

S.R. 200
PD&E STUDY REEVALUATION

S.R. 200 PD&E Study Reevaluation

From U.S. 41 to N. of the Marion County Line
Citrus County, Florida
WPI Segment No. 257188 1
FAP No. FL62-020R

FINAL

LOCATION HYDRAULICS REPORT



Florida Department of Transportation
District 7, Tampa, Florida

March 2001

Revised June 2002

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Prepared by:



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Tampa, Florida

Prepared for:



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1.0 GENERAL PROJECT DESCRIPTION

1.1 INTRODUCTION

In November 1996, the Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) received Federal Highway Administration's (FHWA) approval on a Project Development and Environment (PD&E) Study that evaluated improvement alternatives along the S.R. 200 corridor. The limits of the PD&E Study extended from U.S. 41 (S.R. 45) in Citrus County to C.R. 484 in Marion County, a length of approximately 12.9 miles. Following consideration of the future traffic demand, motorist safety and evacuation needs, it was recommended to widen the subject segment of S.R. 200 to a four-lane divided facility.

In accordance with Code 23 of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 771.129, FDOT is currently conducting a PD&E Study Reevaluation for the segment of S.R. 200 which extends from U.S. 41 in Citrus County (Station 0+00) to just north of the Marion County Line (Station 352+07.04), a length of approximately 6.7 miles. The project is located in Sections 23, 14, 11 and 2 of Township 18S and Range 19E, Sections 35, 36 and 25 of Township 17S and Range 19E and Section 30 of Township 17S and Range 20E within Citrus County, Florida. In addition, the project is in FDOT Rainfall Zone 5 and is under the jurisdictions of the Southwest Florida Water Management District (SWFWMD), the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP), the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the United States Army Corps of Engineers (ACOE). Figure 1 depicts the location and the limits of the Reevaluation study area.

This Reevaluation will use current data to re-assess the effects of implementing the recommendations of the original PD&E study and, where possible, will modify these recommendations to further minimize these effects. The project is identified as Work Program Item (WPI) Segment Number 257188 1 and Federal Aid Program (FAP) Number FL62-020R.

1.2 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Executive Order 11988 "Floodplain Management", USDOT Order 5650.2, "Floodplain Management and Protection", and 23 CFR 650 mandate protection of floodplains and floodways. As outlined in the current version of Chapter 24 of the FDOT's PD&E Manual, these regulations are intended to "minimize highway encroachments within the 100-year base floodplain, where practicable, and to avoid supporting land use development which is incompatible with floodplains value". State and local floodplain criteria will be met.

The Location Hydraulics Report (LHR) and the Pond Sitting Report -presented in a separate document- are part of the documentations needed to complete the PD&E Study Reevaluation of the S.R. 200 project. This effort will reevaluate and update the previous LHR that was prepared by FDOT District 5 dated in December 1993. A copy of the previous LHR is included in Appendix A.

1.3 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Within the limits of the reevaluation study area, S.R. 200 is a two-lane undivided rural facility centered within 100 feet of right-of-way. The existing typical section, in general, provides two 11-foot-wide travel lanes and four-foot-wide paved shoulders and drainage ditches on each side. This typical section is shown on Figure 2. The only variation to this typical section is from south of East Arbor Lakes Drive to north of North Apache Trail, a distance of 0.7 miles, where S.R. 200 has been recently widened to provide two 12-foot-wide through lanes, a center 13-foot-wide two-way left turn lane, 4-foot-wide paved shoulders and 5-foot-wide sidewalks behind the ditches.

From north of East Summit Lane to approximately East Sapphire Lane, the speed limit is 50 miles per hour (mph) and from this point to the end of the project, the posted speed limit is 55 mph. The existing plans, dated 1936, do not indicate a design speed for this roadway.

1.4 ORIGINAL PD&E STUDY PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTIONS

The original PD&E Study recommended a four-lane urban divided highway from East Apex Lane to Tiger Eye Drive, a four-lane rural divided highway from Tiger Eye Drive to the Withlacoochee River and a bridge four-lane typical section. These recommendations were consistent with the results of the future traffic conditions analyses that pointed to the need for widening S.R. 200 to a four-lane divided facility.

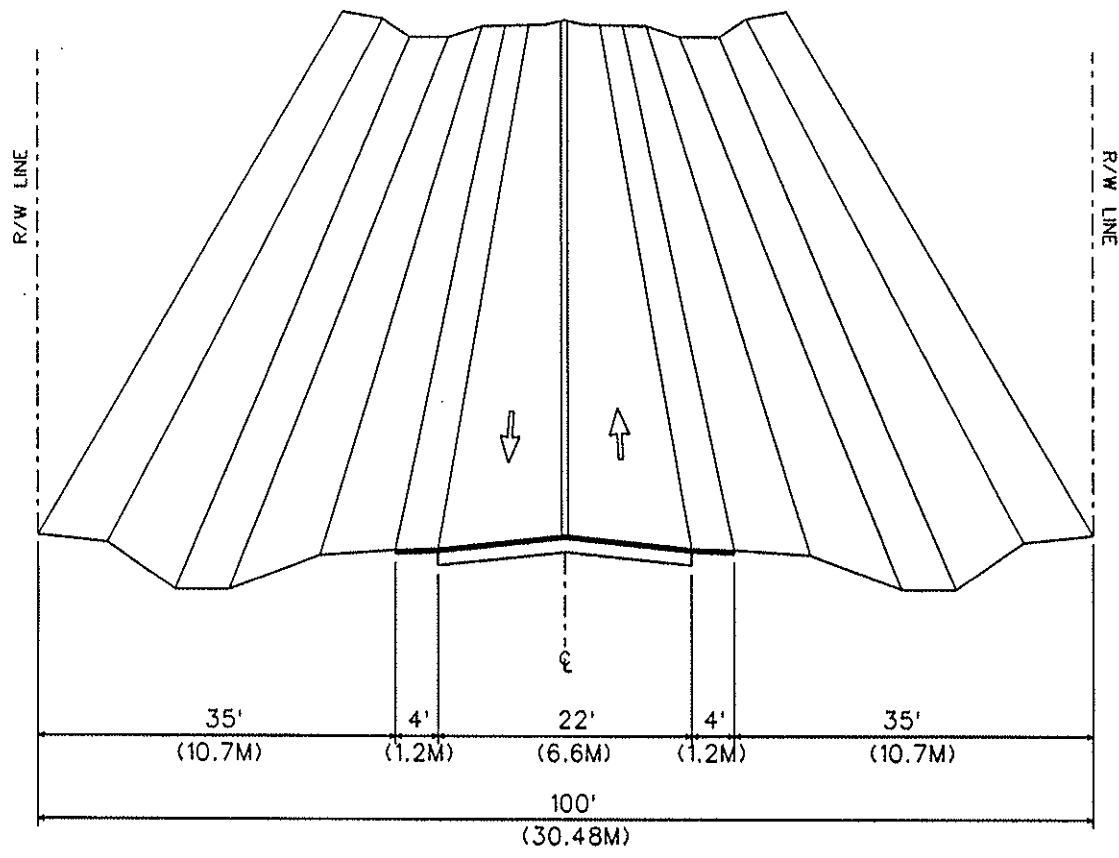
Figure 3 illustrates the urban, four-lane typical section that was recommended for the southern end of the project from U.S. 41 to East Lake Park Road. Figure 4 illustrates the rural, four-lane typical section that was recommended for the remainder of the project. Figure 5 illustrates the typical section recommendation for the bridge over Withlacoochee River. It should be noted that the spacing between the northbound and southbound bridges was inconsistent with the rural typical section median.

1.5 RECOMMENDED PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTIONS

The typical sections that are considered in this reevaluation for S.R. 200 are discussed in detail in a separate document, the "Typical Sections Memorandum". Figures 6 through 9 illustrate the typical sections recommended in this reevaluation for various segments of S.R. 200 from U.S. 41 to north of the Marion County Line.

1.5.1 Urban, Four-Lane Divided

Figure 6 presents the urban typical section. This typical section maintains the same design speed and fits within the existing 100-foot-wide right-of-way compared to the urban typical section recommended by the original PD&E Study.



NOTE: CONVERSIONS FROM ENGLISH TO METRIC UNITS ARE NOMINAL RATHER THAN EXACT

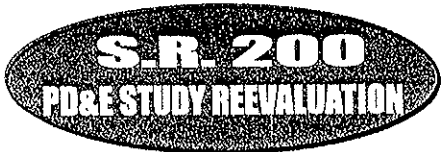
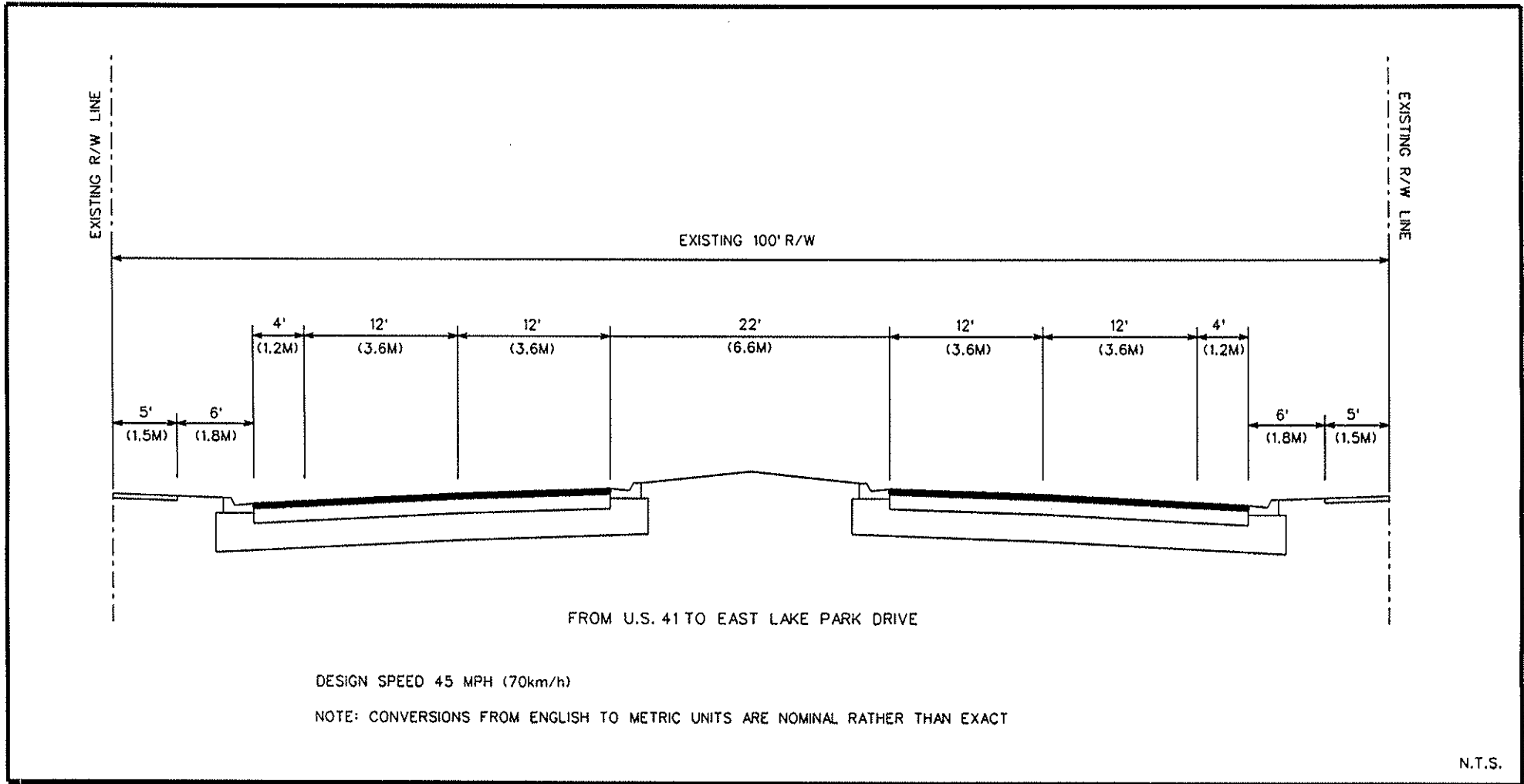
N.T.S.



**EXISTING
TYPICAL SECTION**

S.R. 200 PD&E STUDY
REEVALUATION
FROM U.S. 41 TO N. OF MARION COUNTY LINE
CITRUS COUNTY
WPI SEG. NO. 257188 1; FAP NO. FL62-020R

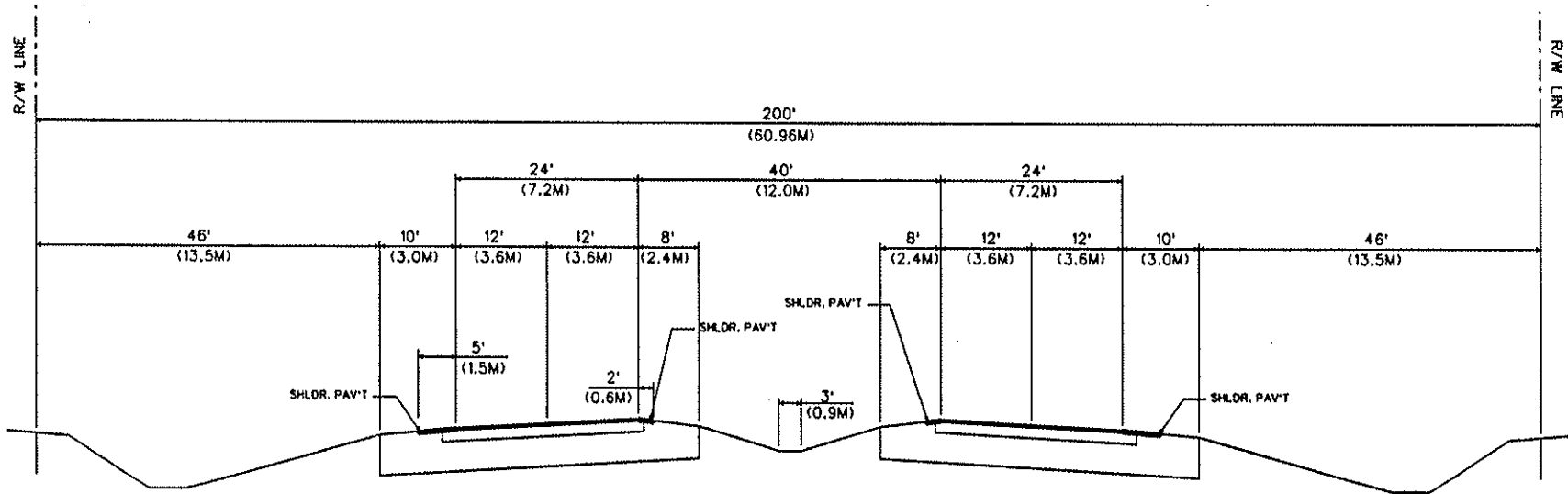
FIGURE 2



ORIGINAL PD&E STUDY
RECOMMENDATION FOR
URBAN TYPICAL SECTION

FIGURE 3

S.R. 200 PD&E STUDY
REEVALUATION
FROM U.S. 41 TO N. OF MARION COUNTY LINE
CITRUS COUNTY
WPISEG. NO. 257188 1; FAP NO. FL62-020R

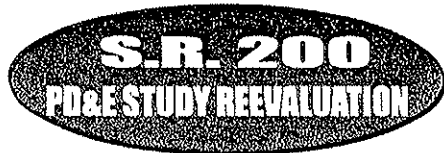


FROM EAST LAKE PARK DRIVE
TO C.R. 484 IN MARION COUNTY

DESIGN SPEED 55 MPH (90km/h)

NOTE: CONVERSIONS FROM ENGLISH TO METRIC UNITS ARE NOMINAL RATHER THAN EXACT

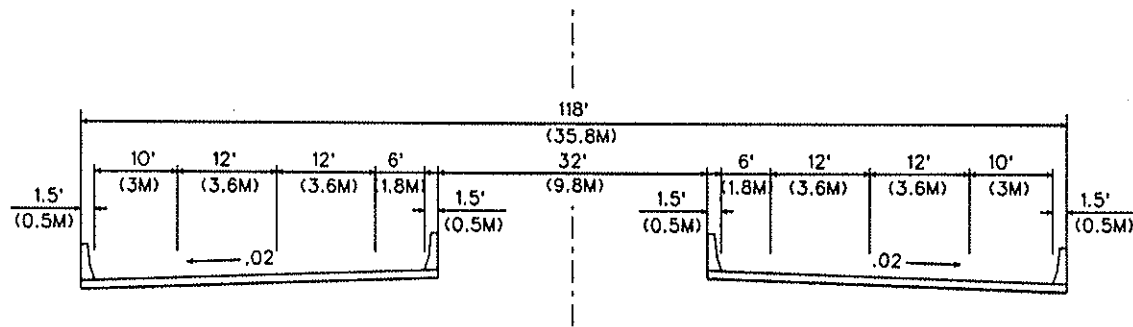
N.T.S.



ORIGINAL PD&E STUDY
RECOMMENDATION FOR
RURAL TYPICAL SECTION

S.R. 200 PD&E STUDY
REEVALUATION
FROM U.S. 41 TO N. OF MARION COUNTY LINE
CITRUS COUNTY
WPISEG. NO. 257188 1; FAP NO. FL62-020R

FIGURE 4

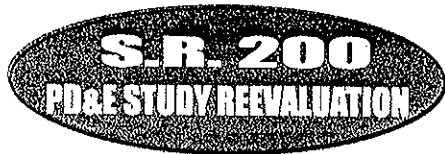


BRIDGE OVER
WITHLACOOCHEE RIVER

DESIGN SPEED 55 MPH (90km/h)

NOTE: CONVERSIONS FROM ENGLISH TO METRIC UNITS ARE NOMINAL RATHER THAN EXACT

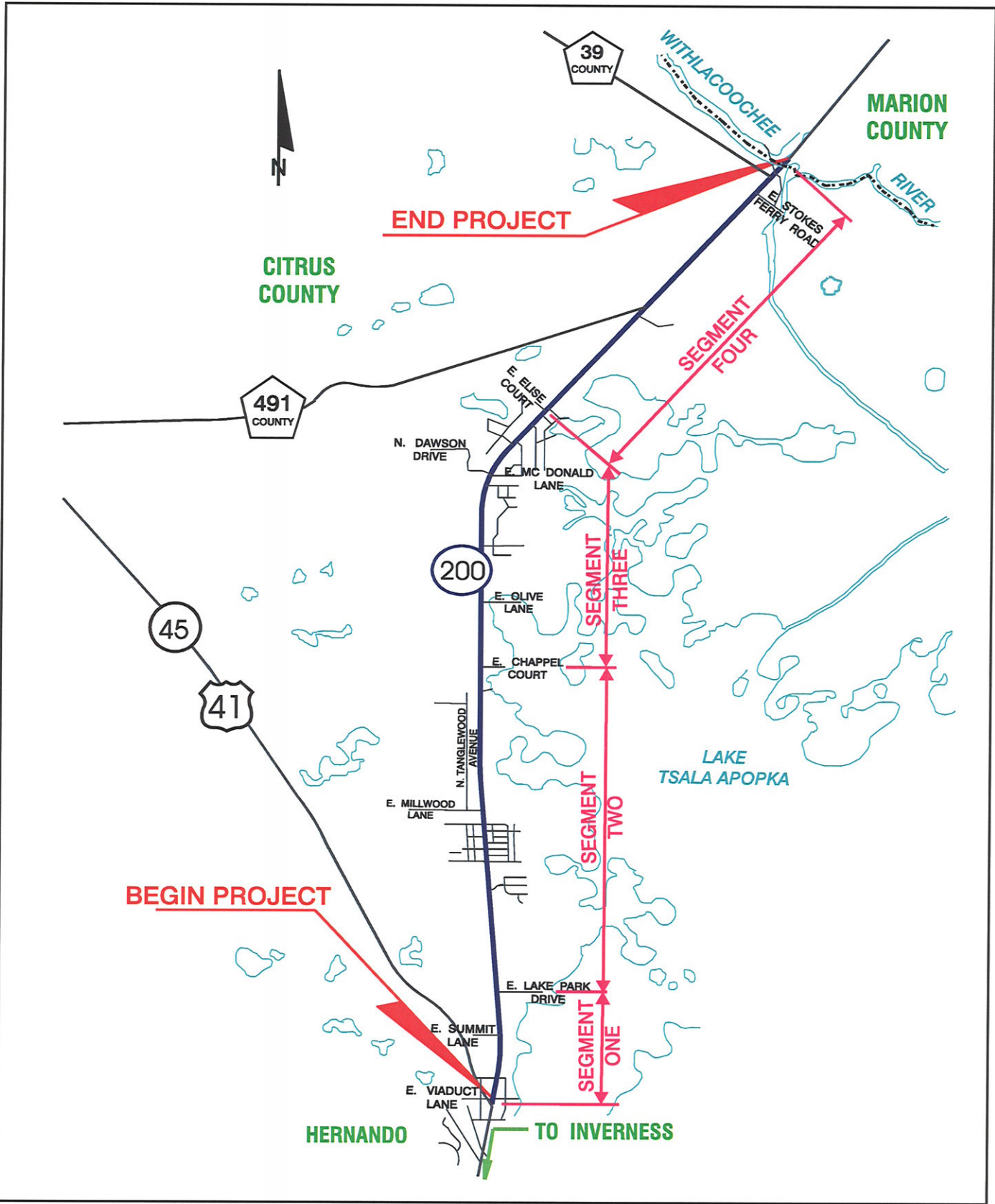
N.T.S.



ORIGINAL PD&E STUDY
RECOMMENDATION FOR
BRIDGE TYPICAL SECTION

FIGURE 5

S.R. 200 PD&E STUDY
REEVALUATION
FROM U.S. 41 TO N. OF MARION COUNTY LINE
CITRUS COUNTY
WPI SEG. NO. 257188 1; FAP NO. FL62-020R



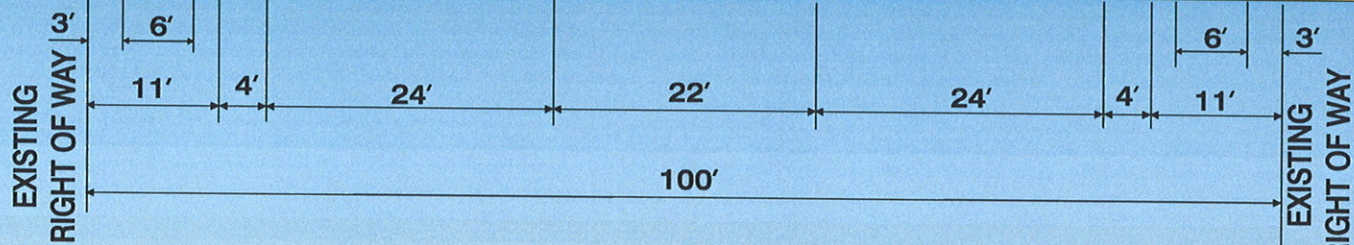
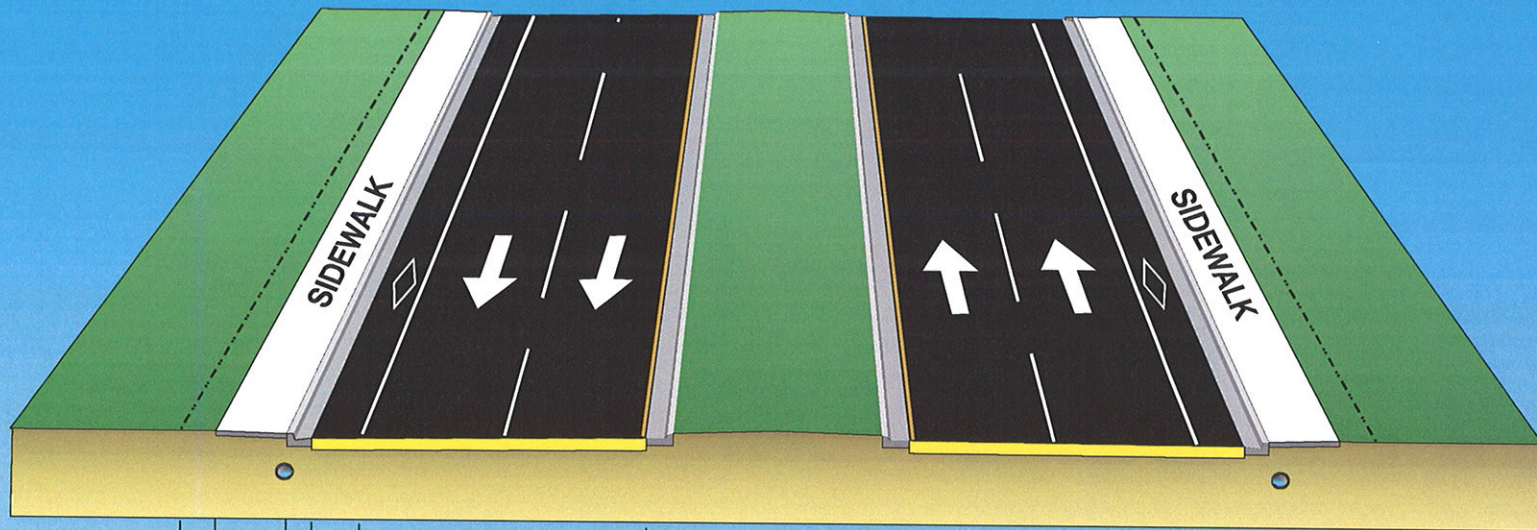
S.R. 200
PD&E STUDY REEVALUATION

**PROJECT
 LOCATION MAP**

S.R. 200 PD&E Study
 Reevaluation
 From U.S. 41 to N. of Marion County Line
 Citrus County

FIGURE 1

WPI Seg. No. 257188 1; FAP No. FL62-020R



SEGMENT 1
from U.S. 41 to East Lake Park Drive

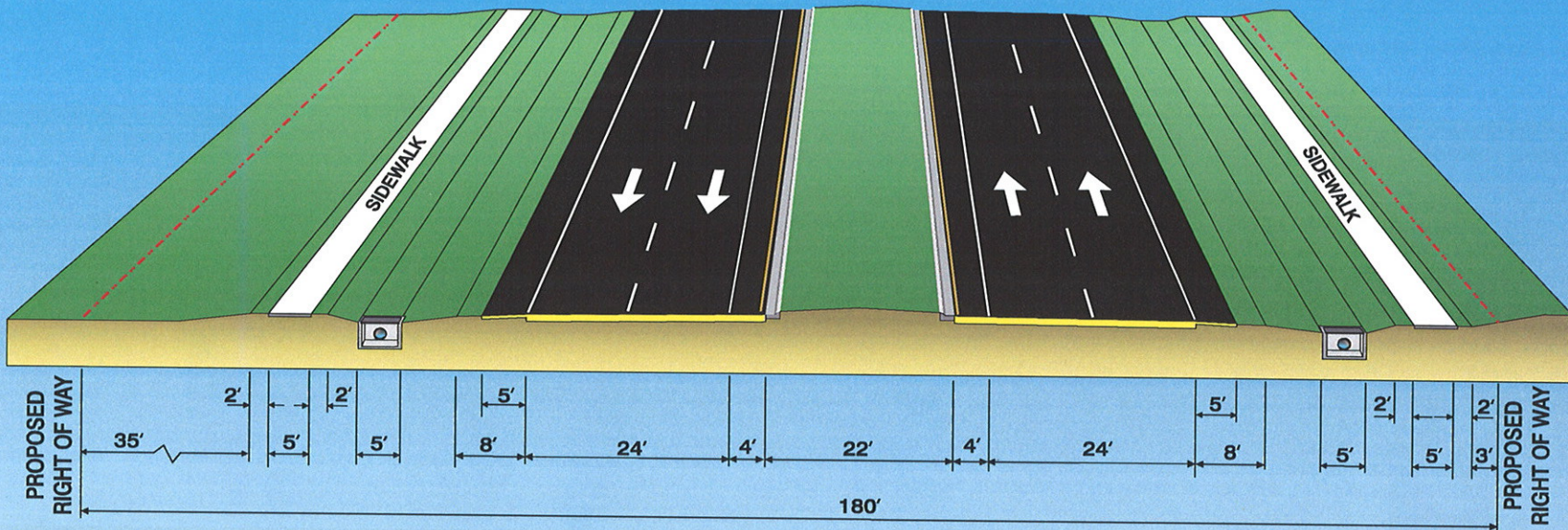
PROPOSED 4-LANE URBAN ROADWAY
TYPICAL SECTION



PROPOSED FOUR-LANE
 URBAN TYPICAL SECTION

FIGURE 6

S.R. 200 PD&E STUDY
 REEVALUATION
 FROM U.S. 41 TO N. OF MARION COUNTY LINE
 CITRUS COUNTY
 WPI SEG. NO. 257188 1; FAP NO. FL62-020R



SEGMENTS 2 AND 3
from East Lake Park Drive to East Elise Court

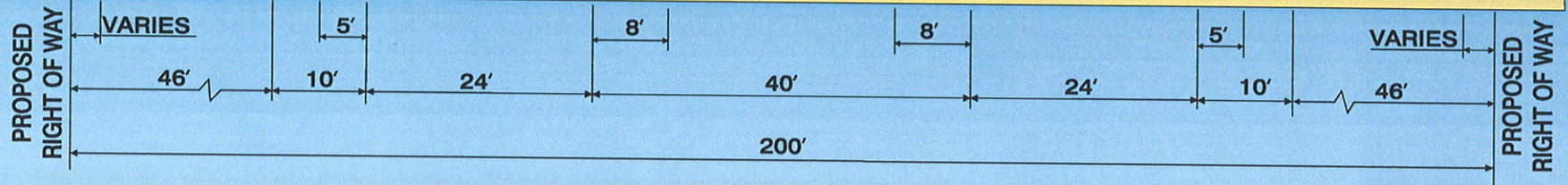
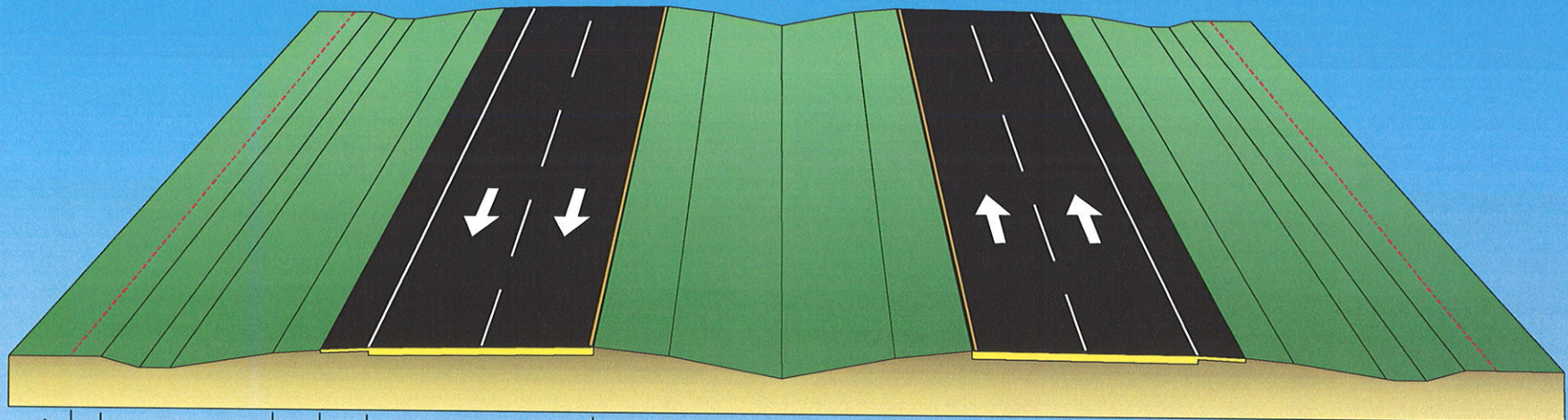
PROPOSED 4- LANE SUBURBAN ROADWAY
TYPICAL SECTION



PROPOSED FOUR-LANE
 SUBURBAN TYPICAL SECTION

FIGURE 7

S.R. 200 PD&E STUDY
 REEVALUATION
 FROM U.S. 41 TO N. OF MARION COUNTY LINE
 CITRUS COUNTY
 WPI SEG. NO. 257188 1; FAP NO. FL62-020R



SEGMENT 4
from East Elise Court to north of the Marion County Line

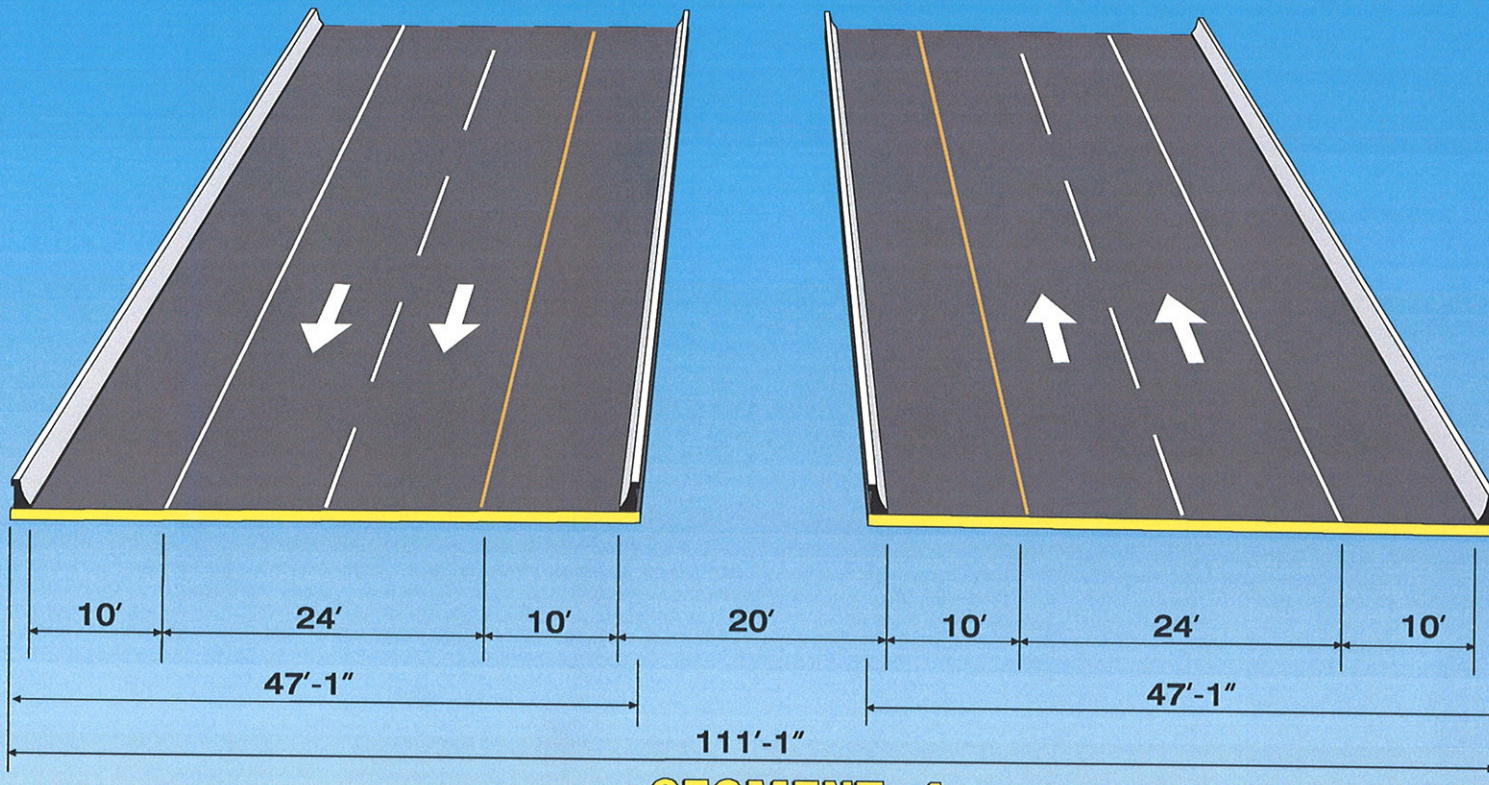
PROPOSED 4-LANE RURAL ROADWAY
TYPICAL SECTION



PROPOSED FOUR-LANE
 RURAL TYPICAL SECTION

FIGURE 8

S.R. 200 PD&E STUDY
 REEVALUATION
 FROM U.S. 41 TO N. OF MARION COUNTY LINE
 CITRUS COUNTY
 WPI SEG. NO. 257188 1; FAP NO. FL62-020R



SEGMENT 4
over the Withlacoochee River

PROPOSED 4-LANE BRIDGE
TYPICAL SECTION



PROPOSED FOUR-LANE
 BRIDGE TYPICAL SECTION

S.R. 200 PD&E STUDY
 REEVALUATION
 FROM U.S. 41 TO N. OF MARION COUNTY LINE
 CITRUS COUNTY
 WPI SEG. NO. 257188 1; FAP NO. FL62-020R

FIGURE 9

2.0 LAND USE

While Citrus County has been experiencing an extensive increase in population, much of the county is still rural in nature and a large percentage of the land is undeveloped.

