date _____ / _____ / _____

FIELD METHODS (check all that apply)

SITE DETECTION* and SITE BOUNDARIES* sections with checkboxes for field check, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, exposed ground, posthole digger, auger--size, screened shovel, bounds unknown, none by recorder, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, insp exposed ground, posthole tests, auger--size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel, block excavations, estimate or guess.

Other methods; number, size, depth, pattern of units; screen size (attach site plan) 114 ST; 14 positive; 25 & 50 m intervals as well as judgmentally placed; 50 cm diameter, 1 m deep, 6.4 mm mesh screen

SITE DESCRIPTION

Extent Size (m²) Depth/stratigraphy of cultural deposit ceramic @ 30 cm, lithics @ 60-80 cm 0-50 cm gray brown sand, 50-100 cm light brown sand

Temporal Interpretation - Components (check one): single component, multiple component, uncertain. Describe each occupation in plan (refer to attached large scale map) and stratigraphically. Discuss temporal and functional interpretations:

Integrity - Overall disturbance*: none seen, minor, substantial, major, redeposited, destroyed-document!, unknown. Disturbances / threats / protective measures road construction / road construction / none

Surface collection: area collected m² # collection units Excavation: # noncontiguous blocks

ARTIFACTS

Total Artifacts # 19c (C)ount or (E)stimate? Surface # 0c (C) or (E) Subsurface # 19c (C) or (E)

COLLECTION SELECTIVITY* and ARTIFACT CATEGORIES* and DISPOSITIONS* sections. Includes checkboxes for unknown, unselective, selective, mixed selectivity, uncollected, general, controlled, variable spatial control, and other. Includes a table for artifact categories and a disposition list box.

Artifact Comments 1 historic ceramic, 2 chert flake tools, 13 chert flakes, 3 coral flakes

DIAGNOSTICS (type or mode, and frequency: e.g., Suwanee ppk, heat-treated chert, Deptford Check-stamped, ironstone/whiteware) table with 9 rows for artifact types and counts.

ENVIRONMENT

Environment section with fields for Nearest fresh water type* & name, Distance (m)/bearing, Natural community (FNAI category* or leave blank), Local vegetation, Topography*, Min Elevation, Max Elevation, Present land use, SCS soil series, Soil association.

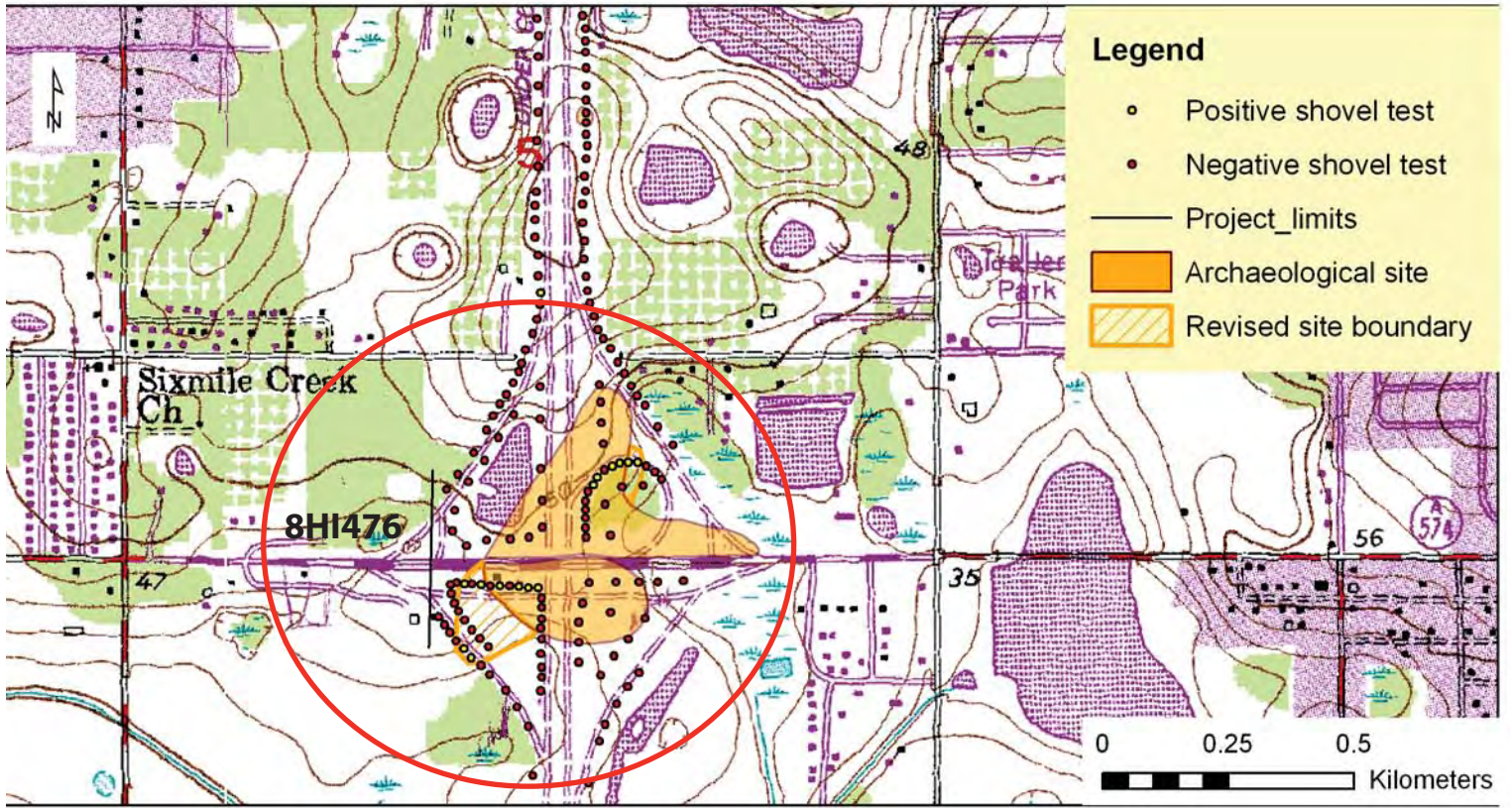
DOCUMENTATION

Documentation section with text for Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File, project documentation on file ACI P08030, artifacts and copy of notes to be turned over to FDOT for curation, Manuscripts or Publications on the site (use separate sheet if needed, give FMSF# if relevant) ACI (2009) Cultural Resource Assessment Survey PD&E Study I-75 from South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough County, Florida

RECORDER & INFORMANT INFORMATION

Recorder Information (name / address / phone / affiliation) Horvath, Elizabeth A., 98 Hickorywood Dr., Crawfordville, FL 32327 Archaeological Consultants, Inc., 850-926-9285, acinorth@comcast.net

Required Attachments 1 PHOTOCOPY OF 7.5' USGS QUAD MAP WITH SITE BOUNDARIES MARKED and SITE PLAN Plan at 1:3,600 or larger. Show boundaries, scale, north arrow, test/collection units, landmarks and date.



- Original
- Update



ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI483
 Field Date 11 / 17 / 08
 Form Date 12 / 10 / 08
 Recorder # _____

Consult Guide to Archaeological Site Form for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) Deerstand Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
 Project Name I-75 PD&E US 301 to Fletcher Survey # (DHR only) _____
 Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

USGS 7.5 Map Name & Date Thonotosassa 1977 Plat or Other Map _____
 City/Town (within 3 miles) Temple Terrace In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough
 Township 28S Range 19E Section 1 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: _____
 Landgrant _____ Tax Parcel # _____
 UTM Coordinates: Zone 16 17 Easting _____ 0 Northing _____ 0
 Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____
 Address / Vicinity / Route to _____
 Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

TYPE OF SITE (check all that apply)

SETTING *	STRUCTURES OR FEATURES *	FUNCTION *
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Land (<i>terrestrial</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Lake/Pond (<i>lacustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> River/Stream/Creek (<i>riverine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Tidal (<i>estuarine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Saltwater (<i>marine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Wetland (<i>palustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> usually flooded <input type="checkbox"/> usually dry <input type="checkbox"/> Cave/Sink (<i>subterranean</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> terrestrial <input type="checkbox"/> aquatic	<input type="checkbox"/> aboriginal boat <input type="checkbox"/> agr/c/farm building <input type="checkbox"/> burial mound <input type="checkbox"/> building remains <input type="checkbox"/> cemetery/grave <input type="checkbox"/> dump/refuse <input type="checkbox"/> earthworks <input type="checkbox"/> fort <input type="checkbox"/> midden <input type="checkbox"/> mill <input type="checkbox"/> mission <input type="checkbox"/> mound, nonspecific <input type="checkbox"/> plantation <input type="checkbox"/> platform mound <input type="checkbox"/> road segment <input type="checkbox"/> shell midden <input type="checkbox"/> shell mound <input type="checkbox"/> shipwreck <input type="checkbox"/> subsurface features <input type="checkbox"/> surface scatter <input type="checkbox"/> well	<input type="checkbox"/> campsite <input type="checkbox"/> extractive site <input type="checkbox"/> habitation (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> homestead (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> farmstead <input type="checkbox"/> village (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> town (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> quarry
<input type="checkbox"/> Other settings, structures, features or functions _____		

CULTURE PERIODS (check all that apply)

ABORIGINAL *	NON-ABORIGINAL *
<input type="checkbox"/> Alachua <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Early <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Middle <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade <input type="checkbox"/> Cades Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Caloosahatchee <input type="checkbox"/> Deptford <input type="checkbox"/> Englewood <input type="checkbox"/> Fort Walton <input type="checkbox"/> Glades (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Glades I <input type="checkbox"/> Glades II <input type="checkbox"/> Glades III <input type="checkbox"/> Hickory Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Leon-Jefferson <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar I <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar II <input type="checkbox"/> Manasota <input type="checkbox"/> Mississippian <input type="checkbox"/> Mount Taylor <input type="checkbox"/> Norwood <input type="checkbox"/> Orange <input type="checkbox"/> Paleoindian <input type="checkbox"/> Pensacola <input type="checkbox"/> Perico Island <input type="checkbox"/> Safety Harbor <input type="checkbox"/> St. Augustine	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns I <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns II <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa-Swift Creek <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: Colonization <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 1st War To 2nd <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 2nd War To 3rd <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 3rd War & After <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Early <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Transitional <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island I <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island II <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric non-ceramic <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric ceramic <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1513-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1600-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1700-1763 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> British 1763-1783 <input type="checkbox"/> Second Spanish 1783-1821 <input type="checkbox"/> American Territorial 1821-45 <input type="checkbox"/> American Civil War 1861-65 <input type="checkbox"/> American 19th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American 20th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> African-American
<input type="checkbox"/> Other (List less common phases or specific sub-phases. For historic sites, give specific dates if known.) _____	

* Consult *Guide to Archaeological Site Form* for preferred descriptions not listed above (data are coded fields).

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Potentially eligible individually for National Register of Historic Places? yes no insufficient information
 Potentially eligible as contributor to a National Register district? yes no insufficient information
 Explanation of Evaluation (required if evaluated; use separate sheet if needed) no evidence of site within the APE

 Recommendations for Owner or SHPO Action no additional investigations within the APE

DHR USE ONLY	OFFICIAL EVALUATION	DHR USE ONLY
NR List Date _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin</i> 15, p. 2)	Date _____ / _____ / _____ Init. _____ Date _____ / _____ / _____

FIELD METHODS (check all that apply)

SITE DETECTION*

- no field check, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, exposed ground, posthole digger, auger--size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel

SITE BOUNDARIES*

- bounds unknown, none by recorder, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, insp exposed ground, posthole tests, auger--size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel, block excavations, estimate or guess

Other methods; number, size, depth, pattern of units; screen size (attach site plan) 5 ST; 0 positive; 25 m interval and judgmental 50 cm diameter, 1 m deep, 6.4 mm mesh screen

SITE DESCRIPTION

Extent Size (m2) Depth/stratigraphy of cultural deposit

Temporal Interpretation - Components (check one): single component, multiple component, uncertain

Describe each occupation in plan (refer to attached large scale map) and stratigraphically. Discuss temporal and functional interpretations:

Integrity - Overall disturbance*: none seen, minor, substantial, major, redeposited, destroyed-document!, unknown
Disturbances / threats / protective measures road construction / road construction / none

Surface collection: area collected m2 # collection units Excavation: # noncontiguous blocks

ARTIFACTS

Total Artifacts # 0c (C)ount or (E)stimate? Surface # 0c (C) or (E) Subsurface # 0c (C) or (E)

COLLECTION SELECTIVITY*

- unknown, unselective (all artifacts), selective (some artifacts), mixed selectivity

SPATIAL CONTROL*

- uncollected, unknown, Other, general (not by subarea), controlled (by subarea), variable spatial control

ARTIFACT CATEGORIES* and DISPOSITIONS*

Pick exactly one code from Disposition List => => =>

- bone-animal, bone-human, bone-unspecified, bone-worked, brick/building debris, ceramic-aboriginal, ceramic-nonaboriginal, daub, exotic-nonlocal, glass, lithics-aboriginal, metal-nonprecious, metal-precious/coin, shell-unworked, shell-worked, Others:

(example: A - bone-human)

Disposition List*

- A - category always collected, S - some items in category collected, O - observed first hand, but not collected, R - collected and subsequently left at site, I - informant reported category present, U - unknown

Artifact Comments no artifact recovery

DIAGNOSTICS (type or mode, and frequency: e.g., Suwanee ppk, heat-treated chert, Deptford Check-stamped, ironstone/whiteware)

- 1. N= 4. N= 7. N=
2. N= 5. N= 8. N=
3. N= 6. N= 9. N=

ENVIRONMENT

Nearest fresh water type* & name (incl. relict source) Distance (m)/bearing

Natural community (FNAI category* or leave blank)

Local vegetation

Topography* Min Elevation meters Max Elevation meters

Present land use

SCS soil series Soil association

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible: For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.

project documentation on file ACI P08030

artifacts and copy of notes to be turned over to FDOT for curation

Manuscripts or Publications on the site (use separate sheet if needed, give FMSF# if relevant) ACI (2009) Cultural Resource Assessment

Survey PD&E Study I-75 from South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough County, Florida

RECORDER & INFORMANT INFORMATION

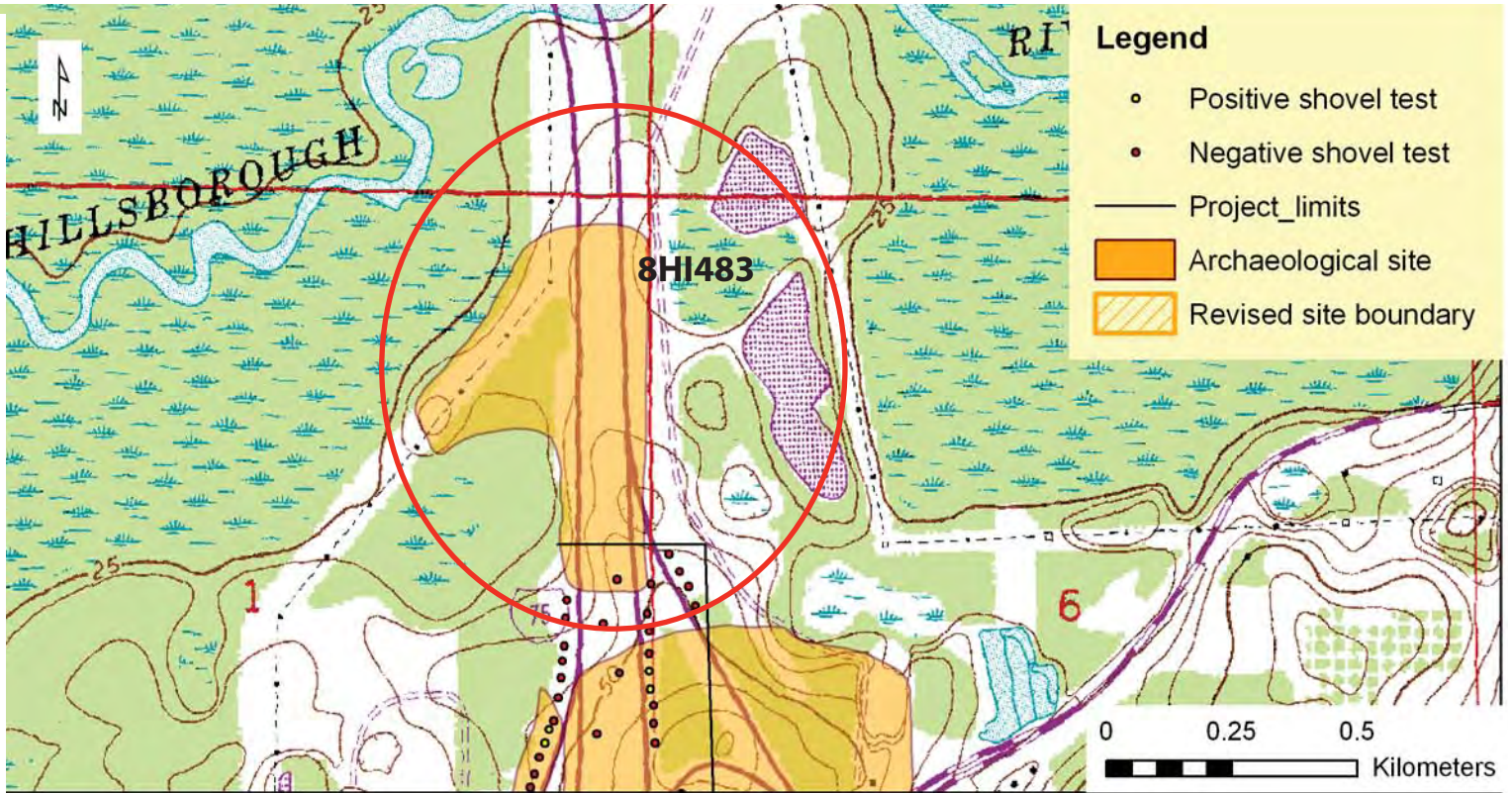
Informant Information (name / address / phone / affiliation)

Recorder Information (name / address / phone / affiliation) Horvath, Elizabeth A., 98 Hickorywood Dr., Crawfordville, FL 32327

Archaeological Consultants, Inc., 850-926-9285, acinorth@comcast.net

Required Attachments

PHOTOCOPY OF 7.5' USGS QUAD MAP WITH SITE BOUNDARIES MARKED and SITE PLAN Plan at 1:3,600 or larger. Show boundaries, scale, north arrow, test/collection units, landmarks and date.



- Original
- Update



ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI485
 Field Date 11 / 12 / 08
 Form Date 12 / 10 / 08
 Recorder # _____

Consult Guide to Archaeological Site Form for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) Deputy Smith Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
 Project Name I-75 PD&E US 301 to Fletcher Survey # (DHR only) _____
 Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

USGS 7.5 Map Name & Date Thonotosassa 1977 Plat or Other Map _____
 City/Town (within 3 miles) Temple Terrace In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough
 Township 28S Range 19E Section 12 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: _____
 Landgrant _____ Tax Parcel # _____
 UTM Coordinates: Zone 16 17 Easting _____ 0 Northing _____ 0
 Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____
 Address / Vicinity / Route to _____
 Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

TYPE OF SITE (check all that apply)

- | | | |
|--|--|---|
| <p>SETTING *</p> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Land (<i>terrestrial</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Wetland (<i>palustrine</i>)
<input type="checkbox"/> Lake/Pond (<i>lacustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> usually flooded
<input type="checkbox"/> River/Stream/Creek (<i>riverine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> usually dry
<input type="checkbox"/> Tidal (<i>estuarine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Cave/Sink (<i>subterranean</i>)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saltwater (<i>marine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> terrestrial
<input type="checkbox"/> aquatic | <p>STRUCTURES OR FEATURES *</p> <input type="checkbox"/> aboriginal boat <input type="checkbox"/> fort <input type="checkbox"/> road segment
<input type="checkbox"/> agric/farm building <input type="checkbox"/> midden <input type="checkbox"/> shell midden
<input type="checkbox"/> burial mound <input type="checkbox"/> mill <input type="checkbox"/> shell mound
<input type="checkbox"/> building remains <input type="checkbox"/> mission <input type="checkbox"/> shipwreck
<input type="checkbox"/> cemetery/grave <input type="checkbox"/> mound, nonspecific <input type="checkbox"/> subsurface features
<input type="checkbox"/> dump/refuse <input type="checkbox"/> plantation <input type="checkbox"/> surface scatter
<input type="checkbox"/> earthworks <input type="checkbox"/> platform mound <input type="checkbox"/> well | <p>FUNCTION *</p> <input type="checkbox"/> campsite
<input type="checkbox"/> extractive site
<input type="checkbox"/> habitation (prehistoric)
<input type="checkbox"/> homestead (historic)
<input type="checkbox"/> farmstead
<input type="checkbox"/> village (prehistoric)
<input type="checkbox"/> town (historic)
<input type="checkbox"/> quarry |
|--|--|---|
- Other settings, structures, features or functions _____

CULTURE PERIODS (check all that apply)

- | | |
|---|--|
| <p>ABORIGINAL *</p> <input type="checkbox"/> Alachua <input type="checkbox"/> Englewood <input type="checkbox"/> Manasota <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns (nonspecific)
<input type="checkbox"/> Archaic (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Fort Walton <input type="checkbox"/> Mississippian <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns I
<input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Early <input type="checkbox"/> Glades (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Mount Taylor <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns II
<input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Middle <input type="checkbox"/> Glades I <input type="checkbox"/> Norwood <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa
<input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Glades II <input type="checkbox"/> Orange <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa-Swift Creek
<input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade <input type="checkbox"/> Glades III <input type="checkbox"/> Paleoindian <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole (nonspecific)
<input type="checkbox"/> Cades Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Hickory Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Pensacola <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: Colonization
<input type="checkbox"/> Caloosahatchee <input type="checkbox"/> Leon-Jefferson <input type="checkbox"/> Perico Island <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 1st War To 2nd
<input type="checkbox"/> Deptford <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar I <input type="checkbox"/> Safety Harbor <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 2nd War To 3rd
<input type="checkbox"/> _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar II <input type="checkbox"/> St. Augustine <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 3rd War & After | <p>NON-ABORIGINAL *</p> <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1513-99
<input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1600-99
<input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1700-1763
<input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish (nonspecific)
<input type="checkbox"/> British 1763-1783
<input type="checkbox"/> Second Spanish 1783-1821
<input type="checkbox"/> American Territorial 1821-45
<input type="checkbox"/> American Civil War 1861-65
<input type="checkbox"/> American 19th Century
<input type="checkbox"/> American 20th Century
<input type="checkbox"/> American (nonspecific)
<input type="checkbox"/> African-American |
|---|--|
- Other (List less common phases or specific sub-phases. For historic sites, give specific dates if known.) _____

* Consult *Guide to Archaeological Site Form* for preferred descriptions not listed above (data are coded fields).

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Potentially eligible individually for National Register of Historic Places? yes no insufficient information
 Potentially eligible as contributor to a National Register district? yes no insufficient information
 Explanation of Evaluation (required if evaluated; use separate sheet if needed) no evidence of the site within the APE

Recommendations for Owner or SHPO Action no additional investigations within the APE

DHR USE ONLY	OFFICIAL EVALUATION	DHR USE ONLY
NR List Date _____ / _____ / _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin</i> 15, p. 2)	Date _____ / _____ / _____ Init. _____ Date _____ / _____ / _____

FIELD METHODS (check all that apply)

SITE DETECTION*

- no field check, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, exposed ground, posthole digger, auger--size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel

SITE BOUNDARIES*

- bounds unknown, none by recorder, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, insp exposed ground, posthole tests, auger--size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel, block excavations, estimate or guess

Other methods; number, size, depth, pattern of units; screen size (attach site plan) 5 ST, 0 positive; 50 m intervals; 50 cm diameter, 1 m deep, 6.4 mm mesh screen all shovel tests revealed fill deposits

SITE DESCRIPTION

Extent Size (m^2) Depth/stratigraphy of cultural deposit

Temporal Interpretation - Components (check one): single component, multiple component, uncertain

Describe each occupation in plan (refer to attached large scale map) and stratigraphically. Discuss temporal and functional interpretations:

Integrity - Overall disturbance*: none seen, minor, substantial, major, redeposited, destroyed-document!, unknown Disturbances / threats / protective measures road construction / road construction / none

Surface collection: area collected m^2 # collection units Excavation: # noncontiguous blocks

ARTIFACTS

Total Artifacts # 0c (C)ount or (E)stimate? Surface # 0c (C) or (E) Subsurface # 0c (C) or (E)

COLLECTION SELECTIVITY*

- unknown, unselective (all artifacts), selective (some artifacts), mixed selectivity

SPATIAL CONTROL*

- uncollected, unknown, Other, general (not by subarea), controlled (by subarea), variable spatial control

ARTIFACT CATEGORIES* and DISPOSITIONS*

Pick exactly one code from Disposition List => => =>

- bone-animal, bone-human, bone-unspecified, bone-worked, brick/building debris, ceramic-aboriginal, ceramic-nonaboriginal, daub, exotic-nonlocal, glass, lithics-aboriginal, metal-nonprecious, metal-precious/coin, shell-unworked, shell-worked, Others:

(example: A - bone-human)

Disposition List*

- A - category always collected, S - some items in category collected, O - observed first hand, but not collected, R - collected and subsequently left at site, I - informant reported category present, U - unknown

Artifact Comments no artifact recovery

DIAGNOSTICS (type or mode, and frequency: e.g., Suwanee ppk, heat-treated chert, Deptford Check-stamped, ironstone/whiteware)

- 1. N= 4. N= 7. N= 2. N= 5. N= 8. N= 3. N= 6. N= 9. N=

ENVIRONMENT

Nearest fresh water type* & name (incl. relict source) Distance (m)/bearing

Natural community (FNAI category* or leave blank)

Local vegetation

Topography* Min Elevation meters Max Elevation meters

Present land use

SCS soil series Soil association

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible: For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.

project documentation on file ACI P08030

artifacts and copy of notes to be turned over to FDOT for curation

Manuscripts or Publications on the site (use separate sheet if needed, give FMSF# if relevant) ACI (2009) Cultural Resource Assessment

Survey PD&E Study I-75 from South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough County, Florida

RECORDER & INFORMANT INFORMATION

Informant Information (name / address / phone / affiliation)

Recorder Information (name / address / phone / affiliation) Horvath, Elizabeth A., 98 Hickorywood Dr., Crawfordville, FL 32327

Archaeological Consultants, Inc., 850-926-9285, acinorth@comcast.net

Required Attachments

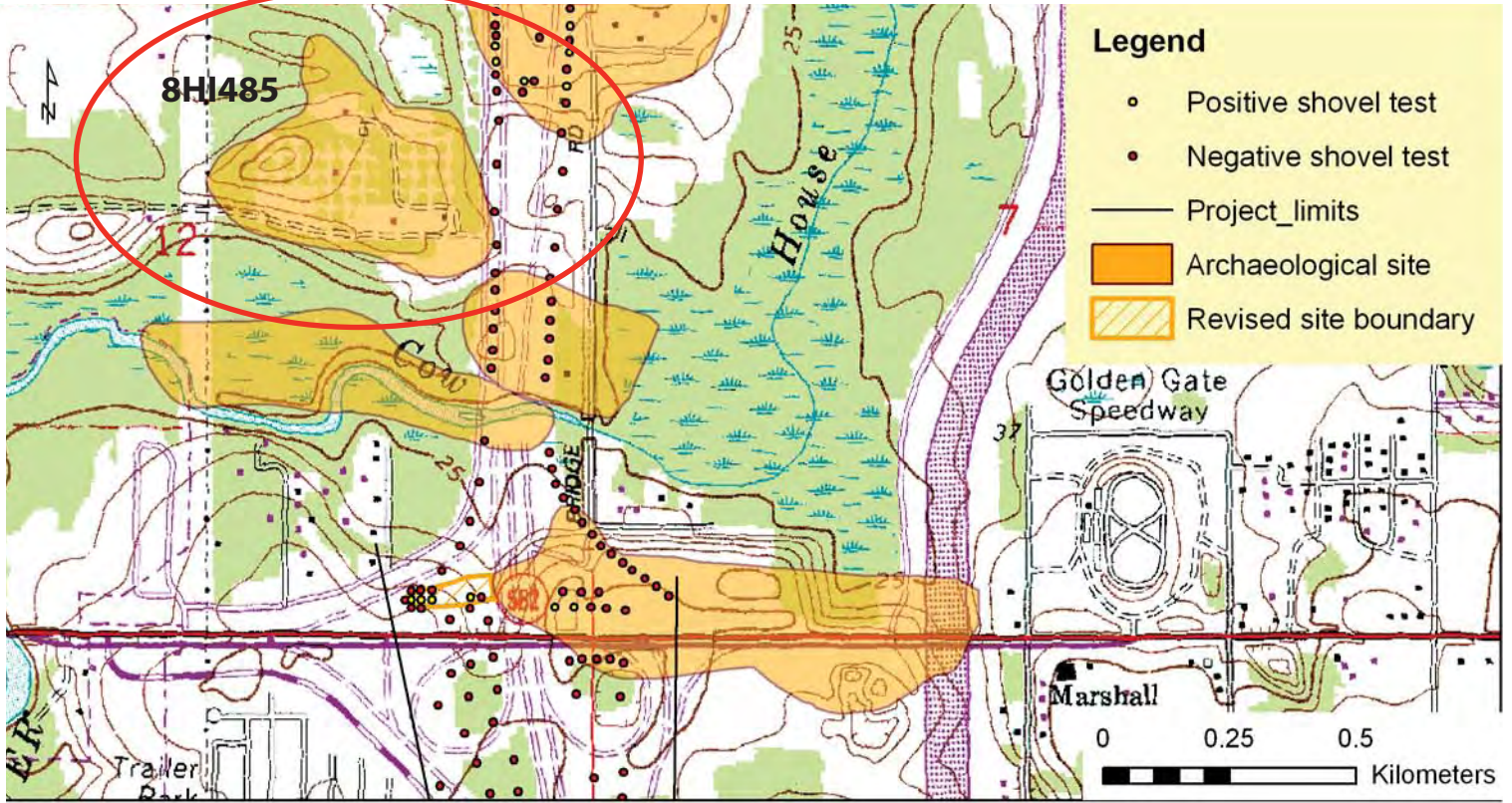
PHOTOCOPY OF 7.5' USGS QUAD MAP WITH SITE BOUNDARIES MARKED and SITE PLAN Plan at 1:3,600 or larger. Show boundaries, scale, north arrow, test/collection units, landmarks and date.



USGS MAP

Thonotosassa 1977

Township 28 South, Range 19 East, Section 12



- Original
- Update



ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI505
 Field Date 11 / 04 / 08
 Form Date 12 / 10 / 08
 Recorder # _____

Consult Guide to Archaeological Site Form for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) Fruit Stand Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
 Project Name I-75 PD&E US 301 to Fletcher Survey # (DHR only) _____
 Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

USGS 7.5 Map Name & Date Thonotosassa 1977 Plat or Other Map _____
 City/Town (within 3 miles) Temple Terrace In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough
 Township 28S Range 20E Section 19 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: _____
 Landgrant _____ Tax Parcel # _____
 UTM Coordinates: Zone 16 17 Easting _____ 0 Northing _____ 0
 Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____
 Address / Vicinity / Route to _____
 Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

TYPE OF SITE (check all that apply)

<p>SETTING *</p> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Land (<i>terrestrial</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Wetland (<i>palustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Lake/Pond (<i>lacustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> usually flooded <input type="checkbox"/> River/Stream/Creek (<i>riverine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> usually dry <input type="checkbox"/> Tidal (<i>estuarine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Cave/Sink (<i>subterranean</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Saltwater (<i>marine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> terrestrial <input type="checkbox"/> aquatic	<p>STRUCTURES OR FEATURES *</p> <input type="checkbox"/> aboriginal boat <input type="checkbox"/> fort <input type="checkbox"/> road segment <input type="checkbox"/> agric/farm building <input type="checkbox"/> midden <input type="checkbox"/> shell midden <input type="checkbox"/> burial mound <input type="checkbox"/> mill <input type="checkbox"/> shell mound <input type="checkbox"/> building remains <input type="checkbox"/> mission <input type="checkbox"/> shipwreck <input type="checkbox"/> cemetery/grave <input type="checkbox"/> mound, nonspecific <input type="checkbox"/> subsurface features <input type="checkbox"/> dump/refuse <input type="checkbox"/> plantation <input type="checkbox"/> surface scatter <input type="checkbox"/> earthworks <input type="checkbox"/> platform mound <input type="checkbox"/> well	<p>FUNCTION *</p> <input type="checkbox"/> campsite <input type="checkbox"/> extractive site <input type="checkbox"/> habitation (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> homestead (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> farmstead <input type="checkbox"/> village (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> town (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> quarry
--	--	---

Other settings, structures, features or functions _____

CULTURE PERIODS (check all that apply)

<p>ABORIGINAL *</p> <input type="checkbox"/> Alachua <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Early <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Middle <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade <input type="checkbox"/> Cades Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Caloosahatchee <input type="checkbox"/> Deptford	<input type="checkbox"/> Englewood <input type="checkbox"/> Fort Walton <input type="checkbox"/> Glades (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Glades I <input type="checkbox"/> Glades II <input type="checkbox"/> Glades III <input type="checkbox"/> Hickory Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Leon-Jefferson <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar I <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar II	<input type="checkbox"/> Manasota <input type="checkbox"/> Mississippian <input type="checkbox"/> Mount Taylor <input type="checkbox"/> Norwood <input type="checkbox"/> Orange <input type="checkbox"/> Paleoindian <input type="checkbox"/> Pensacola <input type="checkbox"/> Perico Island <input type="checkbox"/> Safety Harbor <input type="checkbox"/> St. Augustine	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns I <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns II <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa-Swift Creek <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: Colonization <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 1st War To 2nd <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 2nd War To 3rd <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 3rd War & After	<input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Early <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Transitional <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island I <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island II <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric non-ceramic <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric ceramic	<p>NON-ABORIGINAL *</p> <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1513-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1600-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1700-1763 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> British 1763-1783 <input type="checkbox"/> Second Spanish 1783-1821 <input type="checkbox"/> American Territorial 1821-45 <input type="checkbox"/> American Civil War 1861-65 <input type="checkbox"/> American 19th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American 20th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> African-American
---	--	---	---	---	--

Other (List less common phases or specific sub-phases. For historic sites, give specific dates if known.) _____

* Consult *Guide to Archaeological Site Form* for preferred descriptions not listed above (data are coded fields).

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Potentially eligible individually for National Register of Historic Places? yes no insufficient information
 Potentially eligible as contributor to a National Register district? yes no insufficient information
 Explanation of Evaluation (required if evaluated; use separate sheet if needed) no evidence of site discovered within the APE

 Recommendations for Owner or SHPO Action no additional investigations within the APE

DHR USE ONLY	OFFICIAL EVALUATION	DHR USE ONLY
NR List Date ____/____/____ <input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin</i> 15, p. 2)	Date ____/____/____ Date ____/____/____ Init. _____

FIELD METHODS (check all that apply)

SITE DETECTION* and SITE BOUNDARIES* sections with checkboxes for field methods like 'no field check', 'literature search', 'remote sensing', 'screened shovel', 'remote sensing', 'posthole digger', 'auger--size', 'bounds unknown', 'remote sensing', 'insp exposed ground', 'posthole tests', 'auger--size', 'unscreened shovel', 'screened shovel', 'block excavations', 'estimate or guess'. Includes text for 'Other methods; number, size, depth, pattern of units; screen size (attach site plan) 6 ST, 0 positive; 50 m interval 50 cm diameter, 1 m deep, 6.4 mm mesh screen all shovel tests revealed fill deposits'.

SITE DESCRIPTION

Extent Size (m²) _____ Depth/stratigraphy of cultural deposit _____

Temporal Interpretation - Components (check one): [] single component [] multiple component [] uncertain Describe each occupation in plan (refer to attached large scale map) and stratigraphically. Discuss temporal and functional interpretations:

Integrity - Overall disturbance*: [] none seen [] minor [] substantial [x] major [] redeposited [] destroyed-document! [] unknown Disturbances / threats / protective measures road construction / road construction / none

Surface collection: area collected _____ m² # collection units _____ Excavation: # noncontiguous blocks _____

ARTIFACTS

Total Artifacts # 0c _____ (C)ount or (E)stimate? Surface # 0c _____ (C) or (E) Subsurface # 0c _____ (C) or (E)

COLLECTION SELECTIVITY* and ARTIFACT CATEGORIES* and DISPOSITIONS* sections. Includes checkboxes for 'unknown', 'unselective', 'selective', 'mixed selectivity', 'SPATIAL CONTROL*' and lists for artifact categories like 'bone-animal', 'bone-human', 'ceramic-aboriginal' and a 'Disposition List*' box with codes A, S, O, R, I, U.

Artifact Comments no artifact recovery

DIAGNOSTICS (type or mode, and frequency: e.g., Suwanee ppk, heat-treated chert, Deptford Check-stamped, ironstone/whiteware) 1. _____ N= _____ 4. _____ N= _____ 7. _____ N= _____ 2. _____ N= _____ 5. _____ N= _____ 8. _____ N= _____ 3. _____ N= _____ 6. _____ N= _____ 9. _____ N= _____

ENVIRONMENT

Nearest fresh water type* & name (incl. relict source) _____ Distance (m)/bearing _____ Natural community (FNAI category* or leave blank) _____ Local vegetation _____ Topography* _____ Min Elevation _____ meters Max Elevation _____ meters Present land use _____ SCS soil series _____ Soil association _____

DOCUMENTATION

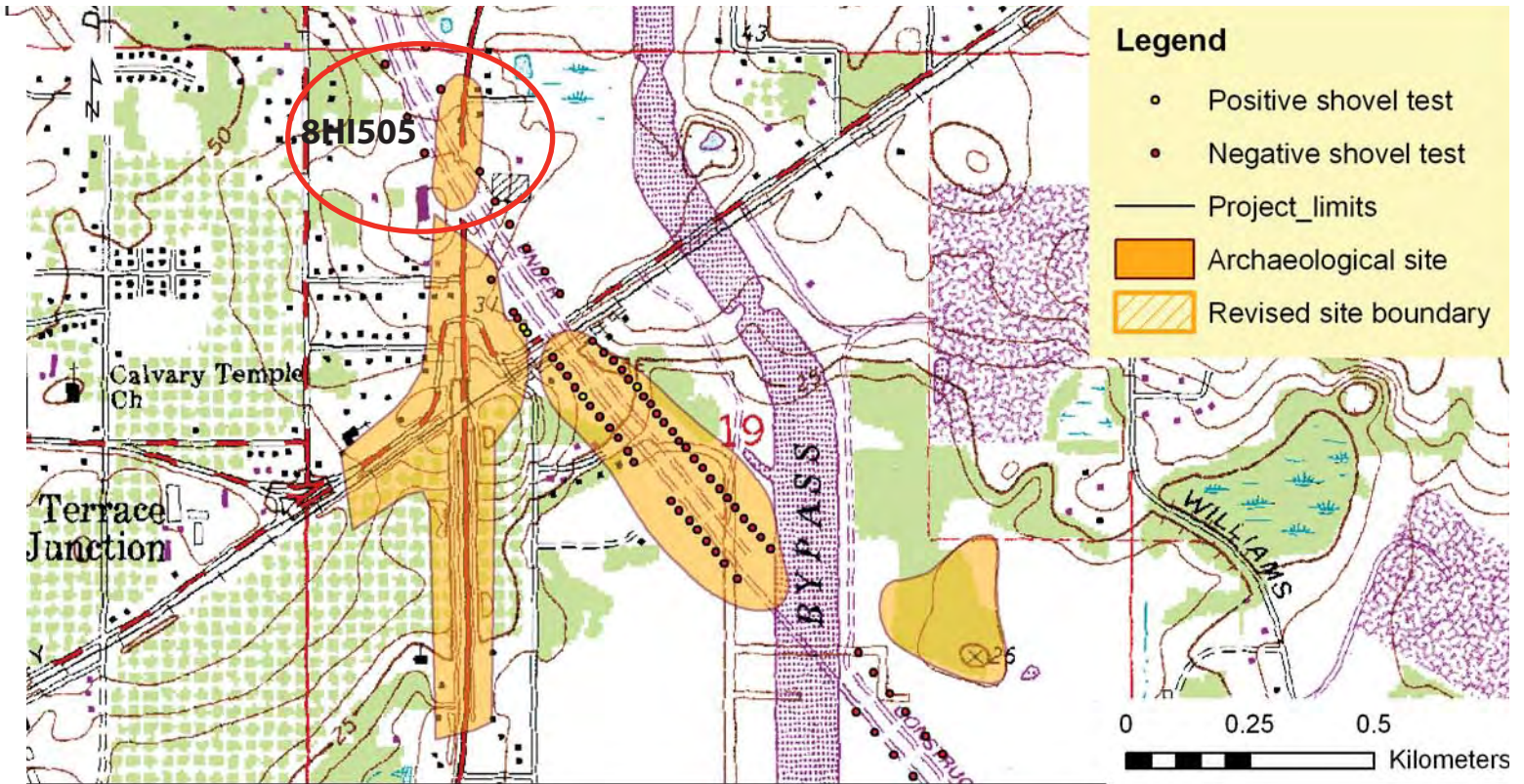
Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible: For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information. project documentation on file ACI P08030 artifacts and copy of notes to be turned over to FDOT for curation Manuscripts or Publications on the site (use separate sheet if needed, give FMSF# if relevant) ACI (2009) Cultural Resource Assessment Survey PD&E Study I-75 from South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough County, Florida

RECORDER & INFORMANT INFORMATION

Informant Information (name / address / phone / affiliation) _____

Recorder Information (name / address / phone / affiliation) Horvath, Elizabeth A., 98 Hickorywood Dr., Crawfordville, FL 32327 Archaeological Consultants, Inc., 850-926-9285, acinorth@comcast.net

Required Attachments 1 PHOTOCOPY OF 7.5' USGS QUAD MAP WITH SITE BOUNDARIES MARKED and SITE PLAN Plan at 1:3,600 or larger. Show boundaries, scale, north arrow, test/collection units, landmarks and date.



- Original
- Update



ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI507
 Field Date 11 / 04 / 08
 Form Date 12 / 10 / 08
 Recorder # _____

Consult Guide to Archaeological Site Form for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) Harney Flats Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
 Project Name I-75 PD&E US 301 to Fletcher Survey # (DHR only) _____
 Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

USGS 7.5 Map Name & Date Thonotosassa 1977 Plat or Other Map _____
 City/Town (within 3 miles) Temple Terrace In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough
 Township 28S Range 20E Section 19 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: _____
 Landgrant _____ Tax Parcel # _____
 UTM Coordinates: Zone 16 17 Easting _____ 0 Northing _____ 0
 Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____
 Address / Vicinity / Route to _____
 Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

TYPE OF SITE (check all that apply)

SETTING *	STRUCTURES OR FEATURES *	FUNCTION *
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Land (<i>terrestrial</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Lake/Pond (<i>lacustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> River/Stream/Creek (<i>riverine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Tidal (<i>estuarine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Saltwater (<i>marine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Wetland (<i>palustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> usually flooded <input type="checkbox"/> usually dry <input type="checkbox"/> Cave/Sink (<i>subterranean</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> terrestrial <input type="checkbox"/> aquatic	<input type="checkbox"/> aboriginal boat <input type="checkbox"/> agr/c/farm building <input type="checkbox"/> burial mound <input type="checkbox"/> building remains <input type="checkbox"/> cemetery/grave <input type="checkbox"/> dump/refuse <input type="checkbox"/> earthworks <input type="checkbox"/> fort <input type="checkbox"/> midden <input type="checkbox"/> mill <input type="checkbox"/> mission <input type="checkbox"/> mound, nonspecific <input type="checkbox"/> plantation <input type="checkbox"/> platform mound <input type="checkbox"/> road segment <input type="checkbox"/> shell midden <input type="checkbox"/> shell mound <input type="checkbox"/> shipwreck <input type="checkbox"/> subsurface features <input type="checkbox"/> surface scatter <input type="checkbox"/> well	<input type="checkbox"/> campsite <input type="checkbox"/> extractive site <input type="checkbox"/> habitation (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> homestead (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> farmstead <input type="checkbox"/> village (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> town (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> quarry
<input type="checkbox"/> Other settings, structures, features or functions _____		

CULTURE PERIODS (check all that apply)

ABORIGINAL *	NON-ABORIGINAL *
<input type="checkbox"/> Alachua <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Early <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Middle <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade <input type="checkbox"/> Cades Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Caloosahatchee <input type="checkbox"/> Deptford <input type="checkbox"/> Englewood <input type="checkbox"/> Fort Walton <input type="checkbox"/> Glades (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Glades I <input type="checkbox"/> Glades II <input type="checkbox"/> Glades III <input type="checkbox"/> Hickory Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Leon-Jefferson <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar I <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar II <input type="checkbox"/> Manasota <input type="checkbox"/> Mississippian <input type="checkbox"/> Mount Taylor <input type="checkbox"/> Norwood <input type="checkbox"/> Orange <input type="checkbox"/> Paleoindian <input type="checkbox"/> Pensacola <input type="checkbox"/> Perico Island <input type="checkbox"/> Safety Harbor <input type="checkbox"/> St. Augustine	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns I <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns II <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa-Swift Creek <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: Colonization <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 1st War To 2nd <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 2nd War To 3rd <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 3rd War & After <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Early <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Transitional <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island I <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island II <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric non-ceramic <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric ceramic <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1513-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1600-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1700-1763 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> British 1763-1783 <input type="checkbox"/> Second Spanish 1783-1821 <input type="checkbox"/> American Territorial 1821-45 <input type="checkbox"/> American Civil War 1861-65 <input type="checkbox"/> American 19th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American 20th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> African-American
<input type="checkbox"/> Other (List less common phases or specific sub-phases. For historic sites, give specific dates if known.) _____	

* Consult *Guide to Archaeological Site Form* for preferred descriptions not listed above (data are coded fields).

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Potentially eligible individually for National Register of Historic Places? yes no insufficient information
 Potentially eligible as contributor to a National Register district? yes no insufficient information
 Explanation of Evaluation (required if evaluated; use separate sheet if needed) low artifact density & diversity; low research potential within the APE

 Recommendations for Owner or SHPO Action no additional investigations within the APE

DHR USE ONLY	OFFICIAL EVALUATION	DHR USE ONLY
NR List Date _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin</i> 15, p. 2)	Date _____ Init. _____ Date _____

FIELD METHODS (check all that apply)

SITE DETECTION* SITE BOUNDARIES*
no field check, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, exposed ground, posthole digger, auger--size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel, bounds unknown, none by recorder, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, insp exposed ground, posthole tests, auger--size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel, block excavations, estimate or guess

Other methods; number, size, depth, pattern of units; screen size (attach site plan) 43 ST, 2 positive; 25 m interval 50 cm diameter, 1 m deep, 6.4 mm mesh screen

SITE DESCRIPTION

Extent Size (m2) Depth/stratigraphy of cultural deposit artifacts @ 90-100 cmbs 0-70 cm gray/brown/black mottled sand, 70-80 cm black humic sand, 80-100 cm gray/brown orange clay

Temporal Interpretation - Components (check one): single component, multiple component, uncertain Describe each occupation in plan (refer to attached large scale map) and stratigraphically. Discuss temporal and functional interpretations:

Integrity - Overall disturbance*: none seen, minor, substantial, major, redeposited, destroyed-document!, unknown Disturbances / threats / protective measures road construction / road construction / none

Surface collection: area collected m2 # collection units Excavation: # noncontiguous blocks

ARTIFACTS

Total Artifacts # 6c (C)ount or (E)stimate? Surface # 0c (C) or (E) Subsurface # 6c (C) or (E)

COLLECTION SELECTIVITY* ARTIFACT CATEGORIES* and DISPOSITIONS* Disposition List*
unknown, unselective (all artifacts), selective (some artifacts), mixed selectivity, general (not by subarea), controlled (by subarea), variable spatial control, Other
bone-animal, bone-human, bone-unspecified, bone-worked, brick/building debris, ceramic-aboriginal, ceramic-nonaboriginal, daub, exotic-nonlocal, glass, lithics-aboriginal, metal-nonprecious, metal-precious/coin, shell-unworked, shell-worked, Others

Artifact Comments 6 chert flakes

DIAGNOSTICS (type or mode, and frequency: e.g., Suwanee ppk, heat-treated chert, Deptford Check-stamped, ironstone/whiteware)

- 1. thermal alteration N= 3 4. N= 7. N=
2. N= 5. N= 8. N=
3. N= 6. N= 9. N=

ENVIRONMENT

Nearest fresh water type* & name (incl. relict source) Distance (m)/bearing
Natural community (FNAI category* or leave blank)
Local vegetation
Topography* Min Elevation meters Max Elevation meters
Present land use
SCS soil series Soil association

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible: For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.

project documentation on file ACI P08030 artifacts and copy of notes to be turned over to FDOT for curation

Manuscripts or Publications on the site (use separate sheet if needed, give FMSF# if relevant) ACI (2009) Cultural Resource Assessment Survey PD&E Study I-75 from South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough County, Florida

RECORDER & INFORMANT INFORMATION

Informant Information (name / address / phone / affiliation)

Recorder Information (name / address / phone / affiliation) Horvath, Elizabeth A., 98 Hickorywood Dr., Crawfordville, FL 32327 Archaeological Consultants, Inc., 850-926-9285, acinorth@comcast.net

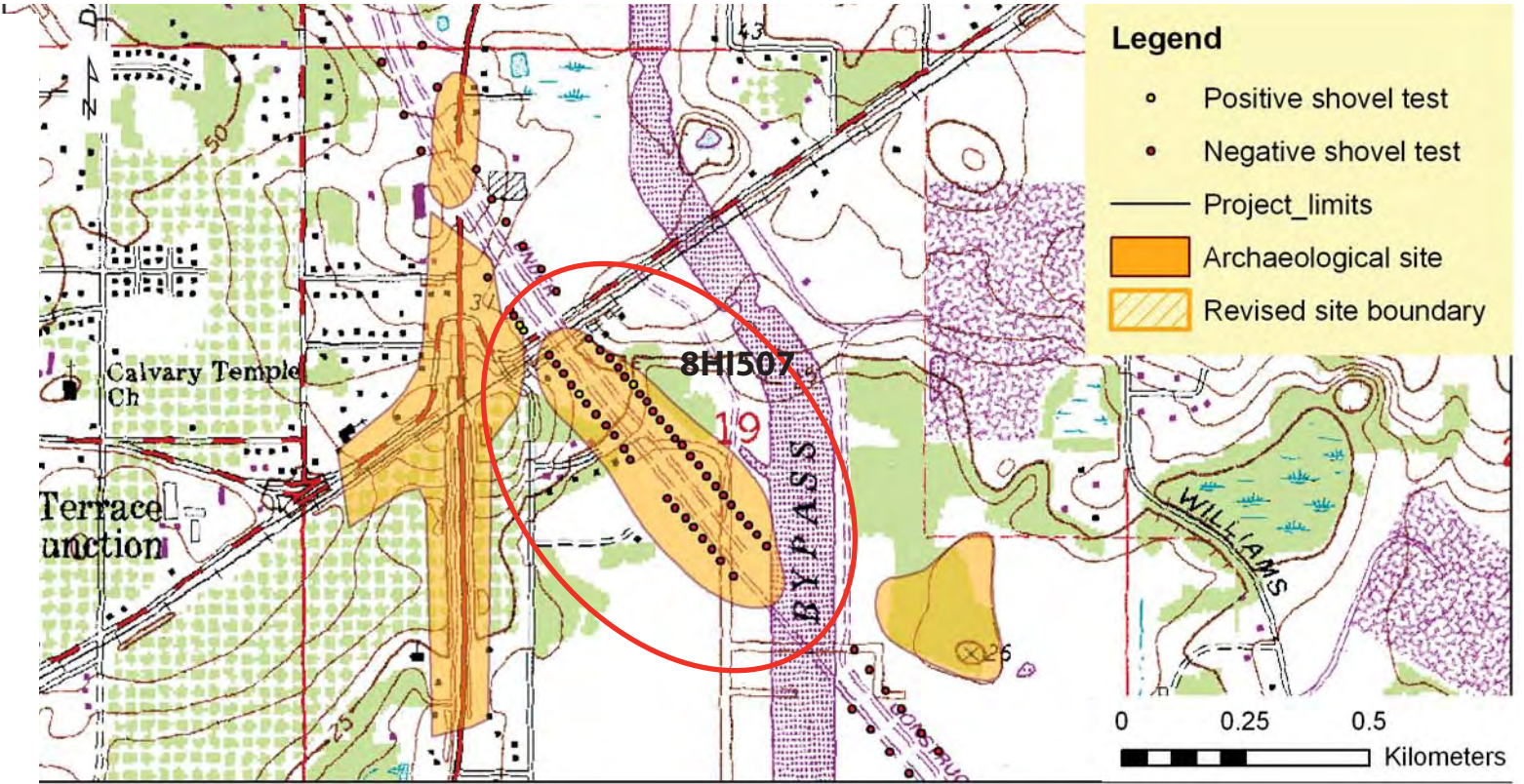
Required Attachments 1 PHOTOCOPY OF 7.5' USGS QUAD MAP WITH SITE BOUNDARIES MARKED and SITE PLAN Plan at 1:3,600 or larger. Show boundaries, scale, north arrow, test/collection units, landmarks and date.



USGS MAP

Thonotosassa 1977

Township 28 South, Range 20 East, Section 19



- Original
- Update



ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI509
 Field Date 10 / 31 / 08
 Form Date 12 / 10 / 08
 Recorder # _____

Consult Guide to Archaeological Site Form for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) West Williams Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
 Project Name I-75 PD&E US 301 to Fletcher Survey # (DHR only) _____
 Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

USGS 7.5 Map Name & Date Thonotosassa 1977 Plat or Other Map _____
 City/Town (within 3 miles) Temple Terrace In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough
 Township 28S Range 20E Section 19 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: _____
 Landgrant _____ Tax Parcel # _____
 UTM Coordinates: Zone 16 17 Easting _____ 0 Northing _____ 0
 Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____
 Address / Vicinity / Route to _____
 Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

TYPE OF SITE (check all that apply)

- | | | |
|--|--|---|
| <p>SETTING *</p> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Land (<i>terrestrial</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Wetland (<i>palustrine</i>)
<input type="checkbox"/> Lake/Pond (<i>lacustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> usually flooded
<input type="checkbox"/> River/Stream/Creek (<i>riverine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> usually dry
<input type="checkbox"/> Tidal (<i>estuarine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Cave/Sink (<i>subterranean</i>)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saltwater (<i>marine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> terrestrial
<input type="checkbox"/> aquatic | <p>STRUCTURES OR FEATURES *</p> <input type="checkbox"/> aboriginal boat <input type="checkbox"/> fort <input type="checkbox"/> road segment
<input type="checkbox"/> agric/farm building <input type="checkbox"/> midden <input type="checkbox"/> shell midden
<input type="checkbox"/> burial mound <input type="checkbox"/> mill <input type="checkbox"/> shell mound
<input type="checkbox"/> building remains <input type="checkbox"/> mission <input type="checkbox"/> shipwreck
<input type="checkbox"/> cemetery/grave <input type="checkbox"/> mound, nonspecific <input type="checkbox"/> subsurface features
<input type="checkbox"/> dump/refuse <input type="checkbox"/> plantation <input type="checkbox"/> surface scatter
<input type="checkbox"/> earthworks <input type="checkbox"/> platform mound <input type="checkbox"/> well | <p>FUNCTION *</p> <input type="checkbox"/> campsite
<input type="checkbox"/> extractive site
<input type="checkbox"/> habitation (prehistoric)
<input type="checkbox"/> homestead (historic)
<input type="checkbox"/> farmstead
<input type="checkbox"/> village (prehistoric)
<input type="checkbox"/> town (historic)
<input type="checkbox"/> quarry |
|--|--|---|
- Other settings, structures, features or functions _____

CULTURE PERIODS (check all that apply)

- | | |
|---|--|
| <p>ABORIGINAL *</p> <input type="checkbox"/> Alachua <input type="checkbox"/> Englewood <input type="checkbox"/> Manasota <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns (nonspecific)
<input type="checkbox"/> Archaic (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Fort Walton <input type="checkbox"/> Mississippian <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns I
<input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Early <input type="checkbox"/> Glades (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Mount Taylor <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns II
<input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Middle <input type="checkbox"/> Glades I <input type="checkbox"/> Norwood <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa
<input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Glades II <input type="checkbox"/> Orange <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa-Swift Creek
<input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade <input type="checkbox"/> Glades III <input type="checkbox"/> Paleoindian <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole (nonspecific)
<input type="checkbox"/> Cades Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Hickory Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Pensacola <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: Colonization
<input type="checkbox"/> Caloosahatchee <input type="checkbox"/> Leon-Jefferson <input type="checkbox"/> Perico Island <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 1st War To 2nd
<input type="checkbox"/> Deptford <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar I <input type="checkbox"/> Safety Harbor <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 2nd War To 3rd
<input type="checkbox"/> _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar II <input type="checkbox"/> St. Augustine <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 3rd War & After | <p>NON-ABORIGINAL *</p> <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1513-99
<input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1600-99
<input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1700-1763
<input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish (nonspecific)
<input type="checkbox"/> British 1763-1783
<input type="checkbox"/> Second Spanish 1783-1821
<input type="checkbox"/> American Territorial 1821-45
<input type="checkbox"/> American Civil War 1861-65
<input type="checkbox"/> American 19th Century
<input type="checkbox"/> American 20th Century
<input type="checkbox"/> American (nonspecific)
<input type="checkbox"/> African-American |
|---|--|
- Other (List less common phases or specific sub-phases. For historic sites, give specific dates if known.) _____

* Consult *Guide to Archaeological Site Form* for preferred descriptions not listed above (data are coded fields).

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Potentially eligible individually for National Register of Historic Places? yes no insufficient information
 Potentially eligible as contributor to a National Register district? yes no insufficient information
 Explanation of Evaluation (required if evaluated; use separate sheet if needed) no evidence of site discovered within the APE

Recommendations for Owner or SHPO Action no additional investigations within the APE

DHR USE ONLY	OFFICIAL EVALUATION	DHR USE ONLY
NR List Date _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin</i> 15, p. 2)	Date ____/____/____ Init. _____ Date ____/____/____

FIELD METHODS (check all that apply)

SITE DETECTION*

- no field check, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, exposed ground, posthole digger, auger--size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel

SITE BOUNDARIES*

- bounds unknown, none by recorder, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, insp exposed ground, posthole tests, auger--size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel, block excavations, estimate or guess

Other methods; number, size, depth, pattern of units; screen size (attach site plan) 10 ST, 0 positive; 50 m interval 50 cm diameter, 1 m deep, 6.4 mm mesh screen

SITE DESCRIPTION

Extent Size (m2) Depth/stratigraphy of cultural deposit

Temporal Interpretation - Components (check one): single component, multiple component, uncertain

Describe each occupation in plan (refer to attached large scale map) and stratigraphically. Discuss temporal and functional interpretations:

Integrity - Overall disturbance*: none seen, minor, substantial, major, redeposited, destroyed-document!, unknown Disturbances / threats / protective measures road construction / road construction / none

Surface collection: area collected m2 # collection units Excavation: # noncontiguous blocks

ARTIFACTS

Total Artifacts # 0c (C)ount or (E)stimate? Surface # 0c (C) or (E) Subsurface # 0c (C) or (E)

COLLECTION SELECTIVITY*

- unknown, unselective (all artifacts), selective (some artifacts), mixed selectivity

SPATIAL CONTROL*

- uncollected, unknown, Other, general (not by subarea), controlled (by subarea), variable spatial control

ARTIFACT CATEGORIES* and DISPOSITIONS*

Pick exactly one code from Disposition List => => =>

- bone-animal, bone-human, bone-unspecified, bone-worked, brick/building debris, ceramic-aboriginal, ceramic-nonaboriginal, daub, exotic-nonlocal, glass, lithics-aboriginal, metal-nonprecious, metal-precious/coin, shell-unworked, shell-worked, Others:

(example: A - bone-human)

Disposition List*

- A - category always collected, S - some items in category collected, O - observed first hand, but not collected, R - collected and subsequently left at site, I - informant reported category present, U - unknown

Artifact Comments no artifact recovery

DIAGNOSTICS (type or mode, and frequency: e.g., Suwanee ppk, heat-treated chert, Deptford Check-stamped, ironstone/whiteware)

- 1. N= 4. N= 7. N= 2. N= 5. N= 8. N= 3. N= 6. N= 9. N=

ENVIRONMENT

Nearest fresh water type* & name (incl. relict source) Distance (m)/bearing

Natural community (FNAI category* or leave blank)

Local vegetation

Topography* Min Elevation meters Max Elevation meters

Present land use

SCS soil series Soil association

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible: For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.

project documentation on file ACI P08030

artifacts and copy of notes to be turned over to FDOT for curation

Manuscripts or Publications on the site (use separate sheet if needed, give FMSF# if relevant) ACI (2009) Cultural Resource Assessment

Survey PD&E Study I-75 from South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough County, Florida

RECORDER & INFORMANT INFORMATION

Informant Information (name / address / phone / affiliation)

Recorder Information (name / address / phone / affiliation) Horvath, Elizabeth A., 98 Hickorywood Dr., Crawfordville, FL 32327

Archaeological Consultants, Inc., 850-926-9285, acinorth@comcast.net

Required Attachments

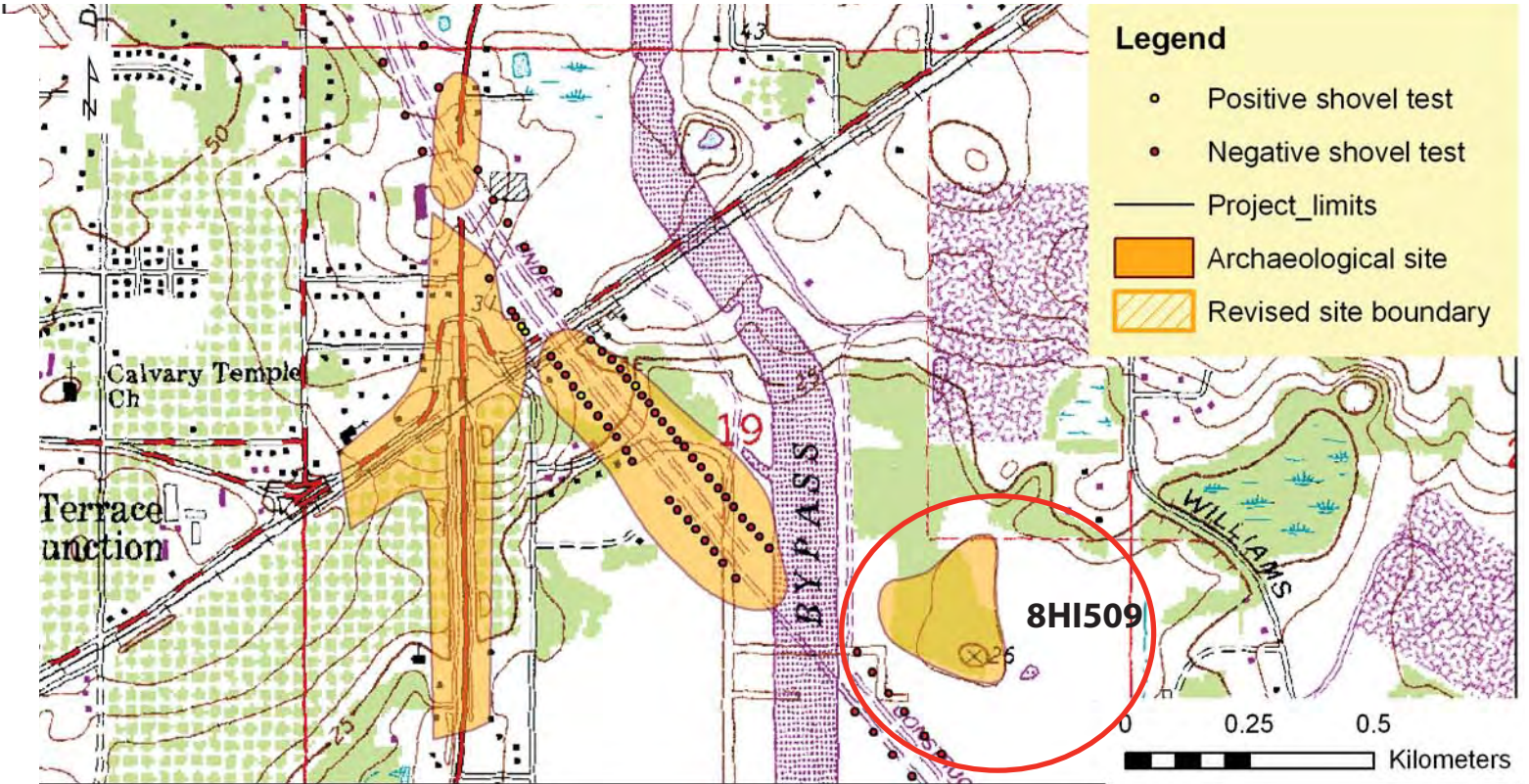
PHOTOCOPY OF 7.5' USGS QUAD MAP WITH SITE BOUNDARIES MARKED and SITE PLAN Plan at 1:3,600 or larger. Show boundaries, scale, north arrow, test/collection units, landmarks and date.



