## **Project Development & Environment Study**

Selmon Expressway (SR 618) Downtown Viaduct Improvements From Florida Avenue to South 22nd Street

Final Location Hydraulic Report

THEA Project Number: 52.20.02 FDOT WPI Segment Number: 416361 4 Hillsborough County

**Prepared for** 



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**THEA Project Number: 52.20.02** 

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**Hillsborough County** 

Prepared for:



Prepared by:

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2818 Cypress Ridge Blvd, Suite 200 Wesley Chapel, FL 33544

**June 2010** 

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### **Final Location Hydraulic Report**

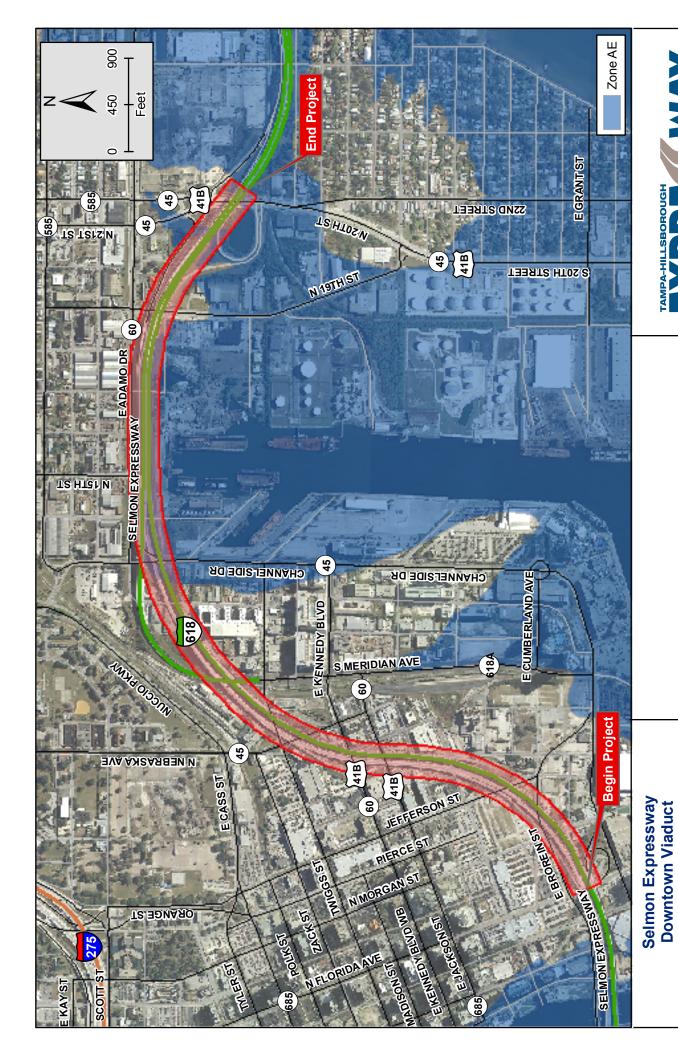
April 2010

The information presented in this document is subject to change until the final Phase of the project. This Location Hydraulic Report (LHR) is preliminary and used as an engineering tool to identify potential floodplain encroachments as a result of the proposed improvements.

The Tampa Hillsborough County Expressway Authority (THEA) conducted a Project Development and Environment (PD&E) Study to identify and analyze various alternative design concepts to meet the future traffic needs on the Selmon Expressway (SR 618) from Florida Avenue to South 22<sup>nd</sup> Street in Hillsborough County (**Figure 1-1**). The total project length is approximately 1.7 miles and is located within the Tampa city limits. Proposed improvements include the widening of the existing structures to the inside to provide a divided 6-lane roadway. The build alternative and any related stormwater improvements will be situated within the existing right-of-way. The design year for this project is 2035. A separate project within the limits of this study is the proposed redecking of an approximately one mile segment of the existing viaduct structures, to be constructed by the Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT). The proposed redecking will extend from Florida Avenue to North 12<sup>th</sup> Street.