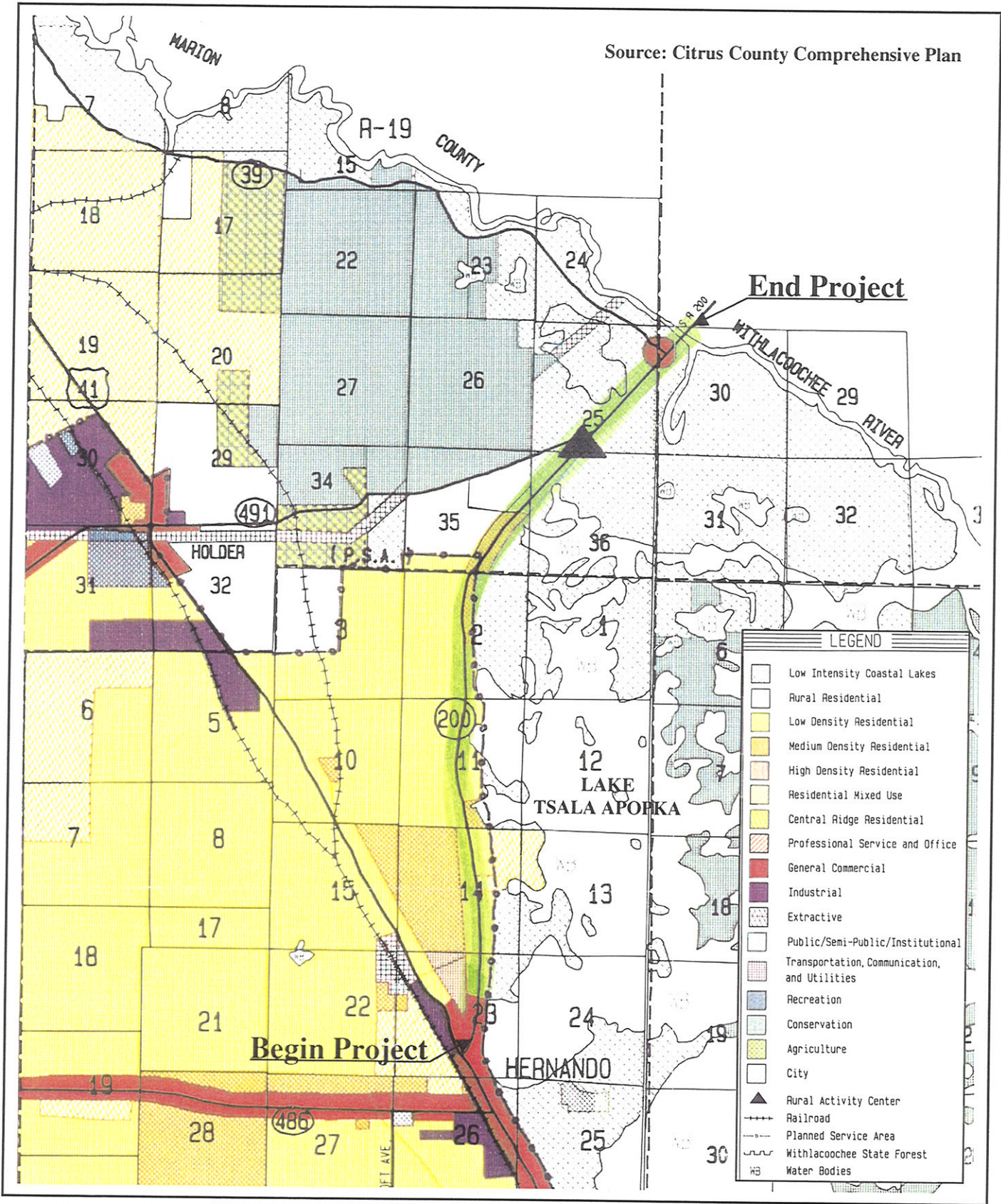
2.1 EXISTING LAND USE

The land use along the project is primarily rural and open land. At the southern terminus of the project, in the vicinity of the Town of Hernando, the land use is mostly light commercial. In the vicinity of Apache Shores, where S.R. 200 has been widened, land use transitions to light residential and commercial areas. Convenience stores are dispersed throughout the project corridor.

2.2 FUTURE LAND USE

No significant changes of the land use are expected in the vicinity of the project areas. Based on the adopted Citrus County Generalized Future Land Use Map, residential land use is expected to increase in the vicinity of Apache Shores and in the proximity of the Town of Hernando. Figure 10 depicts the Generalized Future Land Use along the project corridor.

Source: Citrus County Comprehensive Plan



S.R. 200
PD&E STUDY REEVALUATION

**GENERALIZED
LAND USE MAP**

S.R. 200 PD&E Study
Reevaluation
From U.S. 41 to N. of Marion County Line
Citrus County

FIGURE 10 WPI Seg. No. 257188 1; FAP No. FL62-020R

3.0 DESIGN INFORMATION

3.1 SOIL CONDITIONS

Review of the most recent publication of the US Department of Agriculture Soil Conservation Service (SCS) of Citrus County revealed twelve soil groups within the contributing drainage sub-basins. Table 2 provides the soil name, soil symbol, hydrologic soil group (HSG), seasonal high water (SHW) table depth and permeability rate, for the identified soil groups. The soil categories located within the project limits are illustrated on the Soils Map in Figure 11. Appendix B includes the related soils information.

**TABLE 2
SOILS WITHIN THE CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE SUB-BASINS**

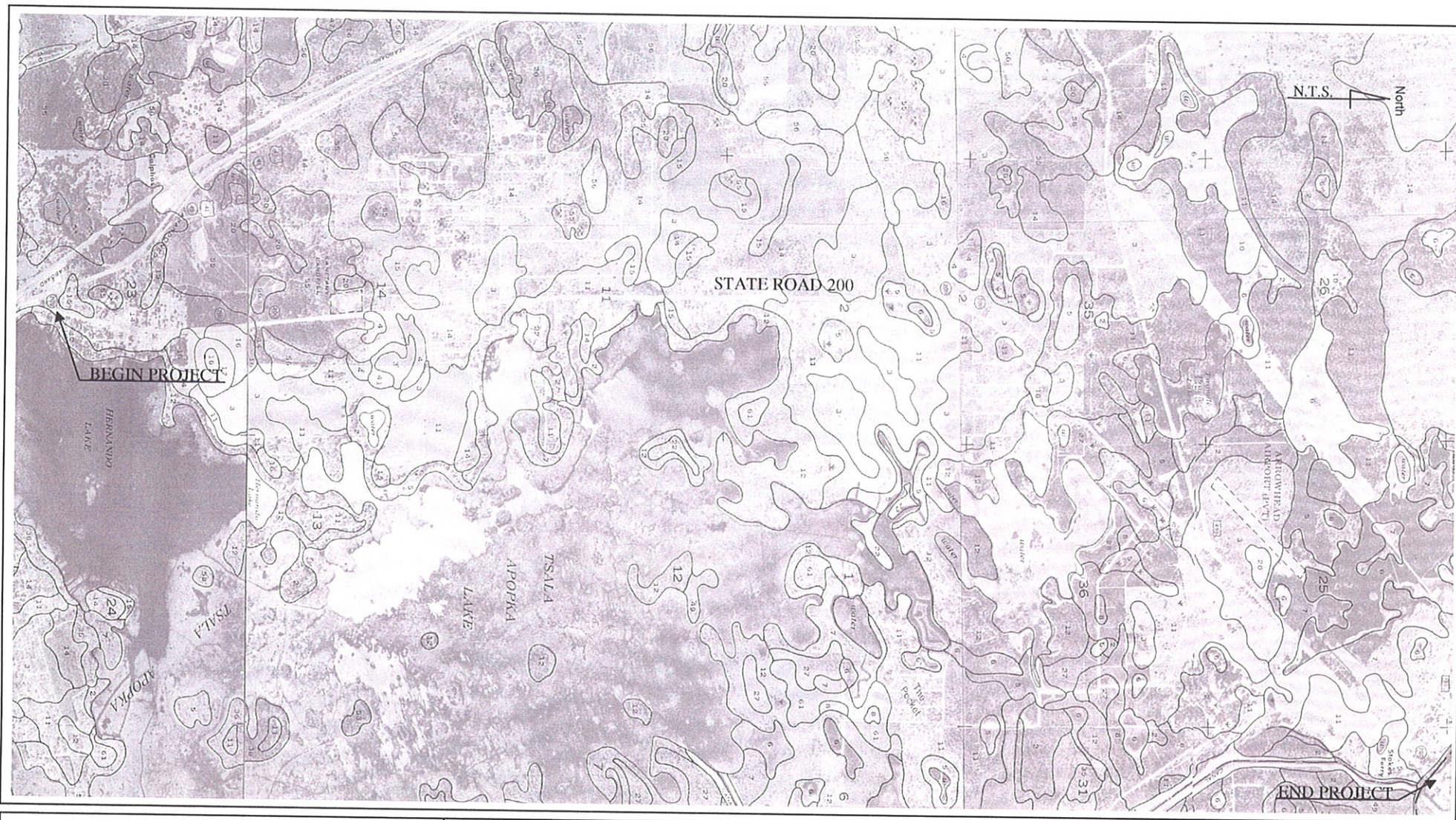
Soil Name	Soil Symbol	HSG	SHWT Depth (ft)	Permeability Rate (in/hr)
Adamsville fine sand	2	C	2.0 – 3.5	6.0 – 20.0
Candler fine sand	3	A	>6.0	6.0 – 20.0
Candler fine sand	4	A	>6.0	6.0 – 20.0
Basinger fine sand	5	B/D	0 – 1.0	6.0 – 20.0
Basinger fine sand, depressional	6	D	+2.0 – 1.0	6.0 – 20.0
Myakka fine sand	7	B/D	0 – 1.0	6.0 – 20.0 for 0” to 27” depth 0.6 – 6.0 for 27” to 55” depth 6.0 – 20.0 for 55” to 80” depth
Tavares fine sand	11	A	3.5 – 6.0	>6.0
Lake fine sand	14	A	>6.0	>6.0
Lake fine sand	15	A	>6.0	>6.0
Arredondo fine sand	16	A	>6.0	6.0 – 20.0
Pomello fine sand	27	C	2.0 – 3.5	>20.0 for 0” to 31” depth 2.0 – 6.0 for 31” to 52” depth
Udorthents*	55	N/A	N/A	N/A

*There are no data associated with the Udorthents Soil.

3.2 DESIGN INFORMATION SOURCES

The process of defining and developing the information base for the LHR included, but was not limited, to the following:

- Aerial Photos; flight date September 12, 2000.
- FDOT District 5 Location Hydraulics Report of S.R. 200; prepared December 1993.
- FDOT existing S.R. 200 roadway construction plans; prepared 1936.
- USGS Quadrangle Map; Stokes Ferry and Holder, Florida; dated 1954.
- SWFWMD contour maps.



S.R. 200
PD&E STUDY REEVALUATION

SOILS MAP

FIGURE 11

S.R. 200 PD&E Study
 Reevaluation
 From U.S. 41 to N. of Marion County Line
 Citrus County
 WPI Seg. No. 257188 1; FAP No. FL62-020R

- Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM) for Citrus County, Florida; dated August 15, 1984.
- FDOT Drainage Manual.
- FDOT Straight Line Diagram (SLD) of Road Inventory.
- Interviews, correspondence and site investigations.

3.3 DESIGN CRITERIA/PERMITTING AGENCY

State agencies that would issue permits for the proposed improvements include the SWFWMD, which requires an Environmental Resource Permit (ERP) for all dredge and fill activities conducted in areas either in or connected to Waters of the State, as outlined in *Chapter 62-4.48, Florida Administrative Code (FAC)*. SWFWMD also requires an ERP for the construction or alteration of any surface water system according to *Chapters 40D-4, 40D-40, and 40D-400 FAC*. The intent is to regulate new systems and their impact on water quantity, water quality, wetlands and other environmental features, and to insure that discharges will meet applicable State Water Quality Standards as stated in *Chapter 62-3 and Section 62.4.242 FAC*. Coordination with the SWFWMD should occur during preliminary and final design to address stormwater management issues.

Federal agencies that may require permits for the proposed improvements include the ACOE and the EPA. The ACOE requires permits for dredge and fill activities in waters of the United States. EPA requires a Notice of Intent (NOI) for construction under the State of Florida General Permit for the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) for construction impacts greater than five acres. This NOI will require a site-specific pollution prevention plan that incorporates current FDOT standards. Coordination with Federal agencies should occur during preliminary and/or final design of the proposed improvements.

4.0 EXISTING DRAINAGE FEATURES

The entire project is located within the Withlacoochee River drainage basin that is designated as a regulatory floodway. The sub-basin boundaries identified in the previously approved FDOT Report were not available. The existing drainage pattern and sub-basin boundaries were determined based on the existing FDOT construction plans, USGS quadrangle and SWFWMD maps. The quadrangle maps were used in lieu of the SWFWMD maps where no contour elevations were available.

4.1 SUB-BASIN CHARACTERISTICS

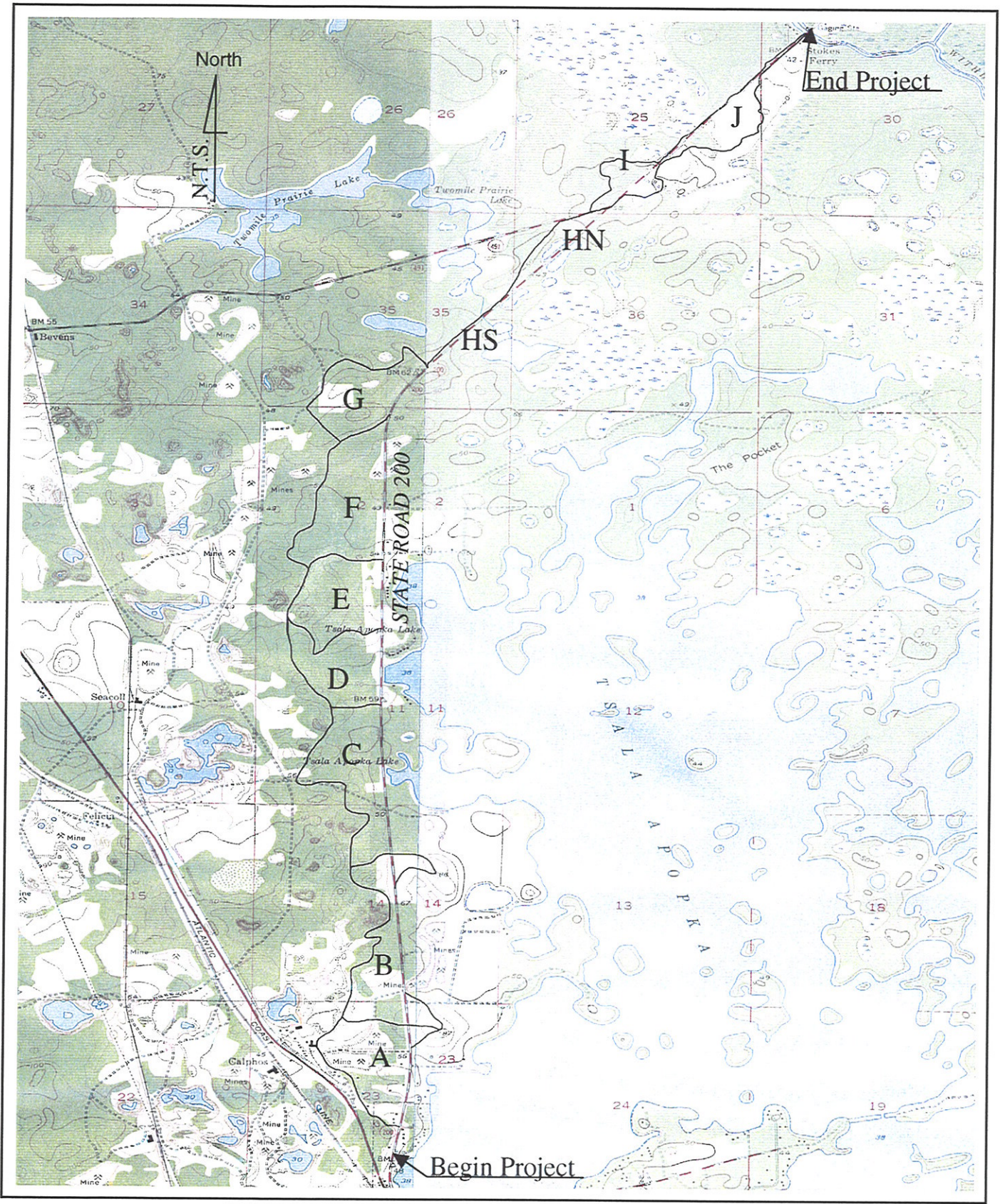
The project has been delineated into eleven sub-basins, identified as Sub-basins A through G, HS, HN, I and J. The overall drainage area contributing to S.R. 200 is shown on the Drainage Map in Figure 12. Within the immediate vicinity of S.R. 200, wetlands are very sparse and predominantly consist of isolated depressions. These wetlands are generally divided by low ridges over-topped in periods of excess rainfall. The overland flow eventually meanders through the wetlands, until it reaches a low area where it flows under S.R. 200 through cross drain culverts. Most of the stormwater runoff travels from west to east through commercial, residential, wetlands and open land. Drainage along the project corridor is accomplished with a combination of roadside ditches and sidedrain pipes that are located under driveways and roadways. The runoff is conveyed through cross drain culverts that outfall to Tsala Apopka Lake and the Withlacoochee River. The existing drainage systems within the project limits appear to function adequately.

As noted in the previously approved FDOT District 5 Report, the proposed improvements will have minimal impact to wetland areas identified along S.R. 200. To be consistent with permitting requirements of the SWFWMD, it is desirable to minimize, or avoid if possible, impacts to existing wetlands by keeping all proposed drainage systems such as conveyance, ponds and outfalls associated with the S.R. 200 improvements outside their jurisdictional limits.

4.2 EXISTING DRAINAGE STRUCTURES

Seven, 2-foot by 2-foot, concrete box culverts (CBC) and one double 10-foot by 6-foot CBC under cross S.R. 200 within the project limits and are identified as per their respective station location and shown in Table 3. In addition, the project includes a 299-foot bridge structure over the Withlacoochee River. A Bridge Hydraulics Report will be prepared in the design phase of this project. A field inspection on November 8, 2000 revealed that all of the 2-foot by 2-foot CBC do not meet current design standards due to the minimum size requirements. The double 10-foot by 6-foot CBC is in good condition and is suitable for lengthening and or other modifications. The SLD of Road Inventory is included in Appendix C.

A telephone conversation, included in Appendix D, with Mr. Don Higginbotham and Mr. Jerry Sanford of the FDOT Lecanto City Maintenance Office and a meeting with Mr. Curtis Karr, Citrus County Public Works Director, have indicated that there are no known flooding problems at the existing cross drains and conveyance systems along S.R. 200, between U.S. 41 and the Withlacoochee River at the Marion County Line.



DRAINAGE MAP

S.R. 200 PD&E Study
 Reevaluation
 From U.S. 41 to N. of Marion County Line
 Citrus County

FIGURE 12 WPI Seg. No. 257188 1; FAP No. FL62-020R

**TABLE 3
EXISTING DRAINAGE STRUCTURES**

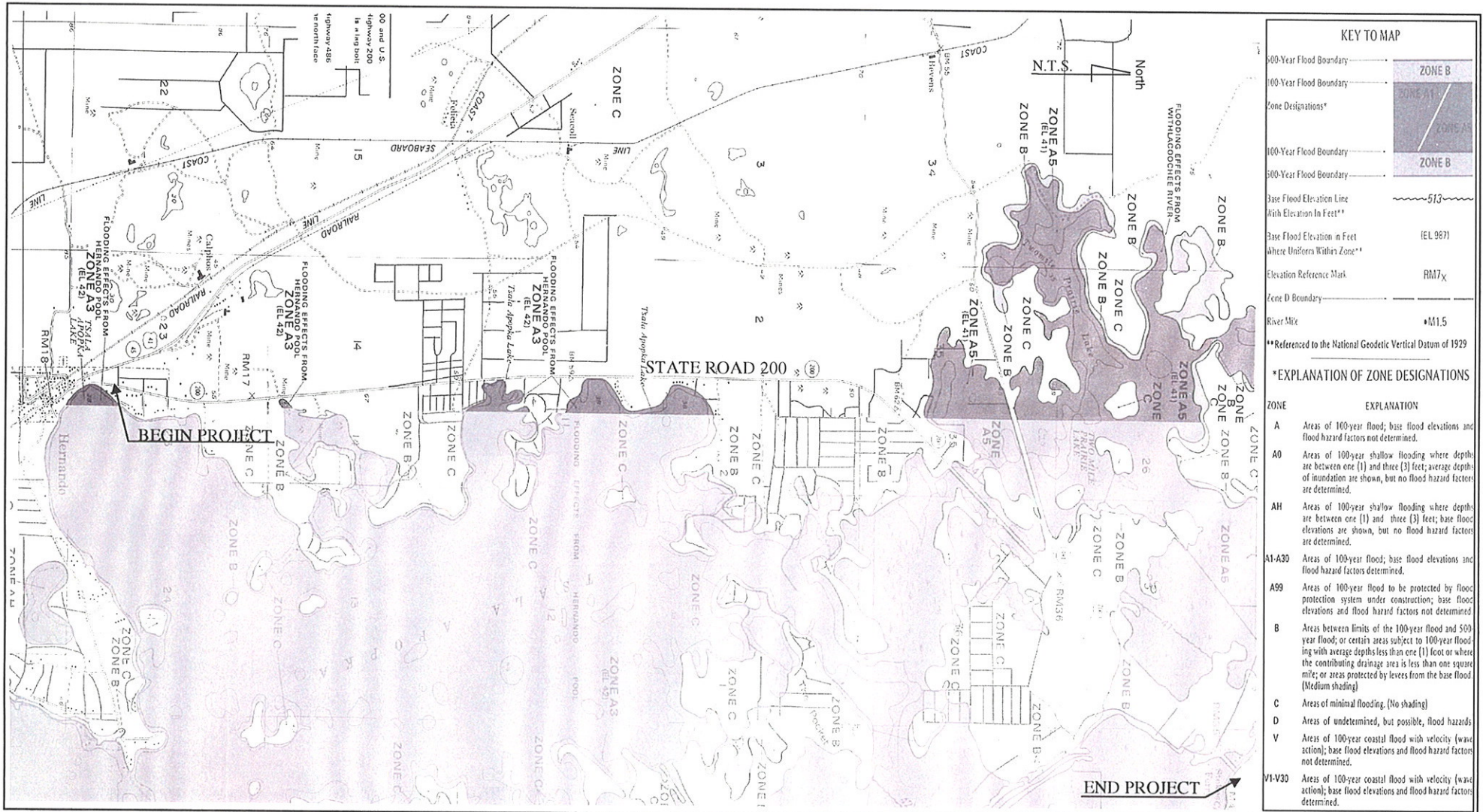
Station	Size ft	Length ft	Cross Drain Description
59+41.80	2 X 2 CBC	39.15	Concrete, straight square endwall. Dense woods on both sides; Replacement necessary.
73+31.60	2 X 2 CBC	40.15	Concrete, straight square endwall. Medium woods on both sides; Replacement necessary.
89+90.90	2 X 2 CBC	50.00	Concrete, straight square endwall; Replacement necessary.
119+14.90	2 X 2 CBC	61.63	Concrete, straight square endwall; dry contributing area; Connected to a storm sewer system.
129+30.20	2 X 2 CBC	54.00	Concrete, straight square endwall, heavy woods on both sides, equalizer; Replacement necessary.
167+90.70	2 X 2 CBC	41.05	Concrete, straight square endwall; dry contributing area; Replacement necessary.
200+40.40	2 X 2 CBC	69.67	Concrete, straight square endwall; dry contributing area; Connected to an existing outfall.
248+15.50	2 - 10 X 6 CBC	39.92	Concrete bridge culvert; Dry lake on west side, full lake on the east side. HW stands 2.5' above the flow line elevation.
272+89.90	2 X 2 CBC	52.40	Concrete, straight square endwall, equalizer with wetlands on both sides; Replacement necessary.
316+22.10	2 X 2 CBC	66.09	Concrete, straight square endwall, equalizer with medium woods on both sides; Replacement necessary.

4.3 FLOODPLAIN INVOLVEMENT AND CLASSIFICATION

The National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP), through the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), has established the 100-year base floodplain limits for Citrus County, which include the boundaries shown in the Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM) referenced below for the S.R. 200 study area. The FIRMs for the study area include Community Panel Numbers 120063 0150 B and 120063 0175 B (dated August 15, 1984). Figure 13 indicates the limits of the FIRM 100- and 500-year floodplains within the study area.

Portions of the proposed roadway widening will encroach upon the 100-year base floodplain. Several depressional areas located within the vicinity of Sub-basin HS and J lie within the existing project right-of-way. The floodplain encroachments are both transverse and longitudinal. According to the preliminary estimates, the bridge replacement at the Withlacoochee River should be expected to impact approximately 0.1 acres, which is considered a minimal impact. However, the floodplain encroachment volume will be mitigated by excavating an equal volume of fill within the same sub-basin. Right-of-way constraints made avoidance of these base floodplain areas infeasible. The flood plain volume impact was estimated to be 2,448 yd³ and 362 yd³ for Sub-basins HS and J, respectively. The calculations are included in Appendix E.

The SWFWMD Environmental Resource Permit (ERP) Information Manual (Section 4.4, 10/96 version) states that no net encroachment into the floodplain, up to that encompassed by the 100-year event, which will adversely effect either conveyance, storage, water quality or adjacent lands will be allowed and required compensating storage shall be equivalently provided. There are no local floodplain criteria currently in effect. Compliance with "Historic Basin Storage" (Section 4.7, ERP) and "Offsite Lands" (Section 4.8, ERP) criteria will also be necessary. Therefore, floodplain-compensating storage will be provided as required by the SWFWMD.



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FEMA MAP

FIGURE 13

S.R. 200 PD&E Study
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WPI Seg. No. 257188 1; FAP No. FL62-020R

5.0 PROPOSED DRAINAGE DESIGN

The proposed drainage system will be designed to convey stormwater runoff away from the roadway in the existing natural basin flow direction. It is expected that the proposed roadway drainage will convey runoff to stormwater management ponds located near the existing outfalls. Additional right-of-way to accommodate the stormwater management facilities will be needed. In addition, the widening of S.R. 200 from two to four lanes may require replacement of the existing storm sewer systems. Factors such as road profiles, cross slopes, inlet locations and existing pipe sizes will be evaluated during subsequent design phases to determine the suitability of the existing storm sewer systems for use with these improvements. Since the proposed improvements will replace the existing rural typical section with new rural, urban and suburban typical sections, it is anticipated that the final design may call for some existing cross drains to be incorporated into the proposed storm sewer drain systems. The offsite flow will be routed through back-of-sidewalk inlets in urban areas where fill is inevitable. None of the drainage patterns within the project limits will be altered by the proposed roadway improvements.

5.1 CROSS DRAINS

The S.R. 200 corridor crosses numerous drainage sub-basins. These drainage areas are served by several cross drain culverts that allow the passage of excess rainfall. Each of these cross drains was identified in the original PD&E Study. The analyses and design of these cross drains have been reevaluated and are presented with photographs in Appendix F of this report.

Existing culvert lengths, sizes and inverts were taken from the 1936 roadway construction plans. The tailwater equal to the crown of the existing culvert was used for the hydraulic analysis. Hydrological evaluation for the contributing drainage areas could not be determined due to lack of contour maps. Therefore, the analyses for the design flows were calculated based on a velocity of 6.0 feet per second (fps) for the 25-year storm event as discussed in the FDOT Drainage Manual. The proposed cross drain sizes evaluated in this report were taken from the approved original PD&E Study. The analysis was based on providing the required calculations and reevaluating the change in the headwater elevation for each culvert. It was determined that the proposed culvert sizes presented in the original PD&E Study will result to insignificant increase in headwater. Should the proposed structure sizes have varied from the original sizes, a more comprehensive analysis would have been performed. However, none was needed. This reevaluation concurs with the original study with one exception, the double 10-foot by 6-foot bridge culvert. In accordance with the previous study, it was suggested that the bridge culvert be extended and plugged in one barrel. This reevaluation study highly recommends extending the bridge culvert and also maintaining its cross sectional area.

The cross drains in the proposed condition were sized to convey the design flood, base flood and greatest flood using the Culvert Capacity Calculation Worksheets for HDS-5. The existing Cross Drains identified as 89+90 and 119+14 were incorporated into a storm sewer system due to a previous improvement along S.R. 200. Although, these culverts were sized as cross drains in this study to determine the headwater elevations for each, the design engineer during the design phase of

this project should evaluate their hydraulic adequacy, suitability and replacement/extension cost with respect to the entire storm sewer system that is associated with the individual culverts. A summary of the hydraulic flood data is included in Table 4.

5.2 SIDE STREET CULVERTS

There are several side street culverts that may be impacted depending on the selection of the alternative. These pipes cross under dedicated roadways and driveways. Replacements and/or modifications of these pipes will be evaluated during subsequent design phases.

**TABLE 4
HYDRAULIC FLOOD DATA**

CROSS DRAIN ID	SIZE	LENGTH	STATION	DESIGN FLOOD		BASE FLOOD		OVERTOPPING FLOOD				GREATEST FLOOD			
				2% PROB.	50 YR FREQ.	1% PROB.	100 YR FREQ.	DISCHARGE	STAGE	PROB.	FREQ.	DISCHARGE	STAGE	PROB.	FREQ.
				DISCHARGE	STAGE	DISCHARGE	STAGE								
in	ft	cfs	ft	cfs	ft	cfs	ft	cfs	ft	%	yr	cfs	ft	%	yr
59+41	30	120	59+41.80	29.00	53.90	33.60	54.43	38.30	55.02	0.75	133				
73+31	30	160	73+31.60	29.00	57.58	33.60	58.18	38.60	58.89	0.70	143				
89+90	36	160	89+90.90	29.00	67.05	33.60	67.26					57.10	68.70	0.2	500
119+14	48	160	119+14.90	29.00	41.12	33.60	41.26					57.10	42.04	0.2	500
129+30	36	160	129+30.20	29.00	48.10	33.60	48.31					57.10	49.75	0.2	500
167+90	48	160	167+90.70	29.00	49.45	33.60	49.59					57.10	50.37	0.2	500
200+40	36	160	200+40.40	29.00	33.30	33.60	33.51					57.10	34.95	0.2	500
248+15	2-10' x 6' CBC	160	248+15.50	873.00	44.38	1008.00	44.84	1018.00	44.88	0.95	105				
272+89	30	200	272+89.90	29.00	41.40	33.60	42.06	49.70	44.88	0.34	294				
316+22	48	200	316+22.10	29.00	39.92	33.60	40.06					57.10	40.87	0.2	500

Definitions:

- Design Flood: The flood selected by FDOT to be utilized to assure a standard level of hydraulic performance
- Base Flood: The flood having a 1% chance of being exceeded in any year. (100 yr. Frequency)
- Overtopping Flood: The flood where flow occurs (A) over the highway, (B) over a watershed divide or, © thru emergency relief structures.
- Greatest Flood: The most severe flood which can be predicted where overtopping is not practicable, normally one with a 0.2% chance of being exceeded in any year. (500 yr. Frequency)

6.0 RISK ASSESSMENT

It is anticipated that all of the existing 2-foot by 2-foot CBC will require replacement to meet the current design standards as a result of the proposed improvement to S.R. 200. The replacement of these cross drains will not significantly alter the hydraulic capacity of the existing culverts. The project will not cause adverse upstream or downstream impacts, nor will it cause any adverse floodplain impacts. *"The proposed structure will perform hydraulically in a manner equal to or greater than the existing structure, and backwater surface elevations are not expected to increase. As a result, there will be no significant adverse impacts on natural and beneficial flood plain values. There will be no significant change in flood risks. The modifications to the drainage structure included in this project will result in an insignificant change in the capacity to carry floodwater. This change will cause minimal increases in flood heights and flood limits. These minimal increases will not result in any significant adverse impact on the natural and beneficial floodplain values or any significant change in flood risks or damage. There will not be a significant change in the potential for interruption or termination of emergency service or emergency evacuation routes. Therefore, it has been determined that this encroachment is not significant."* In accordance with FDOT's *Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction*, all Best Management Practices will be adhered to during the construction phase of the project for erosion control and water quality considerations. No significant long-term environmental impacts are foreseen as a result of construction of this project.

A risk evaluation for flooding was made for the improvements to S.R. 200 in accordance with Chapter 3 of the FDOT Drainage Manual, Volume 2A and Volume 6, Chapter 7, Section 3, Subsection 2 of the Federal Aid Highway Program Manual (FHPM 6-7-3-2). The project is classified as **Floodplain Category 4: Projects on Existing Alignment Involving Replacement of Existing Drainage Structures With No Record of Drainage Problems**. This project is on an existing alignment and with proper floodplain mitigation, will have no significant adverse impact on the natural and beneficial floodplain values, flood risk, or upstream or downstream areas and will not change the 100-year flood elevations.

LIST OF APPENDECIES

APPENDIX TITLE

A	Previous Location Hydraulics Report
B	Excerpts From the SCS Soil Survey of Citrus County
C	FDOT Straight Line Diagram of Road Inventory
D	Correspondence
E	Floodplain Impact Volume Calculations
F	HDS-5 Culvert Capacity Calculation Worksheets for Existing & Proposed Culverts
G	Tables and Nomographs Design Aids



APPENDIX A
PREVIOUS
LOCATION HYDRAULICS REPORT
OF FDOT DISTRICT 5

LOCATION HYDRAULIC REPORT
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SR 200

CITRUS COUNTY, FLORIDA

WORK PROGRAM ITEM NO. 5111615

STATE PROJECT NO.: 02040-1503

PREPARED BY:

MELONIE C. BARRINGTON
DRAINAGE ENGINEER
DISTRICT 5

SUPERVISED BY:

EDWARD R. PERSHE, P.E.
DRAINAGE ENGINEER
P. E. LICENSE NO. 36589

DECEMBER 1993



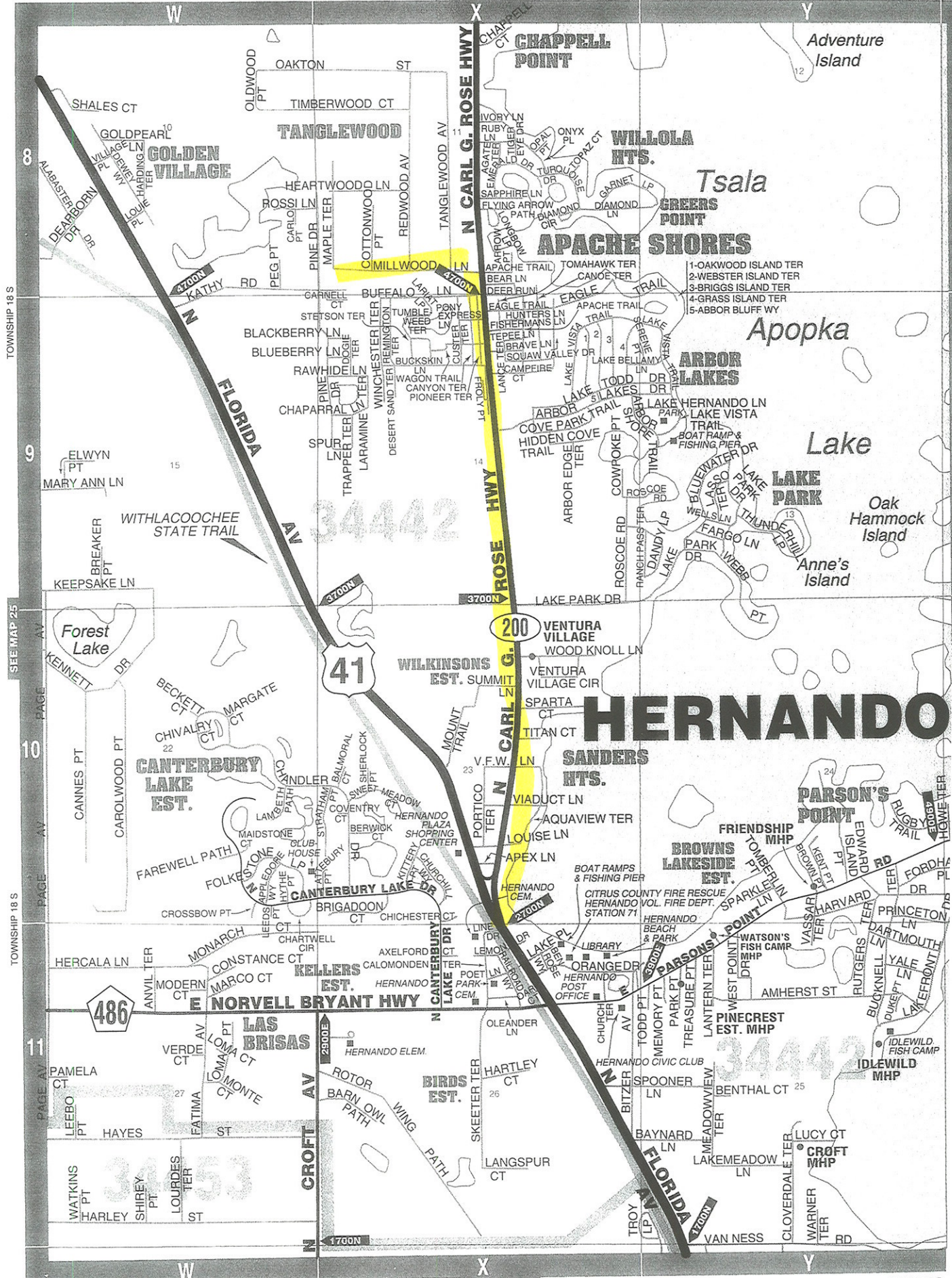
HERNANDO, APACHE SHORES, CANTERBURY LAKE EST.