USGS MAP

Thonotosassa 1977

Township 28 South, Range 20 East, Section 19



- Original
- Update



ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI510
 Field Date 10 / 09 / 08
 Form Date 12 / 10 / 08
 Recorder # _____

Consult Guide to Archaeological Site Form for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) Bartolotti Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
 Project Name I-75 PD&E US 301 to Fletcher Survey # (DHR only) _____
 Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

USGS 7.5 Map Name & Date Thonotosassa 1977 Plat or Other Map _____
 City/Town (within 3 miles) Mango In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough
 Township 28S Range 20E Section 29 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: _____
 Landgrant _____ Tax Parcel # _____
 UTM Coordinates: Zone 16 17 Easting _____ 0 Northing _____ 0
 Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____
 Address / Vicinity / Route to _____
 Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

TYPE OF SITE (check all that apply)

SETTING *	STRUCTURES OR FEATURES *	FUNCTION *
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Land (<i>terrestrial</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Lake/Pond (<i>lacustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> River/Stream/Creek (<i>riverine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Tidal (<i>estuarine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Saltwater (<i>marine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Wetland (<i>palustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> usually flooded <input type="checkbox"/> usually dry <input type="checkbox"/> Cave/Sink (<i>subterranean</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> terrestrial <input type="checkbox"/> aquatic	<input type="checkbox"/> aboriginal boat <input type="checkbox"/> agr/c/farm building <input type="checkbox"/> burial mound <input type="checkbox"/> building remains <input type="checkbox"/> cemetery/grave <input type="checkbox"/> dump/refuse <input type="checkbox"/> earthworks <input type="checkbox"/> fort <input type="checkbox"/> midden <input type="checkbox"/> mill <input type="checkbox"/> mission <input type="checkbox"/> mound, nonspecific <input type="checkbox"/> plantation <input type="checkbox"/> platform mound <input type="checkbox"/> road segment <input type="checkbox"/> shell midden <input type="checkbox"/> shell mound <input type="checkbox"/> shipwreck <input type="checkbox"/> subsurface features <input type="checkbox"/> surface scatter <input type="checkbox"/> well	<input type="checkbox"/> campsite <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> extractive site <input type="checkbox"/> habitation (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> homestead (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> farmstead <input type="checkbox"/> village (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> town (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> quarry
<input type="checkbox"/> Other settings, structures, features or functions _____		

CULTURE PERIODS (check all that apply)

ABORIGINAL *	NON-ABORIGINAL *
<input type="checkbox"/> Alachua <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Early <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Middle <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade <input type="checkbox"/> Cades Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Caloosahatchee <input type="checkbox"/> Deptford <input type="checkbox"/> Englewood <input type="checkbox"/> Fort Walton <input type="checkbox"/> Glades (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Glades I <input type="checkbox"/> Glades II <input type="checkbox"/> Glades III <input type="checkbox"/> Hickory Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Leon-Jefferson <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar I <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar II <input type="checkbox"/> Manasota <input type="checkbox"/> Mississippian <input type="checkbox"/> Mount Taylor <input type="checkbox"/> Norwood <input type="checkbox"/> Orange <input type="checkbox"/> Paleoindian <input type="checkbox"/> Pensacola <input type="checkbox"/> Perico Island <input type="checkbox"/> Safety Harbor <input type="checkbox"/> St. Augustine	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns I <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns II <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa-Swift Creek <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: Colonization <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 1st War To 2nd <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 2nd War To 3rd <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 3rd War & After <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Early <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Transitional <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island I <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island II <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric (nonspecific) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric non-ceramic <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric ceramic <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1513-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1600-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1700-1763 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> British 1763-1783 <input type="checkbox"/> Second Spanish 1783-1821 <input type="checkbox"/> American Territorial 1821-45 <input type="checkbox"/> American Civil War 1861-65 <input type="checkbox"/> American 19th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American 20th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> African-American
<input type="checkbox"/> Other (List less common phases or specific sub-phases. For historic sites, give specific dates if known.) _____	

* Consult *Guide to Archaeological Site Form* for preferred descriptions not listed above (data are coded fields).

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Potentially eligible individually for National Register of Historic Places? yes no insufficient information
 Potentially eligible as contributor to a National Register district? yes no insufficient information
 Explanation of Evaluation (required if evaluated; use separate sheet if needed) low artifact density & diversity; low research potential within the APE

 Recommendations for Owner or SHPO Action no additional investigations within the APE

DHR USE ONLY	OFFICIAL EVALUATION	DHR USE ONLY
NR List Date _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin</i> 15, p. 2)	Date ____/____/____ Init. _____ Date ____/____/____

FIELD METHODS (check all that apply)

SITE DETECTION* SITE BOUNDARIES*
no field check, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, exposed ground, posthole digger, auger--size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel, bounds unknown, none by recorder, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, insp exposed ground, posthole tests, auger--size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel, block excavations, estimate or guess

Other methods; number, size, depth, pattern of units; screen size (attach site plan) 47 ST, 5 positive; 25 & 50 m interval as well as judgmentally placed; 50 cm diameter, 1 m deep, 6.4 mm mesh screen

SITE DESCRIPTION

Extent Size (m2) Depth/stratigraphy of cultural deposit artifacts @ 30-80 cmbs
0-20 cm dark gray sand, 20-70 cm light gray sand, 70-100 cm brown hardpan

Temporal Interpretation - Components (check one): single component, multiple component, uncertain
Describe each occupation in plan (refer to attached large scale map) and stratigraphically. Discuss temporal and functional interpretations:

Integrity - Overall disturbance*: none seen, minor, substantial, major, redeposited, destroyed-document!, unknown
Disturbances / threats / protective measures road construction / road construction / none

Surface collection: area collected m2 # collection units Excavation: # noncontiguous blocks

ARTIFACTS

Total Artifacts # 11c (C)ount or (E)stimate? Surface # 0c (C) or (E) Subsurface # 11c (C) or (E)

COLLECTION SELECTIVITY*

- unknown, unselective (all artifacts), selective (some artifacts), mixed selectivity

SPATIAL CONTROL*

- uncollected, general (not by subarea), unknown, controlled (by subarea), variable spatial control, Other

ARTIFACT CATEGORIES* and DISPOSITIONS*

Pick exactly one code from Disposition List => => =>

- bone-animal, bone-human, bone-unspecified, bone-worked, brick/building debris, ceramic-aboriginal, ceramic-nonaboriginal, daub, exotic-nonlocal, glass, lithics-aboriginal, metal-nonprecious, metal-precious/coin, shell-unworked, shell-worked, Others:

(example: A bone-human)

Disposition List*

- A - category always collected, S - some items in category collected, O - observed first hand, but not collected, R - collected and subsequently left at site, I - informant reported category present, U - unknown

Artifact Comments 1 core, 1 tested cobble, 9 flakes - all chert

DIAGNOSTICS (type or mode, and frequency: e.g., Suwanee ppk, heat-treated chert, Deptford Check-stamped, ironstone/whiteware)

- 1. thermal alteration N= 2, 2. N=, 3. N=, 4. N=, 5. N=, 6. N=, 7. N=, 8. N=, 9. N=

ENVIRONMENT

Nearest fresh water type* & name (incl. relict source) Distance (m)/bearing
Natural community (FNAI category* or leave blank)
Local vegetation
Topography* Min Elevation meters Max Elevation meters
Present land use
SCS soil series Soil association

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible: For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.

project documentation on file ACI P08030

artifacts and copy of notes to be turned over to FDOT for curation

Manuscripts or Publications on the site (use separate sheet if needed, give FMSF# if relevant) ACI (2009) Cultural Resource Assessment Survey PD&E Study I-75 from South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough County, Florida

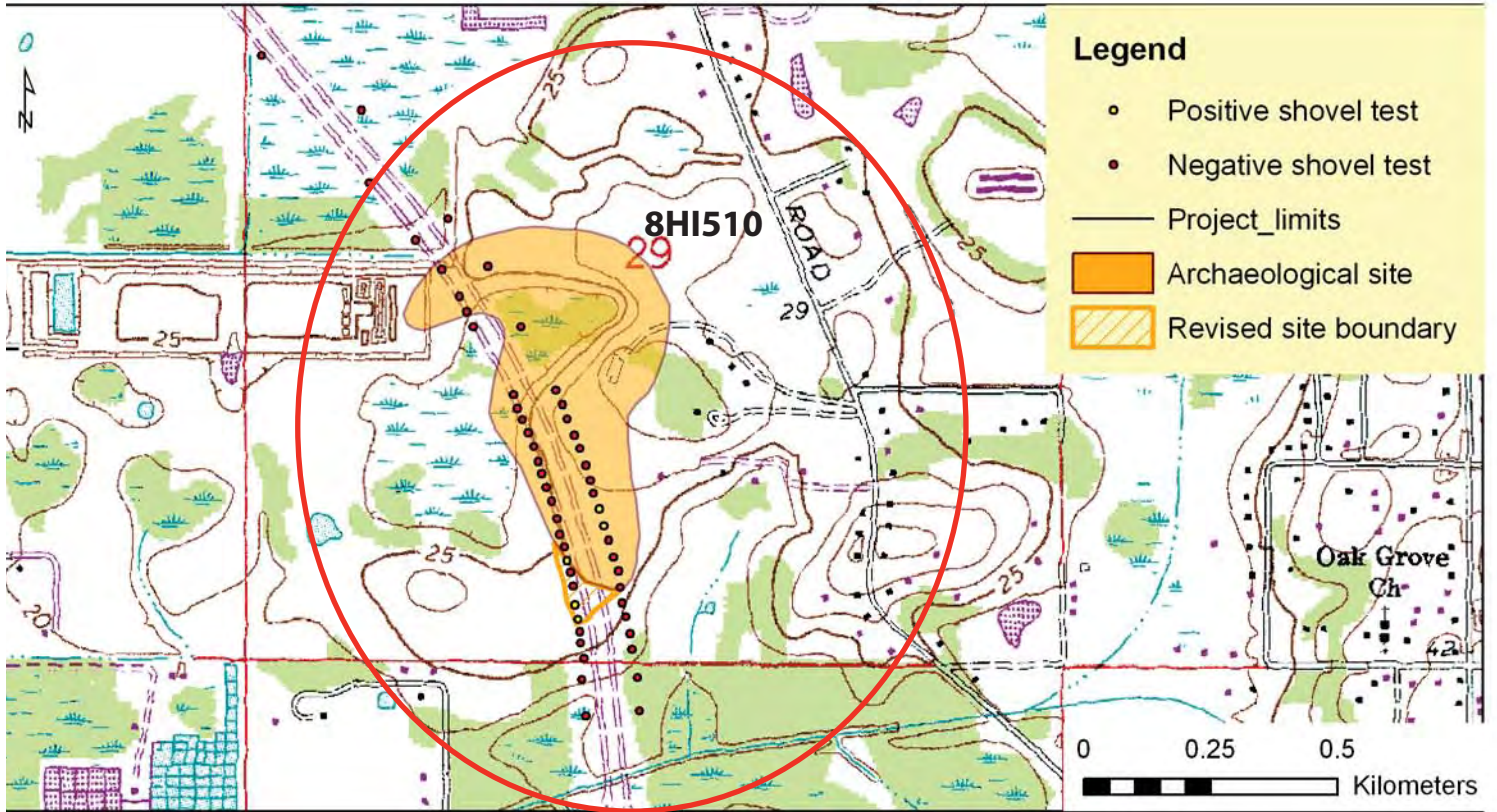
RECORDER & INFORMANT INFORMATION

Informant Information (name / address / phone / affiliation)

Recorder Information (name / address / phone / affiliation) Horvath, Elizabeth A., 98 Hickorywood Dr., Crawfordville, FL 32327
Archaeological Consultants, Inc., 850-926-9285, acinorth@comcast.net

Required Attachments

1 PHOTOCOPY OF 7.5' USGS QUAD MAP WITH SITE BOUNDARIES MARKED and SITE PLAN
Plan at 1:3,600 or larger. Show boundaries, scale, north arrow, test/collection units, landmarks and date.



- Original
- Update



ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI513
 Field Date 10 / 08 / 08
 Form Date 12 / 10 / 08
 Recorder # _____

Consult Guide to Archaeological Site Form for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) Red Hill Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
 Project Name I-75 PD&E US 301 to Fletcher Survey # (DHR only) _____
 Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

USGS 7.5 Map Name & Date Thonotosassa 1977 Plat or Other Map _____
 City/Town (within 3 miles) Mango In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough
 Township 28S Range 20E Section 32 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: _____
 Landgrant _____ Tax Parcel # _____
 UTM Coordinates: Zone 16 17 Easting _____ 0 Northing _____ 0
 Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____
 Address / Vicinity / Route to _____
 Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

TYPE OF SITE (check all that apply)

- | | | |
|---|--|---|
| <p>SETTING *</p> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Land (<i>terrestrial</i>)
<input type="checkbox"/> Lake/Pond (<i>lacustrine</i>)
<input type="checkbox"/> River/Stream/Creek (<i>riverine</i>)
<input type="checkbox"/> Tidal (<i>estuarine</i>)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saltwater (<i>marine</i>)
<input type="checkbox"/> Wetland (<i>palustrine</i>)
<input type="checkbox"/> usually flooded
<input type="checkbox"/> usually dry
<input type="checkbox"/> Cave/Sink (<i>subterranean</i>)
<input type="checkbox"/> terrestrial
<input type="checkbox"/> aquatic
<input type="checkbox"/> Other settings, structures, features or functions _____ | <p>STRUCTURES OR FEATURES *</p> <input type="checkbox"/> aboriginal boat
<input type="checkbox"/> agr/c/farm building
<input type="checkbox"/> burial mound
<input type="checkbox"/> building remains
<input type="checkbox"/> cemetery/grave
<input type="checkbox"/> dump/refuse
<input type="checkbox"/> earthworks
<input type="checkbox"/> fort
<input type="checkbox"/> midden
<input type="checkbox"/> mill
<input type="checkbox"/> mission
<input type="checkbox"/> mound, nonspecific
<input type="checkbox"/> plantation
<input type="checkbox"/> platform mound
<input type="checkbox"/> road segment
<input type="checkbox"/> shell midden
<input type="checkbox"/> shell mound
<input type="checkbox"/> shipwreck
<input type="checkbox"/> subsurface features
<input type="checkbox"/> surface scatter
<input type="checkbox"/> well | <p>FUNCTION *</p> <input type="checkbox"/> campsite
<input type="checkbox"/> extractive site
<input type="checkbox"/> habitation (prehistoric)
<input type="checkbox"/> homestead (historic)
<input type="checkbox"/> farmstead
<input type="checkbox"/> village (prehistoric)
<input type="checkbox"/> town (historic)
<input type="checkbox"/> quarry |
|---|--|---|

CULTURE PERIODS (check all that apply)

- | | |
|--|--|
| <p>ABORIGINAL *</p> <input type="checkbox"/> Alachua
<input type="checkbox"/> Archaic (nonspecific)
<input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Early
<input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Middle
<input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Late
<input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade
<input type="checkbox"/> Cades Pond
<input type="checkbox"/> Caloosahatchee
<input type="checkbox"/> Deptford
<input type="checkbox"/> Englewood
<input type="checkbox"/> Fort Walton
<input type="checkbox"/> Glades (nonspecific)
<input type="checkbox"/> Glades I
<input type="checkbox"/> Glades II
<input type="checkbox"/> Glades III
<input type="checkbox"/> Hickory Pond
<input type="checkbox"/> Leon-Jefferson
<input type="checkbox"/> Malabar I
<input type="checkbox"/> Malabar II
<input type="checkbox"/> Manasota
<input type="checkbox"/> Mississippian
<input type="checkbox"/> Mount Taylor
<input type="checkbox"/> Norwood
<input type="checkbox"/> Orange
<input type="checkbox"/> Paleoindian
<input type="checkbox"/> Pensacola
<input type="checkbox"/> Perico Island
<input type="checkbox"/> Safety Harbor
<input type="checkbox"/> St. Augustine
<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns (nonspecific)
<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns I
<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns II
<input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa
<input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa-Swift Creek
<input type="checkbox"/> Seminole (nonspecific)
<input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: Colonization
<input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 1st War To 2nd
<input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 2nd War To 3rd
<input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 3rd War & After
<input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek (nonspecific)
<input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Early
<input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Late
<input type="checkbox"/> Transitional
<input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island (nonspecific)
<input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island I
<input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island II
<input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric (nonspecific)
<input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric non-ceramic
<input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric ceramic
<input type="checkbox"/> Other (List less common phases or specific sub-phases. For historic sites, give specific dates if known.) _____ | <p>NON-ABORIGINAL *</p> <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1513-99
<input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1600-99
<input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1700-1763
<input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish (nonspecific)
<input type="checkbox"/> British 1763-1783
<input type="checkbox"/> Second Spanish 1783-1821
<input type="checkbox"/> American Territorial 1821-45
<input type="checkbox"/> American Civil War 1861-65
<input type="checkbox"/> American 19th Century
<input type="checkbox"/> American 20th Century
<input type="checkbox"/> American (nonspecific)
<input type="checkbox"/> African-American |
|--|--|

* Consult *Guide to Archaeological Site Form* for preferred descriptions not listed above (data are coded fields).

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Potentially eligible individually for National Register of Historic Places? yes no insufficient information
 Potentially eligible as contributor to a National Register district? yes no insufficient information
 Explanation of Evaluation (required if evaluated; use separate sheet if needed) no evidence of site discovered within the APE

 Recommendations for Owner or SHPO Action no additional investigations within the APE

DHR USE ONLY	OFFICIAL EVALUATION	DHR USE ONLY
NR List Date ____/____/____ <input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin</i> 15, p. 2)	Date ____/____/____ Init. _____ Date ____/____/____

FIELD METHODS (check all that apply)

SITE DETECTION*

- no field check, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, exposed ground, posthole digger, auger--size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel

SITE BOUNDARIES*

- bounds unknown, none by recorder, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, insp exposed ground, posthole tests, auger--size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel, block excavations, estimate or guess

Other methods; number, size, depth, pattern of units; screen size (attach site plan) 9 ST, 0 positive; 25 m interval and judgmental 50 cm diameter, 1 m deep, 6.4 mm mesh screen

SITE DESCRIPTION

Extent Size (m^2) Depth/stratigraphy of cultural deposit

Temporal Interpretation - Components (check one): single component, multiple component, uncertain

Describe each occupation in plan (refer to attached large scale map) and stratigraphically. Discuss temporal and functional interpretations:

Integrity - Overall disturbance*: none seen, minor, substantial, major, redeposited, destroyed-document!, unknown Disturbances / threats / protective measures road construction / road construction / none

Surface collection: area collected m^2 # collection units Excavation: # noncontiguous blocks

ARTIFACTS

Total Artifacts # 0c (C)ount or (E)stimate? Surface # 0c (C) or (E) Subsurface # 0c (C) or (E)

COLLECTION SELECTIVITY*

- unknown, unselective (all artifacts), selective (some artifacts), mixed selectivity

SPATIAL CONTROL*

- uncollected, unknown, Other, general (not by subarea), controlled (by subarea), variable spatial control

ARTIFACT CATEGORIES* and DISPOSITIONS*

Pick exactly one code from Disposition List => => =>

- bone-animal, bone-human, bone-unspecified, bone-worked, brick/building debris, ceramic-aboriginal, ceramic-nonaboriginal, daub, exotic-nonlocal, glass, lithics-aboriginal, metal-nonprecious, metal-precious/coin, shell-unworked, shell-worked, Others:

(example: A - bone-human)

Disposition List*

- A - category always collected, S - some items in category collected, O - observed first hand, but not collected, R - collected and subsequently left at site, I - informant reported category present, U - unknown

Artifact Comments no artifact recovery

DIAGNOSTICS (type or mode, and frequency: e.g., Suwanee ppk, heat-treated chert, Deptford Check-stamped, ironstone/whiteware)

- 1. N= 4. N= 7. N= 2. N= 5. N= 8. N= 3. N= 6. N= 9. N=

ENVIRONMENT

Nearest fresh water type* & name (incl. relict source) Distance (m)/bearing

Natural community (FNAI category* or leave blank)

Local vegetation

Topography* Min Elevation meters Max Elevation meters

Present land use

SCS soil series Soil association

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible: For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.

project documentation on file ACI P08030

artifacts and copy of notes to be turned over to FDOT for curation

Manuscripts or Publications on the site (use separate sheet if needed, give FMSF# if relevant) ACI (2009) Cultural Resource Assessment

Survey PD&E Study I-75 from South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough County, Florida

RECORDER & INFORMANT INFORMATION

Informant Information (name / address / phone / affiliation)

Recorder Information (name / address / phone / affiliation) Horvath, Elizabeth A., 98 Hickorywood Dr., Crawfordville, FL 32327

Archaeological Consultants, Inc., 850-926-9285, acinorth@comcast.net

Required Attachments

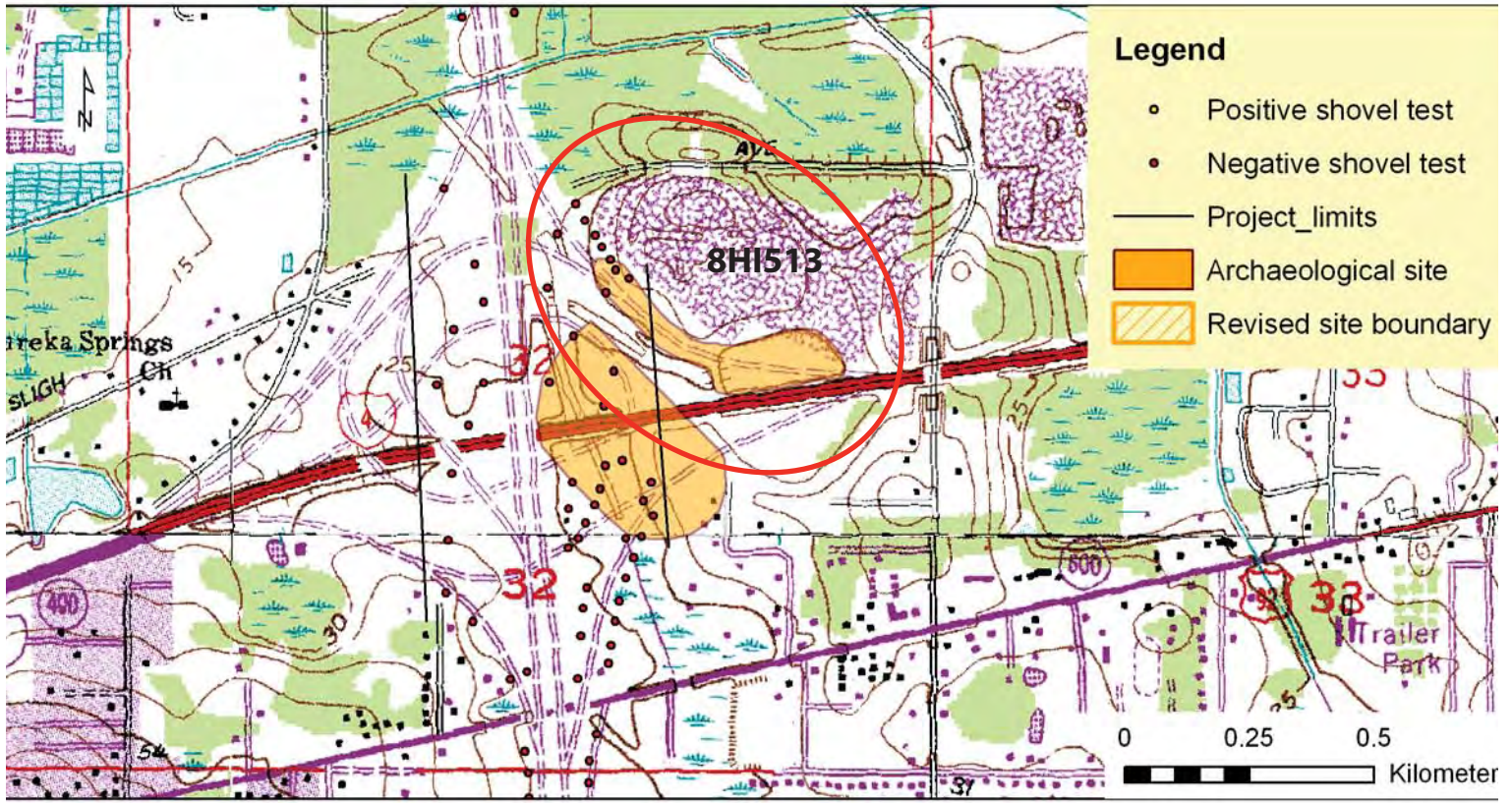
PHOTOCOPY OF 7.5' USGS QUAD MAP WITH SITE BOUNDARIES MARKED and SITE PLAN Plan at 1:3,600 or larger. Show boundaries, scale, north arrow, test/collection units, landmarks and date.



USGS MAP

Thonotosassa 1977

Township 28 South, Range 20 East, Section 32



- Original
- Update



ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI514
 Field Date 10 / 08 / 08
 Form Date 12 / 10 / 08
 Recorder # _____

Consult Guide to Archaeological Site Form for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) Road End Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
 Project Name I-75 PD&E US 301 to Fletcher Survey # (DHR only) _____
 Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

USGS 7.5 Map Name & Date Thonotosassa 1977 Plat or Other Map _____
 City/Town (within 3 miles) Mango In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough
 Township 28S Range 20E Section 32 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: _____
 Landgrant _____ Tax Parcel # _____
 UTM Coordinates: Zone 16 17 Easting _____ 0 Northing _____ 0
 Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____
 Address / Vicinity / Route to _____
 Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

TYPE OF SITE (check all that apply)

<p>SETTING *</p> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Land (<i>terrestrial</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Wetland (<i>palustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Lake/Pond (<i>lacustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> usually flooded <input type="checkbox"/> River/Stream/Creek (<i>riverine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> usually dry <input type="checkbox"/> Tidal (<i>estuarine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Cave/Sink (<i>subterranean</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Saltwater (<i>marine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> terrestrial <input type="checkbox"/> aquatic	<p>STRUCTURES OR FEATURES *</p> <input type="checkbox"/> aboriginal boat <input type="checkbox"/> fort <input type="checkbox"/> road segment <input type="checkbox"/> agric/farm building <input type="checkbox"/> midden <input type="checkbox"/> shell midden <input type="checkbox"/> burial mound <input type="checkbox"/> mill <input type="checkbox"/> shell mound <input type="checkbox"/> building remains <input type="checkbox"/> mission <input type="checkbox"/> shipwreck <input type="checkbox"/> cemetery/grave <input type="checkbox"/> mound, nonspecific <input type="checkbox"/> subsurface features <input type="checkbox"/> dump/refuse <input type="checkbox"/> plantation <input type="checkbox"/> surface scatter <input type="checkbox"/> earthworks <input type="checkbox"/> platform mound <input type="checkbox"/> well	<p>FUNCTION *</p> <input type="checkbox"/> campsite <input type="checkbox"/> extractive site <input type="checkbox"/> habitation (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> homestead (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> farmstead <input type="checkbox"/> village (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> town (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> quarry
--	--	---

Other settings, structures, features or functions _____

CULTURE PERIODS (check all that apply)

<p>ABORIGINAL *</p> <input type="checkbox"/> Alachua <input type="checkbox"/> Englewood <input type="checkbox"/> Manasota <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Fort Walton <input type="checkbox"/> Mississippian <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns I <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Early <input type="checkbox"/> Glades (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Mount Taylor <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns II <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Middle <input type="checkbox"/> Glades I <input type="checkbox"/> Norwood <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Glades II <input type="checkbox"/> Orange <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa-Swift Creek <input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade <input type="checkbox"/> Glades III <input type="checkbox"/> Paleoindian <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Cades Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Hickory Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Pensacola <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: Colonization <input type="checkbox"/> Caloosahatchee <input type="checkbox"/> Leon-Jefferson <input type="checkbox"/> Perico Island <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 1st War To 2nd <input type="checkbox"/> Deptford <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar I <input type="checkbox"/> Safety Harbor <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 2nd War To 3rd <input type="checkbox"/> _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar II <input type="checkbox"/> St. Augustine <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 3rd War & After	<p>NON-ABORIGINAL *</p> <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1513-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1600-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1700-1763 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> British 1763-1783 <input type="checkbox"/> Second Spanish 1783-1821 <input type="checkbox"/> American Territorial 1821-45 <input type="checkbox"/> American Civil War 1861-65 <input type="checkbox"/> American 19th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American 20th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> African-American
---	--

Other (List less common phases or specific sub-phases. For historic sites, give specific dates if known.) _____

* Consult *Guide to Archaeological Site Form* for preferred descriptions not listed above (data are coded fields).

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Potentially eligible individually for National Register of Historic Places? yes no insufficient information
 Potentially eligible as contributor to a National Register district? yes no insufficient information
 Explanation of Evaluation (required if evaluated; use separate sheet if needed) no evidence of site discovered within the APE

 Recommendations for Owner or SHPO Action no additional investigations within the APE

DHR USE ONLY	OFFICIAL EVALUATION	DHR USE ONLY
NR List Date _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin</i> 15, p. 2)	Date ____/____/____ Init. _____ Date ____/____/____

FIELD METHODS (check all that apply)

SITE DETECTION* SITE BOUNDARIES*
no field check, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, exposed ground, posthole digger, auger--size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel, bounds unknown, none by recorder, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, insp exposed ground, posthole tests, auger--size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel, block excavations, estimate or guess

Other methods; number, size, depth, pattern of units; screen size (attach site plan) 33 ST, 0 positive; 50 m interval and judgmental 50 cm diameter, 1 m deep, 6.4 mm mesh screen most of the shovel tests revealed fill deposits

SITE DESCRIPTION

Extent Size (m2) Depth/stratigraphy of cultural deposit

Temporal Interpretation - Components (check one): single component, multiple component, uncertain Describe each occupation in plan (refer to attached large scale map) and stratigraphically. Discuss temporal and functional interpretations:

Integrity - Overall disturbance*: none seen, minor, substantial, major, redeposited, destroyed-document!, unknown Disturbances / threats / protective measures road construction / road construction / none

Surface collection: area collected m2 # collection units Excavation: # noncontiguous blocks

ARTIFACTS

Total Artifacts # 0c (C)ount or (E)stimate? Surface # 0c (C) or (E) Subsurface # 0c (C) or (E)

COLLECTION SELECTIVITY* ARTIFACT CATEGORIES* and DISPOSITIONS* (example: A bone-human) Disposition List*
unknown, unselective, selective, mixed selectivity, uncollected, general, unknown, controlled, variable spatial control, Other
bone-animal, bone-human, bone-unspecified, bone-worked, brick/building debris, ceramic-aboriginal, ceramic-nonaboriginal, daub, exotic-nonlocal, glass, lithics-aboriginal, metal-nonprecious, metal-precious/coin, shell-unworked, shell-worked, Others:

Artifact Comments no artifact recovery

DIAGNOSTICS (type or mode, and frequency: e.g., Suwanee ppk, heat-treated chert, Deptford Check-stamped, ironstone/whiteware)
1. N= 4. N= 7. N=
2. N= 5. N= 8. N=
3. N= 6. N= 9. N=

ENVIRONMENT

Nearest fresh water type* & name (incl. relict source) Distance (m)/bearing
Natural community (FNAI category* or leave blank)
Local vegetation
Topography* Min Elevation meters Max Elevation meters
Present land use
SCS soil series Soil association

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible: For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information. project documentation on file ACI P08030 artifacts and copy of notes to be turned over to FDOT for curation Manuscripts or Publications on the site (use separate sheet if needed, give FMSF# if relevant) ACI (2009) Cultural Resource Assessment Survey PD&E Study I-75 from South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough County, Florida

RECORDER & INFORMANT INFORMATION

Informant Information (name / address / phone / affiliation) Recorder Information (name / address / phone / affiliation) Horvath, Elizabeth A., 98 Hickorywood Dr., Crawfordville, FL 32327 Archaeological Consultants, Inc., 850-926-9285, acinorth@comcast.net

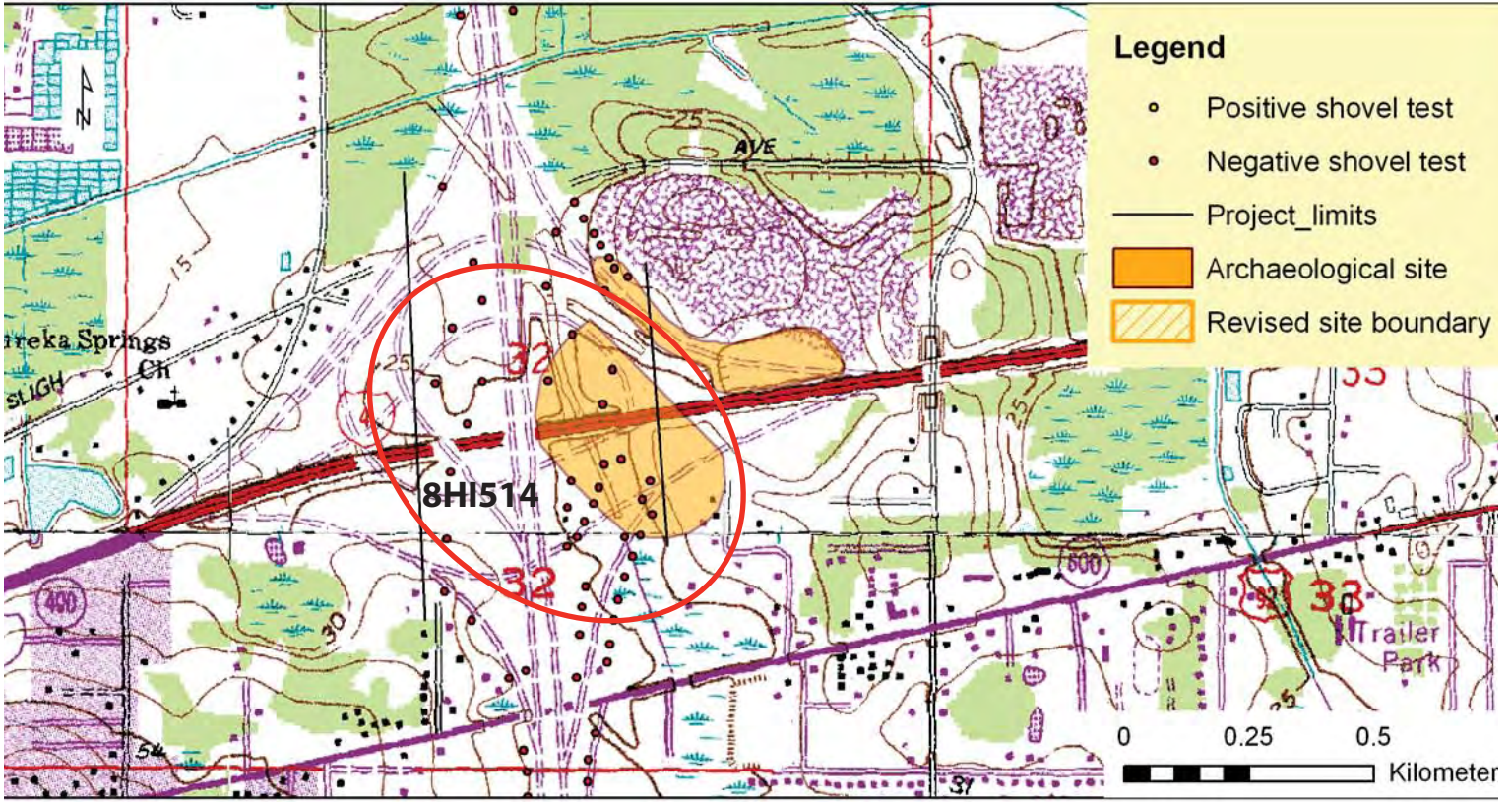
Required Attachments 1 PHOTOCOPY OF 7.5' USGS QUAD MAP WITH SITE BOUNDARIES MARKED and SITE PLAN Plan at 1:3,600 or larger. Show boundaries, scale, north arrow, test/collection units, landmarks and date.



USGS MAP

Thonotosassa 1977

Township 28 South, Range 20 East, Section 32



- Original
- Update



ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI519
 Field Date 07 / 01 / 08
 Form Date 12 / 10 / 08
 Recorder # _____

Consult Guide to Archaeological Site Form for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) Graves Road Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
 Project Name I-75 PD&E US 301 to Fletcher Survey # (DHR only) _____
 Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

USGS 7.5 Map Name & Date Brandon 1982 Plat or Other Map _____
 City/Town (within 3 miles) Mango In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough
 Township 29S Range 20E Section 17 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: _____
 Landgrant _____ Tax Parcel # _____
 UTM Coordinates: Zone 16 17 Easting _____ 0 Northing _____ 0
 Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____
 Address / Vicinity / Route to _____
 Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

TYPE OF SITE (check all that apply)

SETTING *	STRUCTURES OR FEATURES *	FUNCTION *
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Land (<i>terrestrial</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Lake/Pond (<i>lacustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> River/Stream/Creek (<i>riverine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Tidal (<i>estuarine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Saltwater (<i>marine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Wetland (<i>palustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> usually flooded <input type="checkbox"/> usually dry <input type="checkbox"/> Cave/Sink (<i>subterranean</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> terrestrial <input type="checkbox"/> aquatic	<input type="checkbox"/> aboriginal boat <input type="checkbox"/> agrig/farm building <input type="checkbox"/> burial mound <input type="checkbox"/> building remains <input type="checkbox"/> cemetery/grave <input type="checkbox"/> dump/refuse <input type="checkbox"/> earthworks <input type="checkbox"/> fort <input type="checkbox"/> midden <input type="checkbox"/> mill <input type="checkbox"/> mission <input type="checkbox"/> mound, nonspecific <input type="checkbox"/> plantation <input type="checkbox"/> platform mound <input type="checkbox"/> road segment <input type="checkbox"/> shell midden <input type="checkbox"/> shell mound <input type="checkbox"/> shipwreck <input type="checkbox"/> subsurface features <input type="checkbox"/> surface scatter <input type="checkbox"/> well	<input type="checkbox"/> campsite <input type="checkbox"/> extractive site <input type="checkbox"/> habitation (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> homestead (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> farmstead <input type="checkbox"/> village (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> town (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> quarry
<input type="checkbox"/> Other settings, structures, features or functions _____		

CULTURE PERIODS (check all that apply)

ABORIGINAL *	NON-ABORIGINAL *
<input type="checkbox"/> Alachua <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Early <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Middle <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade <input type="checkbox"/> Cades Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Caloosahatchee <input type="checkbox"/> Deptford <input type="checkbox"/> Englewood <input type="checkbox"/> Fort Walton <input type="checkbox"/> Glades (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Glades I <input type="checkbox"/> Glades II <input type="checkbox"/> Glades III <input type="checkbox"/> Hickory Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Leon-Jefferson <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar I <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar II <input type="checkbox"/> Manasota <input type="checkbox"/> Mississippian <input type="checkbox"/> Mount Taylor <input type="checkbox"/> Norwood <input type="checkbox"/> Orange <input type="checkbox"/> Paleoindian <input type="checkbox"/> Pensacola <input type="checkbox"/> Perico Island <input type="checkbox"/> Safety Harbor <input type="checkbox"/> St. Augustine	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns I <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns II <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa-Swift Creek <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: Colonization <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 1st War To 2nd <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 2nd War To 3rd <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 3rd War & After <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Early <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Transitional <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island I <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island II <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric non-ceramic <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric ceramic <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1513-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1600-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1700-1763 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> British 1763-1783 <input type="checkbox"/> Second Spanish 1783-1821 <input type="checkbox"/> American Territorial 1821-45 <input type="checkbox"/> American Civil War 1861-65 <input type="checkbox"/> American 19th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American 20th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> African-American
<input type="checkbox"/> Other (List less common phases or specific sub-phases. For historic sites, give specific dates if known.) _____	

* Consult *Guide to Archaeological Site Form* for preferred descriptions not listed above (data are coded fields).

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Potentially eligible individually for National Register of Historic Places? yes no insufficient information
 Potentially eligible as contributor to a National Register district? yes no insufficient information
 Explanation of Evaluation (required if evaluated; use separate sheet if needed) no evidence of site discovered within the APE

 Recommendations for Owner or SHPO Action no additional investigations within the APE

DHR USE ONLY	OFFICIAL EVALUATION	DHR USE ONLY
NR List Date _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin</i> 15, p. 2)	Date ____/____/____ Init. _____ Date ____/____/____

FIELD METHODS (check all that apply)

SITE DETECTION* SITE BOUNDARIES*
no field check, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, exposed ground, posthole digger, auger--size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel, bounds unknown, none by recorder, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, insp exposed ground, posthole tests, auger--size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel, block excavations, estimate or guess

Other methods; number, size, depth, pattern of units; screen size (attach site plan) 14 ST, 0 positive; 50 m interval and judgmental 50 cm diameter, 1 m deep, 6.4 mm mesh screen

SITE DESCRIPTION

Extent Size (m2) Depth/stratigraphy of cultural deposit

Temporal Interpretation - Components (check one): single component, multiple component, uncertain
Describe each occupation in plan (refer to attached large scale map) and stratigraphically. Discuss temporal and functional interpretations:

Integrity - Overall disturbance*: none seen, minor, substantial, major, redeposited, destroyed-document!, unknown
Disturbances / threats / protective measures road construction / road construction / none

Surface collection: area collected m2 # collection units Excavation: # noncontiguous blocks

ARTIFACTS

Total Artifacts # 0c (C)ount or (E)stimate? Surface # 0c (C) or (E) Subsurface # 0c (C) or (E)

COLLECTION SELECTIVITY* ARTIFACT CATEGORIES* and DISPOSITIONS*
unknown, unselective, selective, mixed selectivity, uncollected, general, unknown, controlled, variable spatial control, Other
bone-animal, bone-human, bone-unspecified, bone-worked, brick/building debris, ceramic-aboriginal, ceramic-nonaboriginal, daub, exotic-nonlocal, glass, lithics-aboriginal, metal-nonprecious, metal-precious/coin, shell-unworked, shell-worked, Others

Disposition List*
A - category always collected
S - some items in category collected
O - observed first hand, but not collected
R - collected and subsequently left at site
I - informant reported category present
U - unknown

Artifact Comments no artifact recovery

DIAGNOSTICS (type or mode, and frequency: e.g., Suwanee ppk, heat-treated chert, Deptford Check-stamped, ironstone/whiteware)
1. N= 4. N= 7. N=
2. N= 5. N= 8. N=
3. N= 6. N= 9. N=

ENVIRONMENT

Nearest fresh water type* & name (incl. relict source) Distance (m)/bearing
Natural community (FNAI category* or leave blank)
Local vegetation
Topography* Min Elevation meters Max Elevation meters
Present land use
SCS soil series Soil association

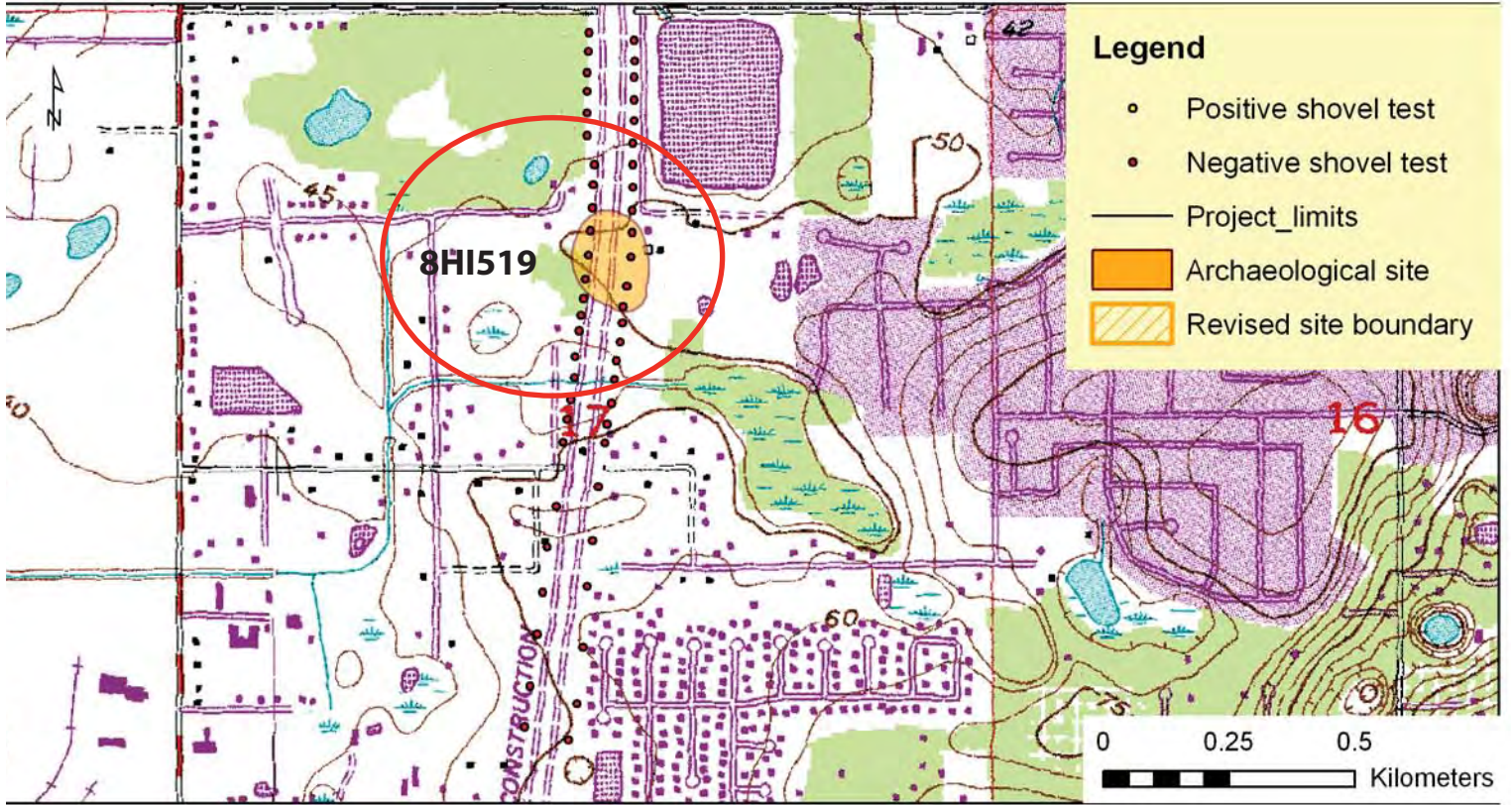
DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible: For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.
project documentation on file ACI P08030
artifacts and copy of notes to be turned over to FDOT for curation
Manuscripts or Publications on the site (use separate sheet if needed, give FMSF# if relevant) ACI (2009) Cultural Resource Assessment Survey PD&E Study I-75 from South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough County, Florida

RECORDER & INFORMANT INFORMATION

Informant Information (name / address / phone / affiliation)
Recorder Information (name / address / phone / affiliation) Horvath, Elizabeth A., 98 Hickorywood Dr., Crawfordville, FL 32327
Archaeological Consultants, Inc., 850-926-9285, acinorth@comcast.net

Required Attachments 1 PHOTOCOPY OF 7.5' USGS QUAD MAP WITH SITE BOUNDARIES MARKED and SITE PLAN
Plan at 1:3,600 or larger. Show boundaries, scale, north arrow, test/collection units, landmarks and date.



- Original
- Update



ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI520
 Field Date 07 / 01 / 08
 Form Date 12 / 10 / 08
 Recorder # _____

Consult Guide to Archaeological Site Form for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) South Railroad Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
 Project Name I-75 PD&E US 301 to Fletcher Survey # (DHR only) _____

Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

USGS 7.5 Map Name & Date Brandon 1982 Plat or Other Map _____

City/Town (within 3 miles) Mango In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough

Township 29S Range 20E Section 20 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: _____

Landgrant _____ Tax Parcel # _____

UTM Coordinates: Zone 16 17 Easting _____ 0 Northing _____ 0

Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____

Address / Vicinity / Route to _____

Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

TYPE OF SITE (check all that apply)

SETTING *	STRUCTURES OR FEATURES *	FUNCTION *
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Land (<i>terrestrial</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Lake/Pond (<i>lacustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> River/Stream/Creek (<i>riverine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Tidal (<i>estuarine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Saltwater (<i>marine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Wetland (<i>palustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> usually flooded <input type="checkbox"/> usually dry <input type="checkbox"/> Cave/Sink (<i>subterranean</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> terrestrial <input type="checkbox"/> aquatic	<input type="checkbox"/> aboriginal boat <input type="checkbox"/> agr/c/farm building <input type="checkbox"/> burial mound <input type="checkbox"/> building remains <input type="checkbox"/> cemetery/grave <input type="checkbox"/> dump/refuse <input type="checkbox"/> earthworks <input type="checkbox"/> fort <input type="checkbox"/> midden <input type="checkbox"/> mill <input type="checkbox"/> mission <input type="checkbox"/> mound, nonspecific <input type="checkbox"/> plantation <input type="checkbox"/> platform mound <input type="checkbox"/> road segment <input type="checkbox"/> shell midden <input type="checkbox"/> shell mound <input type="checkbox"/> shipwreck <input type="checkbox"/> subsurface features <input type="checkbox"/> surface scatter <input type="checkbox"/> well	<input type="checkbox"/> campsite <input type="checkbox"/> extractive site <input type="checkbox"/> habitation (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> homestead (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> farmstead <input type="checkbox"/> village (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> town (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> quarry
<input type="checkbox"/> Other settings, structures, features or functions _____		

CULTURE PERIODS (check all that apply)

ABORIGINAL *	NON-ABORIGINAL *
<input type="checkbox"/> Alachua <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Early <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Middle <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade <input type="checkbox"/> Cades Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Caloosahatchee <input type="checkbox"/> Deptford <input type="checkbox"/> Englewood <input type="checkbox"/> Fort Walton <input type="checkbox"/> Glades (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Glades I <input type="checkbox"/> Glades II <input type="checkbox"/> Glades III <input type="checkbox"/> Hickory Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Leon-Jefferson <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar I <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar II <input type="checkbox"/> Manasota <input type="checkbox"/> Mississippian <input type="checkbox"/> Mount Taylor <input type="checkbox"/> Norwood <input type="checkbox"/> Orange <input type="checkbox"/> Paleoindian <input type="checkbox"/> Pensacola <input type="checkbox"/> Perico Island <input type="checkbox"/> Safety Harbor <input type="checkbox"/> St. Augustine	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns I <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns II <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa-Swift Creek <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: Colonization <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 1st War To 2nd <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 2nd War To 3rd <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 3rd War & After <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Early <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Transitional <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island I <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island II <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric non-ceramic <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric ceramic <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1513-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1600-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1700-1763 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> British 1763-1783 <input type="checkbox"/> Second Spanish 1783-1821 <input type="checkbox"/> American Territorial 1821-45 <input type="checkbox"/> American Civil War 1861-65 <input type="checkbox"/> American 19th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American 20th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> African-American
<input type="checkbox"/> Other (List less common phases or specific sub-phases. For historic sites, give specific dates if known.) _____	

* Consult *Guide to Archaeological Site Form* for preferred descriptions not listed above (data are coded fields).

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Potentially eligible individually for National Register of Historic Places? yes no insufficient information
 Potentially eligible as contributor to a National Register district? yes no insufficient information
 Explanation of Evaluation (required if evaluated; use separate sheet if needed) no evidence of site discovered within the APE

Recommendations for Owner or SHPO Action no additional investigations within the APE

DHR USE ONLY	OFFICIAL EVALUATION	DHR USE ONLY
NR List Date _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin</i> 15, p. 2)	Date ____/____/____ Init. _____ Date ____/____/____

FIELD METHODS (check all that apply)

SITE DETECTION*

- no field check, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, exposed ground, posthole digger, auger--size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel

SITE BOUNDARIES*

- bounds unknown, none by recorder, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, insp exposed ground, posthole tests, auger--size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel, block excavations, estimate or guess

Other methods; number, size, depth, pattern of units; screen size (attach site plan) 13 ST, 0 positive; 50 & 100 m interval and judgmentally placed; 50 cm diameter, 1 m deep, 6.4 mm mesh screen all shovel tests revealed fill deposits

SITE DESCRIPTION

Extent Size (m^2) Depth/stratigraphy of cultural deposit

Temporal Interpretation - Components (check one): single component, multiple component, uncertain

Describe each occupation in plan (refer to attached large scale map) and stratigraphically. Discuss temporal and functional interpretations:

Integrity - Overall disturbance*: none seen, minor, substantial, major, redeposited, destroyed-document!, unknown Disturbances / threats / protective measures road construction / road construction / none

Surface collection: area collected m^2 # collection units Excavation: # noncontiguous blocks

ARTIFACTS

Total Artifacts # 0c (C)ount or (E)stimate? Surface # 0c (C) or (E) Subsurface # 0c (C) or (E)

COLLECTION SELECTIVITY*

- unknown, unselective (all artifacts), selective (some artifacts), mixed selectivity

SPATIAL CONTROL*

- uncollected, unknown, Other, general (not by subarea), controlled (by subarea), variable spatial control

ARTIFACT CATEGORIES* and DISPOSITIONS*

Pick exactly one code from Disposition List => => =>

- bone-animal, bone-human, bone-unspecified, bone-worked, brick/building debris, ceramic-aboriginal, ceramic-nonaboriginal, daub, exotic-nonlocal, glass, lithics-aboriginal, metal-nonprecious, metal-precious/coin, shell-unworked, shell-worked, Others:

(example: A - bone-human)

Disposition List*

- A - category always collected, S - some items in category collected, O - observed first hand, but not collected, R - collected and subsequently left at site, I - informant reported category present, U - unknown

Artifact Comments no artifact recovery

DIAGNOSTICS (type or mode, and frequency: e.g., Suwanee ppk, heat-treated chert, Deptford Check-stamped, ironstone/whiteware)

- 1. N= 4. N= 7. N= 2. N= 5. N= 8. N= 3. N= 6. N= 9. N=

ENVIRONMENT

Nearest fresh water type* & name (incl. relict source) Distance (m)/bearing

Natural community (FNAI category* or leave blank)

Local vegetation

Topography* Min Elevation meters Max Elevation meters

Present land use

SCS soil series Soil association

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible: For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.

project documentation on file ACI P08030

artifacts and copy of notes to be turned over to FDOT for curation

Manuscripts or Publications on the site (use separate sheet if needed, give FMSF# if relevant) ACI (2009) Cultural Resource Assessment

Survey PD&E Study I-75 from South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough County, Florida

RECORDER & INFORMANT INFORMATION

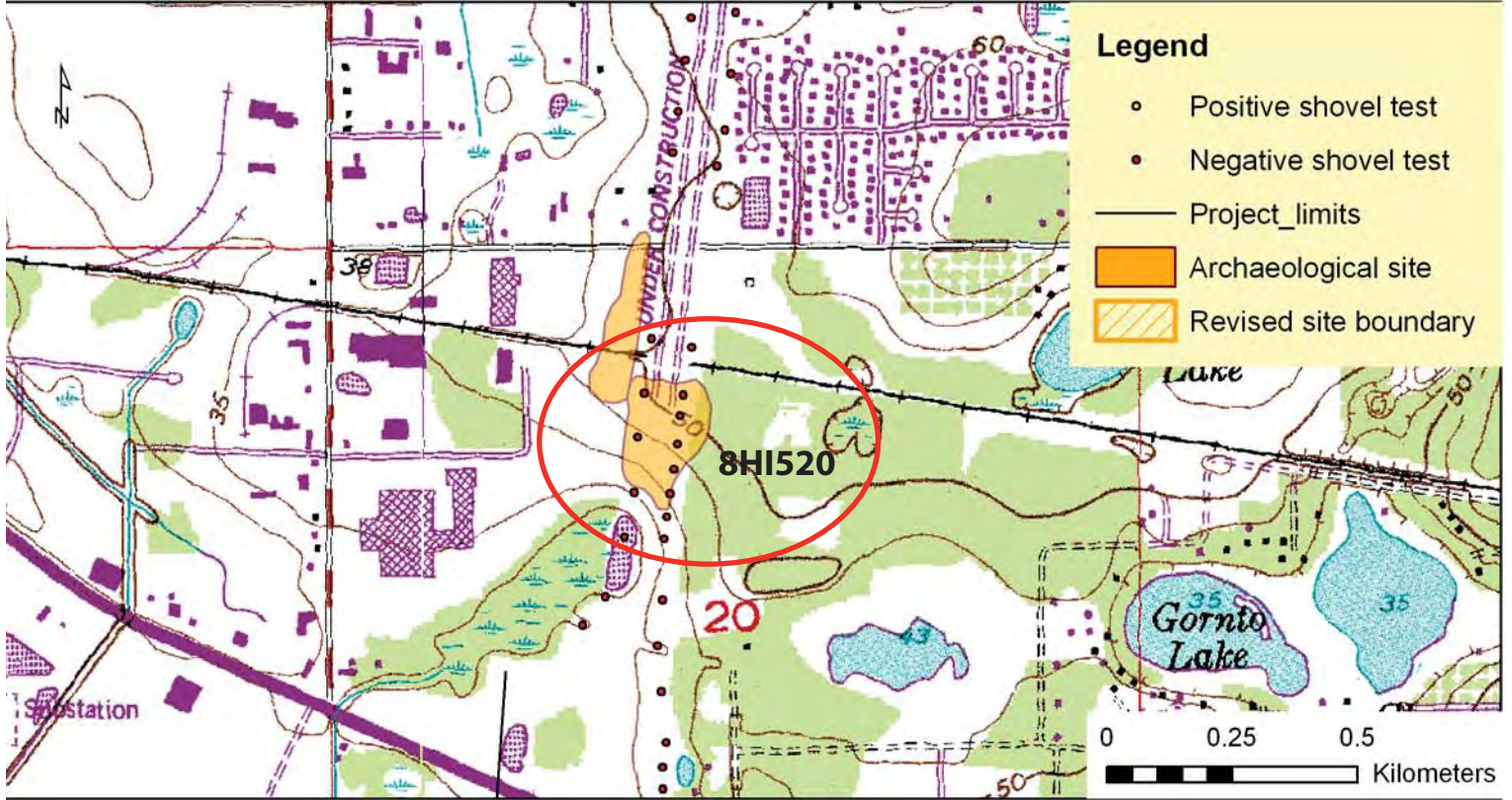
Informant Information (name / address / phone / affiliation)

Recorder Information (name / address / phone / affiliation) Horvath, Elizabeth A., 98 Hickorywood Dr., Crawfordville, FL 32327

Archaeological Consultants, Inc., 850-926-9285, acinorth@comcast.net

Required Attachments

PHOTOCOPY OF 7.5' USGS QUAD MAP WITH SITE BOUNDARIES MARKED and SITE PLAN Plan at 1:3,600 or larger. Show boundaries, scale, north arrow, test/collection units, landmarks and date.



- Original
- Update



ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site # HI521
 Field Date 06 / 26 / 08
 Form Date 12 / 10 / 08
 Recorder # _____

Consult Guide to Archaeological Site Form for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) Titus Church Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
 Project Name I-75 PD&E US 301 to Fletcher Survey # (DHR only) _____

Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

USGS 7.5 Map Name & Date Brandon 1982 Plat or Other Map _____

City/Town (within 3 miles) _____ In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough

Township 30S Range 20E Section 6 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: _____

Landgrant _____ Tax Parcel # _____

UTM Coordinates: Zone 16 17 Easting _____ 0 Northing _____ 0

Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____

Address / Vicinity / Route to _____

Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

TYPE OF SITE (check all that apply)

SETTING *	STRUCTURES OR FEATURES *	FUNCTION *
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Land (terrestrial) <input type="checkbox"/> Wetland (palustrine) <input type="checkbox"/> Lake/Pond (lacustrine) <input type="checkbox"/> usually flooded <input type="checkbox"/> River/Stream/Creek (riverine) <input type="checkbox"/> usually dry <input type="checkbox"/> Tidal (estuarine) <input type="checkbox"/> Cave/Sink (subterranean) <input type="checkbox"/> Saltwater (marine) <input type="checkbox"/> terrestrial <input type="checkbox"/> aquatic	<input type="checkbox"/> aboriginal boat <input type="checkbox"/> fort <input type="checkbox"/> road segment <input type="checkbox"/> agric/farm building <input type="checkbox"/> midden <input type="checkbox"/> shell midden <input type="checkbox"/> burial mound <input type="checkbox"/> mill <input type="checkbox"/> shell mound <input type="checkbox"/> building remains <input type="checkbox"/> mission <input type="checkbox"/> shipwreck <input type="checkbox"/> cemetery/grave <input type="checkbox"/> mound, nonspecific <input type="checkbox"/> subsurface features <input type="checkbox"/> dump/refuse <input type="checkbox"/> plantation <input type="checkbox"/> surface scatter <input type="checkbox"/> earthworks <input type="checkbox"/> platform mound <input type="checkbox"/> well	<input type="checkbox"/> campsite <input type="checkbox"/> extractive site <input type="checkbox"/> habitation (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> homestead (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> farmstead <input type="checkbox"/> village (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> town (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> quarry
<input type="checkbox"/> Other settings, structures, features or functions _____		

CULTURE PERIODS (check all that apply)

ABORIGINAL *	NON-ABORIGINAL *
<input type="checkbox"/> Alachua <input type="checkbox"/> Englewood <input type="checkbox"/> Manasota <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Fort Walton <input type="checkbox"/> Mississippian <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns I <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Early <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Early <input type="checkbox"/> Glades (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Mount Taylor <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns II <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Middle <input type="checkbox"/> Glades I <input type="checkbox"/> Norwood <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa <input type="checkbox"/> Transitional <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Glades II <input type="checkbox"/> Orange <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa-Swift Creek <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade <input type="checkbox"/> Glades III <input type="checkbox"/> Paleoindian <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island I <input type="checkbox"/> Cades Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Hickory Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Pensacola <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: Colonization <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island II <input type="checkbox"/> Caloosahatchee <input type="checkbox"/> Leon-Jefferson <input type="checkbox"/> Perico Island <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 1st War To 2nd <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Deptford <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar I <input type="checkbox"/> Safety Harbor <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 2nd War To 3rd <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric non-ceramic <input type="checkbox"/> _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar II <input type="checkbox"/> St. Augustine <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 3rd War & After <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric ceramic	<input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1513-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1600-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1700-1763 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> British 1763-1783 <input type="checkbox"/> Second Spanish 1783-1821 <input type="checkbox"/> American Territorial 1821-45 <input type="checkbox"/> American Civil War 1861-65 <input type="checkbox"/> American 19th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American 20th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> African-American
<input type="checkbox"/> Other (List less common phases or specific sub-phases. For historic sites, give specific dates if known.) _____	

* Consult *Guide to Archaeological Site Form* for preferred descriptions not listed above (data are coded fields).