This PD&E Study was conducted by THEA in cooperation with the FDOT District Seven. The objective of this study was to reach a decision on the type, location and conceptual design for the necessary improvements for the Selmon Expressway to safely and efficiently accommodate future travel demand. This Study documents the need for the improvements as well as the procedures utilized to develop and evaluate various improvements including elements such as proposed typical sections and preliminary horizontal alignments. The social, physical, and natural environmental effects and costs of these improvements have been identified. The alternatives were evaluated and compared based on a variety of parameters utilizing a matrix format. This process

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# Figure 1-1: FEMA Floodplain Map

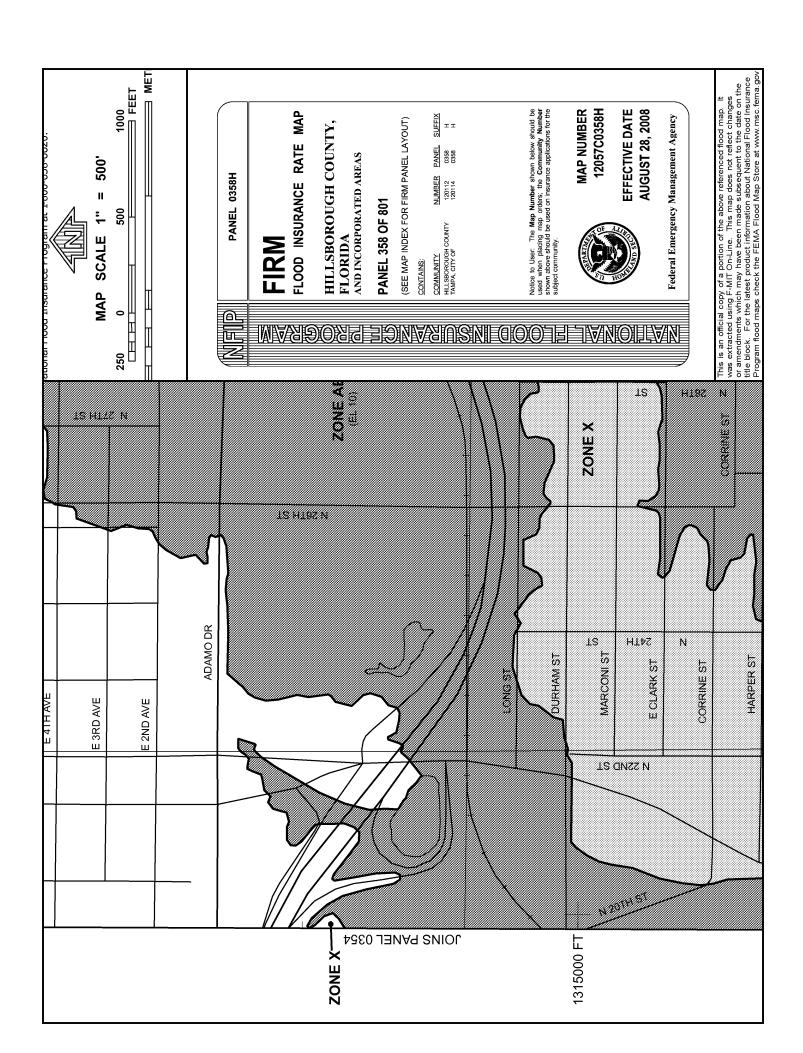
from Florida Avenue to South 22nd Street

Hillsborough County

Improvements PD&E Study

PRE AUTHORITY





identified the alternative that will best balance the benefits (such as improved traffic

operations and safety) with the impacts (such as environmental effects and construction

costs). In addition, full consideration was given to a "No-Build" alternative.

This PD&E Study was prepared and funded by THEA in cooperation with the FDOT

District Seven and is in the FDOT Work Program as Work Program Item (WPI) Segment

No.: 416361-4.

Based on comments received during the preliminary planning for this project through

FDOT's Efficient Transportation Decision Making (ETDM) Process (Programming

Screen #11840), a State Environment Impact Report (SEIR) is the level of environmental

documentation established.

Protection of floodplains and floodways is required by Executive Order 11988,

"Floodplain Management", USDOT Order 5650.2, "Floodplain Management and

Protection", and Federal-Aid Policy Guide 23 CFR 650A. This Location Hydraulic

Report has been prepared to determine if any floodplains will be significantly affected

due to the proposed improvements in accordance with Federal-Aid Policy Guide 23 CFR

650A, Section 650.111. The hydraulic design will follow FDOT, Water Management

District, and local (FEMA) design standards. The following ten items have been

addressed to document that the floodplain encroachments are not significant.