RANGE 19 E

SEE MAP 17

RANGE 19 E | R 2

2571982



TOWNSHIP 18 S

SEE MAP 25

TOWNSHIP 18 S

PAGE AV

PAGE AV

34442

34442

3453

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I. INTRODUCTION

A. Purpose

The purpose of this report is to evaluate the hydraulic conditions along SR 200 between SR 45, (US-41) and the Withlacoochee River (Marion County line). This is a multi-lane reconstruction project approximately 6.7 miles in length. This report is part of a preliminary development and environmental study (P D & E Study) and resulting engineering report.

B. Project Description

Figure 1 shows the project location and limits of this study. The project study extends for a total of 6.681 miles from its southern-most terminus at the Withlacoochee River to the northern-most terminus, SR 45, US-41.

The existing SR 200 alignment is a 2-lane undivided rural arterial route, which is slowly becoming a moderate urban area. The existing roadway is comprised of a 24-foot wide asphalt pavement, 4-foot paved shoulders and roadside swales.

The proposed new alignment of the project will have a 4-lane rural typical comprised of (4) 12-foot driving lanes, a 48-foot grass median and 5 foot bottom width roadway ditches. The municipal typical consist of (4) 12-foot driving lanes, a 20-foot grass median, and a 5-foot sidewalk (see Appendix, Figure A).

The proposed storm sewer systems (Municipal Sections) will convey roadway runoff to the respective proposed retention/detention ponds, In fill sections, back of sidewalk DBIs will be tapped into the storm sewer main. The existing crossdrains were analyzed to determine the ability to convey the offsite drainage. Fifty percent of the structures were hydraulically adequate. However, due to the age of the existing structure (\approx 60 years), all culverts with the exception of the double 10 X 6 culvert will be placed throughout the entire project. The peaks and sags in this existing alignment for the most part, will be honored when grades are set in the design stage. The existing right-of-way is 100' in width and will be extended to 200' in the rural section.

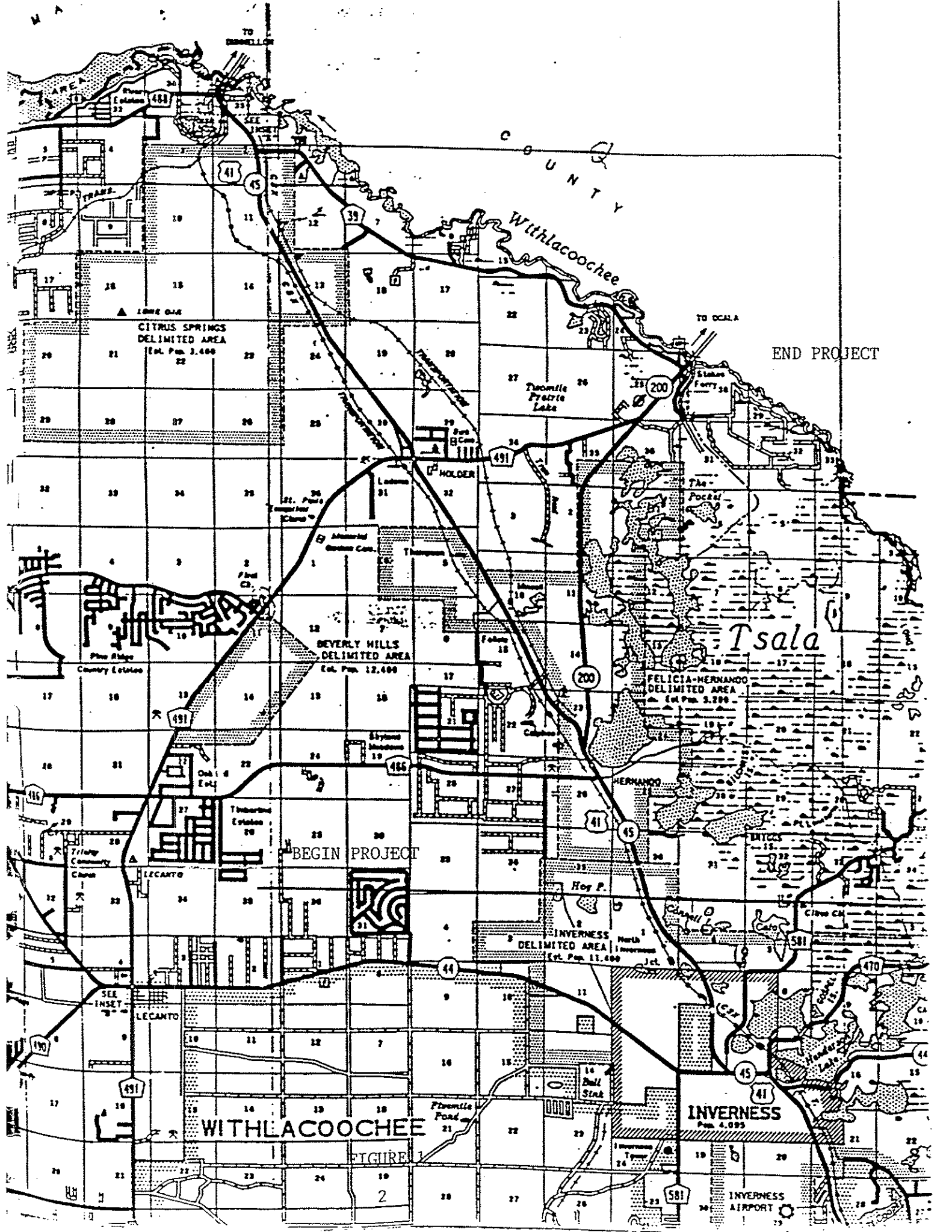


FIGURE 1

C. Design Criteria/Permitting Agency

The roadway drainage for this project will be designed in accordance with current Florida Department of Transportation criteria as outlined in the following publications:

- FDOT Drainage Manual - 1992
- FDOT Roadway and Traffic Design Standard - 1990
- FDOT Standard Specifications for Road & Bridge Construction - 1991
- FDOT Design Memorandum
- FDOT 14-86 Administrative Code

In addition to designing with this criteria, the drainage system must also conform to the design criteria for any state or local agency which have permitting jurisdiction in the area. The project lies within the water quality/water quantity and wetland impact permitting control boundaries of the Southwest Florida Water Management Districts (SWFWMD). Some storm water runoff from the project outfalls into Tsala Apopka Lake, which is considered outstanding Florida water. The remainder outfalls to landlocked isolated depressions. Approximately 80% of the project is located in very pervious soil, therefore percolation ponds will be used in them. This project will fall under 3 types of criteria.

Criteria One (Open Basin/Percolation System)

- Design storm - 25-year/24-hour rainfall
- Rainfall - 8.5 in/hr
- Soil Conservation Services, Type II Florida modified rainfall distribution.
- Water Quality (on line):-
Required treatment of runoff from the first 1/2 inch of rainfall. Runoff discharging directly into outstanding Florida waters shall be required to provide treatment for a volume 50 percent more than required for the selected treatment system.

The drawn-down of this volume must occur within 72 hours.

Criteria Two (Closed Basin/Percolation System)

- Design storm - 100-year/24-hour rainfall
- Rainfall - 11.5 in/hr

- Soil Conservation Services, Type II Florida modified rainfall distribution.
- Water Quality:-
Required treatment of runoff from the first 1/2 inch of rainfall.

Criteria Three (Open Basin/Wet Detention System)

- Design storm - 100-year/24-hour rainfall
- Rainfall 8.5 in/hr
- Soil Conservation Services, Type II Florida modified rainfall distribution.
- Water Quality:-
Required treatment of runoff from the first 1-inch of rainfall. Runoff discharging directly into outstanding Florida waters shall be required to provide treatment for a volume 50 percent more than required for the selected treatment.

D. Florida Flood Zone Designations

From the FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps for Citrus County, flood zones for State Road 200 within the limits of this project are primarily in Zone C. Towards the southern portion of the project, there are some areas which encroach upon the 100-year Flood Zone A5 and Zone B. The stationing is as follows for 100-year flood plain encroachment:

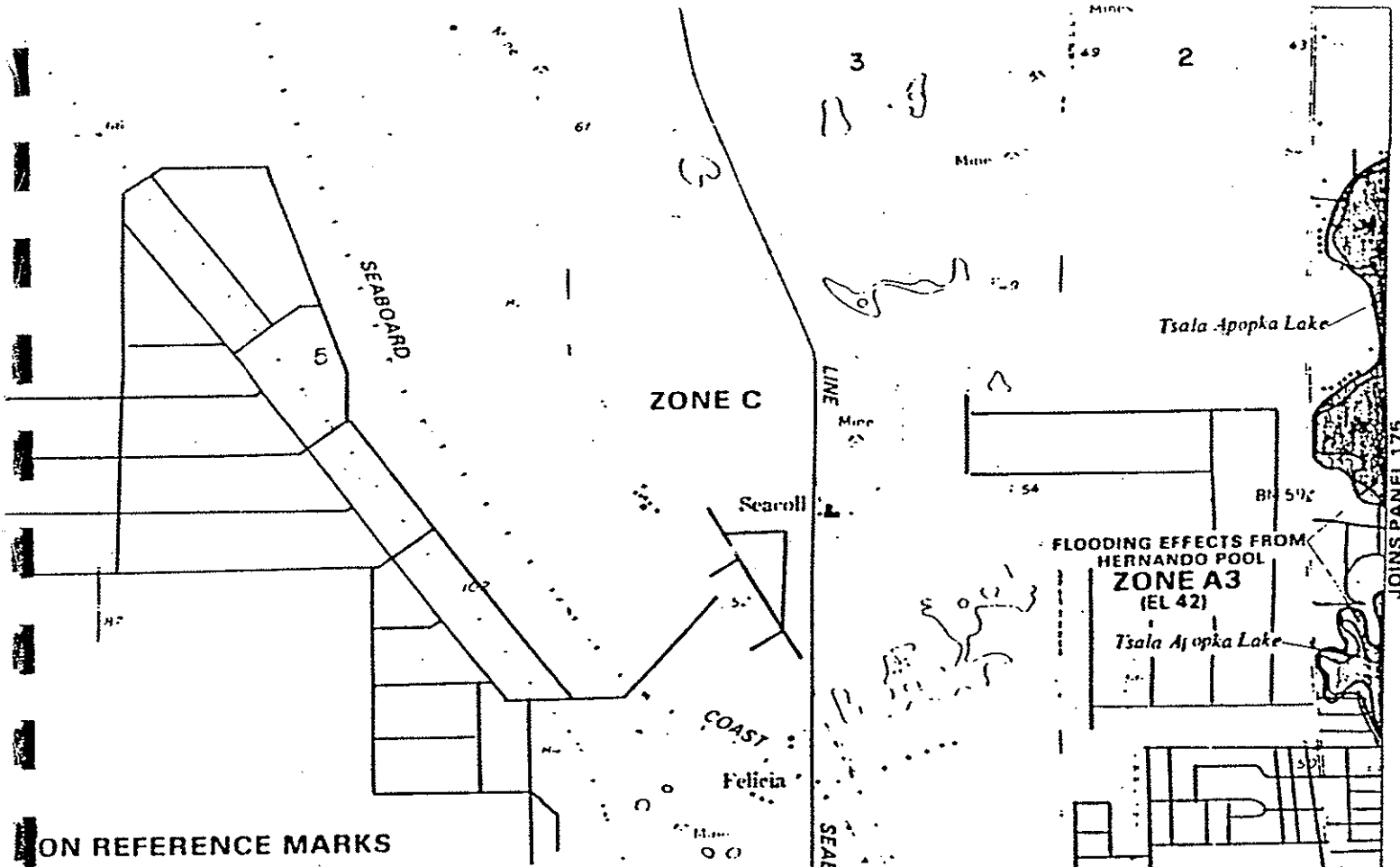
From 1010+00 to 1015+00 (E & W)

Any encroachment due to Tsala Apopka Lake, will be eliminated in a new alignment.

Explanation of Zone Designations:

- C - Areas of minimal flooding
- A5 - Areas of 100-year flood; base flood elevations and flood hazards factors determined.
- B - Areas between limits of the 100-year flood and 500-year flood; or certain areas subject to 100-year flooding with average depths less than one (1) foot or where the contributing drainage area is less than one square mile; or areas protected by levees from the base flood. (Medium shading).

See figure 2 for exact locations of zone designations.



ON REFERENCE MARKS

DESCRIPTION OF LOCATION

From a bench mark from the intersection of State Highway 200 and U S Highway 41, go approximately 1.05 miles north along State Highway 200 to the mark on the west side of the road. The reference mark is a lag bolt on the east face of a power line pole.

Located in the northwest corner of the intersection of State Highway 488 and U S Highway 41. The reference mark is a lag bolt set in the north face of a power line pole.

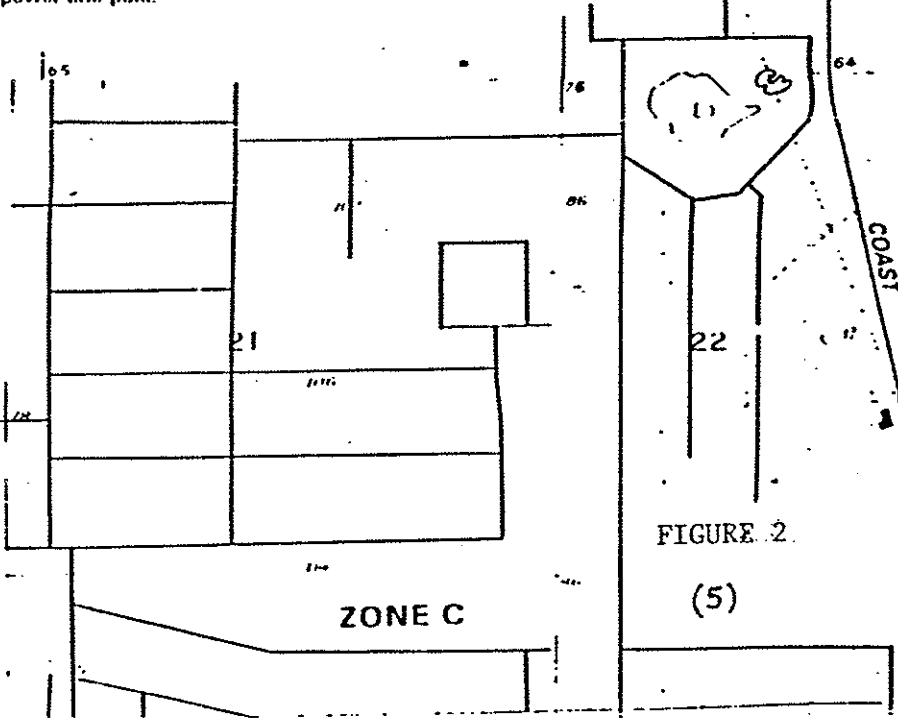
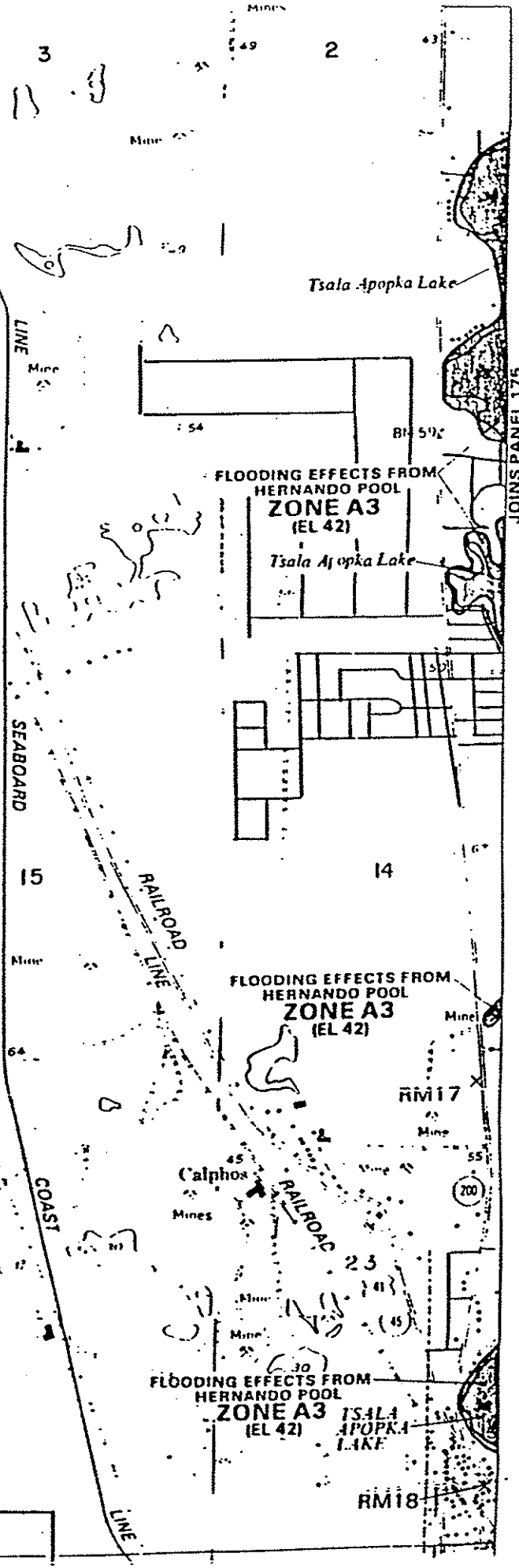
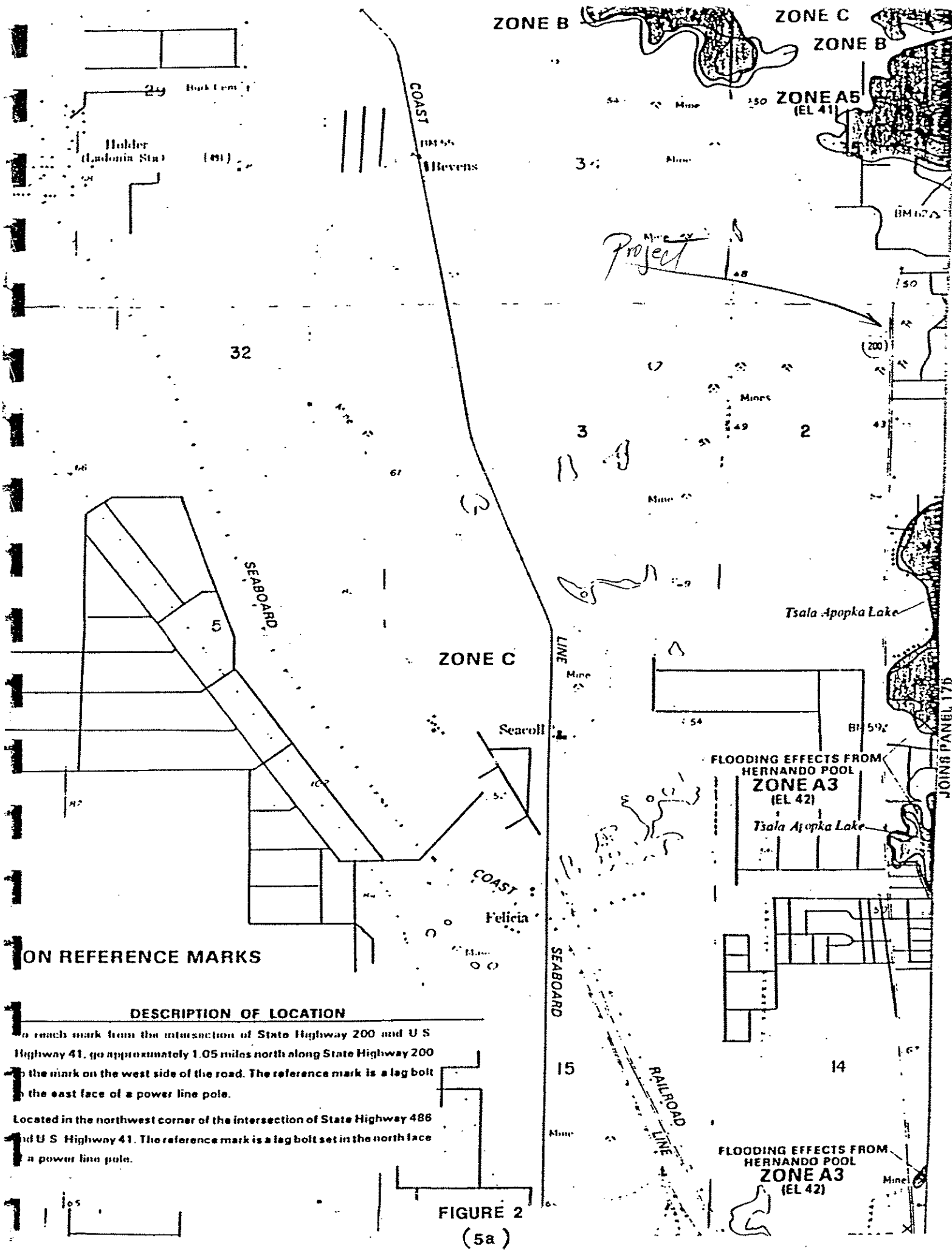


FIGURE 2.

(5)



JOINS PANEL 175



ON REFERENCE MARKS

DESCRIPTION OF LOCATION

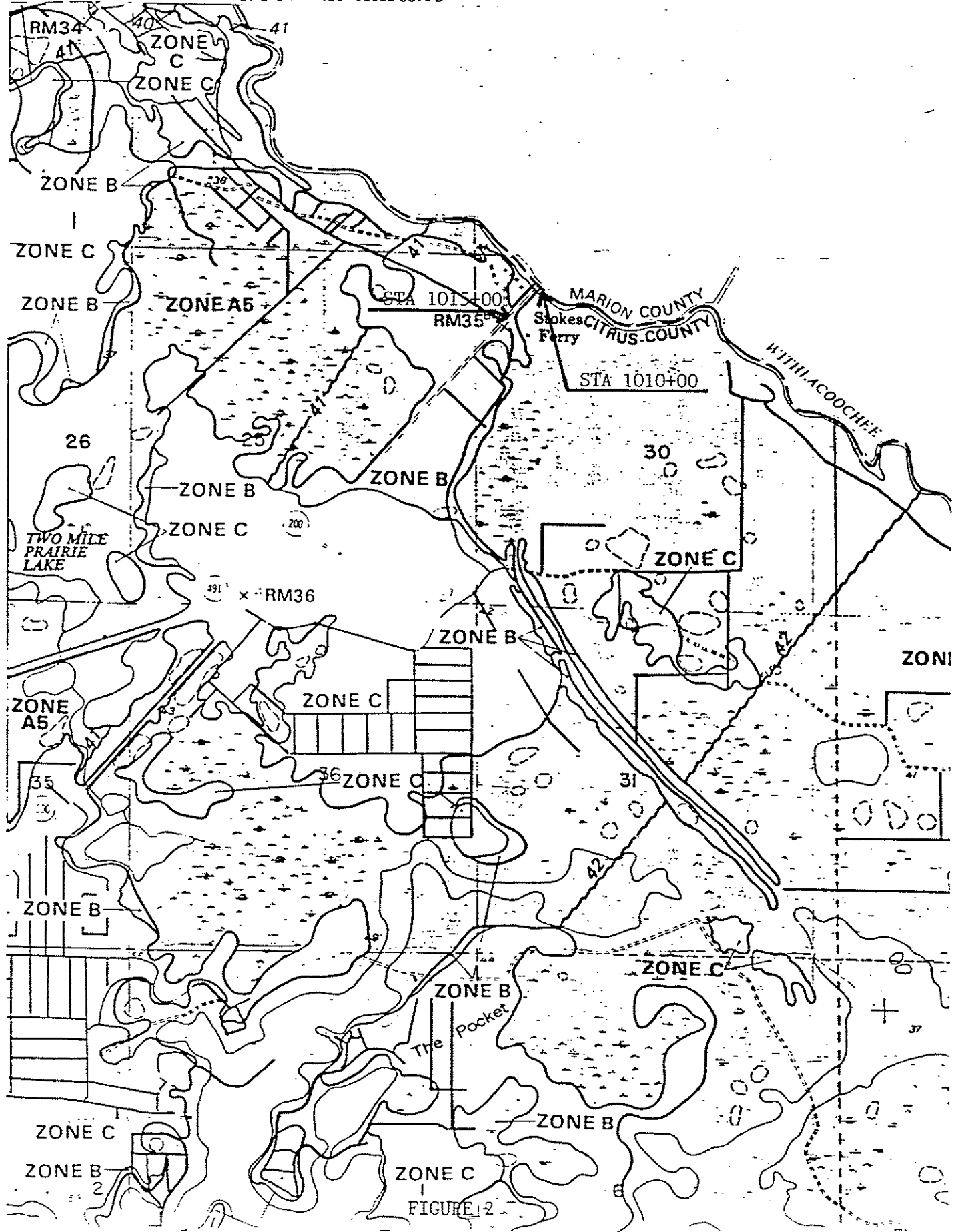
To reach mark from the intersection of State Highway 200 and U S Highway 41, go approximately 1.05 miles north along State Highway 200 to the mark on the west side of the road. The reference mark is a lag bolt on the east face of a power line pole.

Located in the northwest corner of the intersection of State Highway 486 and U S Highway 41. The reference mark is a lag bolt set in the north face of a power line pole.

FIGURE 2
(5a)

JOIN TO PANEL 175

ADJOINING AREA SHOWN AS INSET B ON PANEL 120063 0070B



II. EXISTING CONDITIONS

In general, the project alignment cuts numerous small (less than 200 acres) contributing drainage areas. Presently, much of the project area can be considered rural. Development is expected to increase with the increase in travel capacity. Thus evaluation of the existing conditions description must take into account and recognize the potential for growth.

A. Existing Drainage Basin

1. Basin Description:

Drainage areas and basin boundaries were determined using USGS Quadrangle Maps (see Appendix), FDOT Drainage District Maps, Water Management District information and confirmation made by field investigations. Of the ten basins, 9 percolate through highly permeable type "A" soils and three areas are land locked basins I, D and A.

2. Soil Description:

Based on the Soil Conservation Service (SCS) most recent publication on Citrus County (1985), there are approximately eleven different types of soils along SR 200. The soil type and hydraulic soil group are described in Table 1.

TABLE I
SOIL CHARACTERISTICS

Soil Name	Type	Hydrologic Group	Permeability (In/Hr)	Water Table (ft)
(1) Lake (15)	FS	A	0-80 > 6	> 6
(2) Lake (14)	FS	A	0-80 > 6	> 6
(3) Tavares (11)	FS	A	0-3 } 3-80 } > 6	3.5 - 6
(4) Candler (3)	FS	A	0-72 6-20	> 6
(5) Candler (4)	FSS	A	0-80 6-20	> 6
(6) Adamsville (2)	FS	C	0-80 6-20	2 - 3.5
(7) Basinger (5)	FS	B/D	0-80 6-20	0-1
(8) Arrendondo (6)	FSS/LFS	A	0-65 6-20 65-80 04-.6	> 6
(9) Pomello (27)	FS	C	0-31 > 20 31-51 2-6	2-3.5
(10) Basinger (6)	FS	D	0-80 6-20	1 - 2
(11) Paola (8)	FS	A	0-80 > 20	3.5 - 6.0

NOTE: FS - Fine sand.
FSS - Fine sand
LFS - Loamy fine sand

3. Structures Analysis

The largest existing crossdrain is a double 10 X 6 bridge culvert. The remaining crossdrains are 2 X 2 box culverts. See Table 2 for summary of existing crossings and recommendations.

The present route crosses numerous small drainage basins. These drainage areas are served by existing crossdrain culverts to permit the passage of excess rainfall. Each of these crossdrains were identified and evaluated as to its flow capacity. Due to the age of the existing 2 X 2 box culvert structures, they will be replaced with reinforced concrete pipe. Each replacement was analyzed to make sure its ability to convey excess rainfall is sufficient (see Table 3).

For discharge determinations rational runoff methods and rainfall intensity Zone 5 were used. Runoff coefficients ranging from .15 short grass prairie to .50 woods, light underbrush were employed.

Existing culvert lengths, sizes and elevations were taken from the old FDOT plan and profile drawing for SR 200 Federal Aid Project No. 84D. The tailwater levels for the design and storm events were assumed to be at the overt of each crossdrain.

Design flows were calculated using the rational method. Culvert analysis was done using FDOT, District 5 computer programs. The 50-year design frequency was used in culvert analysis (see supporting calculations).

TABLE 2

EXISTING DRAINAGE STRUCTURES

Station	Basin	Size	Description
1045+70	I	2 X 2 Box	Concrete, straight square endwall, equalizer with medium woods on both sides; Replacement necessary.
1089+00	D	2 X 2 Box	Concrete, straight square endwall, equalizer with wetlands on both sides; Replacement necessary.
1113+75	D	Double 10 X 6	Concrete bridge culvert; Dry lake on left side, full lake on right. HW stand 2.5' above FL. Due to the structure being oversized, one side needs to be plugged; Extension for single barrel is necessary.
1159+00	C	2 X 2 Box	Concrete, straight square endwall; 2/3 clogged; lake on E. side wetlands on west; Replacement necessary.
1194+00	H	2 X 2 Box	Concrete, straight square endwall; dry contributing area; Replacement necessary.

EXISTING DRAINAGE STRUCTURES CONT'D

Station	Basin	Size	Description
1232+50	B	2 X 2 Box	Concrete, straight square endwall, heavy woods both sides, equalizer. Replacement necessary.
1272+75	A	2 X 2 Box	Concrete, straight square endwall. Replacement necessary.
1288+00	A	2 X 2 Box	Concrete, straight square endwall. Medium woods both sides. Replacement necessary.
1302+50	A	2 X 2 Box	Concrete, straight square endwall. Dense woods both sides. Replacement necessary.
1355+40	E	18" pipe	Corrugated metal pipe with straight square endwall. Replacement necessary.

TABLE 3

PROPOSED DRAINAGE STRUCTURES

Station	Basin	Required Size (in)	Approximate Length (ft)
1045+70	I	48	160
1089+00	D	30	160
1107+00	D	30	160
1113+75	D	72	140' extension of 1/2 of the existing structure
1159+60	C	42	160
1161+00	C	36	160
1194+00	H	48	160
1216+00	G	36	160
1232+50	B	36	160
1242+75	B	48	160
1272+00	A	36	120
1288+46	A	30	120
1302+50	A	30	120
1329+00	F	42	120
1355+00	E	36	120

IV. RETENTION/DETENTION REQUIREMENTS

Combination pollution abatement retention and flow control detention storage ponds have been located and preliminary sized for purposes of identifying right-of-way requirements. The retention/detention ponds locations are shown on the following drainage tables. The ponds have been plotted at locations appearing most feasible in terms of hydraulic slope (near low points in road profiles). All attempts have been made to place these ponds for best service and least impact. See Table 4 for description.

All of the ponds except "A", "I", and "D" are located in open drainage basins. Ponds "I", "D" and "K" will adhere to criteria two, Ponds "A", "B", "C", "D", "F", "G", "H", "I", "J", will adhere to Criteria One. Pond K will adhere to Criteria Three. Please refer to pages 4 to 5 for criteria.

All the ponds were designed using (1-3.5) foot of live storage depth, 1-foot of freeboard, 4:1 side slopes and a 20-foot perimeter berm. (See supporting calculations for pond sizing and required treatment).

TABLE 4

PROPOSED DETENTION/RETENTION PONDS

Pond	Pond Location (Station)	Roadway Length Served (ft)	Overall Area Furnished (Acres)	30' Easement Required
E	1360+00 (RT)	Sta. 1358+00 to 1338+00	1.05	Y
F	1328+50 (RT)	Sta. 1338+00 to 1312+00	.93	Y
A	1296+60 (LT)	Sta. 1312+00 to 1262+00	1.49	Y
B	1223+70 (RT)	Sta. 1262+00 to 1222+00	1.17	Y
G	1219+00 (RT)	Sta. 1222+00 to 1206+00	1.17	Y
H	1188+20 (RT)	Sta. 1206+00 to 1185+00	.92	Y
C	1157+20 (RT)	Sta. 1185+00 to 1132+00	1.48	Y
D	1109+60 (RT)	Sta. 1132+00 to 1073+00	2.02	Y
I	1057+50 (LT)	Sta. 1073+00 to 1056+00	.77	Y
J	1035+80 (LT)	Sta. 1056+00 to 1026+00	1.24	Y
K	1025+00 (RT)	Sta. 1026+00 to 1010+00	2.1	Y

TABLE 5

PROPOSED DETENTION/RETENTION PONDS

(ALTERNATE)

Pond	Pond Location (Station)	Roadway Length Served (ft)	Overall Area Furnished (Acres)
E	1362+00 (L)	Sta. 1358+00 to 1338+00	.96
F	1340+00 (R)	Sta. 1338+00 to 1312+00	.96
A	1280+00 (L)	Sta. 1312+00 to 1262+00	1.49
B	1228+90 (R)	Sta. 1262+00 to 1222+00	1.17
G	1207+00 (L)	Sta. 1222+00 to 1206+00	.84
H	1182+50 (L)	Sta. 1206+00 to 1185+00	1.52
C	1170+80 (L)	Sta. 1185+00 to 1132+00	1.38
D	1079+00 (R)	Sta. 1032+00 to 1073+00	1.45
I	1053+00 (R)	Sta. 1073+00 to 1056+00	.77
J	1038+00 (R)	Sta. 1056+00 to 1026+00	1.24
K	1019+70 (L)	Sta. 1026+00 to 1010+00	1.75

RISK ASSESSMENT

A. Project Classification

The proposed improvements between Sta. 1010+00 to Sta. 1358+00±, can be classified in Category 6; Projects on Existing Alignment. This category excludes replacement activities that would reduce the hydraulic performance of existing facilities.

"The proposed structure will perform hydraulically in a manner equal to or greater than the existing structure, and backwater surface elevations are not expected to increase. As a result, there will be no significant adverse impacts on natural and beneficial flood plain values, there will be no significant change in flood risks, and there will be no significant change in the potential for interruption or termination of emergency service or emergency evacuation routes. Therefore, it has been determined that this encroachment is not significant".

B. Risk Evaluation

Review of Flood Plain Data and Hydraulic Analysis of crossdrain culverts, shows that the proposed roadway profile is above the 100-year event flood level. The proposed pavement will have a minimum clearance of two feet above the seasonal high water.

SUMMARY AND RECOMMENDATIONS

In general, it can be stated that the existing crossdrain culverts (2X2 box) will be upgraded with reinforced concrete pipe. These new structures were analyzed to ensure their ability to pass the design and predicted flows for the life of the project. After the replacement and headwall construction and additional maintenance work has been completed.

The summary and recommendations are discussed.

Station 1222+00 to Station 1358+00

Existing Alignment (with Proposed Curb & Gutter Typical):

This is an existing alignment. The proposed roadway will consist of four 12' driving lanes, 20-foot grass median, curb and gutter, and sidewalks. There will be four (4) retention/detention ponds spaced throughout the alignment (see Table 5), and seven proposed crossdrains (see Table 4).

Station 1222+00 to Station 1010+00

Existing Alignment (with Proposed Rural Typical):

This portion of the project consists of four 12' lanes, forty-three foot grass median, standard four-foot paved shoulders standard 5' ditch with 6:1 slopes. There will be seven (7) retention/detention ponds spaced throughout the alignment (see Table 5), and eight (8) proposed crossdrains (see Table 4).

The impact to the 100-year flood plain is small. However, any encroachment into the 100-year flood plain will be compensated for. Pond 1 will be used to replace the lost volume to this 6.681 mile section.