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Potentially eligible individually for National Register of Historic Places? yes no insufficient information
 Potentially eligible as contributor to a National Register district? yes no insufficient information
 Explanation of Evaluation (required if evaluated; use separate sheet if needed) no evidence of site discovered within the APE

Recommendations for Owner or SHPO Action no additional investigations within the APE

DHR USE ONLY	OFFICIAL EVALUATION	DHR USE ONLY
NR List Date ____/____/____ <input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin</i> 15, p. 2)	Date ____/____/____ Init. _____

FIELD METHODS (check all that apply)

SITE DETECTION* SITE BOUNDARIES*
no field check, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, exposed ground, posthole digger, auger--size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel, bounds unknown, none by recorder, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, insp exposed ground, posthole tests, auger--size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel, block excavations, estimate or guess

Other methods; number, size, depth, pattern of units; screen size (attach site plan) 27 ST, 0 positive; 50 m interval and judgmental 50 cm diameter, 1 m deep, 6.4 mm mesh screen

SITE DESCRIPTION

Extent Size (m2) Depth/stratigraphy of cultural deposit

Temporal Interpretation - Components (check one): single component, multiple component, uncertain
Describe each occupation in plan (refer to attached large scale map) and stratigraphically. Discuss temporal and functional interpretations:

Integrity - Overall disturbance*: none seen, minor, substantial, major, redeposited, destroyed-document!, unknown
Disturbances / threats / protective measures road construction / road construction / none

Surface collection: area collected m2 # collection units Excavation: # noncontiguous blocks

ARTIFACTS

Total Artifacts # 0c (C)ount or (E)stimate? Surface # 0c (C) or (E) Subsurface # 0c (C) or (E)

COLLECTION SELECTIVITY* ARTIFACT CATEGORIES* and DISPOSITIONS*
unknown, unselective, selective, mixed selectivity, general, controlled, variable spatial control, other
bone-animal, bone-human, bone-unspecified, bone-worked, brick/building debris, ceramic-aboriginal, ceramic-nonaboriginal, daub, exotic-nonlocal, glass, lithics-aboriginal, metal-nonprecious, metal-precious/coin, shell-unworked, shell-worked, Others

Disposition List*
A - category always collected
S - some items in category collected
O - observed first hand, but not collected
R - collected and subsequently left at site
I - informant reported category present
U - unknown

Artifact Comments no artifact recovery

DIAGNOSTICS (type or mode, and frequency: e.g., Suwanee ppk, heat-treated chert, Deptford Check-stamped, ironstone/whiteware)
1. N= 4. N= 7. N=
2. N= 5. N= 8. N=
3. N= 6. N= 9. N=

ENVIRONMENT

Nearest fresh water type* & name (incl. relict source) Distance (m)/bearing
Natural community (FNAI category* or leave blank)
Local vegetation
Topography* Min Elevation meters Max Elevation meters
Present land use
SCS soil series Soil association

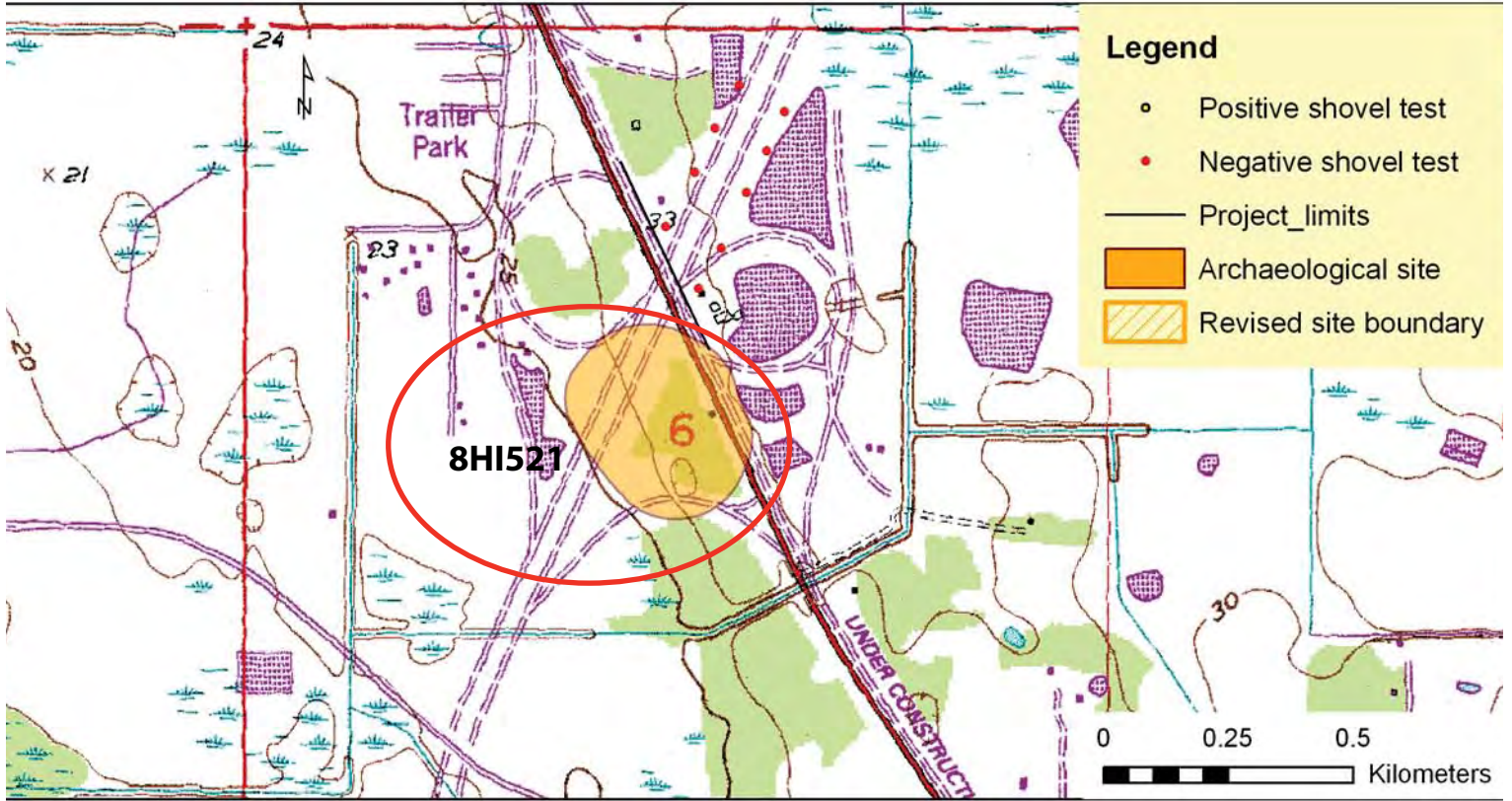
DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible: For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.
project documentation on file ACI P08030
artifacts and copy of notes to be turned over to FDOT for curation
Manuscripts or Publications on the site (use separate sheet if needed, give FMSF# if relevant) ACI (2009) Cultural Resource Assessment Survey PD&E Study I-75 from South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough County, Florida

RECORDER & INFORMANT INFORMATION

Informant Information (name / address / phone / affiliation)
Recorder Information (name / address / phone / affiliation) Horvath, Elizabeth A., 98 Hickorywood Dr., Crawfordville, FL 32327
Archaeological Consultants, Inc., 850-926-9285, acinorth@comcast.net

Required Attachments 1 PHOTOCOPY OF 7.5' USGS QUAD MAP WITH SITE BOUNDARIES MARKED and SITE PLAN
Plan at 1:3,600 or larger. Show boundaries, scale, north arrow, test/collection units, landmarks and date.



- Original
- Update



ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI522
 Field Date / /
 Form Date 07 / 17 / 08
 Recorder #

Consult Guide to Archaeological Site Form for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) Two Horse Multiple Listing (DHR only)
 Project Name I-75 PD&E US 301 to Fletcher Survey # (DHR only)

Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

USGS 7.5 Map Name & Date Brandon, Fla. 1956, PR 1987 Plat or Other Map

City/Town (within 3 miles) In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough

Township 30S Range 20E Section 06 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name:

Landgrant Tax Parcel #

UTM Coordinates: Zone 16 17 Easting 0 Northing 0

Other Coordinates: X: Y: Coordinate System & Datum

Address / Vicinity / Route to

Name of Public Tract (e.g., park)

TYPE OF SITE (check all that apply)

SETTING *	STRUCTURES OR FEATURES *	FUNCTION *
<input type="checkbox"/> Land (<i>terrestrial</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Lake/Pond (<i>lacustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> River/Stream/Creek (<i>riverine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Tidal (<i>estuarine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Saltwater (<i>marine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Wetland (<i>palustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> usually flooded <input type="checkbox"/> usually dry <input type="checkbox"/> Cave/Sink (<i>subterranean</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> terrestrial <input type="checkbox"/> aquatic	<input type="checkbox"/> aboriginal boat <input type="checkbox"/> agr/c/farm building <input type="checkbox"/> burial mound <input type="checkbox"/> building remains <input type="checkbox"/> cemetery/grave <input type="checkbox"/> dump/refuse <input type="checkbox"/> earthworks <input type="checkbox"/> fort <input type="checkbox"/> midden <input type="checkbox"/> mill <input type="checkbox"/> mission <input type="checkbox"/> mound, nonspecific <input type="checkbox"/> plantation <input type="checkbox"/> platform mound <input type="checkbox"/> road segment <input type="checkbox"/> shell midden <input type="checkbox"/> shell mound <input type="checkbox"/> shipwreck <input type="checkbox"/> subsurface features <input type="checkbox"/> surface scatter <input type="checkbox"/> well	<input type="checkbox"/> campsite <input type="checkbox"/> extractive site <input type="checkbox"/> habitation (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> homestead (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> farmstead <input type="checkbox"/> village (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> town (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> quarry
<input type="checkbox"/> Other settings, structures, features or functions <u> </u>		

CULTURE PERIODS (check all that apply)

ABORIGINAL *	NON-ABORIGINAL *
<input type="checkbox"/> Alachua <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Early <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Middle <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade <input type="checkbox"/> Cades Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Caloosahatchee <input type="checkbox"/> Deptford <input type="checkbox"/> Englewood <input type="checkbox"/> Fort Walton <input type="checkbox"/> Glades (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Glades I <input type="checkbox"/> Glades II <input type="checkbox"/> Glades III <input type="checkbox"/> Hickory Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Leon-Jefferson <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar I <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar II <input type="checkbox"/> Manasota <input type="checkbox"/> Mississippian <input type="checkbox"/> Mount Taylor <input type="checkbox"/> Norwood <input type="checkbox"/> Orange <input type="checkbox"/> Paleoindian <input type="checkbox"/> Pensacola <input type="checkbox"/> Perico Island <input type="checkbox"/> Safety Harbor <input type="checkbox"/> St. Augustine	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns I <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns II <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa-Swift Creek <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: Colonization <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 1st War To 2nd <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 2nd War To 3rd <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 3rd War & After <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Early <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Transitional <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island I <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island II <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric non-ceramic <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric ceramic <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1513-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1600-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1700-1763 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> British 1763-1783 <input type="checkbox"/> Second Spanish 1783-1821 <input type="checkbox"/> American Territorial 1821-45 <input type="checkbox"/> American Civil War 1861-65 <input type="checkbox"/> American 19th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American 20th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> African-American
<input type="checkbox"/> Other (List less common phases or specific sub-phases. For historic sites, give specific dates if known.) <u> </u>	

* Consult *Guide to Archaeological Site Form* for preferred descriptions not listed above (data are coded fields).

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Potentially eligible individually for National Register of Historic Places? yes no insufficient information
 Potentially eligible as contributor to a National Register district? yes no insufficient information

Explanation of Evaluation (required if evaluated; use separate sheet if needed) no evidence of the site discovered within the APE

Recommendations for Owner or SHPO Action no additional investigations

DHR USE ONLY	OFFICIAL EVALUATION	DHR USE ONLY
NR List Date <u> </u> / <u> </u> / <u> </u>	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info	Date <u> </u> / <u> </u> / <u> </u> Init. <u> </u>
<input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no	Date <u> </u> / <u> </u> / <u> </u>
	NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin</i> 15, p. 2)	

FIELD METHODS (check all that apply)

SITE DETECTION* and SITE BOUNDARIES* sections with checkboxes for field methods like 'no field check', 'literature search', 'remote sensing', 'exposed ground', 'screened shovel', 'bounds unknown', 'remote sensing', 'unscreened shovel', etc.

Other methods; number, size, depth, pattern of units; screen size (attach site plan) 9 ST; all negative, 50 m intervals and judgmentally placed, 50 cm diameter, 1 m deep, 6.4 mm mesh screen

SITE DESCRIPTION

Extent Size (m²) Depth/stratigraphy of cultural deposit 0-30 cm gray brown sand, 30-80 cm light gray sand, 80-100 cm black hardpan

Temporal Interpretation - Components (check one): single component, multiple component, uncertain. Describe each occupation in plan (refer to attached large scale map) and stratigraphically.

Integrity - Overall disturbance*: none seen, minor, substantial, major, redeposited, destroyed-document!, unknown. Disturbances / threats / protective measures road construction / road construction / none

Surface collection: area collected m² # collection units Excavation: # noncontiguous blocks

ARTIFACTS

Total Artifacts # 0C (C)ount or (E)stimate? Surface # 0C (C) or (E) Subsurface # 0C (C) or (E)

COLLECTION SELECTIVITY* and ARTIFACT CATEGORIES* and DISPOSITIONS* sections. Includes checkboxes for 'unknown', 'unselective', 'selective', 'mixed selectivity' and lists for artifact categories like 'bone-animal', 'bone-human', 'ceramic-aboriginal', etc.

Disposition List* table with categories: A - category always collected, S - some items in category collected, O - observed first hand, but not collected, R - collected and subsequently left at site, I - informant reported category present, U - unknown

Artifact Comments

DIAGNOSTICS (type or mode, and frequency: e.g., Suwanee ppk, heat-treated chert, Deptford Check-stamped, ironstone/whiteware)

- 1. N= 4. N= 7. N=
2. N= 5. N= 8. N=
3. N= 6. N= 9. N=

ENVIRONMENT

Nearest fresh water type* & name (incl. relict source) wetland Distance (m)/bearing 5 m S & N
Natural community (FNAI category* or leave blank)
Local vegetation
Topography* Min Elevation 5 meters Max Elevation 6 meters
Present land use interstate ROW
SCS soil series Myakka fine sand Soil association

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible: For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.

ACI P08008 - documentation;

Manuscripts or Publications on the site (use separate sheet if needed, give FMSF# if relevant) ACI (2008) Cultural Resource Assessment Survey PD&E Study I-75 from South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough County, Florida

RECORDER & INFORMANT INFORMATION

Informant Information (name / address / phone / affiliation)

Recorder Information (name / address / phone / affiliation) Horvath, Elizabeth A., 98 Hickorywood Dr., Crawfordville, FL 32327 Archaeological Consultants, Inc., 850-926-9285, acinorth@comcast.net

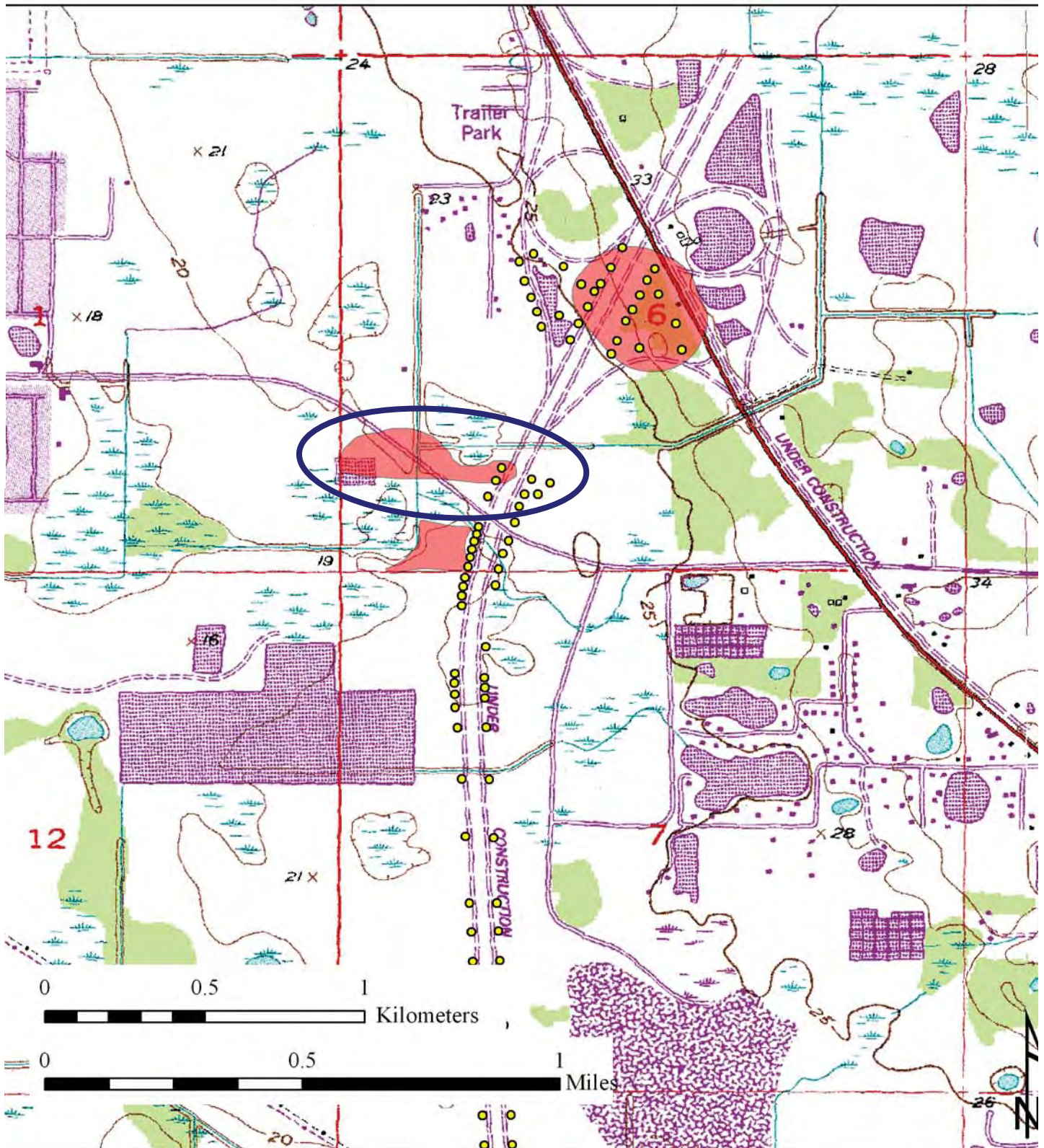
Required Attachments 1 PHOTOCOPY OF 7.5' USGS QUAD MAP WITH SITE BOUNDARIES MARKED and SITE PLAN Plan at 1:3,600 or larger. Show boundaries, scale, north arrow, test/collection units, landmarks and date.



USGS MAP

Brandon, Fla. 1982

Township 30 South, Range 20 East, Section 6



- Original
- Update



ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI5434
 Field Date 11 / 17 / 08
 Form Date 12 / 10 / 08
 Recorder # _____

Consult Guide to Archaeological Site Form for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) _____ Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
 Project Name I-75 PD&E US 301 to Fletcher Survey # (DHR only) _____
 Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

USGS 7.5 Map Name & Date Thonotosassa 1977 Plat or Other Map _____
 City/Town (within 3 miles) Temple Terrace In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough
 Township 28S Range 19E Section 1 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: _____
 Landgrant _____ Tax Parcel # _____
 UTM Coordinates: Zone 16 17 Easting _____ 0 Northing _____ 0
 Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____
 Address / Vicinity / Route to _____
 Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

TYPE OF SITE (check all that apply)

SETTING *	STRUCTURES OR FEATURES *	FUNCTION *
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Land (<i>terrestrial</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Lake/Pond (<i>lacustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> River/Stream/Creek (<i>riverine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Tidal (<i>estuarine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Saltwater (<i>marine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Wetland (<i>palustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> usually flooded <input type="checkbox"/> usually dry <input type="checkbox"/> Cave/Sink (<i>subterranean</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> terrestrial <input type="checkbox"/> aquatic	<input type="checkbox"/> aboriginal boat <input type="checkbox"/> agr/c/farm building <input type="checkbox"/> burial mound <input type="checkbox"/> building remains <input type="checkbox"/> cemetery/grave <input type="checkbox"/> dump/refuse <input type="checkbox"/> earthworks <input type="checkbox"/> fort <input type="checkbox"/> midden <input type="checkbox"/> mill <input type="checkbox"/> mission <input type="checkbox"/> mound, nonspecific <input type="checkbox"/> plantation <input type="checkbox"/> platform mound <input type="checkbox"/> road segment <input type="checkbox"/> shell midden <input type="checkbox"/> shell mound <input type="checkbox"/> shipwreck <input type="checkbox"/> subsurface features <input type="checkbox"/> surface scatter <input type="checkbox"/> well	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> campsite <input type="checkbox"/> extractive site <input type="checkbox"/> habitation (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> homestead (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> farmstead <input type="checkbox"/> village (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> town (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> quarry
<input type="checkbox"/> Other settings, structures, features or functions _____		

CULTURE PERIODS (check all that apply)

ABORIGINAL *	NON-ABORIGINAL *
<input type="checkbox"/> Alachua <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Early <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Middle <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade <input type="checkbox"/> Cades Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Caloosahatchee <input type="checkbox"/> Deptford <input type="checkbox"/> Englewood <input type="checkbox"/> Fort Walton <input type="checkbox"/> Glades (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Glades I <input type="checkbox"/> Glades II <input type="checkbox"/> Glades III <input type="checkbox"/> Hickory Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Leon-Jefferson <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar I <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar II <input type="checkbox"/> Manasota <input type="checkbox"/> Mississippian <input type="checkbox"/> Mount Taylor <input type="checkbox"/> Norwood <input type="checkbox"/> Orange <input type="checkbox"/> Paleoindian <input type="checkbox"/> Pensacola <input type="checkbox"/> Perico Island <input type="checkbox"/> Safety Harbor <input type="checkbox"/> St. Augustine	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns I <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns II <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa-Swift Creek <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: Colonization <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 1st War To 2nd <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 2nd War To 3rd <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 3rd War & After <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Early <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Transitional <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island I <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island II <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric non-ceramic <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric ceramic <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1513-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1600-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1700-1763 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> British 1763-1783 <input type="checkbox"/> Second Spanish 1783-1821 <input type="checkbox"/> American Territorial 1821-45 <input type="checkbox"/> American Civil War 1861-65 <input type="checkbox"/> American 19th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American 20th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> African-American
<input type="checkbox"/> Other (List less common phases or specific sub-phases. For historic sites, give specific dates if known.) _____	

* Consult *Guide to Archaeological Site Form* for preferred descriptions not listed above (data are coded fields).

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Potentially eligible individually for National Register of Historic Places? yes no insufficient information
 Potentially eligible as contributor to a National Register district? yes no insufficient information
 Explanation of Evaluation (required if evaluated; use separate sheet if needed) low artifact density and diversity; low research potential within the APE

 Recommendations for Owner or SHPO Action no additional investigations within the APE

DHR USE ONLY	OFFICIAL EVALUATION	DHR USE ONLY
NR List Date _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin</i> 15, p. 2)	Date _____ Init. _____ Date _____

FIELD METHODS (check all that apply)

SITE DETECTION* and SITE BOUNDARIES* sections with checkboxes for field methods like 'no field check', 'literature search', 'remote sensing', 'screened shovel', 'remote sensing', 'insp exposed ground', etc.

Other methods; number, size, depth, pattern of units; screen size (attach site plan) 26 ST, 2 positive; 25 m interval and judgmental 50 cm diameter, 1 m deep, 6.4 mm mesh screen

SITE DESCRIPTION

Extent Size (m²) Depth/stratigraphy of cultural deposit artifacts @ 80 cmbs 0-30 cm gray brown sand, 30-100 cm light brown sand

Temporal Interpretation - Components (check one): single component, multiple component, uncertain. Describe each occupation in plan (refer to attached large scale map) and stratigraphically.

Integrity - Overall disturbance*: none seen, minor, substantial, major, redeposited, destroyed-document!, unknown. Disturbances / threats / protective measures road construction / road construction / none

Surface collection: area collected m² # collection units Excavation: # noncontiguous blocks

ARTIFACTS

Total Artifacts # 2c (C)ount or (E)stimate? Surface # 0c (C) or (E) Subsurface # 2c (C) or (E)

COLLECTION SELECTIVITY* and ARTIFACT CATEGORIES* and DISPOSITIONS* sections with checkboxes for 'unknown', 'unselective', 'controlled', and lists of artifact categories like 'bone-animal', 'lithics-aboriginal', etc.

Disposition List* table with categories: A - category always collected, S - some items in category collected, O - observed first hand, but not collected, R - collected and subsequently left at site, I - informant reported category present, U - unknown

Artifact Comments 1 chert flake, 1 coral flake

DIAGNOSTICS (type or mode, and frequency: e.g., Suwanee ppk, heat-treated chert, Deptford Check-stamped, ironstone/whiteware) 1. thermal alteration N= 2 4. N= 7. N= 2. N= 5. N= 8. N= 3. N= 6. N= 9. N=

ENVIRONMENT

Nearest fresh water type* & name (incl. relict source) Distance (m)/bearing Natural community (FNAI category* or leave blank) Local vegetation Topography* Min Elevation meters Max Elevation meters Present land use SCS soil series Soil association

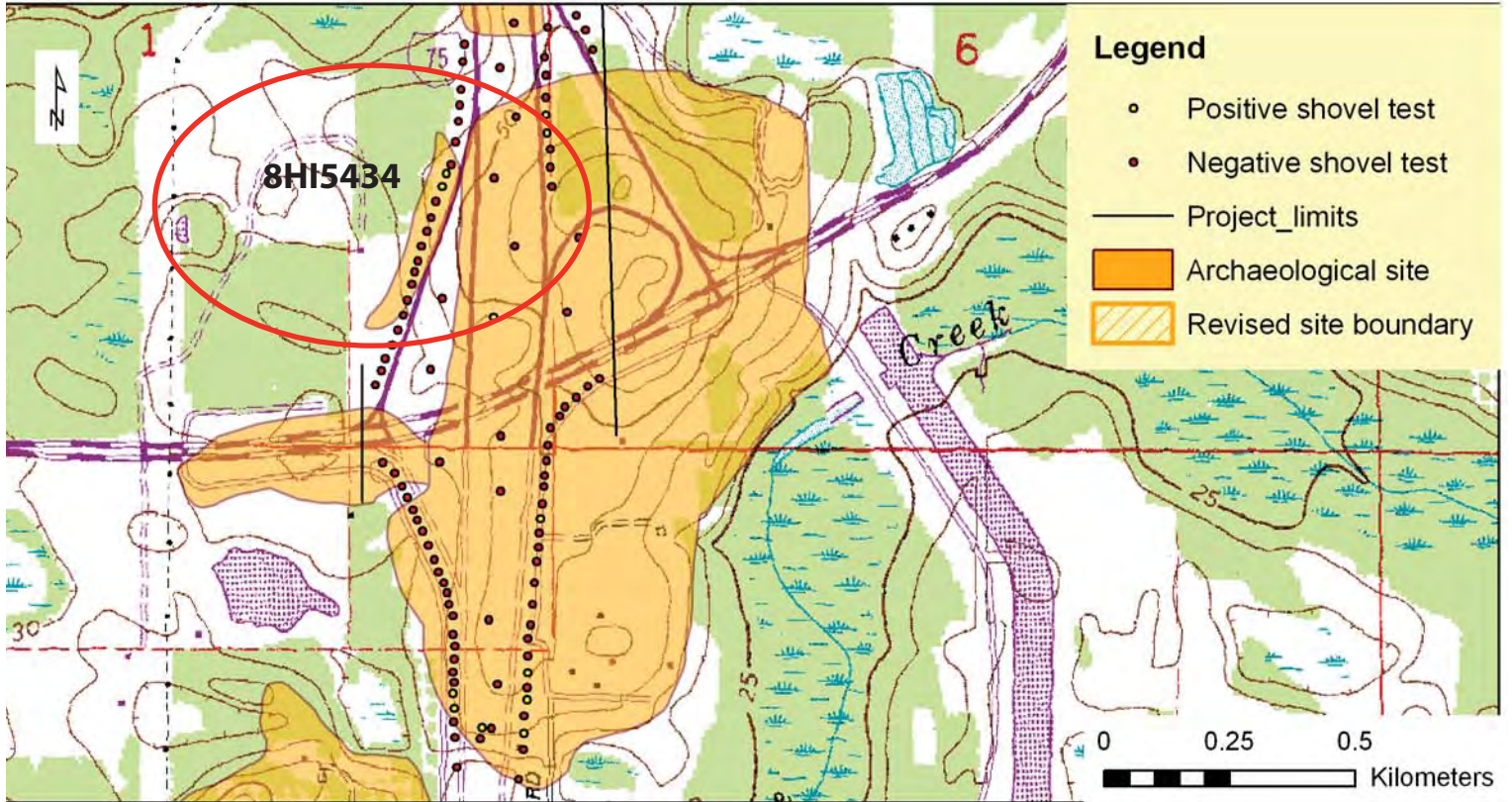
DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible: For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information. project documentation on file ACI P08030 artifacts and copy of notes to be turned over to FDOT for curation Manuscripts or Publications on the site (use separate sheet if needed, give FMSF# if relevant) ACI (2009) Cultural Resource Assessment Survey PD&E Study I-75 from South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough County, Florida

RECORDER & INFORMANT INFORMATION

Informant Information (name / address / phone / affiliation) Recorder Information (name / address / phone / affiliation) Horvath, Elizabeth A., 98 Hickorywood Dr., Crawfordville, FL 32327 Archaeological Consultants, Inc., 850-926-9285, acinorth@comcast.net

Required Attachments 1 PHOTOCOPY OF 7.5' USGS QUAD MAP WITH SITE BOUNDARIES MARKED and SITE PLAN Plan at 1:3,600 or larger. Show boundaries, scale, north arrow, test/collection units, landmarks and date.



- Original
- Update



ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI5926
 Field Date 11 / 05 / 08
 Form Date 12 / 10 / 08
 Recorder # _____

Consult Guide to Archaeological Site Form for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) Vera's Thrift Shop Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
 Project Name I-75 PD&E US 301 to Fletcher Survey # (DHR only) _____
 Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

USGS 7.5 Map Name & Date Thonotosassa 1977 Plat or Other Map _____
 City/Town (within 3 miles) Temple Terrace In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough
 Township 28S Range 19E Section 19 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: _____
 Landgrant _____ Tax Parcel # _____
 UTM Coordinates: Zone 16 17 Easting _____ 0 Northing _____ 0
 Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____
 Address / Vicinity / Route to _____
 Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

TYPE OF SITE (check all that apply)

SETTING *	STRUCTURES OR FEATURES *	FUNCTION *
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Land (<i>terrestrial</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Lake/Pond (<i>lacustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> River/Stream/Creek (<i>riverine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Tidal (<i>estuarine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Saltwater (<i>marine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Wetland (<i>palustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> usually flooded <input type="checkbox"/> usually dry <input type="checkbox"/> Cave/Sink (<i>subterranean</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> terrestrial <input type="checkbox"/> aquatic	<input type="checkbox"/> aboriginal boat <input type="checkbox"/> agric/farm building <input type="checkbox"/> burial mound <input type="checkbox"/> building remains <input type="checkbox"/> cemetery/grave <input type="checkbox"/> dump/refuse <input type="checkbox"/> earthworks <input type="checkbox"/> fort <input type="checkbox"/> midden <input type="checkbox"/> mill <input type="checkbox"/> mission <input type="checkbox"/> mound, nonspecific <input type="checkbox"/> plantation <input type="checkbox"/> platform mound <input type="checkbox"/> road segment <input type="checkbox"/> shell midden <input type="checkbox"/> shell mound <input type="checkbox"/> shipwreck <input type="checkbox"/> subsurface features <input type="checkbox"/> surface scatter <input type="checkbox"/> well	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> campsite <input type="checkbox"/> extractive site <input type="checkbox"/> habitation (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> homestead (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> farmstead <input type="checkbox"/> village (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> town (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> quarry
<input type="checkbox"/> Other settings, structures, features or functions _____		

CULTURE PERIODS (check all that apply)

ABORIGINAL *	NON-ABORIGINAL *
<input type="checkbox"/> Alachua <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Early <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Middle <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade <input type="checkbox"/> Cades Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Caloosahatchee <input type="checkbox"/> Deptford <input type="checkbox"/> Englewood <input type="checkbox"/> Fort Walton <input type="checkbox"/> Glades (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Glades I <input type="checkbox"/> Glades II <input type="checkbox"/> Glades III <input type="checkbox"/> Hickory Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Leon-Jefferson <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar I <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar II <input type="checkbox"/> Manasota <input type="checkbox"/> Mississippian <input type="checkbox"/> Mount Taylor <input type="checkbox"/> Norwood <input type="checkbox"/> Orange <input type="checkbox"/> Paleoindian <input type="checkbox"/> Pensacola <input type="checkbox"/> Perico Island <input type="checkbox"/> Safety Harbor <input type="checkbox"/> St. Augustine	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns I <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns II <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa-Swift Creek <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: Colonization <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 1st War To 2nd <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 2nd War To 3rd <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 3rd War & After <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Early <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Transitional <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island I <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island II <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric (nonspecific) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric non-ceramic <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric ceramic <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1513-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1600-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1700-1763 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> British 1763-1783 <input type="checkbox"/> Second Spanish 1783-1821 <input type="checkbox"/> American Territorial 1821-45 <input type="checkbox"/> American Civil War 1861-65 <input type="checkbox"/> American 19th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American 20th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> African-American
<input type="checkbox"/> Other (List less common phases or specific sub-phases. For historic sites, give specific dates if known.) _____	

* Consult *Guide to Archaeological Site Form* for preferred descriptions not listed above (data are coded fields).

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Potentially eligible individually for National Register of Historic Places? yes no insufficient information
 Potentially eligible as contributor to a National Register district? yes no insufficient information
 Explanation of Evaluation (required if evaluated; use separate sheet if needed) low artifact density and diversity; low research potential within the APE

 Recommendations for Owner or SHPO Action no additional investigations within the APE

DHR USE ONLY	OFFICIAL EVALUATION	DHR USE ONLY
NR List Date _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin</i> 15, p. 2)	Date _____ Init. _____ Date _____

FIELD METHODS (check all that apply)

- SITE DETECTION* and SITE BOUNDARIES* checkboxes including no field check, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, exposed ground, screened shovel, bounds unknown, remote sensing, unscreened shovel, etc.

Other methods; number, size, depth, pattern of units; screen size (attach site plan) 9 ST, 2 positive; 10, 25, and 50 m interval, judgmentally placed; 50 cm diameter, 1 m deep, 6.4 mm mesh screen all STs along the E ROW revealed fill deposits

SITE DESCRIPTION

Extent Size (m2) Depth/stratigraphy of cultural deposit artifacts at 90-100 cmbs 0-80 cm gray/brown mottled sand, 80-100 cm brown sand

Temporal Interpretation - Components (check one): single component multiple component uncertain Describe each occupation in plan (refer to attached large scale map) and stratigraphically. Discuss temporal and functional interpretations:

Integrity - Overall disturbance*: none seen minor substantial major redeposited destroyed-document! unknown Disturbances / threats / protective measures road construction / road construction / none

Surface collection: area collected m2 # collection units Excavation: # noncontiguous blocks

ARTIFACTS

Total Artifacts # 5c (C)ount or (E)stimate? Surface # 0c (C) or (E) Subsurface # 5c (C) or (E)

COLLECTION SELECTIVITY*

- unknown unselected (all artifacts) selective (some artifacts) mixed selectivity

SPATIAL CONTROL*

- uncollected general (not by subarea) unknown controlled (by subarea) variable spatial control Other

ARTIFACT CATEGORIES* and DISPOSITIONS*

Pick exactly one code from Disposition List => => =>

- bone-animal bone-human bone-unspecified bone-worked brick/building debris ceramic-aboriginal ceramic-nonaboriginal daub exotic-nonlocal glass lithics-aboriginal metal-nonprecious metal-precious/coin shell-unworked shell-worked Others:

(example: A bone-human)

Disposition List*

- A - category always collected S - some items in category collected O - observed first hand, but not collected R - collected and subsequently left at site I - informant reported category present U - unknown

Artifact Comments 5 chert flakes

DIAGNOSTICS (type or mode, and frequency: e.g., Suwanee ppk, heat-treated chert, Deptford Check-stamped, ironstone/whiteware)

- 1. thermal alteration N= 2 4. N= 7. N= 2. N= 5. N= 8. N= 3. N= 6. N= 9. N=

ENVIRONMENT

Nearest fresh water type* & name (incl. relict source) Distance (m)/bearing Natural community (FNAI category* or leave blank) Local vegetation Topography* Min Elevation meters Max Elevation meters Present land use SCS soil series Soil association

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible: For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.

project documentation on file ACI P08030 artifacts and copy of notes to be turned over to FDOT for curation

Manuscripts or Publications on the site (use separate sheet if needed, give FMSF# if relevant) ACI (2009) Cultural Resource Assessment Survey PD&E Study I-75 from South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough County, Florida

RECORDER & INFORMANT INFORMATION

Informant Information (name / address / phone / affiliation)

Recorder Information (name / address / phone / affiliation) Horvath, Elizabeth A., 98 Hickorywood Dr., Crawfordville, FL 32327 Archaeological Consultants, Inc., 850-926-9285, acinorth@comcast.net

Required Attachments

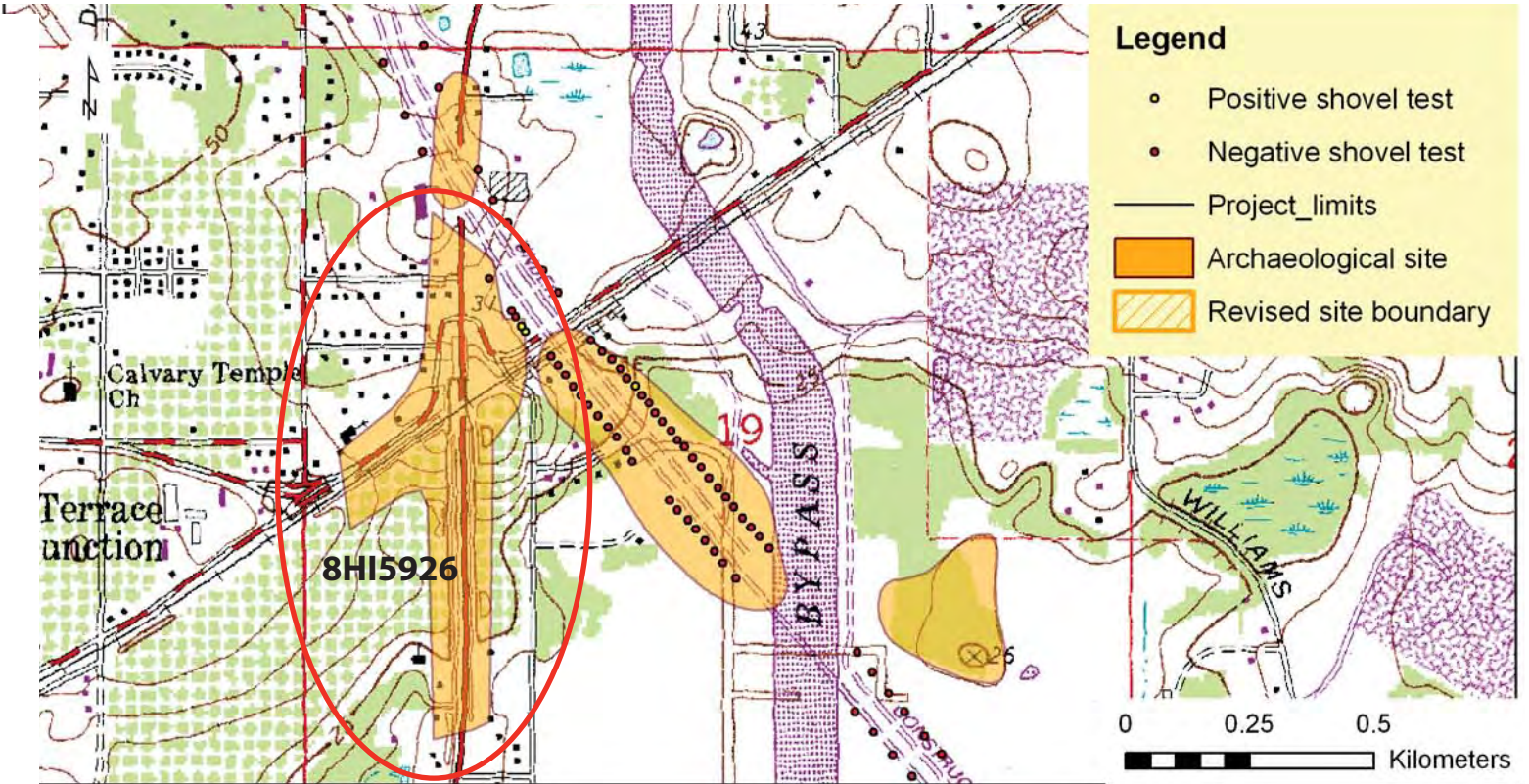
PHOTOCOPY OF 7.5' USGS QUAD MAP WITH SITE BOUNDARIES MARKED and SITE PLAN Plan at 1:3,600 or larger. Show boundaries, scale, north arrow, test/collection units, landmarks and date.



USGS MAP

Thonotosassa 1977

Township 28 South, Range 20 East, Section 19



- Original
- Update



ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI6892
 Field Date 09 / 25 / 08
 Form Date 12 / 10 / 08
 Recorder # _____

Consult Guide to Archaeological Site Form for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) Bayside #11 Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
 Project Name I-75 PD&E US 301 to Fletcher Survey # (DHR only) _____
 Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

USGS 7.5 Map Name & Date Brandon 1982 Plat or Other Map _____
 City/Town (within 3 miles) Mango In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough
 Township 29S Range 20E Section 5 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: _____
 Landgrant _____ Tax Parcel # _____
 UTM Coordinates: Zone 16 17 Easting _____ 0 Northing _____ 0
 Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____
 Address / Vicinity / Route to _____
 Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

TYPE OF SITE (check all that apply)

SETTING * <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Land (<i>terrestrial</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Lake/Pond (<i>lacustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> River/Stream/Creek (<i>riverine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Tidal (<i>estuarine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Saltwater (<i>marine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Wetland (<i>palustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> usually flooded <input type="checkbox"/> usually dry <input type="checkbox"/> Cave/Sink (<i>subterranean</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> terrestrial <input type="checkbox"/> aquatic <input type="checkbox"/> Other settings, structures, features or functions _____	STRUCTURES OR FEATURES * <input type="checkbox"/> aboriginal boat <input type="checkbox"/> agr/c/farm building <input type="checkbox"/> burial mound <input type="checkbox"/> building remains <input type="checkbox"/> cemetery/grave <input type="checkbox"/> dump/refuse <input type="checkbox"/> earthworks <input type="checkbox"/> fort <input type="checkbox"/> midden <input type="checkbox"/> mill <input type="checkbox"/> mission <input type="checkbox"/> mound, nonspecific <input type="checkbox"/> plantation <input type="checkbox"/> platform mound <input type="checkbox"/> road segment <input type="checkbox"/> shell midden <input type="checkbox"/> shell mound <input type="checkbox"/> shipwreck <input type="checkbox"/> subsurface features <input type="checkbox"/> surface scatter <input type="checkbox"/> well	FUNCTION * <input type="checkbox"/> campsite <input type="checkbox"/> extractive site <input type="checkbox"/> habitation (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> homestead (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> farmstead <input type="checkbox"/> village (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> town (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> quarry
---	--	---

CULTURE PERIODS (check all that apply)

ABORIGINAL * <input type="checkbox"/> Alachua <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Early <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Middle <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade <input type="checkbox"/> Cades Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Caloosahatchee <input type="checkbox"/> Deptford <input type="checkbox"/> Englewood <input type="checkbox"/> Fort Walton <input type="checkbox"/> Glades (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Glades I <input type="checkbox"/> Glades II <input type="checkbox"/> Glades III <input type="checkbox"/> Hickory Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Leon-Jefferson <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar I <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar II <input type="checkbox"/> Manasota <input type="checkbox"/> Mississippian <input type="checkbox"/> Mount Taylor <input type="checkbox"/> Norwood <input type="checkbox"/> Orange <input type="checkbox"/> Paleoindian <input type="checkbox"/> Pensacola <input type="checkbox"/> Perico Island <input type="checkbox"/> Safety Harbor <input type="checkbox"/> St. Augustine	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns I <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns II <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa-Swift Creek <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: Colonization <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 1st War To 2nd <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 2nd War To 3rd <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 3rd War & After <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Early <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Transitional <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island I <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island II <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric non-ceramic <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric ceramic	NON-ABORIGINAL * <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1513-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1600-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1700-1763 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> British 1763-1783 <input type="checkbox"/> Second Spanish 1783-1821 <input type="checkbox"/> American Territorial 1821-45 <input type="checkbox"/> American Civil War 1861-65 <input type="checkbox"/> American 19th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American 20th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> African-American
--	--	--

Other (List less common phases or specific sub-phases. For historic sites, give specific dates if known.) _____

* Consult *Guide to Archaeological Site Form* for preferred descriptions not listed above (data are coded fields).

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Potentially eligible individually for National Register of Historic Places? yes no insufficient information
 Potentially eligible as contributor to a National Register district? yes no insufficient information
 Explanation of Evaluation (required if evaluated; use separate sheet if needed) no evidence of site discovered within the APE

Recommendations for Owner or SHPO Action no additional investigations within the APE

DHR USE ONLY	OFFICIAL EVALUATION	DHR USE ONLY
NR List Date ____/____/____ <input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin</i> 15, p. 2)	Date ____/____/____ Date ____/____/____ Init. _____

FIELD METHODS (check all that apply)

SITE DETECTION*

- no field check, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, exposed ground, posthole digger, auger--size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel

SITE BOUNDARIES*

- bounds unknown, none by recorder, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, insp exposed ground, posthole tests, auger--size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel, block excavations, estimate or guess

Other methods; number, size, depth, pattern of units; screen size (attach site plan) 6 ST, 0 positive; 25 m interval 50 cm diameter, 1 m deep, 6.4 mm mesh screen

SITE DESCRIPTION

Extent Size (m2) Depth/stratigraphy of cultural deposit

Temporal Interpretation - Components (check one): single component, multiple component, uncertain

Describe each occupation in plan (refer to attached large scale map) and stratigraphically. Discuss temporal and functional interpretations:

Integrity - Overall disturbance*: none seen, minor, substantial, major, redeposited, destroyed-document!, unknown Disturbances / threats / protective measures road construction / road construction / none

Surface collection: area collected m2 # collection units Excavation: # noncontiguous blocks

ARTIFACTS

Total Artifacts # 0c (C)ount or (E)stimate? Surface # 0c (C) or (E) Subsurface # 0c (C) or (E)

COLLECTION SELECTIVITY*

- unknown, unselective (all artifacts), selective (some artifacts), mixed selectivity

SPATIAL CONTROL*

- uncollected, unknown, Other, general (not by subarea), controlled (by subarea), variable spatial control

ARTIFACT CATEGORIES* and DISPOSITIONS*

Pick exactly one code from Disposition List => => =>

- bone-animal, bone-human, bone-unspecified, bone-worked, brick/building debris, ceramic-aboriginal, ceramic-nonaboriginal, daub, exotic-nonlocal, glass, lithics-aboriginal, metal-nonprecious, metal-precious/coin, shell-unworked, shell-worked, Others:

(example: A bone-human)

Disposition List*

- A - category always collected, S - some items in category collected, O - observed first hand, but not collected, R - collected and subsequently left at site, I - informant reported category present, U - unknown

Artifact Comments no artifact recovery

DIAGNOSTICS (type or mode, and frequency: e.g., Suwanee ppk, heat-treated chert, Deptford Check-stamped, ironstone/whiteware)

- 1. N= 4. N= 7. N= 2. N= 5. N= 8. N= 3. N= 6. N= 9. N=

ENVIRONMENT

Nearest fresh water type* & name (incl. relict source) Distance (m)/bearing

Natural community (FNAI category* or leave blank)

Local vegetation

Topography* Min Elevation meters Max Elevation meters

Present land use

SCS soil series Soil association

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible: For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.

project documentation on file ACI P08030

artifacts and copy of notes to be turned over to FDOT for curation

Manuscripts or Publications on the site (use separate sheet if needed, give FMSF# if relevant) ACI (2009) Cultural Resource Assessment

Survey PD&E Study I-75 from South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough County, Florida

RECORDER & INFORMANT INFORMATION

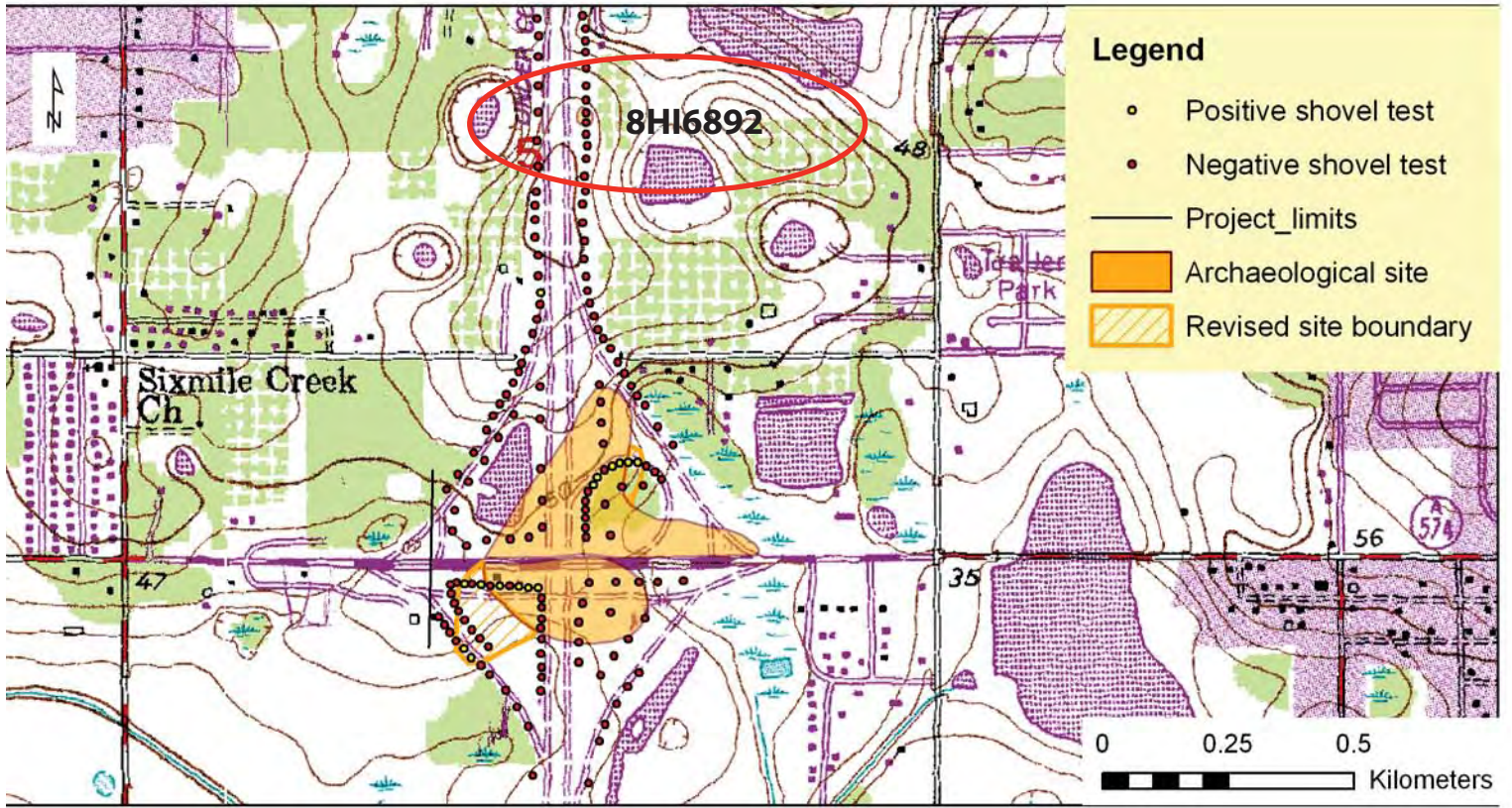
Informant Information (name / address / phone / affiliation)

Recorder Information (name / address / phone / affiliation) Horvath, Elizabeth A., 98 Hickorywood Dr., Crawfordville, FL 32327

Archaeological Consultants, Inc., 850-926-9285, acinorth@comcast.net

Required Attachments

PHOTOCOPY OF 7.5' USGS QUAD MAP WITH SITE BOUNDARIES MARKED and SITE PLAN Plan at 1:3,600 or larger. Show boundaries, scale, north arrow, test/collection units, landmarks and date.



- Original
- Update



ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI7877
 Field Date 11 / 10 / 08
 Form Date 12 / 10 / 08
 Recorder # _____

Consult Guide to Archaeological Site Form for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) Raulerson Road Pond Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
 Project Name I-75 PD&E US 301 to Fletcher Survey # (DHR only) _____
 Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

USGS 7.5 Map Name & Date Thonotosassa 1977 Plat or Other Map _____
 City/Town (within 3 miles) Temple Terrace In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough
 Township 28S Range 20E Section 18 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: _____
 Landgrant _____ Tax Parcel # _____
 UTM Coordinates: Zone 16 17 Easting _____ 0 Northing _____ 0
 Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____
 Address / Vicinity / Route to _____
 Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

TYPE OF SITE (check all that apply)

<p>SETTING *</p> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Land (<i>terrestrial</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Wetland (<i>palustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Lake/Pond (<i>lacustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> usually flooded <input type="checkbox"/> River/Stream/Creek (<i>riverine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> usually dry <input type="checkbox"/> Tidal (<i>estuarine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Cave/Sink (<i>subterranean</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Saltwater (<i>marine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> terrestrial <input type="checkbox"/> aquatic	<p>STRUCTURES OR FEATURES *</p> <input type="checkbox"/> aboriginal boat <input type="checkbox"/> fort <input type="checkbox"/> road segment <input type="checkbox"/> agric/farm building <input type="checkbox"/> midden <input type="checkbox"/> shell midden <input type="checkbox"/> burial mound <input type="checkbox"/> mill <input type="checkbox"/> shell mound <input type="checkbox"/> building remains <input type="checkbox"/> mission <input type="checkbox"/> shipwreck <input type="checkbox"/> cemetery/grave <input type="checkbox"/> mound, nonspecific <input type="checkbox"/> subsurface features <input type="checkbox"/> dump/refuse <input type="checkbox"/> plantation <input type="checkbox"/> surface scatter <input type="checkbox"/> earthworks <input type="checkbox"/> platform mound <input type="checkbox"/> well	<p>FUNCTION *</p> <input type="checkbox"/> campsite <input type="checkbox"/> extractive site <input type="checkbox"/> habitation (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> homestead (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> farmstead <input type="checkbox"/> village (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> town (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> quarry
--	--	---

Other settings, structures, features or functions _____

CULTURE PERIODS (check all that apply)

<p>ABORIGINAL *</p> <input type="checkbox"/> Alachua <input type="checkbox"/> Englewood <input type="checkbox"/> Manasota <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Fort Walton <input type="checkbox"/> Mississippian <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns I <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Early <input type="checkbox"/> Glades (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Mount Taylor <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns II <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Middle <input type="checkbox"/> Glades I <input type="checkbox"/> Norwood <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Glades II <input type="checkbox"/> Orange <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa-Swift Creek <input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade <input type="checkbox"/> Glades III <input type="checkbox"/> Paleoindian <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Cades Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Hickory Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Pensacola <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: Colonization <input type="checkbox"/> Caloosahatchee <input type="checkbox"/> Leon-Jefferson <input type="checkbox"/> Perico Island <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 1st War To 2nd <input type="checkbox"/> Deptford <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar I <input type="checkbox"/> Safety Harbor <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 2nd War To 3rd <input type="checkbox"/> _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar II <input type="checkbox"/> St. Augustine <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 3rd War & After	<p>NON-ABORIGINAL *</p> <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1513-99 <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1600-99 <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Early <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1700-1763 <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Late <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Transitional <input type="checkbox"/> British 1763-1783 <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Second Spanish 1783-1821 <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island I <input type="checkbox"/> American Territorial 1821-45 <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island II <input type="checkbox"/> American Civil War 1861-65 <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> American 19th Century <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric non-ceramic <input type="checkbox"/> American 20th Century <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric ceramic <input type="checkbox"/> African-American
---	--

Other (List less common phases or specific sub-phases. For historic sites, give specific dates if known.) _____

* Consult *Guide to Archaeological Site Form* for preferred descriptions not listed above (data are coded fields).

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Potentially eligible individually for National Register of Historic Places? yes no insufficient information
 Potentially eligible as contributor to a National Register district? yes no insufficient information
 Explanation of Evaluation (required if evaluated; use separate sheet if needed) no evidence of site discovered within the APE

 Recommendations for Owner or SHPO Action no additional investigations within the APE

DHR USE ONLY	OFFICIAL EVALUATION	DHR USE ONLY
NR List Date ____/____/____ <input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin</i> 15, p. 2)	Date ____/____/____ Init. _____ Date ____/____/____

FIELD METHODS (check all that apply)

SITE DETECTION* SITE BOUNDARIES*
no field check, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, exposed ground, posthole digger, auger--size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel, bounds unknown, none by recorder, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, insp exposed ground, posthole tests, auger--size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel, block excavations, estimate or guess

Other methods; number, size, depth, pattern of units; screen size (attach site plan) 2 ST, 0 positive; 50 m interval 50 cm diameter, 1 m deep, 6.4 mm mesh screen

SITE DESCRIPTION

Extent Size (m2) Depth/stratigraphy of cultural deposit

Temporal Interpretation - Components (check one): single component, multiple component, uncertain
Describe each occupation in plan (refer to attached large scale map) and stratigraphically. Discuss temporal and functional interpretations:

Integrity - Overall disturbance*: none seen, minor, substantial, major, redeposited, destroyed-document!, unknown
Disturbances / threats / protective measures road and pond construction / road construction / none

Surface collection: area collected m2 # collection units Excavation: # noncontiguous blocks

ARTIFACTS

Total Artifacts # 0c (C)ount or (E)stimate? Surface # 0c (C) or (E) Subsurface # 0c (C) or (E)

COLLECTION SELECTIVITY*

- unknown, unselective (all artifacts), selective (some artifacts), mixed selectivity

SPATIAL CONTROL*

- uncollected, unknown, Other, general (not by subarea), controlled (by subarea), variable spatial control

ARTIFACT CATEGORIES* and DISPOSITIONS*

Pick exactly one code from Disposition List => => =>

- bone-animal, bone-human, bone-unspecified, bone-worked, brick/building debris, ceramic-aboriginal, ceramic-nonaboriginal, daub, exotic-nonlocal, glass, lithics-aboriginal, metal-nonprecious, metal-precious/coin, shell-unworked, shell-worked, Others:

(example: A bone-human)

Disposition List*

- A - category always collected, S - some items in category collected, O - observed first hand, but not collected, R - collected and subsequently left at site, I - informant reported category present, U - unknown

Artifact Comments no artifact recovery

DIAGNOSTICS (type or mode, and frequency: e.g., Suwanee ppk, heat-treated chert, Deptford Check-stamped, ironstone/whiteware)

- 1. N= 4. N= 7. N=
2. N= 5. N= 8. N=
3. N= 6. N= 9. N=

ENVIRONMENT

Nearest fresh water type* & name (incl. relict source) Distance (m)/bearing
Natural community (FNAI category* or leave blank)
Local vegetation
Topography* Min Elevation meters Max Elevation meters
Present land use
SCS soil series Soil association

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible: For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.

project documentation on file ACI P08030

artifacts and copy of notes to be turned over to FDOT for curation

Manuscripts or Publications on the site (use separate sheet if needed, give FMSF# if relevant) ACI (2009) Cultural Resource Assessment

Survey PD&E Study I-75 from South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough County, Florida

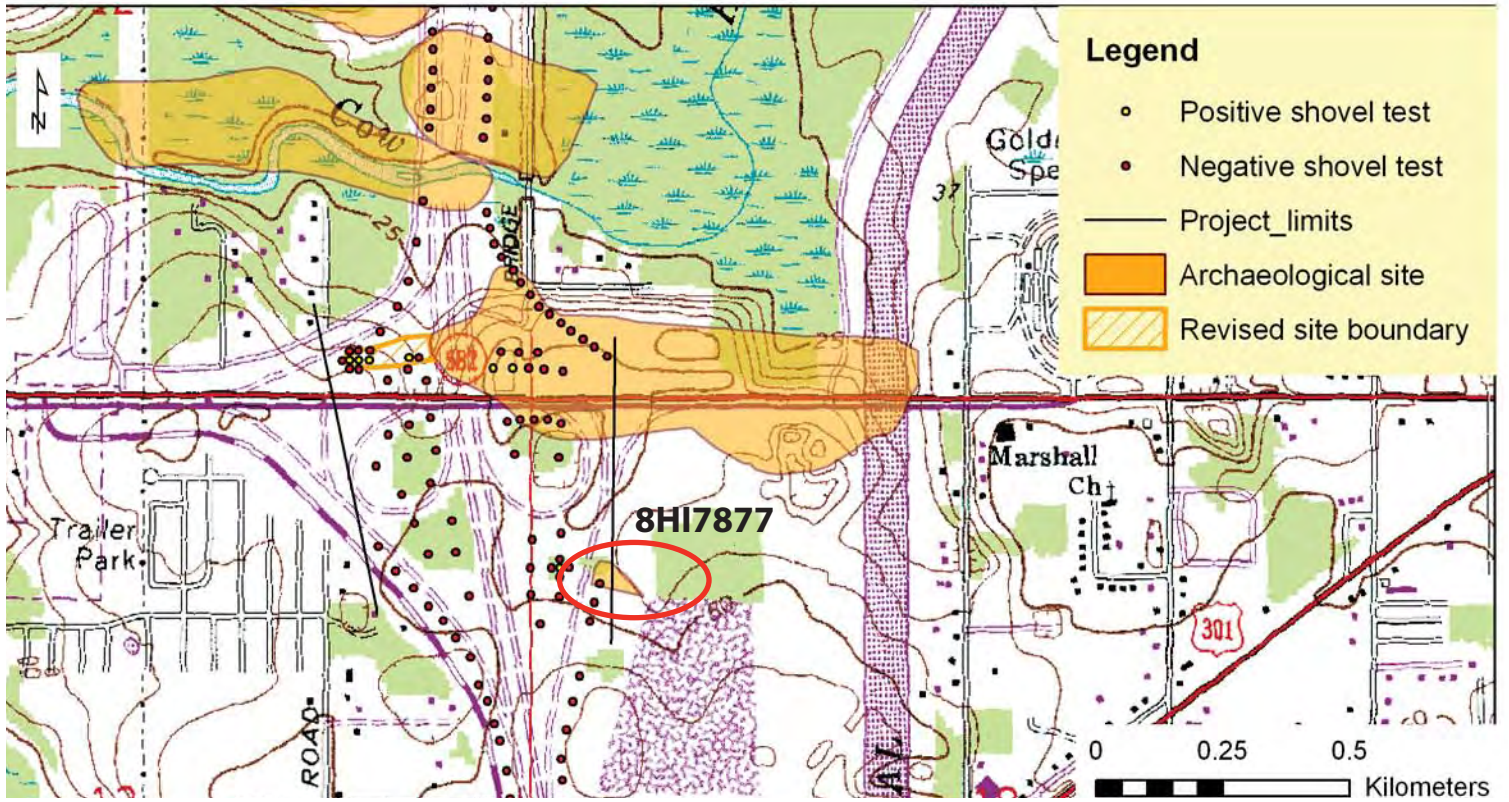
RECORDER & INFORMANT INFORMATION

Informant Information (name / address / phone / affiliation)

Recorder Information (name / address / phone / affiliation) Horvath, Elizabeth A., 98 Hickorywood Dr., Crawfordville, FL 32327
Archaeological Consultants, Inc., 850-926-9285, acinorth@comcast.net

Required Attachments

PHOTOCOPY OF 7.5' USGS QUAD MAP WITH SITE BOUNDARIES MARKED and SITE PLAN
Plan at 1:3,600 or larger. Show boundaries, scale, north arrow, test/collection units, landmarks and date.