**1. History of Flooding:** The 100-year (base) floodplain within the limits of the project is

directly connected to Tampa Bay via Hillsborough Bay. The tidally influenced discharge

points for the project area are generally to the Hillborough River, Garrison Channel, or

Ybor Channel. The topography along the Selmon Expressway viaduct and around the

bay is a low-lying urban coastal zone and has elevations ranging from sea level to

approximately 20 feet NGVD. The existing Selmon Expressway within the majority of

the project limits is an elevated limited access viaduct. Portions of the ground level areas

below the existing viaduct are located within the 100-year (base) floodplain in

Hillsborough County as described below. Per the City of Tampa's Stormwater

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Department, some minor flooding problems are prevalent within 14<sup>th</sup> Street Basin, more

specifically upstream at the Seaport Channelside Apartment complex, and may be as a

result of restriction from downsizing pipe sizes from 36" to 30" to 24." Also reported by

the City of Tampa Stormwater Department, there are a couple of drainage issues that

have been recorded within the 15th Street Basin, which starts at N. Nebraska Avenue, and

E. Bay Street, and flows in a southeast direction and discharges into the Ybor Channel.

2. Longitudinal or Transverse Encroachments: The (base) floodplain associated with

this project is based on tidally influenced storm surge and does not involve any regulatory

floodways; therefore, this project's floodplain involvement does not warrant the need for

identification of longitudinal or transverse encroachments. The negligible encroachment

into the floodplain will not cause an increase in flood heights.

3. Avoidance Alternatives: Due to the tidally influenced floodplain and existing built

out condition that surrounds the Selmon Expressway corridor, there will be no other

horizontal alignment alternatives for these proposed roadway improvements, therefore,

there are no avoidance alternatives.

**4. Emergency Services and Evacuations**: There will be no significant change in flood

risk and there will not be a significant change in the potential for interruption or

termination of emergency service or emergency evacuation routes. The proposed

drainage system will perform hydraulically in a manner equal to or greater than the

existing drainage system and applicable backwater surface elevations are not expected to

increase.

**5. Base Flood Impacts**: Portions of the improvements will encroach upon the 100 year

base floodplain. This encroachment is located at ground level generally east of

Channelside Drive. According to the SWFWMD, floodplain compensating storage will

not be required for encroachment into this tidally influenced floodplain located at the

northern end of the Ybor Channel. Based on review of the existing plans cross-sections, it

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has been determined that no floodplain impacts are anticipated for the area north of the expressway on the east end.

6. Regulatory Floodway: According to the current FEMA FIRM maps, there are no

regulatory floodways within the study limits.

7. Natural and Beneficial Floodplain Values: The proposed roadway will follow the

same alignment as the existing roadway. Where base floodplains impacts occur, as noted

above, values will be significantly affected.

8. Floodplain Consistency and Development: It has been determined, through

consultation with local, state, and federal water resources and floodplain management

agencies that there is no regulatory floodway involvement on the proposed project and

that the project will not support base floodplain development that is incompatible with

existing floodplain management programs. The proposed improvements will not directly

or indirectly support floodplain development in a manner inconsistent with the National

Flood Insurance Program, which prohibits development within the base floodplain. The

Selmon Expressway corridor and surrounding area are already developed within the base

floodplain. The conceptual improvements are also in accordance with the Hillsborough

County comprehensive plan. Future development will be in accordance with designated

land uses according to the adopted comprehensive plans and their land development

regulations.

**9. Floodplain/FIRM**: A list of the Community Panel numbers for the Flood Insurance

Rate Maps (FIRM) that cover the project area is shown in **Table 1-1**. A GIS drawing of

the FIRM's illustrating the boundary of the base floodplain in the area of the project

limits is shown in **Figure 1-1**. **Figures 1-2** & **1-3** show the FIRM Panels 12057C0354H

and 12057C0358H illustrating the boundary of the base floodplain in the area of the

project limit. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) has conducted the

current Flood Insurance Study for Hillsborough County, which was completed in August

2008. As noted above, the FIRM's indicate that the portion of the project generally east

of Channelside Drive is in the 100-year base floodplain that is designated Zone AE with a

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Base Flood Elevation of 10 feet NAVD 1988. The remainder or the project area is either in Zone X, which corresponds to the 500-year floodplain or outside (above) the 500-year floodplain.

Table 1-1: FEMA FIRM Community Panel Numbers

Hillsborough County	
Community Panel No.	Effective Date
12057C0354H	August 28, 2008
12057C0358H	August 28, 2008

10. Risk Assessment: This project involves construction within the base floodplain and is described as a "PROJECT ON EXISTING ALIGNMENT INVOLVING REPLACEMENT OF EXISTING DRAINAGE STRUCTURES WITH NO RECORD OF DRAINAGE PROBLEMS". Since this project only includes impacts to a tidally influenced floodplain, no compensation is required. The proposed structures will perform hydraulically in a manner equal to or greater than the existing structures, and backwater surface elevations are not expected to increase. As a result, there will be no significant adverse impacts on natural and beneficial floodplain values. There will be no significant change in flood risk, and there will not be a significant change in the potential for interruption or termination of emergency service or emergency evacuation routes. Therefore, it has been determined that this encroachment is not significant.

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