APPENDIX B
EXCERPTS FROM
THE SCS SOIL SURVEY
OF CITRUS COUNTY



United States
Department of
Agriculture

Soil
Conservation
Service

In cooperation with
University of Florida,
Institute of Food and
Agricultural Sciences,
Agricultural Experiment Stations
and Soil Science Department,
and Florida Department of
Agriculture and
Consumer Services

Soil Survey of Citrus County, Florida

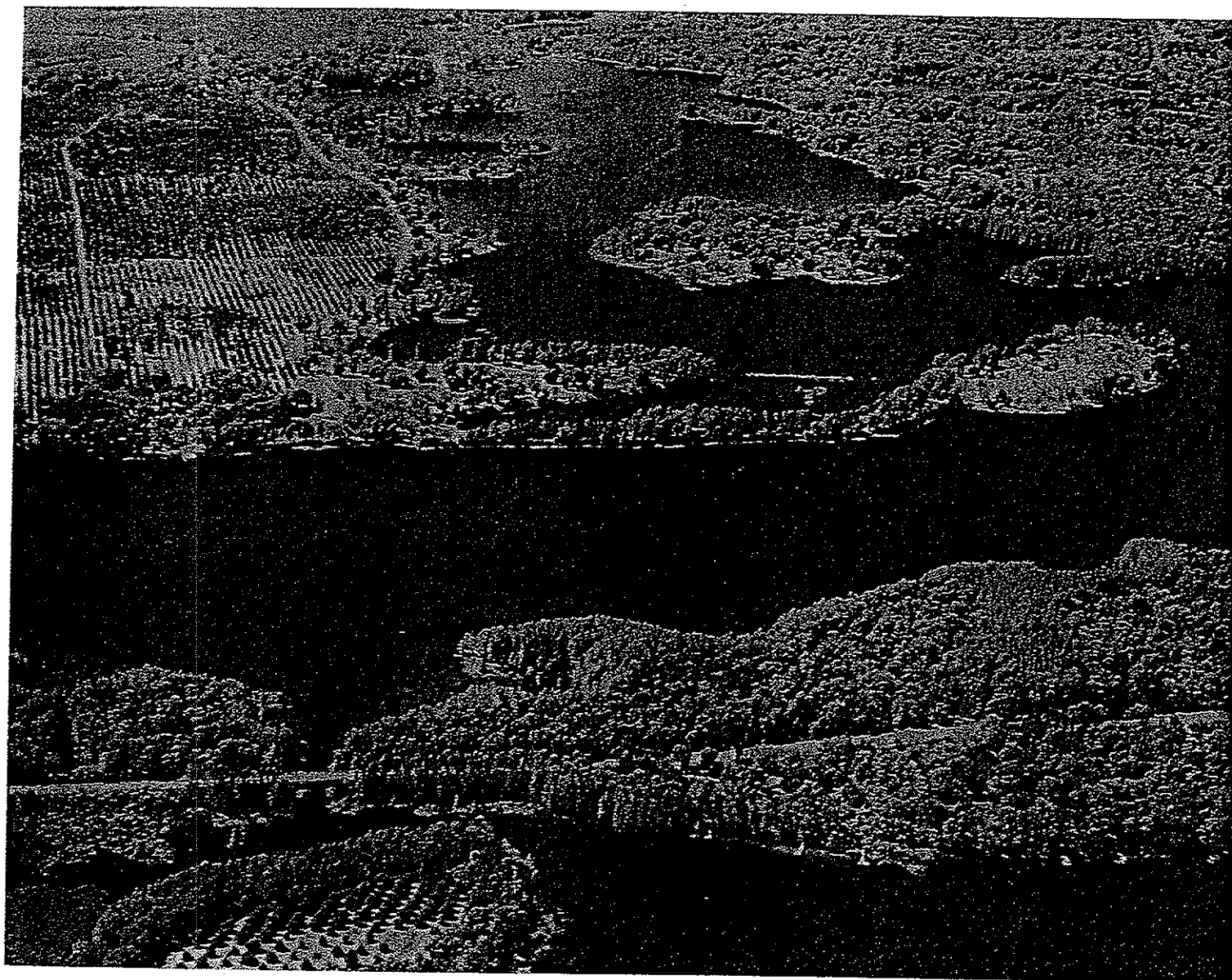


TABLE 14.--PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES OF THE SOILS

[The symbol < means less than; > means more than. Entries under "Erosion factors--T" apply to the entire profile. Entries under "Wind erodibility group" and "Organic matter" apply only to the surface layer. Absence of an entry indicates that data were not available or were not estimated]

Map symbol and soil name	Depth	Clay	Moist bulk density	Permeability	Available water capacity	Soil reaction	Salinity	Shrink-swell potential	Erosion factors		Wind erodibility group	Organic matter
									K	T		
	In	Pct	G/cc	In/hr	In/in	pH	mmho/cm					Pct
2----- Adamsville	0-7	1-8	1.35-1.65	6.0-20	0.05-0.10	4.5-7.8	<2	Low-----	0.10	5	2	<2
	7-80	1-7	1.35-1.65	6.0-20	0.03-0.08	4.5-7.8	<2	Low-----	0.10			
3----- Candler	0-72	<3	1.35-1.55	6.0-20	0.04-0.08	4.5-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.10	5	2	.5-2
	72-80	<3	1.50-1.65	6.0-20	0.02-0.06	4.5-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.10			
4----- Candler	0-60	<3	1.35-1.55	6.0-20	0.04-0.08	4.5-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.10	5	2	.5-2
	60-80	<3	1.50-1.65	6.0-20	0.02-0.06	4.5-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.10			
5----- Basinger	0-8	0-4	1.40-1.55	6.0-20	0.03-0.07	3.6-8.4	<2	Low-----	0.10	5	2	.5-2
	8-24	0-4	1.40-1.55	6.0-20	0.05-0.10	3.6-7.3	<2	Low-----	0.10			
	24-80	1-6	1.40-1.65	6.0-20	0.10-0.15	3.6-7.3	<2	Low-----	0.10			
	36-60	1-3	1.50-1.70	6.0-20	0.05-0.10	3.6-7.3	<2	Low-----	0.10			
6----- Basinger	0-19	0-4	1.40-1.55	6.0-20	0.05-0.10	3.6-7.3	<2	Low-----	0.10	5	2	1-8
	19-31	0-4	1.40-1.55	6.0-20	0.05-0.10	3.6-7.3	<2	Low-----	0.10			
	31-80	1-3	1.40-1.65	6.0-20	0.10-0.15	3.6-7.3	<2	Low-----	0.10			
	42-80	1-3	1.50-1.70	6.0-20	0.05-0.10	3.6-7.3	<2	Low-----	0.10			
7----- Myakka	0-27	<2	1.35-1.55	6.0-20	0.02-0.05	3.6-6.5	<2	Low-----	0.10	5	2	<2
	27-55	1-8	1.45-1.60	0.6-6.0	0.10-0.20	3.6-6.5	<2	Low-----	0.15			
	55-80	<2	1.48-1.70	6.0-20	0.02-0.10	3.6-6.5	<2	Low-----	0.10			
8----- Paola	0-26	0-2	1.20-1.45	>20	0.02-0.05	3.6-7.3	<2	Low-----	0.10	5	1	<.5
	26-80	0-2	1.45-1.60	>20	0.02-0.05	3.6-7.3	<2	Low-----	0.10			
	25-80	0-3	1.45-1.60	>20	0.02-0.05	3.6-7.3	<2	Low-----	0.10			
9, 10----- Pompano	0-80	0-5	1.30-1.65	6.0-20	0.02-0.05	4.5-7.8	<2	Low-----	0.10	5	2	1-5
11----- Tavares	0-3	0-4	1.25-1.60	>6.0	0.05-0.10	3.6-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.10	5	2	.5-2
	3-80	0-4	1.40-1.70	>6.0	0.02-0.05	3.6-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.10			
12----- Immokalee	0-6	1-5	1.20-1.50	6.0-20	0.05-0.10	3.6-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.10	5	2	1-2
	6-33	1-5	1.45-1.70	6.0-20	0.02-0.05	3.6-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.10			
	33-52	2-7	1.30-1.60	0.6-2.0	0.10-0.25	3.6-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.15			
	52-80	1-5	1.40-1.60	6.0-20	0.02-0.05	3.6-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.10			
13----- Okeelanta	0-38	---	0.22-0.38	6.0-20	0.30-0.50	4.5-6.5	<2	Low-----			2	60-90
	38-80	1-5	1.30-1.55	6.0-20	0.05-0.10	5.1-7.8	<2	Low-----	0.15			
14, 15----- Lake	0-80	1-3	1.45-1.65	>6.0	0.03-0.08	4.5-5.5	<2	Low-----	0.10	5	2	.5-1
16----- Arredondo	0-65	5-12	1.25-1.65	6.0-20	0.05-0.10	4.5-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.10	5	2	<2
	65-80	15-40	1.55-1.70	0.04-0.6	0.15-0.20	4.5-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.24			
17----- Arredondo	0-54	5-12	1.25-1.65	6.0-20	0.05-0.10	4.5-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.10	5	2	<2
	54-57	10-18	1.45-1.60	2.0-6.0	0.08-0.15	4.5-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.20			
	57-80	15-40	1.55-1.70	0.04-0.6	0.15-0.20	4.5-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.24			
18----- Kendrick	0-21	1-7	1.25-1.50	6.0-20	0.05-0.07	4.5-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.10	5	2	<2
	21-45	15-25	1.55-1.70	0.6-6.0	0.10-0.15	4.5-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.24			
	45-80	20-40	1.55-1.75	0.06-2.0	0.12-0.20	4.5-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.32			

TABLE 14.--PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES OF THE SOILS--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth	Clay	Moist bulk density	Permeability	Available water capacity	Soil reaction	Salinity	Shrink-swell potential	Erosion factors		Wind erodibility group	Organic matter
									K	T		
	In	Pct	G/cc	In/hr	In/in	pH	mmho/cm					Pct
19----- Kendrick	0-26	1-7	1.25-1.50	6.0-20	0.05-0.07	4.5-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.10	5	2	<2
	26-30	15-25	1.55-1.70	0.6-6.0	0.10-0.15	4.5-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.24			
	30-56	20-40	1.55-1.75	0.06-2.0	0.12-0.20	4.5-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.32			
	56-80	15-25	1.55-1.75	<0.0-2.0	0.12-0.15	4.5-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.32			
20*. Pits												
22. Quartzipsamments												
23: Weekiwachee-----	0-34	---	0.25-0.35	2.0-6.0	0.20-0.25	6.1-7.8	>16	Low-----			2	20-74
	34-38	1-7	1.50-1.65	2.0-6.0	0.10-0.15	6.1-7.8	>16	Low-----	0.10			
	38-41	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---			
	41	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---			
Durbin-----	0-80	---	0.20-0.50	6.0-20	0.20-0.25	3.6-7.3	>16	Low-----		2	2	40-65
24: Okeelanta-----	0-32	---	0.22-0.38	6.0-20	0.30-0.50	4.5-6.5	<2	Low-----			2	60-90
	32-80	1-5	1.30-1.55	6.0-20	0.05-0.10	5.1-7.8	<2	Low-----	0.15			
Lauderhill-----	0-26	---	0.15-0.35	6.0-20	0.30-0.50	5.6-7.8	<2	Low-----			2	60-90
	26	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---			
Terra Ceia-----	0-80	---	0.15-0.35	6.0-20	0.30-0.50	4.5-8.4	<2	Low-----			2	60-90
	65-80	2-10	1.35-1.50	6.0-20	0.02-0.08	4.5-8.4	<2	Low-----				
25----- Lochloosa	0-27	2-12	1.35-1.65	2.0-20	0.05-0.20	4.5-5.5	<2	Low-----	0.10	5	2	1-4
	27-37	13-20	1.55-1.70	0.6-6.0	0.10-0.15	4.5-5.5	<2	Low-----	0.24			
	37-48	15-35	1.55-1.70	0.6-0.2	0.12-0.15	4.5-5.5	<2	Low-----	0.28			
	48-63	20-45	1.60-1.70	0.06-0.2	0.13-0.18	4.5-5.5	<2	Low-----	0.28			
	63-80	15-35	1.55-1.70	0.06-0.2	0.10-0.15	4.5-5.5	<2	Low-----	0.28			
26: Williston-----	0-14	10-14	1.30-1.45	6.0-20	0.08-0.10	5.1-7.3	<2	Low-----	0.15	2	2	0-2
	14-24	35-55	1.60-1.70	0.2-0.6	0.14-0.18	6.1-7.8	<2	Moderate	0.28			
	24	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---			
Pedro-----	0-15	1-5	1.36-1.55	6.0-20	0.03-0.08	5.1-6.5	<2	Low-----	0.10	1	2	.5-2
	15-18	20-35	1.55-1.70	2.0-6.0	0.10-0.15	6.1-7.8	<2	Low-----	0.28			
	18	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---			
Rock outcrop.												
27----- Pomello	0-31	<2	1.35-1.65	>20	0.02-0.05	4.5-6.0	<2	Very low	0.10	5	1	<1
	31-52	<2	1.45-1.60	2.0-6.0	0.10-0.30	4.5-6.0	<2	Very low	0.15			
	52-80	<2	1.35-1.65	6.0-20	0.02-0.05	4.5-6.0	<2	Very low	0.10			
28----- Redlevel	0-7	1-2	1.30-1.50	6.0-20	0.05-0.10	4.5-8.4	<2	Low-----	0.10	4	2	.5-2
	7-55	2-7	1.50-1.60	6.0-20	0.05-0.10	4.5-8.4	<2	Low-----	0.10			
	55	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---			
29----- Astatula	0-5	1-3	1.25-1.50	>20	0.04-0.10	4.5-6.5	<2	Low-----	0.10	5	2	.5-2
	5-80	1-3	1.45-1.60	>20	0.02-0.05	4.5-6.5	<2	Low-----	0.10			
30----- Astatula	0-2	1-3	1.25-1.50	>20	0.04-0.10	4.5-6.5	<2	Low-----	0.10	5	2	.5-2
	2-80	1-3	1.45-1.60	>20	0.02-0.05	4.5-6.5	<2	Low-----	0.10			

TABLE 14.--PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES OF THE SOILS--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth		Moist bulk density G/cc	Permeability In/hr	Available water capacity In/in	Soil reaction pH	Salinity mmho/cm	Shrink-swell potential	Erosion factors		Wind erodibility group	Organic matter Pct
	In	Pct							K	T		
31----- Sparr	0-8	1-5	1.20-1.50	6.0-20	0.08-0.12	3.6-6.5	<2	Low-----	0.10	5	2	<3
	8-45	1-5	1.45-1.70	6.0-20	0.05-0.08	3.6-6.5	<2	Low-----	0.10			
	45-51	15-32	1.55-1.80	0.6-2.0	0.10-0.15	3.6-6.5	<2	Low-----	0.20			
	51-80	12-38	1.55-1.80	0.06-0.6	0.10-0.18	3.6-6.5	<2	Low-----	0.24			
2: Candler-----	0-60	<3	1.35-1.55	6.0-20	0.04-0.08	4.5-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.10	5	2	.5-2
	60-80	<3	1.50-1.65	6.0-20	0.02-0.06	4.5-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.10			
	95-99	14-30	1.55-1.65	2.0-6.0	0.10-0.15	4.5-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.20			
Urban land.												
33----- Micanopy	0-15	3-12	1.50-1.65	6.0-20	0.05-0.10	3.6-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.15	5	2	1-5
	15-25	20-38	1.50-1.65	0.6-2.0	0.10-0.15	3.6-6.0	<2	Moderate	0.32			
	25-55	40-60	1.55-1.70	0.06-0.2	0.10-0.18	3.6-6.0	<2	High-----	0.28			
	55-63	25-38	1.55-1.70	0.06-0.2	0.10-0.15	3.6-6.0	<2	High-----	0.32			
35----- Sparr	0-8	1-5	1.20-1.50	6.0-20	0.08-0.12	3.6-6.5	<2	Low-----	0.10	5	2	<3
	8-61	1-5	1.45-1.70	6.0-20	0.05-0.08	3.6-6.5	<2	Low-----	0.10			
	61-71	15-32	1.55-1.80	0.6-2.0	0.10-0.15	3.6-6.5	<2	Low-----	0.20			
	71-80	12-38	1.55-1.80	0.06-0.6	0.10-0.18	3.6-6.5	<2	Low-----	0.24			
36----- Eau Gallie	0-22	<5	1.25-1.50	6.0-20	0.02-0.07	4.5-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.10	5	2	2-8
	22-53	1-8	1.45-1.60	0.6-6.0	0.15-0.25	4.5-6.5	<2	Low-----	0.15			
	53-80	13-31	1.55-1.70	0.06-2.0	0.10-0.20	4.5-7.8	<2	Low-----	0.20			
37: Matlacha-----	0-42	3-8	1.65-1.75	2.0-6.0	0.05-0.10	5.6-8.4	<2	Low-----	0.10	5	2	---
	42-60	1-2	1.40-1.65	6.0-20	0.03-0.05	5.6-7.3	<2	Low-----	0.17			
	60	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---			
Urban land.												
1: Rock outcrop.												
Homosassa-----	0-8	10-18	1.25-1.45	2.0-20	0.20-0.25	6.1-7.8	>16	Low-----	0.10	2	2	10-15
	8-21	3-12	1.45-1.60	2.0-20	0.10-0.15	6.1-7.8	>16	Low-----	0.17			
	21	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---			
Lacoochee-----	0-8	13-19	1.55-1.65	0.6-2.0	0.15-0.20	7.9-8.4	>16	Low-----	0.20	1	3	---
	8-13	3-12	1.50-1.65	2.0-6.0	0.10-0.15	6.6-8.4	>16	Low-----	0.17			
	13-21	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---			
	21	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---			
10: allandale-----												
allandale-----	0-2	<3	1.35-1.45	6.0-20	0.05-0.11	5.1-6.5	<2	Low-----	0.10	2	2	2-5
	2-6	<3	1.50-1.60	6.0-20	0.03-0.08	6.1-6.5	<2	Low-----	0.10			
	6-8	<3	1.50-1.60	0.6-6.0	0.03-0.08	5.6-8.4	<2	Low-----	0.10			
	8-10	<5	1.50-1.60	6.0-20	0.05-0.10	6.6-8.4	<2	Low-----	0.10			
	10	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---			
Rock outcrop.												
10----- omosassa	0-10	10-18	1.25-1.45	2.0-20	0.20-0.25	6.1-7.8	>16	Low-----	0.10	2	2	10-15
	10-18	3-12	1.45-1.60	2.0-20	0.10-0.15	6.1-7.8	>16	Low-----	0.17			
	18-31	3-12	---	2.0-20	0.07-0.12	6.1-7.8	>16	Low-----	0.17			
	31-35	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---			
	35	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---			

TABLE 14.--PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES OF THE SOILS--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth	Clay	Moist bulk density	Permeability	Available water capacity	Soil reaction	Salinity	Shrink-swell potential	Erosion factors		Wind erodibility group	Organic matter
									K	T		
	In	Pct	G/cc	In/hr	In/in	pH	mmho/cm					Pct
41----- Candler	0-4	<3	1.35-1.55	6.0-20	0.04-0.08	4.5-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.10	5	2	.5-2
	4-67	<3	1.50-1.65	6.0-20	0.02-0.06	4.5-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.10			
	67-80	3-8	1.50-1.65	6.0-20	0.05-0.08	4.5-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.10			
46----- EauGallie	0-21	0-5	1.25-1.50	6.0-20	0.02-0.07	4.5-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.10	5	2	2-8
	21-32	1-8	1.45-1.60	0.6-6.0	0.15-0.25	4.5-6.5	<2	Low-----	0.15			
	32-46	1-5	1.45-1.65	6.0-20	0.02-0.05	4.5-7.8	<2	Low-----	0.10			
	46-80	13-31	1.55-1.70	0.06-2.0	0.10-0.20	4.5-7.8	<2	Low-----	0.20			
47----- Fort Meade	0-13	3-13	1.15-1.55	6.0-20	0.08-0.15	5.1-7.3	<2	Low-----	0.15	5	2	1-5
	13-80	3-13	1.20-1.65	6.0-20	0.06-0.10	4.5-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.15			
48. Arents												
49: Terra Ceia-----	0-80	---	0.15-0.35	6.0-20	0.30-0.50	4.5-8.4	<2	Low-----		2	2	>60
Okeelanta-----	0-27	---	0.15-0.35	6.0-20	0.20-0.45	6.6-7.3	<2	Low-----			2	60-85
	27-65	1-5	1.30-1.55	6.0-20	0.05-0.10	6.6-8.4	<2	Low-----	0.10			
50----- Kanapaha	0-45	2-6	1.55-1.75	2.0-6.0	0.03-0.10	4.5-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.10	5	2	.5-4
	45-72	15-32	1.50-1.65	0.06-0.6	0.10-0.15	4.5-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.24			
51: Boca-----	0-3	<2	1.30-1.55	6.0-20	0.05-0.10	5.1-8.4	<2	Low-----	0.10	5	2	1-3
	3-22	<2	1.50-1.60	6.0-20	0.02-0.05	5.1-8.4	<2	Low-----	0.17			
	22-32	14-30	1.55-1.65	0.6-2.0	0.10-0.15	5.1-8.4	<2	Low-----	0.20			
	32	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---			
Pineda-----	0-28	1-3	1.40-1.65	6.0-20	0.02-0.05	5.6-6.5	<2	Low-----	0.15	5	2	1-2
	28-42	17-35	1.65-1.75	0.06-0.2	0.10-0.15	6.6-7.8	<2	Low-----	0.24			
	42	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---			
52----- Anclote	0-14	2-8	1.30-1.45	6.0-20	0.10-0.15	5.1-8.4	<2	Low-----	0.10	5	2	2-10
	14-80	1-13	1.50-1.65	6.0-20	0.03-0.10	5.1-8.4	<2	Low-----	0.10			
53----- Boca	0-5	<2	1.30-1.55	6.0-20	0.05-0.10	5.1-8.4	<2	Low-----	0.10	5	2	1-3
	5-21	<2	1.50-1.60	6.0-20	0.02-0.05	5.1-8.4	<2	Low-----	0.17			
	21-38	14-30	1.55-1.65	0.6-2.0	0.10-0.15	5.1-8.4	<2	Low-----	0.20			
	38	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---			
54----- Apopka	0-50	<3	1.45-1.60	6.0-20	0.03-0.05	4.5-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.10	5	2	<2
	50-80	18-35	1.55-1.75	0.6-2.0	0.12-0.17	4.5-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.24			
55. Udorthents												
56----- Lake	0-11	35-75	1.45-1.65	0.06-0.2	0.15-0.20	4.5-7.8	<2	High-----	0.32	5	4	---
	11-80	1-3	1.45-1.65	>6.0	0.03-0.08	4.5-5.5	<2	Low-----	0.10			
57----- Ona	0-8	1-7	1.40-1.55	6.0-20	0.10-0.15	3.6-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.10	5	2	1-5
	8-20	3-8	1.50-1.65	0.6-2.0	0.10-0.15	3.6-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.15			
	20-80	1-4	1.50-1.65	6.0-20	0.03-0.08	3.6-6.0	<2	Low-----	0.10			
58: Myakka-----	0-23	0-2	1.35-1.55	6.0-20	0.02-0.05	5.1-7.8	<2	Low-----	0.10	5	2	<2
	23-34	1-8	1.45-1.60	0.6-6.0	0.10-0.20	5.1-7.8	<2	Low-----	0.15			
	34-62	0-2	1.48-1.70	6.0-20	0.10-0.20	5.1-7.8	<2	Low-----	0.10			
	62	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---			

TABLE 15.--SOIL AND WATER FEATURES

["Flooding" and "water table" and terms such as "rare," "brief," "apparent," and "perched" are explained in the text. The symbol < means less than; > means more than. Absence of an entry indicates that the feature is not a concern or that data were not estimated]

Map symbol and soil name	Hydro-logic group	Flooding			High water table			Bedrock		Subsidence		Risk of corrosion	
		Frequency	Duration	Months	Depth Ft	Kind	Months	Depth In	Hard-ness	Ini-tial In	Total In	Uncoated steel	Concrete steel
2----- Adamsville	C	None-----	---	---	2.0-3.5	Apparent	Jun-Nov	>60	---	---	---	Low-----	Moderate.
3, 4----- Candler	A	None-----	---	---	>6.0	---	---	>60	---	---	---	Low-----	High.
5----- Basinger	B/D	None-----	---	---	0-1.0	Apparent	Jun-Feb	>60	---	---	---	High-----	Moderate.
6*----- Basinger	D	None-----	---	---	+2-1.0	Apparent	Jun-Feb	>60	---	---	---	High-----	Moderate.
7----- Myakka	B/D	None-----	---	---	0-1.0	Apparent	Jun-Nov	>60	---	---	---	High-----	High.
8----- Paola	A	None-----	---	---	>6.0	---	---	>60	---	---	---	Low-----	High.
9----- Pompano	B/D	None-----	---	---	0-1.0	Apparent	Jun-Nov	>60	---	---	---	High-----	Moderate.
10*----- Pompano	D	None-----	---	---	+2-1.0	Apparent	Jun-Feb	>60	---	---	---	High-----	Moderate.
11----- Tavares	A	None-----	---	---	3.5-6.0	Apparent	Jun-Dec	>60	---	---	---	Low-----	High.
12----- Immokalee	B/D	None-----	---	---	0-1.0	Apparent	Jun-Nov	>60	---	---	---	High-----	High.
13*----- Okeelanta	B/D	None-----	---	---	+1-0	Apparent	Jun-Jan	>60	---	16-20	16-30	High-----	Moderate.
14, 15----- Lake	A	None-----	---	---	>6.0	---	---	>60	---	---	---	Low-----	High.
16, 17----- Arredondo	A	None-----	---	---	>6.0	---	---	>60	---	---	---	Moderate	High.
18, 19----- Kendrick	A	None-----	---	---	>6.0	---	---	>60	---	---	---	Moderate	High.

See footnote at end of table.

TABLE 15.--SOIL AND WATER FEATURES--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Hydro-logic group	Flooding			High water table			Bedrock		Subsidence		Risk of corrosion	
		Frequency	Duration	Months	Depth Ft	Kind	Months	Depth In	Hard-ness	Ini-tial In	Total In	Uncoated steel	Concrete
20. Pits													
22. Quartzipsamments													
23: Weekiwachee-----	D	Frequent-----	Very long	Jan-Dec	0-0.5	Apparent	Jan-Dec	40-51	Hard	---	---	High-----	Low.
Durbin-----	D	Frequent-----	Very long	Jan-Dec	0-0.5	Apparent	Jan-Dec	>60	---	12-14	15-24	High-----	High.
24*: Okeelanta-----	B/D	None-----	---	---	+1-0	Apparent	Jun-Jan	>60	---	16-20	16-30	High-----	Moderate.
Lauderhill-----	B/D	None-----	---	---	+1-1.0	Apparent	Jun-Feb	20-40	Hard	8-12	16-36	High-----	Moderate.
Terra Ceia-----	B/D	None-----	---	---	+1-1.0	Apparent	Jan-Dec	>60	---	16-20	50-60	Moderate	Moderate.
25----- Lochloosa	C	None-----	---	---	2.5-5.0	Apparent	Jul-Oct	>60	---	---	---	High-----	High.
26: Williston-----	C	None-----	---	---	>6.0	---	---	20-40	Hard	---	---	High-----	Moderate.
Pedro-----	C	None-----	---	---	>6.0	---	---	10-30	Hard	---	---	Moderate	Moderate.
Rock outcrop.													
27----- Pomello	C	None-----	---	---	2.0-3.5	Apparent	Jul-Nov	>60	---	---	---	Low-----	High.
28----- Redlevel	C	None-----	---	---	2.0-3.0	Apparent	Jun-Nov	40-60	Hard	---	---	High-----	High.
29, 30----- Astatula	A	None-----	---	---	>6.0	---	---	>60	---	---	---	Low-----	High.
31----- Sparr	C	None-----	---	---	1.5-3.5	Apparent	Jul-Oct	>60	---	---	---	Moderate	High.

See footnote at end of table.

TABLE 15.--SOIL AND WATER FEATURES--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Hydro-logic group	Flooding			High water table			Bedrock		Subsidence		Risk of corrosion	
		Frequency	Duration	Months	Depth Ft	Kind	Months	Depth In	Hard-ness	Ini-tial In	Total In	Uncoated steel	Concrete
32: Candler----- Urban land.	A	None-----	---	---	>6.0	---	---	>60	---	---	---	Low-----	High.
33----- Micanopy	C	None-----	---	---	1.5-2.5	Perched	Jul-Nov	>60	---	---	---	High-----	High.
35----- Sparr	C	None-----	---	---	1.5-3.5	Apparent	Jul-Oct	>60	---	---	---	Moderate	High.
36----- EauGallie	B/D	None-----	---	---	0-1.0	Apparent	Jun-Oct	>60	---	---	---	High-----	Moderate.
37: Matlacha----- Urban land.	C	None-----	---	---	2.0-3.0	Apparent	Jun-Oct	40-60	Hard	---	---	High-----	Low.
38: Rock outcrop. Homosassa----- Lacoochee-----	D D	Frequent----	Very long	Jan-Dec	0-0.5	Apparent	Jan-Dec	23-40	Hard	---	---	High-----	Low.
39: Hallandale----- Rock outcrop.	B/D	Rare-----	---	---	0-1.0	Apparent	Jun-Nov	7-20	Hard	---	---	High-----	Low.
40----- Homosassa	D	Frequent----	Very long	Jan-Dec	0-0.5	Apparent	Jan-Dec	23-40	Hard	---	---	High-----	Low.
41----- Candler	A	None-----	---	---	>6.0	---	---	>60	---	---	---	Low-----	High.
46*----- EauGallie	D	None-----	---	---	+2-1.0	Apparent	Jun-Feb	>60	---	---	---	High-----	Moderate.
47----- Fort Meade	A	None-----	---	---	>6.0	---	---	>60	---	---	---	Low-----	High.
48. Arents													

See footnote at end of table.

TABLE 15.--SOIL AND WATER FEATURES--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Hydro-logic group	Flooding			High water table			Bedrock		Subsidence		Risk of corrosion	
		Frequency	Duration	Months	Depth Ft	Kind	Months	Depth In	Hard-ness	Ini-tial In	Total In	Uncoated steel	Concrete
49: Terra Ceia-----	D	Frequent----	Long-----	Jun-Nov	0-1.0	Apparent	Jan-Dec	>60	---	16-20	50-60	Moderate	Moderate.
Okeelanta-----	D	Frequent----	Very long	Mar-Sep	0-1.0	Apparent	Jan-Dec	>60	---	4-8	10-18	High-----	Moderate.
50----- Kanapaha	B/D	None-----	---	---	0-1.0	Apparent	Jul-Sep	>60	---	---	---	High-----	High.
51: Boca-----	B/D	None-----	---	---	0-1.0	Apparent	Jun-Feb	24-40	Hard	---	---	High-----	Moderate.
Pineda-----	B/D	None-----	---	---	0-1.0	Apparent	Jun-Nov	40-80	Hard	---	---	High-----	Low.
52*----- Anclote	D	None-----	---	---	+2-0	Apparent	Jun-Mar	>60	---	---	---	High-----	Moderate.
53----- Boca	B/D	None-----	---	---	0-1.0	Apparent	Jun-Feb	24-40	Hard	---	---	High-----	Moderate.
54----- Apopka	A	None-----	---	---	>6.0	---	---	>60	---	---	---	Moderate	High.
55. Udorthents													
56----- Lake	C	None-----	---	---	>6.0	---	---	>60	---	---	---	High-----	Moderate.
57----- Ona	B/D	None-----	---	---	0-1.0	Apparent	Jun-Nov	>60	---	---	---	High-----	High.
58: Myakka-----	B/D	None-----	---	---	0-1.0	Apparent	Jun-Oct	40-80	Hard	---	---	High-----	High.
EauGallie-----	B/D	None-----	---	---	0-1.0	Apparent	Jun-Oct	50-80	Hard	---	---	High-----	Moderate.
59*----- Boca	D	None-----	---	---	+2-1.0	Apparent	Jun-Feb	24-40	Hard	---	---	High-----	Moderate.
60----- Broward	C	None-----	---	---	1.5-2.5	Apparent	Jun-Nov	20-40	Hard	---	---	Low-----	Low.
61----- Orsino	A	None-----	---	---	3.5-5.0	Apparent	Jun-Dec	>60	---	---	---	Low-----	Moderate.

See footnote at end of table.

TABLE 15.--SOIL AND WATER FEATURES--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Hydro-logic group	Flooding			High water table			Bedrock		Subsidence		Risk of corrosion	
		Frequency	Duration	Months	Depth	Kind	Months	Depth	Hardness	Initial	Total	Uncoated steel	Concrete
					<u>Ft</u>			<u>In</u>		<u>In</u>	<u>In</u>		
62----- Malabar	B/D	None-----	---	---	0-1.0	Apparent	Jun-Nov	>60	---	---	---	High-----	Low.
63----- Paisley	D	Rare-----	---	---	0-1.0	Apparent	Jun-Nov	>60	---	---	---	High-----	Moderate.
64----- Citronelle	D	None-----	---	---	2.0-3.0	Apparent	Jun-Sep	5-20	Hard	---	---	High-----	High.

* In the "High water table--Depth" column, a plus sign preceding the range in depth indicates that the high water table is above the surface of the soil. The first numeral in the range indicates how high the water rises above the surface. The second numeral indicates the depth below the surface.



APPENDIX C

FDOT

STRAIGHT LINE DIAGRAM

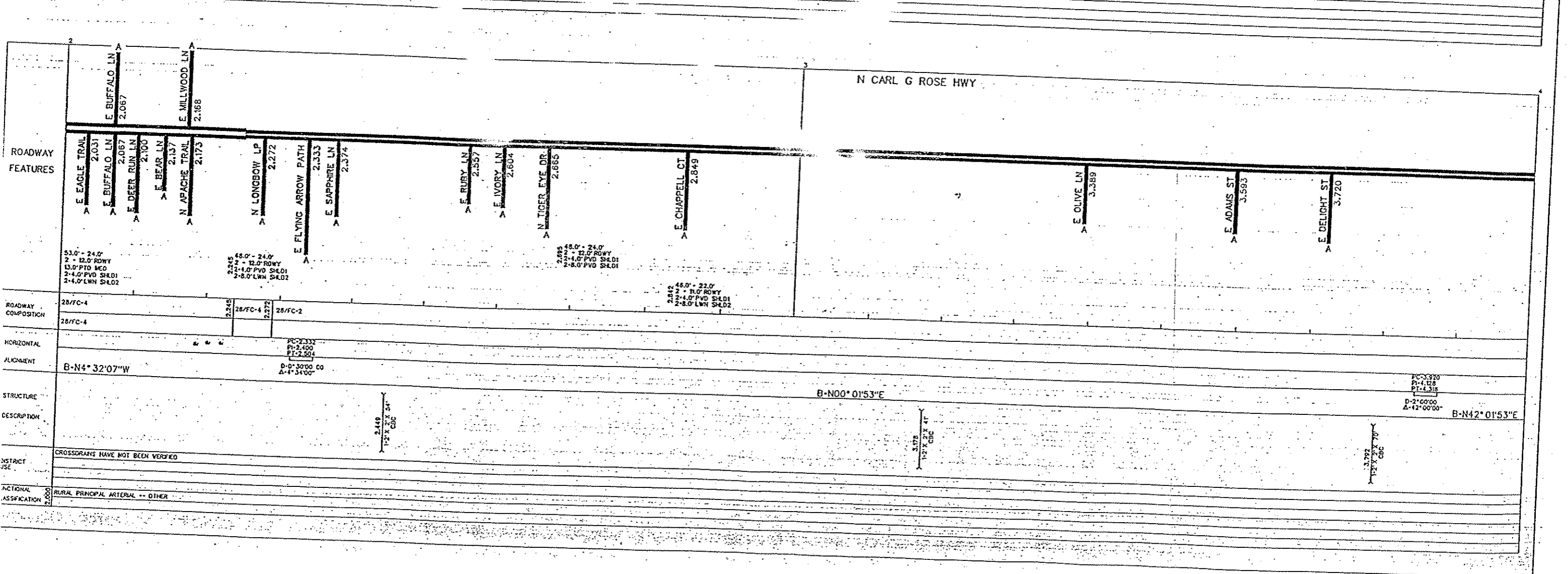
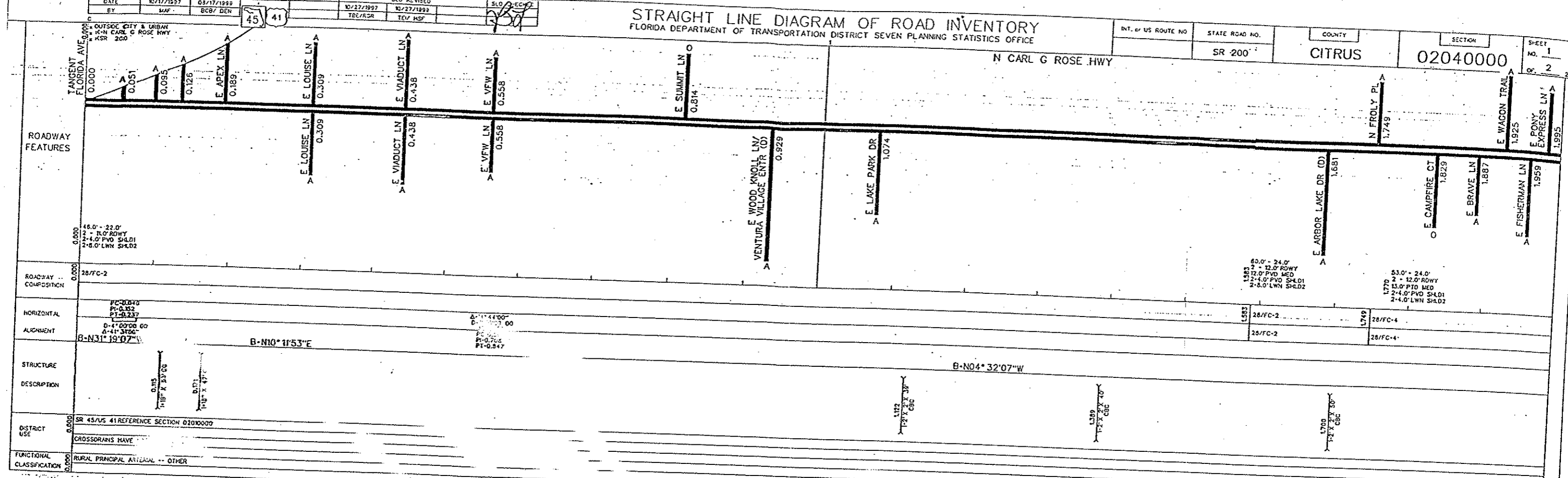
OF

ROAD INVENTORY

STRAIGHT LINE DIAGRAM OF ROAD INVENTORY
 FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DISTRICT SEVEN PLANNING STATISTICS OFFICE

INT. OF US ROUTE NO. STATE ROAD NO. COUNTY SECTION SHEET NO. OF

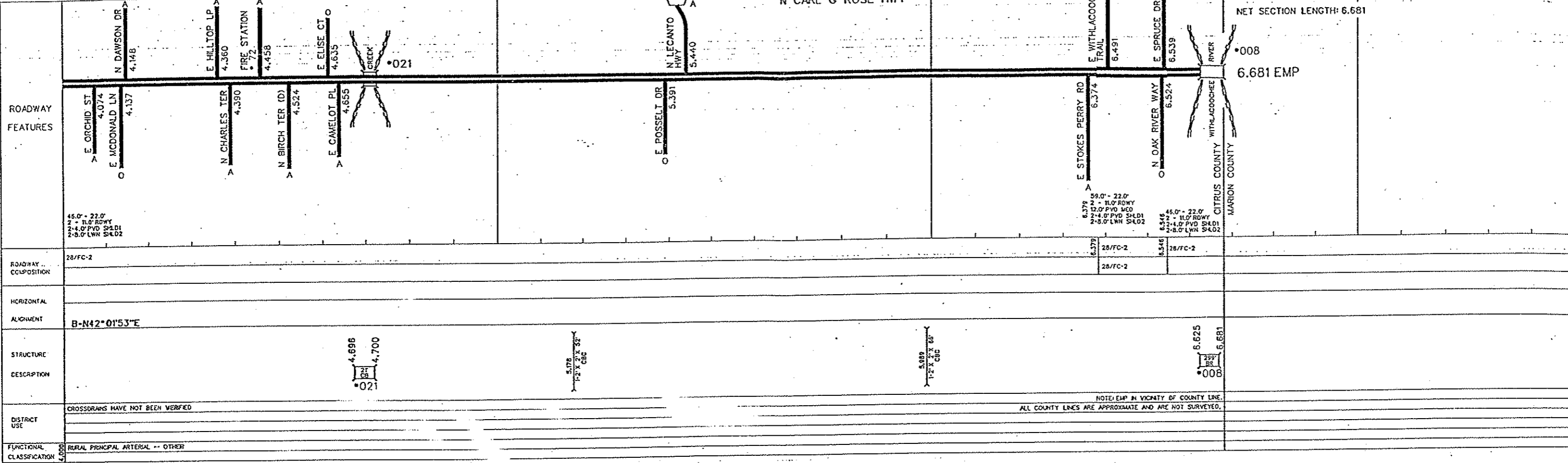
SR 200 CITRUS 02040000 1 2



STRAIGHT LINE DIAGRAM OF ROAD INVENTORY
 FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DISTRICT SEVEN PLANNING STATISTICS OFFICE

WEST INT. OF US ROUTE NO. 39
 STATE ROAD NO. SR 200
 COUNTY CITRUS
 SECTION 02040000
 SHEET NO. 2 OF 2

DATE	INVENTORIED	INVENTORY REVISED	SLD REVISED	SLD CHECKED
12/17/1997	WJF	CB/17/1999 BCE/ DEN	10/27/1997 TBE/RGR	10/27/1999 TEL/MSF



4/21/04 08:17



APPENDIX D
CORRESPONDENCE



ARCADIS GERAGHTY & MILLER

TELEPHONE CONVERSATION RECORD

DATE: December 4, 2001 TIME: 10:00 A.M. PROJECT: SR 200 PD/E
FROM: Sam Aref TO: Jerry Sanford
COMPANY: ARCADIS COMPANY: FDOT Licanto Maintenance office
TELE NO: 813. 961. 1921 TELE NO: 352. 527. 9350
RE: Flooding Issues

Jerry indicated that he does not believe there are drainage problems along the subject roadway. He did confirm, however, that he is not sure. He recommended to call Don Higginbotham. He stated that Don is very familiar with the area.