- Original
- Update



ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI10209
 Field Date / /
 Form Date 07 / 17 / 08
 Recorder #

Consult Guide to Archaeological Site Form for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) Progress Multiple Listing (DHR only)
 Project Name I-75 PD&E US 301 to Fletcher Survey # (DHR only)

Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

USGS 7.5 Map Name & Date Riverview 1956, PR 1987 Plat or Other Map

City/Town (within 3 miles) In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough

Township 30S Range 20E Section 6 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name:

Landgrant Tax Parcel #

UTM Coordinates: Zone 16 17 Easting 0 Northing 0

Other Coordinates: X: Y: Coordinate System & Datum

Address / Vicinity / Route to

Name of Public Tract (e.g., park)

TYPE OF SITE (check all that apply)

SETTING *	STRUCTURES OR FEATURES *	FUNCTION *
<input type="checkbox"/> Land (<i>terrestrial</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Lake/Pond (<i>lacustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> River/Stream/Creek (<i>riverine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Tidal (<i>estuarine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Saltwater (<i>marine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Wetland (<i>palustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> usually flooded <input type="checkbox"/> usually dry <input type="checkbox"/> Cave/Sink (<i>subterranean</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> terrestrial <input type="checkbox"/> aquatic	<input type="checkbox"/> aboriginal boat <input type="checkbox"/> agr/c/farm building <input type="checkbox"/> burial mound <input type="checkbox"/> building remains <input type="checkbox"/> cemetery/grave <input type="checkbox"/> dump/refuse <input type="checkbox"/> earthworks <input type="checkbox"/> fort <input type="checkbox"/> midden <input type="checkbox"/> mill <input type="checkbox"/> mission <input type="checkbox"/> mound, nonspecific <input type="checkbox"/> plantation <input type="checkbox"/> platform mound <input type="checkbox"/> road segment <input type="checkbox"/> shell midden <input type="checkbox"/> shell mound <input type="checkbox"/> shipwreck <input type="checkbox"/> subsurface features <input type="checkbox"/> surface scatter <input type="checkbox"/> well	<input type="checkbox"/> campsite <input type="checkbox"/> extractive site <input type="checkbox"/> habitation (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> homestead (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> farmstead <input type="checkbox"/> village (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> town (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> quarry
<input type="checkbox"/> Other settings, structures, features or functions <u> </u>		

CULTURE PERIODS (check all that apply)

ABORIGINAL *	NON-ABORIGINAL *
<input type="checkbox"/> Alachua <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Early <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Middle <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade <input type="checkbox"/> Cades Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Caloosahatchee <input type="checkbox"/> Deptford <input type="checkbox"/> Englewood <input type="checkbox"/> Fort Walton <input type="checkbox"/> Glades (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Glades I <input type="checkbox"/> Glades II <input type="checkbox"/> Glades III <input type="checkbox"/> Hickory Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Leon-Jefferson <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar I <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar II <input type="checkbox"/> Manasota <input type="checkbox"/> Mississippian <input type="checkbox"/> Mount Taylor <input type="checkbox"/> Norwood <input type="checkbox"/> Orange <input type="checkbox"/> Paleoindian <input type="checkbox"/> Pensacola <input type="checkbox"/> Perico Island <input type="checkbox"/> Safety Harbor <input type="checkbox"/> St. Augustine	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns I <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns II <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa-Swift Creek <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: Colonization <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 1st War To 2nd <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 2nd War To 3rd <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 3rd War & After <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Early <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Transitional <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island I <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island II <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric non-ceramic <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric ceramic <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1513-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1600-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1700-1763 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> British 1763-1783 <input type="checkbox"/> Second Spanish 1783-1821 <input type="checkbox"/> American Territorial 1821-45 <input type="checkbox"/> American Civil War 1861-65 <input type="checkbox"/> American 19th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American 20th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> African-American
<input type="checkbox"/> Other (List less common phases or specific sub-phases. For historic sites, give specific dates if known.) <u> </u>	

* Consult *Guide to Archaeological Site Form* for preferred descriptions not listed above (data are coded fields).

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Potentially eligible individually for National Register of Historic Places? yes no insufficient information
 Potentially eligible as contributor to a National Register district? yes no insufficient information

Explanation of Evaluation (required if evaluated; use separate sheet if needed) no evidence of the site discovered within the APE

Recommendations for Owner or SHPO Action no additional investigations

DHR USE ONLY	OFFICIAL EVALUATION	DHR USE ONLY
NR List Date <u> </u> / <u> </u> / <u> </u>	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info	Date <u> </u> / <u> </u> / <u> </u> Init. <u> </u>
<input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no	Date <u> </u> / <u> </u> / <u> </u>
	NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin</i> 15, p. 2)	

FIELD METHODS (check all that apply)

SITE DETECTION* SITE BOUNDARIES*
no field check, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, exposed ground, posthole digger, auger--size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel, bounds unknown, none by recorder, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, insp exposed ground, posthole tests, auger--size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel, block excavations, estimate or guess

Other methods; number, size, depth, pattern of units; screen size (attach site plan) 14 ST; all negative; 25, 50 & 100 m intervals 50 cm diameter, 1 m deep, 6.4 mm mesh screen

SITE DESCRIPTION

Extent Size (m2) Depth/stratigraphy of cultural deposit
0-60 cm gray brown sand, 60-100 cm orange brown wet sand

Temporal Interpretation - Components (check one): single component, multiple component, uncertain
Describe each occupation in plan (refer to attached large scale map) and stratigraphically. Discuss temporal and functional interpretations:

Integrity - Overall disturbance*: none seen, minor, substantial, major, redeposited, destroyed-document!, unknown
Disturbances / threats / protective measures development / road construction / none

Surface collection: area collected m2 # collection units Excavation: # noncontiguous blocks

ARTIFACTS

Total Artifacts # 0C (C)ount or (E)stimate? Surface # 0C (C) or (E) Subsurface # 0C (C) or (E)

COLLECTION SELECTIVITY* ARTIFACT CATEGORIES* and DISPOSITIONS*
unknown, unselective, selective, mixed selectivity, uncollected, general, unknown, controlled, variable spatial control, Other
bone-animal, bone-human, bone-unspecified, bone-worked, brick/building debris, ceramic-aboriginal, ceramic-nonaboriginal, daub, exotic-nonlocal, glass, lithics-aboriginal, metal-nonprecious, metal-precious/coin, shell-unworked, shell-worked, Others

Disposition List*
A - category always collected
S - some items in category collected
O - observed first hand, but not collected
R - collected and subsequently left at site
I - informant reported category present
U - unknown

Artifact Comments

DIAGNOSTICS (type or mode, and frequency: e.g., Suwanee ppk, heat-treated chert, Deptford Check-stamped, ironstone/whiteware)

- 1. N= 4. N= 7. N=
2. N= 5. N= 8. N=
3. N= 6. N= 9. N=

ENVIRONMENT

Nearest fresh water type* & name (incl. relict source) wetland Distance (m)/bearing 5 m N & W
Natural community (FNAI category* or leave blank)
Local vegetation
Topography* Min Elevation 5 meters Max Elevation 6 meters
Present land use interstate ROW
SCS soil series Myakka fine sand Soil association

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible: For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.

ACI P08008 - documentation;

Manuscripts or Publications on the site (use separate sheet if needed, give FMSF# if relevant) ACI (2008) Cultural Resource Assessment Survey PD&E Study I-75 from South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough County, Florida

RECORDER & INFORMANT INFORMATION

Informant Information (name / address / phone / affiliation)

Recorder Information (name / address / phone / affiliation) Horvath, Elizabeth A., 98 Hickorywood Dr., Crawfordville, FL 32327 Archaeological Consultants, Inc., 850-926-9285, acinorth@comcast.net

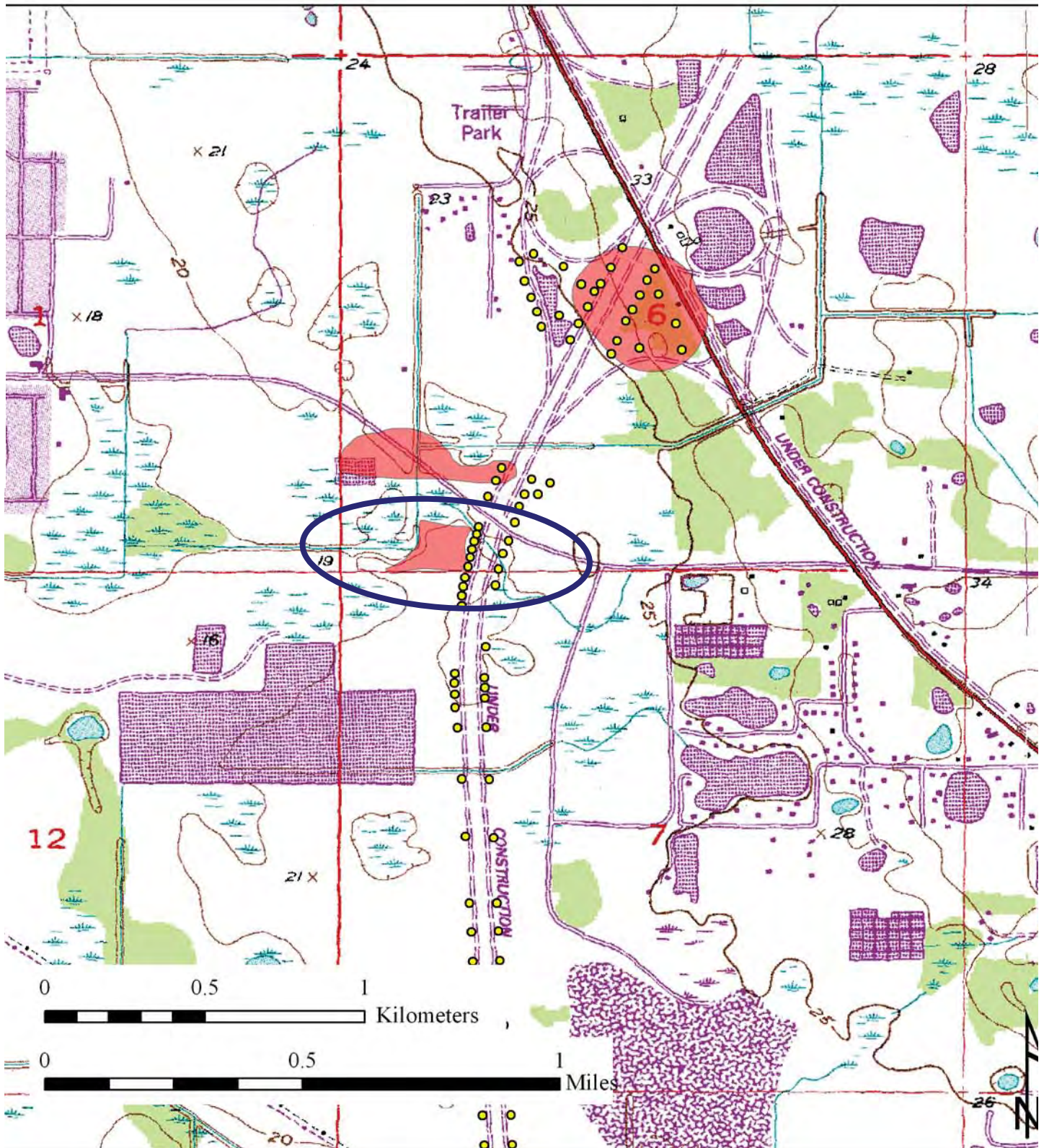
Required Attachments 1 PHOTOCOPY OF 7.5' USGS QUAD MAP WITH SITE BOUNDARIES MARKED and SITE PLAN Plan at 1:3,600 or larger. Show boundaries, scale, north arrow, test/collection units, landmarks and date.



USGS MAP

Brandon, Fla. 1982

Township 30 South, Range 20 East, Section 6



- Original
- Update



ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI11479
 Field Date 07 / 01 / 08
 Form Date 12 / 10 / 08
 Recorder # _____

Consult Guide to Archaeological Site Form for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) Regency NW (SEARCH) Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
 Project Name I-75 PD&E US 301 to Fletcher Survey # (DHR only) _____
 Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

USGS 7.5 Map Name & Date Brandon 1982 Plat or Other Map _____
 City/Town (within 3 miles) Mango In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough
 Township 29S Range 20E Section 20 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: _____
 Landgrant _____ Tax Parcel # _____
 UTM Coordinates: Zone 16 17 Easting _____ 0 Northing _____ 0
 Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____
 Address / Vicinity / Route to _____
 Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

TYPE OF SITE (check all that apply)

SETTING *	STRUCTURES OR FEATURES *	FUNCTION *
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Land (<i>terrestrial</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Lake/Pond (<i>lacustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> River/Stream/Creek (<i>riverine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Tidal (<i>estuarine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Saltwater (<i>marine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Wetland (<i>palustrine</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> usually flooded <input type="checkbox"/> usually dry <input type="checkbox"/> Cave/Sink (<i>subterranean</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> terrestrial <input type="checkbox"/> aquatic	<input type="checkbox"/> aboriginal boat <input type="checkbox"/> agr/c/farm building <input type="checkbox"/> burial mound <input type="checkbox"/> building remains <input type="checkbox"/> cemetery/grave <input type="checkbox"/> dump/refuse <input type="checkbox"/> earthworks <input type="checkbox"/> fort <input type="checkbox"/> midden <input type="checkbox"/> mill <input type="checkbox"/> mission <input type="checkbox"/> mound, nonspecific <input type="checkbox"/> plantation <input type="checkbox"/> platform mound <input type="checkbox"/> road segment <input type="checkbox"/> shell midden <input type="checkbox"/> shell mound <input type="checkbox"/> shipwreck <input type="checkbox"/> subsurface features <input type="checkbox"/> surface scatter <input type="checkbox"/> well	<input type="checkbox"/> campsite <input type="checkbox"/> extractive site <input type="checkbox"/> habitation (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> homestead (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> farmstead <input type="checkbox"/> village (prehistoric) <input type="checkbox"/> town (historic) <input type="checkbox"/> quarry
<input type="checkbox"/> Other settings, structures, features or functions _____		

CULTURE PERIODS (check all that apply)

ABORIGINAL *	NON-ABORIGINAL *
<input type="checkbox"/> Alachua <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Early <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Middle <input type="checkbox"/> Archaic, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade <input type="checkbox"/> Cades Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Caloosahatchee <input type="checkbox"/> Deptford <input type="checkbox"/> Englewood <input type="checkbox"/> Fort Walton <input type="checkbox"/> Glades (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Glades I <input type="checkbox"/> Glades II <input type="checkbox"/> Glades III <input type="checkbox"/> Hickory Pond <input type="checkbox"/> Leon-Jefferson <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar I <input type="checkbox"/> Malabar II <input type="checkbox"/> Manasota <input type="checkbox"/> Mississippian <input type="checkbox"/> Mount Taylor <input type="checkbox"/> Norwood <input type="checkbox"/> Orange <input type="checkbox"/> Paleoindian <input type="checkbox"/> Pensacola <input type="checkbox"/> Perico Island <input type="checkbox"/> Safety Harbor <input type="checkbox"/> St. Augustine	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns I <input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns II <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa <input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa-Swift Creek <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: Colonization <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 1st War To 2nd <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 2nd War To 3rd <input type="checkbox"/> Seminole: 3rd War & After <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Early <input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek, Late <input type="checkbox"/> Transitional <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island I <input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island II <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric non-ceramic <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric ceramic <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1513-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1600-99 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish 1700-1763 <input type="checkbox"/> First Spanish (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> British 1763-1783 <input type="checkbox"/> Second Spanish 1783-1821 <input type="checkbox"/> American Territorial 1821-45 <input type="checkbox"/> American Civil War 1861-65 <input type="checkbox"/> American 19th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American 20th Century <input type="checkbox"/> American (nonspecific) <input type="checkbox"/> African-American
<input type="checkbox"/> Other (List less common phases or specific sub-phases. For historic sites, give specific dates if known.) _____	

* Consult *Guide to Archaeological Site Form* for preferred descriptions not listed above (data are coded fields).

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Potentially eligible individually for National Register of Historic Places? yes no insufficient information
 Potentially eligible as contributor to a National Register district? yes no insufficient information
 Explanation of Evaluation (required if evaluated; use separate sheet if needed) no evidence of site discovered within the APE

 Recommendations for Owner or SHPO Action no additional investigations within the APE

DHR USE ONLY	OFFICIAL EVALUATION	DHR USE ONLY
NR List Date _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin</i> 15, p. 2)	Date _____ / _____ / _____ Init. _____ Date _____ / _____ / _____

FIELD METHODS (check all that apply)

SITE DETECTION*

- no field check, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, exposed ground, posthole digger, auger--size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel

SITE BOUNDARIES*

- bounds unknown, none by recorder, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, insp exposed ground, posthole tests, auger--size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel, block excavations, estimate or guess

Other methods; number, size, depth, pattern of units; screen size (attach site plan) 4 ST, 0 positive; 100 m interval
50 cm diameter, 100 cm deep where possible, 6.4 mm mesh screen
all shovel tests revealed fill deposits

SITE DESCRIPTION

Extent Size (m2) Depth/stratigraphy of cultural deposit

Temporal Interpretation - Components (check one): single component, multiple component, uncertain

Describe each occupation in plan (refer to attached large scale map) and stratigraphically. Discuss temporal and functional interpretations:

Integrity - Overall disturbance*: none seen, minor, substantial, major, redeposited, destroyed-document!, unknown
Disturbances / threats / protective measures road construction / road construction / none

Surface collection: area collected m2 # collection units Excavation: # noncontiguous blocks

ARTIFACTS

Total Artifacts # 0c (C)ount or (E)stimate? Surface # 0c (C) or (E) Subsurface # 0c (C) or (E)

COLLECTION SELECTIVITY*

- unknown, unselective (all artifacts), selective (some artifacts), mixed selectivity

SPATIAL CONTROL*

- uncollected, unknown, Other, general (not by subarea), controlled (by subarea), variable spatial control

ARTIFACT CATEGORIES* and DISPOSITIONS*

Pick exactly one code from Disposition List => => =>

- bone-animal, bone-human, bone-unspecified, bone-worked, brick/building debris, ceramic-aboriginal, ceramic-nonaboriginal, daub, exotic-nonlocal, glass, lithics-aboriginal, metal-nonprecious, metal-precious/coin, shell-unworked, shell-worked, Others:

(example: A - bone-human)

Disposition List*

- A - category always collected, S - some items in category collected, O - observed first hand, but not collected, R - collected and subsequently left at site, I - informant reported category present, U - unknown

Artifact Comments no artifact recovery

DIAGNOSTICS (type or mode, and frequency: e.g., Suwanee ppk, heat-treated chert, Deptford Check-stamped, ironstone/whiteware)

- 1. N= 4. N= 7. N=
2. N= 5. N= 8. N=
3. N= 6. N= 9. N=

ENVIRONMENT

Nearest fresh water type* & name (incl. relict source) Distance (m)/bearing

Natural community (FNAI category* or leave blank)

Local vegetation

Topography* Min Elevation meters Max Elevation meters

Present land use

SCS soil series Soil association

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible: For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.

project documentation on file ACI P08030

artifacts and copy of notes to be turned over to FDOT for curation

Manuscripts or Publications on the site (use separate sheet if needed, give FMSF# if relevant) ACI (2009) Cultural Resource Assessment

Survey PD&E Study I-75 from South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough County, Florida

RECORDER & INFORMANT INFORMATION

Informant Information (name / address / phone / affiliation)

Recorder Information (name / address / phone / affiliation) Horvath, Elizabeth A., 98 Hickorywood Dr., Crawfordville, FL 32327

Archaeological Consultants, Inc., 850-926-9285, acinorth@comcast.net

Required Attachments

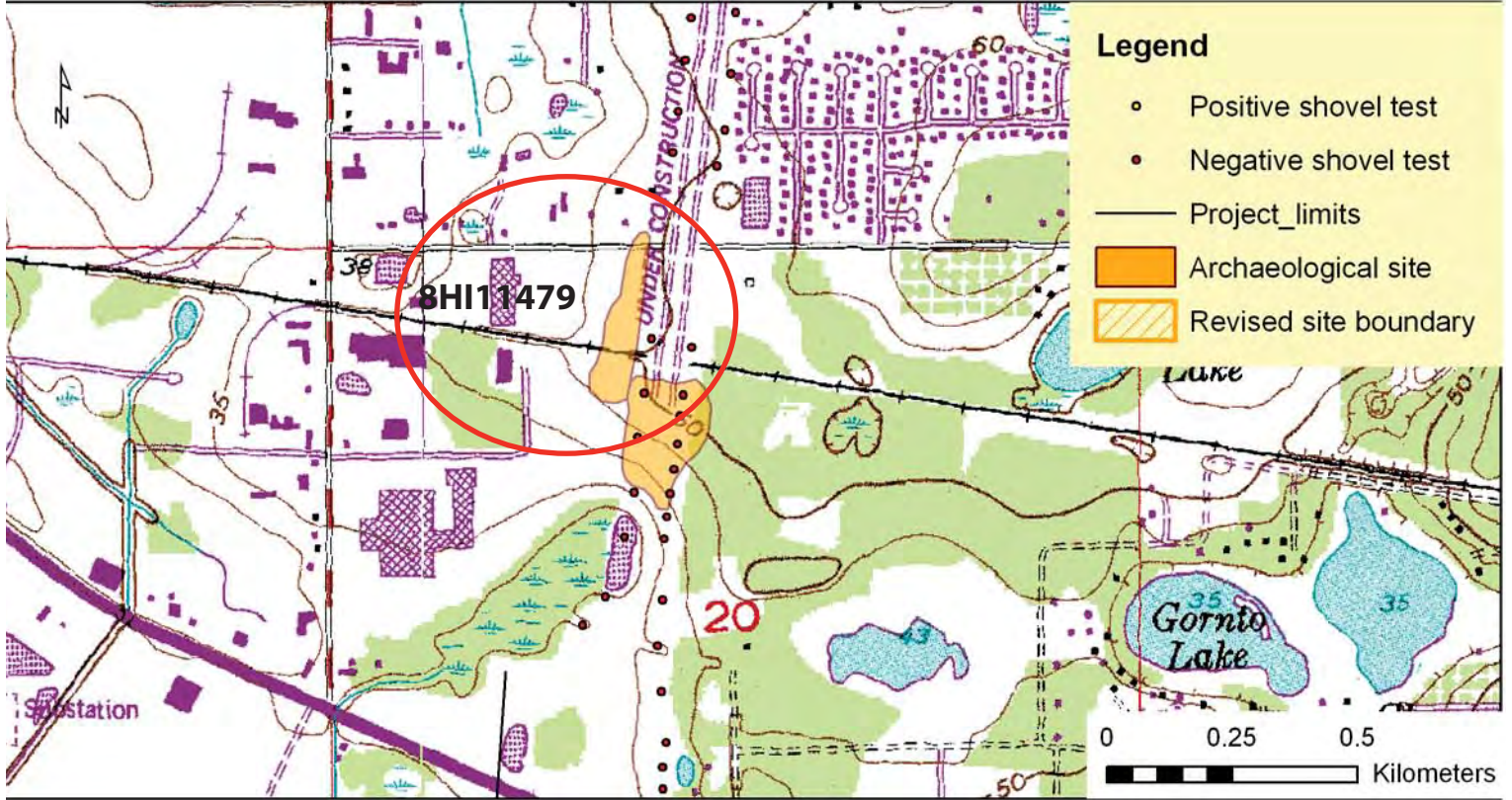
PHOTOCOPY OF 7.5' USGS QUAD MAP WITH SITE BOUNDARIES MARKED and SITE PLAN
Plan at 1:3,600 or larger. Show boundaries, scale, north arrow, test/collection units, landmarks and date.



USGS MAP

Brandon 1982

Township 29 South, Range 20 East, Section 20





original
 update

ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 1.1: 11/88

Site #8 Hi5430

Recorder # WLR 11-1

Field Date 11/11/1993

SITE NAME(S) 8Hi5430:WLR 11-1

PROJECT NAME Florida Gas Transmission Company Phase III Expansion Project DHR# 4386

OWNERSHIP private-profit priv-nonprof priv-indiv priv-unsp city county state federal

USGS MAP NAME Thonotosassa 7.5' 1974 (PR 1986) CITY Thonotosassa

UTM: ZONE 17 EASTING 3/6/6/3/4/0/ NORTHING 3/1/0/8/3/4/0/

COUNTY Hillsborough TWP 27S RANGE 19E SECTION 36 1/4 NE 1/4-1/4 NW 1/4-1/4-1/4 SW

(Optional) LATITUDE d m s LONGITUDE d m s
ADDRESS/VICINITY OF/ROUTE TO The site is adjacent to the proposed Florida Gas Transmission Company pipeline
corridor 1 km (0.65 mi) north of the Hillsborough River.

TYPE OF SITES (All that apply)					
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> prehist unspecified	<input type="checkbox"/> hist aboriginal	<input type="checkbox"/> hist nonaboriginal	<input type="checkbox"/> hist unspecified		
SETTING		STRUCTURES OR FEATURES		FUNCTION	DENSITY
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> land site	<input type="checkbox"/> aboriginal boat	<input type="checkbox"/> fort	<input type="checkbox"/> road segment	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> none specified	<input type="checkbox"/> unknown
<input type="checkbox"/> wetland fresh	<input type="checkbox"/> agric/farm bldg	<input type="checkbox"/> midden	<input type="checkbox"/> shell midden	<input type="checkbox"/> campsite	<input type="checkbox"/> single artifact
<input type="checkbox"/> wetland salt/tidal	<input type="checkbox"/> burial mound	<input type="checkbox"/> mill unspecified	<input type="checkbox"/> shell mound	<input type="checkbox"/> extractive site	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> diffuse scatter
<input type="checkbox"/> underwater	<input type="checkbox"/> building remains	<input type="checkbox"/> mission	<input type="checkbox"/> shipwreck	<input type="checkbox"/> habitat/homestead	<input type="checkbox"/> dense scatter >2/m ²
<input type="checkbox"/> OTHER <u> </u>	<input type="checkbox"/> cemetery/grave	<input type="checkbox"/> mound unspecif	<input type="checkbox"/> subsurface features	<input type="checkbox"/> farmstead#	<input type="checkbox"/> variable density
	<input type="checkbox"/> dump/refuse	<input type="checkbox"/> plantation	<input type="checkbox"/> well	<input type="checkbox"/> village/town	
	<input type="checkbox"/> earthworks	<input type="checkbox"/> platform mound	<input type="checkbox"/> wharf/dock	<input type="checkbox"/> quarry	

HISTORIC CONTEXTS (All that apply)

<input type="checkbox"/> unknown culture	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> aboriginal unspecif	<input type="checkbox"/> hist unspecified
ABORIGINAL:	<input type="checkbox"/> Early Archaic	<input type="checkbox"/> Glades IIb
<input type="checkbox"/> Alachua	<input type="checkbox"/> Early Swift Creek	<input type="checkbox"/> Glades IIc
<input type="checkbox"/> Archaic unspec.	<input type="checkbox"/> Englewood	<input type="checkbox"/> Glades III
<input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade	<input type="checkbox"/> Fort Walton	<input type="checkbox"/> Glades IIIa
<input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade I	<input type="checkbox"/> Glades unspecif	<input type="checkbox"/> Glades IIIb
<input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade II	<input type="checkbox"/> Glades I	<input type="checkbox"/> Glades IIIc
<input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade III	<input type="checkbox"/> Glades Ia	<input type="checkbox"/> Hickory Pond
<input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade IV	<input type="checkbox"/> Glades Ib	<input type="checkbox"/> Late Archaic
<input type="checkbox"/> Cades Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Glades II	<input type="checkbox"/> Late Swift Creek
<input type="checkbox"/> Deptford	<input type="checkbox"/> Glades IIa	<input type="checkbox"/> Leon-Jefferson
NONABORIGINAL:	<input type="checkbox"/> 1st Spn 1700-63	<input type="checkbox"/> Amer Terr 1821-44
<input type="checkbox"/> 1st Spanish unsp	<input type="checkbox"/> Brit 1763-1783	<input type="checkbox"/> Statehood 1845-60
<input type="checkbox"/> 1st Spn 1513-99	<input type="checkbox"/> 2d Spn 1783-1821	<input type="checkbox"/> Civil War 1861-65
<input type="checkbox"/> 1st Spn 1600-99		<input type="checkbox"/> Reconstr 1866-79
OTHER <u> </u>		<input type="checkbox"/> Postrecn 1880-97
		<input type="checkbox"/> SpWar 1898-1916
		<input type="checkbox"/> WWI 1917-1920
		<input type="checkbox"/> Boom 1921-1929
		<input type="checkbox"/> Depress 1930-40
		<input type="checkbox"/> WWII 1941-49
		<input type="checkbox"/> Modern 1950-
		<input type="checkbox"/> American 1821-
		<input type="checkbox"/> American 1821-99
		<input type="checkbox"/> American 1900-
		<input type="checkbox"/> Afro-American

RECORDER'S EVALUATION OF SITE

Eligible for National Register?	<input type="checkbox"/> yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> no	<input type="checkbox"/> likely, need information	<input type="checkbox"/> insufficient information
Significant as part of district?	<input type="checkbox"/> yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> no	<input type="checkbox"/> likely, need information	<input type="checkbox"/> insufficient information
Significant at the local level?	<input type="checkbox"/> yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> no	<input type="checkbox"/> likely, need information	<input type="checkbox"/> insufficient information

SIGNIFICANCE STATEMENT FOR COMPUTER FILES (Limit to 3 lines here; attach full justification)
The sparse artifact assemblage and absence of intact cultural deposits or features suggest that this site does not possess research potential. This site does not possess the qualities of significance as defined by the National Register of Historic Places criteria for evaluation (36 CFR 60.4 [a-d]).

DHR USE ONLY

DATE LISTED	KEEPER DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY:	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Date <u> </u>
ON NAT REG.	SHPO EVALUATION OF ELIGIBILITY:	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Date <u>11/11/93</u>
<u> </u> LOCAL DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY:		Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Date <u> </u>

ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM
Division of Historical Resources, Florida Department of State

Site #8 Hi5430

METHODS FOR SITE DETECTION

no field check exposed ground screened shovel
 literature search posthole digger
 informant report auger--size
 remote sensing unscreened shovel

METHODS FOR SITE BOUNDARIES

bounds unknown remote sensing unscreened shovel
 none by recorder insp exposed ground screened shovel
 literature search posthole digger block excavns
 informant report auger--size: guess

Other/Remarks (#, size, depth, pattern of units, screen size) 20 shovel tests 50 cm in diameter were excavated to a minimum depth of 100 cmbs; the fill from each shovel test was screened through 0.25" mesh. Shovel tests were not excavated in previously disturbed areas. 5 of the shovel tests excavated were positive.

COLLECTION STRATEGY

unknown unselective (all artifacts)
 uncollected selective (some artifacts)
 general (not by subarea)
 controlled (by subarea)

ARTIFACT CATEGORIES

unknown daub nonlocal-exotic bone-unspec
 lithics brick/bldg matl metal unworked shell
 ceramic-aborig glass bone-human worked shell
 ceramic-nonabo prec metal/coin bone-animal subsurf feats

Other (Strategy, Categories)

SITE EXTENT Size (m²) 11500 Depth/Stratigraphy of Cultural Deposit Artifacts were recovered from Stratum II (20 - 46 cmbs).

Perpendicular Dimensions 100 m North-South direction by 115 m East-West direction

SPACE COLLECTED Surface: #units 0, total area 0 m². Excavation: #units 20, total vol 3.6 m³

TOTAL ARTIFACTS Count or Estimate? Surface # 0 Subsurface # 7

DIAGNOSTICS (TYPE OR MODE & FREQUENCY)

1 _____ N = _____ 4 _____ N = _____
2 _____ N = _____ 5 _____ N = _____
3 _____ N = _____ 6 _____ N = _____
7 _____ N = _____

Remarks No diagnostic artifacts were recovered.

TEMPORAL INTERPRETATION Components: single _____ prob single _____ prob multiple _____ multiple _____ uncertain
Describe each occupation spatially. For each, estimate begin, end dates BP; basis; if absolute dates, give method, lab, id, date, range, etc.
Undetermined Prehistoric Period Cultural Affiliation

ENVIRONMENT Nearest Fresh Water RIVE- Hillsborough River Distance (m) 1000 m S
Natural Community WEFL- wet flatwoods
Local Vegetation Grass, mixed woods
Topographic Setting WETH- wetland hammock
Present Land Use Florida Gas Transmission Company pipeline corridor right-of-way
SCS Soil Series Not Available Soil Association Not Available

SITE INTEGRITY Overall Disturbance: none seen minor _____ substantial _____ major _____ redeposited
Nature of Disturbances/Threats Prior/proposed pipeline construction

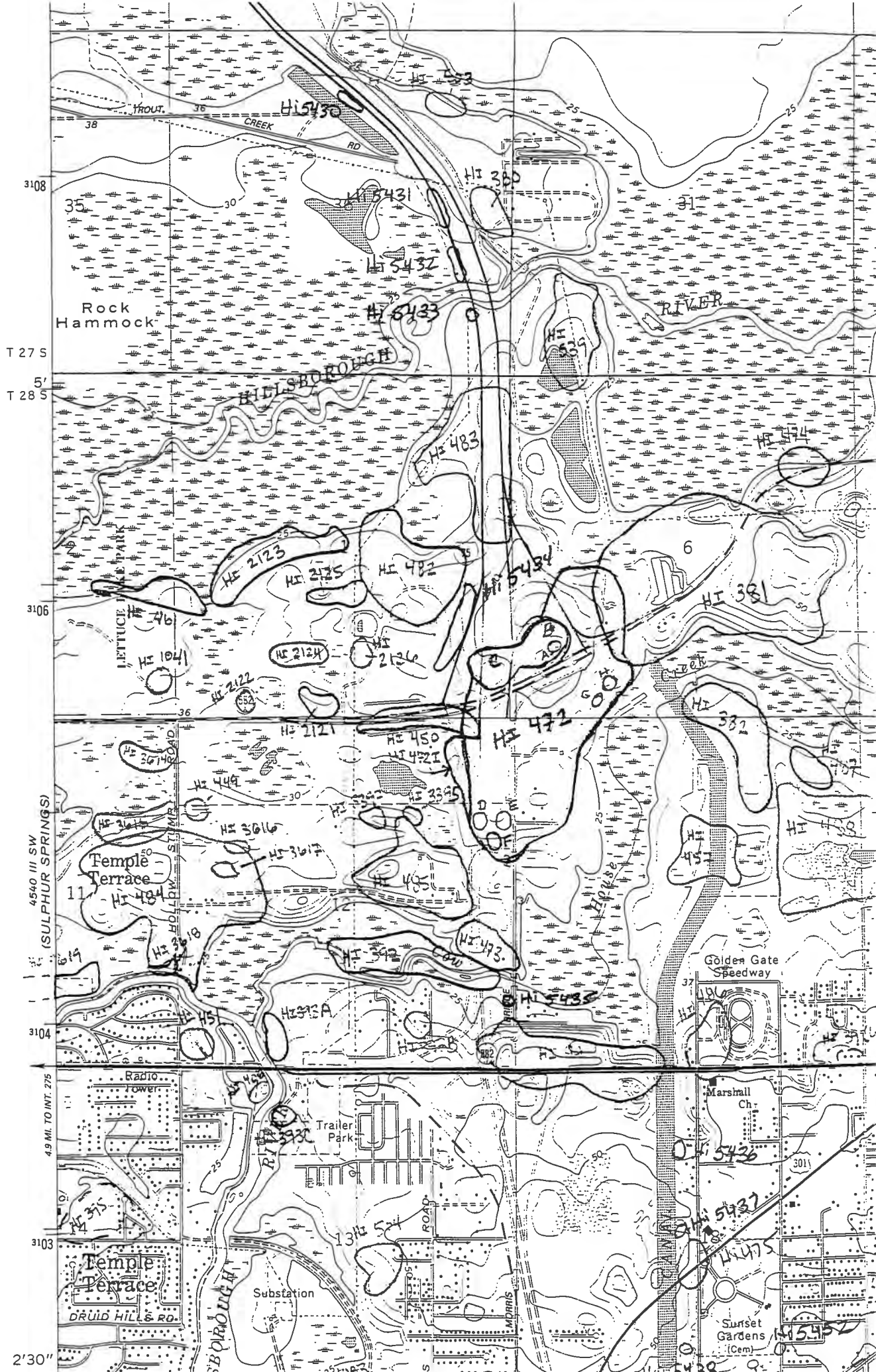
INFORMANT(S) Contact Information None

REPOSITORY Field Notes, Artifacts Florida Department of State, Bureau of Archaeological Research
Photographs (negative nos) None

MANUSCRIPTS OR PUBLICATIONS ON THE SITE R. Christopher Goodwin & Associates, Inc (1993)

RECORDER(S): Name William P. Athens, Derek M. Wingfield, and Lynn A. Berg Date of Form 15 November 1993
Affiliation/Address/Phone R. Christopher Goodwin and Associates, Inc. 5824 Plauche St. New Orleans, La. 70123 (504) 736-9323

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR SITE No additional testing of this site is recommended.
NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION: Attach information on site discovery, history, current integrity, apparent threats, environment, and your temporal and functional interpretations.
DISCUSSION OF SIGNIFICANCE: Attach justification for recorder's evaluation (Page 1).
REQUIRED: USGS MAP OR COPY WITH SITE LOCATION MARKED



3108

T 27 S

T 28 S

3106

4540 III SW
(SULPHUR SPRINGS)

3104

4.9 MI. TO INT. 275

3103

2'30"

ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM
FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 1.1: 11/88

Site # Hi5431 *No more work*
Recorder # WLR 12-1
Field Date 10/13/1993

SITE NAME(S) 8Hi5431;WLR12-1

PROJECT NAME Florida Gas Transmission Company Phase III Expansion Project

OWNERSHIP private-profit priv-nonprof priv-indiv priv-unsp city county state federal DHR# _____

USGS MAP NAME Thonatosassa, 7.5' 1974 (PR 1986) CITY Thonatosassa

UTM: ZONE 17 EASTING 13/6/6/8/0/0/ NORTHING 13/1/0/7/2/4/0/

COUNTY Hillsborough TWP 29S RANGE 19E SECTION 36 1/4 SE 1/4-1/4 NW 1/4-1/4-1/4 SW

(Optional) LATITUDE d _____ m _____ s _____ LONGITUDE d _____ m _____ s _____

ADDRESS/VICINITY OF/ROUTE TO From the intersection of Route 301, Route 582, and the proposed Florida Gas Transmission Company pipeline corridor. travel west 1.8 km (1.12mi) along corridor then north 3.8 km (2.55mi) along corridor to site.

TYPE OF SITES (All that apply) prehist unspecified hist aboriginal hist nonaboriginal hist unspecified

SETTING	STRUCTURES OR FEATURES	FUNCTION	DENSITY
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> land site	<input type="checkbox"/> aboriginal boat	<input type="checkbox"/> fort	<input type="checkbox"/> unknown
<input type="checkbox"/> wetland fresh	<input type="checkbox"/> agric/farm bldg	<input type="checkbox"/> road segment	<input type="checkbox"/> single artifact
<input type="checkbox"/> wetland salt/tidal	<input type="checkbox"/> burial mound	<input type="checkbox"/> shell midden	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> diffuse scatter
<input type="checkbox"/> underwater	<input type="checkbox"/> building remains	<input type="checkbox"/> shell mound	<input type="checkbox"/> dense scatter > 2/m ²
	<input type="checkbox"/> cemetery/grave	<input type="checkbox"/> shipwreck	<input type="checkbox"/> variable density
	<input type="checkbox"/> dump/refuse	<input type="checkbox"/> subsurface features	
	<input type="checkbox"/> earthworks	<input type="checkbox"/> well	
		<input type="checkbox"/> wharf/dock	
		<input type="checkbox"/> quarry	

HISTORIC CONTEXTS (All that apply)

ABORIGINAL:	<input type="checkbox"/> Early Archaic	<input type="checkbox"/> Glades IIb	<input type="checkbox"/> Manasota	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> aboriginal unspecif	<input type="checkbox"/> hist unspecified
<input type="checkbox"/> Alachua	<input type="checkbox"/> Early Swift Creek	<input type="checkbox"/> Glades IIc	<input type="checkbox"/> Middle Archaic	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns unspecif	<input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek
<input type="checkbox"/> Archaic unspec.	<input type="checkbox"/> Englewood	<input type="checkbox"/> Glades III	<input type="checkbox"/> Mount Taylor	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns I	<input type="checkbox"/> Transitional
<input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade	<input type="checkbox"/> Fort Walton	<input type="checkbox"/> Glades IIIa	<input type="checkbox"/> Norwood	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns Ia	<input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island
<input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade I	<input type="checkbox"/> Glades unspecif	<input type="checkbox"/> Glades IIIb	<input type="checkbox"/> Orange	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns Ib	<input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island I
<input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade II	<input type="checkbox"/> Glades I	<input type="checkbox"/> Glades IIIc	<input type="checkbox"/> Paleo-Indian	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns II	<input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island II
<input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade III	<input type="checkbox"/> Glades Ia	<input type="checkbox"/> Hickory Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Pensacola	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns IIa	
<input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade IV	<input type="checkbox"/> Glades Ib	<input type="checkbox"/> Late Archaic	<input type="checkbox"/> Perico Island	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns IIb	
<input type="checkbox"/> Cades Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Glades II	<input type="checkbox"/> Late Swift Creek	<input type="checkbox"/> Safety Harbor	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns IIc	
<input type="checkbox"/> Deptford	<input type="checkbox"/> Glades IIa	<input type="checkbox"/> Leon-Jefferson	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Augustine	<input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa	<input type="checkbox"/> prehistc-aceramic
				<input type="checkbox"/> Seminole	<input type="checkbox"/> prehistc-ceramic
NONABORIGINAL:	<input type="checkbox"/> 1st Spn 1700-63	<input type="checkbox"/> Amer Terr 1821-44	<input type="checkbox"/> Postrecn 1880-97	<input type="checkbox"/> Depress 1930-40	<input type="checkbox"/> American 1821-
<input type="checkbox"/> 1st Spanish unsp	<input type="checkbox"/> Brit 1763-1783	<input type="checkbox"/> Statehood 1845-60	<input type="checkbox"/> SpWar 1898-1916	<input type="checkbox"/> WWII 1941-49	<input type="checkbox"/> American 1821-99
<input type="checkbox"/> 1st Spn 1513-99	<input type="checkbox"/> 2d Spn 1783-1821	<input type="checkbox"/> Civil War 1861-65	<input type="checkbox"/> WWI 1917-1920	<input type="checkbox"/> Modern 1950-	<input type="checkbox"/> American 1900-
<input type="checkbox"/> 1st Spn 1600-99		<input type="checkbox"/> Reconstr 1866-79	<input type="checkbox"/> Boom 1921-1929		<input type="checkbox"/> Afro-American
OTHER					

RECORDER'S EVALUATION OF SITE

Eligible for National Register? yes no likely, need information insufficient information

Significant as part of district? yes no likely, need information insufficient information

Significant at the local level? yes no likely, need information insufficient information

SIGNIFICANCE STATEMENT FOR COMPUTER FILES (Limit to 3 lines here; attach full justification)

The sparse artifact assemblage and absence of intact cultural deposits or features suggest that this site does not possess research potential. This site does not possess the qualities of significance as defined by the National Register of Historic Places criterion of evaluation (36 CFR 60.4 [a-d]).

DHR USE ONLY

DATE LISTED _____ KEEPER DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY: _____

ON NAT REG. _____ SHPO EVALUATION OF ELIGIBILITY: _____

LOCAL DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY: _____

Local Office _____

METHODS FOR SITE DETECTION

METHODS FOR SITE BOUNDARIES

no field check exposed ground screened shovel
 literature search posthole digger _____
 informant report auger--size _____
 remote sensing unscreened shovel _____

bounds unknown remote sensing unscreened shovel
 none by recorder insp exposed ground screened shovel
 literature search posthole digger _____
 informant report auger--size: _____ guess

Other/Remarks (#, size, depth, pattern of units, screen size) 20 shovel tests 50 cm in diameter were excavated to a minimum depth of 100 cmbs; the fill from each shovel test was screened through 0.25" mesh. Shovel tests were not excavated in previously disturbed areas. 9 of the shovel tests excavated were positive.

COLLECTION STRATEGY

ARTIFACT CATEGORIES

unknown unselective (all artifacts)
 uncollected selective (some artifacts)
 general (not by subarea)
 controlled (by subarea)

unknown
 lithics
 ceramic-aborig
 ceramic-nonabo

daub
 brick/bldg matl
 glass
 prec metal/coin

nonlocal-exotic
 metal
 bone-human
 bone-animal

bone-unspec
 unworked shell
 worked shell
 subsurf feats

Other (Strategy, Categories) _____

SITE EXTENT Size (m²) 2000 Depth/Stratigraphy of Cultural Deposit Artifacts were recovered from Strata I - III (0 - 73 cmbs).

Perpendicular Dimensions 100 m North-South direction by 20 m East-West direction

SPACE COLLECTED Surface: #units 0, total area 0 m². Excavation: #units 20, total vol 3.6 m³
TOTAL ARTIFACTS Count or Estimate? Surface # 0 Subsurface # 12

DIAGNOSTICS (TYPE OR MODE & FREQUENCY)

1 _____ N = _____ 4 _____ N = _____
2 _____ N = _____ 5 _____ N = _____
3 _____ N = _____ 6 _____ N = _____
Remarks No diagnostic artifacts were recovered. 7 _____ N = _____

TEMPORAL INTERPRETATION Components: single _____ prob single _____ prob multiple _____ multiple _____ uncertain
Describe each occupation spatially. For each, estimate begin, end dates BP; basis; if absolute dates, give method, lab, id, date, range, etc.
Undetermined Prehistoric Period Cultural Affiliation

ENVIRONMENT Nearest Fresh Water SWAM- unnamed swamp Distance (m) 150 m SW
Natural Community WEFL- wet flatwoods
Local Vegetation mixed woods, grass
Topographic Setting WETH- wetland hammock
Present Land Use Florida Gas Transmission Company pipeline corridor right-of-way
SCS Soil Series Not Available Soil Association Not Available

SITE INTEGRITY Overall Disturbance: none seen minor _____ substantial _____ major _____ redeposited
Nature of Disturbances/Threats Prior/proposed pipeline construction

INFORMANT(S) Contact Information None

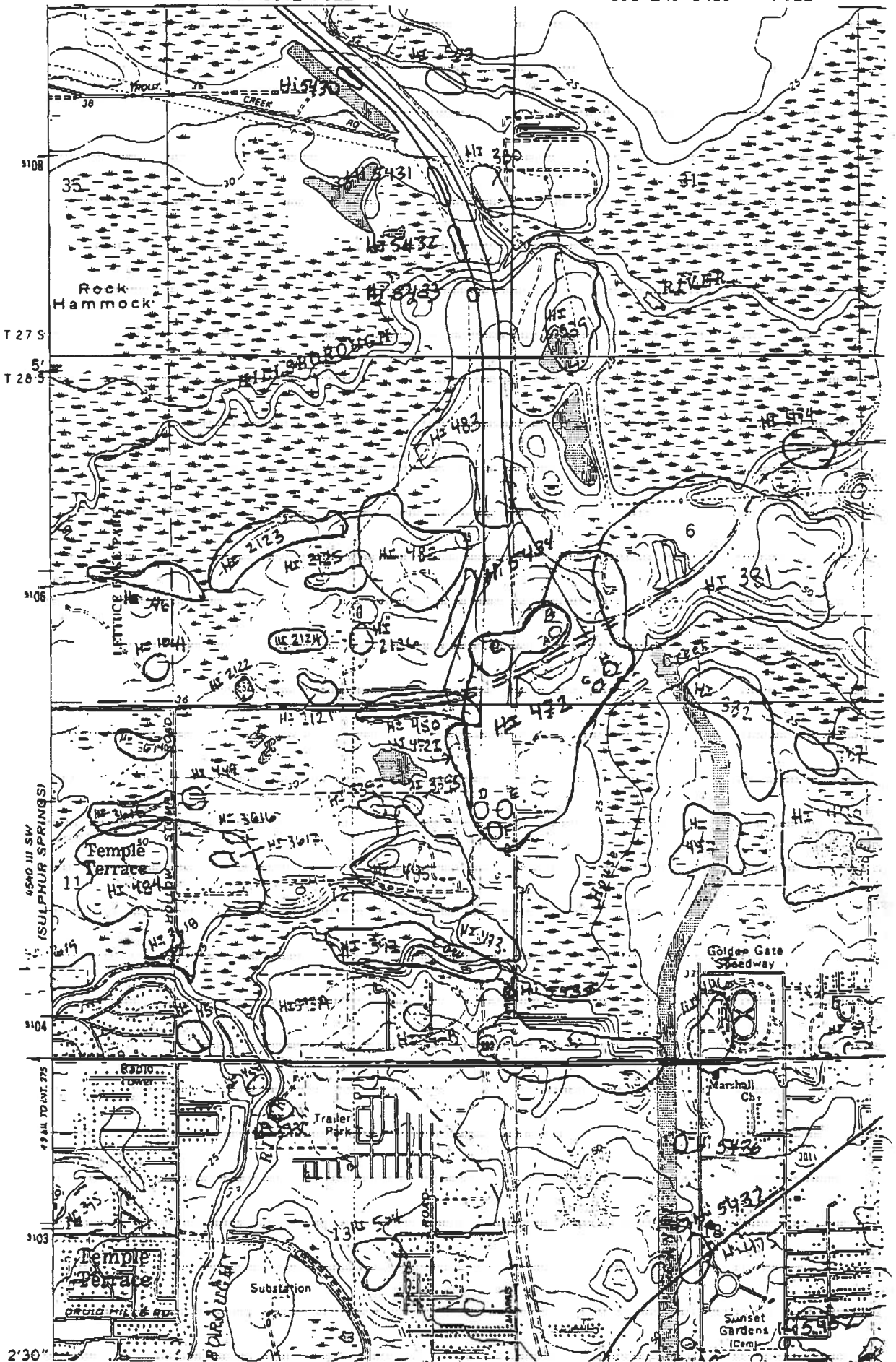
REPOSITORY Field Notes, Artifacts Florida Department of State, Bureau of Archaeological Research
Photographs (negative nos) None

MANUSCRIPTS OR PUBLICATIONS ON THE SITE R. Christopher Goodwin & Associates, Inc (1993)

RECORDER(S): Name William P. Athens, Derek M. Wingfield Date of Form 16 November 1993
Affiliation/Address/Phone R. Christopher Goodwin and Associates, Inc. 5824 Plache St. New Orleans, La. 70123 (504) 736-9323

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR SITE Evaluatory testing of this site is recommended.
NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION: Attach information on site discovery, history, current integrity, apparent threats, environment, and your temporal and functional interpretations.

DISCUSSION OF SIGNIFICANCE: Attach justification for recorder's evaluation (Page 1).
REQUIRED: USGS MAP OR COPY WITH SITE LOCATION MARKED





ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM
FLORIDA SITE FILE
Version 2.0 7/92

Site #8 HI5432
Recorder # WLR 12-2
Field Date 12 / 04 / 93
Form Date 02 / 15 / 94

SITE NAME(S) WLR 12-2 [DIST #8]
PROJECT NAME Florida Gas Transmission Company Phase III Expansion [SURVEY #]
OWNERSHIP private-profit private-nonprofit private-individ priv-unspecfd city county x state federal unknown
TWP 29S RANGE 19E SECTION 36, $\frac{1}{4}$ SE, $\frac{1}{4}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$ NW, $\frac{1}{4}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$ SW IRREG. SECT.? - y x
USGS MAP NAME Thonotosassa 7.5' 1974(PR1987) COUNTY Hillsborough
NEAREST CITY Thonotosassa IN CURRENT CITY LIMITS? - y x
[UTM: ZONE 16 17 EASTING 366800 NORTHING 3107470]
ADDRESS/VICINITY OF/ROUTE TO From the intersection of Route 301, Route 582 and the
proposed Florida Gas Transmission Company pipeline corridor, travel west 1.8 km (1.2mi)
NAME OF PUBLIC TRACT (e.g., park) along corridor then north 4.1km (2.55mi) along corridor t site

TYPE OF SITE (Check all choices that apply; if needed write others in at bottom)

SETTING	STRUCTURES OR FEATURES	FUNCTION	DENSITY
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> land site	<input type="checkbox"/> aboriginal boat	<input type="checkbox"/> fort	<input type="checkbox"/> road segment
<input type="checkbox"/> wetland fresh wtr	<input type="checkbox"/> agric/farm bldg	<input type="checkbox"/> midden	<input type="checkbox"/> shell midden
<input type="checkbox"/> wetland salt/tidal	<input type="checkbox"/> burial mound	<input type="checkbox"/> mill unspecified	<input type="checkbox"/> shell mound
<input type="checkbox"/> undwtr (original)	<input type="checkbox"/> building remains	<input type="checkbox"/> mission	<input type="checkbox"/> shipwreck
<input type="checkbox"/> undwtr (inundated)	<input type="checkbox"/> cemetery/grave	<input type="checkbox"/> mound unspecified	<input type="checkbox"/> subsurface features
<input type="checkbox"/> OTHER	<input type="checkbox"/> dump/refuse	<input type="checkbox"/> plantation	<input type="checkbox"/> surface scatter
	<input type="checkbox"/> earthworks	<input type="checkbox"/> platform mound	<input type="checkbox"/> well
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> none specified	<input type="checkbox"/> unknown
		<input type="checkbox"/> campsite	<input type="checkbox"/> single artifact
		<input type="checkbox"/> extractive site	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> diffuse scatter
		<input type="checkbox"/> habitat/homestead	<input type="checkbox"/> dense scatter > 2/m ²
		<input type="checkbox"/> farmstead	<input type="checkbox"/> variable density
		<input type="checkbox"/> village/town	
		<input type="checkbox"/> quarry	

HISTORIC CONTEXTS (Check all that apply, except use most specific subphases only)

ABORIGINAL	Fort Walton	Hickory Pond	Perico Island	Semi: Colonization	NONABORIGINAL
<input type="checkbox"/> Alachua	<input type="checkbox"/> Glades Ia	<input type="checkbox"/> Late Archaic	<input type="checkbox"/> Safety Harbor	<input type="checkbox"/> Semi: 1st War to 2d	<input type="checkbox"/> 1st Spanish 1513-99
<input type="checkbox"/> Archaic unspecif	<input type="checkbox"/> Glades Ib	<input type="checkbox"/> Late Swift Creek	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Augustine	<input type="checkbox"/> Semi: 2d War to 3d	<input type="checkbox"/> 1st Spanish 1600-99
<input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade I	<input type="checkbox"/> Glades I unspec	<input type="checkbox"/> Leon-Jefferson	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns Ia	<input type="checkbox"/> Semi: 3d War on	<input type="checkbox"/> 1st Spanish 1700-1763
<input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade II	<input type="checkbox"/> Glades IIa	<input type="checkbox"/> Malabar I	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns Ib	<input type="checkbox"/> Seminole-unspecif	<input type="checkbox"/> 1st Spanish unspecified
<input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade III	<input type="checkbox"/> Glades IIb	<input type="checkbox"/> Malabar II	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns I unspecif	<input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek unspec	<input type="checkbox"/> British 1763-1783
<input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade IV	<input type="checkbox"/> Glades IIc	<input type="checkbox"/> Manasota	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns IIa	<input type="checkbox"/> Transitional	<input type="checkbox"/> 2d Spanish 1783-1821
<input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade unspec	<input type="checkbox"/> Glades II unspec	<input type="checkbox"/> Middle Archaic	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns IIb	<input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island I	<input type="checkbox"/> Amer.Territor'1 1821-45
<input type="checkbox"/> Cades Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Glades IIIa	<input type="checkbox"/> Mount Taylor	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns IIc	<input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island II	<input type="checkbox"/> Amer.Civil War 1861-65
<input type="checkbox"/> Deptford	<input type="checkbox"/> Glades IIIb	<input type="checkbox"/> Norwood	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns II unspecif	<input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island unsp	<input type="checkbox"/> American 19th Century
<input type="checkbox"/> Early Archaic	<input type="checkbox"/> Glades IIIc	<input type="checkbox"/> Orange	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns unspecified	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> prehistoric nonceram	<input type="checkbox"/> American 20th Century
<input type="checkbox"/> Early Swift Creek	<input type="checkbox"/> Glades III unsp	<input type="checkbox"/> Paleo-Indian	<input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa	<input type="checkbox"/> prehistoric ceramic	<input type="checkbox"/> American unspecified
<input type="checkbox"/> Englewood	<input type="checkbox"/> Glades unspecif	<input type="checkbox"/> Pensacola	<input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa-Swift Crk	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> prehistoric unspecif	<input type="checkbox"/> Afro-American

OTHER (Less common phases are not checklisted. For historic sites also give specific dates if known)

SURVEYOR'S EVALUATION OF SITE

Potentially elig. for local designation? yes no insuff.info Local Designation Category _____
 Individually elig. for Nat. Register? yes no insuff.info _____
 Potential contributor to NR district? yes no insuff.info _____

EXPLANATION OF EVALUATION (Required if evaluated; limit to 3 lines; attach full justification)
Site lacks integrity and a sufficient database to fulfill National Register criteria.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR SITE No further archeological investigation recommended.

DHR USE ONLY == == == == **OFFICIAL EVALUATIONS** == == == == **DHR USE ONLY**

NR DATE: / /
 DELIST DATE: / /

KEEPER-NR ELIGIBILITY: y n pe ii Date / / /
 SHPO-NR ELIGIBILITY: y n pe ii Date 4 / 1 / 94
 LOCAL DESIGNATION: _____ Date / / /
 Local office



FIELD METHODS (Check one or more methods for detection and for boundaries)

SITE DETECTION

no field check exposed ground screened shovel
 literature search posthole digger _____
 informant report auger-size: _____
 remote sensing unscreend shovel _____

SITE BOUNDARIES

bounds unknown remote sensing unscreened shovel
 none by recorder insp exposed ground screened shovel
 literature search posthole digger block excavations
 informant report auger-size: _____ estimate or guess

Number, size, depth, pattern of units; screen size 4; 1X2m test units, excavated to a maximum of 80m placed on a North/South orientation near artifact concentrations, screened through 25 inch hardware mesh.

SITE DESCRIPTION

EXTENT Size (m²) 2000 Depth/stratigraphy of cultural deposit Artifacts were recovered from 0 - 60 cmbs

TEMPORAL INTERPRETATION Components: single prob single prob multiple multiple uncertain

Describe each occupation in plan (refer to attached large scale map) and stratigraphically. Discuss temporal and functional interpretations.

Undetermined prehistoric period occupation

INTEGRITY Overall disturbance: none seen minor substantial major redeposited destroyed-documental

Disturbances/threats/protective measures _____

AREA COLLECTED 0 m² Surface: #units 0, total area 0m². Excavation: #units 4

ARTIFACTS

TOTAL ARTIFACTS # 437 (C)ount or (E)stimate? C Surface # 0 Subsurface # 437

COLLECTION STRATEGY

unknown unselective (all artifacts)
 selective (some artifacts)
 uncollected general (not by subarea)
 controlled (by subarea)

ARTIFACT/FEATURE CATEGORIES

unspecified daub nonlocal-exotic bone-unspecif
 lithics, aborig'l brick/bldg matl metal, nonprecious unworked shell
 ceramic-aborig'l glass bone-human worked shell
 ceramic-nonabo precious metal/coin bone-animal subsurf feats

Other (Strategy, Categories) _____

DIAGNOSTICS (Type and frequency)

1	N=	5	N=
2	N=	6	N=
3	N=	7	N=
4	N=	8	N=
	N=	9	N=

ENVIRONMENT

Nearest fresh water (incl. relic source) Hillsborough River Dist. (m/ft)/bearing 90m S

Natural community WET1- wet flatwoods

Local vegetation mixed woods, grass

Topography WETH-wetland hammock Elevation _____ m/ft

Present land use Florida Gas Transmission Company Pipeline Corridor Right-of-Way

SCS soil series Winder, Chobee Soil association Winder-Chobee-St. Johns

FURTHER INFORMATION

INFORMANT(S): Name/Addr./Phone none

LOCATION & FILE NOS. (Field notes, artifacts/accession nos, photographs/negative nos.)

Florida Department of State, Cureau of Archeological Research

MANUSCRIPTS OR PUBLICATIONS ON THE SITE (if unpub., give FSF file # or location)

R. Christopher Goodwin & Associates, Inc. (1993)

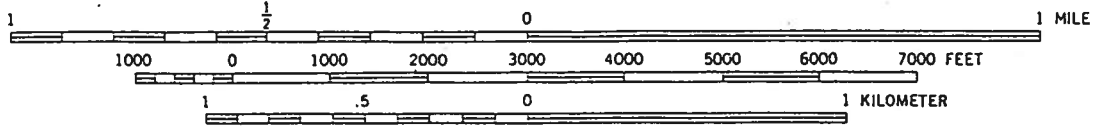
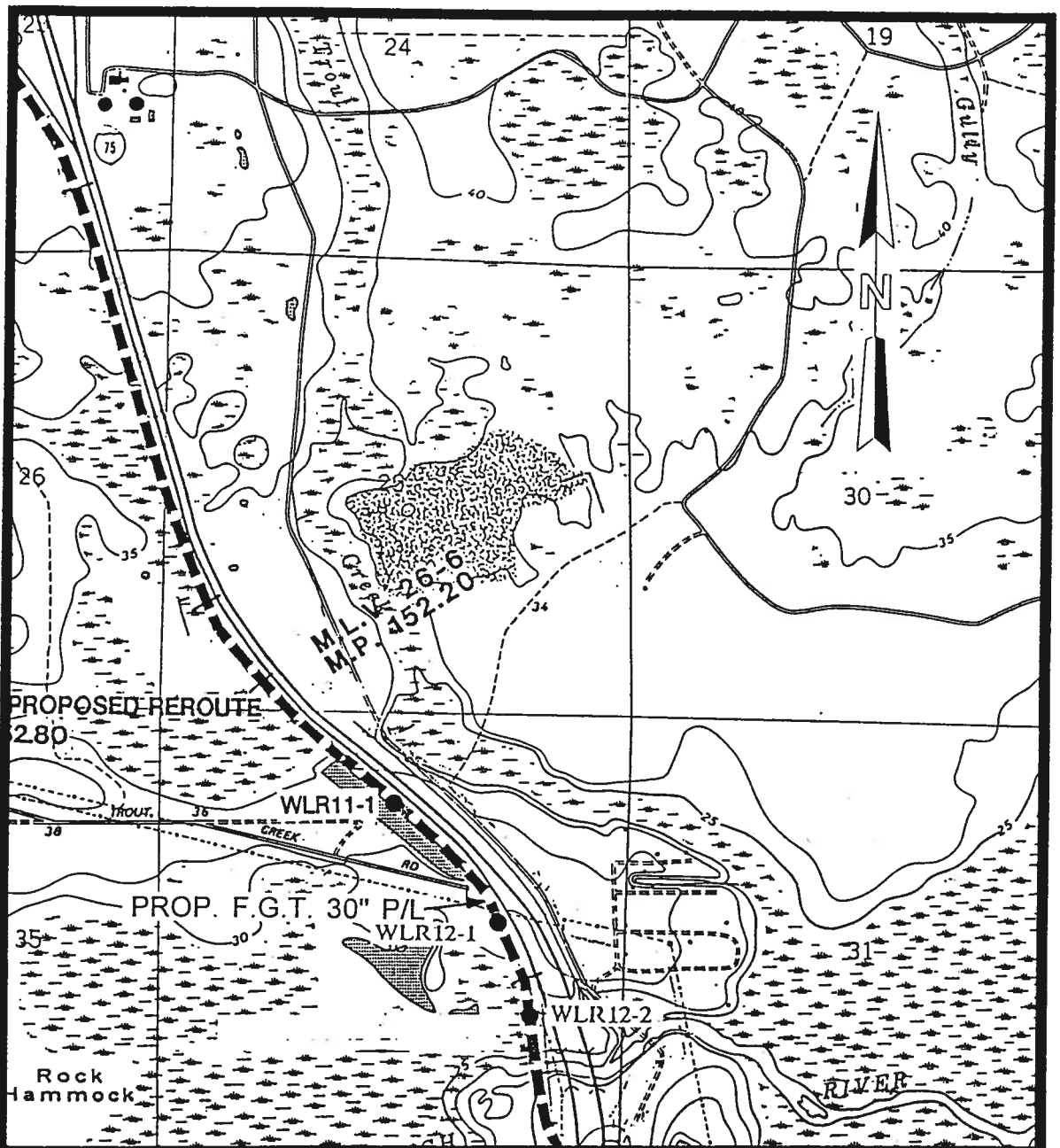
RECORDER(S): Name/Addr./Phone R. Christopher Goodwin & Assoc., Inc.

Affiliation or FAS Chapter 5824 Plauche St, New Orleans, LA 70123 504-736-9323

LARGE SCALE MAP: At 1"=200' or larger scale, show: site boundaries, scale, North arrow, datum, test/collection units, landmarks.

NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION/CONTINUATIONS: Attach additional sheets with detailed information or with continuations.

REQUIRED: USGS MAP OR COPY WITH SITE LOCATION, EXTENT MARKED



X original
update

ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM
FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 1.1: 11/88

Site #8 Hi5432
Recorder # WLR 12-2
Field Date 11/19/93

SITE NAME(S) 8Hi5432;WLR12-2; X130AWL-1
PROJECT NAME Florida Gas Transmission Company Phase III Expansion Project
OWNERSHIP private-profit
USGS MAP NAME Thonattossassa, 7.5' 1974 (PR 1986)
UTM: ZONE 17 EASTING 13/6/6/8/0/0/ NORTHING 13/1/0/7/4/7/0/
COUNTY Hillsborough TWP 29S RANGE 19E SECTION 36 1/4 SE 1/4-1/4 NW 1/4-1/4 SW

(Optional) LATITUDE d m s LONGITUDE d m s
ADDRESS/VICINITY OF/ROUTE TO From the intersection of Route 301, Route 582, and the proposed Florida Gas Transmission Company pipeline corridor, travel west 1.8 km (1.12mi) along corridor then north 4.1km (2.55mi) along corridor to site.

TYPE OF SITES (All that apply) X prehist unspecified hist aboriginal hist nonaboriginal hist unspecified

Table with columns: SETTING, STRUCTURES OR FEATURES, FUNCTION, DENSITY. Includes entries like land site, aboriginal boat, fort, road segment, none specified, unknown, wetland fresh, burial mound, mill unspecified, shell midden, X campsite, single artifact, etc.

HISTORIC CONTEXTS (All that apply) unknown culture X aboriginal unspecif hist unspecified

Table with columns: ABORIGINAL, NONABORIGINAL, OTHER. Lists various cultural contexts like Early Archaic, Glades IIb, Manasota, Middle Archaic, St. Johns I, Swift Creek, etc.

RECORDER'S EVALUATION OF SITE
Eligible for National Register? yes no Xlikely, need information insufficient information
Significant as part of district? yes no Xlikely, need information insufficient information
Significant at the local level? yes no Xlikely, need information insufficient information

SIGNIFICANCE STATEMENT FOR COMPUTER FILES (Limit to 3 lines here; attach full justification)
The distribution of cultural material throughout the various shovel tests suggests that intact cultural deposits may be present between 35-70 cmbs. In addition the site may possess research potential. The site may possess the qualities of significance as defined by the National Register of Historic Places criterion of evaluation (36 CFR 60.4 [a-d]).

DHR USE ONLY
DATE LISTED KEEPER DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY: Yes No Date
ON NAT REG. SHPO EVALUATION OF ELIGIBILITY: Yes No Date
LOCAL DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY: Yes No Date
Local Office
AH6EO3002-89 Florida Master Site File/Division of Historical Resources/The Capitol/Tallahassee, FL 32399-0250/904-487-2333

ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM
Division of Historical Resources, Florida Department of State

Site #8 Hi5432

METHODS FOR SITE DETECTION

no field check exposed ground screened shovel
 literature search posthole digger
 informant report auger-size _____
 remote sensing unscreened shovel

METHODS FOR SITE BOUNDARIES

bounds unknown remote sensing unscreened shovel
 none by recorder insp exposed ground screened shovel
 literature search posthole digger block excavns
 informant report auger-size: _____
 guess

Other/Remarks (#, size, depth, pattern of units, screen size) 20 shovel tests 50 cm in diameter were excavated to a minimum depth of 100 cmbs; the fill from each shovel test was screened through 0.25" mesh. Shovel tests were not excavated in previously disturbed areas. 7 of the shovel tests excavated were postive.

COLLECTION STRATEGY

unknown unselective (all artifacts)
 uncollected selective (some artifacts)
 _____ general (not by subarea)
 _____ controlled (by subarea)

ARTIFACT CATEGORIES

unknown daub nonlocal-exotic bone-unspec
 lithics brick/bldg matl metal unworked shell
 ceramic-aborig glass bone-human worked shell
 ceramic-nonabo prec metal/coin bone-animal subsurf feats

Other (Strategy, Categories) _____

SITE EXTENT Size (m²) 2000 Depth/Stratigraphy of Cultural Deposit Artifacts were recovered from Strata I - V (0 - 96cmbs).

Perpendicular Dimensions 100 m North-South direction by 20 m East-West direction

SPACE COLLECTED Surface: #units 0, total area 0 m². Excavation: #units 20, total vol 3.6 m³
TOTAL ARTIFACTS Count or Estimate? Surface # 0 Subsurface # 91

DIAGNOSTICS (TYPE OR MODE & FREQUENCY)

1 _____ N = _____ 4 _____ N = _____
2 _____ N = _____ 5 _____ N = _____
3 _____ N = _____ 6 _____ N = _____
7 _____ N = _____

Remarks No diagnostic artifacts were recovered.

TEMPORAL INTERPRETATION Components: single _____ prob single _____ prob multiple _____ multiple _____ uncertain _____
Describe each occupation spatially. For each, estimate begin, end dates BP; basis; if absolute dates, give method, lab, id, date, range, etc.
Undetermined Prehistoric Period Cultural Affiliation

ENVIRONMENT Nearest Fresh Water SWAM- unnamed swamp Distance (m) Adjacent S&W
Natural Community WEFL- wet flatwoods
Local Vegetation mixed woods, grass
Topographic Setting WETH- wetland hammock
Present Land Use Florida Gas Transmission Company pipeline corridor right-of-way
SCS Soil Series Not Available Soil Association Not Available

SITE INTEGRITY Overall Disturbance: none seen minor _____ substantial _____ major _____ redeposited
Nature of Disturbances/Threats Prior/proposed pipeline construction

INFORMANT(S) Contact Information None

REPOSITORY Field Notes, Artifacts Florida Department of State, Bureau of Archaeological Research
Photographs (negative nos) None

MANUSCRIPTS OR PUBLICATIONS ON THE SITE R. Christopher Goodwin & Associates, Inc (1993)

RECORDER(S): Name William P. Athens, Derek M. Wingfield Date of Form 24 November 1993
Affiliation/Address/Phone R. Christopher Goodwin and Associates, Inc. 5824 Plache St. New Orleans, La. 70123 (504) 736-9323

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR SITE Evaluatory testing of this site is recommended.
NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION: Attach information on site discovery, history, current integrity, apparent threats, environment, and your temporal and functional interpretations.
DISCUSSION OF SIGNIFICANCE: Attach justification for recorder's evaluation (Page 1).
REQUIRED: USGS MAP OR COPY WITH SITE LOCATION MARKED

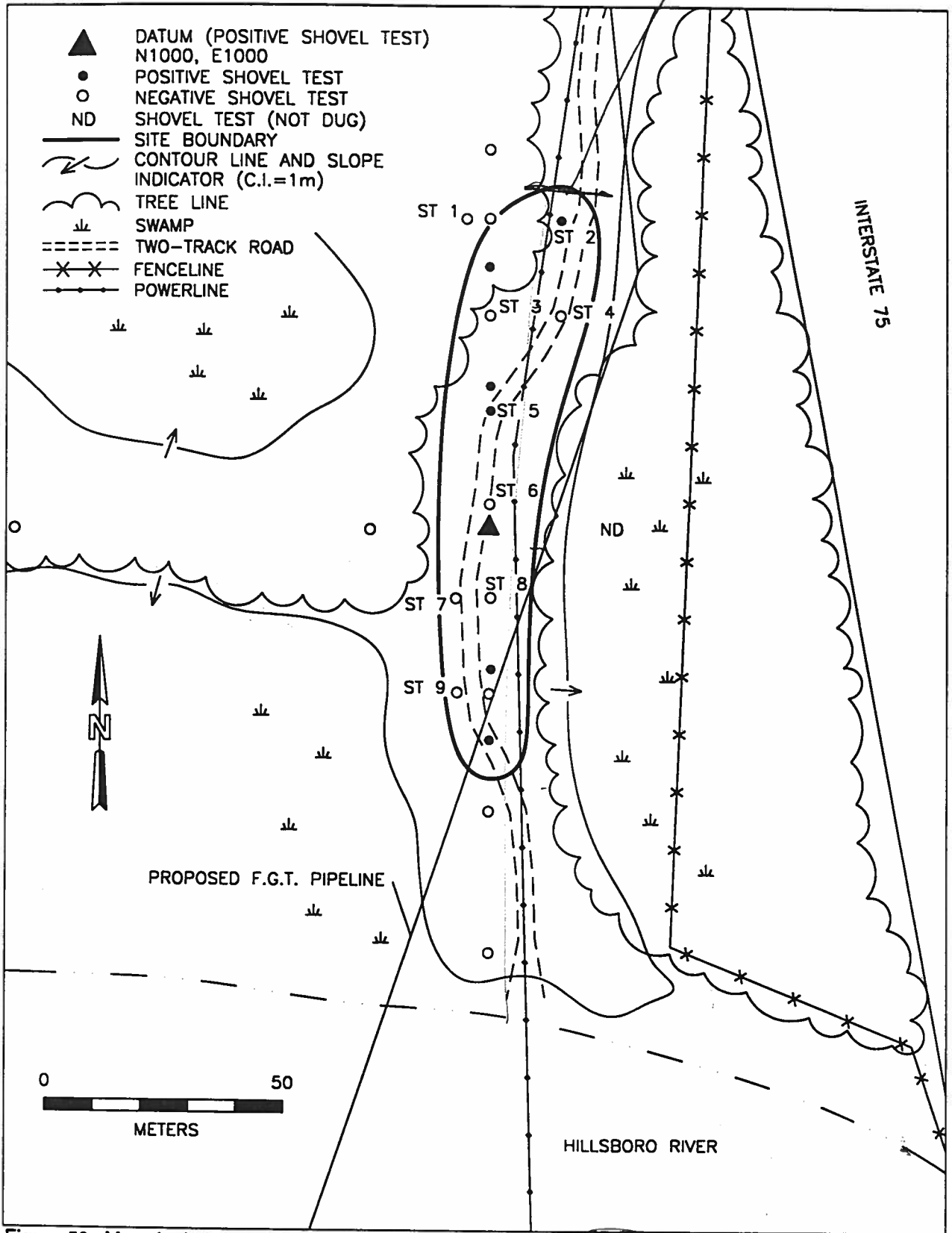


Figure 50. Map depicting the distribution of shovel tests within Site 8HI5432 (WLR12-2).

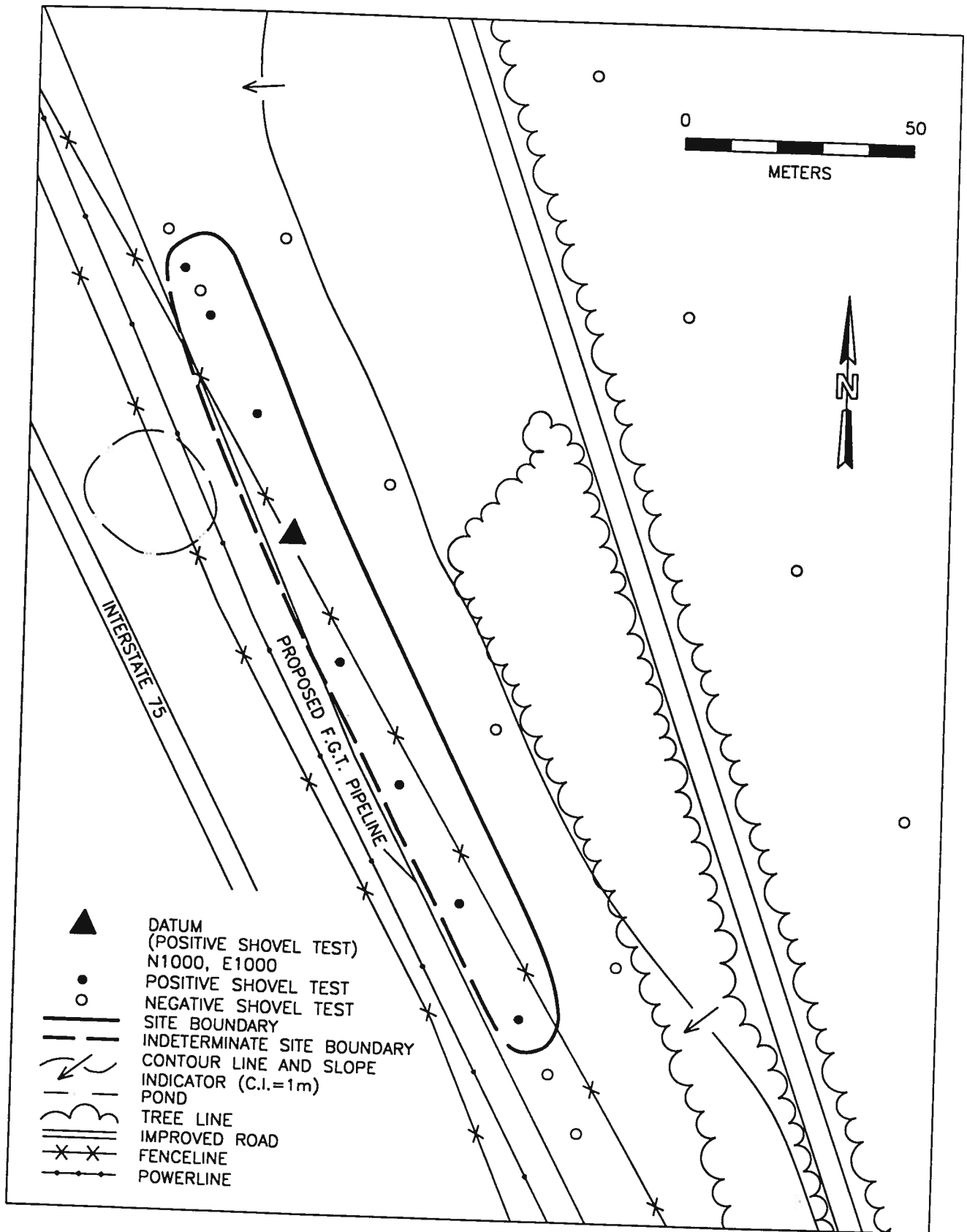


Figure 49. Map depicting the distribution of shovel tests within Site 8HI5431 (WLR12-1).

original
 update

ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 1.1: 11/88

Site # Hi5433
Recorder # WLR 12-3
Field Date 10/11/1993

SITE NAME(S) 8Hi5433;WLR 12-3

PROJECT NAME Florida Gas Transmission Company Phase III Expansion Project

OWNERSHIP private-profit priv-nonprof priv-indiv priv-unsp city county state federal DHR# _____

USGS MAP NAME Thonotosassa 7.5' 1974 (PR 1986)

UTM: ZONE 17 EASTING 13/6/6/8/4/0/ NORTHING 13/1/0/7/2/4/0/ CITY Thonotosassa

COUNTY Hillsborough TWP 27S RANGE 19E SECTION 36 1/4 SE 1/4-1/4 SE 1/4-1/4-1/4 NW

(Optional) LATITUDE d _____ m _____ s _____ LONGITUDE d _____ m _____ s _____

ADDRESS/VICINITY OF/ROUTE TO From the intersection of Route 582 and the proposed Florida Gas Transmission Company pipeline corridor, travel west 1.8 km (1.12 mi) along the corridor, then turn north and travel 3.9 km (2.42 mi) along the corridor to the site.

TYPE OF SITES (All that apply) prehist unspecified hist aboriginal hist nonaboriginal hist unspecified

SETTING	STRUCTURES OR FEATURES	FUNCTION	DENSITY
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> land site	<input type="checkbox"/> aboriginal boat	<input type="checkbox"/> fort	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> none specified
<input type="checkbox"/> wetland fresh	<input type="checkbox"/> agric/farm bldg	<input type="checkbox"/> midden	<input type="checkbox"/> unknown
<input type="checkbox"/> wetland salt/tidal	<input type="checkbox"/> burial mound	<input type="checkbox"/> mill unspecified	<input type="checkbox"/> single artifact
<input type="checkbox"/> underwater	<input type="checkbox"/> building remains	<input type="checkbox"/> mission	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> diffuse scatter
<input type="checkbox"/> OTHER _____	<input type="checkbox"/> cemetery/grave	<input type="checkbox"/> mound unspecif	<input type="checkbox"/> dense scatter > 2/m ²
	<input type="checkbox"/> dump/refuse	<input type="checkbox"/> plantation	<input type="checkbox"/> variable density
	<input type="checkbox"/> earthworks	<input type="checkbox"/> platform mound	
		<input type="checkbox"/> road segment	
		<input type="checkbox"/> shell midden	
		<input type="checkbox"/> shell mound	
		<input type="checkbox"/> shipwreck	
		<input type="checkbox"/> subsurface features	
		<input type="checkbox"/> well	
		<input type="checkbox"/> wharf/dock	
		<input type="checkbox"/> extractive site	
		<input type="checkbox"/> habitattn/homestead	
		<input type="checkbox"/> farmstead#	
		<input type="checkbox"/> village/town	
		<input type="checkbox"/> quarry	

HISTORIC CONTEXTS (All that apply)

ABORIGINAL:	NONABORIGINAL:	OTHER
<input type="checkbox"/> Alachua	<input type="checkbox"/> 1st Spanish unsp	<input type="checkbox"/> unknown culture
<input type="checkbox"/> Archaic unspec.	<input type="checkbox"/> 1st Spn 1513-99	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> aboriginal unspecif
<input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade	<input type="checkbox"/> 1st Spn 1600-99	<input type="checkbox"/> hist unspecified
<input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade I	<input type="checkbox"/> OTHER _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Swift Creek
<input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade II		<input type="checkbox"/> Transitional
<input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade III		<input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island
<input type="checkbox"/> Belle Glade IV		<input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island I
<input type="checkbox"/> Cades Pond		<input type="checkbox"/> Weeden Island II
<input type="checkbox"/> Deptford		<input type="checkbox"/> prehistc-aceramic
<input type="checkbox"/> Early Archaic	<input type="checkbox"/> Amer Terr 1821-44	<input type="checkbox"/> prehistc-ceramic
<input type="checkbox"/> Early Swift Creek	<input type="checkbox"/> Statehood 1845-60	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns unspecif
<input type="checkbox"/> Englewood	<input type="checkbox"/> Civil War 1861-65	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns I
<input type="checkbox"/> Fort Walton	<input type="checkbox"/> Reconstr 1866-79	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns Ia
<input type="checkbox"/> Glades unspecif		<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns Ib
<input type="checkbox"/> Glades I		<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns II
<input type="checkbox"/> Glades Ia		<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns Ila
<input type="checkbox"/> Glades Ib		<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns Iib
<input type="checkbox"/> Glades II		<input type="checkbox"/> St. Johns Iic
<input type="checkbox"/> Glades Ila		<input type="checkbox"/> Santa Rosa
<input type="checkbox"/> Glades Iib		<input type="checkbox"/> Seminole
<input type="checkbox"/> Glades Iic		<input type="checkbox"/> Depress 1930-40
<input type="checkbox"/> Hickory Pond		<input type="checkbox"/> WWII 1941-49
<input type="checkbox"/> Late Archaic		<input type="checkbox"/> Modern 1950-
<input type="checkbox"/> Late Swift Creek		<input type="checkbox"/> American 1821-
<input type="checkbox"/> Leon-Jefferson		<input type="checkbox"/> American 1821-99
<input type="checkbox"/> Manasota		<input type="checkbox"/> American 1900-
<input type="checkbox"/> Middle Archaic		<input type="checkbox"/> Afro-American
<input type="checkbox"/> Mount Taylor		
<input type="checkbox"/> Norwood		
<input type="checkbox"/> Orange		
<input type="checkbox"/> Paleo-Indian		
<input type="checkbox"/> Pensacola		
<input type="checkbox"/> Perico Island		
<input type="checkbox"/> Safety Harbor		
<input type="checkbox"/> St. Augustine		
<input type="checkbox"/> Postrecn 1880-97		
<input type="checkbox"/> SpWar 1898-1916		
<input type="checkbox"/> WWI 1917-1920		
<input type="checkbox"/> Boom 1921-1929		

RECORDER'S EVALUATION OF SITE

Eligible for National Register? yes no likely, need information insufficient information

Significant as part of district? yes no likely, need information insufficient information

Significant at the local level? yes no likely, need information insufficient information

SIGNIFICANCE STATEMENT FOR COMPUTER FILES (Limit to 3 lines here; attach full justification)

The sparse artifact assemblage and absence of intact cultural deposits or features suggest that this site does not possess research potential. This site does not possess the qualities of significance as defined by the National Register of Historic Places criteria for evaluation (36 CFR 60.4 [a-d]).

DHR USE ONLY

DATE LISTED _____ DHR USE ONLY

ON NAT REG. KEEPER DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY: Yes _____ No _____ Date _____

LOCAL DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY: SHPO EVALUATION OF ELIGIBILITY: Yes _____ No _____ Date _____

Local Office Yes _____ No _____ Date _____

ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE FORM
Division of Historical Resources, Florida Department of State

Site #8Hi5433

METHODS FOR SITE DETECTION

no field check, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, exposed ground, posthole digger, auger-size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel

METHODS FOR SITE BOUNDARIES

bounds unknown, none by recorder, literature search, informant report, remote sensing, insp exposed ground, posthole digger, auger-size, unscreened shovel, screened shovel, block excavns, guess

Other/Remarks (#, size, depth, pattern of units, screen size) 9 shovel tests 50 cm in diameter were excavated to a minimum depth of 100 cmbs; the fill from each shovel test was screened through 0.25" mesh. Shovel tests were not excavated in previously disturbed areas. 2 of the shovel tests excavated were positive.

COLLECTION STRATEGY

unknown, uncollected, unselective (all artifacts), selective (some artifacts), general (not by subarea), controlled (by subarea)

ARTIFACT CATEGORIES

unknown, lithics, ceramic-aborig, ceramic-nonabo, daub, brick/bldg matl, glass, prec metal/coin, nonlocal-exotic, metal, bone-human, bone-animal, bone-unspec, unworked shell, worked shell, subsurf feats

Other (Strategy, Categories)

SITE EXTENT Size (m^2) 500 Depth/Stratigraphy of Cultural Deposit Artifacts were recovered from Stratum II (49 - 75 cmbs).

Perpendicular Dimensions 20 m North-South direction by 25 m East-West direction

SPACE COLLECTED Surface: #units 0, total area 0 m^2. Excavation: #units 9, total vol 1.62 m^3
TOTAL ARTIFACTS Count or Estimate? Surface # 0 Subsurface # 2

DIAGNOSTICS (TYPE OR MODE & FREQUENCY)

1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 N =

Remarks No diagnostic artifacts were recovered.

TEMPORAL INTERPRETATION Components: x single, prob single, prob multiple, multiple, uncertain
Describe each occupation spatially. For each, estimate begin, end dates BP; basis; if absolute dates, give method, lab, id, date, range, etc.
Undetermined Prehistoric Period Cultural Affiliation

ENVIRONMENT Nearest Fresh Water RIVE- Hillsborough River Distance (m) 50 m N
Natural Community WEFL- wet flatwoods
Local Vegetation Grass, mixed woods
Topographic Setting WETH- wetland hammock
Present Land Use Florida Gas Transmission Company pipeline corridor right-of-way
SCS Soil Series Not Available Soil Association Not Available

SITE INTEGRITY Overall Disturbance: none seen, x minor, substantial, major, redeposited
Nature of Disturbances/Threats Prior/proposed pipeline construction

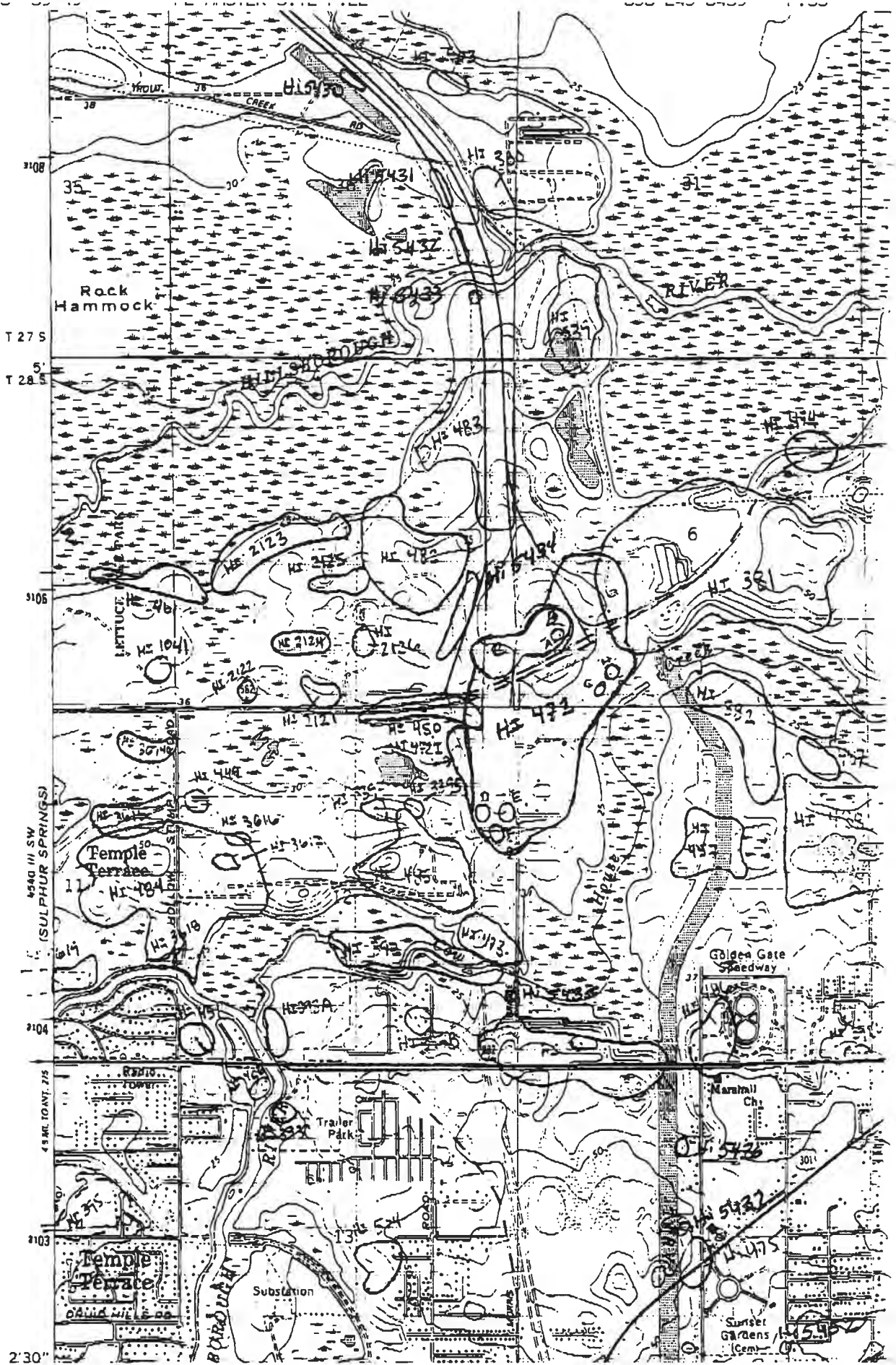
INFORMANT(S) Contact Information None

REPOSITORY Field Notes, Artifacts Florida Department of State, Bureau of Archaeological Research
Photographs (negative nos) None

MANUSCRIPTS OR PUBLICATIONS ON THE SITE R. Christopher Goodwin & Associates, Inc (1993)

RECORDER(S): Name William P. Athens, Derek M. Wingfield Date of Form 15 November 1993
Affiliation/Address/Phone R. Christopher Goodwin and Associates, Inc. 5824 Plauche St. New Orleans, La. 70123 (504) 736-9323

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR SITE No additional testing of this site is recommended.
NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION: Attach information on site discovery, history, current integrity, apparent threats, environment, and your temporal and functional interpretations.
DISCUSSION OF SIGNIFICANCE: Attach justification for recorder's evaluation (Page 1).
REQUIRED: USGS MAP OR COPY WITH SITE LOCATION MARKED



- Original
- Update



HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI5085
 Field Date 8 / 29 / 08
 Form Date 10 / 22 / 08
 Recorder # 2-1, 2

Shaded Fields represent the minimum acceptable level of documentation.
 Consult the *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) (address if none) 6022 Falkenburg Road Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
 Survey Project Name CRAS PD&E Study I-75 from north of US 301 to Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough Survey # (DHR only) _____
 National Register Category (please check one) building structure district site object
 Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

Address (include N,S,E,W; #; St., Ave., etc.) 6022 Falkenburg Road
 Cross Streets (nearest / between) SW of Falkenburg Road and Sligh Avenue intersection
 USGS 7.5' Map Name & Date Thonotosassa 1974, PR 1987 Plat or Other Map aerial photograph
 City / Town (within 3 miles) Tampa In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough
 Township 28S Range 20E Section 32 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: _____
 Tax Parcel # U-32-28-20-ZZZ-000001-24760.0 Landgrant unknown
 Subdivision Name - _____ Block - _____ Lot - _____
 UTM: Zone 16 17 Easting 368789 _____ 0 Northing 3098120 _____ 0
 Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____
 Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

HISTORY

Construction Year: 1945 approximately year listed or earlier year listed or later
 Original Use* residence From (year): 1945 To (year): 2008
 Current Use* residence From (year): 1945 To (year): 2008
 Other Use* _____ From (year): _____ To (year): _____
 Moves: yes no unknown Dates _____ Original address (if moved) _____
 Alterations: yes no unknown Dates c1970 Nature* replacement windows
 Additions: yes no unknown Dates c1990 Nature* N/rear, drop siding ; W/side, vertical board
 Architect (last name first): unknown Builder (last name first): unknown
 Ownership History (especially original owner, dates, profession, etc.) Rapid Retail, LLC (2005-current)

Is the Resource Affected by a Local Preservation Ordinance? yes no unknown Describe _____

DESCRIPTION

Style* Frame Vernacular Exterior Plan* irregular Number of Stories 1
 Exterior Fabric(s)* wood drop siding
 Roof Type(s)* side-gable Roof Material(s)* corrugated metal
 Roof secondary strucs. (dormers etc.)* _____
 Windows (types, materials, etc.)* 2-light awning, metal, independent; 1/1 SHS, metal, independent

Distinguishing Architectural Features (exterior or interior ornaments) wood window surrounds; gable vents; fixed window shutters

Ancillary Features / Outbuildings (record outbuildings, major landscape features; use continuation sheet if needed.) W/open carport; NW/multiple shed structures

* Consult *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

DHR USE ONLY	OFFICIAL EVALUATION	DHR USE ONLY
NR List Date ____/____/____ <input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin 15</i> , p. 2)	Date ____/____/____ Init. _____ Date ____/____/____

DESCRIPTION (continued)

Chimney: No. 0 Material(s) * _____
 Structural System(s) * Wood frame
 Foundation: Type(s) * Pier Material(s) * Obscured
 Main Entrance (stylistic details) Wood swing door on south protected by open porch
 Porch Descriptions (types, locations, roof types, etc.) open, south, gable (entry)

Condition (overall resource condition): excellent good fair deteriorated ruinous

Narrative Description of Resource This common type frame vernacular building has experienced unsympathetic additions to the North and West elevations that greatly enlarge its size. Additionally, the changes in fenestration and replacement of the front door have altered its exterior appearance. The front and side yards are cluttered with numerous shed and carport structures.

Archaeological Remains _____ Check if Archaeological Form Completed

* Consult *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

RESEARCH METHODS (check all that apply)

FMSF record search (sites/surveys) library research building permits Sanborn maps
 FL State Archives/photo collection city directory occupant/owner interview plat maps
 property appraiser / tax records newspaper files neighbor interview Public Lands Survey (DEP)
 cultural resource survey historic photos interior inspection HABS/HAER record search
 other methods (describe) _____

Bibliographic References (give FMSF manuscript # if relevant, use continuation sheet if needed) Hillsborough County Property Appraiser

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing individually? yes no insufficient information

Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing as part of a district? yes no insufficient information

Explanation of Evaluation (required, whether significant or not; use separate sheet if needed) This mid-century building reflects moderate changes in its massing and stylistic elements that compromise its historic integrity. These modifications, in addition to a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of this building, and therefore, it is not eligible for listing on the NRHP.

Area(s) of Historical Significance (see *National Register Bulletin 15*, p. 8 for categories: e.g. "architecture", "ethnic heritage", "community planning & development", etc.)
CP&D

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible:

For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.

Florida Site File for past architectural surveys, Florida Site File search, Hillsborough County Property Appraiser

All field notes, maps, and photos on file at ACI; P08030

RECORDER INFORMATION

Recorder Name Estabrook, Desiree and Marielle Lumang

Recorder Contact Information (address / phone / fax / e-mail) 8110 Blaikie Ct, Suite A, Sarasota, Florida 34243/941-379-6206/
 ACIFlorida@comcast.net

Recorder Affiliation Archaeological Consultants, Inc.

Use a *Supplement for Site Forms* or other continuation sheet for descriptions that do not fit in the spaces provided.

Required Attachments

① USGS 7.5' MAP WITH STRUCTURE LOCATION PINPOINTED IN RED

② LARGE SCALE STREET, PLAT OR PARCEL MAP (available from most property appraiser web sites)

③ PHOTO OF MAIN FACADE, ARCHIVAL B&W PRINT OR DIGITAL IMAGE FILE

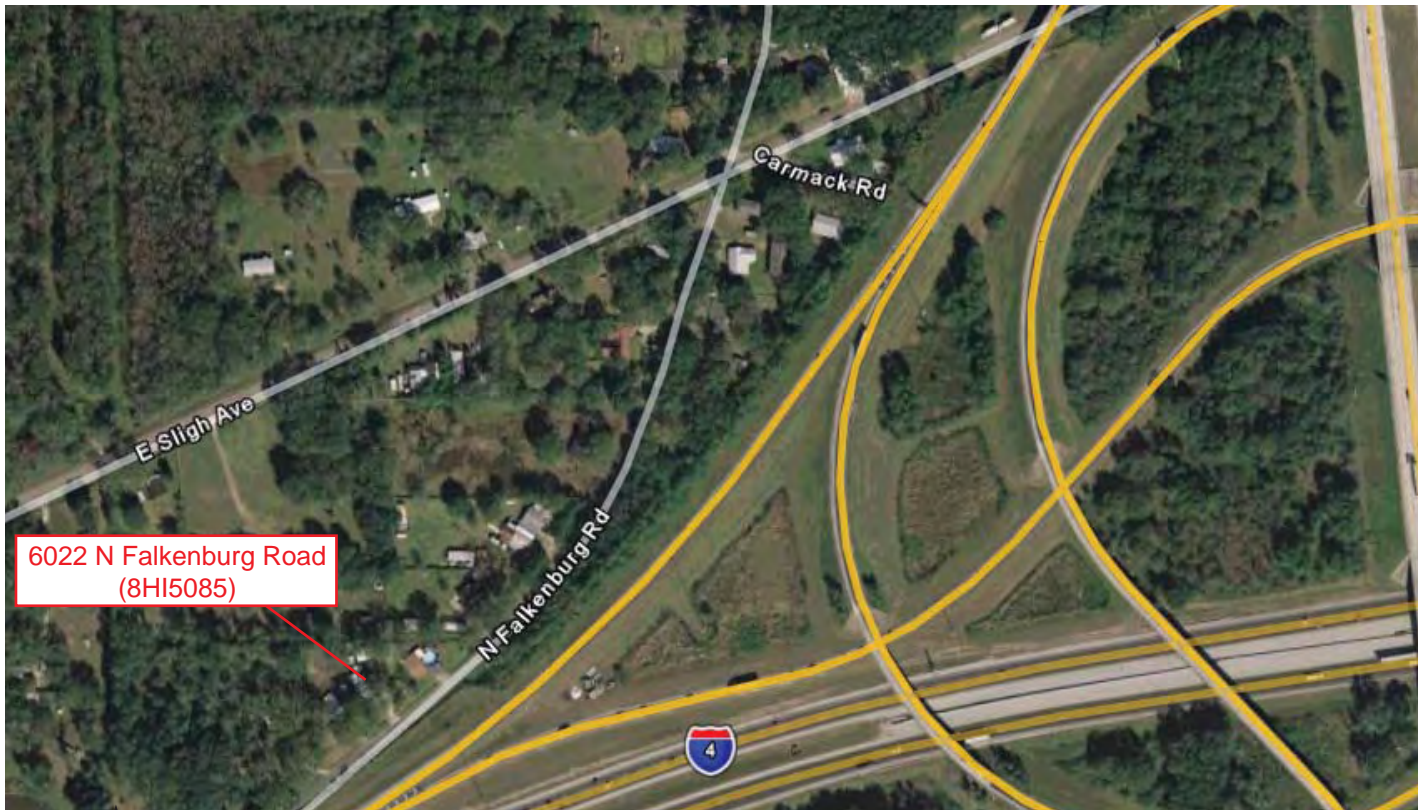
If submitting an image file, it must be included on disk or CD AND in hard copy format (plain paper is acceptable).

Digital image must be at least 1600 x 1200 pixels, 24-bit color, jpeg or tiff.

PHOTOGRAPH

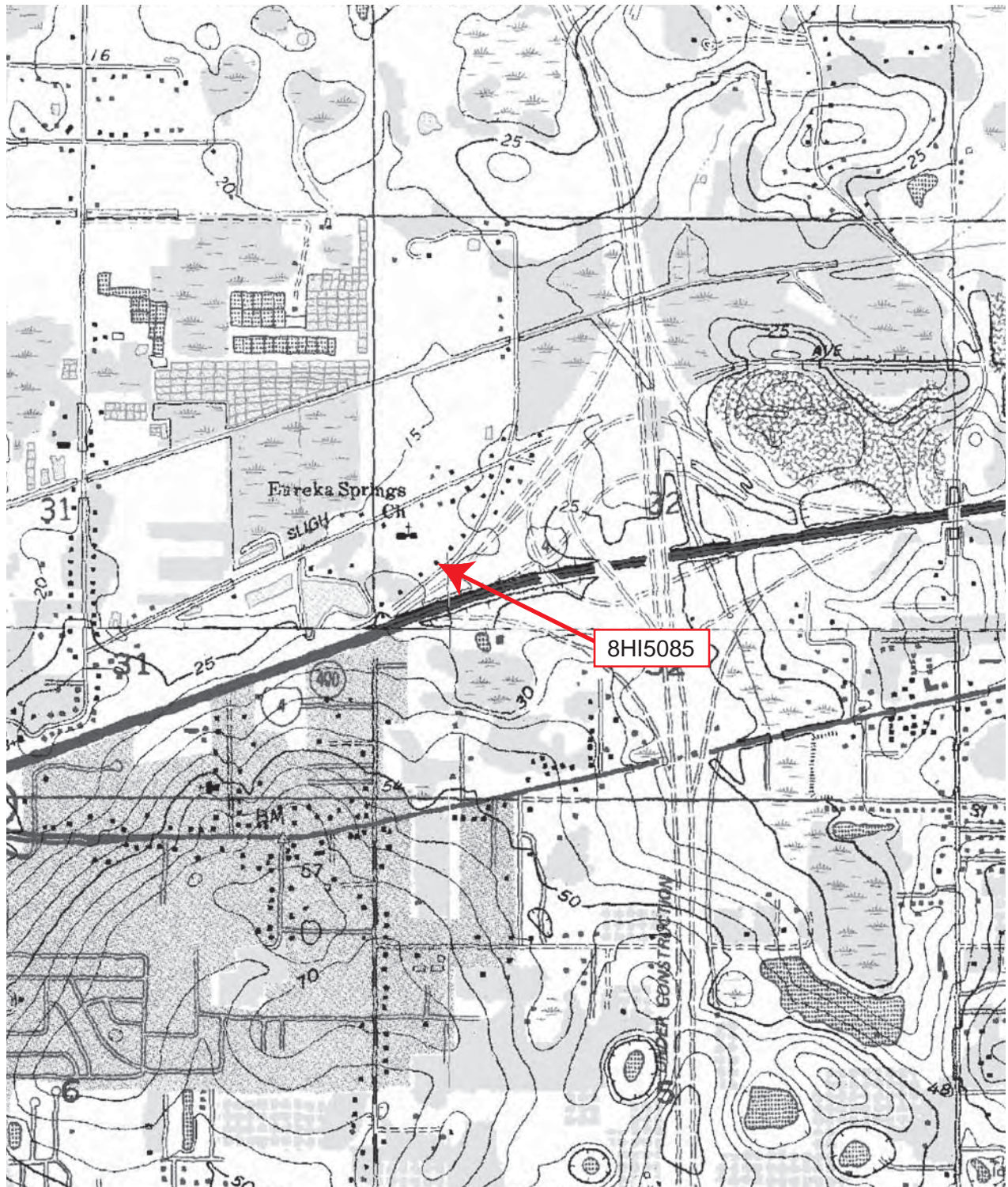


PARCEL STREET MAP



GIS USGS MAP

Township 28 South, Range 20 East, Section 32
Thonotosassa, 1977



Original
 Update



HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI5086
Field Date 8 / 29 / 08
Form Date 10 / 22 / 08
Recorder # 2-4, 5

Shaded Fields represent the minimum acceptable level of documentation.
Consult the *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) (address if none) 6034 Falkenburg Road Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
Survey Project Name CRAS PD&E Study I-75 from north of US 301 to Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough Survey # (DHR only) _____
National Register Category (please check one) building structure district site object
Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

Address (include N,S,E,W; #; St., Ave., etc.) 6034 Falkenburg Road
Cross Streets (nearest / between) SW of Falkenburg Road and Sligh Avenue intersection
USGS 7.5' Map Name & Date Thonotosassa 1974, PR 1987 Plat or Other Map aerial photograph
City / Town (within 3 miles) Tampa In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough
Township 28S Range 20E Section 32 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: _____
Tax Parcel # U-32-28-20-ZZZ-000002-24780.0 Landgrant unknown
Subdivision Name _____ Block _____ Lot _____
UTM: Zone 16 17 Easting 368897 _____ 0 Northing 3098137 _____ 0
Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____
Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

HISTORY

Construction Year: 1940 approximately year listed or earlier year listed or later
Original Use* residence From (year): 1940 To (year): 2008
Current Use* residence From (year): 1940 To (year): 2008
Other Use* _____ From (year): _____ To (year): _____
Moves: yes no unknown Dates _____ Original address (if moved) _____
Alterations: yes no unknown Dates c1970; 2005 Nature* S/open front porch; replacement windows; gable vents
Additions: yes no unknown Dates c2000 Nature* NE/carport, N/rear additions
Architect (last name first): unknown Builder (last name first): unknown
Ownership History (especially original owner, dates, profession, etc.) Henrich, Jerry (2005-current)

Is the Resource Affected by a Local Preservation Ordinance? yes no unknown Describe _____

DESCRIPTION

Style* Frame Vernacular Exterior Plan* irregular Number of Stories 1
Exterior Fabric(s)* vinyl siding on East and West elevations; fieldstone on South elevation
Roof Type(s)* side-gable Roof Material(s)* composition shingles
Roof secondary strucs. (dormers etc.)* _____
Windows (types, materials, etc.)* 1/1 SHS, metal, independent; 1/1 SHS (6/6 SDL), vinyl, independent

Distinguishing Architectural Features (exterior or interior ornaments) Fieldstone siding on front (South); horizontal gable vents

Ancillary Features / Outbuildings (record outbuildings, major landscape features; use continuation sheet if needed.) Attached carport on NW

* Consult *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

DHR USE ONLY		OFFICIAL EVALUATION	DHR USE ONLY	
NR List Date ____/____/____	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info	Date ____/____/____	Init. _____	
<input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no	Date ____/____/____		
	NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin 15</i> , p. 2)			

DESCRIPTION (continued)

Chimney: No. 0 Material(s) *
Structural System(s) * wood frame
Foundation: Type(s) * Pier Material(s) * obscured
Main Entrance (stylistic details) Wood swing paneled door on south, protected by front porch
Porch Descriptions (types, locations, roof types, etc.) Open, south, shed (entry), length of house

Condition (overall resource condition): [] excellent [x] good [] fair [] deteriorated [] ruinous
Narrative Description of Resource This common type frame vernacular building has experienced unsympathetic additions to the North and East elevations that greatly enlarge its size. Additionally, the changes in fenestration and concealed foundation alter the exterior appearance. Such alterations do not follow any particular style and compromise the historic integrity of the building.

Archaeological Remains [] Check if Archaeological Form Completed

* Consult Guide to Historical Structure Forms for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

RESEARCH METHODS (check all that apply)

- [x] FMSF record search (sites/surveys) [] library research [] building permits [] Sanborn maps
[] FL State Archives/photo collection [] city directory [] occupant/owner interview [] plat maps
[x] property appraiser / tax records [] newspaper files [] neighbor interview [x] Public Lands Survey (DEP)
[x] cultural resource survey [] historic photos [] interior inspection [] HABS/HAER record search
[] other methods (describe)

Bibliographic References (give FMSF manuscript # if relevant, use continuation sheet if needed) Hillsborough County Property Appraiser

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing individually? [] yes [x] no [] insufficient information
Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing as part of a district? [] yes [x] no [] insufficient information

Explanation of Evaluation (required, whether significant or not; use separate sheet if needed) This mid-century building reflects significant changes in its massing and stylistic elements that compromise its historic integrity. These modifications, in addition to a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of this building, and therefore, it is not eligible for listing on the NRHP.

Area(s) of Historical Significance (see National Register Bulletin 15, p. 8 for categories: e.g. "architecture", "ethnic heritage", "community planning & development", etc.) CP&D

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible:
For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.
Florida Site File for past architectural surveys, Florida Site File search, Hillsborough County Property Appraiser
All field notes, maps, and photos on file at ACI; P08030

RECORDER INFORMATION

Recorder Name Estabrook, Desiree and Marielle Lumang
Recorder Contact Information (address / phone / fax / e-mail) 8110 Blaikie Ct, Suite A, Sarasota, Florida 34243/941-379-6206/ ACIFlorida@comcast.net
Recorder Affiliation Archaeological Consultants, Inc.

Use a Supplement for Site Forms or other continuation sheet for descriptions that do not fit in the spaces provided.

Required Attachments
1 USGS 7.5' MAP WITH STRUCTURE LOCATION PINPOINTED IN RED
2 LARGE SCALE STREET, PLAT OR PARCEL MAP (available from most property appraiser web sites)
3 PHOTO OF MAIN FACADE, ARCHIVAL B&W PRINT OR DIGITAL IMAGE FILE
If submitting an image file, it must be included on disk or CD AND in hard copy format (plain paper is acceptable). Digital image must be at least 1600 x 1200 pixels, 24-bit color, jpeg or tiff.

PHOTOGRAPH

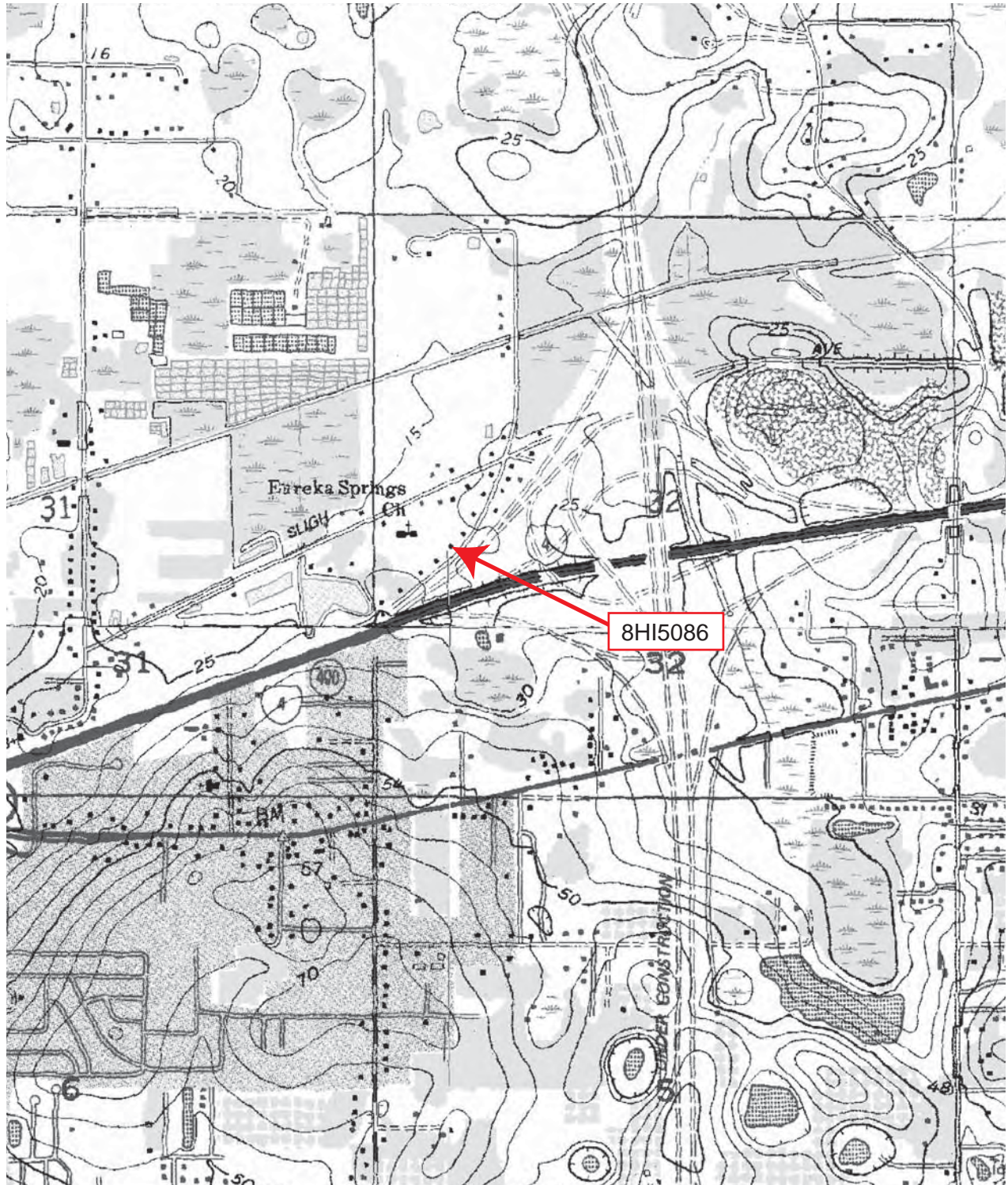


PARCEL STREET MAP



GIS USGS MAP

Township 28 South, Range 20 East, Section 32
Thonotosassa, 1977



Original
 Update



HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI7840
Field Date 8 / 21 / 08
Form Date 10 / 22 / 08
Recorder # 1-15--19

Shaded Fields represent the minimum acceptable level of documentation.
Consult the *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) (address if none) 8709 Seahawk Lane Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
Survey Project Name CRAS PD&E Study I-75 from north of US 301 to Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough Survey # (DHR only) _____
National Register Category (please check one) building structure district site object
Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

Address (include N,S,E,W; #; St., Ave., etc.) 8709 Seahawk Lane
Cross Streets (nearest / between) SE of Morris Bridge Road and Davis Road intersection
USGS 7.5' Map Name & Date Thonotosassa 1974, PR 1987 Plat or Other Map aerial photograph
City / Town (within 3 miles) Temple Terrace In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough
Township 28S Range 19E Section 13 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: _____
Tax Parcel # U-13-28-19-ZZZ-000001-33510.0 Landgrant _____
Subdivision Name _____ Block _____ Lot _____
UTM: Zone 16 17 Easting 366776 _____ 0 Northing 3103587 _____ 0
Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____
Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

HISTORY

Construction Year: 1947 approximately year listed or earlier year listed or later
Original Use* residence From (year): 1947 To (year): 2008
Current Use* residence From (year): 1947 To (year): 2008
Other Use* _____ From (year): _____ To (year): _____
Moves: yes no unknown Dates _____ Original address (if moved) _____
Alterations: yes no unknown Dates c.1980 Nature* replacement windows and roof
Additions: yes no unknown Dates c.1950 Nature* S/one room, drop siding, covered by main gable roof
Architect (last name first): unknown Builder (last name first): unknown
Ownership History (especially original owner, dates, profession, etc.) Kathleen Thompson Estate (2006-current)

Is the Resource Affected by a Local Preservation Ordinance? yes no unknown Describe _____

DESCRIPTION

Style* Frame Vernacular Exterior Plan* irregular Number of Stories 1
Exterior Fabric(s)* wood drop siding
Roof Type(s)* front-gable Roof Material(s)* composition shingles
Roof secondary strucs. (dormers etc.)* _____
Windows (types, materials, etc.)* 2/2 SHS, metal, independent; 1/1 DHS, wood, independent

Distinguishing Architectural Features (exterior or interior ornaments) wood window surrounds, projecting window sills, gable vent, rafter tails under eaves

Ancillary Features / Outbuildings (record outbuildings, major landscape features; use continuation sheet if needed.) SW/Non-historic shed

* Consult *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

DHR USE ONLY		OFFICIAL EVALUATION		DHR USE ONLY	
NR List Date ____/____/____	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info	Date ____/____/____	Init. _____		
<input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no	Date ____/____/____			
	NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin 15</i> , p. 2)				

DESCRIPTION (continued)

Chimney: No. 0 Material(s) * -
 Structural System(s) * wood frame
 Foundation: Type(s) * Pier and continuous under porch Material(s) * pre-cast poured concrete
 Main Entrance (stylistic details) Wood paneled swing door, within porch
 Porch Descriptions (types, locations, roof types, etc.) Closed, north, gable

Condition (overall resource condition): excellent good fair deteriorated ruinous

Narrative Description of Resource This common type frame vernacular building retains original period detailing, such as the exposed rafter tails, wood surrounds on windows, gable vents, open foundation protected by lattice board, and exterior drop siding with corner boards. Later modifications include a sympathetic rear (South) addition, enclosure of the front (North) porch, and replacement windows.

Archaeological Remains _____ Check if Archaeological Form Completed

* Consult *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

RESEARCH METHODS (check all that apply)

FMSF record search (sites/surveys) library research building permits Sanborn maps
 FL State Archives/photo collection city directory occupant/owner interview plat maps
 property appraiser / tax records newspaper files neighbor interview Public Lands Survey (DEP)
 cultural resource survey historic photos interior inspection HABS/HAER record search
 other methods (describe) _____

Bibliographic References (give FMSF manuscript # if relevant, use continuation sheet if needed) Hillsborough County Property Appraiser

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing individually? yes no insufficient information

Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing as part of a district? yes no insufficient information

Explanation of Evaluation (required, whether significant or not; use separate sheet if needed) Although this building reflects minimal changes to its exterior appearance, it remains an unexceptional example of the frame vernacular style found throughout the area. Additionally, a lack of historical associations or architectural merit limits the importance of this building, and therefore, it is not considered eligible for listing on the NRHP.

Area(s) of Historical Significance (see *National Register Bulletin 15*, p. 8 for categories: e.g. "architecture", "ethnic heritage", "community planning & development", etc.)
CP&D

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible:

For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.

Florida Site File for past architectural surveys, Florida Site File search, Hillsborough County Property Appraiser

All field notes, maps, and photos on file at ACI; P08030

RECORDER INFORMATION

Recorder Name Estabrook, Desiree and Marielle Lumang

Recorder Contact Information (address / phone / fax / e-mail) 8110 Blaikie Ct, Suite A, Sarasota, Florida 34243/941-379-6206/
 ACIFlorida@comcast.net

Recorder Affiliation Archaeological Consultants, Inc.

Use a *Supplement for Site Forms* or other continuation sheet for descriptions that do not fit in the spaces provided.

Required Attachments

❶ USGS 7.5' MAP WITH STRUCTURE LOCATION PINPOINTED IN RED

❷ LARGE SCALE STREET, PLAT OR PARCEL MAP (available from most property appraiser web sites)

❸ PHOTO OF MAIN FACADE, ARCHIVAL B&W PRINT OR DIGITAL IMAGE FILE

If submitting an image file, it must be included on disk or CD AND in hard copy format (plain paper is acceptable).

Digital image must be at least 1600 x 1200 pixels, 24-bit color, jpeg or tiff.

PHOTOGRAPH



PARCEL STREET MAP



GIS USGS MAP

Township 28 South, Range 19 East, Section 13
Thonotosassa, 1977



- Original
- Update



HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI8742
 Field Date 8 / 21 / 2008
 Form Date 10 / 22 / 2008
 Recorder # 1, 57-61

Shaded Fields represent the minimum acceptable level of documentation.
 Consult the *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) (address if none) 10426 Tanner Road Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
 Survey Project Name CRAS PD&E Study I-75 from north of US 301 to Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough Survey # (DHR only) _____
 National Register Category (please check one) building structure district site object
 Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

Address (include N,S,E,W; #; St., Ave., etc.) 10426 Tanner Road
 Cross Streets (nearest / between) NE of Tanner Road and Eric Slane Lane intersection
 USGS 7.5' Map Name & Date Brandon 1956 (1987) PR Plat or Other Map aerial photograph
 City / Town (within 3 miles) Mango In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough
 Township 29S Range 20E Section 5 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: _____
 Tax Parcel # V-05-29-20-ZZZ-000002-37240.0 Landgrant unknown
 Subdivision Name _____ Block _____ Lot _____
 UTM: Zone 16 17 Easting 369466 ___ 0 Northing 3097088 ___ 0
 Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____
 Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

HISTORY

Construction Year: 1891 approximately year listed or earlier year listed or later
 Original Use* Residence From (year): 1891 To (year): 2008
 Current Use* Residence From (year): 1891 To (year): 2008
 Other Use* _____ From (year): _____ To (year): _____
 Moves: yes no unknown Dates _____ Original address (if moved) _____
 Alterations: yes no unknown Dates _____ Nature* _____
 Additions: yes no unknown Dates c1920 Nature* N/rear porch partially enclosed, drop siding, shed roof
 Architect (last name first): - Builder (last name first): Tanner, John
 Ownership History (especially original owner, dates, profession, etc.) Patrick, Frederick L (1983-2008) This individual is the grandson of John Tanner, the man responsible for building this house. The house Tanner grew up in is located across the street.
 Is the Resource Affected by a Local Preservation Ordinance? yes no unknown Describe _____

DESCRIPTION

Style* Frame Vernacular Exterior Plan* Rectangular Number of Stories 2
 Exterior Fabric(s)* Drop siding, beveled wood board
 Roof Type(s)* cross-gable Roof Material(s)* 3V Crimp Metal sheeting
 Roof secondary strucs. (dormers etc.)* _____
 Windows (types, materials, etc.)* 1/1 DHS, wood, independent; 6 light fixed on 2nd story facing South; 2/2 DHS, wood, independent
 Distinguishing Architectural Features (exterior or interior ornaments) Wood surrounds on door and windows, drop siding and corner boards, three turned porch posts on South, 6 light fixed windows under 2nd story cross-gable roof ends, brick chimney on West elevation, historically enclosed room on front porch (SW)
 Ancillary Features / Outbuildings (record outbuildings, major landscape features; use continuation sheet if needed.) Former trailer platform in front yard (SE), barn structure to rear (North), historic orange grove to West on property. Non-historic shed west of house.

* Consult *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

DHR USE ONLY	OFFICIAL EVALUATION	DHR USE ONLY
NR List Date ___/___/___ <input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin</i> 15, p. 2)	Date ___/___/___ Init. _____ Date ___/___/___

DESCRIPTION (continued)

Chimney: No. 1 Material(s) * Brick
Structural System(s) * Wood frame
Foundation: Type(s) * Pier Material(s) * Obscured by lattice board
Main Entrance (stylistic details) Wood panel historic swing door (2), one on S elevation/front, the other facing E on porch
Porch Descriptions (types, locations, roof types, etc.) Partially open, on South elevation, three turned wood posts support a shed roof and the enclosed room to the SW is apparently original to the design (source: F. Patrick)
Condition (overall resource condition): [] excellent [x] good [] fair [] deteriorated [] ruinous
Narrative Description of Resource This unusual two-story house is situated close to the interstate, but the property still reflects the land's past agricultural use. The house, according to current occupant F. Patrick, was built by his grandfather c.1891. The former kitchen to this house, moved c.1930, now is situated at 10302 Tanner Road. Original features of this house include the drop siding, fenestration, doors, roof material, and massing.
Archaeological Remains [] Check if Archaeological Form Completed

* Consult Guide to Historical Structure Forms for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

RESEARCH METHODS (check all that apply)

- [x] FMSF record search (sites/surveys) [x] library research [] building permits [] Sanborn maps
[] FL State Archives/photo collection [] city directory [] occupant/owner interview [] plat maps
[x] property appraiser / tax records [] newspaper files [] neighbor interview [] Public Lands Survey (DEP)
[x] cultural resource survey [] historic photos [] interior inspection [] HABS/HAER record search
[] other methods (describe)

Bibliographic References (give FMSF manuscript # if relevant, use continuation sheet if needed) Hillsborough County Property Appraiser

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing individually? [x] yes [] no [] insufficient information
Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing as part of a district? [] yes [x] no [] insufficient information
Explanation of Evaluation (required, whether significant or not; use separate sheet if needed) This unusual two-story frame vernacular building represents a limited resource for the area. It has been continuously occupied by the family that built it. Landscape features that reflect the original setting of this building still remain, although in deteriorated condition. It represents an exceptional example of its kind, and additionally reflects an important era in Tampa's early settlement history.
Area(s) of Historical Significance (see National Register Bulletin 15, p. 8 for categories: e.g. "architecture", "ethnic heritage", "community planning & development", etc.) CP&D

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible:
For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.
Florida Site File for past architectural surveys, Florida Site File search, Hillsborough County Property Appraiser
All field notes, maps, and photos on file at ACI; P08030

RECORDER INFORMATION

Recorder Name Estabrook, Desiree and Marielle Lumang
Recorder Contact Information (address / phone / fax / e-mail) 8110 Blaikie Ct, Suite A, Sarasota, Florida 34243/941-379-6206/ ACIFlorida@comcast.net
Recorder Affiliation Archaeological Consultants, Inc.

Use a Supplement for Site Forms or other continuation sheet for descriptions that do not fit in the spaces provided.

Required Attachments

- 1 USGS 7.5' MAP WITH STRUCTURE LOCATION PINPOINTED IN RED
2 LARGE SCALE STREET, PLAT OR PARCEL MAP (available from most property appraiser web sites)
3 PHOTO OF MAIN FACADE, ARCHIVAL B&W PRINT OR DIGITAL IMAGE FILE
If submitting an image file, it must be included on disk or CD AND in hard copy format (plain paper is acceptable). Digital image must be at least 1600 x 1200 pixels, 24-bit color, jpeg or tiff.

CONTINUATION SHEET

This two-story Frame Vernacular style residence (8HI8742) at 10426 Tanner Road is currently owned and occupied by a descendent of the Tanner family. An informant interview was conducted by ACI staff with Frederick LaVerne Patrick, the grandson of John Tanner who built this house. Tanner, as a child, lived in a small one-story Frame Vernacular style residence that is situated south of this address (but outside the I-75 project APE on a parcel not owned by Mr. Patrick), presumably built by his father John W. Tanner Sr. and mother Sarah Jane. According to 1880 census records, his father was an Alabama native and his mother came from nearby Georgia, but records did not list their date of settlement within Florida. The one-story house remains in a ruinous condition and was the original homestead site until John Tanner reached sixteen years of age. At that time, around 1891, he built the two-story building north of Tanner Road for his new wife. The wood frame structure rests on a pier foundation and reflects an I-House design with a cross-gable roof. The partial front porch enclosure on the west elevation is original to the design of the house. This residence retains its drop siding exterior fabric, 1/1 and 2/2 DHS windows, 6-pane fixed windows, and brick chimney on the west elevation. A shed addition to the rear was built ca. 1960. A non-historic shed is located to the west of the house and is considered to be a non-contributing resource. There is a dirt driveway from Tanner Road that leads towards the house, and a gravel roadway at the end of Tanner Road that traverses the east portion of the property. A detached one and half story kitchen was located to the rear, until the 1930s, when it was moved 0.2 miles west to its current location (Sylvia Place and Tanner Road) for a family member.