Note:

ARCADIS contacted Don Higginbotham on 2/5/01. Don indicated that there are no flooding problems. The call to Jerry Sanford was a request from the FDOT District 7 Drainage Dept.



ARCADIS GERAGHTY & MILLER

TELEPHONE CONVERSATION RECORD

DATE: 2/5/2001 TIME: 9:15 A.M. PROJECT: SR 200 PD&E
FROM: Sam Aref TO: Don Higinbotham
COMPANY: ARCADIS COMPANY: FDOT Licanto Maintenance office
TELE NO: 813.961.1921 TELE NO: 352.527.9350
RE: Flooding Problems

According to Don Higinbotham, there are no flooding observed or reported along SR. 200 between US 41 and the Marion County line. Don suggested that this may be due to high sandy area. He did report, however, that Marion County is experiencing some flooding in their areas.

DRAINAGE
MEETING MINUTES
for
SR 200 PD&E Reevaluation
from US 41 to north of the Marion County Line

A meeting took place on the above referenced project at the FDOT District 7 Drainage Office on October 25, 2000. The subject of the meeting was to discuss methodology issues regarding the Location Hydraulics and Pond Siting Reports. In attendance were: Megan Arasteh, P.E., FDOT District Drainage Engineer and Sam Aref of ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller, Inc. The following subjects were discussed:

- 1 The limits of the project were identified from US 41 on the south terminus to north of the Marion County Line on the north terminus, as shown on the provided location map.
- 2 The project will include eleven sub-basins. ARCADIS Geraghty & Miller to contact SWFWMD to confirm open and closed basins.
- 3 Per the PD&E scope of work, a minimum of two and preferably three stormwater pond site alternatives shall be submitted for each basin. The pond designs will be based on the selected typical sections, which are currently under review. Supra-3 Model will be used for the pond designs. The calculated DHW for the 3-year storm event for the urban section, 10-year storm event for the rural section shall be less than the lowest edge of pavement elevation within the sub-basin in question to insure positive flow to the selected pond sites.
- 4 Megan suggested that wherever urban typical sections are considered, the offsite runoff should be accommodated for.
- 5 Per the PD&E scope of work, the alternative analyses for stormwater runoff will evaluate storage in stormwater ponds.
- 6 Water quality treatment will be based on 1 inch of runoff. However, if outfalling to Withlacoochee River and Tsala Apopka Lake, water quality treatment will be 1.5 and 2 times the initial treatment volume, respectively. SWFWMD considers Tsala Apopka Lake to be a sink hole and, therefore, the 2 times the initial treatment volume will be required.
- 7 Per the PD&E scope of work, a Bridge Hydraulics Report (BHR) will not be prepared for this project.
- 8 The preliminary cross-drain replacements and extensions will be based on the velocity of six feet per second as discussed in the FDOT Drainage Manual. The proposed cross drain sizes will be compared to the December 1993 PD&E study as part of the current PD&E reevaluation study.
- 9 During a separate phone conversation on November 9, 2000, between Megan Arasteh, Sam Aref and Panos Kontses, the drainage design for a future six-lane typical section was discussed. This

issue has arisen because FDOT District 5 has designed the drainage facilities for S.R. 200 in Marion County to accommodate a six-lane typical section even though the design plans show S.R. 200 as a four-lane facility. Megan, after consulting with Dwayne Kile, District Design Engineer, responded that the drainage facilities for S.R. 200 should be designed to accommodate the lane requirements suggested by the Long Range Transportation Plan (LRTP) of Citrus County. It should be noted that Citrus County has recently agreed to update its LRTP to include S.R. 200 as a four-lane facility. Therefore, it was agreed that the drainage facilities reflect the approved four-lane typical sections for this study.

THIS FORM IS INTENDED TO FACILITATE AND GUIDE THE DIALOGUE DURING A PREAPPLICATION MEETING BY PROVIDING A PARTIAL "PROMPT LIST" OF DISCUSSION SUBJECTS. IT IS NOT A LIST OF REQUIREMENTS FOR SUBMITTAL BY THE APPLICANT.**



**Southwest Florida Water Management District
Resource Regulation Division
ERP Preapplication Meeting PROMPT LIST**

CT #

MEETING INFORMATION

Service Office/ Meeting Location: Bartow Brooksville Tampa Venice Other Location _____

Meeting Time: 9:00 A.M.

Meeting Date: 2/29/2000

Attendees:	Name	Affiliation	Mailing Address	Phone Number
1.	<u>Sam Aref</u>	<u>ARCADIS Geograpy & Miller</u>	<u>14497 N. Dale Mabry suite 115 Tampa 33618</u>	<u>264.3416</u>
2.	<u>Panos Kontses</u>	<u>ARCADIS Geograpy & Miller</u>	<u>14497 N. Dale Mabry suite 115 Tampa 33618</u>	<u>264.3459</u>
3.				
4.				
5.				

Types of documents to be reviewed during the meeting:

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Aerial Maps	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FEMA Maps	<input type="checkbox"/> Geotechnical Reports/Models	<input type="checkbox"/> Land Surveys
<input type="checkbox"/> Soil Surveys	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Calculations	<input type="checkbox"/> Topographic Maps	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland Surveys
<input type="checkbox"/> Wildlife Surveys	<input type="checkbox"/> Title/Lease/Ownership	<input type="checkbox"/> Const. Drawings/Site Plans	<input type="checkbox"/> Other/ No Documents

PROJECT BACKGROUND AND HISTORICAL INFORMATION

Project Name: SR 200 PDEE Proposal

Project Location: County CITRUS Section see below Township _____ Range _____

Prior Onsite and Adjacent Property Permit Activity:	Onsite Permit/Activity	Permit, CT, or FI #	Prior Eng/ES	Adjacent Property Permit #s
<input type="checkbox"/> WUP	_____	_____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/> WUP _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Prior Surface Permit	_____	_____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/> Surface _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Dredge and Fill	_____	_____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/> Eng/ES/Hydro _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Enforcement Action	_____	_____	_____	

Other Agency Involvement (circle all that apply)

ACOE EPA DEP DCA

FGFWFC Dept of State

Local _____ Other _____

WUCA, WFL, WEA, or other areas of resource concern (identify)

Ownership/Perpetual Control: Ownership Eminent Domain Specific use easements Environmental/Conservation easements Right-of-way easements Ingress/egress easements Transmission easements Drainage easements

Project Overview: Total Land acreage: _____ Project acreage: _____ Impervious acreage: _____ Wetlands acreage: _____ Wetlands identified? (yes) or no Wetlands delineated/surveyed? (yes) or no

Notes/Comments:

Sections: 2, 11, 14 & 23 of TWP 18S & Range 19E

Sections: 25, 35 & 36 of TWP 17S & Range 19E

Section: 30 of TWP 17S & Range 20E



**Southwest Florida Water Management District
Resource Regulation Division
ERP Preapplication Meeting PROMPT LIST**

CT #

SITE INFORMATION DISCUSSION

<p>Seasonal High Water Level (a.k.a., Seasonal High Ground Water Table):</p>	<p>1. <input type="checkbox"/> Site topography 2. <input type="checkbox"/> Soil surveys 3. <input type="checkbox"/> Soils type calculations for dual classifications? 4. <input type="checkbox"/> SHWL/SHGWT set by actual elevation (NGVD); or relative elevation (depth below land surface) <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No 5. <input type="checkbox"/> Soil borings necessary, and at least 2 feet below proposed pond bottom elevation? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No 6. <input type="checkbox"/> Ground penetrating radar from NRCS 7. <input type="checkbox"/> NRCS SHWL/SHGWT determination 8. <input type="checkbox"/> Sinkholes/Karst Formations 9. <input type="checkbox"/> Field site visit is recommended? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No</p> <p>Purpose(s) _____</p>
<p>Flood Plain and Tailwater Conditions:</p>	<p>10. <input type="checkbox"/> Tailwater analysis and evaluations (i.e., stage/time data) 11. <input type="checkbox"/> The project is within 100 year flood plain? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No 12. <input type="checkbox"/> FEMA maps are provided? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No 13. <input type="checkbox"/> FEMA panel No: _____ 14. <input type="checkbox"/> FEMA maps are best evidence available? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No 15. <input type="checkbox"/> Other, better data needed? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No 15A. <input type="checkbox"/> Do flood plain elevations need establishment for apparent flood hazard zones? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No</p>
<p>Adjacent Offsite Contributing Sources:</p>	<p>16. <input type="checkbox"/> Identify offsite contributing sources 17. <input type="checkbox"/> Discuss prior permitting history of adjacent projects 18. <input type="checkbox"/> Identify historical activity on GIS</p>
<p>Receiving Waterbody:</p>	<p>19. <input type="checkbox"/> Identify classification of receiving waterbody: OFW Class I (circle one) 20. <input type="checkbox"/> Identify quantity capacity of receiving waterbody 21. <input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Preserve? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No</p>
<p>Sovereign Submerged Lands:</p>	<p>22. <input type="checkbox"/> Has a title determination been made? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No 23. <input type="checkbox"/> Does the project exceed the delegation authority thresholds in ss. 18-21.0051, F.A.C.? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No 23A. <input type="checkbox"/> Can the project be reasonably expected to have heightened public concern because of potential effect on the environment, natural resources, or controversial nature or location? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No</p>

Notes/Comments:



**Southwest Florida Water Management District
Resource Regulation Division
ERP Preapplication Meeting PROMPT LIST**

CT #

WATER QUANTITY DISCUSSION

Basin Description:	24. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Open <input type="checkbox"/> Closed <input type="checkbox"/> Special Basin Criteria
Storm Event Information:	25. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Designed Storm Event (25 and/or 100 years) 26. <input type="checkbox"/> Rainfall depths for 25 and 100 year events
Pre/Post Volume:	27. <input type="checkbox"/> Difference for closed basins (100 year storm event)
Pre/Post Discharge:	28. <input type="checkbox"/> Discussion of raising or lowering groundwater levels 29. <input type="checkbox"/> Discussion of 36 hour initial stage (DLW) 30. <input type="checkbox"/> Discussion of necessity to maintain points/method of discharge 31. <input type="checkbox"/> Discussion of effects of previously recorded drainage easements or permits (onsite and adjacent) 32. <input type="checkbox"/> Pre/post discharge rates 33. <input type="checkbox"/> Applicant proposes to lower groundwater? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No 34. <input type="checkbox"/> If 33 marked yes, are drainage pumps planned? 35. <input type="checkbox"/> If 33 marked yes, discuss radius of influence and drawdown calculations 36. <input type="checkbox"/> If 33 marked yes, how will proposed system be effectively maintained to prevent adverse impacts?
Range of Rates Discussed:	Pre/Post rates _____ Rainfall depths 25 year event _____ 36 hour DLW _____

Notes/Comments: COMPENSATE
 COMPENSATE FOR 100% FLOODPLAIN
 ENCROACHMENT
 TANK APPROX - TREAT DRAINAGE
 TANK VOLUME
 IF DISCHARGE DIRECTLY INTO THE
 TANK - NO ATTENUATION

if discharge directly into the lake - no attenuation



**Southwest Florida Water Management District
Resource Regulation Division
ERP Preapplication Meeting PROMPT LIST**

CT #

WATER QUALITY DISCUSSION

Type of Water Quality Treatment:

- Wet Detention
 Wetland Treatment
 Dry Retention
 Effluent Filtration
 Other

Technical Characteristics:

- 37. Contributing area
- 38. Required volume
- 39. Provided volume
- 40. Fluctuation (hydroperiod elevations) Different from 18"? Yes No
- 41. Drawdown; OR residence time for "Conservation" design alternative
- 42. 35% Littoral & 1' Pool depth; OR "Conservation" design alternatives
- 43. Separate inflow/outflow
- 44. Mounding analysis
- 45. Filter drain calculations
- 46. Impacts to wetland hydroperiods
- 47. 2' Minimum filter material
- 48. Skimmers
- 49. Erosion controls
- 50. Special criteria (Outstanding Florida Waters)
- 51. Public road requirements
- 52. Equivalent treatment
- 53. Discussion of reporting cycles requires for treatment types

Non-Presumptive Treatment Alternatives (a.k.a., "Rule Alternative Equivalent Criteria")

Notes/Comments:

Sections 1.1, 1.3 and 5.1 of the "Basis of Review" (BOR) for Environmental Resource Permitting applications refer to "criteria flexibility," "other methods of meeting overall objectives," and "equivalent treatment" as alternative ways to demonstrate reasonable assurance of compliance with the ERP Conditions for Issuance of Permits. This introduces a concept of "Rule Alternative Equivalent Criteria," which means dimensional design and performance standards that are technically, scientifically and functionally equivalent to, and may be voluntarily substituted for, specific criteria already in District BOR Rules for determining compliance with the Conditions for Issuance of Permits. Using this concept, alternative criteria can be voluntarily used in the application IF the criteria: 1) are proven to be technically, scientifically and functionally equivalent to criteria already in the BOR, 2) are appropriate for the site conditions, and 3) are agreed to by the District on a case by case basis and prior to permitting.



**Southwest Florida Water Management District
Resource Regulation Division
ERP Preapplication Meeting PROMPT LIST**

CT #

ENVIRONMENTAL DISCUSSION

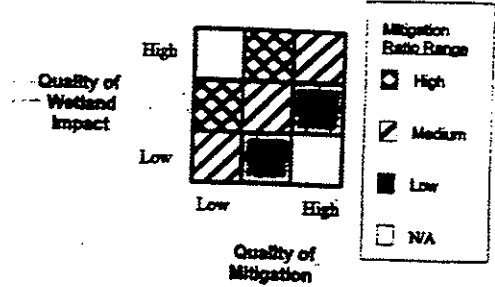
Wetlands On the Proposed Site, or On Adjacent Properties:

Yes No

Technical Characteristics:

- 54. Identification of wetlands on site
- 55. Identification of wetlands on adjacent properties
- 56. Known T&E species
- 57. Environmental easements
- 58. Preservation of wetlands and drawdown issues
- 59. Ponds/Ditch setbacks from wetlands
- 60. Elimination/Reduction strategies
- 61. Permanently impacted acres
- 62. Temporarily impacted acres
- 63. Secondary and cumulative impacts
- 64. Mitigation options
- 65. Mitigation acres/criteria
- 66. Wetland treatment and oil/grease
- 67. Maintenance requirements

Relationship between the quality of wetland impact, the quality of mitigation and the mitigation ratio range.



Site Visit and Verification:

- 68. ES site visit necessary? Yes No
- 69. Wetland verification necessary? Yes No
- 70. Seasonal High Water verification necessary? Yes No
- 71. Upland SHWL elevation verification necessary? Yes No
- 72. Normal Pool (NP) verification necessary? Yes No
- 73. Other _____? Yes No

Notes/Comments:

WITH LAPOOCHLE RIVER - CFW - NEDS WITHIN
 BRIDGES CROSSING FOR WILDLIFE
 - SPUR ROAD BRIDGE TO SW MAY HAVE WILDLIFE
 CROSSING WITHIN FIRST 2-3 MILES FROM
 BRIDGE
 - SCRUB THICK IN AREA OF CR 37 + 41
 - ARROW POINT FLOODING - TOTAL AREA OUTSIDE CANAL
 - NEDS W/HT. DEL.
 - DOT MITIGATION BILL FOR MITIGATION
 - SOV. LANDS - PUBLIC EASEMENT FOR BRIDGES IF
 NOT READY IN PLACE



**Southwest Florida Water Management District
Resource Regulation Division
ERP Preapplication Meeting PROMPT LIST**

CT #

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, AND OTHER ISSUES FOR DISCUSSION

Necessary Permit Application Information:

- 74. Applicant ownership or perpetual control of entire project area
- 75. Name O&M entity
- 76. Specific O&M instructions
- 77. Homeowner Association documents
- 78. Coastal Zone management requirements
- 79. Division of Historic Resources

Notes/Comments:

ERP APPLICATION/REVIEW/APPROVAL DISCUSSIONS

Future Preapplication Meeting:

- 80. Will there be another preapplication meeting? Yes No
- 81. Field or Office Meeting: _____
- 82. Tentative Date: _____
- 83. Tentative Attendees: _____

Anticipated Permit Type and Fee Required:

- Conceptual Individual Standard General Standard General (minor) Noticed General
- Formal Modification Letter Modification Site Condition Assessment None Other
- 84. Estimated Fee \$ ERP MSSW W.O.D. Exemption

Fast Track:

- 85. Is Fast Track appropriate? Yes No
 - 86. Are applicant and consultant committed to the Fast Track process? Yes No
- Some necessary conditions for Fast Track:

Anticipated Permit Submittal Date:

When is permit needed?

ERP Preapplication Meeting record and/or associated notes completed by: AB JP

Copies provided to Attendees on this date: _____

DISCLAIMER: The District ERP preapplication meeting process is a service made available to the public to assist interested parties in preparing submittal of a permit application. Information shared at preapplication meetings is superseded by the actual permit application submittal. District permit decisions are based upon information submitted during the application process and Rules in effect at the time the application is complete.

WORKING DRAFT
5/10

73° ADKLS. OUMMS @ SWFWMD. STARR. FL



APPENDIX E
FLOODPLAIN IMPACT VOLUME
CALCULATIONS



GERAGHTY & MILLER

SUBJECT: Floodplain Impact Calculations

JOB NO: TF001173.0000

BY: Sam Aref
DATE: Dec. 17, 2001
CHKD: _____
DATE: _____

SUB-BASIN HS - FLOODPLAIN IMPACTS

Station to	Station	Side	Length	Width	Area	Ex. Gr. EL	FEMA EL	FP Depth	ac-ft	Volume	
			ft	ft	ac	ft	ft	ft		cy	cf
24780.00	26350.00	Lt	1570.00	21.00	0.76	40.00	41.00	1.00	0.76	1,221.11	32,970.00
26350.00	27675.00	Lt	1325.00	25.00	<u>0.76</u>	40.00	41.00	1.00	<u>0.76</u>	<u>1,226.85</u>	<u>33,125.00</u>
Total					1.52				1.52	2,447.96	66,095.00

SUB-BASIN J - FLOODPLAIN IMPACTS

Station to	Station	Side	Length	Width	Area	Ex. Gr. EL	FEMA EL	FP Depth	ac-ft	Volume	
			ft	ft	ac	ft	ft	ft		cy	cf
34975.00	35626.64	Lt	651.64	15.00	<u>0.22</u>	40.00	41.00	1.00	<u>0.22</u>	<u>362.02</u>	<u>9,774.60</u>
Total					0.22				0.22	362.02	9,774.60



APPENDIX F

HDS-5

CULVERT CAPACITY CALCULATION WORKSHEETS

FOR

EXISTING & PROPOSED CULVERTS



ARCADIS
GERAGHTY & MILLER

SUBJECT: SR 200; Existing CD 59+41.80

JOB NO: TF001173.0000

BY: Sam Aref
DATE: Dec. 12, 2000
CHKD: PK
DATE: 3/23/01

I. CROSS DRAIN CHARACTERISTICS

Box Located @ Station	59+41.80			
Box Size =	2	X	2	ft
Number of Barrels =	1			
Box Length =	39.15	ft		
Box X-Sectional Area =	4.00	sf		
Box Wetted Parameters =	8.00	ft		
Box Hydraulic Radius =	0.50	ft		
Manning's roughness =	0.012			
Flow Direction	East			
Upstream Invert =	50.69	ft		
Downstream Invert =	50.50	ft		
Entrance Coefficient =	0.2			
Critical Elevation =	55.02	ft		

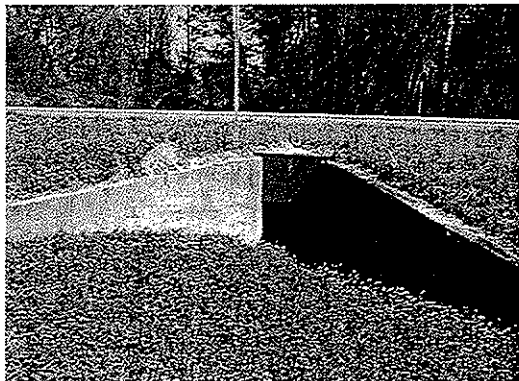
II. DETERMINE FLOWRATES (Q), Q = A x V

Assume	V(25 yr) =	6.00	ft/sec	
	Q(25 yr) =	24.00	cfs	
	Q(50 yr) =	29.00	cfs	see exceedence probability plot
	Q(100 yr) =	33.60	cfs	based on 1.4 x Q(25 yr)
	Q(500 yr) =	57.12	cfs	based on 1.7 x Q(100 yr)

III. DETERMINE TAILWATER

Use a tailwater equal to the crown of culvert
D/S invert + culvert height = 52.50 ft

IV. PHYSICAL APPEARANCE/CONDITION

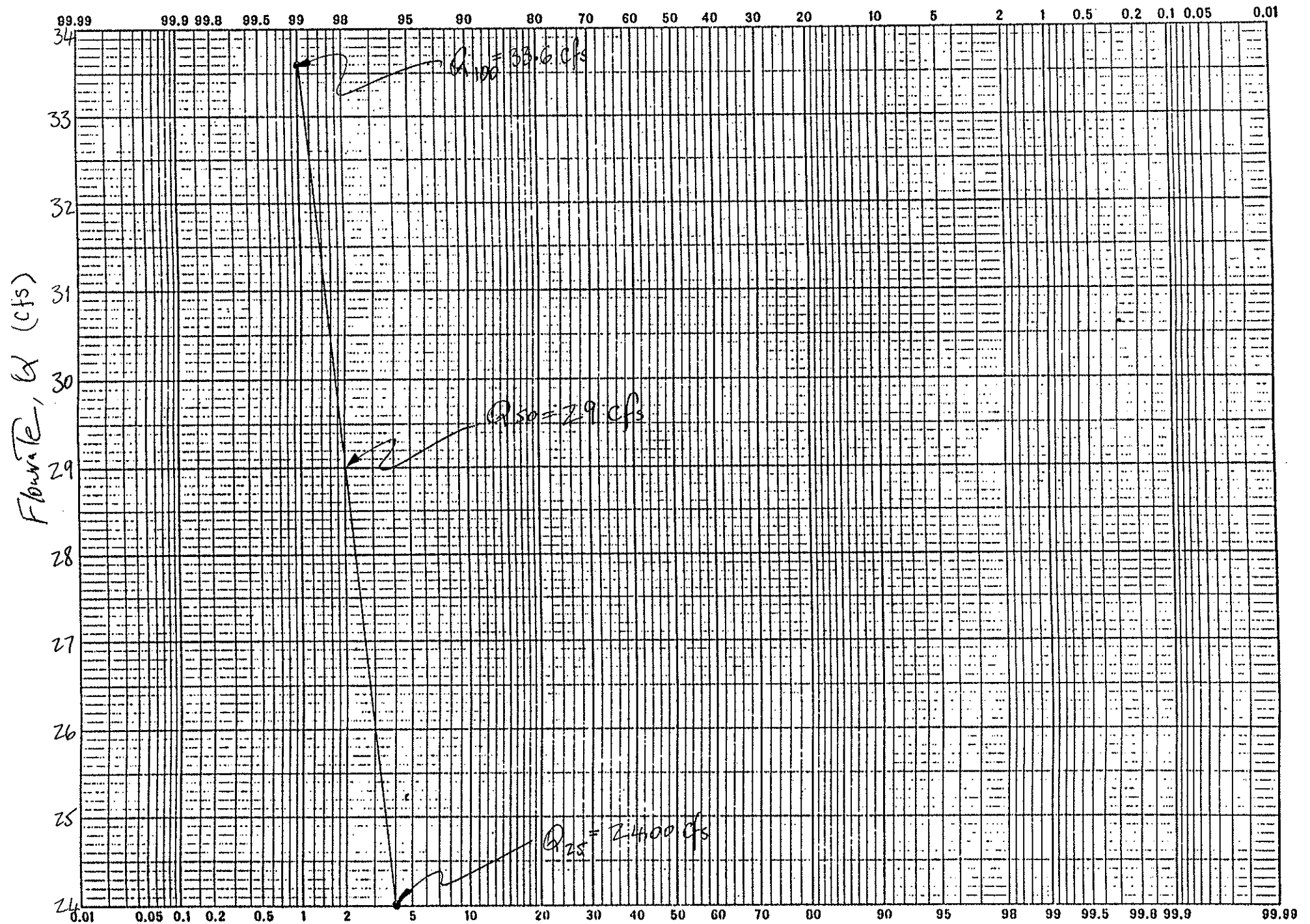


Upstream end, west side of SR 200



Downstream end, east side of SR 200

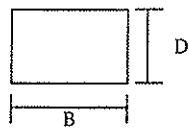
Exceedence Probability (%)



PROJECT: SR 200; Existing CD 59+41.80
Worksheet for Culvert Capacity Calculations

DESIGNER: Sam Aref
DATE: Dec. 12, 2000

HYDROLOGIC AND CHANNEL INFORMATION

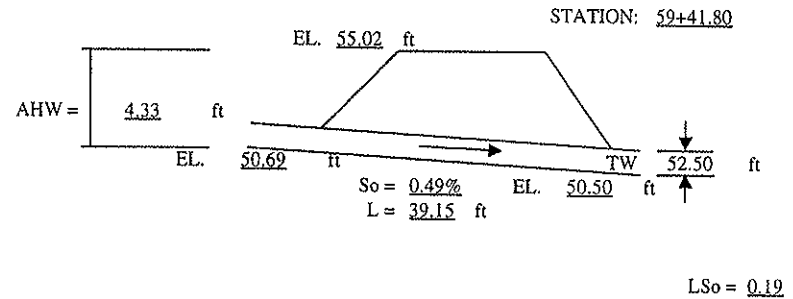


D = Diameter or Height
B = Span

Q(50 yr) = 29.0 cfs TW = 52.50 ft
Q(100 yr) = 33.6 cfs TW = 52.50 ft
Q(500 yr) = 57.1 cfs TW = 52.50 ft

(Q50 = DESIGN DISCHARGE)
(Q100 = CHECK DISCHARGE)

SKETCH



CULVERT DESCRIPTION (ENTRANCE TYPE)	Q	SIZE		HEADWATER COMPUTATIONS											CONTR-OLLING HW	OUTLET VELOCITY	PEAK STAGE
		D	B	INLET CONTROL			OUTLET CONTROL HW = H + DTW - LSo										
				Q/B	HW/D	HW	Ke	H	dc	(dc+D)/2	TW	DTW	LSo	HW			
	29.0	2.0	2.0	14.50	1.80	3.60	0.2	1.31	1.87	1.94	2.00	2.00	0.19	3.12	3.60	7.25	54.29
	33.6	2.0	2.0	16.80	2.17	4.33	0.2	1.77	2.07	2.03	2.00	2.03	0.19	3.61	4.33	8.40	55.02
	57.1	2.0	2.0	28.56	4.80	9.60	0.2	5.10	2.94	2.47	2.00	2.47	0.19	7.38	9.60	14.28	60.29

SUMMARY & RECOMMENDATIONS:

$$H @ \text{Outlet Control} = [1 + Ke + (29*n^2*L)/(Rh^{1.33})] * ((Q/A)^2/(2*g))$$

Design by: Sam Aref

Checked by:

Approved by: _____



SUBJECT: SR 200; Proposed CD 59+41.80

JOB NO: TF001173.0000

BY: Sam Aref
DATE: Dec. 12, 2000
CHKD: PK
DATE: 3/23/01

I. CROSS DRAIN CHARACTERISTICS

Pipe Proposed @ Station	59+41.80
Pipe Size =	30 in
Number of Barrels =	1
Pipe Length =	120.00 ft
Pipe X-Sectional Area =	4.91 sf
Pipe Hydraulic Radius =	0.63 ft
Pipe Type	Reinforced concrete
Manning's roughness =	0.012
Flow Direction	East
Upstream Invert =	51.00 ft
Downstream Invert =	50.41 ft
Entrance Coefficient =	0.5
Critical Elevation =	55.02 ft

II. DETERMINE FLOWRATES (Q)

Q(50 yr) =	29.00 cfs
Q(100 yr) =	33.60 cfs
Q(500 yr) =	57.12 cfs

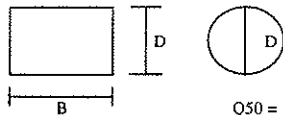
III. DETERMINE TAILWATER

Use a tailwater equal to the existing crown of culvert
TW = 52.50 ft

PROJECT: SR 200; Proposed CD 59+41.80
Worksheet for Culvert Capacity Calculations

DESIGNER: Sam Aref
DATE: Dec. 12, 2000

HYDROLOGIC AND CHANNEL INFORMATION

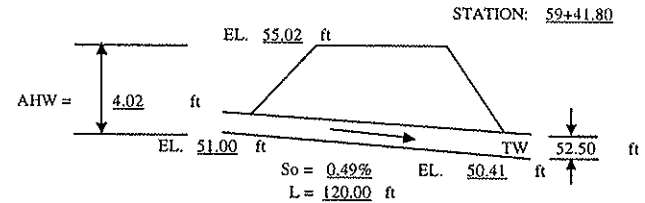


D = Diameter or Height
B = Span

Q50 = 29.0 cfs TW = 52.50 ft
Q100 = 33.6 cfs TW = 52.50 ft
Q500 = 57.1 cfs TW = 52.50 ft

(Q50 = DESIGN DISCHARGE)
(Q100 = CHECK DISCHARGE)

SKETCH



LSo = 0.59

CULVERT DESCRIPTION (ENTRANCE TYPE)	Q	SIZE		HEADWATER COMPUTATIONS											CONTR- OLLING HW	OUTLET VELOCITY	PROPOSED PEAK STAGE	EXISTING PEAK STAGE	DIFF. IN STAGE
		D	B	INLET CONTROL					OUTLET CONTROL HW = H + DTW - LSo										
				Q/B	HW/D	HW	Ke	H	dc	(dc+D)/2	TW	D/TW	LSo	HW					
	29.0	2.5	N/A	N/A	1.15	2.88	0.5	1.32	1.83	2.17	2.09	2.17	0.59	2.90	2.90	5.91	53.90	54.29	-0.39
	33.6	2.5	N/A	N/A	1.30	3.25	0.5	1.77	2.00	2.25	2.09	2.25	0.59	3.43	3.43	6.84	54.43	55.02	-0.59
	57.1	2.5	N/A	N/A	2.40	6.00	0.5	5.12	2.48	2.49	2.09	2.49	0.59	7.02	7.02	11.64	58.02	60.29	-2.27
	38.3	2.5	N/A	N/A	1.46	3.65	0.5	2.30	2.12	2.31	2.09	2.31	0.59	4.02	4.02	7.80	55.02		

SUMMARY & RECOMMENDATIONS:
*Year of overtopping elevation = 133

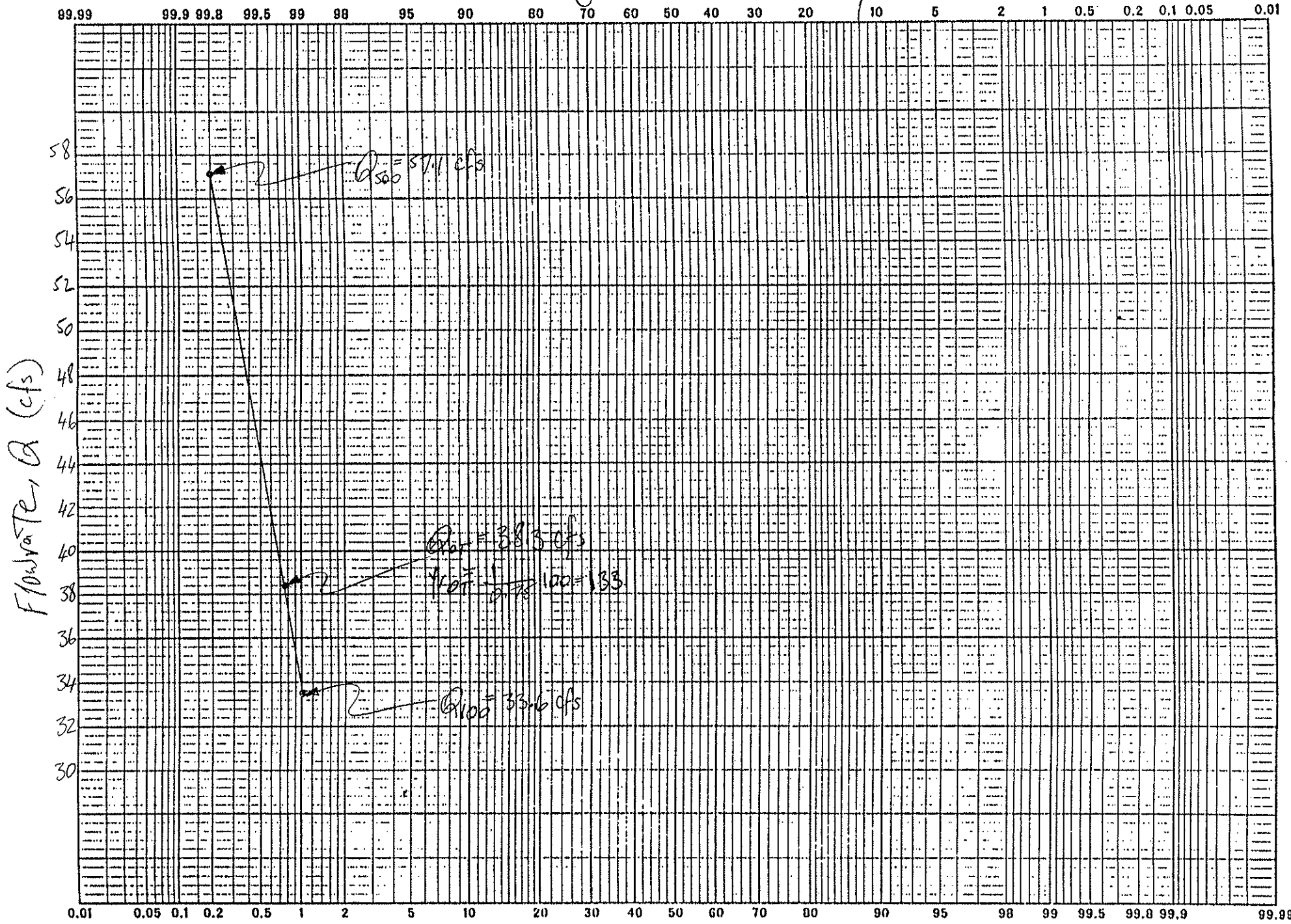
$H @ \text{Outlet Control} = [1 + Ke + (29*n^2*L)/(Rh^1.33)] * ((Q/A)^2/(2*g))$

Design by: Sam Aref

Checked by: [Signature]

Approved by: _____

Overtopping Exceedance Probability (%)



I. CROSS DRAIN CHARACTERISTICS

Box Located @ Station	73+31.60		
Box Size =	2	X	2 ft
Number of Barrels =	1		
Box Length =	40.15 ft		
Box X-Sectional Area =	4.00 sf		
Box Wetted Parameters =	8.00 ft		
Box Hydraulic Radius =	0.50 ft		
Manning's roughness =	0.012		
Flow Direction	East		
Upstream Invert =	54.14 ft		
Downstream Invert =	54.07 ft		
Entrance Coefficient =	0.2		
Critical Elevation =	58.89 ft		

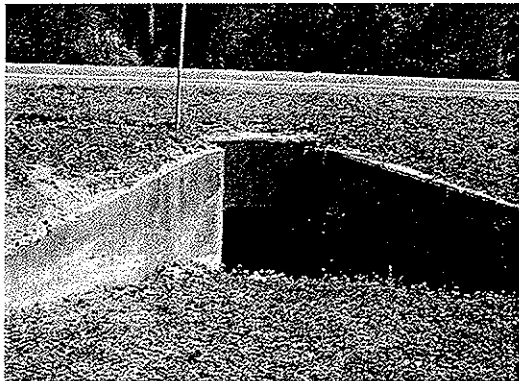
II. DETERMINE FLOWRATES (Q), Q = A x V

Assume	V(25 yr) =	6.00 ft/sec	
	Q(25 yr) =	24.00 cfs	
	Q(50 yr) =	29.00 cfs	see exceedence probability plot
	Q(100 yr) =	33.60 cfs	based on 1.4 x Q(25 yr)
	Q(500 yr) =	57.12 cfs	based on 1.7 x Q(100 yr)

III. DETERMINE TAILWATER

Use a tailwater equal to the crown of culvert
D/S invert + culvert height = 56.07 ft

IV. PHYSICAL APPEARANCE



Upstream end, west side of SR 200

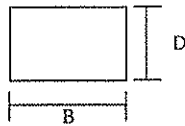


Downstream end, east side of SR 200

PROJECT: SR 200; Existing CD 73+31.60
Worksheet for Culvert Capacity Calculations

DESIGNER: Sam Aref
DATE: Dec. 12, 2000

HYDROLOGIC AND CHANNEL INFORMATION

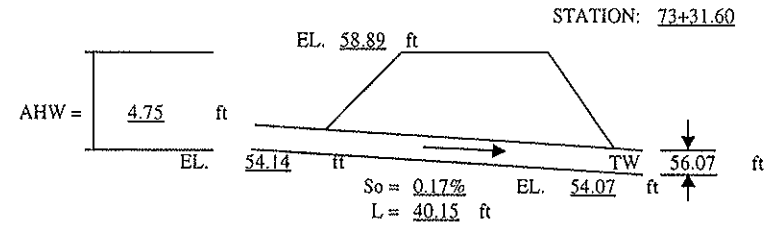


D = Diameter or Height
B = Span

Q(50 yr) = 29.0 cfs TW = 56.07 ft
Q(100 yr) = 33.6 cfs TW = 56.07 ft
Q(500 yr) = 57.1 cfs TW = 56.07 ft

(Q50 = DESIGN DISCHARGE)
(Q100 = CHECK DISCHARGE)

SKETCH



LSo = 0.07

CULVERT DESCRIPTION (ENTRANCE TYPE)	Q	SIZE		HEADWATER COMPUTATIONS											CONTR-OLLING HW	OUTLET VELOCITY	PEAK STAGE
		D	B	INLET CONTROL			OUTLET CONTROL HW = H + DTW - LSo										
				Q/B	HW/D	HW	Kc	H	dc	(dc+D)/2	TW	DTW	LSo	HW			
	29.0	2.0	2.0	14.50	1.80	3.60	0.2	1.32	1.87	1.94	2.00	2.00	0.07	3.25	3.60	7.25	57.74
	33.6	2.0	2.0	16.80	2.17	4.33	0.2	1.78	2.07	2.03	2.00	2.03	0.07	3.74	4.33	8.40	58.47
	57.1	2.0	2.0	28.56	4.80	9.60	0.2	5.13	2.94	2.47	2.00	2.47	0.07	7.54	9.60	14.28	63.74

SUMMARY & RECOMMENDATIONS:

$H @ \text{Outlet Control} = \{1 + K_c + (29 \cdot n^2 \cdot L) / (R_h^{1.33})\} \cdot ((Q/A)^2 / (2 \cdot g))$

Design by: Sam Aref

Checked by: [Signature]

Approved by: _____



SUBJECT: SR 200; Proposed CD73+31.60

JOB NO: TF001173.0000

BY: Sam Aref
DATE: Dec. 12, 2000
CHKD: PK
DATE: 3/23/01

I. CROSS DRAIN CHARACTERISTICS

Pipe Proposed @ Station	73+31.60
Pipe Size =	30 in
Number of Barrels =	1
Pipe Length =	160.00 ft
Pipe X-Sectional Area =	4.91 sf
Pipe Hydraulic Radius =	0.63 ft
Pipe Type	Reinforced concrete
Manning's roughness =	0.012
Flow Direction	East
Upstream Invert =	54.20 ft
Downstream Invert =	53.93 ft
Entrance Coefficient =	0.5
Critical Elevation =	58.89 ft

II. DETERMINE FLOWRATES (Q)

Q(50 yr) =	29.00 cfs
Q(100 yr) =	33.60 cfs
Q(500 yr) =	57.12 cfs

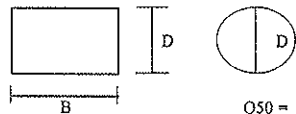
III. DETERMINE TAILWATER

Use a tailwater equal to the existing crown of culvert
TW = 56.07 ft

PROJECT: SR 200; Proposed CD 73+31.60
Worksheet for Culvert Capacity Calculations

DESIGNER: Sam Aref
DATE: Dec. 12, 2000

HYDROLOGIC AND CHANNEL INFORMATION

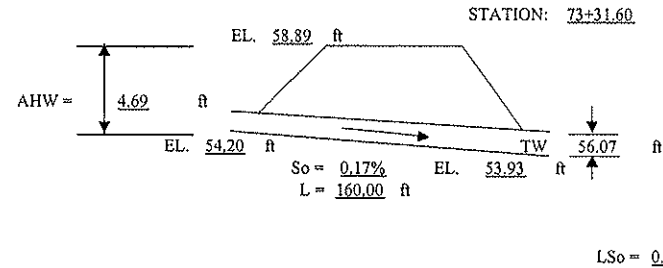


D = Diameter or Height
B = Span

Q50 = 29.0 cfs TW = 56.07 ft
Q100 = 33.6 cfs TW = 56.07 ft
Q500 = 57.1 cfs TW = 56.07 ft

(Q50 = DESIGN DISCHARGE)
(Q100 = CHECK DISCHARGE)

SKETCH



LSo = 0.27

CULVERT DESCRIPTION (ENTRANCE TYPE)	Q	SIZE		HEADWATER COMPUTATIONS											CONTR-OLLING HW	OUTLET VELOCITY	PROPOSED PEAK STAGE	EXISTING PEAK STAGE	DIFF. IN STAGE
		D	B	INLET CONTROL				OUTLET CONTROL HW = H + DTW - LSo											
				Q/B	HW/D	HW	Ke	H	dc	(dc+D)/2	TW	DTW	LSo	HW					
	29.0	2.5	N/A	N/A	1.15	2.88	0.5	1.49	1.83	2.17	2.14	2.17	0.27	3.38	3.38	5.91	57.58	57.74	-0.16
	33.6	2.5	N/A	N/A	1.30	3.25	0.5	2.00	2.00	2.25	2.14	2.25	0.27	3.98	3.98	6.84	58.18	58.47	-0.29
	57.1	2.5	N/A	N/A	2.40	6.00	0.5	5.78	2.48	2.49	2.14	2.49	0.27	8.00	8.00	11.64	62.20	63.74	-1.54
	38.6	2.5	N/A	N/A	1.50	3.75	0.5	2.64	2.15	2.33	2.14	2.33	0.27	4.69	4.69	7.86	58.89		

SUMMARY & RECOMMENDATIONS:

*Year of overtopping elevation = 143

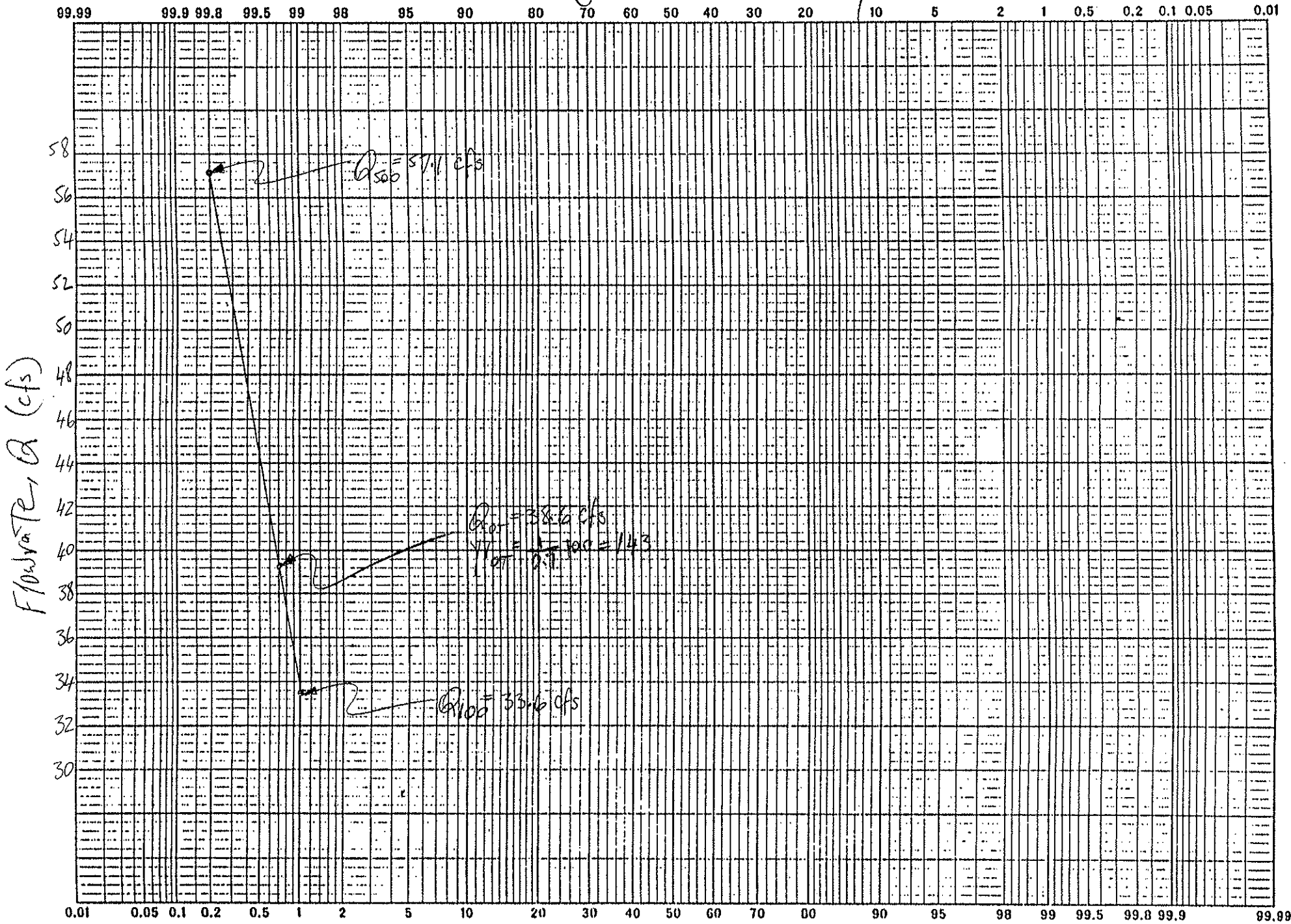
$$H @ \text{Outlet Control} = [1 + Ke + (29 * n^2 * L) / (R_h^{1.33})] * ((Q/A)^2 / (2 * g))$$

Design by: Sam Aref

Checked by:

Approved by:

Overtopping Exceedance Probability (%)



I. CROSS DRAIN CHARACTERISTICS

Box Located @ Station	89+90.90			
Box Size =	2	X	2	ft
Number of Barrels =	1			
Box Length =	50.00			ft
Box X-Sectional Area =	4.00			sf
Box Wetted Parameters =	8.00			ft
Box Hydraulic Radius =	0.50			ft
Manning's roughness =	0.012			
Flow Direction	East			
Upstream Invert =	63.84			ft
Downstream Invert =	63.01			ft
Entrance Coefficient =	0.2			
Critical Elevation =	68.80			ft

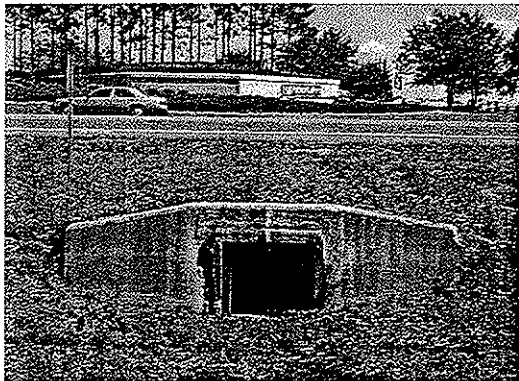
II. DETERMINE FLOWRATES (Q), Q = A x V

Assume	V(25 yr) =	6.00	ft/sec	
	Q(25 yr) =	24.00	cfs	
	Q(50 yr) =	29.00	cfs	see exceedence probability plot
	Q(100 yr) =	33.60	cfs	based on 1.4 x Q(25 yr)
	Q(500 yr) =	57.12	cfs	based on 1.7 x Q(100 yr)

III. DETERMINE TAILWATER

Use a tailwater equal to the crown of culvert
D/S invert + culvert height = 65.01 ft

IV. PHYSICAL APPEARANCE/CONDITION



Upstream end, west side of SR 200

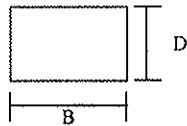


Downstream end east side of SR 200 is not visible
Possible connection through Arbor Lakes Subdivision

PROJECT: SR 200; Existing CD 89+90.90
Worksheet for Culvert Capacity Calculations

DESIGNER: Sam Aref
DATE: Dec. 12, 2000

HYDROLOGIC AND CHANNEL INFORMATION

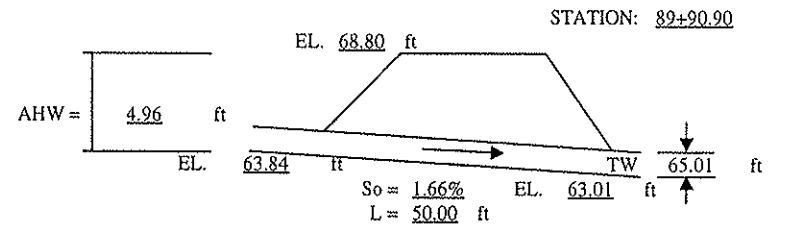


D = Diameter or Height
B = Span

Q(50 yr) = 29.0 cfs TW = 65.01 ft
Q(100 yr) = 33.6 cfs TW = 65.01 ft
Q(500 yr) = 57.1 cfs TW = 65.01 ft

(Q50 = DESIGN DISCHARGE)
(Q100 = CHECK DISCHARGE)

SKETCH



LS₀ = 0.83

CULVERT DESCRIPTION (ENTRANCE TYPE)	Q	SIZE		HEADWATER COMPUTATIONS											CONTR- OLLING HW	OUTLET VELOCITY	PEAK STAGE
				INLET CONTROL			OUTLET CONTROL HW = H + DTW - LS ₀										
		D	B	Q/B	HW/D	HW	K _e	H	d _c	(d _c +D)/2	TW	DTW	LS ₀	HW			
	29.0	2.0	2.0	14.50	1.80	3.60	0.2	1.41	1.87	1.94	2.00	2.00	0.83	2.58	3.60	7.25	67.44
	33.6	2.0	2.0	16.80	2.17	4.33	0.2	1.89	2.07	2.03	2.00	2.03	0.83	3.09	4.33	8.40	68.17
	57.1	2.0	2.0	28.56	4.80	9.60	0.2	5.46	2.94	2.47	2.00	2.47	0.83	7.10	9.60	14.28	73.44

SUMMARY & RECOMMENDATIONS:

$H @ \text{Outlet Control} = [1 + K_e + (29 \cdot n^2 \cdot L) / (R_h^{1.33})] \cdot ((Q/A)^2 / (2 \cdot g))$

Design by: Sam Aref

Checked by: P. Kambour

Approved by: _____

I. CROSS DRAIN CHARACTERISTICS

Box Located @ Station	89+90.90			
Box Size =	2	X	2	ft
Number of Barrels =	1			
Box Length =	50.00			ft
Box X-Sectional Area =	4.00			sf
Box Wetted Parameters =	8.00			ft
Box Hydraulic Radius =	0.50			ft
Manning's roughness =	0.012			
Flow Direction	East			
Upstream Invert =	63.84			ft
Downstream Invert =	63.01			ft
Entrance Coefficient =	0.2			
Critical Elevation =	68.80			ft

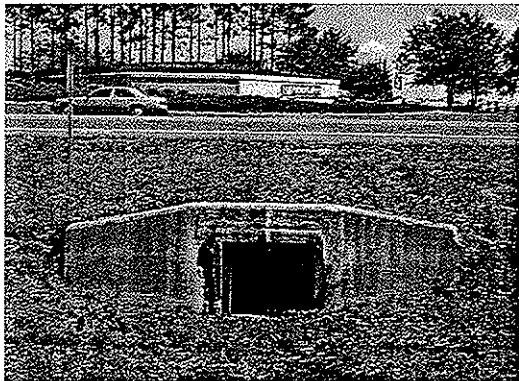
II. DETERMINE FLOWRATES (Q), Q = A x V

Assume	V(25 yr) =	6.00	ft/sec	
	Q(25 yr) =	24.00	cfs	
	Q(50 yr) =	29.00	cfs	see exceedence probability plot
	Q(100 yr) =	33.60	cfs	based on 1.4 x Q(25 yr)
	Q(500 yr) =	57.12	cfs	based on 1.7 x Q(100 yr)

III. DETERMINE TAILWATER

Use a tailwater equal to the crown of culvert
 D/S invert + culvert height = 65.01 ft

IV. PHYSICAL APPEARANCE/CONDITION



Upstream end, west side of SR 200



Downstream end east side of SR 200 is not visible
 Possible connection through Arbor Lakes Subdivision



ARCADIS
GERAGHTY & MILLER

SUBJECT: SR 200; Proposed CD89+90.90

JOB NO: TF001173.0000

BY: Sam Aref
DATE: Dec. 12, 2000
CHKD: PK
DATE: 3/23/02

I. CROSS DRAIN CHARACTERISTICS

Pipe Proposed @ Station	89+90.90
Pipe Size =	36 in
Number of Barrels =	1
Pipe Length =	160.00 ft
Pipe X-Sectional Area =	7.07 sf
Pipe Hydraulic Radius =	0.75 ft
Pipe Type	Reinforced concrete
Manning's roughness =	0.012
Flow Direction	East
Upstream Invert =	64.50 ft
Downstream Invert =	61.85 ft
Entrance Coefficient =	0.5
Critical Elevation =	68.80 ft

II. DETERMINE FLOWRATES (Q)

Q(50 yr) =	29.00 cfs
Q(100 yr) =	33.60 cfs
Q(500 yr) =	57.12 cfs

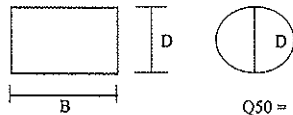
III. DETERMINE TAILWATER

Use a tailwater equal to the existing crown of culvert
TW = 65.01 ft

PROJECT: SR 200; Proposed CD 89+90.90
Worksheet for Culvert Capacity Calculations

DESIGNER: Sam Aref
DATE: Dec. 12, 2000

HYDROLOGIC AND CHANNEL INFORMATION



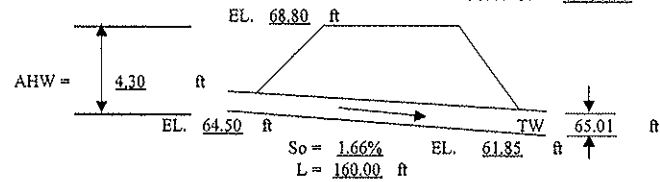
D = Diameter or Height
B = Span

Q50 = 29.0 cfs TW = 65.01 ft
Q100 = 33.6 cfs TW = 65.01 ft
Q500 = 57.1 cfs TW = 65.01 ft

(Q50 = DESIGN DISCHARGE)
(Q100 = CHECK DISCHARGE)

SKETCH

STATION: 89+90.90



LSo = 2.65

CULVERT DESCRIPTION (ENTRANCE TYPE)	Q	SIZE		HEADWATER COMPUTATIONS											CONTR-OLLING HW	OUTLET VELOCITY	PROPOSED PEAK STAGE	EXISTING PEAK STAGE	DIFF. IN STAGE
		D	B	INLET CONTROL			OUTLET CONTROL HW = H + DTW - LSo												
				Q/B	HW/D	HW	Ke	H	dc	(dc+D)/2	TW	DTW	LSo	HW					
	29.0	3.0	N/A	N/A	0.85	2.55	0.5	0.65	1.75	2.38	3.16	3.16	2.65	1.16	2.55	4.10	67.05	67.44	-0.39
	33.6	3.0	N/A	N/A	0.92	2.76	0.5	0.87	1.85	2.43	3.16	3.16	2.65	1.38	2.76	4.75	67.26	68.17	-0.91
	57.1	3.0	N/A	N/A	1.40	4.20	0.5	2.51	2.50	2.75	3.16	3.16	2.65	3.02	4.20	8.08	68.70	73.44	-4.74

SUMMARY & RECOMMENDATIONS:

$H @ \text{Outlet Control} = [1 + Ke + (29 \cdot n^2 \cdot L) / (R_h^{1.33})] \cdot ((Q/A)^2 / (2 \cdot g))$

Design by: Sam Aref

Checked by: *P. [Signature]*

Approved by: _____

SUBJECT: SR 200; Existing CD 119+14.90
 JOB NO: TF001173.0000

I. CROSS DRAIN CHARACTERISTICS

Box Located @ Station	119+14.90	X	2	ft
Box Size =	2			
Number of Barrels =	1			
Box Length =	61.63			ft
Box X-Sectional Area =	4.00			sf
Box Wetted Parameters =	8.00			ft
Box Hydraulic Radius =	0.50			ft
Manning's roughness =	0.012			
Flow Direction	East			
Upstream Invert =	38.23			ft
Downstream Invert =	38.20			ft
Entrance Coefficient =	0.2			
Critical Elevation =	47.53			ft

II. DETERMINE FLOWRATES (Q). Q = A x V

Assume	V(25 yr) =	6.00	ft/sec
	Q(25 yr) =	24.00	cfs
	Q(50 yr) =	29.00	cfs
	Q(100 yr) =	33.60	cfs
	Q(500 yr) =	57.12	cfs

see exceedence probability plot
 based on 1.4 x Q(25 yr)
 based on 1.7 x Q(100 yr)

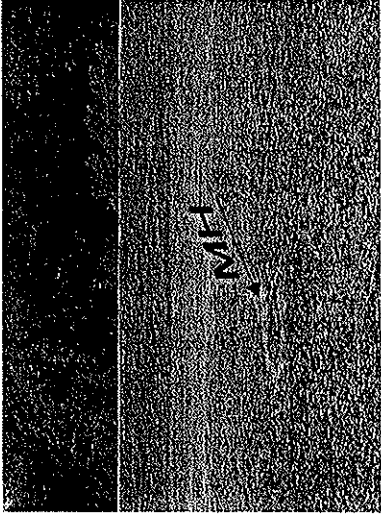
III. DETERMINE TAILWATER

Use a tailwater equal to the crown of culvert
 D/S invert + culvert height = 40.20 ft

IV. PHYSICAL APPEARANCE/CONDITION



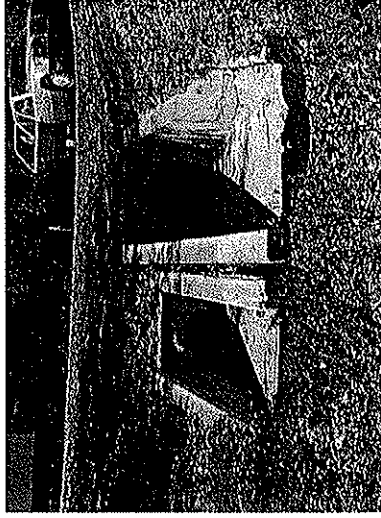
Upstream end, west side of SR 200



Cross drain connecting to MH, east side of SR 200



Downstream end, east side of SR 200



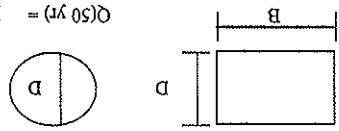
Downstream end, east side of SR 200

PROJECT: SR 200, Existing CD 119+14.90
Worksheet for Culvert Capacity Calculations

DESIGNER: Sam Aref
DATE: Dec. 12, 2000

HYDROLOGIC AND CHANNEL INFORMATION

D = Diameter or Height
B = Span



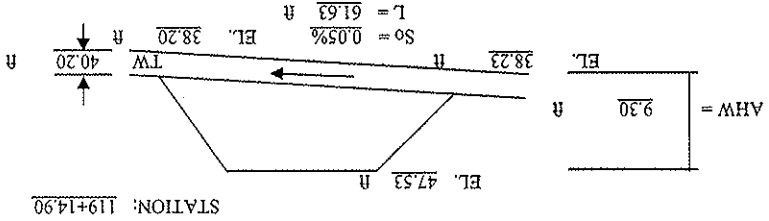
Q(50 yr) = 29.0 cfs
TW = 40.20 ft

Q(100 yr) = 33.6 cfs
TW = 40.20 ft

Q(500 yr) = 57.1 cfs
TW = 40.20 ft

(Q50 = DESIGN DISCHARGE)
(Q100 = CHECK DISCHARGE)

SKETCH



HEADWATER COMPUTATIONS

CULVERT DESCRIPTION (ENTRANCE TYPE)	Q	SIZE		INLET CONTROL							OUTLET CONTROL HW = H + DTW - LSo						
		B	D	Q/B	HW/D	HW	Ke	H	dc	(dc+D)/2	TW	DTW	LSo	HW	OLLING	OUTLET VELOCITY	PEAK STAGE
	29.0	2.0	2.0	14.50	1.80	3.60	0.2	1.51	1.87	1.94	2.00	2.00	0.03	3.48	3.60	7.25	41.83
	33.6	2.0	2.0	16.80	2.17	4.33	0.2	2.02	2.07	2.03	2.00	2.03	0.03	4.03	4.33	8.40	42.56
	57.1	2.0	2.0	28.56	4.80	9.60	0.2	5.85	2.94	2.47	2.00	2.47	0.03	8.29	9.60	14.28	47.83

SUMMARY & RECOMMENDATIONS:

$$H @ \text{Outlet Control} = [1 + K_e + (29 * n^2 * L) / (R^h * 1.33)] * ((Q/A)^2 / (2 * g))$$

Design by: Sam Aref

Checked by: *[Signature]*

Approved by: _____



ARCADIS
GERAGHTY & MILLER

SUBJECT: SR 200; Proposed CD119+14.90

JOB NO: TF001173.0000

BY: Sam Aref
DATE: Dec. 12, 2000
CHKD: PK
DATE: 3/29/01

I. CROSS DRAIN CHARACTERISTICS

Pipe Proposed @ Station	119+14.90
Pipe Size =	48 in
Number of Barrels =	1
Pipe Length =	160.00 ft
Pipe X-Sectional Area =	12.57 sf
Pipe Hydraulic Radius =	1.00 ft
Pipe Type	Reinforced concrete
Manning's roughness =	0.012
Flow Direction	East
Upstream Invert =	38.25 ft
Downstream Invert =	38.17 ft
Entrance Coefficient =	0.5
Critical Elevation =	47.53 ft

II. DETERMINE FLOWRATES (Q)

Q(50 yr) =	29.00 cfs
Q(100 yr) =	33.60 cfs
Q(500 yr) =	57.12 cfs

III. DETERMINE TAILWATER

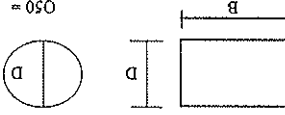
Use a tailwater equal to the existing crown of culvert
TW = 40.20 ft

PROJECT: SR 200, Proposed CD 119+14.90
Worksheet for Culvert Capacity Calculations

DESIGNER: Sam Aref
DATE: Dec. 12, 2000

HYDROLOGIC AND CHANNEL INFORMATION

D = Diameter or Height
B = Span

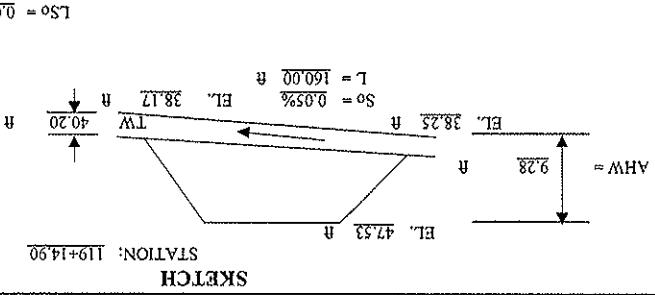


Q50 = 29.0 cfs
TW = 40.20 ft

Q100 = 33.6 cfs
TW = 40.20 ft

Q500 = 57.1 cfs
TW = 40.20 ft

(Q50 = DESIGN DISCHARGE)
(Q100 = CHECK DISCHARGE)



HEADWATER COMPUTATIONS

CULVERT DESCRIPTION (ENTRANCE TYPE)	Q	SIZE		INLET CONTROL		OUTLET CONTROL HW = H + DTW - LSo								
		D	B	Q/B	HW/D	HW	Ke	H	dc	(dc+D)/2	TW	DTW	LSo	HW
29.0	4.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.55	2.20	0.5	0.18	1.55	2.78	2.03	2.78	0.08	2.87
33.6	4.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.60	2.40	0.5	0.24	1.70	2.85	2.03	2.78	0.08	3.01
57.1	4.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.83	3.32	0.5	0.70	2.35	3.18	2.03	3.18	0.08	3.79

SUMMARY & RECOMMENDATIONS:

H @ Outlet Control = $[1 + Ke + (29 \cdot n^2 \cdot L) / (R^4 \cdot 1.33)] \cdot ((Q/A)^2 / (2 \cdot g))$

Design by: Sam Aref

Checked by: *Platt*

Approved by: _____

I. CROSS DRAIN CHARACTERISTICS

Box Located @ Station	129+30.20	X	2	ft
Box Size =	2			
Number of Barrels =	1			
Box Length =	54.00			ft
Box X-Sectional Area =	4.00			sf
Box Wetted Parameters =	8.00			ft
Box Hydraulic Radius =	0.50			ft
Manning's roughness =	0.012			
Flow Direction	East			
Upstream Invert =	44.55			ft
Downstream Invert =	43.59			ft
Entrance Coefficient =	0.2			
Critical Elevation =	50.52			ft

II. DETERMINE FLOWRATES (Q), Q = A x V

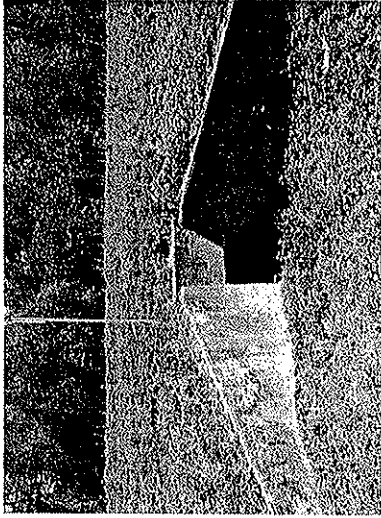
Assume	V(25 yr) =	6.00	ft/sec
	Q(25 yr) =	24.00	cfs
	Q(50 yr) =	29.00	cfs
	Q(100 yr) =	33.60	cfs
	Q(500 yr) =	57.12	cfs

see exceedence probability plot
 based on 1.4 x Q(25 yr)
 based on 1.7 x Q(100 yr)

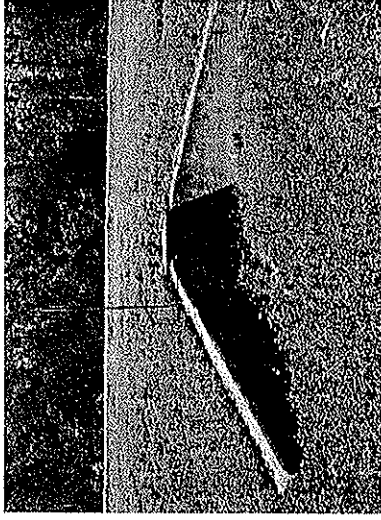
III. DETERMINE TAILWATER

Use a tailwater equal to the crown of culvert
 D/S invert + culvert height = 45.59 ft

IV. PHYSICAL APPEARANCE/CONDITION



Upstream end, west side of SR 200

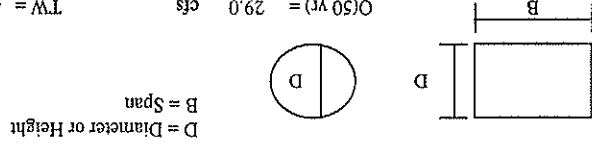


Downstream end, east side of SR 200

PROJECT: SR 200, Existing CD 129+30.20
Worksheet for Culvert Capacity Calculations

DESIGNER: Sam Aref
DATE: Dec. 12, 2000

HYDROLOGIC AND CHANNEL INFORMATION



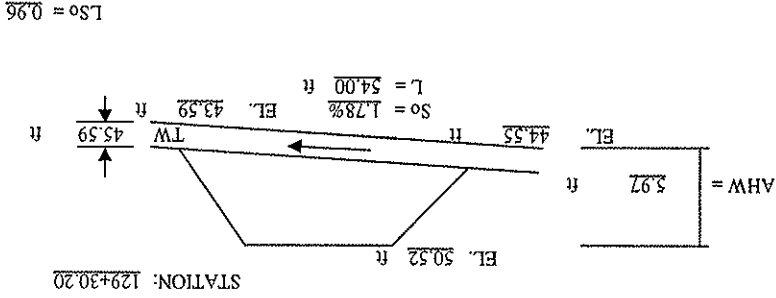
Q(50 yr) = 29.0 cfs
TW = 45.59 ft

Q(100 yr) = 33.6 cfs
TW = 45.59 ft

Q(500 yr) = 57.1 cfs
TW = 45.59 ft

(Q50 = DESIGN DISCHARGE)
(Q100 = CHECK DISCHARGE)

SKETCH



HEADWATER COMPUTATIONS

CULVERT DESCRIPTION (ENTRANCE TYPE)	Q	SIZE		INLET CONTROL		OUTLET CONTROL HW = H + DTW - LSo						CONTR. OLLING HW	OUTLET VELOCITY STAGE PEAK			
		D	B	Q/B	HW/D	HW	Kc	H	dc	(dc+D)/2	TW			DTW	LSo	HW
	29.0	2.0	2.0	14.50	1.80	3.60	0.2	1.44	1.87	1.94	2.00	2.00	2.48	3.60	7.25	48.15
	33.6	2.0	2.0	16.80	2.17	4.33	0.2	1.94	2.07	2.03	2.00	2.03	3.01	4.33	8.40	48.88
	57.1	2.0	2.0	28.56	4.80	9.60	0.2	5.59	2.94	2.47	2.00	2.47	7.11	9.60	14.28	54.15

SUMMARY & RECOMMENDATIONS:

$$H @ \text{Outlet Control} = [1 + K_e + (29 \cdot n^2 \cdot L) / (R_h \cdot 1.33)] \cdot ((Q/A)^2 / (2 \cdot g))$$

Design by: Sam Aref

Checked by: *[Signature]*

Approved by: _____



SUBJECT: SR 200; Proposed CD 129+30.20

JOB NO: TF001173.0000

BY: Sam Aref
DATE: Dec. 12, 2000
CHKD: P.E.
DATE: 3/23/01

I. CROSS DRAIN CHARACTERISTICS

Pipe Proposed @ Station	129+30.20
Pipe Size =	36 in
Number of Barrels =	1
Pipe Length =	160.00 ft
Pipe X-Sectional Area =	7.07 sf
Pipe Hydraulic Radius =	0.75 ft
Pipe Type	Reinforced concrete
Manning's roughness =	0.012
Flow Direction	East
Upstream Invert =	45.55 ft
Downstream Invert =	42.70 ft
Entrance Coefficient =	0.5
Critical Elevation =	50.52 ft

II. DETERMINE FLOWRATES (Q)

Q(50 yr) =	29.00 cfs
Q(100 yr) =	33.60 cfs
Q(500 yr) =	57.12 cfs

III. DETERMINE TAILWATER

Use a tailwater equal to the existing crown of culvert
TW = 45.59 ft



ARCADIS
GERAGHTY & MILLER

BY: Sam Aref
DATE: Dec. 12, 2000
CHKD: P.F.
DATE: 3/23/01

SUBJECT: SR 200, Existing CD 167+90.70

JOB NO: TF001173.0000

I. CROSS DRAIN CHARACTERISTICS

Box Located @ Station	167+90.70	X	2	ft
Box Size =	2			
Number of Barrels =	1			
Box Length =	41.05			ft
Box X-Sectional Area =	4.00			sf
Box Wetted Parameters =	8.00			ft
Box Hydraulic Radius =	0.50			ft
Manning's roughness =	0.012			
Flow Direction	East			
Upstream Invert =	46.77			ft
Downstream Invert =	46.68			ft
Entrance Coefficient =	0.2			
Critical Elevation =	50.74			ft