Mr. Patrick stated that his family traditionally has been involved in agriculture, primarily focusing on cattle and orange production. This fact is also reflected in the U.S. Census records dating back to 1880. Mr. Patrick still grazes cattle on the remainder of his property, although the construction of I-75 removed many of his farm-related buildings and pasture. The family's orange groves, according to 1939 aerials, once covered a quarter mile stretch of his property fronting Tanner Road; only a concentrated portion remains. Additional groves south of his property once surrounded the original homestead of John Tanner, and more are currently found east of I-75. These orange groves are most likely northern extensions planted by Hugh Sampson, a relative of the Tanner family, whose ca.1912 two-story residence still remains on the east side of I-75, roughly one mile SE of 8HI8742. As described in the 1998 *Hillsborough County Historic Resources Survey Report* (Hillsborough County Planning and Growth Management Office), by 1912 there were only 12 houses within a two-mile radius of the Hugh Sampson house. By current estimates, the Sampson house and this property may be part of the few remaining resources representing the Mango community from the early 20th century.

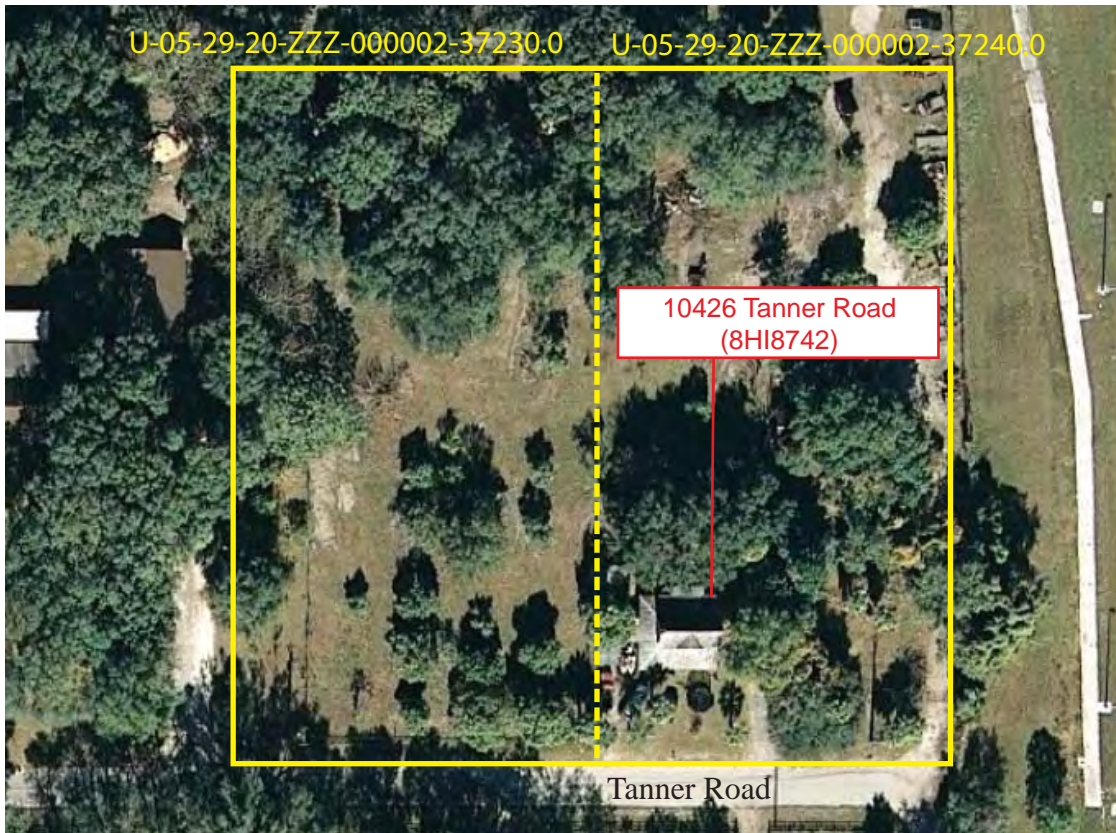
According to the *Hillsborough County Historic Resources Survey Report*, 14 Frame Vernacular style structures built prior to 1900 were extant throughout the county, and only 8 of those are two-stories in height. Many more previously recorded structures were discovered to be destroyed, indicating a significant loss of resources. By current estimates, the FMSF records and aerials suggest only 13 frame vernacular buildings (c1900 or earlier) still exist in the county. Only one, the Stanaland House (8HI1001) bears a similar context, massing, and setting to the property recorded at 10426 Tanner Road. The Stanaland House is a two-story I-House with wood frame construction clad in drop siding; but reflects diminished integrity with the enclosure of the front porch and two shed additions to the rear. Both properties are similar in that they are located adjacent to extant, but deteriorated, orange groves, thus indicating a historic tie to agriculture. However, the property (8HI8742) located at 10426 Tanner Road has maintained its continuity of form and function for over a century, and reflects the Tanner family's historic ties to the early settlement and agricultural use of Hillsborough County, and more specifically, to the nearby early community of Mango. Therefore, 8HI8742 appears potentially eligible for listing on the NRHP at the local level under Criterion A, for its association with early settlement and agricultural practice in Hillsborough County and under Criterion C as a fine example of late 19th

to early 20th century rural vernacular architecture. The potential historic property includes the residence and the associated historic landscape, specifically the 1.28 acre parcel with the residence and an associated barn structure and the adjacent 1.42 acre parcel (to the west) containing a historic orange grove. The barn is a wood frame structure that appears to be original to the house and remains in a deteriorated condition. The potential NRHP boundary is comprised of two parcels (U-05-29-20-ZZZ-000002-37230.0 and U-05-29-20-ZZZ-000002-37240.0) owned by the Tanner family. The parcel surrounding the Tanner Residence is not owned by Mr. Patrick and does not contain elements that contribute to NRHP eligibility; a non-historic house is located to the west and pasture to the north. These two parcels of the remaining Tanner property retain sufficient integrity in that it conveys a historic sense of the long established Tanner family homestead connected with the broad trends and patterns of the farming and citrus industries that once characterized early 20th century Florida.

PHOTOGRAPH



PARCEL STREET MAP



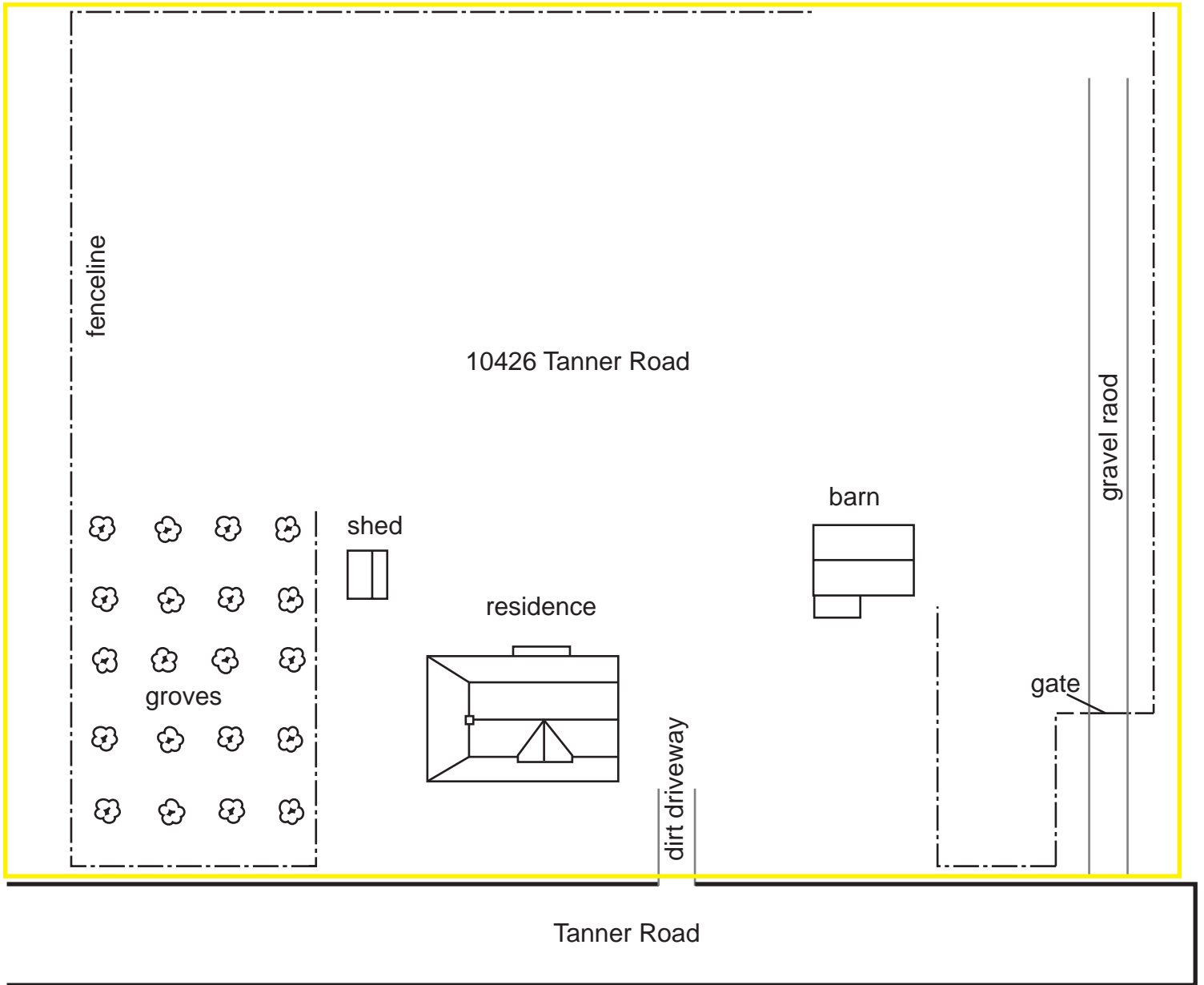
PHOTOGRAPHS



PHOTOGRAPHS



SKETCH MAP



N ↑
not to scale

GIS USGS MAP

Township 29 South, Range 20 East, Section 5
Brandon, 1982



Google Earth Map

Township 29 South, Range 20 East, Section 5
Brandon, 1982



10426 Tanner Road
(8HI8742)

8HI8742
historic
property
boundary



Original
 Update



HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI11460
Field Date 08 / 27 / 2008
Form Date 10 / 22 / 2008
Recorder # 1, 1-5

Shaded Fields represent the minimum acceptable level of documentation.
Consult the *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) (address if none) 8707 127th Avenue Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
Survey Project Name CRAS PD&E Study I-75 from north of US 301 to Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough Survey # (DHR only) _____
National Register Category (please check one) building structure district site object
Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

Address (include N,S,E,W; #; St., Ave., etc.) 8707 127th Avenue
Cross Streets (nearest / between) NW of Morris Bridge Road and 127th Avenue intersection
USGS 7.5' Map Name & Date Thonotosassa 1974 (1987) PR Plat or Other Map aerial photograph
City / Town (within 3 miles) Temple Terrace In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough
Township 28S Range 19E Section 12 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: _____
Tax Parcel # U-12-28-19-ZZZ-000001-33270.0 Landgrant unknown
Subdivision Name - _____ Block - _____ Lot - _____
UTM: Zone 16 17 Easting 366811 _____ 0 Northing 3104796 _____ 0
Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____
Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

HISTORY

Construction Year: 1930 approximately year listed or earlier year listed or later
Original Use* Residence From (year): 1930 To (year): 2008
Current Use* Residence From (year): 1930 To (year): 2008
Other Use* _____ From (year): _____ To (year): _____
Moves: yes no unknown Dates _____ Original address (if moved) _____
Alterations: yes no unknown Dates c1960 Nature* Fenestration
Additions: yes no unknown Dates c1970 Nature* E&W/additions, horizontal board siding, shed roof
Architect (last name first): - _____ Builder (last name first): - _____
Ownership History (especially original owner, dates, profession, etc.) Blair, Brian; James Blair; Janice Blair Gilbert

Is the Resource Affected by a Local Preservation Ordinance? yes no unknown Describe _____

DESCRIPTION

Style* Frame Vernacular Exterior Plan* Rectangular Number of Stories 1
Exterior Fabric(s)* Fieldstone, horizontal board
Roof Type(s)* Side-gable Roof Material(s)* 3V Crimp Metal sheeting
Roof secondary strucs. (dormers etc.)* _____
Windows (types, materials, etc.)* 2/2 SHS aluminum, independent and paired

Distinguishing Architectural Features (exterior or interior ornaments) Fieldstone exterior cladding and foundation materials, gable vents, knee braces under eaves, metal awning window covers on W elevation

Ancillary Features / Outbuildings (record outbuildings, major landscape features; use continuation sheet if needed.) None observed

* Consult *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

DHR USE ONLY		OFFICIAL EVALUATION		DHR USE ONLY	
NR List Date ____/____/____	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info	Date ____/____/____	Keeper – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no	Date ____/____/____	Init. _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d	(see <i>National Register Bulletin 15</i> , p. 2)			

DESCRIPTION (continued)

Chimney: No. 0 Material(s) * -
Structural System(s) * Wood frame
Foundation: Type(s) * Continuous Material(s) * Fieldstone
Main Entrance (stylistic details) On N elevation, not visible from road
Porch Descriptions (types, locations, roof types, etc.) Two side porches (E & W) enclosed by horizontal board siding and fieldstone, covered by a shed roof, no door pierces either facade
Condition (overall resource condition): [] excellent [x] good [] fair [] deteriorated [] ruinous
Narrative Description of Resource This early frame vernacular building features an unusual application of fieldstone to the exterior facade and foundation base. Aside from gable vents and knee braces, this building reflects many 1960s alterations to the exterior, including a change of fenestration, and the addition of two closed rooms to both East and West elevations. These changes impact the original integrity of this residence.
Archaeological Remains [] Check if Archaeological Form Completed

* Consult Guide to Historical Structure Forms for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

RESEARCH METHODS (check all that apply)

- [x] FMSF record search (sites/surveys) [x] library research [] building permits [] Sanborn maps
[] FL State Archives/photo collection [] city directory [] occupant/owner interview [] plat maps
[x] property appraiser / tax records [] newspaper files [] neighbor interview [] Public Lands Survey (DEP)
[x] cultural resource survey [] historic photos [] interior inspection [] HABS/HAER record search
[] other methods (describe)

Bibliographic References (give FMSF manuscript # if relevant, use continuation sheet if needed) Hillsborough County Property Appraiser

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing individually? [] yes [x] no [] insufficient information
Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing as part of a district? [] yes [x] no [] insufficient information
Explanation of Evaluation (required, whether significant or not; use separate sheet if needed) This frame vernacular building reflects moderate changes in its massing and stylistic elements that compromise its historic integrity. These modifications, in addition to a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of this building, and therefore, it is not eligible for listing on the NRHP.
Area(s) of Historical Significance (see National Register Bulletin 15, p. 8 for categories: e.g. "architecture", "ethnic heritage", "community planning & development", etc.) CP&D

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible:
For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.
Florida Site File for past architectural surveys, Florida Site File search, Hillsborough County Property Appraiser
All field notes, maps, and photos on file at ACI; P08030

RECORDER INFORMATION

Recorder Name Estabrook, Desiree & Marielle Lumang
Recorder Contact Information (address / phone / fax / e-mail) 8110 Blaikie Ct, Suite A, Sarasota, Florida 34243/941-379-6206/ ACIFlorida@comcast.net
Recorder Affiliation Archaeological Consultants, Inc.

Use a Supplement for Site Forms or other continuation sheet for descriptions that do not fit in the spaces provided.

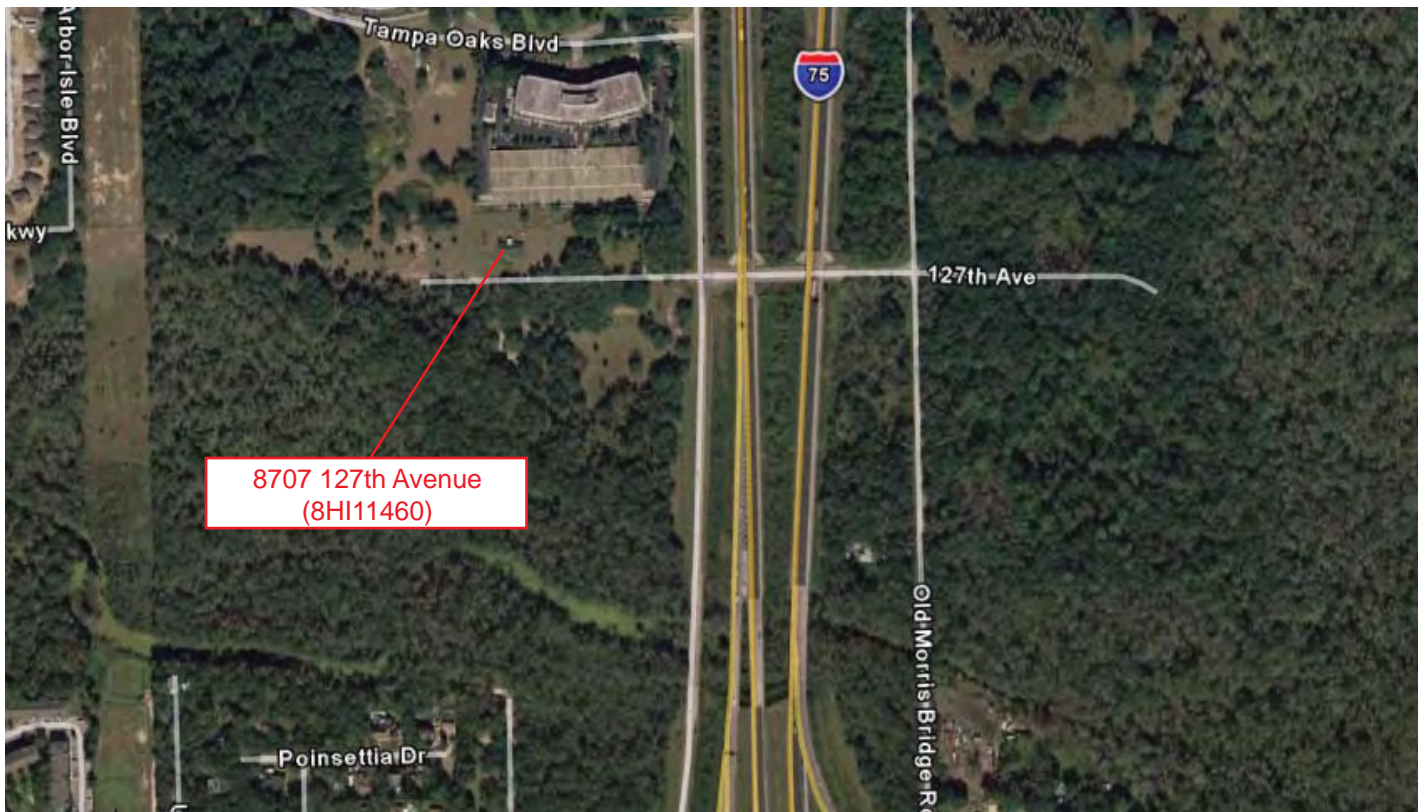
Required Attachments

- 1 USGS 7.5' MAP WITH STRUCTURE LOCATION PINPOINTED IN RED
2 LARGE SCALE STREET, PLAT OR PARCEL MAP (available from most property appraiser web sites)
3 PHOTO OF MAIN FACADE, ARCHIVAL B&W PRINT OR DIGITAL IMAGE FILE
If submitting an image file, it must be included on disk or CD AND in hard copy format (plain paper is acceptable). Digital image must be at least 1600 x 1200 pixels, 24-bit color, jpeg or tiff.

PHOTOGRAPH

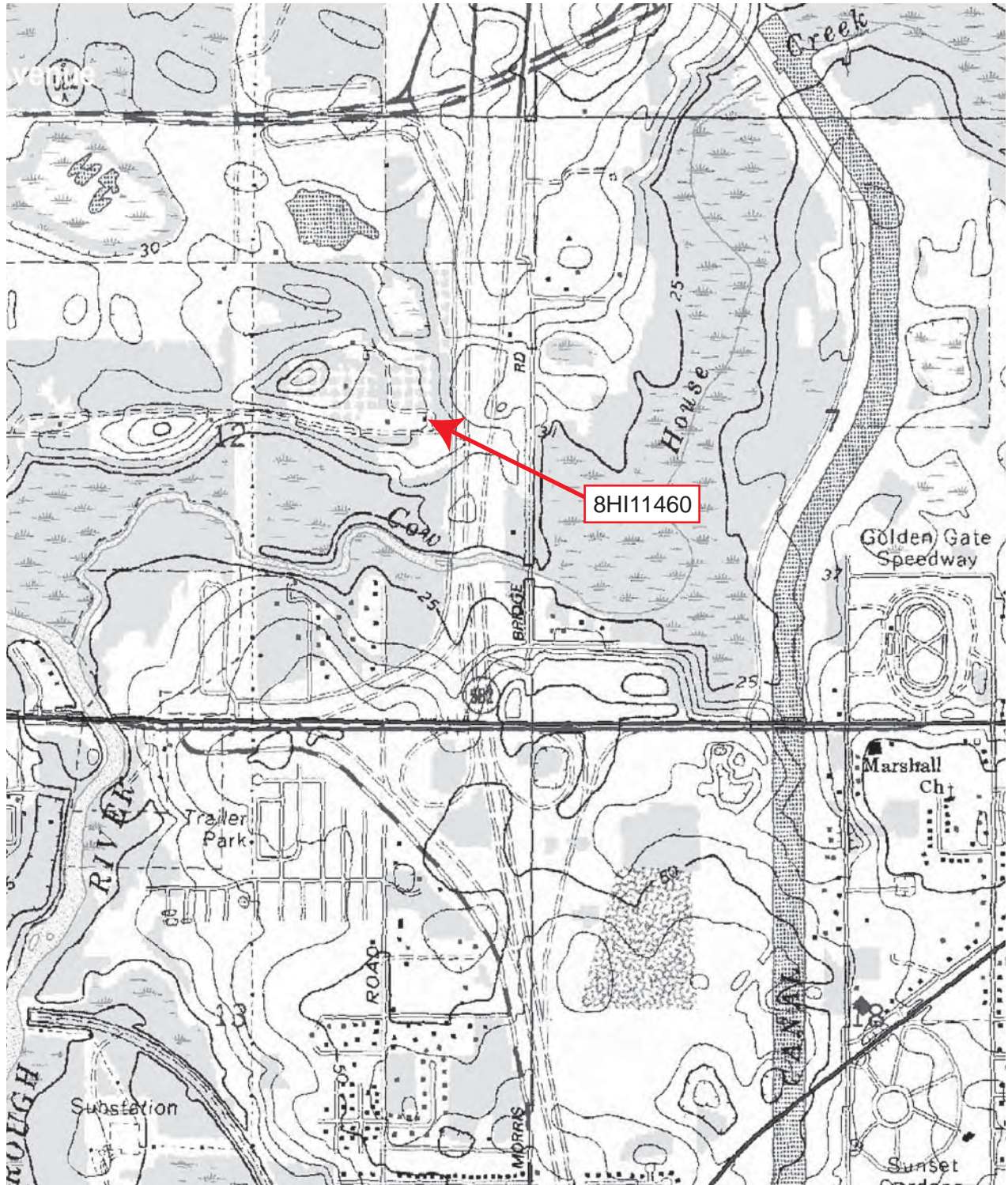


PARCEL STREET MAP



GIS USGS MAP

Township 28 South, Range 19 East, Section 12
Thonotosassa, 1977



Original
 Update



HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI11461
Field Date 8 / 21 / 08
Form Date 10 / 22 / 2008
Recorder # 1-12--14

Shaded Fields represent the minimum acceptable level of documentation.
Consult the *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) (address if none) 12324 Old Morris Bridge Road Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
Survey Project Name CRAS PD&E Study I-75 from north of US 301 to Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough Survey # (DHR only) _____
National Register Category (please check one) building structure district site object
Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

Address (include N,S,E,W; #; St., Ave., etc.) 12324 Old Morris Bridge Road
Cross Streets (nearest / between) Between 127th and 122nd Avenues, West side of Old Morris Bridge Road
USGS 7.5' Map Name & Date Thonotosassa 1974, PR 1987 Plat or Other Map _____
City / Town (within 3 miles) Temple Terrace In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough
Township 28S Range 19E Section 12 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: _____
Tax Parcel # U-12-29-19-ZZZ-000001-33220.0 Landgrant unknown
Subdivision Name _____ Block _____ Lot _____
UTM: Zone 16 17 Easting 367088 _____ 0 Northing 3104491 _____ 0
Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____
Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

HISTORY

Construction Year: 1952 approximately year listed or earlier year listed or later
Original Use* Residence From (year): 1952 To (year): unknown
Current Use* Commercial From (year): unknown To (year): 2008
Other Use* _____ From (year): _____ To (year): _____
Moves: yes no unknown Dates _____ Original address (if moved) _____
Alterations: yes no unknown Dates c2000 Nature* replacement windows and siding
Additions: yes no unknown Dates c2000 Nature* E/bay window
Architect (last name first): unknown Builder (last name first): unknown
Ownership History (especially original owner, dates, profession, etc.) Barton, Robert E and Cathy J

Is the Resource Affected by a Local Preservation Ordinance? yes no unknown Describe _____

DESCRIPTION

Style* Masonry Vernacular Exterior Plan* irregular Number of Stories 1
Exterior Fabric(s)* Vinyl siding
Roof Type(s)* side-gable Roof Material(s)* 5V Crimp Metal sheeting
Roof secondary strucs. (dormers etc.)* _____
Windows (types, materials, etc.)* 4-light bay window; 1-light fixed, metal, independent
Distinguishing Architectural Features (exterior or interior ornaments) Gable vents; attached carport on north
Ancillary Features / Outbuildings (record outbuildings, major landscape features; use continuation sheet if needed.) W/Utility trailers

* Consult *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

DHR USE ONLY		OFFICIAL EVALUATION		DHR USE ONLY	
NR List Date ____/____/____	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info	Date	____/____/____	Init.	_____
<input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no	Date	____/____/____		
	NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin 15</i> , p. 2)				

DESCRIPTION (continued)

Chimney: No. 0 Material(s) * -
 Structural System(s) * Concrete block
 Foundation: Type(s) * Poured slab Material(s) * Concrete
 Main Entrance (stylistic details) E/entrance, obscured by parked vehicles in the front yard
 Porch Descriptions (types, locations, roof types, etc.) E/full width inset open porch covered by main roof

Condition (overall resource condition): excellent good fair deteriorated ruinous

Narrative Description of Resource Some features and details were obscured due to limited access. This c. 1952 Masonry Vernacular style building features walls clad vinyl siding, a gable roof faced with 5V Crimp Metal, a bay window to the NE, 1-light fixed windows, and an attached carport on the north.

Archaeological Remains _____ Check if Archaeological Form Completed

* Consult *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

RESEARCH METHODS (check all that apply)

FMSF record search (sites/surveys) library research building permits Sanborn maps
 FL State Archives/photo collection city directory occupant/owner interview plat maps
 property appraiser / tax records newspaper files neighbor interview Public Lands Survey (DEP)
 cultural resource survey historic photos interior inspection HABS/HAER record search
 other methods (describe) _____

Bibliographic References (give FMSF manuscript # if relevant, use continuation sheet if needed) Hillsborough County Property Appraiser

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing individually? yes no insufficient information

Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing as part of a district? yes no insufficient information

Explanation of Evaluation (required, whether significant or not; use separate sheet if needed) This mid-century building reflects significant changes in its massing and stylistic elements that compromise its historic integrity. These modifications, in addition to a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of this building, and therefore, it is not eligible for listing on the NRHP.

Area(s) of Historical Significance (see *National Register Bulletin 15*, p. 8 for categories: e.g. "architecture", "ethnic heritage", "community planning & development", etc.)
CP&D

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible:

For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.

Florida Site File for past architectural surveys, Florida Site File search, Hillsborough County Property Appraiser

All field notes, maps, and photos on file at ACI; P08030

RECORDER INFORMATION

Recorder Name Estabrook, Desiree and Marielle Lumang

Recorder Contact Information (address / phone / fax / e-mail) 8110 Blaikie Ct, Suite A, Sarasota, Florida 34243/941-379-6206/
 ACIFlorida@comcast.net

Recorder Affiliation Archaeological Consultants, Inc.

Use a *Supplement for Site Forms* or other continuation sheet for descriptions that do not fit in the spaces provided.

Required Attachments

① USGS 7.5' MAP WITH STRUCTURE LOCATION PINPOINTED IN RED

② LARGE SCALE STREET, PLAT OR PARCEL MAP (available from most property appraiser web sites)

③ PHOTO OF MAIN FACADE, ARCHIVAL B&W PRINT OR DIGITAL IMAGE FILE

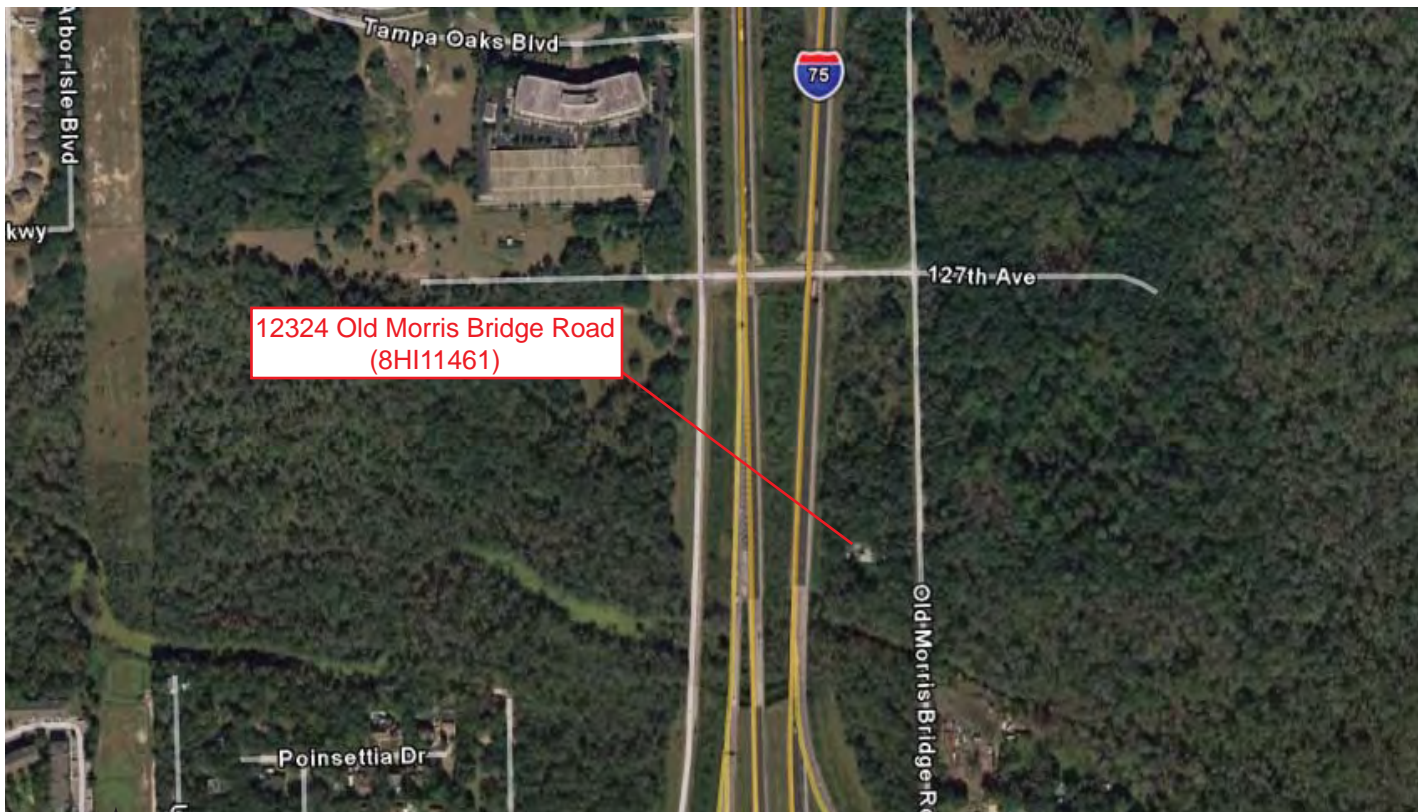
If submitting an image file, it must be included on disk or CD AND in hard copy format (plain paper is acceptable).

Digital image must be at least 1600 x 1200 pixels, 24-bit color, jpeg or tiff.

PHOTOGRAPH

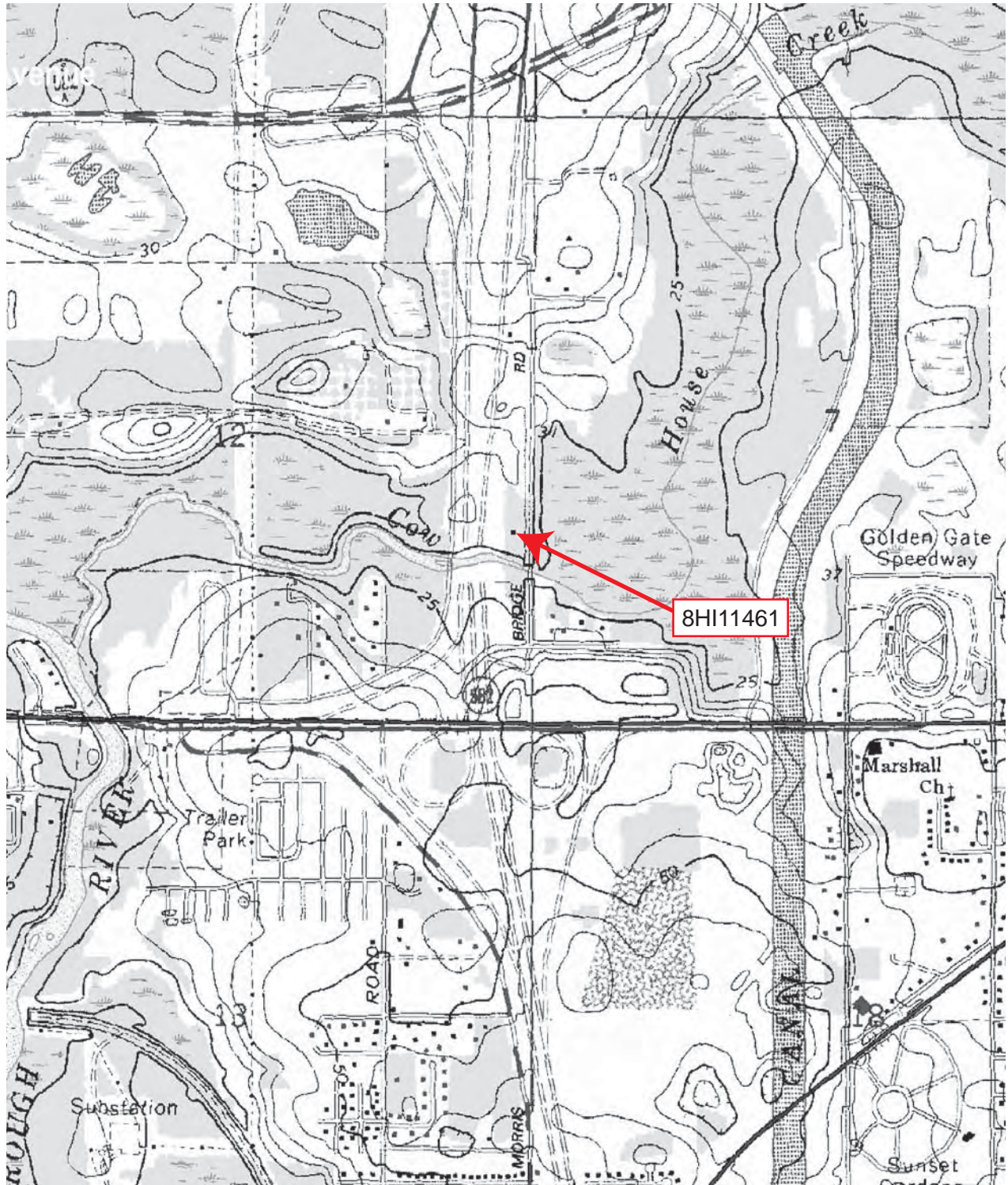


PARCEL STREET MAP



GIS USGS MAP

Township 28 South, Range 19 East, Section 12
Thonotosassa, 1977



Original
 Update



HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI11462
Field Date 8 / 21 / 08
Form Date 10 / 22 / 08
Recorder # 1-21--23

Shaded Fields represent the minimum acceptable level of documentation.
Consult the *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) (address if none) 8903 McRae Road Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
Survey Project Name CRAS PD&E Study I-75 from north of US 301 to Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough Survey # (DHR only) _____
National Register Category (please check one) building structure district site object
Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

Address (include N,S,E,W; #; St., Ave., etc.) 8903 McRae Road
Cross Streets (nearest / between) SW of McRae Road and Morris Bridge Road intersection
USGS 7.5' Map Name & Date Thonotosassa 1974, PR 1987 Plat or Other Map aerial photograph
City / Town (within 3 miles) Temple Terrace In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough
Township 28S Range 19E Section 13 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: _____
Tax Parcel # U-13-28-19-ZZZ-000001-33860.0 Landgrant unknown
Subdivision Name - _____ Block - _____ Lot - _____
UTM: Zone 16 17 Easting 366899 _____ 0 Northing 3103155 _____ 0
Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____
Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

HISTORY

Construction Year: 1959 approximately year listed or earlier year listed or later
Original Use* residence From (year): 1959 To (year): 2008
Current Use* residence From (year): 1959 To (year): 2008
Other Use* _____ From (year): _____ To (year): _____
Moves: yes no unknown Dates _____ Original address (if moved) _____
Alterations: yes no unknown Dates c2000 Nature* Exterior cladding, fenestration
Additions: yes no unknown Dates c2000 Nature* E/wood deck; S/half of house
Architect (last name first): unknown Builder (last name first): unknown
Ownership History (especially original owner, dates, profession, etc.) Persechino, Kevin (1993-current)

Is the Resource Affected by a Local Preservation Ordinance? yes no unknown Describe _____

DESCRIPTION

Style* Masonry and Frame Vernacular Exterior Plan* Irregular Number of Stories 1
Exterior Fabric(s)* Board and batten
Roof Type(s)* cross-gable Roof Material(s)* composition shingles
Roof secondary strucs. (dormers etc.)* _____
Windows (types, materials, etc.)* 1-light sliding, metal, paired; 1/1 SHS, vinyl, independent
Distinguishing Architectural Features (exterior or interior ornaments) Horizontal board in gable ends, vertical board exterior siding
Ancillary Features / Outbuildings (record outbuildings, major landscape features; use continuation sheet if needed.) shed to east

* Consult *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

DHR USE ONLY		OFFICIAL EVALUATION		DHR USE ONLY	
NR List Date ____/____/____	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info	Date ____/____/____	Init. _____		
<input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no	Date ____/____/____			
	NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin 15</i> , p. 2)				

DESCRIPTION (continued)

Chimney: No. 1 Material(s) * metal pipe with cap
Structural System(s) * Wood frame and masonry composition
Foundation: Type(s) * Poured slab Material(s) * Concrete
Main Entrance (stylistic details) E/paired French doors on deck; SW/half-glass door on rear addition
Porch Descriptions (types, locations, roof types, etc.) E/open deck, no roof; N/porch with balustrade railing, covered by gable roof; SW/entry stoop to rear door, unprotected
Condition (overall resource condition): [] excellent [x] good [] fair [] deteriorated [] ruinous
Narrative Description of Resource This frame and masonry vernacular composition building has experienced unsympathetic additions and alterations to much of its exterior. The changes in fenestration, exterior wall cladding, and enlarged massing obscure the original proportions of the building. This building is primarily characterized by vertical board siding, vinyl windows, and irregular massing.
Archaeological Remains [] Check if Archaeological Form Completed

* Consult Guide to Historical Structure Forms for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

RESEARCH METHODS (check all that apply)

- [x] FMSF record search (sites/surveys) [] library research [] building permits [] Sanborn maps
[] FL State Archives/photo collection [] city directory [] occupant/owner interview [] plat maps
[x] property appraiser / tax records [] newspaper files [] neighbor interview [x] Public Lands Survey (DEP)
[x] cultural resource survey [] historic photos [] interior inspection [] HABS/HAER record search
[] other methods (describe)

Bibliographic References (give FMSF manuscript # if relevant, use continuation sheet if needed) Hillsborough County Property Appraiser

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing individually? [] yes [x] no [] insufficient information
Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing as part of a district? [] yes [x] no [] insufficient information
Explanation of Evaluation (required, whether significant or not; use separate sheet if needed) This mid-century building reflects significant changes in its massing and stylistic elements that compromise its historic integrity. These modifications, in addition to a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of this building, and therefore, it is not eligible for listing on the NRHP.
Area(s) of Historical Significance (see National Register Bulletin 15, p. 8 for categories: e.g. "architecture", "ethnic heritage", "community planning & development", etc.) CP&D

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible:
For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.
Florida Site File for past architectural surveys, Florida Site File search, Hillsborough County Property Appraiser
All field notes, maps, and photos on file at ACI; P08030

RECORDER INFORMATION

Recorder Name Estabrook, Desiree and Marielle Lumang
Recorder Contact Information (address / phone / fax / e-mail) 8110 Blaikie Ct, Suite A, Sarasota, Florida 34243/941-379-6206/ ACIFlorida@comcast.net
Recorder Affiliation Archaeological Consultants, Inc.

Use a Supplement for Site Forms or other continuation sheet for descriptions that do not fit in the spaces provided.

Required Attachments

- 1 USGS 7.5' MAP WITH STRUCTURE LOCATION PINPOINTED IN RED
2 LARGE SCALE STREET, PLAT OR PARCEL MAP (available from most property appraiser web sites)
3 PHOTO OF MAIN FACADE, ARCHIVAL B&W PRINT OR DIGITAL IMAGE FILE
If submitting an image file, it must be included on disk or CD AND in hard copy format (plain paper is acceptable). Digital image must be at least 1600 x 1200 pixels, 24-bit color, jpeg or tiff.

PHOTOGRAPH

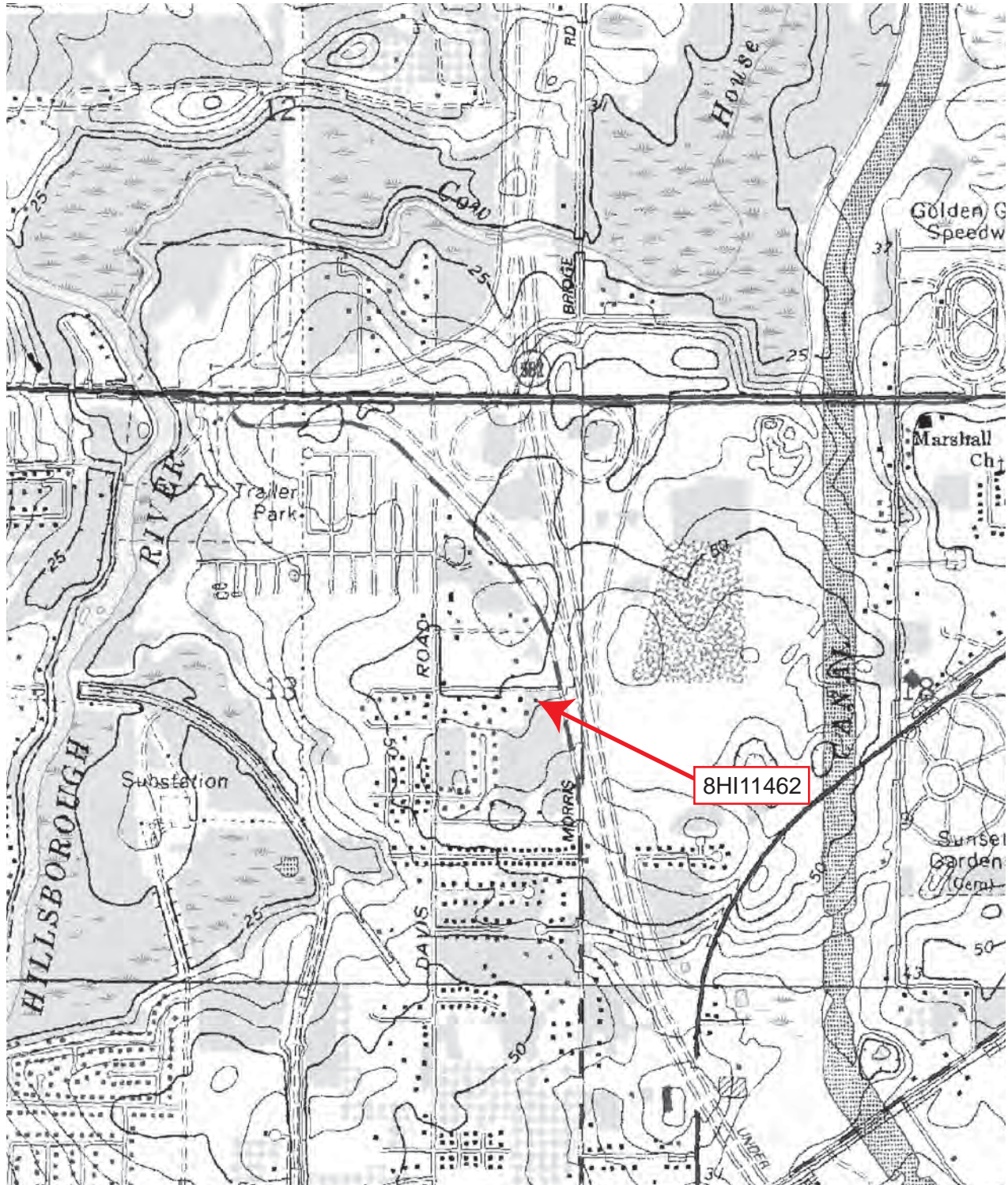


PARCEL STREET MAP



GIS USGS MAP

Township 28 South, Range 19 East, Section 13
Thonotosassa, 1977



Original
 Update



HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI11463
Field Date 8 / 21 / 08
Form Date 10 / 22 / 08
Recorder # 1-24--28

Shaded Fields represent the minimum acceptable level of documentation.
Consult the *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) (address if none) 10212 Morris Bridge Road Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
Survey Project Name CRAS PD&E Study I-75 from north of US 301 to Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough Survey # (DHR only) _____
National Register Category (please check one) building structure district site object
Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

Address (include N,S,E,W; #; St., Ave., etc.) 10212 Morris Bridge road
Cross Streets (nearest / between) NW of W Lanway Drive and Morris Bridge Road intersection
USGS 7.5' Map Name & Date Thonotosassa 1974, PR 1987 Plat or Other Map aerial photograph
City / Town (within 3 miles) Temple Terrace In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough
Township 28S Range 19E Section 13 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: _____
Tax Parcel # U-13-28-19-ZZZ-000001-34010.0 Landgrant _____
Subdivision Name _____ Block _____ Lot _____
UTM: Zone 16 17 Easting 367031 _____ 0 Northing 3102585 _____ 0
Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____
Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

HISTORY

Construction Year: 1958 approximately year listed or earlier year listed or later
Original Use* residence From (year): 1958 To (year): 2008
Current Use* residence From (year): 1958 To (year): 2008
Other Use* _____ From (year): _____ To (year): _____
Moves: yes no unknown Dates _____ Original address (if moved) _____
Alterations: yes no unknown Dates c1970 Nature* Possible replacement awning windows
Additions: yes no unknown Dates 1966, 1998 Nature* S/two-car garage; S/open carport
Architect (last name first): unknown Builder (last name first): unknown
Ownership History (especially original owner, dates, profession, etc.) Fulford WJ and Joyce (1969-present)

Is the Resource Affected by a Local Preservation Ordinance? yes no unknown Describe _____

DESCRIPTION

Style* Masonry Vernacular Exterior Plan* Rectangular Number of Stories 1
Exterior Fabric(s)* Concrete block with rounded edges, brick cladding
Roof Type(s)* Hip on main, shed on porch Roof Material(s)* composition shingles
Roof secondary strucs. (dormers etc.)* _____
Windows (types, materials, etc.)* 2-light awning, metal, paired; 3-light awning, metal, ribbon (4); 1/1 SHS, metal, independent; one picture windows on E elevation
Distinguishing Architectural Features (exterior or interior ornaments) Projecting window sills, metal scroll porch posts; picture window on E elevation; punch concrete block screen behind carport (South), rounded concrete block edges
Ancillary Features / Outbuildings (record outbuildings, major landscape features; use continuation sheet if needed.) Detached 2 car garage to south

* Consult *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

DHR USE ONLY		OFFICIAL EVALUATION		DHR USE ONLY	
NR List Date ____/____/____	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info	Date ____/____/____	Init. _____		
<input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no	Date ____/____/____			
	NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin 15</i> , p. 2)				

DESCRIPTION (continued)

Chimney: No. 0 Material(s) * -
 Structural System(s) * Concrete block
 Foundation: Type(s) * Continuous Material(s) * pierced concrete block
 Main Entrance (stylistic details) 9-panel wood swing on east within porch
 Porch Descriptions (types, locations, roof types, etc.) E/open entry porch supported by metal scroll posts, protected by a flat roof

Condition (overall resource condition): excellent good fair deteriorated ruinous
 Narrative Description of Resource This c.1958 masonry vernacular building reflects minimal changes to the exterior, aside from replacement windows. Original details include: metal scroll work posts supporting the front porch roof, a picture window on the East elevation, and painted concrete block exterior walls finished with rounded edges.

Archaeological Remains _____ Check if Archaeological Form Completed

* Consult *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

RESEARCH METHODS (check all that apply)

FMSF record search (sites/surveys) library research building permits Sanborn maps
 FL State Archives/photo collection city directory occupant/owner interview plat maps
 property appraiser / tax records newspaper files neighbor interview Public Lands Survey (DEP)
 cultural resource survey historic photos interior inspection HABS/HAER record search
 other methods (describe) _____

Bibliographic References (give FMSF manuscript # if relevant, use continuation sheet if needed) Hillsborough County Property Appraiser

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing individually? yes no insufficient information

Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing as part of a district? yes no insufficient information

Explanation of Evaluation (required, whether significant or not; use separate sheet if needed) Although this masonry vernacular building reflects minimal alterations to the exterior, it remains an unexceptional example of the style. Additionally, a lack of historical associations or architectural merit limits the importance of this building, and therefore, it is not considered eligible for listing on the NRHP.

Area(s) of Historical Significance (see *National Register Bulletin 15*, p. 8 for categories: e.g. "architecture", "ethnic heritage", "community planning & development", etc.)
CP&D

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible:

For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.

Florida Site File for past architectural surveys, Florida Site File search, Hillsborough County Property Appraiser

All field notes, maps, and photos on file at ACI; P08030

RECORDER INFORMATION

Recorder Name Estabrook, Desiree and Marielle Lumang

Recorder Contact Information (address / phone / fax / e-mail) 8110 Blaikie Ct, Suite A, Sarasota, Florida 34243/941-379-6206/
 ACIFlorida@comcast.net

Recorder Affiliation Archaeological Consultants, Inc.

Use a *Supplement for Site Forms* or other continuation sheet for descriptions that do not fit in the spaces provided.

Required Attachments

① USGS 7.5' MAP WITH STRUCTURE LOCATION PINPOINTED IN RED

② LARGE SCALE STREET, PLAT OR PARCEL MAP (available from most property appraiser web sites)

③ PHOTO OF MAIN FACADE, ARCHIVAL B&W PRINT OR DIGITAL IMAGE FILE

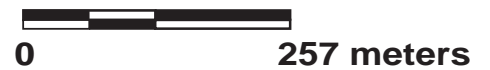
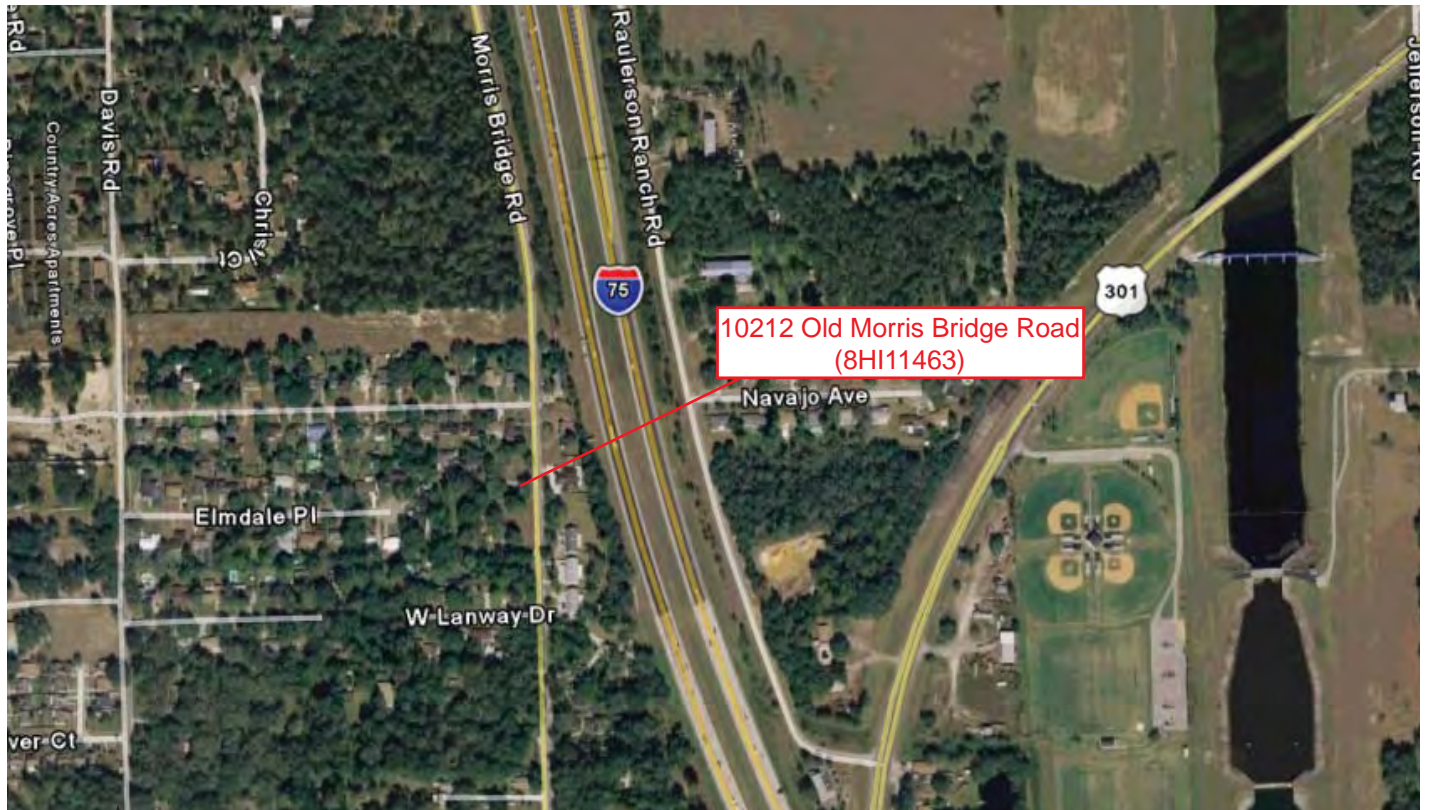
If submitting an image file, it must be included on disk or CD AND in hard copy format (plain paper is acceptable).

Digital image must be at least 1600 x 1200 pixels, 24-bit color, jpeg or tiff.

PHOTOGRAPH

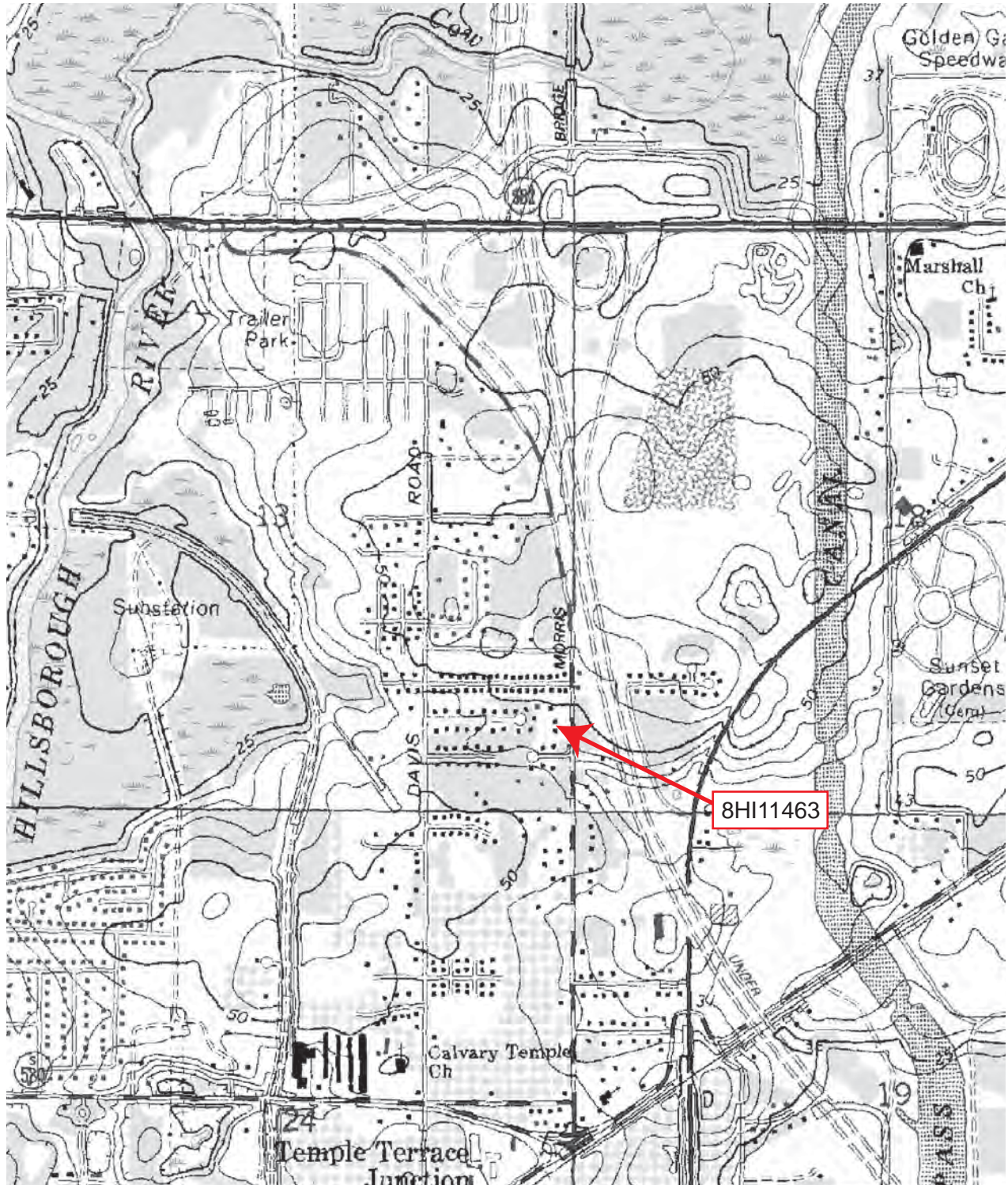


PARCEL STREET MAP



GIS USGS MAP

Township 28 South, Range 19 East, Section 13
Thonotosassa, 1977



Original
 Update



HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI11464
Field Date 8 / 21 / 08
Form Date 8 / 27 / 08
Recorder # 1, 40

Shaded Fields represent the minimum acceptable level of documentation.
Consult the *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) (address if none) 9016 Copeland Road Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
Survey Project Name CRAS PD&E Study I-75 from north of US 301 to Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough Survey # (DHR only) _____
National Register Category (please check one) building structure district site object
Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

Address (include N,S,E,W; #; St., Ave., etc.) 9016 Copeland Road
Cross Streets (nearest / between) NW of Copeland Road and U.S. 301 intersection
USGS 7.5' Map Name & Date Thonotosassa 1974, PR 1987 Plat or Other Map aerial photograph
City / Town (within 3 miles) Temple Terrace In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough
Township 28S Range 20E Section 19 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: _____
Tax Parcel # U-12-28-19-ZZZ-000001-32960.0 Landgrant unknown
Subdivision Name - _____ Block - _____ Lot - _____
UTM: Zone 16 17 Easting 367098 _____ 0 Northing 3105221 _____ 0
Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____
Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

HISTORY

Construction Year: 1957 approximately year listed or earlier year listed or later
Original Use* unknown From (year): 1957 To (year): unknown
Current Use* Auto-repair/garage From (year): unknown To (year): 2008
Other Use* _____ From (year): _____ To (year): _____
Moves: yes no unknown Dates _____ Original address (if moved) _____
Alterations: yes no unknown Dates _____ Nature* _____
Additions: yes no unknown Dates c.1970 Nature* N/rear, flat roof, concrete block walls
Architect (last name first): unknown Builder (last name first): unknown
Ownership History (especially original owner, dates, profession, etc.) Batchelor, Janet

Is the Resource Affected by a Local Preservation Ordinance? yes no unknown Describe _____

DESCRIPTION

Style* Masonry Vernacular Exterior Plan* irregular Number of Stories 1
Exterior Fabric(s)* stucco, concrete block
Roof Type(s)* side-gable, flat on addition Roof Material(s)* composition shingles
Roof secondary strucs. (dormers etc.)* _____
Windows (types, materials, etc.)* 6-light casement, metal, independent; 4-light awning, metal, independent; 12-light casement, metal, independent
Distinguishing Architectural Features (exterior or interior ornaments) rounded concrete block corners, wood vertical board in gable ends, concrete chimney on NW side, projecting concrete window sills
Ancillary Features / Outbuildings (record outbuildings, major landscape features; use continuation sheet if needed.) Garage/workshop area to N, vernacular yard art on South elevation (statue made of car parts)

* Consult *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

DHR USE ONLY		OFFICIAL EVALUATION		DHR USE ONLY	
NR List Date ____/____/____	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info	Date ____/____/____	Init. _____		
<input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no	Date ____/____/____			
	NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin 15</i> , p. 2)				

DESCRIPTION (continued)

Chimney: No. 1 Material(s) * Concrete block
Structural System(s) * Concrete block
Foundation: Type(s) * Poured slab Material(s) * Concrete
Main Entrance (stylistic details) Metal swing door to S; paired aluminum commercial doors to E (2)
Porch Descriptions (types, locations, roof types, etc.) Roof eaves projects over the front (South) facade, and shed roof spans width of East elevation and is supported by squared aluminum posts
Condition (overall resource condition): [] excellent [] good [x] fair [] deteriorated [] ruinous
Narrative Description of Resource This common type of masonry vernacular building now stands as an automotive repair shop, and its previous use is unknown. Original features include the casement windows and vertical board in gable ends. The exterior walls are covered in stucco, and two paired commercial doors are placed on the East elevation. The deteriorated exterior paint and wood in gable ends lends to an overall fair appearance.
Archaeological Remains [] Check if Archaeological Form Completed

* Consult Guide to Historical Structure Forms for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

RESEARCH METHODS (check all that apply)

- [x] FMSF record search (sites/surveys) [] library research [] building permits [] Sanborn maps
[] FL State Archives/photo collection [] city directory [] occupant/owner interview [] plat maps
[x] property appraiser / tax records [] newspaper files [] neighbor interview [x] Public Lands Survey (DEP)
[x] cultural resource survey [] historic photos [] interior inspection [] HABS/HAER record search
[] other methods (describe)

Bibliographic References (give FMSF manuscript # if relevant, use continuation sheet if needed) Hillsborough County Property Appraiser

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing individually? [] yes [x] no [] insufficient information
Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing as part of a district? [] yes [x] no [] insufficient information
Explanation of Evaluation (required, whether significant or not; use separate sheet if needed) This mid-century building reflects moderate changes in its massing and stylistic elements that compromise its historic integrity. These modifications, in addition to a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of this building, and therefore, it is not eligible for listing on the NRHP.
Area(s) of Historical Significance (see National Register Bulletin 15, p. 8 for categories: e.g. "architecture", "ethnic heritage", "community planning & development", etc.) CP&D

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible:
For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.
Florida Site File for past architectural surveys, Florida Site File search, Hillsborough County Property Appraiser
All field notes, maps, and photos on file at ACI; P08030

RECORDER INFORMATION

Recorder Name Estabrook, Desiree and Marielle Lumang
Recorder Contact Information (address / phone / fax / e-mail) 8110 Blaikie Ct, Suite A, Sarasota, Florida 34243/941-379-6206/ ACIFlorida@comcast.net
Recorder Affiliation Archaeological Consultants, Inc.

Use a Supplement for Site Forms or other continuation sheet for descriptions that do not fit in the spaces provided.