II. DETERMINE FLOWRATES (Q), Q = A x V

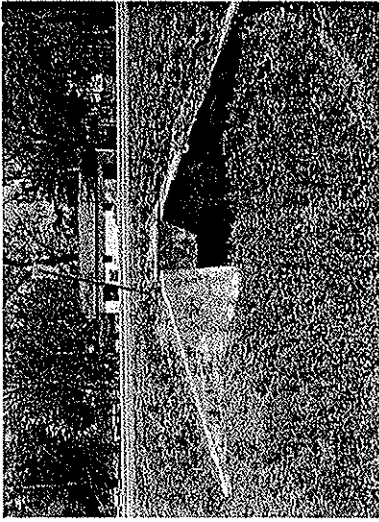
Assume	V(25 yr) =	6.00	ft/sec
	Q(25 yr) =	24.00	cfs
	Q(50 yr) =	29.00	cfs
	Q(100 yr) =	33.60	cfs
	Q(500 yr) =	57.12	cfs

see exceedence probability plot
based on 1.4 x Q(25 yr)
based on 1.7 x Q(100 yr)

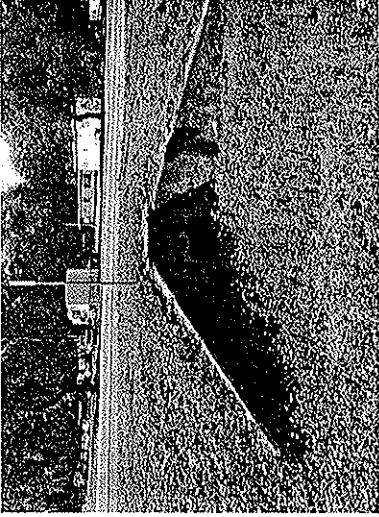
III. DETERMINE TAILWATER

Use a tailwater equal to the crown of culvert
D/S invert + culvert height = 48.68 ft

IV. PHYSICAL APPEARANCE/CONDITION



Upstream end, west side of SR 200



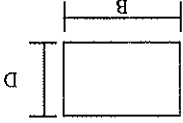
Downstream end, east side of SR 200

PROJECT: SR 200, Existing CD 167+90.70
Worksheet for Culvert Capacity Calculations

DESIGNER: Sam Arel
DATE: Dec. 12, 2000

HYDROLOGIC AND CHANNEL INFORMATION

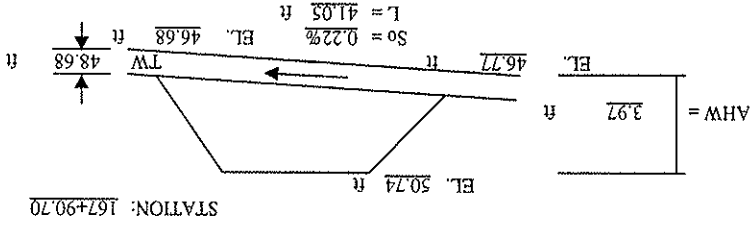
D = Diameter or Height
B = Span



(Q50 = DESIGN DISCHARGE)
(Q100 = CHECK DISCHARGE)

Q(50 yr) = 28.0	cts	TW = 48.68	ft
Q(100 yr) = 33.6	cts	TW = 48.68	ft
Q(500 yr) = 57.1	cts	TW = 48.68	ft

SKETCH



HEADWATER COMPUTATIONS

INLET CONTROL OUTLET CONTROL HW = H + DTW - LSo

CULVERT DESCRIPTION (ENTRANCE TYPE)	Q		SIZE		INLET CONTROL		OUTLET CONTROL		HW = H + DTW - LSo		CONTR. OLLING	OUTLET VELOCITY	PEAK STAGE			
	D	B	Q/B	HW/D	HW	Kc	H	dc	(dc+D)/2	TW				DTW	LSo	HW
29.0	2.0	2.0	14.50	1.80	3.60	0.2	1.33	1.87	1.94	2.00	2.00	0.09	3.24	3.60	7.25	50.37
33.6	2.0	2.0	16.80	2.17	4.33	0.2	1.79	2.07	2.03	2.00	2.00	0.09	3.73	4.33	8.40	51.10
57.1	2.0	2.0	28.56	4.80	9.60	0.2	5.16	2.94	2.47	2.00	2.00	0.09	7.55	9.60	14.28	56.37

SUMMARY & RECOMMENDATIONS:

$$H @ \text{Outlet Control} = [1 + K_e + (29 \cdot n^2 \cdot L) / (R \cdot H^{1.33})] \cdot ((Q/A)^{2/3} / (2 \cdot g))$$

Design by: Sam Arel

Checked by: *[Signature]*

Approved by: _____



SUBJECT: SR 200; Proposed CD 167+90.70

JOB NO: TF001173.0000

BY: Sam Aref
DATE: Dec. 12, 2000
CHKD: SA
DATE: 3/23/01

I. CROSS DRAIN CHARACTERISTICS

Pipe Proposed @ Station 167+90.70
Pipe Size = 48 in
Number of Barrels = 1
Pipe Length = 160.00 ft
Pipe X-Sectional Area = 12.57 sf
Pipe Hydraulic Radius = 1.00 ft
Pipe Type Reinforced concrete
Manning's roughness = 0.012
Flow Direction East
Upstream Invert = 46.85 ft
Downstream Invert = 46.50 ft
Entrance Coefficient = 0.5
Critical Elevation = 50.74 ft

II. DETERMINE FLOWRATES (Q)

Q(50 yr) = 29.00 cfs
Q(100 yr) = 33.60 cfs
Q(500 yr) = 57.12 cfs

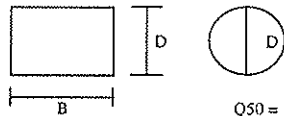
III. DETERMINE TAILWATER

Use a tailwater equal to the existing crown of culvert
TW = 48.68 ft

PROJECT: SR 200; Proposed CD 167+90.70
Worksheet for Culvert Capacity Calculations

DESIGNER: Sam Aref
DATE: Dec. 12, 2000

HYDROLOGIC AND CHANNEL INFORMATION



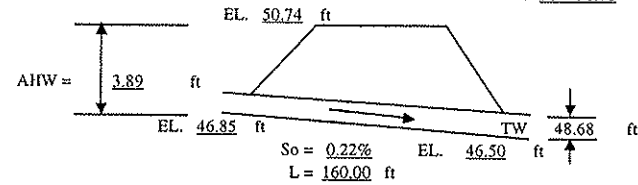
D = Diameter or Height
B = Span

Q50 = 29.0 cfs TW = 48.68 ft
Q100 = 33.6 cfs TW = 48.68 ft
Q500 = 57.1 cfs TW = 48.68 ft

(Q50 = DESIGN DISCHARGE)
(Q100 = CHECK DISCHARGE)

SKETCH

STATION: 167+90.70



LSo = 0.35

CULVERT DESCRIPTION (ENTRANCE TYPE)	Q	SIZE		HEADWATER COMPUTATIONS											CONTR-OLLING HW	OUTLET VELOCITY	PROPOSED PEAK STAGE	EXISTING PEAK STAGE	DIFF. IN STAGE
				INLET CONTROL				OUTLET CONTROL HW = H + DTW - LSo											
				D	B	Q/B	HW/D	HW	Ke	H	dc	(dc+D)/2	TW	DTW					
	29.0	4.0	N/A	N/A	0.55	2.20	0.5	0.18	1.55	2.78	2.18	2.78	0.35	2.60	2.60	2.31	49.45	50.37	-0.92
	33.6	4.0	N/A	N/A	0.60	2.40	0.5	0.24	1.70	2.85	2.18	2.85	0.35	2.74	2.74	2.67	49.59	51.10	-1.51
	57.1	4.0	N/A	N/A	0.83	3.32	0.5	0.70	2.35	3.18	2.18	3.18	0.35	3.52	3.52	4.55	50.37	56.37	-6.00

SUMMARY & RECOMMENDATIONS:

H @ Outlet Control = $[1 + Ke + (29*n^2*L)/(Rh^1.33)] * ((Q/A)^2/(2*g))$

Design by: Sam Aref

Checked by: *P. [Signature]*

Approved by: _____

I. CROSS DRAIN CHARACTERISTICS

Box Located @ Station	200+40.40			
Box Size =	2	X	2	ft
Number of Barrels =	1			
Box Length =	69.67			ft
Box X-Sectional Area =	4.00			sf
Box Wetted Parameters =	8.00			ft
Box Hydraulic Radius =	0.50			ft
Manning's roughness =	0.012			
Flow Direction	West			
Upstream Invert =	30.51			ft
Downstream Invert =	30.04			ft
Entrance Coefficient =	0.2			
Critical Elevation =	37.90			ft

II. DETERMINE FLOWRATES (Q), Q = A x V

Assume	V(25 yr) =	6.00	ft/sec	
	Q(25 yr) =	24.00	cfs	
	Q(50 yr) =	29.00	cfs	see exceedence probability plot
	Q(100 yr) =	33.60	cfs	based on 1.4 x Q(25 yr)
	Q(500 yr) =	57.12	cfs	based on 1.7 x Q(100 yr)

III. DETERMINE TAILWATER

Use a tailwater equal to the crown of culvert
D/S invert + culvert height = 32.04 ft

IV. PHYSICAL APPEARANCE/CONDITION



Upstream end, east side of SR 200



Downstream end, west side of SR 200



ARCADIS
GERAGHTY & MILLER

SUBJECT: SR 200; Proposed CD 200+40.40

JOB NO: TF001173.0000

BY: Sam Aref

DATE: Dec. 12, 2000

CHKD: Rk

DATE: 2/23/02

I. CROSS DRAIN CHARACTERISTICS

Pipe Proposed @ Station	200+40.40
Pipe Size =	36 in
Number of Barrels =	1
Pipe Length =	160.00 ft
Pipe X-Sectional Area =	7.07 sf
Pipe Hydraulic Radius =	0.75 ft
Pipe Type	Reinforced concrete
Manning's roughness =	0.012
Flow Direction	West
Upstream Invert =	30.75 ft
Downstream Invert =	29.68 ft
Entrance Coefficient =	0.5
Critical Elevation =	37.90 ft

II. DETERMINE FLOWRATES (Q)

Q(50 yr) =	29.00 cfs
Q(100 yr) =	33.60 cfs
Q(500 yr) =	57.12 cfs

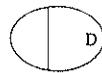
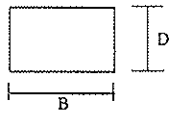
III. DETERMINE TAILWATER

Use a tailwater equal to the existing crown of culvert
TW = 32.04 ft

PROJECT: SR 200: Proposed CD 200+40.40
Worksheet for Culvert Capacity Calculations

DESIGNER: Sam Aref
DATE: Dec. 12, 2000

HYDROLOGIC AND CHANNEL INFORMATION

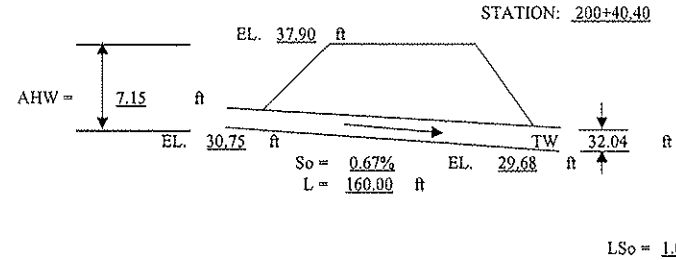


D = Diameter or Height
B = Span

Q50 = 29.0 cfs TW = 32.04 ft
Q100 = 33.6 cfs TW = 32.04 ft
Q500 = 57.1 cfs TW = 32.04 ft

(Q50 = DESIGN DISCHARGE)
(Q100 = CHECK DISCHARGE)

SKETCH



CULVERT DESCRIPTION (ENTRANCE TYPE)	Q	SIZE		HEADWATER COMPUTATIONS												CONTR-OLLING HW	OUTLET VELOCITY	PROPOSED PEAK STAGE	EXISTING PEAK STAGE	DIFF. IN STAGE
				INLET CONTROL				OUTLET CONTROL HW = H + DTW - LSo												
		D	B	Q/B	HW/D	HW	Kc	H	dc	(dc+D)/2	TW	DTW	LSo	HW						
	29.0	3.0	N/A	N/A	0.85	2.55	0.5	0.65	1.75	2.38	2.36	2.38	1.07	1.95	2.55	4.10	33.30	34.11	-0.81	
	33.6	3.0	N/A	N/A	0.92	2.76	0.5	0.87	1.85	2.43	2.36	2.43	1.07	2.22	2.76	4.75	33.51	34.84	-1.33	
	57.1	3.0	N/A	N/A	1.40	4.20	0.5	2.51	2.50	2.75	2.36	2.75	1.07	4.19	4.20	8.08	34.95	40.11	-5.16	

SUMMARY & RECOMMENDATIONS:

$H @ \text{Outlet Control} = [1 + K_c + (29 \cdot n^2 \cdot L) / (R_h^{1.33})] \cdot ((Q/A)^2 / (2 \cdot g))$

Design by: Sam Aref

Checked by: P. [Signature]

Approved by: _____

I. CROSS DRAIN CHARACTERISTICS

Box Located @ Station	248+15.50			
Box Size =	10	X	6	ft
Number of Barrels =	2			
Box Length =	39.92	ft		
Box X-Sectional Area =	60.00	sf		
Box Wetted Parameters =	32.00	ft		
Box Hydraulic Radius =	1.88	ft		
Manning's roughness =	0.012			
Flow Direction	West			
Upstream Invert =	37.01	ft		
Downstream Invert =	36.99	ft		
Entrance Coefficient =	0.2			
Critical Elevation =	44.88	ft		

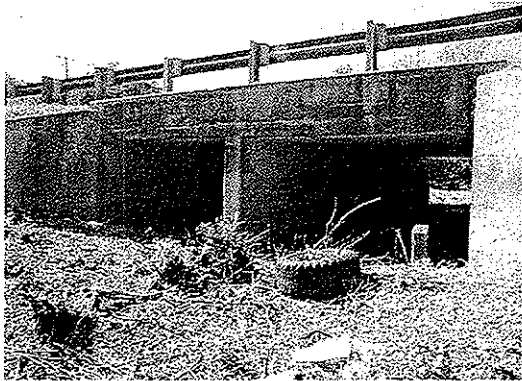
II. DETERMINE FLOWRATES (Q), Q = A x V

Assume	V(25 yr) =	6.00	ft/sec	
	Q(25 yr) =	720.00	cfs	
	Q(50 yr) =	873.00	cfs	see exceedence probability plot
	Q(100 yr) =	1008.00	cfs	based on 1.4 x Q(25 yr)
	Q(500 yr) =	1713.60	cfs	based on 1.7 x Q(100 yr)

III. DETERMINE TAILWATER

Use a tailwater equal to the crown of culvert
D/S invert + culvert height = 42.99 ft

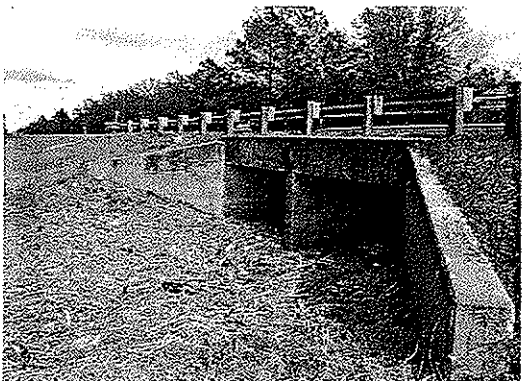
IV. PHYSICAL APPEARANCE/CONDITION



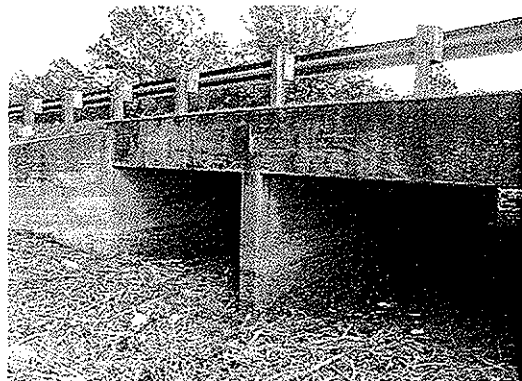
Upstream end, east side of SR 200



Upstream end, east side of SR 200

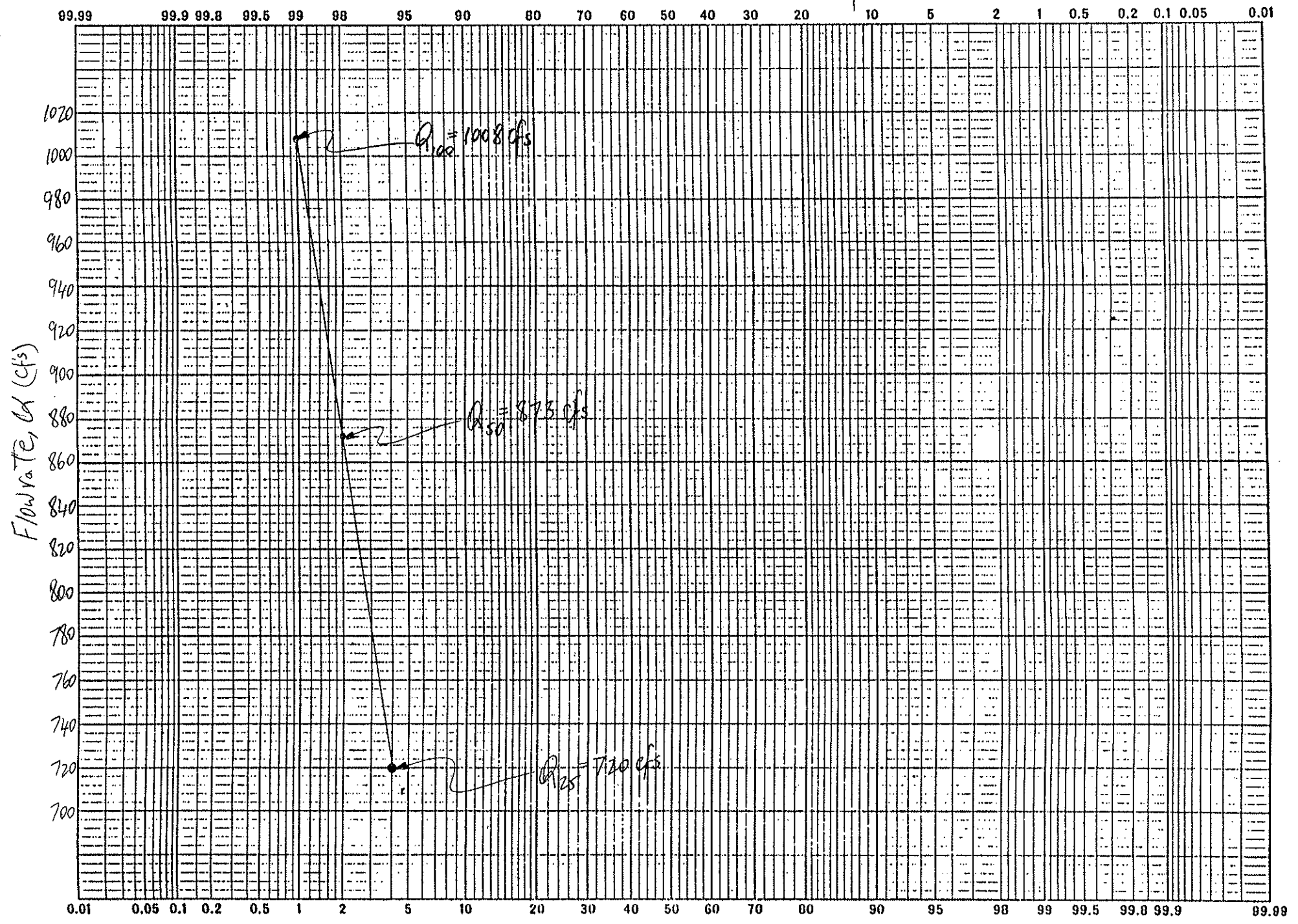


Downstream end, west side of SR 200



Downstream end, west side of SR 200

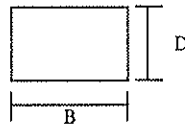
Exceedance Probability (%)



PROJECT: SR 200; Existing CD 248+15.50
Worksheet for Culvert Capacity Calculations

DESIGNER: Sam Aref
DATE: Dec. 12, 2000

HYDROLOGIC AND CHANNEL INFORMATION

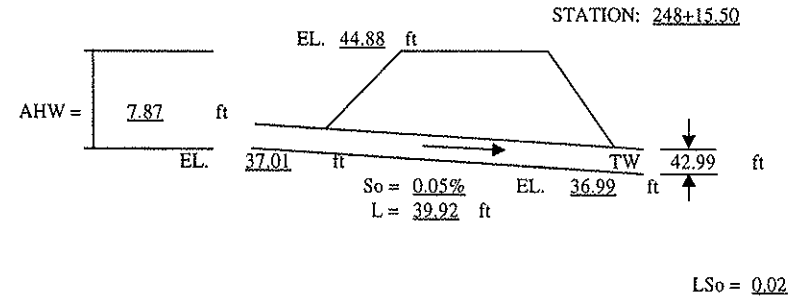


D = Diameter or Height
B = Span

Q(50 yr) = 873.0 cfs TW = 42.99 ft
Q(100 yr) = 1008.0 cfs TW = 42.99 ft
Q(500 yr) = 1713.6 cfs TW = 42.99 ft

(Q50 = DESIGN DISCHARGE)
(Q100 = CHECK DISCHARGE)

SKETCH



CULVERT DESCRIPTION (ENTRANCE TYPE)	Q	HEADWATER COMPUTATIONS														CONTR-OLLING HW	OUTLET VELOCITY	PEAK STAGE	
		SIZE		INLET CONTROL				OUTLET CONTROL HW = H + DTW - LSo						DTW	LSo				HW
		D	B	Q/B	HW/D	HW	Ke	H	dc	(dc+D)/2	TW								
	436.5	6.0	10.0	43.65	1.10	6.60	0.2	1.05	3.91	4.95	6.00	6.00	0.02	7.03	7.03	7.28	44.04		
	504.0	6.0	10.0	50.40	1.25	7.50	0.2	1.39	4.30	5.15	6.00	6.00	0.02	7.37	7.50	8.40	44.51		
	856.8	6.0	10.0	85.68	2.20	13.20	0.2	4.03	6.12	6.06	6.00	6.06	0.02	10.07	13.20	14.28	50.21		

SUMMARY & RECOMMENDATIONS:

$H @ \text{Outlet Control} = [1 + Ke + (29 * n^2 * L) / (Rh^{1.33})] * ((Q/A)^2 / (2 * g))$

Design by: Sam Aref

Checked by: *Platson*

Approved by: _____



ARCADIS
GERAGHTY & MILLER

SUBJECT: SR 200; Extension of CD 248+15.50

JOB NO: TF001173.0000

BY: Sam Aref
DATE: Dec. 12, 2000
CHKD: PK
DATE: 3/23/01

I. CROSS DRAIN CHARACTERISTICS

Box Located @ Station	248+15.50		
Box Size =	10	X	6 ft
Number of Barrels =	2		
Box Length =	160.00		ft
Box X-Sectional Area =	60.00		sf
Box Wetted Parameters =	32.00		ft
Box Hydraulic Radius =	1.88		ft
Manning's roughness =	0.012		
Flow Direction	West		
Upstream Invert =	37.04		ft
Downstream Invert =	36.96		ft
Entrance Coefficient =	0.4		
Critical Elevation =	44.88		ft

II. DETERMINE FLOWRATES (Q)

Q(50 yr) =	873.00	cfs
Q(100 yr) =	1008.00	cfs
Q(500 yr) =	1713.60	cfs

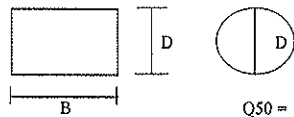
III. DETERMINE TAILWATER

Use a tailwater equal to the existing crown of culvert
TW = 42.99 ft

PROJECT: SR 200; Extension of CD 248+15.50
Worksheet for Culvert Capacity Calculations

DESIGNER: Sam Aref
DATE: Dec. 12, 2000

HYDROLOGIC AND CHANNEL INFORMATION



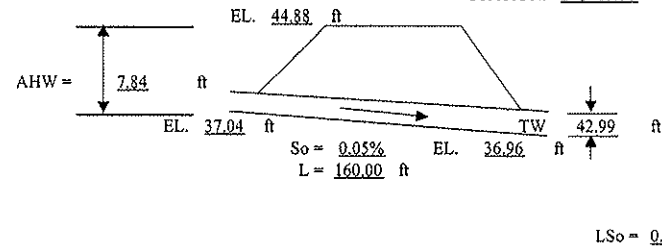
D = Diameter or Height
B = Span

Q50 = 873.0 cfs TW = 42.99 ft
Q100 = 1008.0 cfs TW = 42.99 ft
Q500 = 1713.6 cfs TW = 42.99 ft

(Q50 = DESIGN DISCHARGE)
(Q100 = CHECK DISCHARGE)

SKETCH

STATION: 248+15.50



LSo = 0.08

CULVERT DESCRIPTION (ENTRANCE TYPE)	Q	SIZE		HEADWATER COMPUTATIONS											CONTR-OLLING HW	OUTLET VELOCITY	PROPOSED PEAK STAGE	EXISTING PEAK STAGE	DIFF. IN STAGE
				INLET CONTROL					OUTLET CONTROL HW = H + DTW - LSo										
				D	B	Q/B	HW/D	HW	Ke	H	dc	(dc+D)/2	TW	DTW					
	436.5	6.0	10.0	43.65	1.10	6.60	0.4	1.39	3.91	4.95	6.03	6.03	0.08	7.34	7.34	7.28	44.38	44.04	0.34
	504.0	6.0	10.0	50.40	1.25	7.50	0.4	1.85	4.30	5.15	6.03	6.03	0.08	7.80	7.80	8.40	44.84	44.51	0.33
	856.8	6.0	10.0	85.68	2.20	13.20	0.4	5.35	6.12	6.06	6.03	6.06	0.08	11.33	13.20	14.28	50.24	50.21	0.03
	509.0	6.0	10.0	50.90	1.28	7.68	0.4	1.89	4.33	5.16	6.03	6.03	0.08	7.84	7.84	8.48	44.88		

SUMMARY & RECOMMENDATIONS:

*Year of overtopping elevation = 105

$H @ \text{Outlet Control} = [1 + K_e + (29 * n^2 * L) / (R_h * 1.33)] * ((Q/A)^2 / (2 * g))$

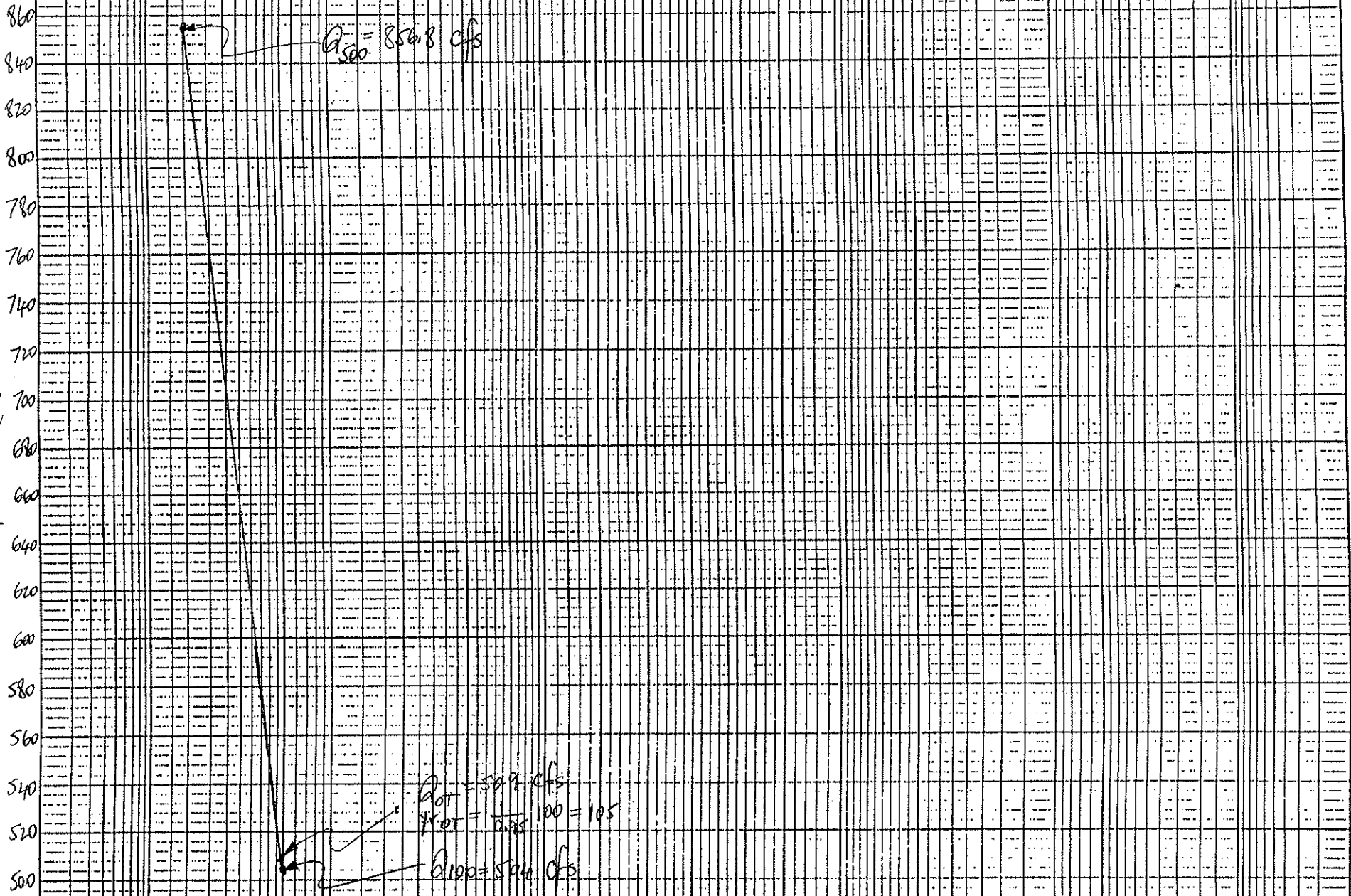
Design by: Sam Aref

Checked by: P. K. [Signature]

Approved by: _____

Overtopping Exceedence Probability (%)

99.99 99.9 99.8 99.5 99 98 95 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 5 2 1 0.5 0.2 0.1 0.05 0.01



Flowrate, Q (cfs)

0.01 0.05 0.1 0.2 0.5 1 2 5 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 95 98 99 99.5 99.8 99.9 99.99

I. CROSS DRAIN CHARACTERISTICS

Box Located @ Station	272+89.90			
Box Size =	2	X	2	ft
Number of Barrels =	1			
Box Length =	52.40			ft
Box X-Sectional Area =	4.00			sf
Box Wetted Parameters =	8.00			ft
Box Hydraulic Radius =	0.50			ft
Manning's roughness =	0.012			
Flow Direction	equalizer			
Upstream Invert =	37.63			ft
Downstream Invert =	37.61			ft
Entrance Coefficient =	0.2			
Critical Elevation =	44.88			ft

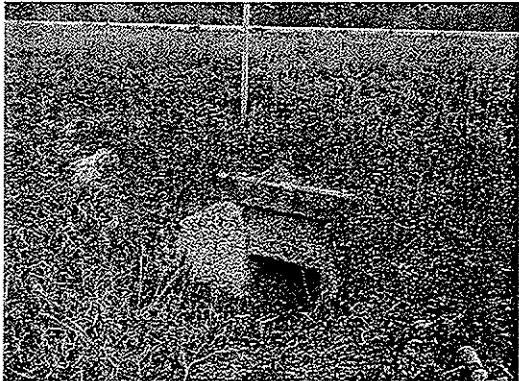
II. DETERMINE FLOWRATES (Q), Q = A x V

Assume	V(25 yr) =	6.00	ft/sec	
	Q(25 yr) =	24.00	cfs	
	Q(50 yr) =	29.00	cfs	see exceedence probability plot
	Q(100 yr) =	33.60	cfs	based on 1.4 x Q(25 yr)
	Q(500 yr) =	57.12	cfs	based on 1.7 x Q(100 yr)

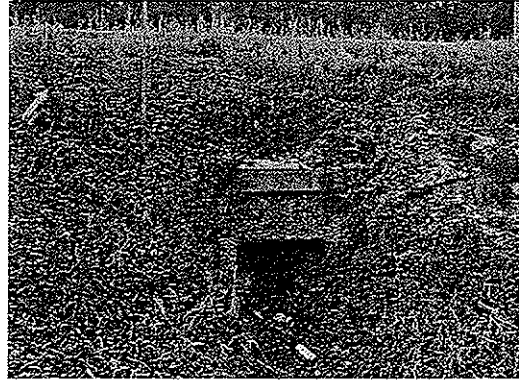
III. DETERMINE TAILWATER

Use a tailwater equal to the crown of culvert
D/S invert + culvert height = 39.61 ft

IV. PHYSICAL APPEARANCE/CONDITION



Equalizer culvert end, east side of SR 200

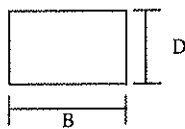


Equalizer culvert end, west side of SR 200

PROJECT: SR 200; Existing CD 272+89.90
Worksheet for Culvert Capacity Calculations

DESIGNER: Sam Aref
DATE: Dec. 12, 2000

HYDROLOGIC AND CHANNEL INFORMATION

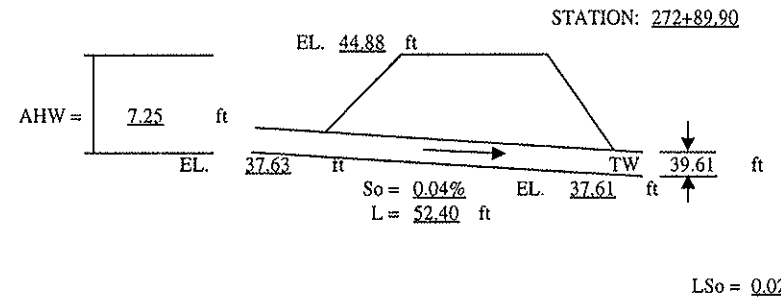


D = Diameter or Height
B = Span

Q(50 yr) = 29.0 cfs TW = 39.61 ft
Q(100 yr) = 33.6 cfs TW = 39.61 ft
Q(500 yr) = 57.1 cfs TW = 39.61 ft

(Q50 = DESIGN DISCHARGE)
(Q100 = CHECK DISCHARGE)

SKETCH



CULVERT DESCRIPTION (ENTRANCE TYPE)	Q	HEADWATER COMPUTATIONS														CONTR-OLLING HW	OUTLET VELOCITY	PEAK STAGE
		SIZE		INLET CONTROL			OUTLET CONTROL HW = H + DTW - LSo					TW	DTW	LSo	HW			
		D	B	Q/B	HW/D	HW	Ke	H	dc	(dc+D)/2								
	29.0	2.0	2.0	14.50	1.80	3.60	0.2	1.43	1.87	1.94	2.00	2.00	0.02	3.41	3.60	7.25	41.23	
	33.6	2.0	2.0	16.80	2.17	4.33	0.2	1.92	2.07	2.03	2.00	2.03	0.02	3.93	4.33	8.40	41.96	
	57.1	2.0	2.0	28.56	4.80	9.60	0.2	5.54	2.94	2.47	2.00	2.47	0.02	7.99	9.60	14.28	47.23	

SUMMARY & RECOMMENDATIONS:

$$H @ \text{Outlet Control} = [1 + Ke + (29 \cdot n^2 \cdot L) / (Rh^{1.33})] \cdot ((Q/A)^2 / (2 \cdot g))$$

Design by: Sam Aref

Checked by: *P. Baker*

Approved by: _____



SUBJECT: SR 200; Proposed CD272+89.90

JOB NO: TF001173.0000

BY: Sam Aref
DATE: Dec. 12, 2000
CHKD: SK
DATE: 3/23/01

I. CROSS DRAIN CHARACTERISTICS

Pipe Proposed @ Station	272+89.90
Pipe Size =	30 in
Number of Barrels =	1
Pipe Length =	200.00 ft
Pipe X-Sectional Area =	4.91 sf
Pipe Hydraulic Radius =	0.63 ft
Pipe Type	Reinforced concrete
Manning's roughness =	0.012
Flow Direction	equalizer
Upstream Invert =	37.65 ft
Downstream Invert =	37.58 ft
Entrance Coefficient =	0.5
Critical Elevation =	44.88 ft

II. DETERMINE FLOWRATES (Q)

Q(50 yr) =	29.00 cfs
Q(100 yr) =	33.60 cfs
Q(500 yr) =	57.12 cfs

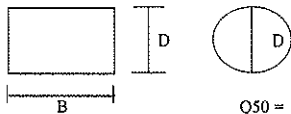
III. DETERMINE TAILWATER

Use a tailwater equal to the existing crown of culvert
TW = 39.61 ft

PROJECT: SR 200; Proposed CD 272+89.90
Worksheet for Culvert Capacity Calculations