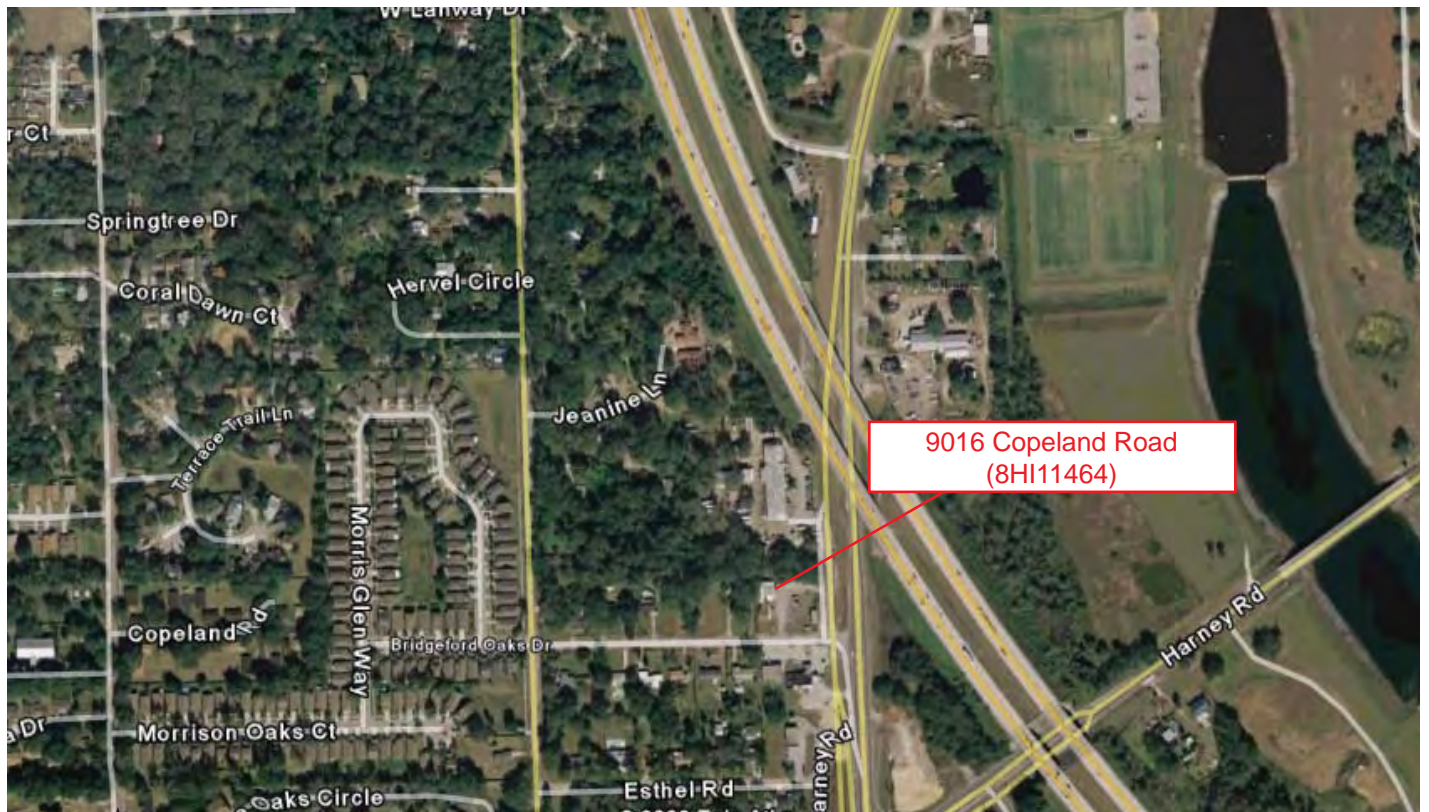
Required Attachments

- 1 USGS 7.5' MAP WITH STRUCTURE LOCATION PINPOINTED IN RED
2 LARGE SCALE STREET, PLAT OR PARCEL MAP (available from most property appraiser web sites)
3 PHOTO OF MAIN FACADE, ARCHIVAL B&W PRINT OR DIGITAL IMAGE FILE
If submitting an image file, it must be included on disk or CD AND in hard copy format (plain paper is acceptable). Digital image must be at least 1600 x 1200 pixels, 24-bit color, jpeg or tiff.

PHOTOGRAPH

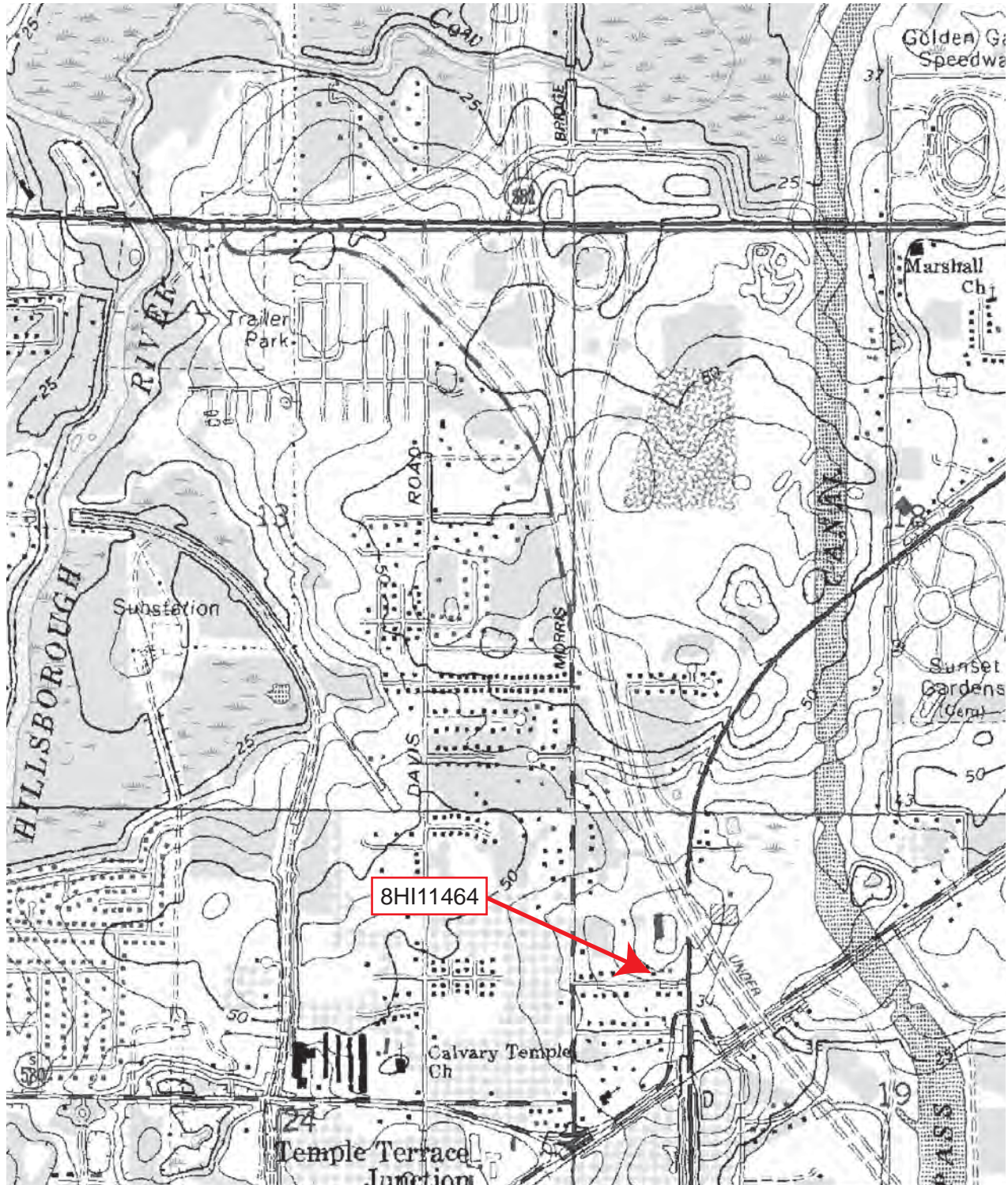


PARCEL STREET MAP



GIS USGS MAP

Township 28 South, Range 20 East, Section 19
Thonotosassa, 1977



Original
 Update



HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI11465
Field Date 8 / 21 / 08
Form Date 10 / 22 / 08
Recorder # 1-29-36

Shaded Fields represent the minimum acceptable level of documentation.
Consult the *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) (address if none) 9204 U.S. Hwy. 301 Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
Survey Project Name CRAS PD&E Study I-75 from north of US 301 to Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough Survey # (DHR only) _____
National Register Category (please check one) building structure district site object
Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

Address (include N,S,E,W; #; St., Ave., etc.) 9204 U.S. Hwy. 301
Cross Streets (nearest / between) SW corner of Copeland Road and U.S. 301
USGS 7.5' Map Name & Date Thonotosassa 1974, PR 1987 Plat or Other Map _____
City / Town (within 3 miles) Temple Terrace In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough
Township 28S Range 19E Section 13 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: _____
Tax Parcel # U-19-28-20-ZZZ-000002-11530.0 Landgrant unknown
Subdivision Name - _____ Block - _____ Lot - _____
UTM: Zone 16 17 Easting 367031 _____ 0 Northing 3102585 _____ 0
Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____
Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

HISTORY

Construction Year: 1955 approximately year listed or earlier year listed or later
Original Use* commercial From (year): 1955 To (year): unknown
Current Use* vacant From (year): unknown To (year): 2008
Other Use* gas station From (year): _____ To (year): _____
Moves: yes no unknown Dates _____ Original address (if moved) _____
Alterations: yes no unknown Dates c1980 Nature* replacement windows, doors, removal of gas pumps
Additions: yes no unknown Dates c1990 Nature* garage to south
Architect (last name first): unknown Builder (last name first): unknown
Ownership History (especially original owner, dates, profession, etc.) Jones, Tina (2006-current)

Is the Resource Affected by a Local Preservation Ordinance? yes no unknown Describe _____

DESCRIPTION

Style* Masonry Vernacular Exterior Plan* irregular Number of Stories 1
Exterior Fabric(s)* stucco, textured and smooth
Roof Type(s)* flat Roof Material(s)* built-up
Roof secondary strucs. (dormers etc.)* _____
Windows (types, materials, etc.)* 1-light fixed, metal, independent and paired; 2/2 SHS, aluminum, independent
Distinguishing Architectural Features (exterior or interior ornaments) Iron security bars on East elevation, attached 2 bay garage to N, attached 1 bay garage to S, flat roof projection (canopy) to E supported by metal poles that protects the former gas pumps and hold the exterior signage
Ancillary Features / Outbuildings (record outbuildings, major landscape features; use continuation sheet if needed.) Attached open garage to S

* Consult *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

DHR USE ONLY		OFFICIAL EVALUATION		DHR USE ONLY	
NR List Date ____/____/____	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info	Date ____/____/____	Init. _____		
<input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no	Date ____/____/____			
	NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin 15</i> , p. 2)				

DESCRIPTION (continued)

Chimney: No. 0 Material(s) * -

Structural System(s) * concrete block

Foundation: Type(s) * poured slab Material(s) * concrete

Main Entrance (stylistic details) 1-light wood swing, paired on east, 1-light transom above doorway

Porch Descriptions (types, locations, roof types, etc.) Open canopy on East elevation that protected the former gas pumps, and now covers the front entry area

Condition (overall resource condition): [] excellent [X] good [] fair [] deteriorated [] ruinous

Narrative Description of Resource This commercial style masonry vernacular building reflects a mid-century gas station/automotive shop. It original windows and exterior cladding appear to have been changed. Additionally, the gas pumps have been removed, although their concrete mounting base is still present. The building remains in good condition although many of the original features have been lost.

Archaeological Remains [] Check if Archaeological Form Completed

* Consult Guide to Historical Structure Forms for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

RESEARCH METHODS (check all that apply)

- [X] FMSF record search (sites/surveys) [] library research [] building permits [] Sanborn maps
[] FL State Archives/photo collection [] city directory [] occupant/owner interview [] plat maps
[X] property appraiser / tax records [] newspaper files [] neighbor interview [X] Public Lands Survey (DEP)
[X] cultural resource survey [] historic photos [] interior inspection [] HABS/HAER record search
[] other methods (describe)

Bibliographic References (give FMSF manuscript # if relevant, use continuation sheet if needed) Hillsborough County Property Appraiser

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing individually? [] yes [X] no [] insufficient information

Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing as part of a district? [] yes [X] no [] insufficient information

Explanation of Evaluation (required, whether significant or not; use separate sheet if needed) This mid-century building reflects moderate changes in its massing and stylistic elements that compromise its historic integrity. These modifications, in addition to a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of this building, and therefore, it is not eligible for listing on the NRHP.

Area(s) of Historical Significance (see National Register Bulletin 15, p. 8 for categories: e.g. "architecture", "ethnic heritage", "community planning & development", etc.) CP&D

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible:

For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.

Florida Site File for past architectural surveys, Florida Site File search, Hillsborough County Property Appraiser
All field notes, maps, and photos on file at ACI; P08030

RECORDER INFORMATION

Recorder Name Estabrook, Desiree and Marielle Lumang

Recorder Contact Information (address / phone / fax / e-mail) 8110 Blaikie Ct, Suite A, Sarasota, Florida 34243/941-379-6206/ ACIFlorida@comcast.net

Recorder Affiliation Archaeological Consultants, Inc.

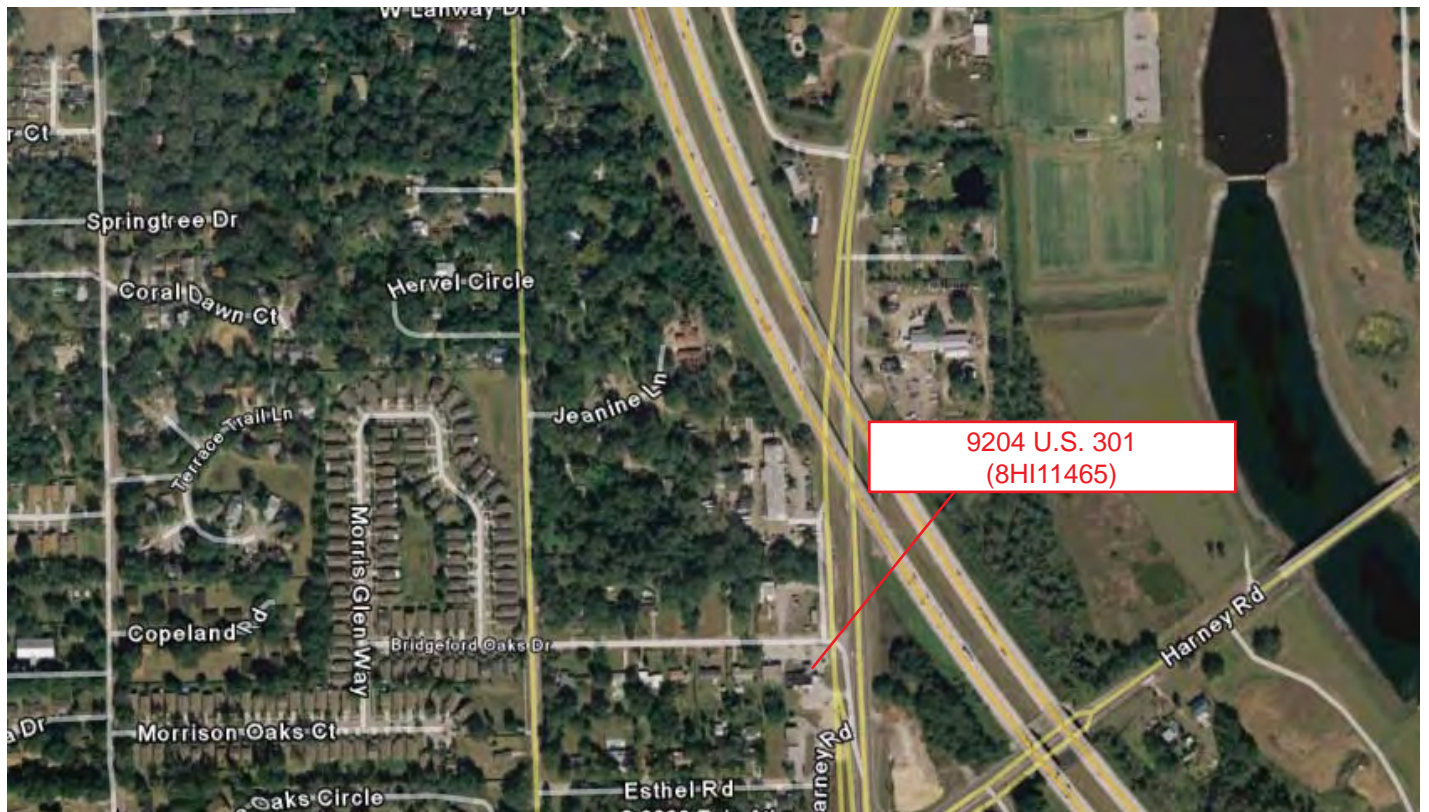
Use a Supplement for Site Forms or other continuation sheet for descriptions that do not fit in the spaces provided.

Required Attachments
1 USGS 7.5' MAP WITH STRUCTURE LOCATION PINPOINTED IN RED
2 LARGE SCALE STREET, PLAT OR PARCEL MAP (available from most property appraiser web sites)
3 PHOTO OF MAIN FACADE, ARCHIVAL B&W PRINT OR DIGITAL IMAGE FILE
If submitting an image file, it must be included on disk or CD AND in hard copy format (plain paper is acceptable). Digital image must be at least 1600 x 1200 pixels, 24-bit color, jpeg or tiff.

PHOTOGRAPH



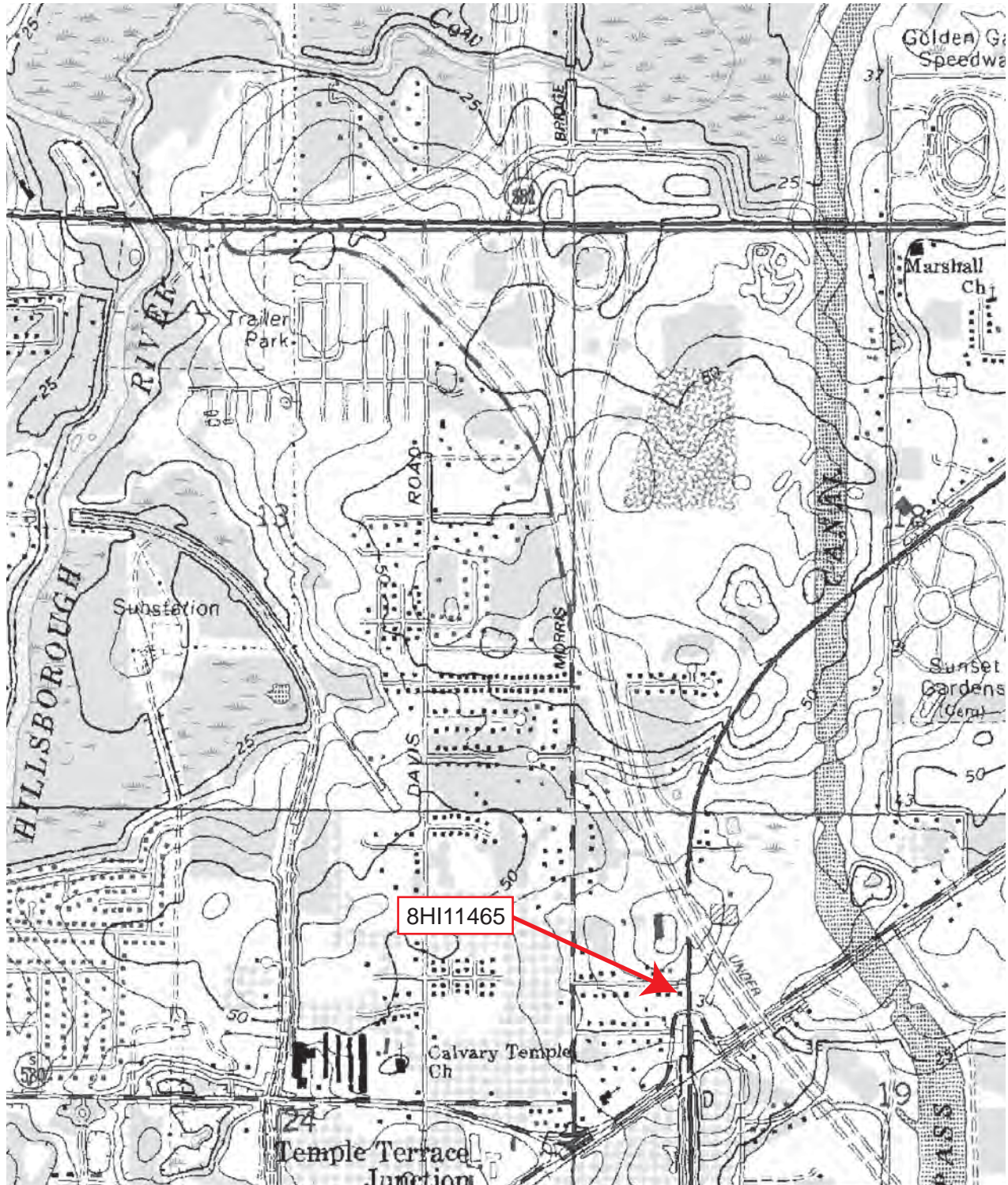
PARCEL STREET MAP



0 257 meters

GIS USGS MAP

Township 28 South, Range 20 East, Section 19
Thonotosassa, 1977



Original
 Update



HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI11466
Field Date 9 / 20 / 2008
Form Date 10 / 22 / 2008
Recorder # 4, 1-4

Shaded Fields represent the minimum acceptable level of documentation.
Consult the *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) (address if none) 10301 E Sligh Avenue Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
Survey Project Name CRAS PD&E Study I-75 from north of US 301 to Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough Survey # (DHR only) _____
National Register Category (please check one) building structure district site object
Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

Address (include N,S,E,W; #; St., Ave., etc.) 10301 E Sligh Avenue
Cross Streets (nearest / between) East of Sligh Avenue and Carmack Road intersection
USGS 7.5' Map Name & Date Thonotosassa 1974 (1987) PR Plat or Other Map aerial photograph
City / Town (within 3 miles) Mango In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough
Township 28S Range 20E Section 32 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: _____
Tax Parcel # U-32-28-20-ZZZ-000002-24750.0 Landgrant unknown
Subdivision Name - _____ Block - _____ Lot - _____
UTM: Zone 16 17 Easting 369154 _____ 0 Northing 3098426 _____ 0
Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____
Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

HISTORY

Construction Year: 1956 approximately year listed or earlier year listed or later
Original Use* Residence From (year): 1956 To (year): 2008
Current Use* Residence From (year): 1956 To (year): 2008
Other Use* _____ From (year): _____ To (year): _____
Moves: yes no unknown Dates _____ Original address (if moved) _____
Alterations: yes no unknown Dates c1981 Nature* Fenestration, exterior cladding, NE addition
Additions: yes no unknown Dates 1996, 2006 Nature* Screen porch, wood deck; rear narrow addition, wood
Architect (last name first): - _____ Builder (last name first): - _____
Ownership History (especially original owner, dates, profession, etc.) Young, Robert and Elaine

Is the Resource Affected by a Local Preservation Ordinance? yes no unknown Describe _____

DESCRIPTION

Style* Masonry Vernacular Exterior Plan* Irregular Number of Stories 1
Exterior Fabric(s)* Stucco, application of fieldstone at building corners
Roof Type(s)* side-gable Roof Material(s)* Modern crimp metal
Roof secondary strucs. (dormers etc.)* _____
Windows (types, materials, etc.)* 6/6 SHS, metal, independent; 4/4 SHS, metal, independent; 1/1 SHS, metal; independent; 2/2 SHS, aluminum, paired
Distinguishing Architectural Features (exterior or interior ornaments) Front gable over porch and wood deck (N), application of fieldstone at building corners, horizontal board and vent at gable ends, fixed decorative shutters, multi-light windows
Ancillary Features / Outbuildings (record outbuildings, major landscape features; use continuation sheet if needed.) S/ Large frame shed to rear, metal sheet roof, 2/2 SHS aluminum window visible

* Consult *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

DHR USE ONLY		OFFICIAL EVALUATION		DHR USE ONLY	
NR List Date ____/____/____	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info	Date ____/____/____	Init. _____		
<input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no	Date ____/____/____			
	NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin 15</i> , p. 2)				

DESCRIPTION (continued)

Chimney: No. 0 Material(s) * -

Structural System(s) * Concrete block, wood frame on rear addition

Foundation: Type(s) * Continuous Material(s) * Concrete block

Main Entrance (stylistic details) Paired multi-light (SDL) french doors on N and E elevations

Porch Descriptions (types, locations, roof types, etc.) N/front porch is protected by gable roof supported by squared wood posts; E/aluminum carport-turned-porch, flat roof supported by aluminum posts, set on a concrete slab

Condition (overall resource condition): [] excellent [x] good [] fair [] deteriorated [] ruinous

Narrative Description of Resource This common type masonry vernacular building has experienced unsympathetic additions to the south and east elevations that greatly enlarge its size. Additionally, the changes in fenestration and replacement of the front door have altered its exterior appearance. The horizontal board in the West and East gable ends are all that remains of the original features to this building.

Archaeological Remains [] Check if Archaeological Form Completed

* Consult Guide to Historical Structure Forms for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

RESEARCH METHODS (check all that apply)

- [x] FMSF record search (sites/surveys) [] library research [] building permits [] Sanborn maps
[x] FL State Archives/photo collection [] city directory [] occupant/owner interview [] plat maps
[] property appraiser / tax records [] newspaper files [] neighbor interview [x] Public Lands Survey (DEP)
[x] cultural resource survey [] historic photos [] interior inspection [] HABS/HAER record search
[] other methods (describe)

Bibliographic References (give FMSF manuscript # if relevant, use continuation sheet if needed) Hillsborough County Property Appraiser

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing individually? [] yes [x] no [] insufficient information

Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing as part of a district? [] yes [x] no [] insufficient information

Explanation of Evaluation (required, whether significant or not; use separate sheet if needed) This mid-century building reflects significant changes in its massing and stylistic elements that compromise its historic integrity. These modifications, in addition to a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of this building, and therefore, it is not eligible for listing on the NRHP.

Area(s) of Historical Significance (see National Register Bulletin 15, p. 8 for categories: e.g. "architecture", "ethnic heritage", "community planning & development", etc.) CP&D

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible:

For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.

Florida Site File for past architectural surveys, Florida Site File search, Hillsborough County Property Appraiser
All field notes, maps, and photos on file at ACI; P08030

RECORDER INFORMATION

Recorder Name Estabrook, Desiree and Marielle Lumang

Recorder Contact Information (address / phone / fax / e-mail) 8110 Blaikie Ct, Suite A, Sarasota, Florida 34243/941-379-6206/ ACIFlorida@comcast.net

Recorder Affiliation Archaeological Consultants, Inc.

Use a Supplement for Site Forms or other continuation sheet for descriptions that do not fit in the spaces provided.

Required Attachments
1 USGS 7.5' MAP WITH STRUCTURE LOCATION PINPOINTED IN RED
2 LARGE SCALE STREET, PLAT OR PARCEL MAP (available from most property appraiser web sites)
3 PHOTO OF MAIN FACADE, ARCHIVAL B&W PRINT OR DIGITAL IMAGE FILE
If submitting an image file, it must be included on disk or CD AND in hard copy format (plain paper is acceptable). Digital image must be at least 1600 x 1200 pixels, 24-bit color, jpeg or tiff.

PHOTOGRAPH

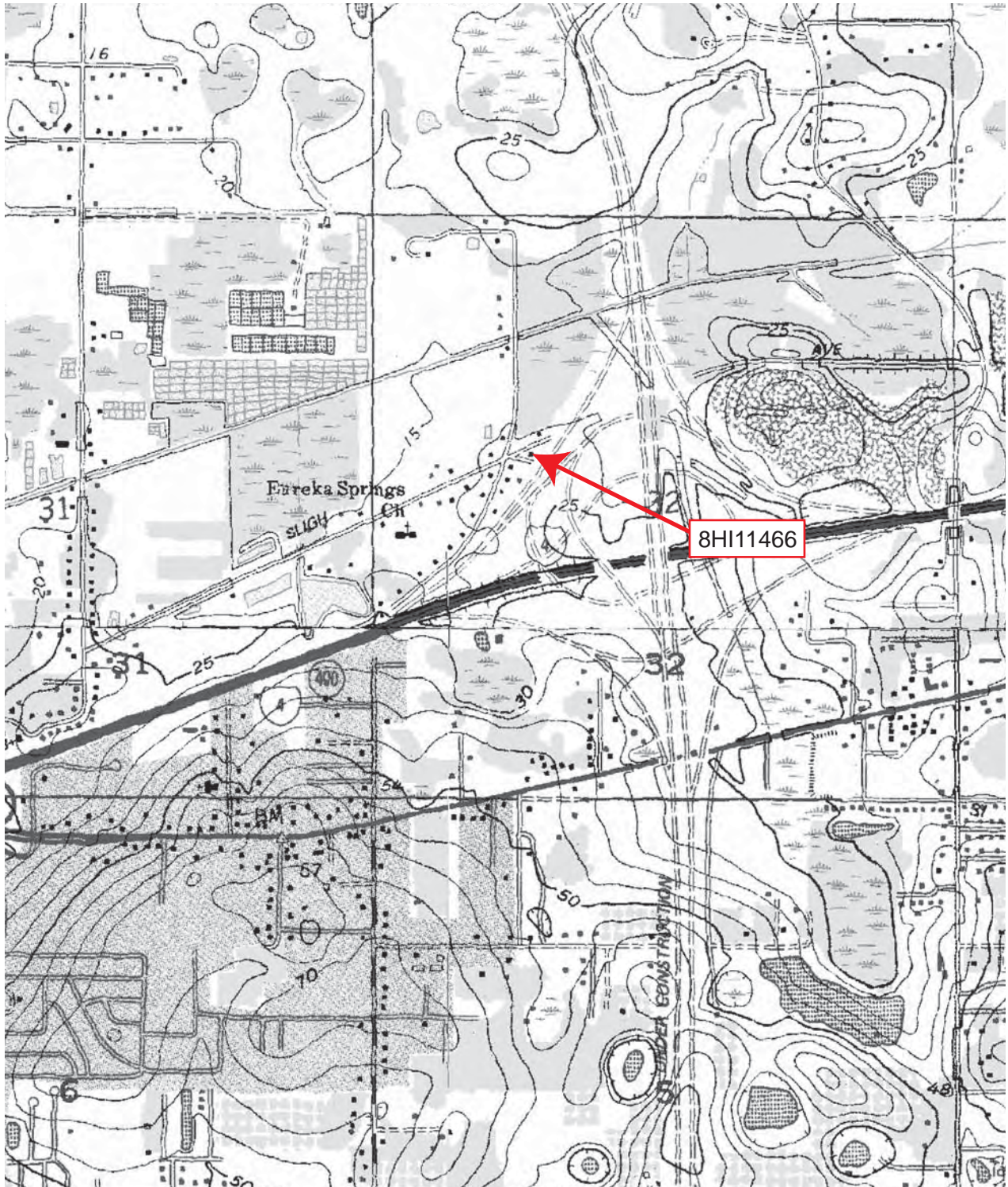


PARCEL STREET MAP



GIS USGS MAP

Township 28 South, Range 20 East, Section 32
Thonotosassa, 1977



Original
 Update



HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI11467
Field Date 8 / 29 / 08
Form Date 10 / 22 / 08
Recorder # 2-6

Shaded Fields represent the minimum acceptable level of documentation.
Consult the *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) (address if none) 6104 Falkenburg Road Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
Survey Project Name CRAS PD&E Study I-75 from north of US 301 to Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough Survey # (DHR only) _____
National Register Category (please check one) building structure district site object
Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

Address (include N,S,E,W; #; St., Ave., etc.) 6104 Falkenburg Road
Cross Streets (nearest / between) SW of E Sligh Avenue and N Falkenburg Road
USGS 7.5' Map Name & Date Thonotosassa 1974, PR 1987 Plat or Other Map aerial photograph
City / Town (within 3 miles) Mango In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough
Township 28S Range 20E Section 32 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: _____
Tax Parcel # U-32-28-20-ZZZ-000002-24790.0 Landgrant unknown
Subdivision Name - _____ Block - _____ Lot - _____
UTM: Zone 16 17 Easting 368950 _____ 0 Northing 3098201 _____ 0
Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____
Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

HISTORY

Construction Year: 1959 approximately year listed or earlier year listed or later
Original Use* residence From (year): 1959 To (year): 2008
Current Use* residence From (year): 1959 To (year): 2008
Other Use* _____ From (year): _____ To (year): _____
Moves: yes no unknown Dates _____ Original address (if moved) _____
Alterations: yes no unknown Dates c1970; 2000 Nature* replacement roof, fieldstone; replacement windows
Additions: yes no unknown Dates c1970; 2008 Nature* W/addition, concrete block; S/open carport
Architect (last name first): unknown Builder (last name first): unknown
Ownership History (especially original owner, dates, profession, etc.) Farmer, Timothy (1983-current)

Is the Resource Affected by a Local Preservation Ordinance? yes no unknown Describe _____

DESCRIPTION

Style* Frame/Masonry Vernacular Exterior Plan* Rectangular Number of Stories 1
Exterior Fabric(s)* Aluminum/vinyl siding on NE concrete block on SW; fieldstone at corners
Roof Type(s)* side-gable Roof Material(s)* composition shingles
Roof secondary strucs. (dormers etc.)* _____
Windows (types, materials, etc.)* 2/2 SHS, metal, independent; 4-light awning, metal, independent

Distinguishing Architectural Features (exterior or interior ornaments) Fixed window shutters, aluminum/vinyl siding, wood window surrounds on N elevation

Ancillary Features / Outbuildings (record outbuildings, major landscape features; use continuation sheet if needed.) Open carport to south c.2008

* Consult *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

DHR USE ONLY		OFFICIAL EVALUATION		DHR USE ONLY	
NR List Date ____/____/____	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info	Date ____/____/____	Init. _____		
<input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no	Date ____/____/____			
	NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin 15</i> , p. 2)				

DESCRIPTION (continued)

Chimney: No. 0 Material(s) * -
Structural System(s) * Wood frame on original NE elevation; concrete block construction on SW elevation
Foundation: Type(s) * Pier; slab Material(s) * concrete block; poured concrete
Main Entrance (stylistic details) SE/wood swing paneled doors (2)
Porch Descriptions (types, locations, roof types, etc.) No front porch observed, overhanging roof eave protects both entrances

Condition (overall resource condition): [] excellent [x] good [] fair [] deteriorated [] ruinous
Narrative Description of Resource This frame/masonry composition vernacular building represents a common form for the area. Additionally it reflects an unsympathetic addition to the SW that has doubled the size of the building. The replacement windows do not match the character of the house, and the application of vinyl/aluminum siding further diminishes the integrity of the house.
Archaeological Remains [] Check if Archaeological Form Completed

* Consult Guide to Historical Structure Forms for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

RESEARCH METHODS (check all that apply)

- [x] FMSF record search (sites/surveys) [] library research [] building permits [] Sanborn maps
[] FL State Archives/photo collection [] city directory [] occupant/owner interview [] plat maps
[x] property appraiser / tax records [] newspaper files [] neighbor interview [x] Public Lands Survey (DEP)
[x] cultural resource survey [] historic photos [] interior inspection [] HABS/HAER record search
[] other methods (describe)

Bibliographic References (give FMSF manuscript # if relevant, use continuation sheet if needed) Hillsborough County Property Appraiser

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing individually? [] yes [x] no [] insufficient information
Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing as part of a district? [] yes [x] no [] insufficient information
Explanation of Evaluation (required, whether significant or not; use separate sheet if needed) This mid-century building reflects significant changes in its massing and stylistic elements that compromise its historic integrity. These modifications, in addition to a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of this building, and therefore, it is not eligible for listing on the NRHP.
Area(s) of Historical Significance (see National Register Bulletin 15, p. 8 for categories: e.g. "architecture", "ethnic heritage", "community planning & development", etc.) CP&D

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible:
For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.
Florida Site File for past architectural surveys, Florida Site File search, Hillsborough County Property Appraiser
All field notes, maps, and photos on file at ACI; P08030

RECORDER INFORMATION

Recorder Name Estabrook, Desiree and Marielle Lumang
Recorder Contact Information (address / phone / fax / e-mail) 8110 Blaikie Ct, Suite A, Sarasota, Florida 34243/941-379-6206/ ACIFlorida@comcast.net
Recorder Affiliation Archaeological Consultants, Inc.

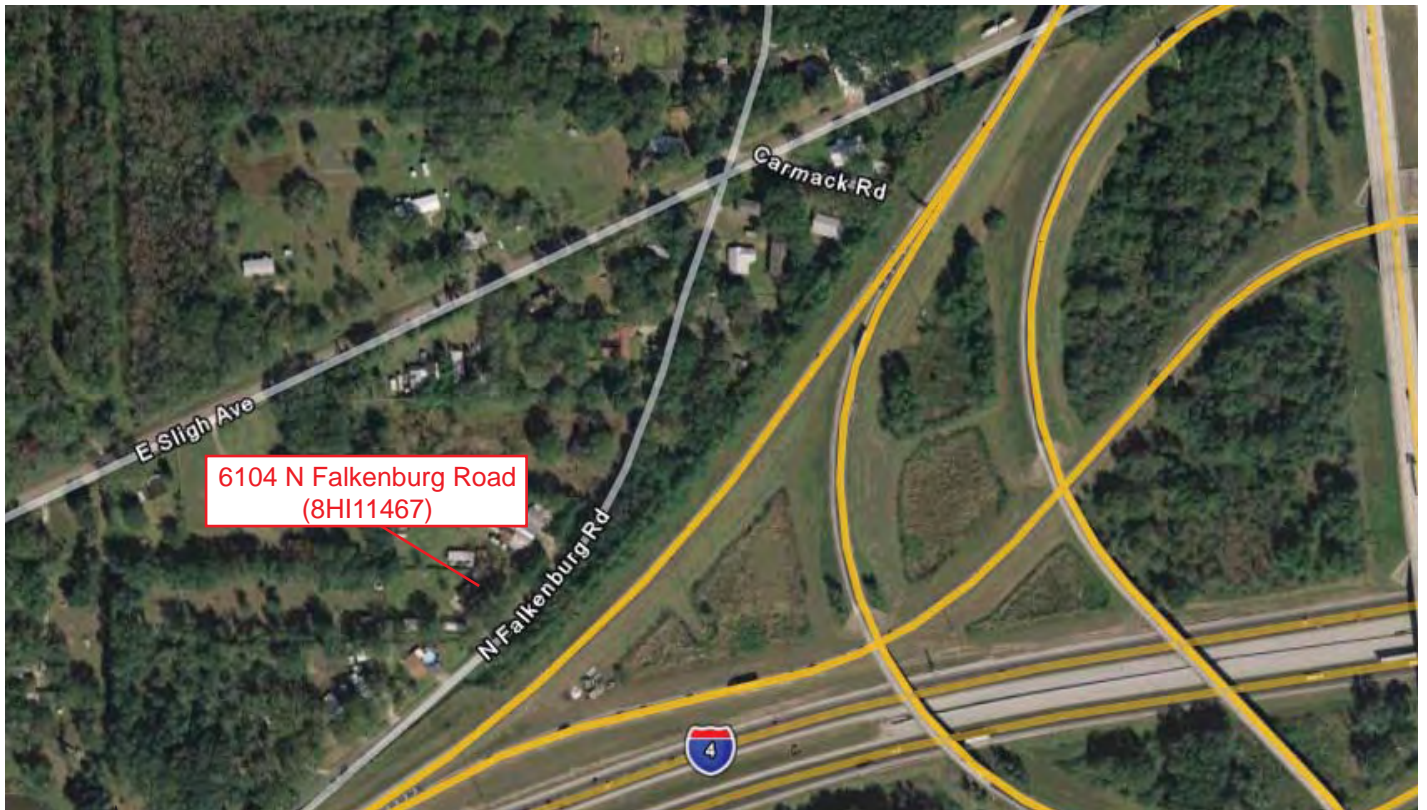
Use a Supplement for Site Forms or other continuation sheet for descriptions that do not fit in the spaces provided.

Required Attachments
1 USGS 7.5' MAP WITH STRUCTURE LOCATION PINPOINTED IN RED
2 LARGE SCALE STREET, PLAT OR PARCEL MAP (available from most property appraiser web sites)
3 PHOTO OF MAIN FACADE, ARCHIVAL B&W PRINT OR DIGITAL IMAGE FILE
If submitting an image file, it must be included on disk or CD AND in hard copy format (plain paper is acceptable). Digital image must be at least 1600 x 1200 pixels, 24-bit color, jpeg or tiff.

PHOTOGRAPH

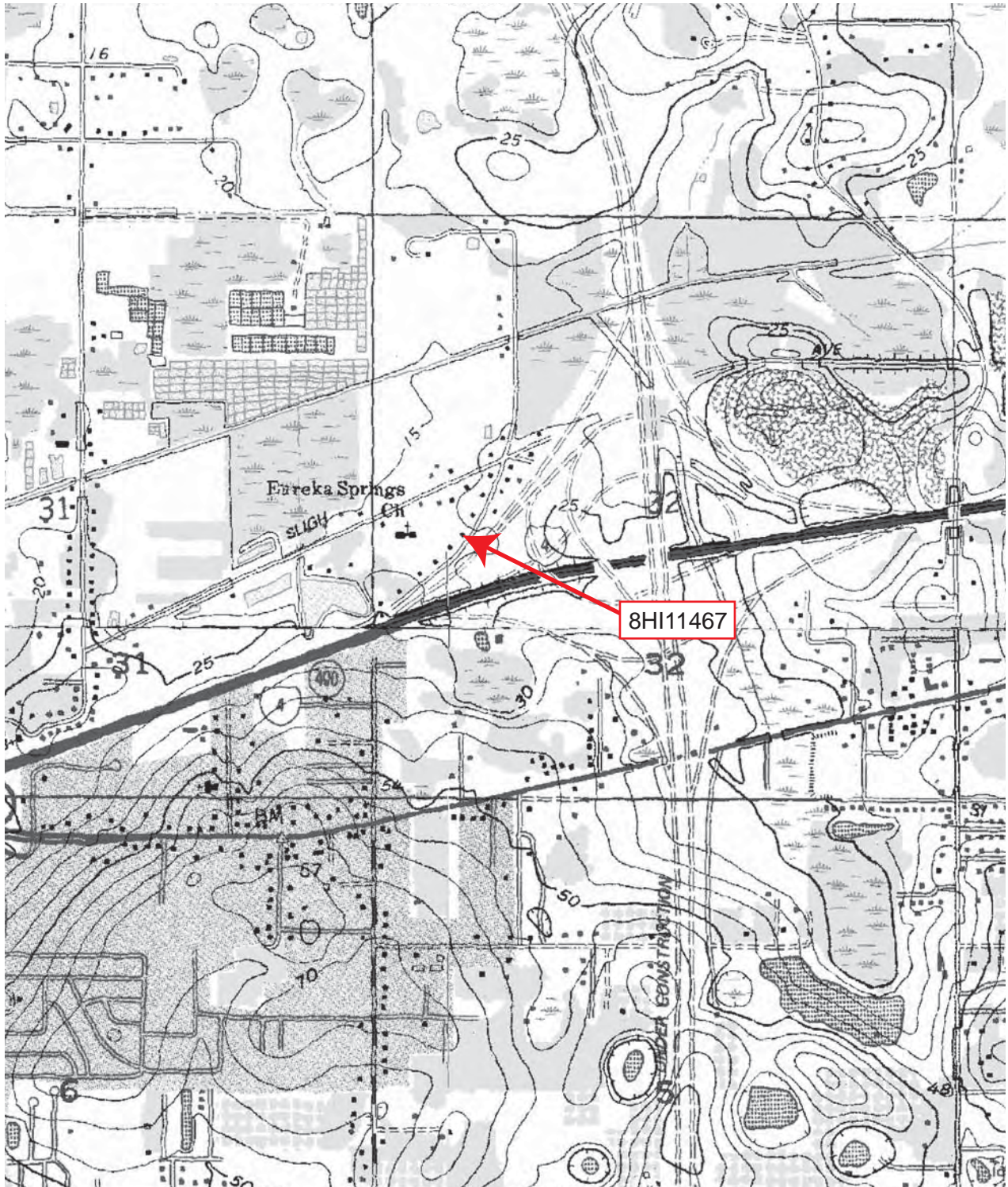


PARCEL STREET MAP



GIS USGS MAP

Township 28 South, Range 20 East, Section 32
Thonotosassa, 1977



Original
 Update



HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI11468
Field Date 9 / 22 / 2008
Form Date 9 / 24 / 2008
Recorder # 3-006

Shaded Fields represent the minimum acceptable level of documentation.
Consult the *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) (address if none) 3917 McCartney Lane Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
Survey Project Name CRAS PD&E Study I-75 from north of US 301 to Fletcher Avenue Survey # (DHR only) _____
National Register Category (please check one) building structure district site object
Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

Address (include N,S,E,W; #; St., Ave., etc.) 3917 McCartney Lane
Cross Streets (nearest / between) SW of MLK Blvd. and Williams Road
USGS 7.5' Map Name & Date Brandon 1956, 1987 (PR) Plat or Other Map _____
City / Town (within 3 miles) Tampa In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough
Township 29S Range 20E Section 8 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: _____
Tax Parcel # U-08-29-20-ZZZ-000002-40210.0 Landgrant unknown
Subdivision Name _____ Block 0 Lot 0
UTM: Zone 16 17 Easting 370136 Northing 3095773
Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____
Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

HISTORY

Construction Year: 1951 approximately year listed or earlier year listed or later
Original Use* Residence From (year): 1951 To (year): unknown
Current Use* Vacant From (year): unknown To (year): 2008
Other Use* _____ From (year): _____ To (year): _____
Moves: yes no unknown Dates _____ Original address (if moved) _____
Alterations: yes no unknown Dates _____ Nature* Replacement windows
Additions: yes no unknown Dates _____ Nature* S/room behind carport
Architect (last name first): - Builder (last name first): -
Ownership History (especially original owner, dates, profession, etc.) McCartney, Loretta Sue

Is the Resource Affected by a Local Preservation Ordinance? yes no unknown Describe _____

DESCRIPTION

Style* Masonry Vernacular Exterior Plan* Rectangular Number of Stories 1
Exterior Fabric(s)* Concrete block, painted
Roof Type(s)* side-gable Roof Material(s)* composition shingles
Roof secondary strucs. (dormers etc.)* _____
Windows (types, materials, etc.)* 4-light replacement awning, now covered by plywood sheets
Distinguishing Architectural Features (exterior or interior ornaments) Faux shutters surround windows, brick sills under windows, carport to NW side
Ancillary Features / Outbuildings (record outbuildings, major landscape features; use continuation sheet if needed.) None observed

* Consult *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

DHR USE ONLY		OFFICIAL EVALUATION	DHR USE ONLY	
NR List Date ____/____/____	<input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info	Date ____/____/____	Init. _____
		KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no	Date ____/____/____	
		NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin 15</i> , p. 2)		

DESCRIPTION (continued)

Chimney: No. 0 Material(s) * -
Structural System(s) * concrete block
Foundation: Type(s) * poured slab Material(s) * concrete
Main Entrance (stylistic details) N/raised panel design on wood swing door
Porch Descriptions (types, locations, roof types, etc.) projecting shed roof fronts main door, unsupported

Condition (overall resource condition): [] excellent [] good [] fair [x] deteriorated [] ruinous
Narrative Description of Resource This masonry vernacular example appears common in form. Its advanced state of deterioration (roof leakage) compromises remaining integrity. The awning windows, open carport and exposed concrete block exterior walls are distinguishing features. Dense yard foliage obscured some details.

Archaeological Remains [] Check if Archaeological Form Completed

* Consult Guide to Historical Structure Forms for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

RESEARCH METHODS (check all that apply)

- [x] FMSF record search (sites/surveys) [] library research [] building permits [] Sanborn maps
[] FL State Archives/photo collection [] city directory [] occupant/owner interview [] plat maps
[x] property appraiser / tax records [] newspaper files [] neighbor interview [] Public Lands Survey (DEP)
[x] cultural resource survey [] historic photos [] interior inspection [] HABS/HAER record search
[] other methods (describe)

Bibliographic References (give FMSF manuscript # if relevant, use continuation sheet if needed) Hillsborough County Property Appraiser

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing individually? [] yes [x] no [] insufficient information
Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing as part of a district? [] yes [x] no [] insufficient information
Explanation of Evaluation (required, whether significant or not; use separate sheet if needed) This masonry vernacular building is an unexceptional example of its kind. A lack of maintenance is reflected by the deteriorating roof and overgrown appearance of the yard. A lack of significant historical associations and architectural distinction limits the importance of this building. It is not considered eligible for listing in the NRHP.
Area(s) of Historical Significance (see National Register Bulletin 15, p. 8 for categories: e.g. "architecture", "ethnic heritage", "community planning & development", etc.)

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible:
For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.
Florida Site File for past architectural surveys, Florida Site File search, Hillsborough County Property Appraiser
All field notes, maps, and photos on file at ACI; P08030

RECORDER INFORMATION

Recorder Name Estabrook, Desiree & Marielle Lumang
Recorder Contact Information (address / phone / fax / e-mail) 8110 Blaikie Court, Suite A, Sarasota, FL 34240 (P) 941.379.6206 (F) 941-379-6216; ACIFlorida@comcast.net
Recorder Affiliation Archaeological Consultants, Inc.

Use a Supplement for Site Forms or other continuation sheet for descriptions that do not fit in the spaces provided.

Required Attachments

- 1 USGS 7.5' MAP WITH STRUCTURE LOCATION PINPOINTED IN RED
2 LARGE SCALE STREET, PLAT OR PARCEL MAP (available from most property appraiser web sites)
3 PHOTO OF MAIN FACADE, ARCHIVAL B&W PRINT OR DIGITAL IMAGE FILE
If submitting an image file, it must be included on disk or CD AND in hard copy format (plain paper is acceptable). Digital image must be at least 1600 x 1200 pixels, 24-bit color, jpeg or tiff.

PHOTOGRAPH

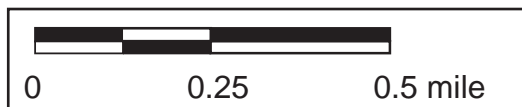
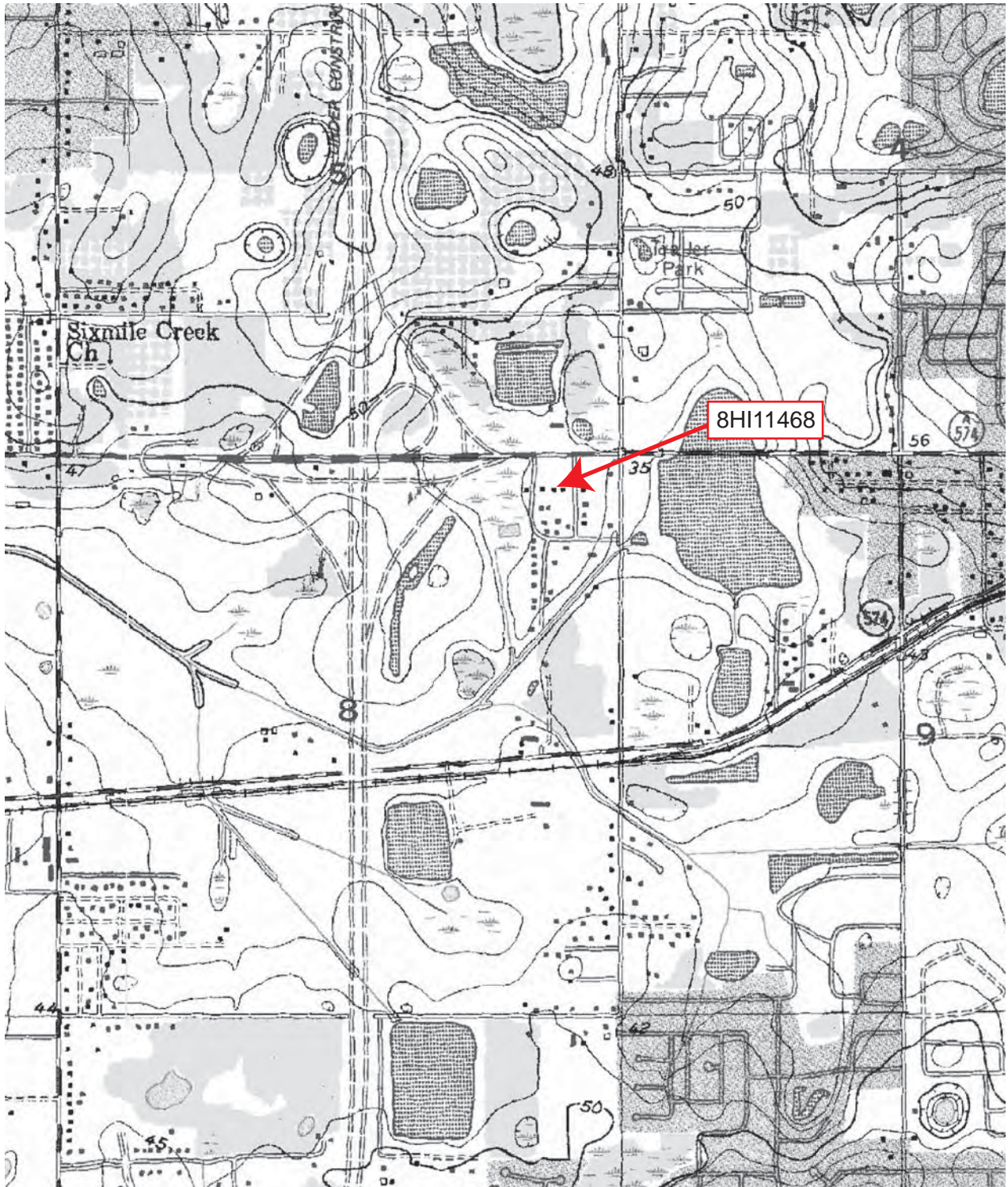


PARCEL STREET MAP



GIS USGS MAP

Township 29 South, Range 20 East, Section 8
Brandon, 1982



Original
 Update



HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI11469
Field Date 9 / 22 / 2008
Form Date 9 / 24 / 2008
Recorder # 3-02

Shaded Fields represent the minimum acceptable level of documentation.
Consult the *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) (address if none) 3911 McCartney Lane Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
Survey Project Name I-75 Fletcher, Hillsborough and Manatee Survey # (DHR only) _____
National Register Category (please check one) building structure district site object
Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

Address (include N,S,E,W; #; St., Ave., etc.) 3911 McCartney Lane
Cross Streets (nearest / between) SW of MLK Blvd. and Williams Road
USGS 7.5' Map Name & Date Brandon 1956, 1987 (PR) Plat or Other Map aerial photograph
City / Town (within 3 miles) Tampa In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough
Township 29S Range 20E Section 8 1/4 section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: _____
Tax Parcel # U-08-29-20-ZZZ-000002-40220.0 Landgrant unknown
Subdivision Name _____ Block 0 Lot 0
UTM: Zone 16 17 Easting 370062 Northing 3095788
Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____
Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

HISTORY

Construction Year: 1951 approximately year listed or earlier year listed or later
Original Use* residence From (year): 1951 To (year): 2008
Current Use* residence From (year): 1951 To (year): 2008
Other Use* _____ From (year): _____ To (year): _____
Moves: yes no unknown Dates _____ Original address (if moved) _____
Alterations: yes no unknown Dates c1975 Nature* Exterior cladding
Additions: yes no unknown Dates c1975 Nature* E/one room; W/one room, both covered in same siding
Architect (last name first): - Builder (last name first): -
Ownership History (especially original owner, dates, profession, etc.) Futch, Elaine M

Is the Resource Affected by a Local Preservation Ordinance? yes no unknown Describe _____

DESCRIPTION

Style* Masonry Vernacular Exterior Plan* Rectangular Number of Stories 1
Exterior Fabric(s)* Brick veneer
Roof Type(s)* side gable Roof Material(s)* composition shingle
Roof secondary strucs. (dormers etc.)* _____
Windows (types, materials, etc.)* 3 light single and paired awning
Distinguishing Architectural Features (exterior or interior ornaments) Flat arch above windows, brick; faux shutters surround windows
Ancillary Features / Outbuildings (record outbuildings, major landscape features; use continuation sheet if needed.) None observed, although a recent aerial depicts quite a few in the rear (South) yard

* Consult *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

DHR USE ONLY		OFFICIAL EVALUATION		DHR USE ONLY	
NR List Date ____/____/____	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info	Date ____/____/____	Init. _____		
<input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no	Date ____/____/____			
	NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin 15</i> , p. 2)				

DESCRIPTION (continued)

Chimney: No. 0 Material(s) * -
 Structural System(s) * concrete block
 Foundation: Type(s) * poured slab Material(s) * concrete
 Main Entrance (stylistic details) inside inset front (West) porch, obscured
 Porch Descriptions (types, locations, roof types, etc.) W/inset porch covered by main roof, iron railing supports

Condition (overall resource condition): excellent good fair deteriorated ruinous

Narrative Description of Resource This common type building has experienced additions to the east and west elevations that expand the length of the building. These additions are sympathetic with the original structure. The awning windows, open carport and exterior cladding are distinguishing features, but not original to the design.

Archaeological Remains _____ Check if Archaeological Form Completed

* Consult *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

RESEARCH METHODS (check all that apply)

FMSF record search (sites/surveys) library research building permits Sanborn maps
 FL State Archives/photo collection city directory occupant/owner interview plat maps
 property appraiser / tax records newspaper files neighbor interview Public Lands Survey (DEP)
 cultural resource survey historic photos interior inspection HABS/HAER record search
 other methods (describe) _____

Bibliographic References (give FMSF manuscript # if relevant, use continuation sheet if needed) Hillsborough County Property Appraiser

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing individually? yes no insufficient information

Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing as part of a district? yes no insufficient information

Explanation of Evaluation (required, whether significant or not; use separate sheet if needed) This masonry vernacular building is an unexceptional example of its kind that has experienced alterations that diminish its historic integrity. These changes, along with a lack of significant historical associations and architectural distinction, limit the importance of this building. It is not considered eligible for listing in the NRHP.

Area(s) of Historical Significance (see *National Register Bulletin 15*, p. 8 for categories: e.g. "architecture", "ethnic heritage", "community planning & development", etc.)
CD&P

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible:

For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.

Florida Site File for past architectural surveys, Florida Site File search, Hillsborough County Property Appraiser

All field notes, maps, and photos on file at ACI; P08030

RECORDER INFORMATION

Recorder Name Estabrook, Desiree & Marielle Lumang

Recorder Contact Information (address / phone / fax / e-mail) 8110 Blaikie Court, Suite A, Sarasota, FL 34240 (P) 941.379.6206 (F) 941-379-6216; ACIFlorida@comcast.net

Recorder Affiliation Archaeological Consultants, Inc.

Use a *Supplement for Site Forms* or other continuation sheet for descriptions that do not fit in the spaces provided.

Required Attachments

① USGS 7.5' MAP WITH STRUCTURE LOCATION PINPOINTED IN RED

② LARGE SCALE STREET, PLAT OR PARCEL MAP (available from most property appraiser web sites)

③ PHOTO OF MAIN FACADE, ARCHIVAL B&W PRINT OR DIGITAL IMAGE FILE

If submitting an image file, it must be included on disk or CD AND in hard copy format (plain paper is acceptable).

Digital image must be at least 1600 x 1200 pixels, 24-bit color, jpeg or tiff.

PHOTOGRAPH

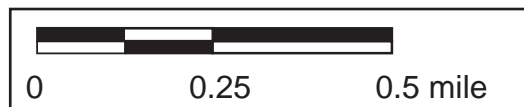
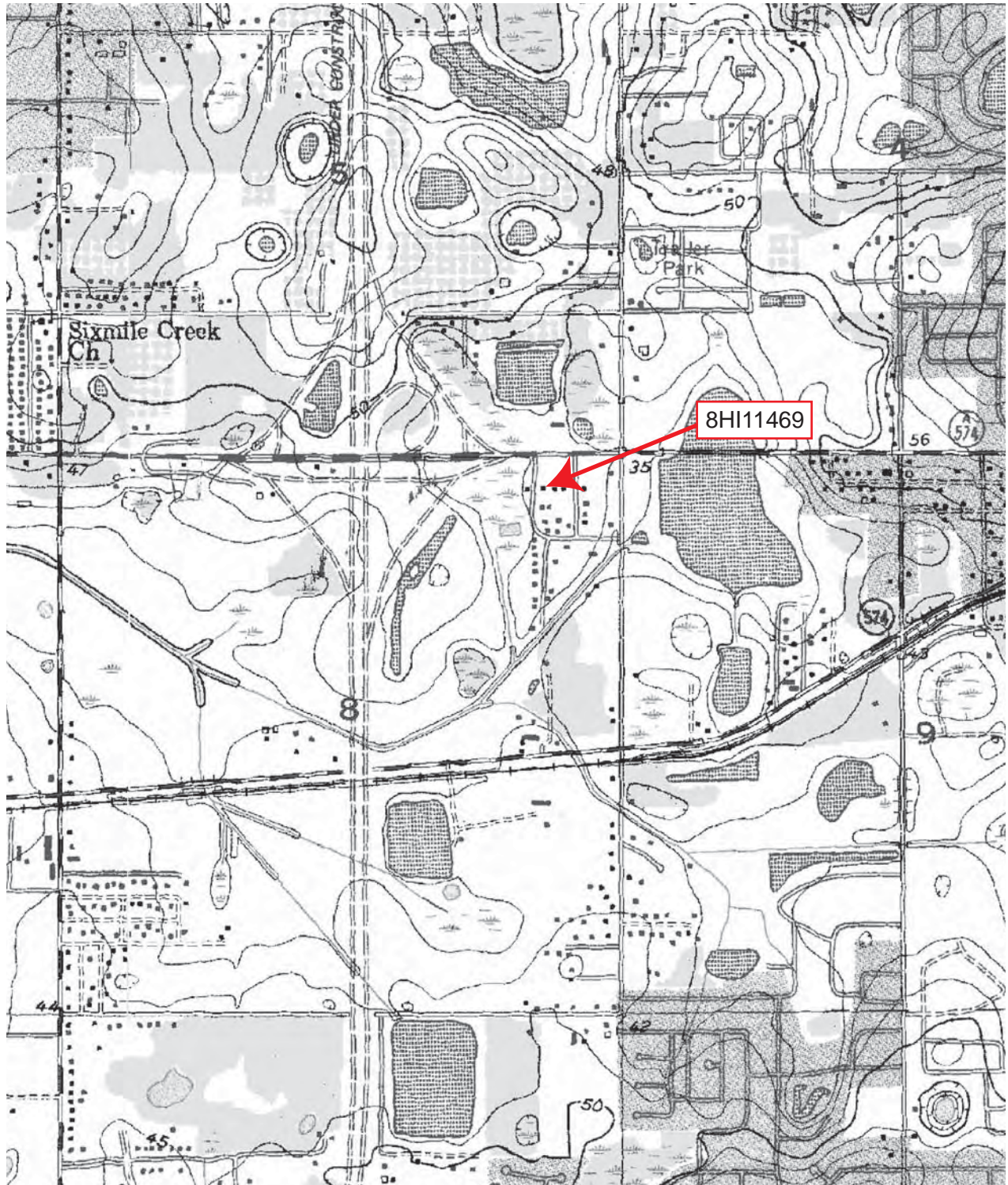


PARCEL STREET MAP



GIS USGS MAP

Township 29 South, Range 20 East, Section 8
Brandon, 1982



Original
 Update



HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI11470
Field Date 9 / 22 / 2008
Form Date 9 / 24 / 2008
Recorder # 3, 10-12

Shaded Fields represent the minimum acceptable level of documentation.
Consult the *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) (address if none) 2306 Graves Road Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
Survey Project Name I-75 Fletcher, Hillsborough & Manatee Survey # (DHR only) _____
National Register Category (please check one) building structure district site object
Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

Address (include N,S,E,W; #; St., Ave., etc.) 2306 Graves Road
Cross Streets (nearest / between) SE of Columbus Drive and Graves Road
USGS 7.5' Map Name & Date Brandon 1956, 1987 (PR) Plat or Other Map aerial photograph
City / Town (within 3 miles) Tampa In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough
Township 29S Range 20E Section 17 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: _____
Tax Parcel # U-17-29-20-ZZZ-000002-50840.0 Landgrant unknown
Subdivision Name _____ Block - _____ Lot - _____
UTM: Zone 16 17 Easting 369742 _____ 0 Northing 3093831 _____ 0
Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____
Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

HISTORY

Construction Year: 1951 approximately year listed or earlier year listed or later
Original Use* Residence From (year): 1951 To (year): 2008
Current Use* Residence From (year): 1951 To (year): 2008
Other Use* _____ From (year): _____ To (year): _____
Moves: yes no unknown Dates _____ Original address (if moved) _____
Alterations: yes no unknown Dates c.1960 Nature* Exterior cladding, N/front door
Additions: yes no unknown Dates _____ Nature* SW/two rooms, vertical board, stucco
Architect (last name first): _____ Builder (last name first): _____
Ownership History (especially original owner, dates, profession, etc.) Oak Grove Annex LLC

Is the Resource Affected by a Local Preservation Ordinance? yes no unknown Describe _____

DESCRIPTION

Style* Frame Vernacular Exterior Plan* Rectangular Number of Stories 1
Exterior Fabric(s)* Stucco
Roof Type(s)* Front gable Roof Material(s)* Composition shingle
Roof secondary strucs. (dormers etc.)* _____
Windows (types, materials, etc.)* 1/1 SHS, metal, independent

Distinguishing Architectural Features (exterior or interior ornaments) Projecting sills under windows, horizontal board and vent in front gable, poured concrete steps lead to enclosed porch

Ancillary Features / Outbuildings (record outbuildings, major landscape features; use continuation sheet if needed.) Storage building to rear (South)

* Consult *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

DHR USE ONLY		OFFICIAL EVALUATION		DHR USE ONLY	
NR List Date ____/____/____	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info	Date ____/____/____	Init. _____		
<input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no	Date ____/____/____			
	NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin</i> 15, p. 2)				

DESCRIPTION (continued)

Chimney: No. 0 Material(s) * -
Structural System(s) * Wood frame
Foundation: Type(s) * piers, concrete skirting Material(s) * obscured
Main Entrance (stylistic details) half-screen wood swing door leads into porch, paneled wood door fronts house
Porch Descriptions (types, locations, roof types, etc.) N/porch enclosed by screening and vertical board, two concrete columns at the sides of porch support the projecting shed roof
Condition (overall resource condition): [] excellent [x] good [] fair [] deteriorated [] ruinous
Narrative Description of Resource This common type building has experienced numerous additions to the rear (south) and alterations in its exterior cladding and fenestration. The horizontal board and vent in the front gable are the remaining original features to the building, as well as the general form of the structure.