DESIGNER: Sam Aref
DATE: Dec. 12, 2000

HYDROLOGIC AND CHANNEL INFORMATION



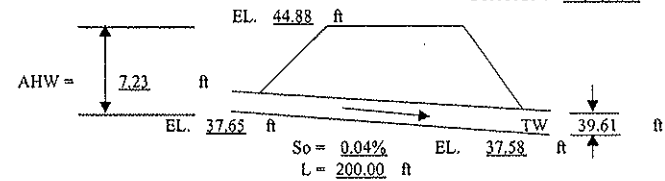
D = Diameter or Height
B = Span

Q50 = 29.0 cfs TW = 39.61 ft
Q100 = 33.6 cfs TW = 39.61 ft
Q500 = 57.1 cfs TW = 39.61 ft

(Q50 = DESIGN DISCHARGE)
(Q100 = CHECK DISCHARGE)

SKETCH

STATION: 272+89.90



LSo = 0.07

CULVERT DESCRIPTION (ENTRANCE TYPE)	Q	SIZE		HEADWATER COMPUTATIONS											CONTR-OLLING HW	OUTLET VELOCITY	PROPOSED PEAK STAGE	EXISTING PEAK STAGE	DIFF. IN STAGE
		D	B	INLET CONTROL				OUTLET CONTROL HW = H + DTW - LSo											
				Q/B	HW/D	HW	Kc	H	dc	(dc+D)/2	TW	DTW	LSo	HW					
	29.0	2.5	N/A	N/A	1.15	2.88	0.5	1.66	1.83	2.17	2.03	2.17	0.07	3.75	3.75	5.91	41.40	41.23	0.17
	33.6	2.5	N/A	N/A	1.30	3.25	0.5	2.23	2.00	2.25	2.03	2.25	0.07	4.41	4.41	6.84	42.06	41.96	0.10
	57.1	2.5	N/A	N/A	2.40	6.00	0.5	6.43	2.48	2.49	2.03	2.49	0.07	8.85	8.85	11.64	46.50	47.23	-0.73
	49.7	2.5	N/A	N/A	2.00	5.00	0.5	4.87	2.36	2.43	2.03	2.43	0.07	7.23	7.23	10.12	44.88		

SUMMARY & RECOMMENDATIONS:

*Year of overtopping elevation = 294

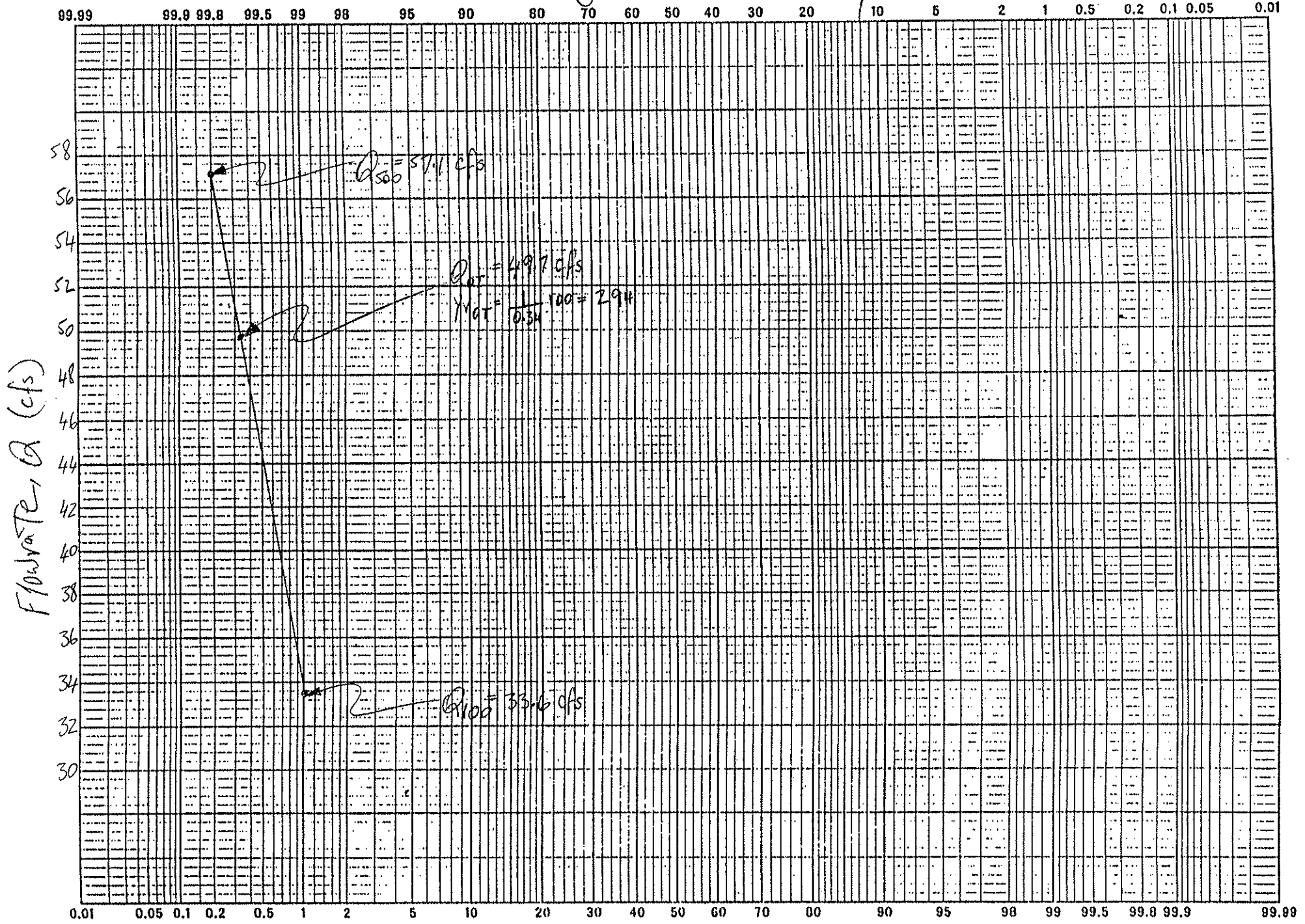
$$H @ \text{Outlet Control} = [1 + Kc + (29 * n^2 * L) / (Rh^{1.33})] * ((Q/A)^2 / (2 * g))$$

Design by: Sam Aref

Checked by: *P. Boyer*

Approved by: _____

OverTopping Exceedence Probability (%)



I. CROSS DRAIN CHARACTERISTICS

Box Located @ Station	316+22.10			
Box Size =	2	X	2	ft
Number of Barrels =	1			
Box Length =	66.09			ft
Box X-Sectional Area =	4.00			sf
Box Wetted Parameters =	8.00			ft
Box Hydraulic Radius =	0.50			ft
Manning's roughness =	0.012			
Flow Direction	equalizer			
Upstream Invert =	36.95			ft
Downstream Invert =	36.95			ft
Entrance Coefficient =	0.2			
Critical Elevation =	44.41			ft

II. DETERMINE FLOWRATES (Q), Q = A x V

Assume	V(25 yr) =	6.00	ft/sec	
	Q(25 yr) =	24.00	cfs	
	Q(50 yr) =	29.00	cfs	see exceedence probability plot
	Q(100 yr) =	33.60	cfs	based on 1.4 x Q(25 yr)
	Q(500 yr) =	57.12	cfs	based on 1.7 x Q(100 yr)

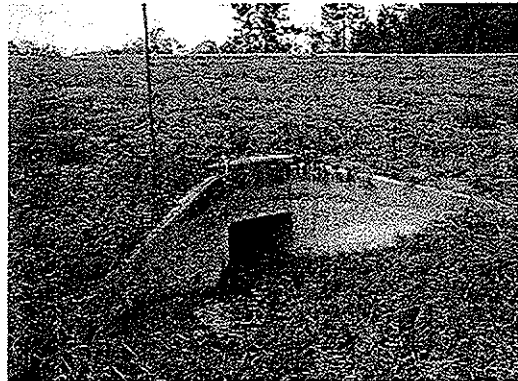
III. DETERMINE TAILWATER

Use a tailwater equal to the crown of culvert
D/S invert + culvert height = 38.95 ft

IV. PHYSICAL APPEARANCE/CONDITION



Equalizer culvert end, east side of SR 200

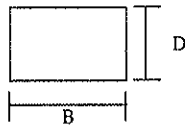


Equalizer culvert end, west side of SR 200

PROJECT: SR 200; Existing CD 316+22.10
Worksheet for Culvert Capacity Calculations

DESIGNER: Sam Aref
DATE: Dec. 12, 2000

HYDROLOGIC AND CHANNEL INFORMATION

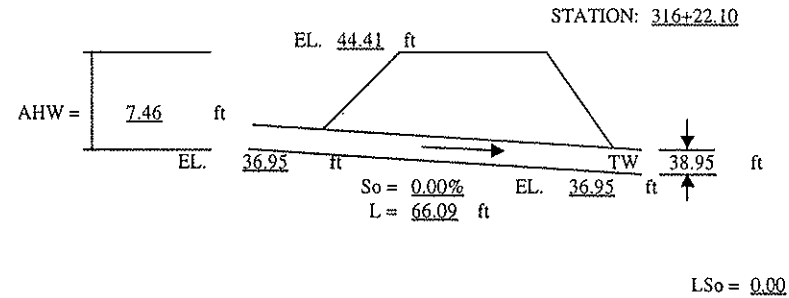


D = Diameter or Height
B = Span

Q(50 yr) = 29.0 cfs TW = 38.95 ft
Q(100 yr) = 33.6 cfs TW = 38.95 ft
Q(500 yr) = 57.1 cfs TW = 38.95 ft

(Q50 = DESIGN DISCHARGE)
(Q100 = CHECK DISCHARGE)

SKETCH

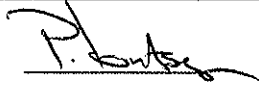


CULVERT DESCRIPTION (ENTRANCE TYPE)	Q	SIZE		HEADWATER COMPUTATIONS											CONTR-OLLING HW	OUTLET VELOCITY	PEAK STAGE
		D	B	INLET CONTROL			OUTLET CONTROL HW = H + DTW - LSo										
				Q/B	HW/D	HW	Ke	H	dc	(dc+D)/2	TW	DTW	LSo	HW			
	29.0	2.0	2.0	14.50	1.80	3.60	0.2	1.55	1.87	1.94	2.00	2.00	0.00	3.55	3.60	7.25	40.55
	33.6	2.0	2.0	16.80	2.17	4.33	0.2	2.08	2.07	2.03	2.00	2.03	0.00	4.11	4.33	8.40	41.28
	57.1	2.0	2.0	28.56	4.80	9.60	0.2	6.00	2.94	2.47	2.00	2.47	0.00	8.47	9.60	14.28	46.55

SUMMARY & RECOMMENDATIONS:

$$H @ \text{Outlet Control} = \{1 + Ke + (29 * n^2 * L) / (Rh^{1.33})\} * ((Q/A)^2 / (2 * g))$$

Design by: Sam Aref

Checked by: 

Approved by: _____



ARCADIS
GERAGHTY & MILLER

SUBJECT: SR 200; Proposed CD316+22.10

JOB NO: TF001173.0000

BY: Sam Aref
DATE: Dec. 12, 2000
CHKD: PK
DATE: 3/22/01

I. CROSS DRAIN CHARACTERISTICS

Pipe Proposed @ Station	316+22.10
Pipe Size =	48 in
Number of Barrels =	1
Pipe Length =	200.00 ft
Pipe X-Sectional Area =	12.57 sf
Pipe Hydraulic Radius =	1.00 ft
Pipe Type	Reinforced concrete
Manning's roughness =	0.012
Flow Direction	equalizer
Upstream Invert =	36.95 ft
Downstream Invert =	36.95 ft
Entrance Coefficient =	0.5
Critical Elevation =	44.41 ft

II. DETERMINE FLOWRATES (Q)

Q(50 yr) =	29.00 cfs
Q(100 yr) =	33.60 cfs
Q(500 yr) =	57.12 cfs

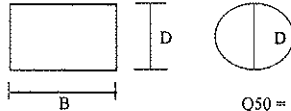
III. DETERMINE TAILWATER

Use a tailwater equal to the existing crown of culvert
TW = 38.95 ft

PROJECT: SR 200; Proposed CD 316+22.10
Worksheet for Culvert Capacity Calculations

DESIGNER: Sam Aref
DATE: Dec. 12, 2000

HYDROLOGIC AND CHANNEL INFORMATION



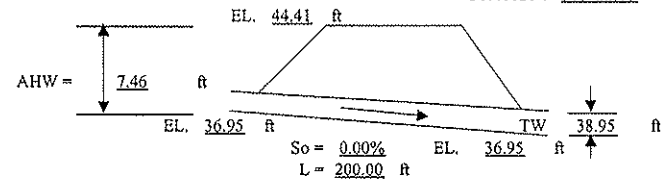
D = Diameter or Height
B = Span

Q50 = 29.0 cfs TW = 38.95 ft
Q100 = 33.6 cfs TW = 38.95 ft
Q500 = 57.1 cfs TW = 38.95 ft

(Q50 = DESIGN DISCHARGE)
(Q100 = CHECK DISCHARGE)

SKETCH

STATION: 316+22.10



LSo = 0.00

CULVERT DESCRIPTION (ENTRANCE TYPE)	Q	SIZE		HEADWATER COMPUTATIONS											CONTR.-OLLING HW	OUTLET VELOCITY	PROPOSED PEAK STAGE	EXISTING PEAK STAGE	DIFF. IN STAGE
				INLET CONTROL				OUTLET CONTROL HW = H + DTW - LSo											
				D	B	Q/B	HW/D	HW	Ke	H	dc	(dc+D)/2	TW	DTW					
	29.0	4.0	N/A	N/A	0.55	2.20	0.5	0.19	1.55	2.78	2.00	2.78	0.00	2.97	2.97	2.31	39.92	40.55	-0.63
	33.6	4.0	N/A	N/A	0.60	2.40	0.5	0.26	1.70	2.85	2.00	2.85	0.00	3.11	3.11	2.67	40.06	41.28	-1.22
	57.1	4.0	N/A	N/A	0.83	3.32	0.5	0.75	2.35	3.18	2.00	3.18	0.00	3.92	3.92	4.55	40.87	46.55	-5.68

SUMMARY & RECOMMENDATIONS:

$$H @ \text{Outlet Control} = [1 + K_e + (29 \cdot n^2 \cdot L) / (R_h^{1.33})] \cdot ((Q/A)^2 / (2 \cdot g))$$

Design by: Sam Aref

Checked by: P. Plotser

Approved by: _____



APPENDIX G

TABLES & NOMOGRAPHS

DESIGN AIDS

Table 8-2
CULVERT ENTRANCE LOSS COEFFICIENTS
OUTLET CONTROL, FULL OR PARTIALLY FULL

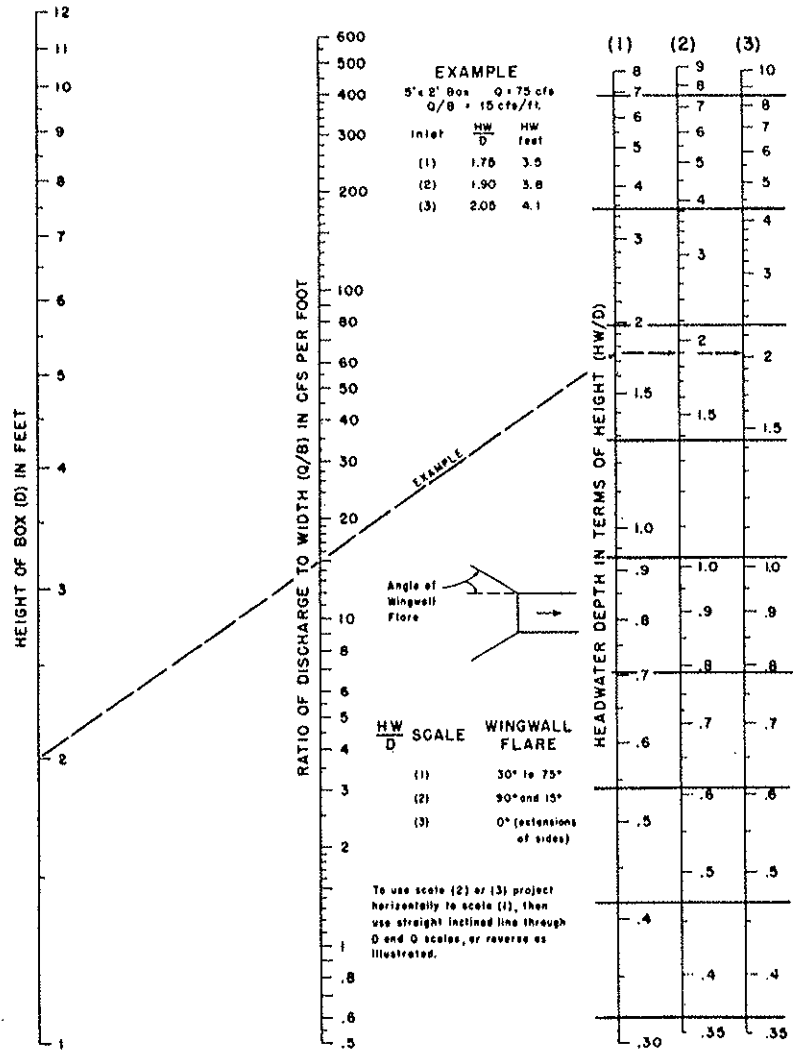
<u>Type of Structure and Design of Entrance</u>	<u>Coefficient k_e</u>
<u>Pipe, Concrete</u>	
Projecting from fill, socket end (groove-end)	0.2
Projecting from fill, square cut end	0.5
Straight headwall	
Socket end of pipe (groove-end)	0.2
Square-edge	0.5
Rounded (radius = 1/12D) (Indexes 250, 251, 252, 253, 255)	0.2
Mitered to conform to fill slope (Indexes 272, 273, 274)	0.7
End section conforming to fill slope ^a	0.5
Beveled edges, 33.7° or 45° bevels	0.2
Side- or slope-tapered inlet	0.2
Straight sand-cement (Index 258)	0.3
U-type with grate (Index 260)	0.7
U-type (Index 261)	0.5
Winged concrete (Index 266)	0.3
U-type sand-cement (Index 268)	0.5
Flared end concrete (Index 270)	0.5
Side drain, mitered with grate (Index 273)	1.0
<u>Pipe or Pipe-Arch, Corrugated Metal</u>	
Straight endwall--rounded (Radius=1/12 D) (Index 250)	0.2
Projecting from fill (no headwall)	0.9
Headwall or headwall and wingwalls, square-edge	0.5
Mitered to conform to fill slope (Indexes 272, 273, 274)	0.7
End section conforming to fill slope, paved or unpaved ^a	0.5
Beveled edges, 33.7° or 45° bevels	0.2
Side- or slope-tapered inlet	0.2
<u>Box, Reinforced Concrete</u>	
Headwall parallel to embankment (no wingwalls)	
Square-edged on three edges	0.5
Rounded on three edges to radius of 1/12 barrel dimension, or beveled edges on three sides (Index 290)	0.2
Wingwalls at 30° to 75° to barrel	
Square-edged at crown	0.4
Crown edge rounded to radius of 1/12 barrel dimension, or beveled top edge	0.2
Wingwalls at 10° to 25° to barrel, square-edged at crown	0.5
Wingwalls parallel (extension of sides)	
Square edged at crown	0.7
Side- or slope-tapered inlet	0.2

^aEnd sections conforming to fill slope, made of either metal or concrete, are the sections commonly available from manufacturers. From limited hydraulic tests, they are equivalent in operation to a headwall in both inlet and outlet control. Some end sections incorporating a closed taper in their design have a superior hydraulic performance. These later sections can be designed using Figure 8-10 for circular pipe culverts.

Note: Entrance head loss, $H_e = K_e \frac{v^2}{2g}$

Reference : USDOT, FHWA, HEC-5 (1965).

A) INLET CHART



Reference: USDOT, FHWA, HEC-5 (1965).

B) OUTLET CHART--Flowing Full, $n = 0.012$

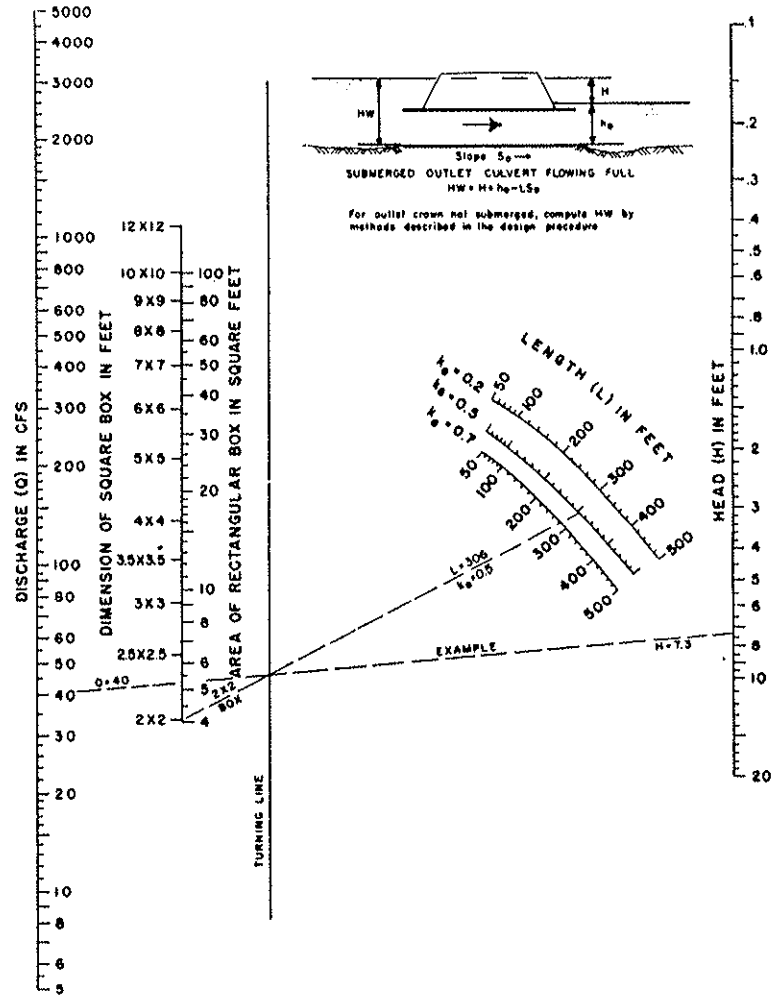
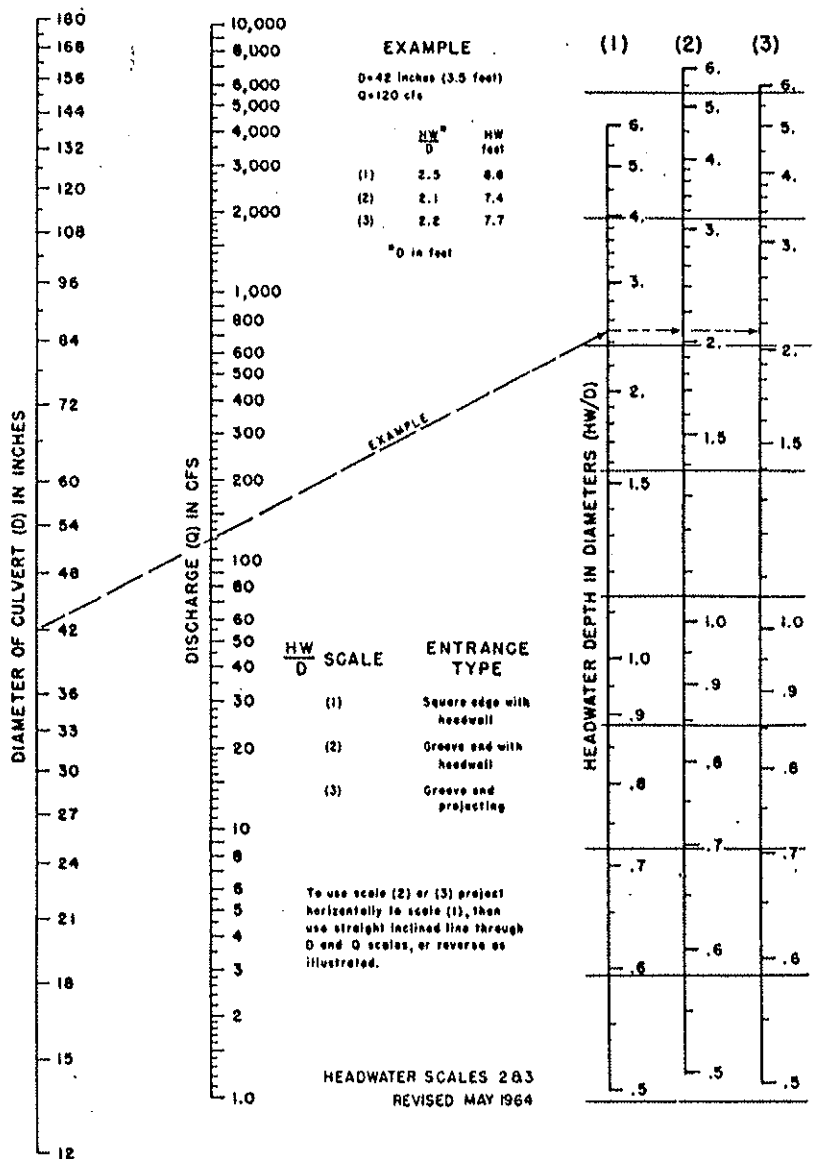


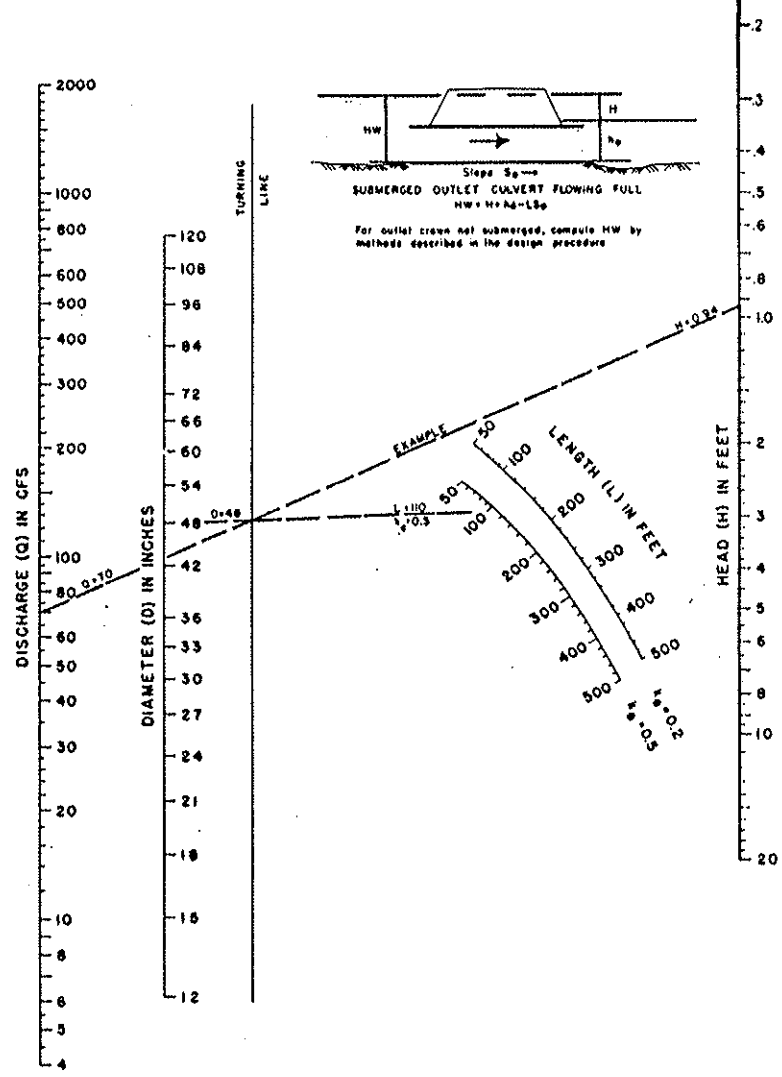
FIGURE 8-3 Inlet and Outlet Nomographs for Concrete Box Culverts



A) INLET CHART



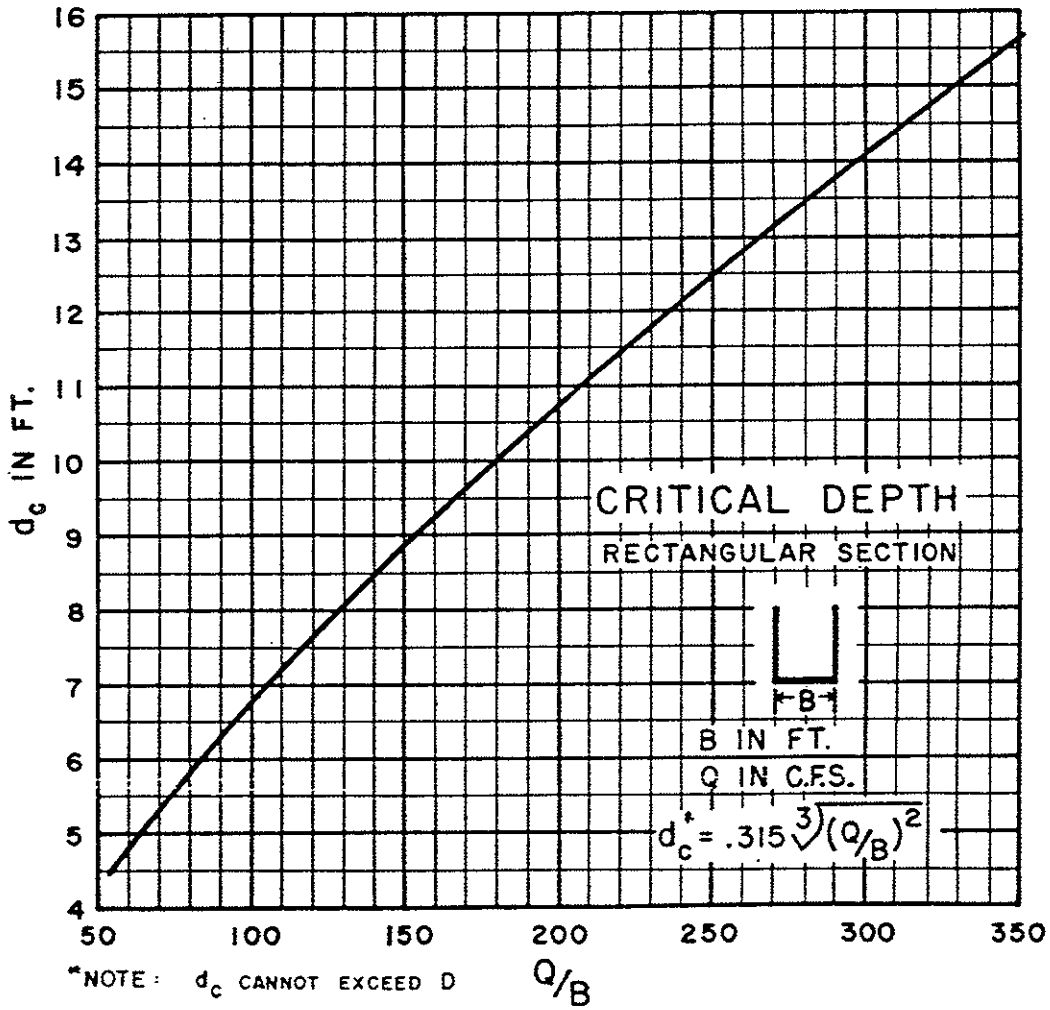
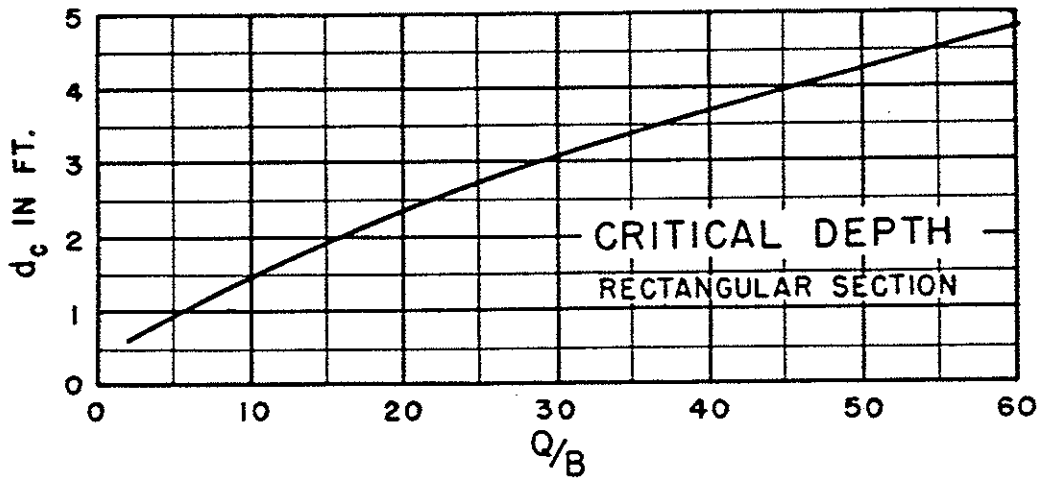
B) OUTLET CHART--Flowing Full, $n = 0.012$



Reference: USDOT, FHWA, HEC-5 (1965).

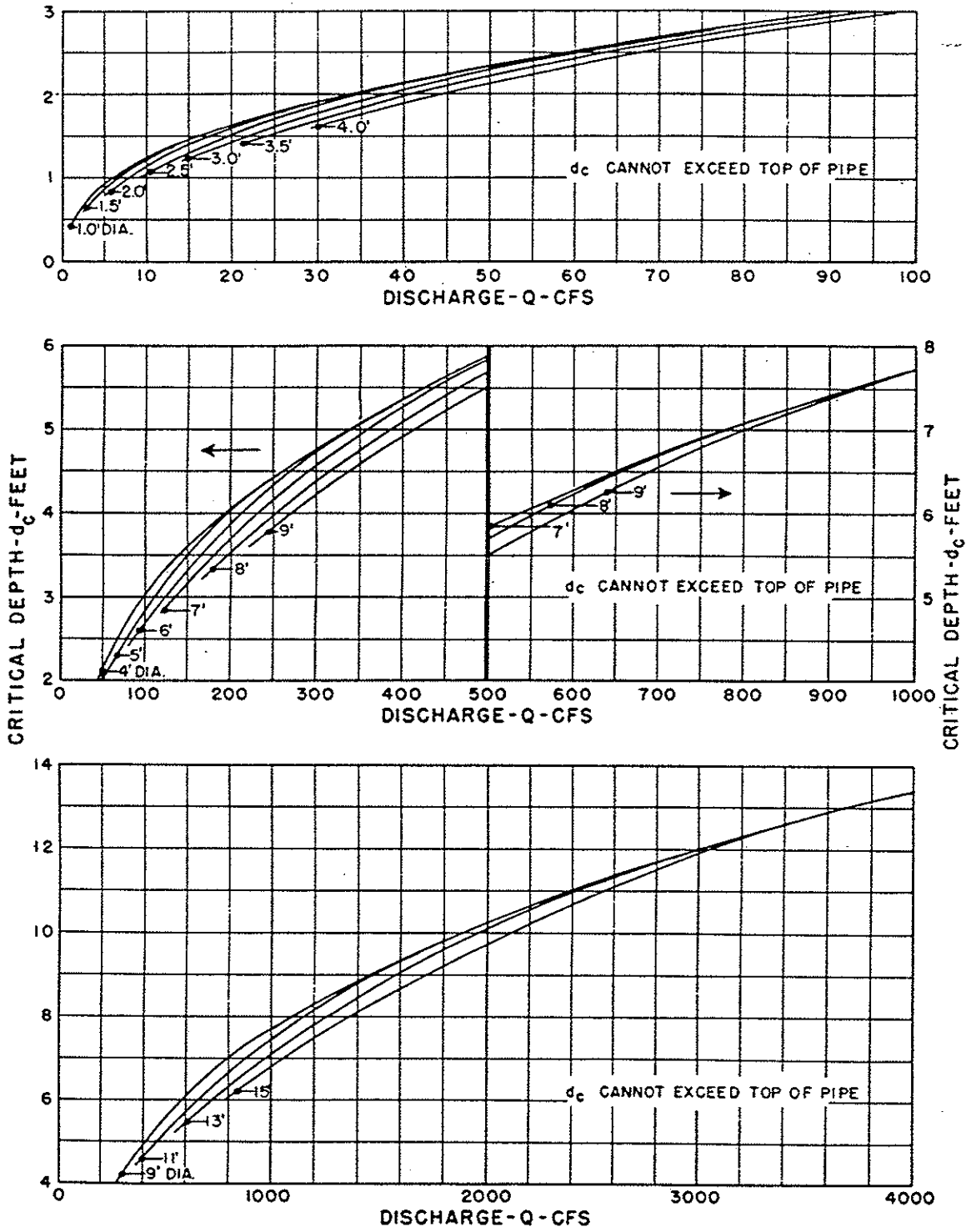
FIGURE 8-4
Inlet and Outlet Nomographs for Circular Concrete Pipe Culverts





Reference: USDOT, FHWA, HEC-5 (1965).

FIGURE 8-11
CRITICAL DEPTH CHART 1
Rectangular Section



Reference: USDOT, FHWA, HEC-5 (1965).

FIGURE 8-12
CRITICAL DEPTH CHART 2
Circular Pipe