Archaeological Remains [] Check if Archaeological Form Completed

* Consult Guide to Historical Structure Forms for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

RESEARCH METHODS (check all that apply)

- [x] FMSF record search (sites/surveys) [x] library research [] building permits [] Sanborn maps
[] FL State Archives/photo collection [] city directory [] occupant/owner interview [] plat maps
[x] property appraiser / tax records [] newspaper files [] neighbor interview [] Public Lands Survey (DEP)
[x] cultural resource survey [] historic photos [] interior inspection [] HABS/HAER record search
[] other methods (describe)

Bibliographic References (give FMSF manuscript # if relevant, use continuation sheet if needed) Hillsborough County Property Appraiser

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing individually? [] yes [x] no [] insufficient information
Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing as part of a district? [] yes [x] no [] insufficient information
Explanation of Evaluation (required, whether significant or not; use separate sheet if needed) This frame vernacular building has experienced unsympathetic alterations to much of its exterior, which diminish its historic integrity. These changes, along with a lack of significant historical associations and architectural distinction, limit the importance of this building. It is not considered eligible for listing in the NRHP.
Area(s) of Historical Significance (see National Register Bulletin 15, p. 8 for categories: e.g. "architecture", "ethnic heritage", "community planning & development", etc.) CD&P

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible:
For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.
Florida Site File for past architectural surveys, Florida Site File search, Hillsborough County Property Appraiser
All field notes, maps, and photos on file at ACI; P08030

RECORDER INFORMATION

Recorder Name Estabrook, Desiree & Marielle Lumang
Recorder Contact Information (address / phone / fax / e-mail) 8110 Blaikie Court, Suite A, Sarasota, FL 34240 (P) 941.379.6206 (F) 941-379-6216; ACIFlorida@comcast.net
Recorder Affiliation Archaeological Consultants, Inc.

Use a Supplement for Site Forms or other continuation sheet for descriptions that do not fit in the spaces provided.

Required Attachments

- 1 USGS 7.5' MAP WITH STRUCTURE LOCATION PINPOINTED IN RED
2 LARGE SCALE STREET, PLAT OR PARCEL MAP (available from most property appraiser web sites)
3 PHOTO OF MAIN FACADE, ARCHIVAL B&W PRINT OR DIGITAL IMAGE FILE
If submitting an image file, it must be included on disk or CD AND in hard copy format (plain paper is acceptable). Digital image must be at least 1600 x 1200 pixels, 24-bit color, jpeg or tiff.

PHOTOGRAPH

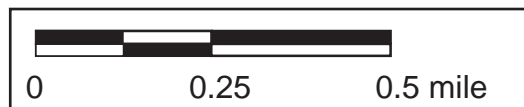
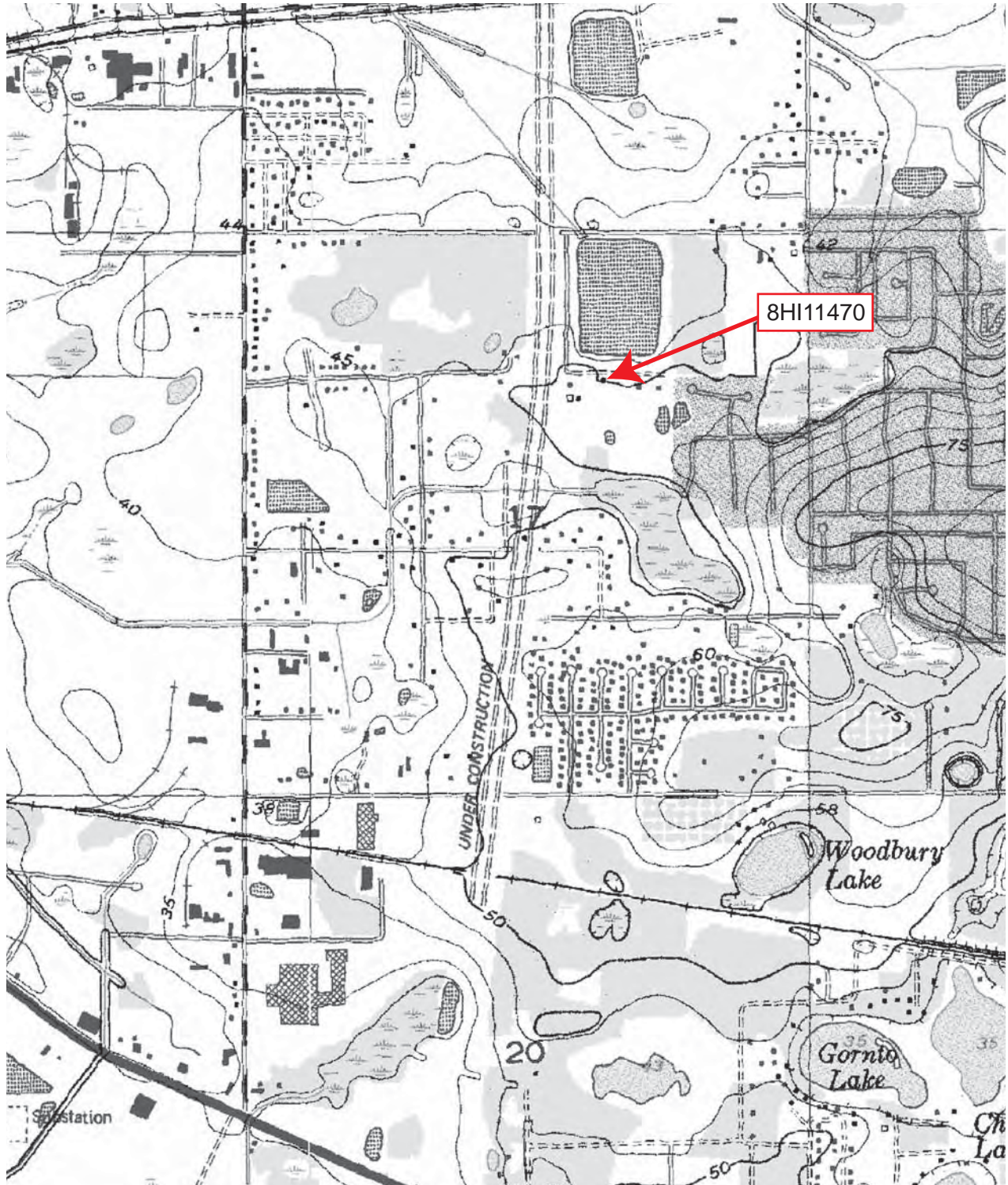


PARCEL STREET MAP



GIS USGS MAP

Township 29 South, Range 20 East, Section 17
Brandon, 1982



Original
 Update



HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI11471
Field Date 9 / 22 / 2008
Form Date 9 / 24 / 2008
Recorder # 3, 14-21

Shaded Fields represent the minimum acceptable level of documentation.
Consult the *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) (address if none) 10345 Fisher Road Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
Survey Project Name CRAS PD&E Study I-75 from north of US 301 to Fletcher Ave Survey # (DHR only) _____
National Register Category (please check one) building structure district site object
Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

Address (include N,S,E,W; #; St., Ave., etc.) 10345 Fisher Road
Cross Streets (nearest / between) SW corner of Fisher Road and Jetton Street
USGS 7.5' Map Name & Date Brandon 1956, 1987 (PR) Plat or Other Map aerial photograph
City / Town (within 3 miles) Tampa In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough
Township 29S Range 20E Section 17 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: _____
Tax Parcel # U-17-29-20-2D2-000000-00016.0 Landgrant unknown
Subdivision Name Fisher's Farms Block - _____ Lot - _____
UTM: Zone 16 17 Easting 369354 _____ 0 Northing 3093282 _____ 0
Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____
Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

HISTORY

Construction Year: 1935 approximately year listed or earlier year listed or later
Original Use* Residence From (year): 1935 To (year): 2008
Current Use* Residence From (year): 1935 To (year): 2008
Other Use* _____ From (year): _____ To (year): _____
Moves: yes no unknown Dates _____ Original address (if moved) _____
Alterations: yes no unknown Dates c.1960 Nature* Exterior cladding, fenestration
Additions: yes no unknown Dates c.1950 Nature* E/S/W rooms, enclosed and expanded porch
Architect (last name first): _____ Builder (last name first): _____
Ownership History (especially original owner, dates, profession, etc.) Whitwam, Jack and Deppie

Is the Resource Affected by a Local Preservation Ordinance? yes no unknown Describe _____

DESCRIPTION

Style* Frame Vernacular Exterior Plan* Irregular Number of Stories 1
Exterior Fabric(s)* Brick, vertical board, stucco
Roof Type(s)* cross-gable, flat Roof Material(s)* Composition shingle/roll, corrugated metal
Roof secondary strucs. (dormers etc.)* _____
Windows (types, materials, etc.)* 2,3,4 light single awning
Distinguishing Architectural Features (exterior or interior ornaments) 3 color band of brick facing on East side, concrete sills under windows, 2 bay carport to West
Ancillary Features / Outbuildings (record outbuildings, major landscape features; use continuation sheet if needed.) 1 story frame vernacular building to South, 3V crimp metal roof with gable, jalousie/awning windows, shed addition to S

* Consult *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

DHR USE ONLY		OFFICIAL EVALUATION		DHR USE ONLY	
NR List Date ____/____/____	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info	Date ____/____/____	Init. _____		
<input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no	Date ____/____/____			
	NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin 15</i> , p. 2)				

DESCRIPTION (continued)

Chimney: No. 0 Material(s) * -
 Structural System(s) * wood frame, concrete
 Foundation: Type(s) * obscured Material(s) * obscured
 Main Entrance (stylistic details) N/entrance on enclosed former porch
 Porch Descriptions (types, locations, roof types, etc.) enclosed porch, flat roof on NE side

Condition (overall resource condition): excellent good fair deteriorated ruinous

Narrative Description of Resource Numerous additions and alterations to this building obscure the original form. Ca. 1960 alterations are present in the jalousie and awning windows and exterior brick cladding. The horizontal board and vent in the west gable end and the general roof-line hint at its former proportions.

Archaeological Remains _____ Check if Archaeological Form Completed

* Consult *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

RESEARCH METHODS (check all that apply)

FMSF record search (sites/surveys) library research building permits Sanborn maps
 FL State Archives/photo collection city directory occupant/owner interview plat maps
 property appraiser / tax records newspaper files neighbor interview Public Lands Survey (DEP)
 cultural resource survey historic photos interior inspection HABS/HAER record search
 other methods (describe) _____

Bibliographic References (give FMSF manuscript # if relevant, use continuation sheet if needed) Hillsborough County Property Appraiser

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing individually? yes no insufficient information

Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing as part of a district? yes no insufficient information

Explanation of Evaluation (required, whether significant or not; use separate sheet if needed) This frame vernacular building has experienced unsympathetic alterations and additions to much of its exterior that diminish its historic integrity. These changes, along with a lack of significant historical associations and architectural distinction, limit the importance of this building. It is not considered eligible for listing in the NRHP.

Area(s) of Historical Significance (see *National Register Bulletin 15*, p. 8 for categories: e.g. "architecture", "ethnic heritage", "community planning & development", etc.)
CD&P

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible:

For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.

Florida Site File for past architectural surveys, Florida Site File search, Hillsborough County Property Appraiser
All field notes, maps, and photos on file at ACI; P08030

RECORDER INFORMATION

Recorder Name Estabrook, Desiree and Marielle Lumang

Recorder Contact Information (address / phone / fax / e-mail) 8110 Blaikie Court, Suite A, Sarasota, FL 34240 (P) 941.379.6206
(F) 941-379-6216; ACIFlorida@comcast.net

Recorder Affiliation Archaeological Consultants, Inc.

Use a *Supplement for Site Forms* or other continuation sheet for descriptions that do not fit in the spaces provided.

Required Attachments

❶ USGS 7.5' MAP WITH STRUCTURE LOCATION PINPOINTED IN RED

❷ LARGE SCALE STREET, PLAT OR PARCEL MAP (available from most property appraiser web sites)

❸ PHOTO OF MAIN FACADE, ARCHIVAL B&W PRINT OR DIGITAL IMAGE FILE

If submitting an image file, it must be included on disk or CD AND in hard copy format (plain paper is acceptable).

Digital image must be at least 1600 x 1200 pixels, 24-bit color, jpeg or tiff.

PHOTOGRAPH

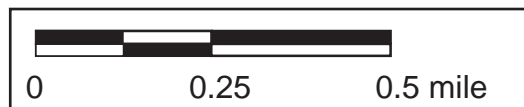
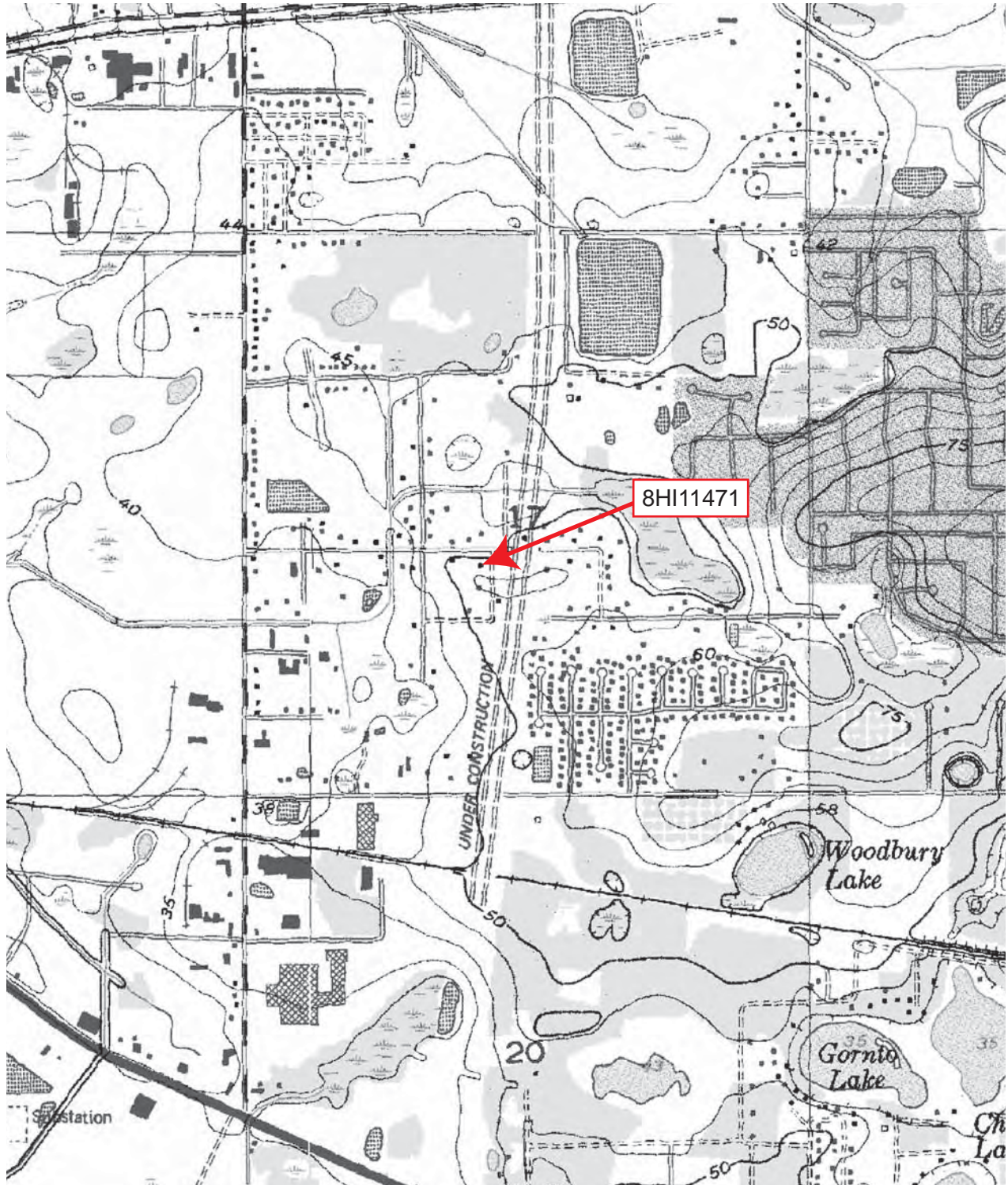


PARCEL STREET MAP



GIS USGS MAP

Township 29 South, Range 20 East, Section 17
Brandon, 1982



Original
 Update



HISTORICAL STRUCTURE FORM

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI11472
Field Date 9 / 22 / 2008
Form Date 10 / 22 / 2008
Recorder # 3, 28-32

Shaded Fields represent the minimum acceptable level of documentation.
Consult the *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for detailed instructions.

Site Name(s) (address if none) 10308 Woodberry Road Multiple Listing (DHR only) _____
Survey Project Name CRAS PD&E Study I-75 from north of US 301 to Fletcher Avenue, Hillsborough Survey # (DHR only) _____
National Register Category (please check one) building structure district site object
Ownership: private-profit private-nonprofit private-individual private-nonspecific city county state federal Native American foreign unknown

LOCATION & MAPPING

Address (include N,S,E,W; #; St., Ave., etc.) 10308 Woodberry Road
Cross Streets (nearest / between) NE of Hobbs Street and Woodberry Road intersection
USGS 7.5' Map Name & Date Brandon 1956 (1987) PR Plat or Other Map aerial photograph
City / Town (within 3 miles) Tampa In City Limits? yes no unknown County Hillsborough
Township 29S Range 20E Section 17 ¼ section: NW SW SE NE Irregular-name: _____
Tax Parcel # U-17-29-20-2D2-000000-00033.2 Landgrant unknown
Subdivision Name Fishers Farms Block - _____ Lot - _____
UTM: Zone 16 17 Easting 369229 _____ 0 Northing 3092724 _____ 0
Other Coordinates: X: _____ Y: _____ Coordinate System & Datum _____
Name of Public Tract (e.g., park) _____

HISTORY

Construction Year: 1955 approximately year listed or earlier year listed or later
Original Use* Residence From (year): 1955 To (year): unknown
Current Use* Commercial From (year): unknown To (year): 2008
Other Use* _____ From (year): _____ To (year): _____
Moves: yes no unknown Dates _____ Original address (if moved) _____
Alterations: yes no unknown Dates _____ Nature* Fenestration
Additions: yes no unknown Dates c.1960 Nature* W/room addition, drop siding; 2 car garage, concrete
Architect (last name first): _____ Builder (last name first): _____
Ownership History (especially original owner, dates, profession, etc.) Woodberry Properties LLC

Is the Resource Affected by a Local Preservation Ordinance? yes no unknown Describe _____

DESCRIPTION

Style* Frame/Masonry Vernacular Exterior Plan* Rectangular Number of Stories 1
Exterior Fabric(s)* Wood drop siding, concrete block on W addition
Roof Type(s)* side-gable Roof Material(s)* composition shingle
Roof secondary strucs. (dormers etc.)* _____
Windows (types, materials, etc.)* 4-light awning, aluminum, ribbon; 3-light awning, aluminum, paired; 1/1 DHS, wood, on East elevation
Distinguishing Architectural Features (exterior or interior ornaments) Exterior wood drop siding, partial window surrounds remain, exposed rafter tails under eaves, original 1/1 DHS windows on East elevation
Ancillary Features / Outbuildings (record outbuildings, major landscape features; use continuation sheet if needed.) N/storage sheds to rear

* Consult *Guide to Historical Structure Forms* for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

DHR USE ONLY		OFFICIAL EVALUATION		DHR USE ONLY	
NR List Date ____/____/____	SHPO – Appears to meet criteria for NR listing: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> insufficient info	Date ____/____/____	Init. _____		
<input type="checkbox"/> Owner Objection	KEEPER – Determined eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no	Date ____/____/____			
	NR Criteria for Evaluation: <input type="checkbox"/> a <input type="checkbox"/> b <input type="checkbox"/> c <input type="checkbox"/> d (see <i>National Register Bulletin</i> 15, p. 2)				

DESCRIPTION (continued)

Chimney: No. 0 Material(s) * -
Structural System(s) * Wood frame on original building, concrete block on W garage addition
Foundation: Type(s) * Continuous Material(s) * Concrete piers with block infill
Main Entrance (stylistic details) Metal swing door on S facade, placed at corner of newer addition and original structure
Porch Descriptions (types, locations, roof types, etc.) Small shed roof projection (unsupported) protects entryway

Condition (overall resource condition): [] excellent [x] good [] fair [] deteriorated [] ruinous
Narrative Description of Resource This common type frame vernacular building has experienced unsympathetic additions to the west elevation that greatly enlarges its size. Additionally, the changes in fenestration and replacement of the front door have altered its exterior appearance. The drop siding and East windows represent features original to the building.
Archaeological Remains [] Check if Archaeological Form Completed

* Consult Guide to Historical Structure Forms for preferred descriptions (coded fields at the Site File).

RESEARCH METHODS (check all that apply)

- [x] FMSF record search (sites/surveys) [] library research [] building permits [] Sanborn maps
[] FL State Archives/photo collection [] city directory [] occupant/owner interview [] plat maps
[x] property appraiser / tax records [] newspaper files [] neighbor interview [x] Public Lands Survey (DEP)
[x] cultural resource survey [] historic photos [] interior inspection [] HABS/HAER record search
[] other methods (describe)

Bibliographic References (give FMSF manuscript # if relevant, use continuation sheet if needed) Hillsborough County Property Appraiser

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing individually? [] yes [x] no [] insufficient information
Appears to meet the criteria for National Register listing as part of a district? [] yes [x] no [] insufficient information
Explanation of Evaluation (required, whether significant or not; use separate sheet if needed) This mid-century building reflects moderate changes in its massing and stylistic elements that compromise its historic integrity. These modifications, in addition to a lack of historical associations or architectural merit, limit the importance of this building, and therefore, it is not eligible for listing on the NRHP.
Area(s) of Historical Significance (see National Register Bulletin 15, p. 8 for categories: e.g. "architecture", "ethnic heritage", "community planning & development", etc.) CP&D

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible:
For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.
Florida Site File for past architectural surveys, Florida Site File search, Hillsborough County Property Appraiser
All field notes, maps, and photos on file at ACI; P08030

RECORDER INFORMATION

Recorder Name Estabrook, Desiree and Marielle Lumang
Recorder Contact Information (address / phone / fax / e-mail) 8110 Blaikie Ct, Suite A, Sarasota, Florida 34243/941-379-6206/ ACIFlorida@comcast.net
Recorder Affiliation Archaeological Consultants, Inc.

Use a Supplement for Site Forms or other continuation sheet for descriptions that do not fit in the spaces provided.

Required Attachments

- 1 USGS 7.5' MAP WITH STRUCTURE LOCATION PINPOINTED IN RED
2 LARGE SCALE STREET, PLAT OR PARCEL MAP (available from most property appraiser web sites)
3 PHOTO OF MAIN FACADE, ARCHIVAL B&W PRINT OR DIGITAL IMAGE FILE
If submitting an image file, it must be included on disk or CD AND in hard copy format (plain paper is acceptable). Digital image must be at least 1600 x 1200 pixels, 24-bit color, jpeg or tiff.

PHOTOGRAPH



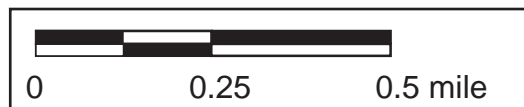
PARCEL STREET MAP



0 257 meters

GIS USGS MAP

Township 29 South, Range 20 East, Section 17
Brandon, 1982





RESOURCE GROUP FORM
FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE
Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI11481
Recorder#
Field Date 11 / 19 / 08
Form Date 11 / 25 / 08

- Original
Update

NOTE: Use this form to document districts, landscapes and building complexes as described in the box below. Cultural resources contributing to the Resource Group should also be documented individually at the Site File. Do not use this form for National Register multiple property submissions (MPSs).

Check ONE box that best describes the Resource Group:

- Historic district
Archaeological district
Mixed district
FMSF building complex
Designed historic landscape
Rural historic landscape
Linear resource

Resource Group Name CSX Railroad segment, formerly Atlantic Coast Line
Project Name I-75 Fletcher, Hillsborough Manatee
National Register Category
Linear Resource Type
Ownership

LOCATION & MAPPING

Address directly south of Broadway Avenue
City/Town Tampa
County or Counties Hillsborough
Name of Public Tract
USGS 7.5' Map Name(s) & Date(s)
Plat, Aerial, or Other Map

Verbal Description of Boundaries Railroad corridor traverses under I-75 in a east-west direction and the segment recorded during survey lies roughly 140 feet south of Broadway Avenue.

Table with 3 columns: DHR USE ONLY, OFFICIAL EVALUATION, DHR USE ONLY. Contains fields for NR List Date, Owner Objection, SHPO criteria, and evaluation criteria.

HISTORY & DESCRIPTION

Construction date: Exactly _____ (year) Approximately 1884 (year) Earlier than _____ (year) Later than _____ (year)

Architect/Designer (last name first): unknown Builder (last name first): Tampa & Key West Railway

Total number of individual resources included in this Resource Group: # of contributing _____ # of non-contributing 1

Time period(s) of significance (for prehistoric districts, use archaeological phase name and approximate dates; for historical districts, use date range(s), e.g. 1895-1925) 1890 - 1920

Narrative Description (National Register Bulletin 16A pp. 33-34; fit a summary into 3 lines or attach supplementary sheets if needed) This single standard gauge railway on stone ballast reflects modern improvements in its construction, including the replacement of worn rail ties. Originally part of the Henry B. Plant system, it is now owned by CSX.

RESEARCH METHODS (check all that apply)

- FMSF record search (sites/surveys)
- library research
- building permits
- Sanborn maps
- FL State Archives/photo collection
- city directory
- occupant/owner interview
- plat maps
- property appraiser / tax records
- newspaper files
- neighbor interview
- Public Lands Survey (DEP)
- cultural resource survey
- historic photos
- interior inspection
- HABS/HAER record search
- other methods (specify) _____

Bibliographic References (use Continuation Sheet, give FMSF Manuscript # if relevant) _____

Turner, Greg. 1999. Railroads of Southwest Florida. Arcadia Publishing, Charleston, SC.

Turner, Greg. 2003 A Short History of Florida Railroads. Arcadia Publishing, Charleston, SC.

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Potentially eligible individually for National Register of Historic Places? yes no insufficient information

Potentially eligible as contributor to a National Register district? yes no insufficient information

Explanation of Evaluation (required, see National Register Bulletin 16A p. 48-49. Attach longer statement, if needed, on separate sheet.) Although this railroad corridor dates to Florida's early development, and retains its historic function as an active railway, the railroad reflects modern improvements that diminish its historic integrity. Additionally, only a small segment was surveyed, as evaluation of the entire corridor was beyond the scope of this project.

Area(s) of Historical Significance (see National Register Bulletin 15, p. 8 for categories: e.g. "architecture", "ethnic heritage", "community planning & development", etc.) CP&D

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible: For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.

Florida Site File for past architectural surveys, Florida Site File search, Hillsborough County Property Appraiser

All field notes, maps, and photos on file at ACI; P08030

RECORDER INFORMATION

Recorder Name Estabrook, Desiree and Marielle Lumang

Recorder Contact Information (Address / Phone / Fax / Email) 8110 Blaikie Ct, Suite A, Sarasota, Florida 34243/941-379-6206/ ACIFlorida@comcast.net

Recorder Affiliation Archaeological Consultants, Inc.

Required Attachments

- ① PHOTOCOPY OF USGS 7.5' MAP WITH DISTRICT BOUNDARY CLEARLY MARKED
- ② LARGE SCALE STREET, PLAT OR PARCEL MAP WITH RESOURCES MAPPED & LABELED
- ③ TABULATION OF ALL INCLUDED RESOURCES (name, FMSF #, contributing? Y/N, resource category, street address or township-range-section if no address)
- ④ PHOTOS OF GENERAL STREETScape OR VIEWS (Optional: aerial photos, views of typical resources)
Photos may be archival B&W prints OR digital image files. If submitting digital image files, they must be included on disk or CD AND in hard copy format (plain paper is acceptable). Digital images must be at least 1600 x 1200 pixels, 24-bit color, jpeg or tiff.

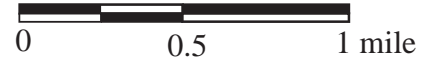
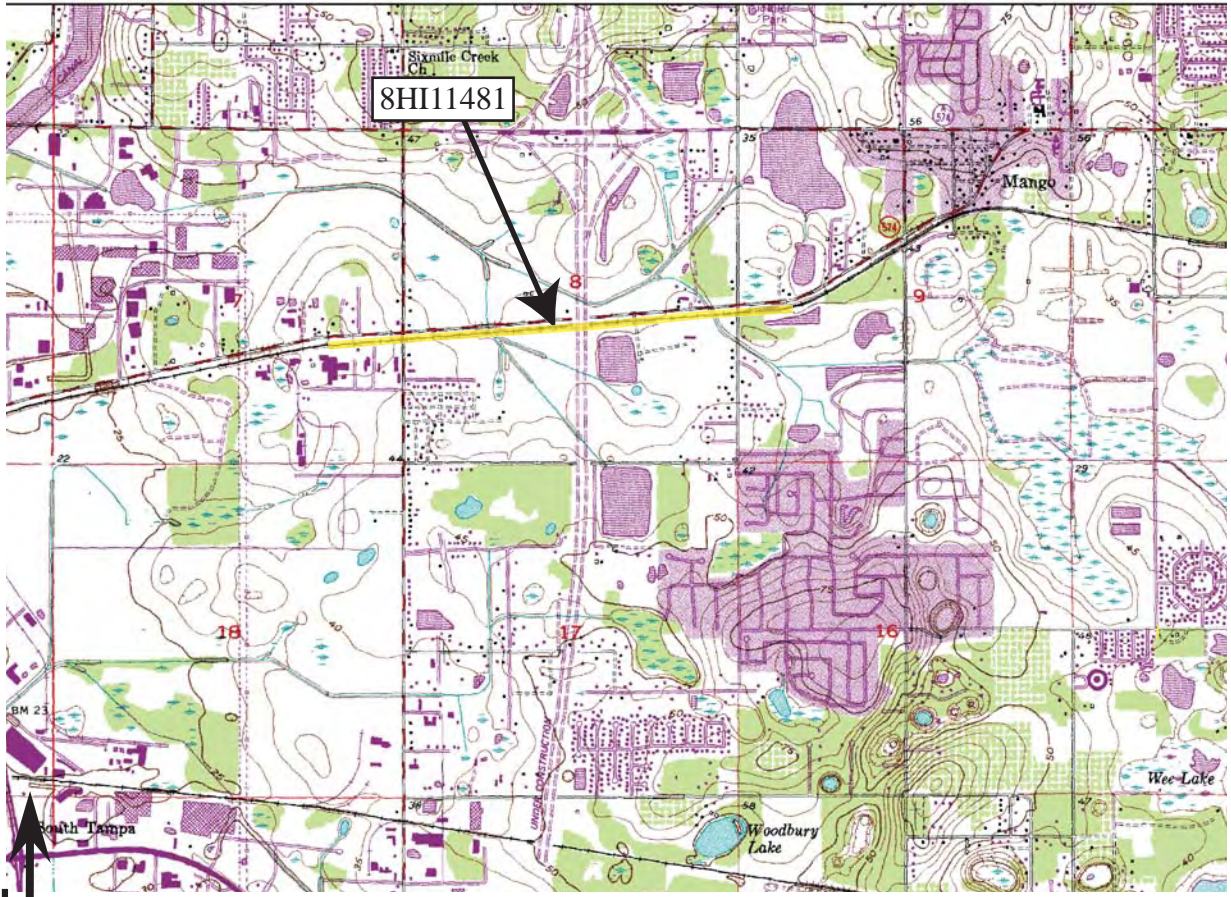


RESOURCE GROUP FORM

Site #8 HI11481

GIS USGS MAP

Township 29 South, Range 20 East, Section 8
Brandon 1982



ARCHAEOLOGICAL CONSULTANTS INCORPORATED

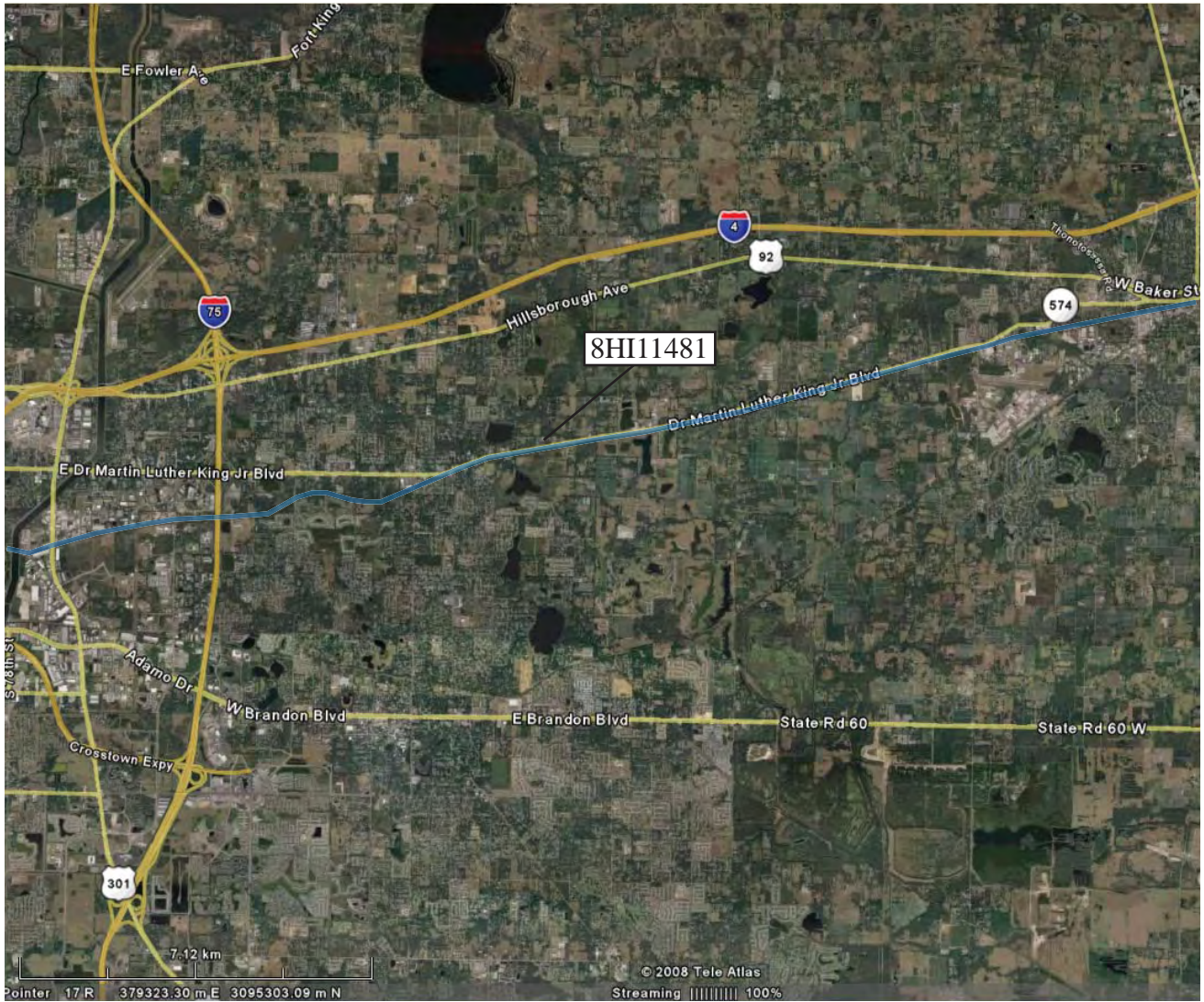


RESOURCE GROUP FORM

GOOGLE EARTH 2008 MAP

Hillsborough County, Florida

Site #8 HI11481





RESOURCE GROUP FORM
FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE
Version 4.0 1/07

Site #8 HI11482
Recorder#
Field Date 11 / 19 / 08
Form Date 11 / 25 / 08

- Original
Update

NOTE: Use this form to document districts, landscapes and building complexes as described in the box below. Cultural resources contributing to the Resource Group should also be documented individually at the Site File. Do not use this form for National Register multiple property submissions (MPSs).

Check ONE box that best describes the Resource Group:

- Historic district
Archaeological district
Mixed district
FMSF building complex
Designed historic landscape
Rural historic landscape
Linear resource

Resource Group Name CSX Railroad segment, formerly Seaboard Air Line
Project Name I-75 Fletcher, Hillsborough Manatee
National Register Category
Linear Resource Type
Ownership

LOCATION & MAPPING

Address 700 ft south of Woodberry Road
City/Town Tampa
County or Counties Hillsborough
Name of Public Tract
Township Range Section 1/4 section
USGS 7.5' Map Name(s) & Date(s)
Plat, Aerial, or Other Map
Landgrant unknown

Verbal Description of Boundaries Railroad corridor traverses under I-75 in a east-west direction and the segment recorded during survey lies roughly 700 feet south of Woodberry Road.

Table with 3 columns: DHR USE ONLY, OFFICIAL EVALUATION, DHR USE ONLY. Rows include NR List Date, Owner Objection, SHPO criteria, and NR Criteria for Evaluation.

HISTORY & DESCRIPTION

Construction date: Exactly _____ (year) Approximately 1890 (year) Earlier than _____ (year) Later than _____ (year)

Architect/Designer (last name first): unknown Builder (last name first): Florida Central Peninsular

Total number of individual resources included in this Resource Group: # of contributing _____ # of non-contributing 1

Time period(s) of significance (for prehistoric districts, use archaeological phase name and approximate dates; for historical districts, use date range(s), e.g. 1895-1925) 1890 - 1920

Narrative Description (National Register Bulletin 16A pp. 33-34; fit a summary into 3 lines or attach supplementary sheets if needed) This single standard gauge railway on stone ballast reflects modern improvements in its construction, including the replacement of worn rail ties. Originally part of the Florida Central Peninsular (FC&P) Company system, it is now owned by CSX.

RESEARCH METHODS (check all that apply)

- FMSF record search (sites/surveys)
- library research
- building permits
- Sanborn maps
- FL State Archives/photo collection
- city directory
- occupant/owner interview
- plat maps
- property appraiser / tax records
- newspaper files
- neighbor interview
- Public Lands Survey (DEP)
- cultural resource survey
- historic photos
- interior inspection
- HABS/HAER record search
- other methods (specify) _____

Bibliographic References (use Continuation Sheet, give FMSF Manuscript # if relevant) _____

Turner, Greg. 1999. Railroads of Southwest Florida. Arcadia Publishing, Charleston, SC.

Turner, Greg. 2003 A Short History of Florida Railroads. Arcadia Publishing, Charleston, SC.

OPINION OF RESOURCE SIGNIFICANCE

Potentially eligible individually for National Register of Historic Places? yes no insufficient information

Potentially eligible as contributor to a National Register district? yes no insufficient information

Explanation of Evaluation (required, see National Register Bulletin 16A p. 48-49. Attach longer statement, if needed, on separate sheet.) Although this railroad corridor dates to Florida's early development, and retains its historic function as an active railway, the railroad reflects modern improvements that diminish its historic integrity. Additionally, only a small segment was surveyed, as evaluation of the entire corridor was beyond the scope of this project.

Area(s) of Historical Significance (see National Register Bulletin 15, p. 8 for categories: e.g. "architecture", "ethnic heritage", "community planning & development", etc.) CP&D

DOCUMENTATION

Accessible Documentation Not Filed with the Site File - including field & analysis notes, photos, plans, other important documents that are permanently accessible: For each separately maintained collection, describe (1) document type(s),* (2) maintaining organization,* (3) file or accession nos., and (4) descriptive information.

Florida Site File for past architectural surveys, Florida Site File search, Hillsborough County Property Appraiser

All field notes, maps, and photos on file at ACI; P08030

RECORDER INFORMATION

Recorder Name Estabrook, Desiree and Marielle Lumang

Recorder Contact Information (Address / Phone / Fax / Email) 8110 Blaikie Ct, Suite A, Sarasota, Florida 34243/941-379-6206/ ACIFlorida@comcast.net

Recorder Affiliation Archaeological Consultants, Inc.

Required Attachments

- ❶ PHOTOCOPY OF USGS 7.5' MAP WITH DISTRICT BOUNDARY CLEARLY MARKED
- ❷ LARGE SCALE STREET, PLAT OR PARCEL MAP WITH RESOURCES MAPPED & LABELED
- ❸ TABULATION OF ALL INCLUDED RESOURCES (name, FMSF #, contributing? Y/N, resource category, street address or township-range-section if no address)
- ❹ PHOTOS OF GENERAL STREETScape OR VIEWS (Optional: aerial photos, views of typical resources)
Photos may be archival B&W prints OR digital image files. If submitting digital image files, they must be included on disk or CD AND in hard copy format (plain paper is acceptable). Digital images must be at least 1600 x 1200 pixels, 24-bit color, jpeg or tiff.

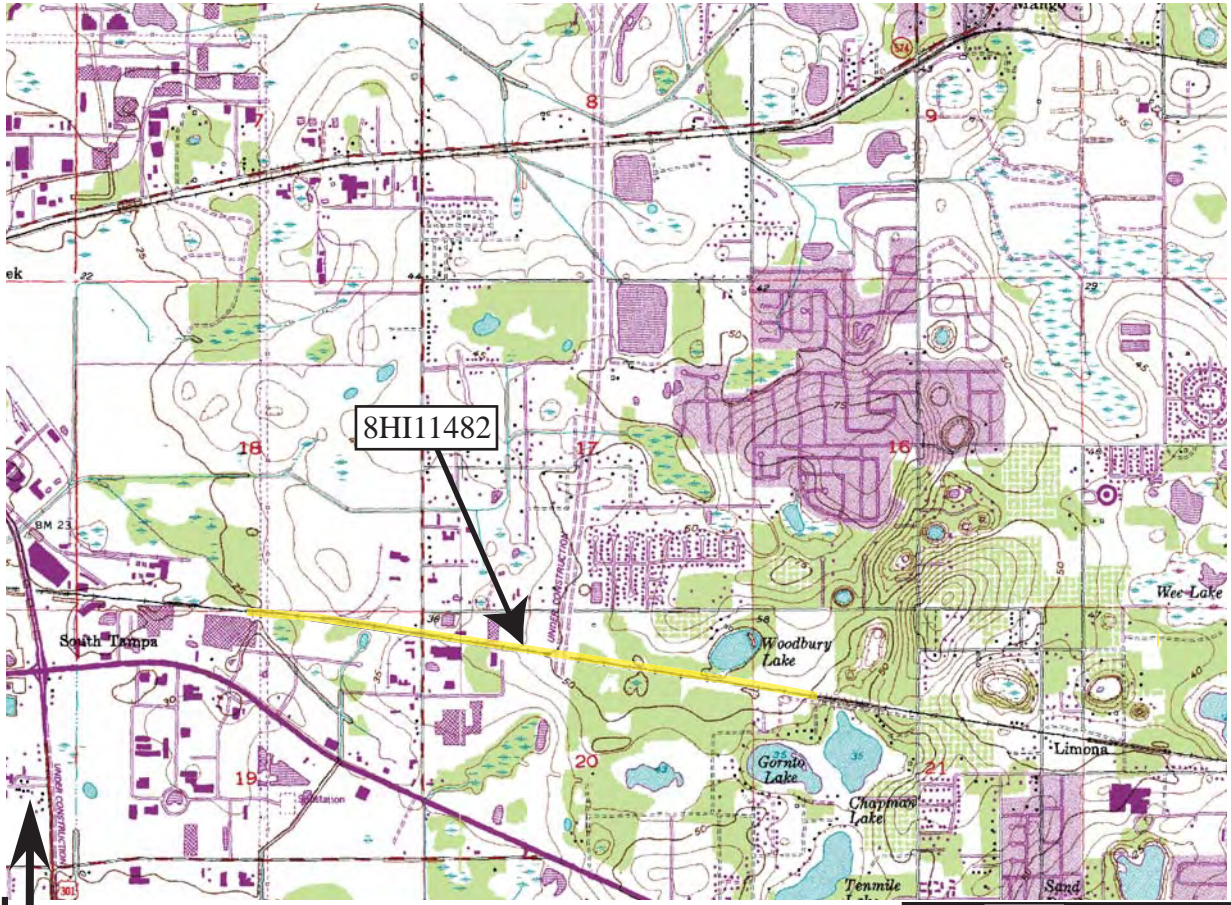


RESOURCE GROUP FORM

Site #8 HI11482

GIS USGS MAP

Township 29 South, Range 20 East, Section 20
Brandon 1982



0 0.5 1 mile



ARCHAEOLOGICAL CONSULTANTS INCORPORATED

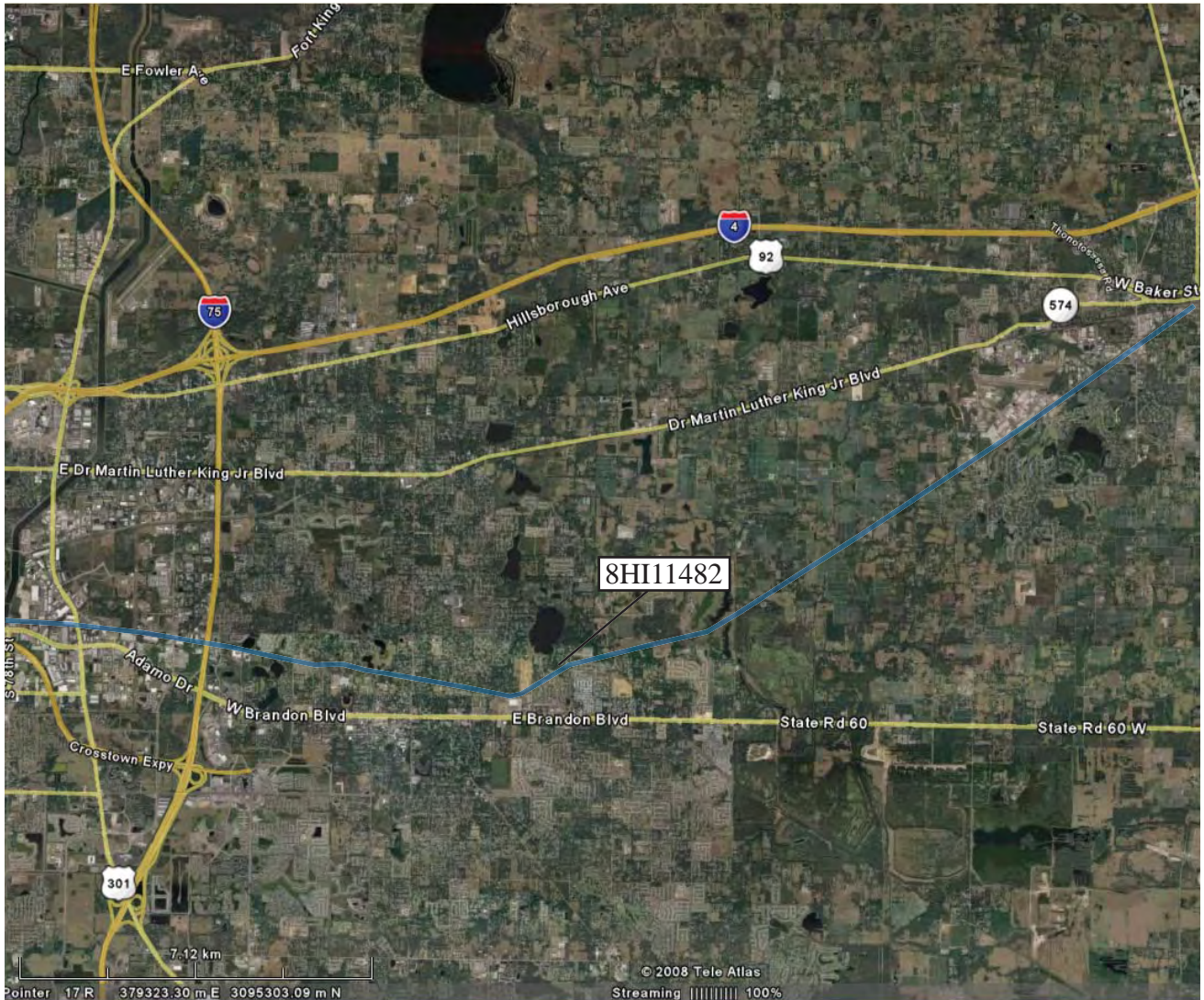


RESOURCE GROUP FORM

GOOGLE EARTH 2008 MAP

Hillsborough County, Florida

Site #8 HI11482



APPENDIX C

Survey Log

Ent D (FMSF only) ___/___/___



Survey Log Sheet

Florida Master Site File
Version 4.1 1/07

Survey # (FMSF only) _____

Consult *Guide to the Survey Log Sheet* for detailed instructions.

Identification and Bibliographic Information

Survey Project (name and project phase) I-75 PD&E US 301 to Fletcher

Report Title (exactly as on title page) Cultural Resource Assessment Survey Project Development and Environment (PD&E)
Study from South of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue Hillsborough County, Florida

Report Author(s) (as on title page— individual or corporate; last names first) ACI

Publication Date (year) 2009 Total Number of Pages in Report (count text, figures, tables, not site forms) 140

Publication Information (Give series and no. in series, publisher and city. For article or chapter, cite page numbers. Use the style of *American Antiquity*.)
ACI (2008) Cultural Resource Assessment Survey Project Development and Environment (PD&E) Study from South
of US 301 to North of Fletcher Avenue Hillsborough County, Florida. ACI, Sarasota.

Supervisor(s) of Fieldwork (whether or not the same as author(s); last name first) Deming, Joan

Affiliation of Fieldworkers (organization, city) Archaeological Consultants, Inc., Sarasota

Key Words/Phrases (Don't use the county, or common words like *archaeology, structure, survey, architecture*. Limit each word or phrase to 25 characters.) _____

Survey Sponsors (corporation, government unit, or person who is directly paying for fieldwork)

Name FDOT District Seven

Address/Phone _____

Recorder of *Log Sheet* Horvath, Elizabeth A. Date *Log Sheet* Completed 10 /9 /09

Is this survey or project a continuation of a previous project? No Yes: Previous survey #(s) (FMSF only) _____

Mapping

Counties (List each one in which field survey was done - do not abbreviate; use supplement sheet if necessary) Hillsborough

USGS 1:24,000 Map(s) : Map Name/Date of Latest Revision (use supplement sheet if necessary): _____

Brandon 1982

Thonotosassa 1977

Description of Survey Area

Dates for Fieldwork: Start 06/30/08 End 11/19/08 Total Area Surveyed (fill in one) _____ hectares 564 acres

Number of Distinct Tracts or Areas Surveyed 1

If Corridor (fill in one for each): Width _____ meters 300 feet Length _____ kilometers 15.5 miles

Research and Field Methods

Types of Survey (check all that apply): archaeological architectural historical/archival underwater other: _____

Preliminary Methods (✓ Check as many as apply to the project as a whole.)

- Florida Archives (Gray Building) library research- local public local property or tax records other historic maps
Florida Photo Archives (Gray Building) library-special collection - nonlocal newspaper files soils maps or data
Site File property search Public Lands Survey (maps at DEP) literature search windshield survey
Site File survey search local informant(s) Sanborn Insurance maps aerial photography
other (describe) _____

Archaeological Methods (✓ Check as many as apply to the project as a whole.)

- Check here if NO archaeological methods were used.
surface collection, controlled other screen shovel test (size: _____) block excavation (at least 2x2 M)
surface collection, uncontrolled water screen (finest size: _____) soil resistivity
shovel test-1/4" screen posthole tests magnetometer
shovel test-1/8" screen auger (size: _____) side scan sonar
shovel test 1/16" screen coring unknown
shovel test-unscreened test excavation (at least 1x2 M)
other (describe): _____

Historical/Architectural Methods (✓ Check as many as apply to the project as a whole.)

- Check here if NO historical/architectural methods were used.
building permits demolition permits neighbor interview subdivision maps
commercial permits exposed ground inspected occupant interview tax records
interior documentation local property records occupation permits unknown
other (describe): _____

Scope/Intensity/Procedures background research, surface reconnaissance, systematic (10, 25, 50 & 100 m intervals) and judgmentally placed, 50 cm diameter, 1 m deep, 6.4 mm mesh screen, historic resource documentation, artifact analysis, report preparation; photographs taken; report prepared

Survey Results (cultural resources recorded)

Site Significance Evaluated? Yes No If Yes, circle NR-eligible/significant site numbers below.

Site Counts: Previously Recorded Sites 37 Newly Recorded Sites 15

Previously Recorded Site #'s with Site File Update Forms (List site #'s without "8." Attach supplementary pages if necessary) See attached

Newly Recorded Site #'s (Are you sure all are originals and not updates? Identify methods used to check for updates, i.e., researched Site File records. List site #'s without "8." Attach supplementary pages if necessary.) HI11460-11472, HI11481-11482

Site Form Used: Site File Paper Form SmartForm II Electronic Recording Form

REQUIRED: ATTACH PLOT OF SURVEY AREA ON PHOTOCOPIES OF USGS 1:24,000 MAP(S)

Table with 3 columns: DO NOT USE, SITE FILE USE ONLY, DO NOT USE. Rows include BAR Related (872, CARL, 1A32 #, UW) and BHP Related (State Historic Preservation Grant, Compliance Review: CRAT #).

Previously Recorded Archaeological Sites, Historic Structures and Linear Resources
within the I-75 PD&E Study APE

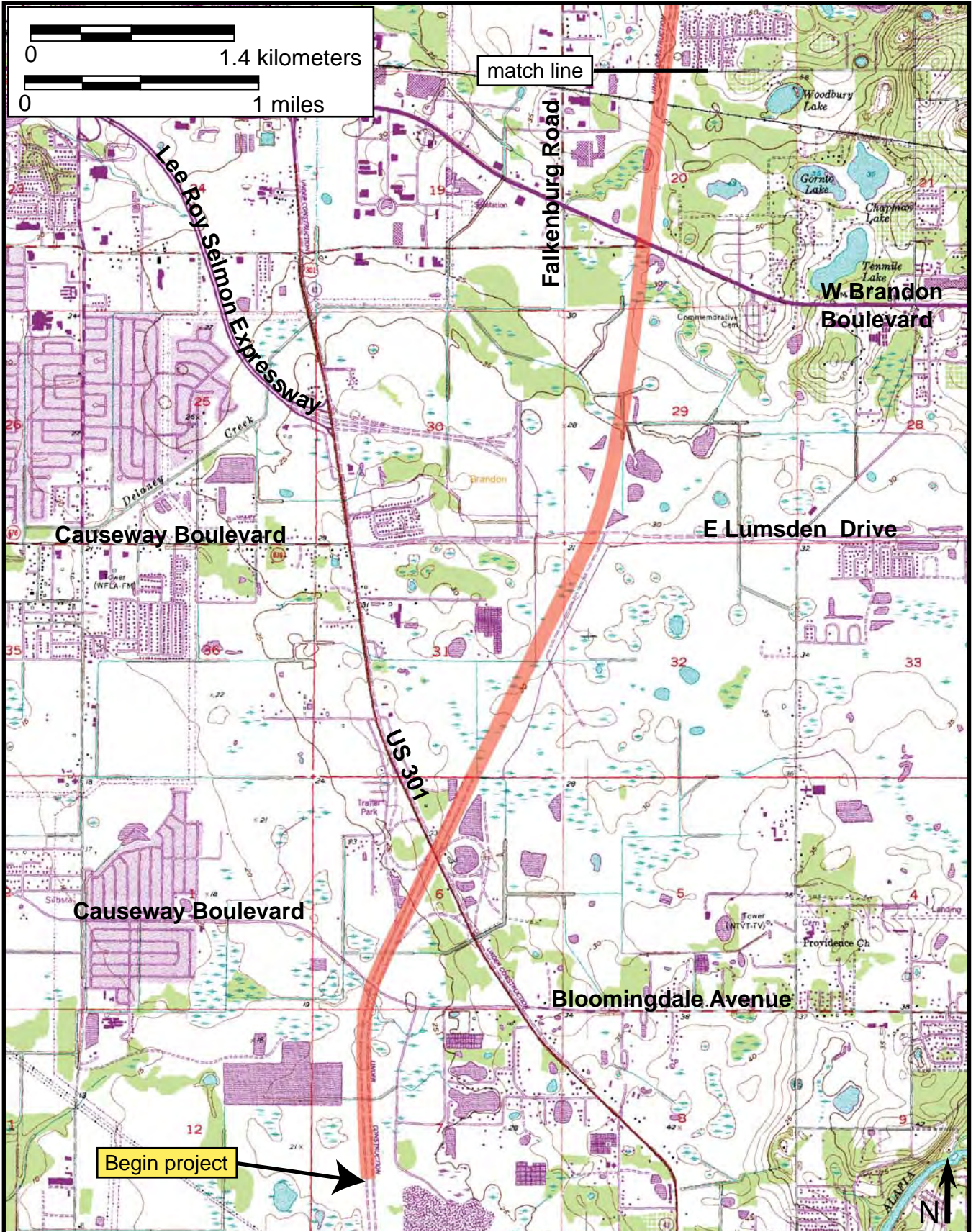
Archaeological Sites

HI99
HI392
HI450
HI472
HI473
HI476 (A and B)
HI483
HI485
HI505
HI507
HI509
HI510
HI513
HI514
HI519
HI520
HI521
HI522
HI5434
HI5926
HI6892
HI7877
HI10209
HI11479
HI5430
HI5431
HI5432
HI5433

Historic Structures

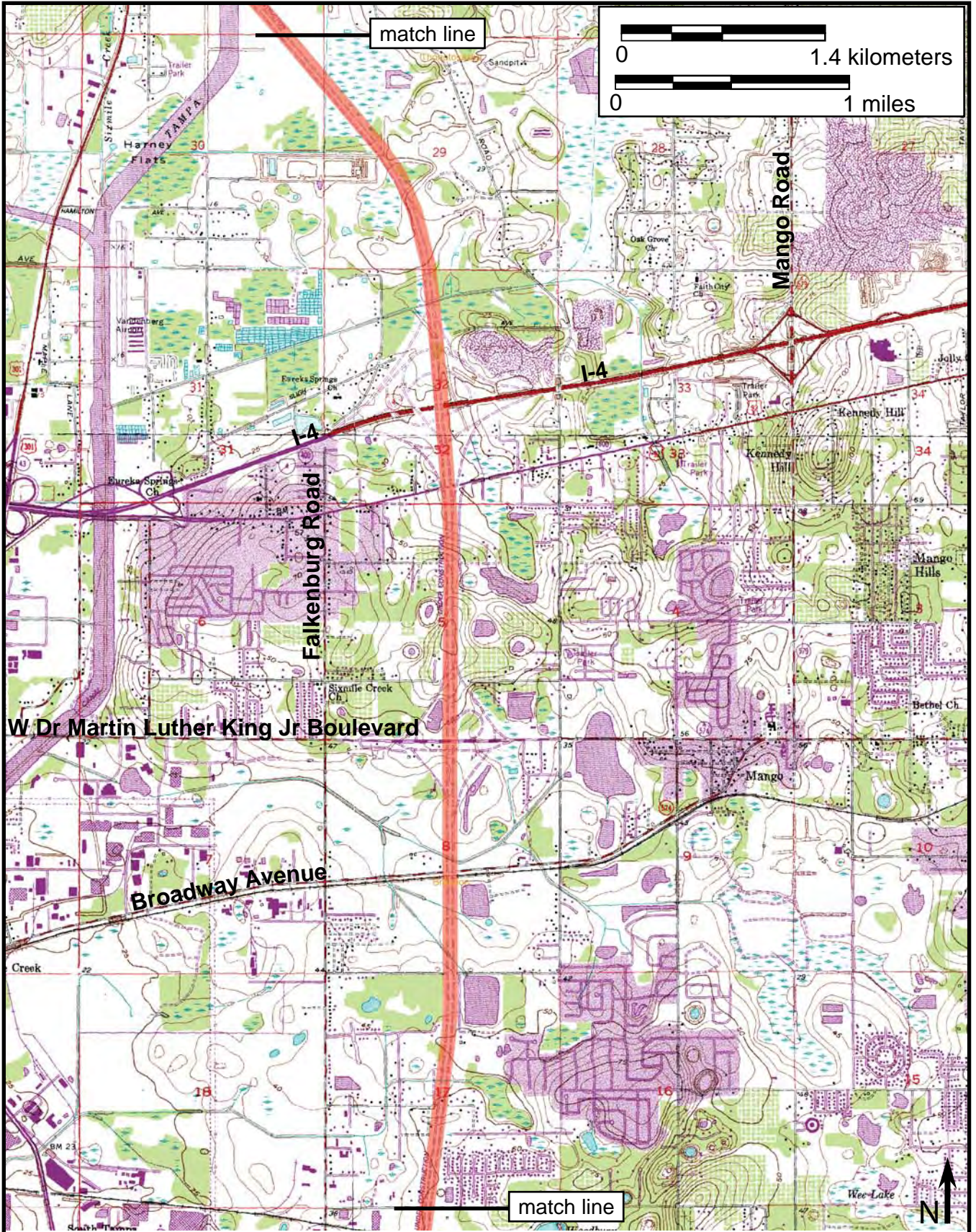
HI5085 (updated form)
HI5086 (updated form)
HI6900
HI6901
HI7839
HI7840 (updated form)
HI8742 – potentially eligible for NRHP
(updated form)
HI8743

None of these archaeological sites are
considered significant as contained
within the APE



I-75 PD&E Study corridor (USGS Brandon 1982).

I-75 (SR 93A) PD&E Study
 from south of US 301
 to north of Fletcher Avenue
 Hillsborough County
 WPI Segment No. 419235-3



I-75 PD&E Study corridor (USGS Brandon 1982 and Thonotosassa 1977).

I-75 (SR 93A) PD&E Study from south of US 301 to north of Fletcher Avenue Hillsborough County WPI Segment No. 419235-3



I-75 PD&E Study corridor (USGS Thonotosassa 1977).

I-75 (SR 93A) PD&E Study from south of US 301 to north of Fletcher Avenue Hillsborough County WPI Segment No. 419235-3